

I WISH ALL MEN TO BE FREE.—ARRANGING LONDON.—Washington, October 16, 1865.

MY WHOLE LIFE SHALL BE DIRECTED TOWARDS PRESERVING THE UNION, AND MAKING IT, IN THE PROPER AND FULLEST SENSE OF THE TERM, PERMANENTLY FREE.

IT IS TIME THE AMERICAN PEOPLE SHOULD BE TAUGHT TO UNDERSTAND THAT FREEDOM IS A GIFT—NOT IN REVENGE—NOT IN ANGER—NOT BY FORCE—NOT BY GRIEF—AND SHOULD BE ESTEEMED AS SUCH.

SHOW ME WHO HAS BEEN ENGAGED IN THESE CONSPIRACIES, WHO HAS FIRED UPON OUR FLAG, WHO HAS GIVEN INSTRUCTIONS TO TAKE OUR PORTS AND OUR COUNTRY, AND I WILL SHOW YOU A TRAITOR.

LETTERS relating to the subscription of an advertisement in the REPUBLICAN should be addressed to the publishers, as above.

Business and other correspondents will greatly oblige the Publishers and the Editor by complying with the above suggestion.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.

NOTICE.—The Daily National Republican is now furnished by carriers to subscribers in this city and Georgetown at thirty cents per month.

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PERSONAL.

WADA HAMPTON, the South Carolina freer and cavalry chief, is said to be an applicant for pardon.

The Boston Commonwealth, good authority upon the subject, affirms that Gen. Andrew will not accept the Presidency of Antislavery College.

MR. DANIEL W. ADAMS, rebel general, of New Orleans, arrived at the Metropolitan last evening.

MR. MANSFIELD LUTWELL, formerly major general of the confederate army, whose defence of New Orleans did not earn him much reputation among the rebels, is now reported to be editor of the New York Daily News.

GENERAL SCHMIDTKEFFENBERG, were are informed, is now lying at the point of death at his home in Pennsylvania, having contracted consumption while in the service.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Evening Post suggests a doubt of the authenticity of the paper recently published as the Diary of Mr. Russell on the Great Eastern.

HON. ORLANDO KELLOGG, Representative elect from the Sixteenth District of New York, died at Elizabethtown on August 24.

THE GERMAN citizens of New Orleans propose to invite Gen. Carl Schurz to address them when he gets there.

HERMAN NEVILLE (Type and Osmo) is living in retirement in Berkshire, Mass. He threatens to come out with a new book.

THE MOBILE TRIBUNE is of opinion that Mayor Slough would have been removed if he had not resigned, and that his refusal to allow negroes to testify in courts of justice was the cause of dissatisfaction.

TOBACCO DEALERS, late a captain in the rebel army, and a seppoy of Gen. Beauregard, are confined at the military prison at New York.

THE SECRETARY OF WAR has ordered that the unexecuted portions of sentences in the following cases be remitted, and the prisoners discharged:

JOHN O'CONNELL, to be imprisoned for five years, for murder.

CYRUS CHAPPEL, to be confined for the period of ten years, on the charge of murder.

DAVID BEST, sentenced to imprisonment for two years.

JOHN K. MILLER and JOHN J. APPLETON, sentenced to be confined for three and seven years, on the charge of bushwhacking.

JOHN J. DOOLAN and JOHN A. RANKIN, to be imprisoned during the war, for aiding and abetting the rebel.

JOHN CARROLL, sentenced to be imprisoned for two years and pay a fine of \$500, and to remain in confinement until said fine is paid.

MAJOR GENERAL Q. A. GILMORE, commanding the Department of South Carolina, has issued the following order to the medical officers of his command:

Medical officers throughout the Department serving under military commanders who, in addition to their military duties, have been assigned to the charge of the affairs of colored soldiers, are hereby ordered to extend proper medical treatment to all refugees and freedmen who may have need of their services, and will report by letter to Surgeon W. R. De Witt, United States volunteer, at Beaufort, S. C., for instructions.

EMPLOYMENT OF COLORED PERSONS IN ST. MARY'S COUNTY.—The Leonardtown (Md.) Gazette emphatically contradicts the statement that the people of that county had refused to give employment to the wives and children of colored soldiers, and adds:

"We confidently assert that not a single instance can be cited in this county, and uncontradicted, where employment has been refused to the wives and children of colored soldiers, or for any other reason, provided they were able to work and were willing to work at fair wages. The fact is, apart from any disposition to prohibit their employment, we have no laboring population on account of politics, the necessity of a people, since the destruction of their industry by the act of emancipation, have compelled them to catch up any character of labor within reach, whether white or black, soldier or citizen. Either this or a better has been and is now the alternative presented to them. Moreover, it is within our limited knowledge, that both the wives and children of colored soldiers are finding ready employment at remunerative wages, in all sections of the country with which we have any intimate acquaintance. In this village and surroundings alone, we could point out upwards of a dozen families who, in this description of people are employed; and we can point out a dozen more where they can readily find employment, if they wish it provided, of course, they are able to work and willing to work at reasonable rates."

THE HOWLAND WILL.—The will of Sylvia Ann Howland, of New Bedford, was ordered for probate last Friday, and admitted. Sidney Bartlett, Esq., who appeared for the contestant, Miss Betty Robinson, stated that her purpose, so far as that court was concerned, was accomplished, and intimated that an appeal would be taken to the Supreme Court, for which thirty days are allowed by statute.

MISS HETTY, it may be remembered, is the heir-at-law, and under the will receives the interests of about one million dollars. Upwards of two million dollars, are given in public bequests, and various private legacies. The heir-at-law does not approve the division.

GEN. MEADE'S TOUR.—Gen. George G. Meade, with his chief of staff, after spending Thursday night at Gen. Turner's headquarters, left the city by the steamer Clyde for Fortress Monroe. Thence he will proceed to Charleston and Hilton Head, S. C.; thence to Beaufort, N. C., and return to Richmond by the first of October. We could have wished that he had spent more time in the city on this occasion. He would doubtless have used such opportunities as could be had to secure just impressions on the well-to-do subjects of the sentiments of Richmond and Virginia.—Richmond Times.

A GOOD REIKER can have steady employment by applying to Weed, Parsons & Co., Albany, New York.—Albany Eve. Jour.

BUTLER is the man you want.

Political.

That banking arrangement, called a "Soldiers' convention," in Iowa, nominated the following ticket: For Governor, Col. THOMAS H. BENTON, Jr.; for Lieutenant Governor, Col. S. H. VANAMBA; for Supreme Judge, Col. H. B. TRIMBLE; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, Capt. J. W. SENNET. The Copperhead Convention, which met on the succeeding day, ratified and adopted these same nominations. Call this the bounty jumpers' ticket, and we reckon you will hit it.

The nomination of Hon. H. A. Bullock as a Republican candidate for Governor of Massachusetts seems to be a foregone conclusion, there appearing to be but one expression upon the subject from all sections of the State.

MR. GUN, ROBERTS is said to be a candidate for the United States Senate, to succeed Garrett Davis.

HON. JOHN S. MILLSON is a candidate for Congress in the Norfolk District of Virginia.

SOME of the papers mention Gen. BANKS as a candidate for Congress to succeed Mr. Gooden, but our information is that Gen. BANKS is now a citizen of Louisiana, and that he purposes to fight it out on that line.

THE BOSTON COMMONWEALTH suggests that Mr. HANLIN and Mr. GOODEN may yet change places in the Boston custom-house by an arrangement among themselves.

THE FRANKFORD COMMONWEALTH reports the probable election of NEALE, Union, for State Treasurer, by a very small majority. One hundred and eight counties give—

W. L. Neale, Union, 41,721  
J. H. Garrard, Opposition, 41,721

Neale's majority, 218  
"Two counties—Ballard and Wolfe—are yet to be heard from. We had a report yesterday that Garrard had a majority of twelve votes in Wolfe, and between one hundred and fifty and two hundred in Ballard. Pretty close, that, for the Union side.

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SECOND EDITION

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.  
CONDOLENCE TO THE WIDOW OF RICHARD CORDEY.

The Rev. MARTIN D. CONWAY writes from London as follows: "It is rather painful for an American to see the column after column of letters and resolutions of public bodies transmitted to the widow of Richard Cordey from every part of the world except America, the land he loved and so bravely served next his own."

Neither Congress, nor the State Legislatures, nor the Union State or National Conventions have been in session since the death of Mr. CORDEY, hence no notice by those bodies could be taken of his decease.

But there are other and greater reasons why America has not been heard from on the subject. MR. CONWAY should remember that the announcement of the death of the lamented CORDEY found America buried in war and clothed in sackcloth for a fallen chief, when his greatness was just being appreciated and his services were more than ever needed by the whole nation. At such a time, an act characterized by the most enormous atrocity, threw every loyal household into mourning.

The national grief for ABRAHAM LINCOLN was no mockery. Business in all its branches, everywhere, was suspended; the wheels of government stood still; our bronzed, scarred and war-worn legions halted from their long marches and rested upon the various battle-fields of the Republic to weep for their departed chieftain and to drape their victorious eagles with the habiliments of grief. America was a house of mourning, not of condolence. Her children needed comfort and sympathy, and received it from every civilized nation. MR. CONWAY was nearer the bier of CORDEY than the tomb of LINCOLN when he wrote the paragraph we quote. We can assure him that "a special mission of condolence" went out to the widow of the departed and lamented CORDEY from every loyal heart in the land—

Hearts that were rent by the assassin's blow, and were bleeding for a much-loved father. We trust that MR. CONWAY will have charity and do the American people justice in England. CORDEY'S love for them was not greater than is their appreciation of his great services in behalf of liberty and law in the United States. Let MR. CONWAY believe, for charity sake, that for CORDEY—

"our grief lies all within,  
As these external manners of lament  
Are merely shadows to the unseen grief,  
And turmoils of the invisible soul."

SENATOR CONNESS AND SECRETARY McCULLOUGH—A LETTER FROM MR. CONNESS.

An unprincipled scribbler wrote a letter to an obscure weekly paper some months since, stating that a quarrel occurred between Mr. Senator CONNESS, of California, and the Hon. Mr. McCULLOUGH, in the course of which the latter opposed negro suffrage, and the former used profane language. It turns out, as we supposed it would, to be a tissue of falsehoods. SENATOR CONNESS, writing on the subject, says:

"I regret exceedingly that any one has seen fit to give the name of my Secretary of the Treasury, or my own, in such connection as they are found in the extract before me. In it the greatest injustice is done to both. Some remarks on the subject of negro suffrage were made on an occasion, before I left Washington, by Mr. McCULLOUGH to me, but nothing obscene of the kind stated, nor were such profane words ever uttered by myself, nor any words corresponding to those before me.

The relations of the honorable gentleman and myself, on the contrary, are so far as I know, of the most pleasant and cordial character. You will oblige me by giving this publicity to your paper, and you have my thanks for calling my attention to the matter.

Your obedient servant,  
JOHN CONNESS.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.  
The Postmaster General this morning ordered the following:

Service with C. T. Bond, of New Albany, Miss., for conveying the mails from New Albany, by Waterville, Poplar Springs, and Chesterville, to Tupelo, 25 miles, and back, once a week, until 30th June, 1865.

At Tusculum, Franklin county, Ala.—Cyrus Slayman, vice Samuel Finley.

At Flatfield, N. Y.—Charles Lever, reappointed.

At Flatfield, N. Y.—The present postmaster is reappointed.

REMOVING OFFICERS AND APPOINTMENTS.  
Burkeville, Augusta county, Va.—Miss Susan Chapman, postmaster, vice T. J. Burke.

Kabetown, Jefferson county, Va.—John W. Walver, postmaster, vice James Myers.

At Athens, McMinn county, Tenn.—H. McLaughlin, postmaster, vice T. Phillips.

At Meek, postmaster, vice Wm. Harris, Jr., deceased.

At Poplar Springs, Pontotoc county, Miss.—Helma Robertson, postmaster.

At Westville, Pontotoc county, Miss.—F. W. Callahan, vice Wm. Harris, Jr., deceased.

At Chesterville, Pontotoc county, Miss.—E. G. Sully, postmaster.

At Athens, Louisiana county, Ala.—Robert C. Deane, vice Wm. Harris, Jr., deceased.

At Athens, Dallas county, Ala.—John M. Strong, postmaster, vice Wm. Harris, Jr., deceased.

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Trial of Henry Wirz.

Return of the Prisoner's Counsel.  
EIGHTH DAY.

UNITED STATES MILITARY COMMISSION.—Gen. LAW, WALLACE, President. Col. N. CHIPPMAN, Judge Advocate. Major A. A. HOSKINS, Clerk.

The Commission met this morning at 10 o'clock, all the members present and the Judge Advocate. The crowd this morning was larger than usual, and many were unable to gain admission, the room being crowded a few minutes after the opening of the Court.

A number of ladies were present and occupied the front seats reserved for them.

At twenty-five minutes past 10 o'clock the prisoner was brought in and shown to his usual seat.

Colonel Chippman said he had a communication handed to him by the prisoner, which he read. It is as follows:

OLD CAPITAL PRISON, D. C., Aug. 25, 1865.  
MR. N. P. CHIPPMAN, Judge Advocate Military Commission.

I most respectfully ask the Commission, as I am here alone, to send for my counsel—Messrs. Schade and Baker, as I understand that on my not failing to appear for me, they have consented to appear for me, and know my witnesses and papers. Hoping that the Commission will grant my request, I remain, most respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,  
HENRY WIRZ.

Gen. Wallace said he had no objection. The gentlemen will be sent for.

No objection being made, an order was dispatched for Messrs. Baker and Schade.

About half past ten, Mr. Schade entered the courtroom. A few minutes afterwards Gen. Wallace ordered that the court-room be cleared.

At quarter past ten the doors were re-opened, and the reading of the testimony was begun by Mr. Hays, one of the official reporters.

The reading of the testimony of yesterday was closed at quarter past twelve o'clock.

Gen. Wallace said this morning the Judge Advocate presented a communication from the prisoner, asking the Messrs. Schade and Baker to attend to his case as counsel. Desires of extending to the prisoner every means of defence, we waive any personal objection to the names of the counsel, and allow the gentlemen to appear.

Mr. Baker asked the Judge Advocate to recall Sergeant Boston Corbett and send for him.

DR. G. G. ROY was called, and testified that he was on duty at Andersonville; he ordered there by the medical director of the rebel army of Tennessee, and he was in charge of the hospital; he acted as post surgeon; Dr. Stevenson was chief surgeon of the stockade. The hospital was in a very deplorable condition. Many of the patients were under the immediate charge of Dr. Stevenson; witness was in charge of the fourth division.

Dr. Roy testified that he had been on duty in the prison since the 1st of July, 1864. He testified that he had been on duty in the prison since the 1st of July, 1864. He testified that he had been on duty in the prison since the 1st of July, 1864.

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LOCAL NEWS.

The Base Ball Tournament.—Washington Base Ball Club, of New York, and the National Club, of Washington, is progressing as we go to press, and we are happy to be able to say that the sport is the most exciting in its way that has ever been witnessed in our city. The Nationals, when our reporter left the ground, were doing splendidly, having made two to their opponents on three or four innings.

Both sides are doing well, but the Nationals, profiting by their defeat of yesterday, are outdoing themselves. It is said, however, that the Nationals are in the habit of yielding triumphantly in the latter part of the game, and it would not be surprising to find our boys beaten to-night by the champions of the North.

THE SHOOTING GEAR IN THE SEVENTH WARD.—A report was held this morning at 10 o'clock, at the Seventh ward station-house, by Justice Howell, as acting coroner, on the body of the German whose death we noticed in the first edition. It appears that he was a man of woman named Sarah Young was walking near the corner of Fourth Street and C Street, (Island, Md.) when she was shot by a man who was a member of the Fourth Regiment, at the corner, when she was shot for something to drink, and she was shot in the chest. She was shot in the chest, and she was shot in the chest.

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