

# Orangeburg News & Times.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM. }

GOD AND OUR COUNTRY.

ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME 10.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1876.

NUMBER 12

**E. FRANK COE'S AMMONIATED BONE SUPERPHOSPHATE.**  
Having been appointed Sole Agent for this State for the sale of the above old and well known FERTILIZER, we shall always keep a full supply on hand. Orders entrusted to our care shall meet with prompt attention.

The merits of this Fertilizer are too well known and appreciated to require a more extended notice. We will only state that each consignment is subject to the severest analysis, and that the original standard is fully maintained. Dr. H. PINCKNEY is our travelling Agent, and any communications to us through him shall have every care and dispatch.

PINCKNEY BROTHERS,  
3 Commercial Wharf, Charleston, S. C.  
Feb 12 2m

**DENTISTRY.**  
**DR. B. J. MUCKENFUSS**  
Having entirely Recovered from his Sickness, can be found at his OFFICE over Geo. H. Cornelison's Store, where he will be glad to SEE his FRIENDS and the Public.

**A CARD.**  
Dr. J. G. WANNAMAKER is in possession of the Receipts and Prescription Books of the late Dr. E. J. Oliveros. All persons desiring to get any of the above Preparations or Renewal of Prescriptions can do so by calling on  
Dr. WANNAMAKER,  
At his Drug Store.  
aug 21—3m

**GEO. S. SHIRER,**  
Commission Merchant,  
DEALER IN  
GRAPES, FINE WINES, &c.  
Agent for Barton's Planter, Avery's Plows, and all kinds of Agricultural Implements.  
At New Brick Store next to Duke's Drug Store.  
sept 25—6m

**KING'S MOUNTAIN MILITARY SCHOOL.**  
Established 1855  
YORKVILLE S. C.  
COL. ASBURY COWARD  
Principal  
A full corps of able Professors. Complete outfit of arms, apparatus, etc. Thorough mental and physical training. Location noted for healthfulness and possessing rail road and telegraph facilities. The illustrated Catalogue apply to Principal.  
dec 11 1875 1f

**The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.**

**NERVOUS DEBILITY.**

However obscure the cause may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

**NERVOUS PROSTRATION.**

Is characterized by a general languor or weakness of the whole organism, especially of the nervous system, obstructing and preventing the ordinary functions of nature; hence there is a disordered state of the secretions; constipation, scanty and high-colored urine, with an excess of fatty or lime sediment, indicative of waste of brain and nerve substance, frequent palpitations of the heart, loss of memory and marked irresolution of purpose, and inability to carry into action any well-defined business enterprise, or to fix the mind upon any one thing at a time. There is great sensitiveness to impress, though retained but a short time, with a flickering and fluttering condition of the mental faculties, rendering an individual what is commonly called a whiffle-minded or fickle-minded man.

This condition of the individual, distressing as it is, may with a certainty be cured by THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND LOTHROP'S TONIC PILLS.

Medicines unrivaled for their wonderful properties and remarkable cures of all Nervous Complaints. Their efficacy is equally great in the treatment and cure of Cancers, Nodes, Ulcers, Pustules, Pimples, Tetters, Fever, Sores, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scald-head, Barbers' Itch, Scruvy, Salt Rheum, Copper-Colored Blotches, Glandular Swellings, Worms and Black Spots in the Flesh, Discolorations, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth and Nose, Sore Legs, and Sores of every character, because these medicines are the very best

**BLOOD MEDICINE**

Ever placed before the people, and are warranted to be the most powerful Alternative ever originated by man, removing Morbid Sensibility, Depression of Spirits, Dementia and Melancholia  
Sold by all Druggists, and will be sent by express to all parts of the country addressing the proprietor, G. EDGAR LOTHROP, M. D., 143 Court street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted free of charge either personally or by mail. Send 25 cents and get a copy of his Book on Nervous Diseases.  
aug 14 1875 1y

**The Pilgrim's Progress.**  
—  
**A NEW EDITION.**  
—  
1620—1875.

The following is attributed to Hon. J. Hammond Trumbull, and is from the *Hartford Courant Almanac*—Centennial edition:

- 1620. Lands on Plymouth Rock and sets up for himself.
- 1621. Keeps Thanksgiving—in no danger of over-eating.
- 1622. Builds a Meeting House.
- 1623. Proclaims a Fast Day.
- 1628. Cuts down a May Pole at Merry Mount, as a rebuke to vain recreations.
- 1635. Is crowded for accommodations, and stakes out a new farm at Connecticut.
- 1637. Makes war on the Antinomians and the Pequot Indians—and whips both.
- 1638. Starts a College.
- 1640. Sets up a Printing Press.
- 1643. Goes into a Confederacy—the first Colonial Congress.
- 1648. Lays down the Cambridge Platform. Hangs a Witch.
- 1649. Sets his face against the unchristian custom of wearing long hair, "a thing uncivil and uncomely."
- 1651. Is rebuked for "intolerable excess and bravery of apparel," and is forbidden to wear gold and silver lace, or other such gewgaws.
- 1652. Coins Pine Tree Shillings—and makes the business profitable.
- 1663. Prints a Bible for the Indians.
- 1680. Buys a "hang up" clock, and occasionally carries a silver watch that helps him guess the time of day. About this period learns to use Forks at table; a new fashion.
- 1692. Is scared by Witches again, at Salem; but gets the better of them.
- 1701. Founds another College, which, after a while, settles down at New Haven.
- 1704. Prints his first Newspaper, in Boston.
- 1705. Tastes Coffee, as a luxury, and at his own table.
- 1707. Constructs another Platform—this time at Saybrook.
- 1710. Beging to sip Tea—very sparingly. It does not come into family use till five-and-twenty years later.
- 1711. Puts a letter into his first Post office.
- 1720. Eats a Potato—and takes one home to plant in his garden as a curiosity.
- 1721. Is Inoculated for the Small Pox—not without grave remonstrance from his conservative neighbors. Begins to Sing by note on Sunday, thereby encountering much opposition, and opening a ten years' quarrel.
- 1740. Manufactures tinned ware, and starts the first tin Peddler on his travels.
- 1742. Sees Faneuil Hall built. The cradle of liberty is ready to be rocked.
- 1745. Builds an Organ; but does not yet permit it to be played in the Meeting House.
- 1750. Buys a bushel of Potatoes for Winter's use—all his friends wondering what he will do with so many.
- 1755. Puts up a Franklin Stove in his best room; and tries one of the newly invented Lightning Rods.
- 1760. About this time begins to wear a collar to his shirt. When he can afford it, takes his wife to meeting in a Chaise, instead of on a pillion, as theretofore.
- 1765. Shows his dislike to stamped Paper, and joins the "Sons of Liberty."
- 1768. Tries his hand at Type Founding—not yet successful—in Connecticut.
- 1770. Buys a home-made Wooden Clock.
- 1773. Waters his Tea in Boston harbor. Plants Liberty Trees, wherever he finds good soil.
- 1774. Lights Boston streets with oil Lamps; a novelty (though "New Lights" had been plenty some years before.)
- 1775. Shows Lord Percy how to

- march to "Yankee Doodle." Calls at Ticonderoga, to take lodgings for the season. Sends General Putnam (under the command of several Colonels) with a small party to select a site for Bunker Hill Monument.
- 1770. Brother Jonathan—as he begins to be called in the family—declares himself Free and Independent.
- 1780. Buys an "Umbrillo," for Sundays; and whenever he shows it, is laughed at for his effeminacy.
- 1791. Starts a Cotton Spinning factory.
- 1792. Has been raising Silk Worms, in Connecticut; and now gives his minister (not his wife) a home-made silk gown. Buys a Carpet for middle of the parlor floor.
- 1793. Invents the Cotton Gin—and thereby trebles the value of Southern plantations.
- 1795—1800. Wears Pantaloon occasionally; but not when in full dress. Begins to use Plates on the breakfast and tea table.
- 1802. Has the boys and girls vaccinated.
- 1806. Tries to burn a piece of Hard Coal from Philadelphia; a failure.
- 1807. Sees a boat go by steam on Hudson.
- 1815. Holds a little Convention at Hartford, but doesn't propose to dissolve the Union. Buys one of Terry's patent "Shelf Clocks," for \$36, and regulates his watch by it.
- 1817. Sets up a Stove in the Meeting House, and builds a fire in it on Sunday; an innovation which is stoutly resisted by many.
- 1817. Begins to run a Steamboat on Long Island Sound—and takes passage on it to New York, after sinking his will.
- 1819. Grown bolder, he crosses the Atlantic in a steamship.
- 1822. Lights Gas in Boston (but doesn't light Boston with gas till 1829.) At last, learns how to make Hard Coal burn, and sets a grate in his parlor. Buys a Steel Pen (one of Gillott's, sold at \$33 per gross). Has every-day Shirts made without Ruffles.
- 1825. About this time, puts a Percussion Lock on his old musket.
- 1826. Buys his wife a pair of queer-shaped India Rubber overshoes. Puts on his first False Collar. Fries an "Experimental" railroad, by horse power.
- 1828. Tastes his first Tomato—doubtfully. Is told that it is unfashionable to feed himself with his knife—and buys Silver Forks, for great occasions.
- 1833. Rubs his first Friction Match—then called a "Lucifer," and afterwards "Loco Foco." Throws away the old Tinder Box, with its flint and steel.
- 1835. Invents the Revolver, and sets about supplying the world with it, as a peace-maker. Tries a Gold Pen, but cannot find a good one yet—not till 1844. Builds a real Railroad, and rides on it.
- 1837. Gets in a panic—and out again, after free use of "shin-plasters."
- 1838. Adopts the new fashion of putting his letters in Envelopes—a fashion which does not fairly prevail till seven years later.
- 1840. Sits for his Daguerrotype, and gets a picture fearfully and wonderfully made. Begins to Blow himself up with "Camphens" and "Burning fluid;" and continues the process for years with changes of name of the active agent, down to, and including Non-Explosive Kerosene.
- 1844. Sends his first message by the Electric Telegraph.
- 1847. Buys his wife a Sewing Machine—in the vain hope that somehow it will keep the buttons on his shirts. Begins to receive advices from the "Spirit World."
- 1855. Begins to bore and be bored by the Hoosac Tunnel.
- 1858. Celebrates the laying of the Ocean Cable, and sends a friendly message to John Bull. Next week begins to doubt whether the cable has been laid at all.
- 1861. Goes South, to help compose a family quarrel. Takes to using

**Paper Money.**  
1861-1865. Climbs the Hill Difficulty—relieved of his pack after Jan. 1st, 1864; but loses Greath Hearth, April 14th, 1865.  
1865. Gets the Atlantic Cable in working order at last, in season to send word to his British cousins who have been waiting for an invitation to his funeral that he "lives yet."  
1865-1875. Is reconstructing and talking about Resumption. Send his boys to the Museum to see an old-fashioned Silver Dollar.  
1875. Goes to Bunker Hill to pay honor to the illustrious man who commanded General Putnam. Think's he won't inflate—and helps strangle a Western rag-baby Gets ready to celebrate his second golden wedding by a grand family reunion next year in Philadelphia.

### Eighteen Hundred Years After Death.

A correspondent of *Appleton's Journal*, writing of excavations at Pompeii, says:  
"Among the most interesting of the objects found recently are two skeletons, one of a somewhat elderly man, the other of a woman. They were found in the Via Stabia among the ashes of the last eruption, evidently overtaken in this flight and buried in the cinders. According to the usual method employed to preserve the external appearance of objects, liquid plaster was poured into the cavity, which serving as a mould, a face-smile of the forms was obtained; and thus perfectly preserved, the statue-like bodies were placed in glass cases in the Pompeii museum. While appreciating all the horror of such a death and the suffering endured, as shown by the position, I cannot but imagine what would have been the astonishment of that man or woman had some prophet informed them that eighteen hundred years after their death their forms, and even as much of their garments as were not consumed in the eruption, would be placed in a museum for inspection by a multitude of sight-seers, some from lands, the existence of which they had never dreamed of.  
"The poor woman is lying on her face, and even the form of her hair, put up behind, is seen. One arm shields her forehead, and she is supported by the other. Her stony limbs are well formed, and traces of a garment are seen passing in folds around her. The man, although placed on his back in the exhibition, when found was to ned on his side. One arm rests on his hip; the other is up-lifted. The face is somewhat distorted, but massive and smoothly shaven. Even the form of the fastenings of the sandals around the ankle, and of the long button higher up on the leg to hold them, is clearly seen. The limbs are partly drawn up. The skeleton of a tolerably large dog, also recently found, is in the Museum of Pompeii his who's form preserved in plaster, in the same manner as those just mentioned. He is lying on his back, writhing in suffering, biting his leg. The rings and collar are plainly seen."  
BUTLER'S WIFE.—In one of his first law-cases, the General said, in his usual way, when the case was called: "Let notice be given."  
"What paper?" asked the venerable clerk.  
"In the *Lowell Advertiser*," said Butler, selecting a local paper detested by the party to which the clerk and the judge belonged. There was a pause.  
"The *Lowell Advertiser*!" said the clerk, restraining his feelings. "I don't know such a paper."  
"Pray, Mr. Clerk," said Butler, "don't begin telling the court what you know, or there will be no time for anything else."  
The people of Wyoming don't know whether to call their female judge a justicess of the peace or a justice of the peacess. That can easily decided after it is seen whether she makes peace or peacess.

**A SWEET JOKE.**—The following neat stroke of business deserves mention, on account of the grand simplicity of the means set in action. The scene is in a druggist's shop at Foggia, in the Neapolitan province of Capitanata; time, night, the druggist having just lighted a handsome silver lamp, the admiration and envy of the neighborhood. A man enters, holding his hat in his hand.  
"Mr. Druggist, will you please to give me a hatful of syrup of tamarinds?" says the stranger.  
"A hatful of syrup! what do you mean?" cries the druggist, opening his eyes very wide.  
"Do not mortify me by a refusal. It is a bet with a friend; so just fill up my hat, and tell me what is to pay."  
The druggist was a merry fellow; the conceit pleased him; and so he brought a big-bellied flask, full up to the neck with syrup, which was duly transferred to the customer's wide-awake.  
"There," said the druggist.  
Scarcely were the words out of his mouth, when the wide-awake was on his head, in a twinkling the lamp was blown out and carried away, while the poor druggist, helpless and immovable, stood, like the image of some river god; with the clammy ooze trickling from him on every side.

**A TIMELY EXTRACT FROM GIBBON.**—The following, from Gibbon's "Decline and Fall," is worth reading now. "The policy of the emperors and the senate, as far as it concerned religion, was happily seconded by the reflection of the enlightened, and by the habits of the superstitious. The various modes of worship, which prevailed in the Roman world, were all considered by the people as equally true; by the philosopher as equally false; and by the magistrate as equally useful. And thus toleration produced not only mutual indulgence, but even religious concord."

A young man asked his sweetheart if he might be permitted to kiss her, and give her an affectionate hug.  
"No," said she, "I can't allow that; but I'll tell you what I will do; I'll split the difference with you—you may kiss me, and I'll hug you."

Does it hurt a joke to crack it.  
Drop me a line as the drowning man said to a sailor on deck.

What people can never live long nor wear great coats? Dwarfs.  
An articles you can always borrow.—Trouble.

Stem has been defined as a bucket of water in a tremendous perspiration.  
Why is love like Scotch plaid? Because it is all stuff and often crossed.

Why is a badly conducted hotel like a fiddle? Because it is a vile inn.

Tidy.—A man in Portsmouth named his two children Ebenezer and Flora, and always spoke of them as Eb and Flo.

There is a man out West who drinks so much whiskey that mosquitoes that bite him die of delirium tremens.

A Birch Rod inscribed, "Spare the rod, and spoil the child," was presented at a wooden wedding down East.

To know a man, observe how he wins his object rather than how he loses it; for when we fail, our pride supports; when we succeed, it betrays us.

Lady—"Oh, what a shame such a nice little fellow as you should smoke that nasty pipe."  
Boy—"Yes, mum, it is. It ought ter be a hawanna."

A "servant gal" who had a "follower" told the lady with whom she had a situation that she preferred that he should be kept in ignorance of the fact that she was doing housework, as he supposed she was "boarding."

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

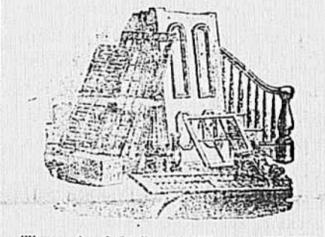
### Book! Stationery! Music!

Also  
A lot of WINDOW SHADES of an improved Patent, being neat, simple in putting up, durable and CHEAP in price.  
Lamps, Chimneys and Lamp Fixtures always on hand.  
SOLE AGENT FOR THE  
Celebrated WATT PLOW and Castings, which I sell at Manufacturer's Prices, with freight added, viz:  
One Horse A and B.....\$6 00  
Two Horse M and N..... 9 00  
Castings.....7c per lb.  
Insurance and Collections promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR  
Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Co  
Georgia Home Insurance Co.  
Manhattan Life Insurance Co.  
KIRK ROBINSON,  
Market St.  
oct 2 3q

**\$5 TO \$20 PER DAY AT**  
Home. Samples worth \$1 free. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.  
**\$12 a day at home.** Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.  
mar 11 1876 1y

Encourage Home People  
AND  
HOME ENTERPRISE  
**GEORGE S. HACKER**  
Charleston, S. C.  
DOORS, SASH & BLINDS



The only DOOR, SASH and BLIND Factory owned and managed by a Carolinian in this City. All work guaranteed. Terms Cash.  
Always on hand a large Stock of DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, Scroll and Turned Work of every description. Glass, White Leads, and Builders' Hardware, Dressed Lumber and Flooring delivered in any part of this State.  
jan 22 1y

### DENTISTRY.

OPERATIVE  
AND MECHANICAL.

A. M. Snider, L. S. WOLFE  
& T. J. Calvert.  
Office open at all times.

**ARTHUR H. LEWIN**  
DERMATOLOGIST AND PRACTICAL  
HAIR CUTTER,  
If you want a good and easy Shave or an Artificial Hair Cut or a delightful Shampoo, go to  
**ARTHUR H. LEWIN'S**  
Hair Cutting Rooms, No. 3 Law Range opposite Court House Square.  
Special attention paid to Children's Hair Cutting. Extra Rooms for Ladies.  
sept 4 1875 1y

**STONO**  
**PHOSPHATE CO.**  
CHARLESTON, S. C.  
Soluble Guano—(Available Bone Phosphate of Lime 18-55 per cent. Ammonia 3-11 per cent.) April 1st, \$14, Nov. 1st, \$50. Cotton Option, Middlings at 15 cts. \$65.  
Acid Phosphate—(Available Bone Phosphate of Lime, 22-18 per cent.) April 1st, \$28, Nov. 1st, \$33; Cotton option \$45. Special Rates to Grangers on cash orders.  
For particulars apply to  
E. C. Williams, Treasurer,  
Charleston, S. C.  
Or to G. D. Kortz, Orangeburg, S. C., W. P. Cain & Co., Lewisville, S. C., W. S. Usey, George's, S. C.  
jan 22 1876 3m

### CORN TO ARRIVE.

**300** Bushels of Prime Western  
Corn in Sacks  
**TO ARRIVE**  
and will be sold low. Orders received for the same to be delivered at Depot or from Store.  
**SUGARS AND COFFEES**  
DOWN IN PRICE  
at Store of  
**JOHN A. HAMILTON,**  
Next to Cour House on Market St.