Daily National Republican.

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National Republican.

THE DAILY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN is published every afternoon (Sundays excepted) by W. J. MURTAGH & Co., and is furnished to our subscribers (by carriers) at 12½ cents per week, or 55 cents per month.

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National Republican.

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OFFICIAL NOTICES.

OFFICIAL.

NEW ENROLLMENT ACT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, July 8, 1864.

General Orders, No. 224.

The following act of Congress is published for the information and government of all concerned:

[PUBLIC—No. 184.]

AN act further to regulate and provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States may, at his discretion, at any time hereafter, call for any number of men as volunteers, for the respective terms of one, two and three years for military service; and any such volunteer, or, in case of draft, as hereinafter provided, any substitute, shall be credited to the town, township, ward of a city, precinct, or election district, or of a county not so subdivided, toward the quota of which he may have volunteered or engaged as a substitute; and every volunteer who is accepted and mustered into the service for a term of one year, unless sooner discharged, shall receive, and be paid by the United States, a bounty of $100; and if for a term of two years, unless sooner discharged, a bounty of $200; and if for a term of three years, unless sooner discharged, a bounty of $300; one third of which bounty shall be paid to the soldier at the time of his being mustered into the service, one third at the expiration of one half of his term of service, and one third at the expiration of his term of service. And in case of his death while in service, the residue of his bounty unpaid shall be paid to his widow, if he shall have left a widow, if not, to his children, or if there be none, to his mother, if she be a widow.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in case the quota, or any part thereof, of any town, township, ward of a city, precinct, or election district, or of any county not so subdivided, shall not be filled within the space of fifty days after such call, then the President shall immediately order a draft for one year to fill such quota, or any part thereof, which may be unfilled; and in case of any such draft, no payment of money shall be accepted or received by the Government as commutation to release any enrolled or drafted man from personal obligation to perform military service.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the Executive of any of the States to send recruiting agents into any of the States declared to be in rebellion, except the States of Arkansas, Tennessee, and Louisiana, to recruit volunteers under any call under the provisions of this act, who shall be credited to the State, and to the respective subdivisions thereof, which may procure the enlistment.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That drafted men, substitutes, and volunteers, when mustered in, shall be organized into or assigned to regiments, batteries, or other organizations of their own States, and, as far as practicable, shall, when assigned, be permitted to select the regiments, batteries, or other organizations from among those of their respective States which at the time of assignment may not be filled to their maximum number.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the twentieth section of the act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes,'" approved February 24, 1864, shall be construed to mean that the Secretary of War shall discharge minors under the age of eighteen years under the circumstances and on the conditions prescribed in said section; and hereafter, if any officer of the United States shall knowingly enlist or muster into the military service any person under the age of sixteen years, with or without the consent of his parent or guardian, such person so enlisted or mustered shall be immediately discharged upon repayment of all bounties received; and such recruiting or mustering officer who shall knowingly enlist any person under sixteen years of age shall be dismissed the service, with forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and shall be subject to such further punishment as a court martial may direct.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That section three of an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for enrolling out the national forces, and for other purposes,'" approved February 24, 1864, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to authorize and direct district provost marshals, under the direction of the Provost Marshal General, to make a draft for one hundred per cent. in addition to the number required to fill the quota of any district as provided by said section.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That instead of traveling pay, all drafted persons reporting at the place of rendezvous shall be allowed transportation from their places of residence; and persons discharged at the place of rendezvous shall be allowed transportation to their places of residence.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That all persons in the naval service of the United States who have entered said service during the present rebellion, who have not been credited to the quota of any town, district, ward, or State, by reason of their being in said service and not enrolled prior to February 24, 1864, shall be enrolled and credited to the quotas of the town, ward, district, or State in which they respectively reside, upon satisfactory proof of their residence made to the Secretary of War.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person duly drafted shall be absent from home in prosecution of his usual business, the provost marshal of the district shall cause him to be duly notified as soon as may be, and he shall not be deemed a deserter, nor liable as such, until notice has been given to him and reasonable time allowed for him to return and report to the provost marshal of his district; but such absence shall not otherwise affect his liability under this act.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to alter or in any way affect the provisions of the seventeenth section of an act, approved February 24, 1864, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes,'" approved March 3, 1863.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to alter or change the provisions of existing laws relative to permitting persons liable to military service to furnish substitutes.

Approved July 4, 1864.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant General.

OFFICIAL.

NEWLY COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

[Circular, No. 81.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, August 2, 1864.

It is announced for the information and guidance of all concerned, that an officer of a three years' volunteer organization, who receives a new commission at a date subsequent to that of his original entrance into service, *is held to service for three years from the date of his last muster-in*, and not for three years from the date of *original* muster-in.

No musters-in are authorized or recognized by the War Department, *for the unexpired term* of an organization. Musters so made have uniformly been revoked, as soon as brought to notice.

Where musters have been made by Commissaries of Musters, or their Assistants, *for the unexpired portion of a term*, and there is doubt as to the position of an officer, the case involved should be forwarded through the proper Commissary of Musters to the Adjutant General of the Army, for the decision of the War Department.

Regulations similar to the foregoing apply to organizations *mustered into service for a period less than three years*: the general rule being that a commissioned officer shall, in all cases, be mustered in for the period for which his regiment or company was originally so mustered.

If officers of veteran organizations do not desire to secure the advantages of their *forcer "commissions and rank,"* as contemplated by Section 2, of Paragraph 1, Circular No. 35, current series, from the office, they can decline to be remustered as therein directed, *and only serve out the unexpired term of their muster under which they may be retained*.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant General.

OFFICIAL.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, March 17, 1864.

All applications for leaves of absence or permission to visit Washington must be addressed to Major General Halleck, Chief of Staff, and must specify the business for which the officer desires the permission. Telegrams addressed direct to the Secretary of War on this subject will receive no attention.

By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant General.

OFFICIAL.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., October 24, 1864.

Lieutenant Frank W. Foote, 121st New York Volunteers, heretofore published, is hereby notified that he is exempt from disablement, he having been previously honorably discharged the service of the United States, by special orders, current series, from this office.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant General.

PHILP & SOLOMONS'

PATENT MANIFOLD FIELD-ORDER BOOK.

The greatest improvement ever made in army stationery.

No other writing materials needed on the march, in action, or on reconnoissance.

Bound substantially in leather. Price, $2.50, cash; *free by mail, and for a specimen book.*

Sale only to the patentees.

PHILP & SOLOMONS, Army Stationers.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR MAIL-BAGS.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON D. C., Oct. 19, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this Department until 9 o'clock, a. m., the 22d day of November next, for furnishing during the period from the 1st day of December, 1864, to the 30th of June, 1865, such quantities of the following kind of MAIL-BAGS as may from time to time be required and ordered, to wit:

JUTE CANVAS MAIL-SACKS—Of size No. 1 (42 inches in length and 64 inches in circumference) of size No. 2 (41 inches in length and 48 inches in circumference) and of size No. 3 (32 inches in length and 38 inches in circumference.)

The sacks of size No. 1 are to be made of closely-woven Jute Canvas, weighing not less than 11 ounces to the yard of 31½ inches in width; the yarns of the warp to be each doubled and twisted, and to weigh one ounce to about fifty yards, and of the filling or weft, if not like those of the warp, to weigh one ounce to about eighty-five yards.

The sacks of size No. 2 are to be made of Jute Canvas, weighing not less than 11 ounces to the yard of 31½ inches width; the warp and weft to be nearly as above described.

The sacks of size No. 3 are to be made of thinner Jute Canvas, weighing not less than 4½ ounces to the yard of 19½ inches width.

Those of sizes Nos 1 and 2 are to be made with a tabling or hem at the top, two inches wide, upon which a sufficient number of eyelet holes—at least ten to the former and eight to the latter—are to be well wrought; and they are each to be provided with a good and sufficient hemp cord to lace and tie them thoroughly and strongly. Unless seamless, they are to be made with two seams, secured, each with two rows of sewing. All are to be marked, inside and outside, "U. S. MAIL," in large and distinct letters.

Any proposed improvement that may be desirable in the quality of materials or manner of construction will be considered, relatively to price, in deciding the lowest and best bids.

No proposal will be considered if not accompanied with specimens showing the construction and quality of materials and workmanship of each size of the sacks bid for; and also a written guaranty from the persons proposed as sureties (whose responsibility must be certified by the postmaster of the place where they reside) that they will become responsible, on sufficient bond, for the due performance of the contract in case such proposal be accepted.

All the sacks contracted for are to be delivered, at the expense of the contractor, at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, D. C., in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

The estimated quantity required will probably not exceed thirty thousand sacks, including all sizes, but the Postmaster General will reserve the right to order and receive more or less than such quantity, during the term of the contract, as the wants and interests of the service may seem to him to demand.

The specimens must be delivered at this Department on or before the 22d of November next; and every one submitted should be well and distinctly marked with the number denoting its size, and have attached to it a sample of the cloth or canvas (six inches square) of which it is made, such as can with safety and convenience, be used in the service will be paid for at the prices specified in the proposals relating thereto.

A decision on the bids will be made on or before the 23d of November next, and the accepted bidder will be required to enter into contract, with sufficient bond and security, on or before the 1st of December, 1864.

The proposal should be transmitted in a sealed envelope, endorsed "Proposals for Mail-Bags," and be addressed to "The Second Assistant Postmaster General, Contracts, Post Office, Washington, D. C."

W. DENNISON, Postmaster General.

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PROPOSALS FOR HAY.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, No. 224 G Street, Washington, Oct. 18, 1864.

Sealed Proposals, in duplicate, for Two Hundred (200) Tons of Good Merchantable Unbaled Hay, will be received at this office, until THURSDAY, October 27 1864 at 12 o'clock, m.

Bids must be endorsed "Proposals for Hay," and accompanied by an oath of allegiance (unless the bidder has one on file to this office) and the usual guaranty, signed by not less than two responsible sureties, whose ability and sufficiency must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court or of the United States Attorney.

Parties to whom awards may be made must at once enter into contract, and give bonds equal in amount to one half the sum to be received on the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors.

Awards will not be made to any person who has heretofore failed to fulfill his contracts with the Government, nor will proposals of disloyal parties be considered.

The right to reject proposals is reserved by the Government, if, in the opinion, the public interest will be subserved by their rejection.

Bidders must be present at the opening of their bids, to respond to their names.

The Hay must be delivered at the National Monument Grounds, Washington, D. C., unbaled and free of all cost of transportation or weighing. It will be weighed by a sworn weigher before it is accepted, and will also be rigidly inspected; and such as is not of a good merchantable quality will be rejected.

The delivery of the Hay must commence within ten (10) days from the execution of the contract, and be completed within forty (40) days from the date of the same.

Upon the completion of the contract the Hay will be paid for in such funds as the Government may have on hand to disburse, or as soon thereafter as the proper officer may be in funds.

Proposals must be addressed to

E. T. BRIDGES, Captain and C. S. V.

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PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 25, 1864.

Notice is hereby given that subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, the several Assistant Treasurers and Designated Depositories, and by the National Banks designated and qualified as Depositories and Financial Agents, for Treasury Notes payable three years from August 15, 1864, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three tenths per cent. per annum, with semi-annual coupons attached, payable in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible, at the option of the holders, at maturity, into six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, redeemable after five and payable twenty years from August 15, 1867.

The notes will be issued in the denominations of fifty, one hundred, five hundred, one thousand, and five thousand dollars, and will be issued in blank, or payable to order, as may be directed by the subscribers.

All subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to this Department.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges, as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

Interest will be allowed to August 15 on all deposits made prior to that date, and will be paid by the Department upon the receipt of the original certificates.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by this Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Officers receiving deposits will see that the proper endorsements are made upon the original certificates.

All officers authorized to receive deposits are requested to give to applicants all desired information, and afford every facility for making subscriptions.

W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury.

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NOTICE.

UNITED STATES 7 3-10 LOAN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON

HAS NOW ON HAND,

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,

a full supply of these new Bonds.

Subscribers are requested to present their certificates at once and receive their Bonds.

Those having money to invest should not lose sight of the fact that, by investing in this Loan, they not only receive interest at the high rate of 12-10 per cent., but secure to themselves the very important advantage of obtaining, at the end of three years,

SIX PER CENT. 5-20 YEAR BONDS AT PAR,

which are now worth over 12 per cent. premium, and which after the war must necessarily advance to a much higher rate.

author

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN

"WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN."

From this time until the Presidential election, every loyal man who favors the re-election of Mr. Lincoln will want a newspaper published at the seat of Government, advocating the Union nominations for President and Vice President.

To all such, who desire a paper which will keep them promptly advised of all political movements, and their probable consequences, we tender the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, with confidence that it will fulfil their desires in this respect.

The NATIONAL REPUBLICAN will continue to furnish in advance of all competitors the latest and most reliable news from our different armies, and especially from the Army of the Potomac.

Its literary and miscellaneous departments will receive special attention, and efforts are continually being made to establish the character of the WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN as a family paper.

Six months ago the weekly paper was enlarged to its present size and greatly improved in its typographical appearance. Our list has increased largely since that time, for which we thank our numerous voluntary agents throughout the loyal States. During that time, however, the prices of labor and of material have increased upwards of fifty per cent. In view of that fact we do not propose to increase the price of the paper, but to urge upon our friends, and the friends of the Union, who favor the re-election of our present worthy and patriotic Chief Magistrate, to use their utmost endeavors to increase our circulation. This is the only way by which we can be able to keep the WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN up to the high standard it has occupied during the last six months.

We desire a large number of subscribers for the political campaign, which has opened by the nominations made at the Baltimore Convention.

We propose to send our weekly paper for the period of six months, from the first of June to the first of December, which will cover the campaign, and full returns of the Presidential election, at the low rates at which it is now furnished to subscribers.

There is no city, town, or village in the loyal States which cannot furnish us some subscribers. Let the work of making up clubs commence at once. We have printed a large edition of the numbers for the present month, and can furnish back numbers to all who may desire them. Specimen copies will be sent, when requested.

The terms for the campaign are as follows: One copy, six months, $1; three copies, six months, $2.50; ten copies, six months, $7.50.

☞ We have learned not to be astonished at anything. Years of experience and a correspondence extending throughout all nationalities of the habitable globe have turned theories into facts and established a basis from which we never err. We are not surprised at such facts as the following—although the persons who write them are. We know the persons and circumstances, hence feel at liberty to indorse their statements.

"NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Nov. 21, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicines failed to relieve me. While visiting some friends in New York who were using Plantation Bitters they prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I have not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully, JOHN W. BOWEN.

" * * * I owe much to you, for I really believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madison, N. Y."

"BEDFORD, WIS., Sept. 15, 1863.

" * * * I have been in the Army hospital for fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * * These bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * * C. A. FLAGG."

The following is from the Manager of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers.

HAVEMEYER MANSION, 57TH STREET, NEW YORK, August 2, 1863.

DR. DRAKE:—Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak lungs with most happy effect. One little girl in particular, with pains in her head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill has been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite and strength rapidly increased, and she is now well.

Respectfully, MRS. O. M. DEVOE.

" * * * Then will send me two bottle more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefitted by their use.

Thy Friend, ASA CURTIS, Philadelphia, Pa."

" * * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

REV. J. S. CATHRON, Rochester, N. Y."

" * * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

G. W. D. ANDREWS, Sup't Soldiers Home, Cincinnati, O."

" * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of the Liver Complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINSELEY, Cleveland, Ohio."

" * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs that has distressed me for years It acts like a charm.

C. C. HOWES, No. 204 Broadway."

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860—N.

Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and impostor. It is put up only in our log cabin bottle. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork uncancelled, and our signature on steel-plate side label.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO., 202 Broadway, N. Y.

THE DELMONICO LUNCH.

308 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Opposite Willards' Hotel.

Choicest Wines, Liquor Champagnes, Ales, Cheese, Salads and pastries

A SIGNIFICANT PARALLEL.

Horatio Seymour on Lincoln, 1864.

Three years have rolled away. The young men that responded to that call—where are they? More than five hundred thousand of our brave soldiers now sleep in their untimely graves. Look at the debt! An immense debt! Over two millions of men have been called for since that time to bear arms in the struggle. Five hundred thousand more are to-day being called for. The nation is crushed down with taxation, and the war not ended.

Our rights have been infringed upon. The freedom of speech and of the press has been denied us. The sacredness of our homes has been impaired. * * * The guarantied right of the people to bear arms has been suspended up to the very borders of Canada. * * *

Four years ago a convention met in this city, when our country was peaceful, prosperous, and happy. * * *

Had wise statesman ship secured the fruits of the victories, to-day there would have been peace in our land.

Our country once was happy, and, had the proffered peace been embraced, the last two years of misery would have been spent in peace and plenty, and in repairing the desolation of the quarrel, that would have set the interests of Great Britain and America in a true light, and cemented their friendship.

I will fight to the death to preserve to you these rights that have been denied to us. * * *

The Democratic party will put down despotism, because it hates the ignoble [illegible] now degrades the American people. * *

The results of the coming election involve the liberties of the country. * * *

Greater questions, graver question—questions which come more directly home to the hearts and interests of men—have never been submitted to the people for their arbitration.

Mothers and sisters are in trouble by the family hearth, and when there is trouble there, there is no happiness in life. * * *

Now is there no mode by which the people can be protected from these frightful sacrifices, and the Union saved?

I implore you, therefore, to turn again to the wisdom of your forefathers. Turn again toward the lights of experience. * * *

American servitude is put in bold contrast with British liberty. * *

We propose to elect to the Presidency a patriot, a soldier, and a Christian—G. B. McClellan.

I wish to lead a chosen band of Americans to the attainment of peace, liberty, and safety—the first objects in taking the field.

Benedict Arnold on Washington, 1780.

You are promised liberty by the leaders of your affairs, but is there an individual in the enjoyment of it, save your oppressors? Who among you dare to speak or write what he thinks against the tyranny which has robbed you of your property, imprisons your sons, drags you to the field of battle, and is daily deluging your country with blood?

What is America but a land of widows, orphans, and beggars!

But what need of argument to such as feel infinitely more misery than tongue can express!

I give my promise of most affectionate welcome to all who are disposed to join me in measures necessary to close the scene of our affliction, which must be increased until we are content with the liberality of the parent country, which still offers us protection and perpetual exemption from all taxes but such as we shall think fit to impose upon ourselves.

List of General Hospitals

1. Armory Square, Washington, D. C., Seventh street west, between C and D streets south, in charge of Surgeon D. W. Bliss, U. S. V.
2. Carver, Washington, D. C., Fourteenth street west, at terminus of city railroad, in charged of Surgeon O. A. Judson, U. S. V.
3. Campbell, Washington, D. C., Seventh street west, at terminus of city railroad north, in charge of Surgeon A. F. Sheldon, U. S. V.
4. Columbian, Washington, D. C., Fourteenth street west, at terminus of city railroad, in charge of Surgeon T. R. Crosby, U. S. V.
5. Desmarres, Washington, D. C., corner of Fourteenth street and Massachusetts avenue, in charge of Surgeon J. S. Hildreth, U. S. V.
6. Douglas, Washington, D. C., corner of 1 street and New Jersey avenue, in charge of Assistant Surgeon Wm. Thomson, U. S. A.
7. Emory, Washington, D. C., near Almshouse, east of the Capitol, in charge of Surgeon N. R. Moseley, U. S. V.
8. Fairfax Seminary, Virginia, two miles back of Alexandria, in charge of Surgeon D. P. Smith, U. S. V.
9. Finley, Washington, D. C., Kendall Green, Fourth street east, north of the city, in charge of Surgeon G. L. Pancoast, U. S. V.
10. Harewood, Washington, D. C., Corcoran's farm, Seventh street west, in charge of Surgeon R. B. Bontecou, U. S. V.
11. Judiciary Square, Washington, D. C., Judiciary Square, E street north, between Fourth and Fifth streets west, in charge of Assistant Surgeon Alex. Ingram, U. S. A.
12. Kalorama, (small-pox,) Washington, D. C., Rock creek, out Twenty-first street, in charge of Acting Assistant Surgeon R. J. Thomas, U. S. A.
13. Lincoln, Washington, D. C., one mile east of the Capitol, in charge of Assistant Surgeon J. C. McKee, U. S. A.
14. Mount Pleasant, Washington, D. C., Fourteenth street, one half mile beyond city limits, in charge of Assistant Surgeon C. A. McCall, U. S. A.
15. Seminary, Georgetown, D. C., corner of Washington and Gay streets, in charge of Surgeon H. W. Ducachet, U. S. V.
16. Stanton, Washington, D. C., I street and New Jersey avenue, in charge of Surgeon J. A. Lidell, U. S. V.
17. Stone, Washington, D. C., Fourteenth street, opposite Columbian Hospital, in charge of Acting Ass't Surgeon P. Glennan, U.S.A.
18. St. Elizabeth, (Insane Asylum,) Washington, D. C., beyond Navy Yard west, in charge of Acting Assistant Surgeon C. H. Nichols, U. S. A.
19. First Division General, Alexandria, Va., corner of Fairfax and Cameron streets, in charge of Surgeon Chas. Page, U. S. A.
20. Second Division General, Alexandria, Va., corner of Prince and Columbus streets, in charge of Surgeon T. R. Spencer, U. S. V.
21. Third Division General, Alexandria, Va., Washington street, between Queen and Cameron streets, in charge of Surgeon Edwin Bentley, U. S. V.
22. Augur General Hospital, near Alexandria, Va., in charge of Surgeon George L. Porter, U. S. V.

THE CITY COUNCILS.

Board of Aldermen.

MONDAY, October 24, 1864.

The Board met at the usual hour, the President, Mr. Joseph F. Brown, in the chair.

A communication from the Water Registrar was transmitted by the Mayor, explaining the delay attendant on the distribution of Potomac water through the city.

A communication was received from the Mayor nominating M. T. Holly as operator of the Fire-Alarm and Police Telegraph, in place of John Bischkie, declined.

Mr. Plant presented the petition of Rev. C. J. White, asking the return of certain tax paid on church property. Referred.

Mr. Turton, from the Committee on Drainage, etc., reported favorably on the act to lay water mains in certain streets. Passed.

To erect fire-plugs and to supersede those rendered difficult of access by repairs of streets. Passed.

To make an appropriation supplying the deficiency in the appropriation to gravel B street north, from Sixth to Seventeenth street west. Passed as amended by the committee.

Also, the bill to provide for a topographer, at $1,800 per annum, and a secretary at $900 per annum, for the Water Board, and to make an appropriation to defray the contingent expenses of the Water Board. Passed.

Mr. Pepper, from the Committee on Improvements, reported favorably on the bill to repair the gutters on both sides of Twelfth and I streets, and on the west sides of Eleventh and 14 streets; to lay a gutter on Eighth street east, across Pennsylvania avenue. Passed.

Mr. Pepper, from the same committee, reported adversely on the bill providing for a superintendent of streets; and, on motion, the consideration of the bill was postponed until next Monday night.

Mr. Pepper reported favorably the bill to lay a sewer in Fourteenth street, from the canal to K street, with the amendment—"in accordance with the act of May, 1864." Passed as amended.

Mr. Uermehie, from the Committee on Police, reported favorably on the bill to license hotels, eating-houses, restaurants, ordinaries, and tippling saloons.

On the passage of this the yeas and nays were demanded, when all the members present, excepting Mr. Morgan, voted aye.

The act in relation to huckasters was also reported favorably, and passed.

Mr. Uermehie reported favorably the act in relation to hackney carriages, and on his motion the bill was made the special order for the next meeting.

Mr. Gulick, from the Committee on Claims, reported adversely on the petition of A. M. Vermilion, and the committee was discharged from its further consideration.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Turton: An act to repair the bridge across Rock creek at the western terminus of K street north. Passed.

By Mr. Plant: An act to lay a sewer on Fourteenth street, from the north side of the canal to the north side of K street. Passed.

Also, an act to pay for one half of the furniture, lighting, fuel and contingencies of the central office of the fire alarm and police telegraph. Passed.

By Mr. Turton: An act to take up and relay the gutters on the north side of H street north, from Seventeenth to Eighteenth streets west. Passed.

Also, a bill to grade M street north, from Fifteenth to Seventeenth streets, and to erect a wooden bridge across a stream west of Sixteenth street. Referred.

Also, a bill to build a sewer in the Third ward. Passed.

By Mr. Plant: An act to take up and relay the gutter on the north side of E street north, from Thirteenth to Fourteenth streets west. Passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Uermehie offered a concurrent resolution that whenever bills or resolutions pass either Board, they be endorsed by the secretary and sent to the other Board. Adopted.

Also, a concurrent resolution that when the Boards adjourn, they adjourn to meet on Wednesday. Adopted.

Also, a resolution requesting the Mayor to inform the Board, at its next meeting, whether the Corporation magistrates are performing their regular duties, and if not, the reason.

On the motion to lay the resolution on the table the yeas and nays were demanded, and were thus taken:

Yea—Mr. Morgan—1.

Nay—Messrs. Barr, Canfield, Gulick, Lewis, McCathron, Plant, Pepper, Turton, Uermehie, and Brown—10.

The resolution was then adopted.

BILLS OF COMMON COUNCIL.

An act in relation to licenses in the city of Washington. Passed.

An act to build a sewer in K street north, from Eighth to Ninth streets. Referred.

To gravel M street north from Sixth to Boundary, and along Boundary to Eighth street. Referred.

To regulate the fees of exhibitions. Referred.

A bill for the relief of James A. Kennedy. Referred.

To repair L street north, between North Capitol street and Delaware avenue. Referred.

To lay water mains in certain streets. Referred.

To lay a water main along a portion of S. Vententh street west. Passed.

The Board adjourned until Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.

N. B.—The Aldermen are requested to be punctual in their attendance on Wednesday, as business of importance will be transacted.

Board of Common Council.

Board met last evening at the usual hour. All the members present except Messrs. Shivley and Gibson.

The President laid before the Board a message from the Mayor, announcing his approval of the following acts: Laying a tax on billiard tables; for paving the carriage way of K street, from Seventh to Eighth streets; authorizing resetting a d paving of the footway on the south side of Virginia avenue, between First and Second streets; authorizing the Mayor to use a portion of a certain appropriation; joint resolution for a joint meeting; to supply a deficiency in appropriation for taking up and relaying a gutter on the north front of square 816; to gravel Indiana avenue and C street, from First to second street west; for iron fence at the intersection of Rhode Island avenue and Thirteen-and-a-half street; increasing the compensation of members of the City Councils.

Also, a message from the Mayor, returning the bill authorizing the appointment of an additional measurer of wood at the Baltimore railroad depot, without his approval, for the reason that the duties proposed are properly chargeable by the wood and coal measurer for the second canal district. The bill was rejected.

Also, a message from the Mayor, returning the bill in relation to licenses in the city of Washington, suggesting an amendment. The bill was amended to obviate the objections of the Mayor, and passed.

Also, a message from the Mayor, enclosing the bill for the protection of citrons, and to facilitate the raising of the quota, in order that the bill may be amended as suggested by a member of the Committee of Ways and Means. (Mr. Moore.)

The amendments provide that substitute brokers, licensed under this act, shall not obtain recruits other than for the city and county of Washington; making it unlawful for any person, whether licensed or not, to induce or endeavor to induce any person to leave the city for the purpose of enlisting; fixing the fine in case of violation at $50.

Mr. Moore explained that the amendments were proposed simply to simplify omissions.

Mr. Larner thought the bill could be further amended.

Mr. Moore then moved that the subject be referred to a special committee, with the understanding that Mr. Larner should be placed at the head of the committee; which was agreed to, and Messrs. Larner, Moore, and Pough were appointed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Moore submitted the following resolution, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby, requested to communicate to this Board the opinion of the corporation attorney relative to the powers of the water board, and that the same, when received, be printed with the pamphlet proceedings of the Board.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. Larner introduced a bill appropriating three thousand dollars for building a three-foot sewer on K street north, from Eighth to Ninth streets west, in the Third ward. Passed.

Mr. Walker introduced a bill for water-mains to be laid along Tenth street, from B to F streets south along Maryland avenue, from Tenth to Thirteenth streets west; along Thirteenth streets west and Maryland avenue to G street south. Passed.

Mr. Pough introduced a bill to gravel M street north, from Sixth street to the Boundary, and along Boundary to Eighth street east. Passed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Moore, from the Committee on Drainage, &c., reported the bills from the Board of Aldermen, to lay a water main on Ninth street west, from K to O streets north, and along O to Seventh street west; and to lay a water main along a portion of seventeenth street west, from M street to Pennsylvania avenue. Passed.

Mr. Ferguson, from the Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the petition of Miller & Brown, with a bill from the Board of Aldermen, authorizing the Mayor to lease certain Corporation property along the canal, reported back the bill, which was amended and laid over.

Mr. Walker, from the Committee on Wharves, presented the communication of R. F. Magruder, Master, requesting the passage of a bill making appropriations to enable him to remove sunken and abandoned vessels which obstruct the navigation of the harbor, and reported a bill to carry out the purpose suggested. Recommitted.

Mr. Larner, from the Committee on Improvements, to which was referred the bill authorizing the taking up and relaying of the gutter on the north side of H street north, from Fifteenth street to Vermont avenue. Passed.

Also, a bill for the repair of canal bridges, and for other contingent expenses, making an appropriation of $1,200, to be expended under the direction of the Mayor and the Canal Commissioners. Passed.

Also, a bill from the Board of Aldermen, for laying a flag footway in the Second ward, from M street north, along the east side of Twelfth street west. Passed.

Also, a bill for making a gutter on the south side of K street south, from Canal street to Third street east. Passed.

Also, bills for repairing the entrances to public alleys, as follows: on north side of Square No. 462; same on south front of Square 434. Also, for supplying deficiency of appropriation for repair of grade on H street north, between First street east and North Capitol street. Passed.

Also, a bill for repairing cross gutter in the Fourth ward, on the east and west sides of Third street west, at its intersection with E street north. Passed.

Also, an appropriation from Sixth ward fund for gravel footwalk along west side of Ninth street east, from B to F street south. Passed.

Also, reported adversely upon the petition for the increase of the salary of the Commissioner of Improvements.

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Drainage, &c., reported a bill to construct a branch sewer on Sixth street east to alley on square No. 434. Passed.

Also, a bill from the Board of Aldermen, with amendment, for laying a water main on Sixth street west from Massachusetts avenue to Larrett north, and along L street, from Sixth to Seventh street. Passed.

Also, for laying water mains on Seventh street, from south K to H street; along B street south, from Tenth to Fourteenth; and along Thirteenth street, from B to Maryland avenue; along K street north, from Fourth to Fifth street; along Indiana avenue and C street north, from Fourth street west to New Jersey avenue. Amended, on motion of Mr. Larner, by adding "also, on F street, from Ninth to Tenth street west." Passed.

Also, a bill to increase the salary of the water-tapper to $1,200, and for increasing the fee for having taps put in to $5. Laid over until next Monday night.

Also, a bill providing for the creation of the office of Secretary to the Water Board, and requires that the said secretary shall be a skillful topographical engineer, and should, besides acting as said secretary, assist in the office of the Registrar, and receive a salary of $1,600. Laid over.

Mr. Ferguson, from a special committee, reported the bill to grade and gravel B street south, from Pennsylvania avenue to Seventh street east. Passed.

Mr. Moore, from a special committee, reported a bill to take up and relay a gutter on the south side of I street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets west. Passed.

Mr. Kelly, from the Committee on Claims, to which was referred the petition of Admiral Joseph Smith, asking a remission of an amount erroneously assessed upon him for the tapping of a sewer, reported a bill making an appropriation for the repayment of $700, in conformity with the petition. Passed.

Also, reported adversely upon the petition of George Miller, for the remission of an assessment of taxes.

Mr. Stephens, from the Committee on Police, reported adversely on the petition of Gideon Vaughan.

BILLS FROM THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A bill to take up and relay the gutter on the north side of E street north, from Thirteenth to Fourteenth street west. Passed.

A bill to lay a gravel foot-walk on the north