

tempted. While sentiments of reconciliation, loyalty and patriotism have increased at home, a more just consideration of our national character and rights has been manifested by foreign nations.

The entire success of the Atlantic Telegraph between the coast of Ireland and the Province of Newfoundland, is an achievement which has been justly celebrated in both hemispheres as the opening of an era in the progress of civilization. There is reason to expect that equal success will attend, and even greater results follow, the enterprise for connecting the two continents through the Pacific Ocean by the projected line of telegraph between Kamschatka and the Russian Possessions in America.

The resolution of Congress protesting against pardons by foreign Governments of persons convicted of infamous offenses, on condition of emigration to our country, has been communicated to the States with which we maintain intercourse, and the practice, so justly the subject of complaint on our part, has not been renewed.

The congratulations of Congress to the Emperor of Russia, upon his escape from attempted assassination, have been presented to that humane and enlightened ruler, and received by him with expressions of grateful appreciation.

The Executive, warned of an attempt by Spanish American adventurers to induce the emigration of freedmen of the United States to a foreign country, protested against the project as one which, if consummated, would reduce them to a bondage even more oppressive than that from which they have just been relieved. Assurance has been received from the Government of the State in which the plan was matured, that the proceeding will meet neither its encouragement nor approval. It is a question worthy of your consideration, whether our laws upon this subject are adequate to the prevention or punishment of the crime thus meditated.

In the month of April last, as Congress is aware, a friendly arrangement was made between the Emperor of France and the President of the United States for the withdrawal from Mexico of the French expeditionary military forces. This withdrawal was to be effected in three detachments, the first of which it was understood, would leave Mexico in November, now past, the second in March next, and the third and last in November, 1857. Immediately upon the completion of the evacuation, the French Government was to assume the same attitude of non-interference in regard to Mexico, as is held by the Government of the United States. Repeated assurances have been given by the Emperor, since that agreement, that he would complete the promised evacuation within the period mentioned or sooner.

It was reasonably expected that the proceedings thus contemplated would produce a crisis of great political interest in the Republic of Mexico. The newly appointed Minister of the United States, Mr. Campbell, was therefore sent forward, on the 15th day of November last, to assume the proper functions as Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to that Republic. It was also thought expedient that he should be attended in the vicinity of Mexico by the Lieutenant-General of the Army of the United States, with a view of obtaining such information as might be required to determine the course to be pursued by the United States in re-establishing and maintaining necessary and proper intercourse with the Republic of Mexico. Deeply interested in the cause of liberty and humanity, it seemed an obvious duty on our part to exercise whatever influence we possessed for the restoration and permanent establishment in that country of a domestic and republican form of government.

Such was the condition of affairs in regard to Mexico, when, on the 22d of March last, official information was received from Paris that the Emperor of France had decided to withdraw his forces in the month of November past, according to engagement, but that this decision was made with the purpose of withdrawing the whole of those forces in the ensuing spring. On this determination, however, the United States had not received any notice or intimation; and, so soon as the information was received by the Government, case was taken to make known its dissent to the Emperor of France.

I cannot forego the hope that France will reconsider the subject, and adopt some resolutions in regard to the evacuation of Mexico which will conform as nearly as practicable with the existing engagement, and thus meet the just expectations of the United States. The papers relating to the subject will be laid before you. It is believed that with the evacuation of Mexico by the expeditionary forces, no subject for serious differences between France and the United States would remain. The expressions of the Emperor and people of France warrant a hope that the traditional friendship between the two countries might in that case be renewed and permanently restored.

A claim of a citizen of the United States for indemnity for spoliation committed on the high seas by the French authorities, in the exercise of a belligerent power against Mexico, has been met by the Government of France with a proposition to defer settlement until a mutual convention for the adjustment of all claims of citizens and subjects of both countries, arising out of the recent wars on this continent, shall be agreed upon by the two countries. The suggestion is not deemed unreasonable, but it belongs to Congress to direct the manner in which claims for indemnity by foreigners, as well as by citizens of the United States, arising out of the late civil war, shall be adjudicated and determined. I have no doubt that the subject of all such claims will engage your attention at a convenient and proper time.

tion failed, but it has not been without its painful consequences. Some of our citizens who, it was alleged, were engaged in the expedition, were captured, and have been brought to trial, as for capital offence, in the Province of Canada.

Judgment and sentence of death have been pronounced against some, while others have been acquitted. Fully believing in the maxim of government, that severity of civil punishment for misguided persons who have engaged in revolutionary attempts which have disastrously failed, is unsound and unwise, such representations have been made to the British Government, in behalf of the convicted persons, as, being sustained by an enlightened and humane judgment, will, it is hoped, induce in their cases an exercise of clemency, and a judicious amnesty to all who were engaged in the movement. Counsel has been employed by the Government to defend citizens of the United States on trial for capital offences in Canada; and a discontinuance of the prosecutions which were instituted in the courts of the United States against those who took part in the expedition, has been directed.

I have regarded the expedition as not only political in its nature, but also, in a great measure, foreign from the United States in its causes, character and objects. The attempt was understood to be made in sympathy with an insurgent party in Ireland, and, by striking at a British Province on this Continent, was designed to aid in obtaining redress for political grievances which, it was assumed, the people of Ireland had suffered at the hands of the British Government during a period of several centuries. The persons engaged in it were chiefly natives of that country, some of whom had, while others had not, become citizens of the United States under our general laws of naturalization. Complaints of misgovernment in Ireland and an attempt to excite an agitation of the British nation, and so great an agitation on this Continent, was designed to aid in obtaining redress for political grievances which, it was assumed, the people of Ireland had suffered at the hands of the British Government during a period of several centuries. The persons engaged in it were chiefly natives of that country, some of whom had, while others had not, become citizens of the United States under our general laws of naturalization.

Under our general laws of naturalization, complaints of misgovernment in Ireland and an attempt to excite an agitation of the British nation, and so great an agitation on this Continent, was designed to aid in obtaining redress for political grievances which, it was assumed, the people of Ireland had suffered at the hands of the British Government during a period of several centuries. The persons engaged in it were chiefly natives of that country, some of whom had, while others had not, become citizens of the United States under our general laws of naturalization.

Political and commercial interests of the United States are not unlikely to be affected in some degree by events which are transpiring in the eastern regions of Europe, and the time seems to have come when our Government ought to have a proper diplomatic representation in Greece.

The Government has claimed for all persons not convicted, or accused, or suspected of crime, an absolute political right of self-expropriation, and a choice of new national allegiance. Most of the European States have dissented from this principle, and have claimed a right to hold such of their subjects as have immigrated to and been naturalized in the United States, and afterwards returned on transient visits to their native countries, to the performance of military service in like manner as resident subjects. Complaints arising from the claim in this respect made by foreign States, have heretofore been matters of controversy between the United States and some of the European Powers, and the irritation consequent upon the failure to settle this question increased during the war in which Prussia, Italy and Austria were recently engaged.

While Great Britain has never acknowledged the right of expatriation, she has not practically insisted upon it. France has been equally forbearing; Prussia has proposed a compromise, which, although extremely increased liberality, has not been accepted by the United States. Peace is now prevailing everywhere in Europe, and the present seems to be a favorable time for an assertion by Congress of the principle, so long maintained by the Executive Department, that naturalization by one State fully exempts the naturalized subject of any other State from the performance of military service under any foreign Government, so long as he does not voluntarily renounce its rights and benefits.

In the performance of a duty imposed upon me by the Constitution, I have thus submitted to the Representatives of the States and of the People such information of our domestic and foreign affairs as the public interests seem to require. Our Government is now undergoing its most trying ordeal, and my earnest prayer is, that the peril may be successfully and finally passed, without impairing its original strength and symmetry. The interests of the nation are best to be promoted by the revival of fraternal relations, the complete obliteration of our past differences, and the re-inauguration of all the pursuits of peace. Directing our efforts to the early accomplishment of these great ends, let us endeavor to preserve harmony between the co-ordinate Departments of the Government, that each in its proper sphere may cordially co-operate with the other in securing the maintenance of the Constitution, the preservation of the Union, and the perpetuity of our free institutions.

ANDREW JOHNSON.  
WASHINGTON, December 3, 1856.

**School Notice.**  
CIRCUMSTANCES making my return to Charleston necessary, I take this method of tendering my thanks to the citizens of Camden, for their liberal patronage and the confidence they have reposed in me, as a teacher, since I have been among them. Of their town and themselves I shall ever retain the most pleasant recollections.

I am happy to state that the school will be continued by Dr. MATTHEWS, who has been associated with me for the last two years, and who is making arrangements to carry on the instruction efficiently in all the departments. I commend him to the confidence and patronage of the community.

HENRY M. BRUNS, L. L. D.  
The subscriber respectfully gives notice that he will continue the school in January next, with the aid of a competent assistant. Terms, &c., as heretofore.

J. E. MATTHEWS, M. D.  
N. B.—Dr. M. expects to obtain a house, which will allow him to take a limited number of boys to board, to whom every attention will be paid.

**Administratrix's Notice.**  
ALL those indebted to the Estate of Wm. A. L. Pickett, late of Kershaw District, deceased, by note or account, for medical service or otherwise, will please make immediate liquidation of the same to the Administratrix; and those having claims against the Estate will present them, properly authenticated, to the Administratrix by the time required by law.

ARABELLA E. R. PICKETT, Adm'x.  
Dec. 7—4f.

**To Rent.**  
THAT desirable Mansion, at the corner of DeKalb and Campbell streets, having twenty-seven acres of Land attached to it. For terms, Apply to C. NOELKIN.  
Dec. 7—4f.

### AUCTION SALE OF Lands and Lots.

ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, next, at the Court House in Camden, will be sold, on a credit of one, two and three years, about

**4,200 Acres of Land,**  
Comprehending all the various Tracts constituting the

**"Verdier" Plantation.**  
ALSO—THE

**"TAYLOR" TRACT,**  
Containing about 2,800 acres, about six miles from Camden, on Jumping-Gully Creek.

ALSO,  
**SUNDRY LOTS**  
In the town of Camden.

ALSO—FOR CASH—  
**One Turpentine Still,**  
AND ONE OF

**Herring's Fire-Proof Safes.**  
Any of this property may be purchased in the meantime at private sale.

CASH, or *strong Personal Security*, will be required for the first instalment of the purchase money of the Lands, with mortgages.

W. E. JOHNSON, Pres't.  
Dec. 7.

**AUCTION.**  
ON MONDAY, the 7th day of January next, will be sold before the Court House in Camden, for CASH, an excellent

**FAMILY CARRIAGE,**  
Handsome, remarkably strong, and in good condition. It would answer well for a Stage.

Dec. 7.

**EXECUTOR'S SALE.**  
BY permission of the Court of Ordinary for Kershaw District, I will sell at

**PUBLIC SALE,**  
at the residence of the late Thomas Lang, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of January, 1857, being the first Tuesday in the month, all the

**Household & Kitchen Furniture,**  
And at the Plantation on Wateree River on the same day,

**Twenty Mules, Two Horses,**  
Sixty-five head of

**CATTLE,**  
Sixty-five head of

**SEVEN HEAD,**  
Seventy head of Hogs,

A LOT OF

**Bacon and Pork,**  
**CORN, FODDER & PEAS,**  
**WAGONS, CARTS, PLOWS,**  
**TIRES, UTENSILS, & C.**

Terms Cash.  
THOMAS LANG, Ex'or.  
Dec. 7.

**MORTGAGE SALE**  
OF A

**Valuable River Plantation.**  
BY consent of parties, and to foreclose a mortgage given by Alfred Brevard to Thomas E. Shannon, I will sell at the Court House in Camden, on Monday, the 7th day of January next, all that

**Valuable Plantation;**  
Lying on the West side of the Wateree River, known as "Gibson's Neck" and "The Level," with a large body of outlying lands attached.

Terms cash—in specie or its equivalent.  
E. E. SILL, S. K. D.,  
Dec. 7—4ds.  
Agent of parties.

**In Equity—Kershaw.**  
Thomas Lang, Executor, vs. E. M. Boykin and wife, et al.

Bill for Construction of Will and Partition. IN pursuance of an order in above stated case made, I will offer for sale, on the

**FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY NEXT,**  
at public outcry, before the Court House door in Camden, the following portions of the Real Estate of Thomas Lang, dec'd, viz:

**A Tract of Land,**  
Containing ——— acres, on the West side of Little Pine Tree Creek, bounded North by lands of J. F. Sutherland, East by said Creek, South by land of J. D. Kennedy, and West by premises of Miss Susan Lang.

**The Dwelling House and Lots,**  
In the Town of Camden, immediately South of Court House Square, known as the McWillie Place.

**TWO LOTS**  
Situated on Church Street, in said Town of Camden. Also,

**A Tract of Land**  
Containing sixty-two acres, situated on the West side of Wateree River, bounded East by the McCord's Ferry Road, and West by lands of John Downen.

**TERMS:**  
One-fourth cash, and the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, with interest from the day of sale, payable annually until the whole shall be paid, to be secured by the bonds of the purchasers, with at least two good sureties, to be approved by the Commissioner and a mortgage of the property sold.

J. D. DUNLAP, C. E. K. D.  
Commissioner's Office, Dec. 6, 1856.  
Dec. 7—4ds.

**REMOVAL.**  
THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, customers and the public generally, that he has removed his TIN ESTABLISHMENT, to the stand two (2) doors below the store of Mr. R. M. Kennedy, where he keeps constantly on hand, of his own manufacture, a complete assortment of

**TIN WARE,**  
at wholesale and retail, at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

He will attend to all orders for Roofing and Gutting.

Lard and oil cans, Stove-pipes, &c., made to order at short notice.

Repairing done at all times and on reasonable terms.

He hopes by strict attention to business, to merit the patronage so liberally bestowed on him heretofore.

J. R. GOODALE.  
Dec. 7—4f.

### AUCTION SALE BY J. S. MERONEY.

ON Saturday next, the 8th inst., I will sell in front of the Market, at 11 o'clock A. M., two No. 1 FOUR HORSE WAGONS and HARNESS, one FAMILY CARRIAGE, one CART, two FINE COWS, and one EXTRA MULE. TERMS CASH.

J. S. MERONEY,  
Auctioneer.  
Dec. 7—4f.

**Stop Thief! Stop Thief!!**  
Store was broken open and various articles stolen, viz: Summer Cravats, Country Knit Socks, 1 Boy's Sack, 1 Jacket, 1 gent's Vest, Drab Cassimere, Boots, Shoes, Knives and Forks, Hats, Tobacco, Cheese, Ham, Bacon, Pucks, Pins.

S. A. BENJAMIN,  
Auctioneer.

**AT PRIVATE SALE.**  
By S. A. BENJAMIN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Tables, Chairs, Sideboard, Clothes Presses, Feather Bed, Mattress, Bureau, Child's Cradle, &c.  
Dec. 7—4f.

**THE BEST TONIC NOW IN USE.**  
C. F. PANKININ,  
MANUFACTURED BY  
S. C. PANKININ,  
CHARLESTON, S. C.  
(430) 15

**SOUTH CAROLINA, KERSHAW DISTRICT.**  
BY A. L. McDONALD, ORDINARY.

WHEREAS, Joseph D. Dunlap, C. E., applied to me for Letters of Administration on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Jane Gardner, late of the District aforesaid, deceased;

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court, to be held at Kershaw Court House on the 24th day of December inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal this 7th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the ninety-first year of American Independence.

A. L. McDONALD,  
Dec. 7—4f.  
O. K. D.

**List of Letters**  
REMAINING in the Post Office at Camden, S. C., 5th December, 1856:

A.—James Allen, Frank Adamson (3), Elizabeth Allen, Joseph C. Allen.

B.—Larance Bowers, Miss Lula F. Burns, Wm. Bayard, Samuel Barefield, Cornelius C. Burns (2), Mrs. M. R. Bradley.

C.—Josier Campbell, C. Conster, D.—P. H. DuBose, Miss Catherine Denes, E.—Miss Penney English.

G.—Mr. Gettis, Robt. E. Gray, E. M. Griffin, Miss Elizabeth Gamewell, H.—Ebenezer Holzes, W. S. Hogan.

I.—J. M. Ingram (3); Henry James, Thomas Josey.

K.—J. T. Kennedy, Mrs. Mary Kirkland, James Kain.

M.—Myers & Baty, Daniel Motley, Sarah Jane McManus, Rev. D. McDuffie, Thos. Mead.

O.—P.—Joseph H. Oppenheim (2), Louis Peper.

S.—John Ransay, Miss Rebecca Smith, D. H. Semans, Wm. Shumaker, L. C. Saunthure, Mrs. E. A. Shiver.

T.—Charles A. Thompson, Miss Mary J. Thompson, Capt. Adam Team, Miss M. J. Thompson.

U.—W. James Uzzell, H. L. Walsh, N. B. Wilson, Serena Webster (2), Edwin C. Winchester, Miss Lizzie Wilson, Miss Mary A. Wilson.

Y.—Mrs. D. M. Young (2), John Young.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.

Persons depositing letters in the Post Office for mailing or delivery here, will please place the stamp near the upper right hand corner of the envelope. They will also remember that without the stamp or money a letter cannot be mailed or delivered, but must be sent to the dead letter office without advertising.

J. M. GAYLE, P. M.  
Dec. 7—4f.

**SOUTH CAROLINA, KERSHAW DISTRICT.**  
BY A. L. McDONALD, ORDINARY.

WHEREAS, Joseph D. Dunlap, C. E., applied to me for Letters of Administration on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Powell Team, late of the District aforesaid, deceased;

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court, to be held at Kershaw Court House on the 5th day of January next, to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal this 22d day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the ninety-first year of American Independence.

A. L. McDONALD,  
Nov. 22—4d.  
O. K. D.

**J. S. MERONEY,**  
Auctioneer,

WILL attend in person to the selling of a large quantity of property at public sale, either in Camden or surrounding country. Persons having property of any description to dispose of, and wish my services, will be waited on by giving me timely notice. My charges for services rendered will be in keeping with the times.

Oct. 26—4f.

**S. P. ANCKER,**  
Auctioneer

AND  
Commission Merchant:  
CAMDEN, S. C.

TENDERS his services to the public for the sale of Real Estate, Cotton and other Produce, Furniture, Horses, and every description of Merchandise. Special attention given to out-door sales.

Nov. 16.  
**Notice.**  
W. M. M. SHANNON, is my authorized agent during my absence from the State.  
W. D. HOGAN.  
Nov. 16.

### LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ADDITION TO OUR

**Winter Stock of Goods,**  
CONSISTING IN PART OF

ALPACCAS, BLACK AND COLORED; MERINOS, MUSLINS, DELAINES, PERSIAN CLOTH,

PRINTS, & C.  
ALSO,

**Ladies', Misses' and Childrens FINE Sewed Boots and Shoes.**

**GENTS' GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY!**  
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS; TRIMMINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

**FURNISHING GOODS AND READY MADE CLOTHING.**  
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES & c.

THE ATTENTION OF HOUSE-KEEPERS is particularly invited to our Stock of

**Family Groceries.**  
As all our Foreign Goods are bought directly from the importers, and our American Goods from the manufacturers, we believe we can and will sell them as low as any one in this market. GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES. Call and see for yourselves.

McDONALD & McCURRY.  
November 30—4f.

**The Attention of Planters & Laborers**  
IS particularly invited to our SALEM JEANS AND CASSIMERES. The Goods are too well known to need recommendation from us.

We particularly invite the attention of gentlemen to the

**Tailoring Department**  
Of our business. We warrant our work to be EQUAL TO ANY, both in style and quality. Orders solicited.

McDONALD & McCURRY.  
November 30—4f.

**Notice This.**  
PERSONS to whom we have extended short credits are requested to make immediate payment, as our circumstances will not allow us to give longer indulgence.

McDONALD & McCURRY.  
November 30—4f.

**CHEAP STORE! GREAT BARGAINS**  
AT THE

**CHEAP STORE.**  
ON AND AFTER DATE I WILL OFFER AT

**Greatly Reduced Prices,**  
MY LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF

**GOODS!**  
FOR FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY!

**COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES!**  
PRICES REDUCED FROM 15 TO 25 PER CENT.

**NOW IS THE TIME TO LAY IN SUPPLIES!**

**The Public Generally ARE INVITED TO CALL AND PURCHASE, AND SAVE**

**15 TO 25 CENTS IN THE DOLLAR!**

**REMEMBER—ONLY 15 DAYS!**  
IN ADDITION TO THE LARGE STOCK,

**I HAVE JUST REC'VED A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF LADIES' GLOAKS!**

**LATEST STYLES; ALSO, Beautiful Scotch Plaid SHAWLS!**

**GENTS' FINE OVERCOATS AND FULL SUITS!**

**CALICOES AT OLD PRICES—12 1/2 TO 22 1/2.**  
Ev'rything in Proportion

**DON'T FORGET YOUR POCKET BOOK.**  
**ALL GOODS SOLD FOR CASH ONLY!**

**P. H. MOORE.**  
Nov. 23—4f.

**FRESH GARDEN SEEDS**  
Union Sets, of all kinds. For sale by HODGSON & DUNLAP.

### South-Carolina R.Road.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, CHARLESTON, Nov. 5, 1856.

ON and after Nov. 5, 1856, the Camden Freight and Passenger Trains will run as follows, viz:

Leave Kingsville, at 2.45 P. M.  
Arrive at Sanders' at 5.40 P. M.  
Leave Sanders' at 6.30 A. M.  
Arrive at Kingsville at 8.30 P. M.  
Leave Kingsville Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.  
Leave Sanders' Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

H. T. PEAKE, Gen. Sup't.

**Notice.**  
ALL persons indebted to me prior to 1st August, 1855, are requested to call and settle their indebtedness by cash, or make other satisfactory arrangements, before the first day of January, 1857, or I will be compelled to place their accounts in the hands of an Attorney for Collection.

Nov. 30—4f.  
C. A. McDONALD.

**LABORERS WANTED.**  
75 PRIME HANDS, to work on the McRae Plantation adjoining the estate of Mr. Thomas Lang—one of the richest and most productive plantations on the Wateree River. For information, or to make contracts, apply to John Caney, on his plantation, or to A. M. Kennedy, Camden.

JOHN CANEY,  
J. D. KENNEDY.  
Nov. 16.

**WANTED.**  
500 FIELD HANDS and common LABORERS for the ensuing year. Freedmen desirous of obtaining profitable employment will do well to call at my office.

Nov. 16.  
S. P. ANCKER.

**NOTICE.**  
THE undersigned is prepared to furnish BAGGING and ROPE, and pay the Revenue Tax on all COTTON consigned to his correspondents in Charleston, and pay over net proceeds here free of commission.

Oct. 12—3m.  
C. BELL.

**Administrator's Notice.**  
ALL persons having demands against the estate of Dr. JAMES H. JONES, deceased, are required to hand them in legally attested, and those indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payments to

W. F. JONES, Adm'r.  
August 31.

**Drugs and Medicines.**  
We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

**PURE DRUGS**  
AND

**MEDICINES,**  
OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

ALSO—  
**FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.**  
In large variety,

Colo., Lubin's Extracts, Powders, and Soaps, Bloom Youth, Hair Grease, Lilly White, Sozodont, Tooth and Hair Brushes, Dressing Combs, Toilet Sets, &c. &c. &c.

Also—a large assortment of

**KEROSENE LAMPS,**  
Chimnies, Shades, Burners and Wicks.

**Kerosene Oil,**  
Of the very best quality, always on hand. All of which will be sold as low as they can be bought any where within the State.

HODGSON & DUNLAP,  
Camden, Nov. 16.

**FRENCH CONFECTIONARY.**  
Of the very best quality. For sale by HODGSON & DUNLAP.

**PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,**  
Window Glass and Putty. For sale by HODGSON & DUNLAP.

**PURE FRENCH BRANDY and WINE,**  
For medicinal purposes. For sale by HODGSON & DUNLAP.

**NON-EXPLOSIVE KEROSENE OIL.**  
This has been tested, and is free from danger. For sale by HODGSON & DUNLAP.

**COXE'S GELATINE, COOKING WINE, Cooking Extracts and Spices**  
of all sorts. For sale by HODGSON & DUNLAP.