

NEW COMMANDER HERE
COWLES ON WAY SOUTH
REAR ADMIRAL O
MAKE CALIFORNIA
PACIFIC FLAGSHIP

Rear Admiral Walter Cleveland Cowles, who succeeds Rear Admiral W. H. H. Southerland as commander in chief of the Pacific fleet.



"Wouldn't Dare Do Anything Else," He Says, "and I Wouldn't Want To"

Rear Admiral Walter Cleveland Cowles, U. S. N., the new commander in chief of the Pacific fleet, arrived yesterday on the liner Manchuria from Honolulu, accompanied by Mrs. Cowles and their daughter, Miss Edith Cowles. The admiral goes from here to San Diego and from there, on the cruiser California, will proceed to Guaymas, where he will hoist his flag as commander in chief, relieving Rear Admiral W. H. H. Southerland, who goes to Washington as a member of the naval board.

Admiral Cowles is going to make the California his flagship. "Wouldn't dare do anything else," he said, "and," he added, "I wouldn't want to, for there isn't a ship in the fleet better equipped to be a flagship. The admiral has been commandant of the Hawaiian naval station for more than two years. He was relieved there by Rear Admiral C. B. Moore. The admiral says that the problems presented by conditions at Pearl harbor have been solved, that the drydock will be one of the finest in the world and of inestimable value to the United States navy and that it will be finished on contract time.

His new commander in chief has selected Lieutenant Wallace Fetherolf as his flag lieutenant and Lieutenant Harry A. Baldrige as fleet ordnance officer. These are the only changes that he will make in the staff for the present.

MAY ADMIT AUTOS TO THE YOSEMITE PARK

Secretary Lane of the Interior Department Gives Ear to Enthusiasts of the Motor World

(Special Dispatch to The Call) WASHINGTON, March 31.—Secretary Lane of the interior department has requested the war department to direct Major William T. Littlebrandt, formerly a resident of Stockton, who has been designated as acting superintendent of the Yosemite national park, to proceed immediately to the park for the purpose of taking over the duties of the office before the regular park season opens, and particularly in order to investigate and report upon the feasibility of admitting automobiles to the park.

Automobilists have been clamoring for admittance to the park, and the question of allowing them to use the roads there is now under consideration by the department. Various reasons have been suggested for the question of just which road or roads should be turned over to automobiles and whether or not they can be made safe for the use of the general public is a question that Secretary Lane desires to settle as speedily as possible. Major Littlebrandt has been directed to look into the situation on the ground and to submit a full report to Secretary Lane.

DEPUTY SHERIFF DIES FROM GUNSHOT WOUNDS

William Osterloh, Carpenter, Under Arrest, Will Doubtless Be Charged With Murder

LOS ANGELES, March 31.—Charles Hearne, special deputy sheriff, died at a hospital here today from gunshot wounds said to have been inflicted by William Osterloh, who is a prisoner in the county jail.

Hearne had difficulty with Osterloh Saturday night when the officer saw the latter, who is a carpenter, leaving a tract, which Hearne was guarding with some boards. Hearne agreed to let Osterloh pass the night at his home and submit to arrest yesterday morning.

When Hearne tried to arrest Osterloh a revolver battle resulted. Osterloh was shot in the arm and Hearne was injured severely. Each blamed the other for firing first.

Osterloh probably will be charged with murder.

PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO ILLEGAL USE OF MAILS

Dr. John Grant Lyman Is Haled Before California Court Soon After Release From Prison

LOS ANGELES, March 31.—Dr. John Grant Lyman, physician, society man and alleged "rich kid" quack, who recently completed an 18 months term in the federal prison at McNeil Island, Washington, was arraigned in the United States district court today on three indictments charging him with fraudulent use of the mails. He pleaded not guilty.

Lyman was sent to McNeil Island after he had escaped from his guards at a hospital in Oakland, Cal., and been captured after a long automobile chase. He was then under indictment in this city on the fraud charges, which grew out of his operations under the name of the Panama Development company.

TEVIS' SON IN SPEED NET

Polo Player's Brother and Girl Lead Officer Merry Chase

(Special Dispatch to The Call) REDWOOD CITY, March 31.—Lansing Tevis, young son of William S. Tevis of San Francisco and brother of W. S. Tevis Jr., the polo player, and Miss Leo Girvin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Girvin of Atherton, were arrested for automobile speeding today. They were overhauled by Motorcycle Patrolman Logan after a long and exciting chase. After arraignment before Justice of the Peace Lampkin, their hearing was set for Thursday.

MRS. HEARST IS HOSTESS

Easterners Guests on Auto Trip to Blossom Festival

(Special Dispatch to The Call) PALO ALTO, March 31.—Mrs. Phoebe Hearst and several eastern friends who are guests in Pleasanton, arrived here this afternoon on an automobile trip around the bay. They spent several hours in sightseeing at Stanford and in this city, later visiting the blossom festival in Saratoga. In the party were Henry M. Rogers of Boston, Miss Victoria Eild of Munich, and Miss Ethel Whitmore of Pleasanton.

APPEAL MADE FOR ENTIRE CHANGE IN OUR PENAL SYSTEM

Prison Officials Exonerated at Hearing Before Committee—Society Gets the Blame

Continued From Page 1

testified to come from personal animus. A man loses his human identity when he is in prison. There is no hand of sympathy extended to him. He is isolated, forgotten.

"ON BRINK OF UPRISING"

"It would take only a leader to fan the smouldering resentment of these men," said the prisoner. "They could tear the whole place up in half an hour. I could tell you half a dozen ways in which it might be done. This prison is on the brink of an uprising always. When it comes—" he completed his sentence with an expressive shrug of the shoulders.

"I won't tell you how it might be done because if some one were to take advantage of one of these ways afterward I might be blamed as the one who showed the way, or suggested it. They will tell you the place is too well guarded. Well, it isn't."

"I came harder to me than I any other man who ever came to the prison to accept the conditions. I found the first of the bathing facilities consisted of four vinegar barrels cut in half. The first time I went for a bath I found one man standing in one of these tubs on whose body there were open sores.

"If I complained to the higher authorities of the prison about insanitary and degrading things I should be denounced and perhaps punished as an agitator.

"NO MORAL IMPROVEMENT"

"From the standpoint of moral improvement nothing has been done in the penitentiary. Nothing is done to elevate anybody's position. It goes out of here holding his own it is only because he is the possessor of remarkable and unusual will power. Not one in a thousand leaves here as good a man as he entered. My sensibilities have been deadened. Physically I am not so good as when I entered; mentally—and here another expressive shrug.

"Of the 2,000 men in the prison," he said in answer to a question by Assistant Attorney General Benjamin, "aside from the standing army here are about 2,000 persons picked up outside the prison. Three-quarters of the men in here, admitting for the sake of brevity that all are guilty, are reclaimable."

INHERIT UNHAPPY TRADITIONS

"I don't believe any of the officers of the prison go out of their way to be cruel. It is simply that they have inherited unhappy traditions. The officers take pride in saving \$20,000 of the state's money by cutting down the quality of the convicts' food that in spending \$20,000 to better the morals of the prisoners."

"All the things that are done to them are remembered by the men. Whether their punishments are meritorious or not, it takes but little fuel to start an already smouldering fire. Do you think it improves a man's idea of justice when he comes here to find that one judge has sentenced him to 10 years for stealing a small sum of money, while perhaps his cellmate is a man who was sent here for the most atrocious, most heinous crime possible.

"As I understand it the plan of the penitentiary is to punish the prisoners as an example to society; also to reform a man and give him another chance to start an already smouldering fire. Two classes of prisoners will testify before you, gentlemen; one of these will be in fear of telling the truth because of punishment which may follow their too frank statements and the other class will be colored in the hope of possible rewards. The other class will be vindictive against certain prison officials because of some wrongs, most of which are not so fancied as they are believed to be. I have spent two years here and now I have reached a point where I fear nothing they may do to me."

COMPLAIN OF STRAITJACKET

Assemblyman W. H. Ellis presided at the investigation. During the evening session no testimony derogatory to Warden Hoyle was given by the witnesses. The use of the straitjacket and confinement in solitary cells and the infliction of severe beatings was complained of by several of the prisoners called.

A negro prisoner, convicted of burglary, said that he had been confined in a cell for 64 days and because of this solitary existence had developed tuberculosis.

The prison record showed that he had been punished 25 times, although the prisoner remembered but 17 or 18 occasions when he was disciplined. He had been subjected to the straitjacket for six hours on one occasion and the punishment had crippled his hand. He had also been gagged with a red rubber band. He charged Guards Grubb and Wombold with brutal conduct.

"JUSTLY TREATED, MAYBE" Another negro prisoner said that he had been placed in solitary confinement and placed in a straitjacket for six hours. He said that on occasions he admitted that he deserved his punishment, and possibly had been treated justly.

SENATOR WRIGHT TERMS "FREAK" BILLS "VICIOUS"

Question of Early Adjournment Brings Forth Variant Views—Action Is Postponed Until Friday

CALL BUREAU, SACRAMENTO HOTEL, Sacramento, March 31.

Senator Leroy Wright of San Diego today in the senate changed to "vicious" from "freak" the term to be applied hereafter to bills which many members of both houses wish to quash by means of a concurrent resolution, recently approved by the assembly, to adjourn April 26.

At any rate, during an arid debate on the measure, which had been called up as a special order of business, senators speaking on the subject referred to the large number of bills in question as "freaks" until Wright called them "vicious"—then they took their cue.

The San Diegan wanted the resolution on at once, but Senator Strobridge, leading the opposition, objected strenuously and final action was postponed until Friday.

The question of adjournment has been agitating both houses ever since the resolution was introduced in the assembly at the beginning of the second half of the fiscal session. The argument in favor of fixing the date of adjournment so early was that it would tend to eliminate consideration of unimportant or impossible measures from the legislative program and to compel members of the legislature to fight strenuously for those really demanded by their constituents.

BOYNTON WOULD WAIT

But now, according to Senator Boynton, there is considerable doubt, even in the assembly, as to the advisability of fixing the date 26 days in advance because that unusual procedure might shake off important legislation. He said he had conferred with members of the lower house and they seemed to think a mistake had been made in the measure. He had always been willing to let the chairman of the finance committee fix the date, and he now favors waiting until the end of the week to adjourn the session. The senate in concurring with the assembly in the matter.

Senator Strobridge called attention to the fact that the general appropriation bill was yet in embryonic state, and although personally he is in favor of fixing the date as April 26, he would not recommend it until the senate in concurring with the assembly in the matter.

ELECTION BILLS ON FILE

Cannetti added that several election bills, guaranteeing to every political party in the state its constitutional rights, were still on the files and he feared they might never see daylight if the resolution was adopted.

Senator Wright then declared that the real object of fixing the date was to do much "useless debate" and suggested that if the legislature got down to business, adjournment by April 26 would be assured anyway.

Speaker Young of the assembly said that he had been approached by members of the senate regarding the postponement of the question to discuss it there was any disposition on the part of the assembly. He was in favor of taking up adjournment at once and settling the whole question now.

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Julius Caesar Saulman Hits Floor "Reporter," but Sans Credentials

Considerable commotion was caused at the meeting of the board of supervisors yesterday when Sergeant at Arms T. V. Kreling seized Julius Caesar Saulman by the coat collar and either lifted or slid him from his chair behind the press railing.

Saulman, who is known for his absorbing interest in municipal affairs, protested warmly, stating that he was a reporter for a weekly publication and had a right to sit in the inclosure reserved for newspapermen.

Kreling explained that he had requested Saulman to move into the spectators' portion of the hall and that the latter had refused to do so. The sound of the chair crashing to the floor interrupted the legislative procedure and turned the supervisors' attention to a general tangle of limbs and furniture, from which Saulman emerged with no apparent injuries save a dented hat and unbuttoned collar.

Supervisor Murdock, who presided, decreed that the chair must remain unoccupied by Saulman until such time as his position as a reporter was established. Saulman replied that he was going out, anyway.

land almost caused a riot in the lower house today. The measure had reached the third reading file without having caused more than passing comment, but when an innocent request for a little further information was made by Mr. Schmidt of San Francisco and it was declared that the system was already in operation in Los Angeles, from which city Mr. Bloodgood had, and that the bill affected only the metropolis on the bay the fun started and as a result debate was postponed until Thursday, as a special order of business.

Mr. Bloodgood explained his bill provided that in case it was found expedient by a judge to restrain any person who was found bordering upon insanity, but had not yet reached the point where he might be committed to an insane asylum, an expert nurse might be appointed at a salary of \$100 to \$150 a month, to remain with the near insane person at the latter's residence until definite steps could be taken to determine the patient's status as a competent.

The San Francisco delegation probably will oppose the bill as amended.

NAME OF NEW MEMBER OF BOARD UNANNOUNCED

Identity of Police Commissioner Recently Appointed Not Yet Known

Contrary to expectations, no new police commissioner appeared at last night's meeting of the board held in the hall of justice, and the other commissioners declared that they knew nothing themselves as to the identity of the appointee.

The petition of John A. Raggett to move his saloon from Tom's cabin, at Fell and Stanyan streets, to Forty-ninth avenue and Fulton street brought out a delegation of fifty members of the Sutro Heights and Richmond Improvement clubs to protest. Edmond Godchaux, secretary of the Sutro Heights club, made the first formal protest, and then when Commissioner Roche asked if there were other objectors, the entire fifty stepped forward to the platform. They declared that there are already too many cafes in the neighborhood, and the request of Raggett was denied.

Policemen Peter Bick and John A. Magnin, charged by Chief White with having beaten up J. J. Winkler of 1550 Haight street, on the morning of March 19, were found guilty. Their penalty will be fixed later.

Patrolman C. T. O'Leary was fined \$25 for loitering off his beat near the Auditorium on the night of March 20.

I. W. T. ORGANIZER IS GIVEN TERM IN JAIL

W. D. Haywood Sentenced to Six Months for Causing Unlawful Assemblage

PATERSON, N. J., March 31.—William D. Haywood, an organizer for the Industrial Workers of the World, was sentenced to six months in the county jail this afternoon on conviction of causing unlawful assemblages. He came here in connection with the silk mill workers' strike.

Haywood was given the maximum sentence with which disorderly conduct is punishable. During his term of imprisonment he will have to work 10 hours a day at hard labor. One hundred policemen, armed with shot guns, stretched a cordon around police headquarters during the hearing. Fully 2,000 strikers and strike sympathizers gathered outside the building to witness the second charge, that of causing unlawful assemblage, also was lodged against Haywood. On this he was held for the grand jury, with the amount of his bail to be fixed later.

What Food shall I give Baby?

Every mother must sooner or later ask herself this question, and it is one which must involve a good deal of anxious consideration. It may be that on the advice of friends various foods are tried to see if baby takes kindly to them.

Now, is it not reasonable to assume that an infants' food that has been in general use for upwards of fifty years, and that has been used, in preference to others, in most of the Royal Nurseries of Europe, is likely to prove a suitable diet for the average infant? Such a food is Savory & Moore's, and all mothers who decide in its favour may be congratulated on the wisdom of their choice.

Infants reared on Savory & Moore's Food are characterized by strong, sturdy limbs, firm flesh, plenty of bone and muscle, easy teething, freedom from infant ailments, and that happy disposition which is the surest sign of perfect health. Ask your Druggist to get you a tin.

MOTHER'S GUIDE FREE Much useful information on the Feeding and Rearing of Infants will be found in Savory & Moore's booklet, "The Baby," a copy of which will be mailed free, to all applicants by Savory & Moore, Ltd., Chemists to The King, New Bond Street, London, England.

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DR. WONG HIM. HERB CO. Established 1872. NO BRANCHES. Our wonderful herb treatment will cure all diseases of the Throat, Heart, Liver, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, etc.

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One of the 30 Pieces of Silver

—one of the coins for which Judas betrayed the Master comes into the hands of an agnostic—a scoffer, and through its mysterious influence a mighty change is wrought in the man. This is a story of rare spiritual quality in the April Harper's. There are six other stories in the number—stories of unusual variety.

A VENETIAN PLAYGROUND—THE LIDO

Upon the stretch of sands which keeps the sea back from Venice has grown up a veritable Atlantic City, gay with hotels and villas and populous with half the nations of Europe. HARRISON RHODES has written delightfully of this cosmopolitan pleasure-ground, and Andre Castaigne has pictured its people and their diversions.

SUMMER IN THE ARCTIC

Few people realize that in summer within the Arctic Circle flies and mosquitoes abound, sunburn is inevitable and the thermometer soars to the nineties. Mr. STEFANSSON tells of his experiences during an Arctic summer, and describes the important geographical discoveries which he made along the unknown Horton River.

A NEGLECTED PORTION OF THE BIBLE

Between the Old and New Testaments of our grandfathers' Bibles we may recall were once printed the Apocryphal Books, which are no longer a part of the Sacred Canon. Rev. JAMES T. BIXBY, Ph.D., tells the interesting story of these fourteen books.

EXPLORING AN ANCIENT INCA CAPITAL

Professor HIRAM BINGHAM, of the Yale University Expedition to Peru, tells of his visit to Machu Picchu—a ruined city of granite and marble, which has recently been discovered, and pictures the great civilization that once reigned there.

IS THE COLLEGE PROFESSOR HUMAN?

Professor HENRY S. CANBY portrays, as he really is, the much-misunderstood American college professor, whom he shows to be a thoroughly human person much as other men are and engaged in one of the most stimulating and exciting of occupations.

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