

National Republican.

Washington City, D. C. W. J. MURTAGH & CO. PUBLISHERS. S. P. HANCOCK, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1866. A NATIONAL CONVENTION OF LOYALISTS.

The New York Times, in a well-considered, concise, and exceedingly able editorial article, which appears elsewhere, upon the duty of nationalizing the great Union party of the country, recommends that a convention be held "as early as convenient" for this object, and to prevent the tendency manifested in certain quarters to sectionalize and limit the field of operations of the powerful organization which carried the nation through the war. The proposition is eminently patriotic, is clearly the hand-writing of one of the people, and seeks to gather together those who still adhere to the expressed purpose for which the war was prosecuted, and who rigidly hold to the avowed objects laid down in the Baltimore convention of 1864. It will meet, not to make nominations, but to consult as to the best method of preserving the Union party from the danger of sectionalism that now threatens it.

We give this call for a convention our unhesitating approval; it is a necessity of the times; the interests of the country demand it, and the status and future of the Union party most imperatively require such a convocation. The election of the members of the FORTIETH CONGRESS will take place in four months from date. It will be a deliberate body of grave and unusual responsibility; it will hold the question of restoration in its hands, and will exercise an important influence on the next Presidential election, which is to control the nation until March 4, 1873. It is therefore a body of men who should be selected with great care, and with no doubt as to its position or its principles. The FORTIETH CONGRESS must be either directly for or against the policy of admitting immediately loyal representatives from all the States in this Union. There should be no mistake or misunderstanding on this point. A convention of true and unadulterated Union men, who have sustained the administrations of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and ANDREW JOHNSON, gathering in council, and co-operating to make the principles of those administrations acceptable to every section of the land; themselves assembling from the North, South, East and West, will have a powerful influence upon the construction and character of the next Congress. The salvation of the Union party depends upon its maintenance of ideas and principles beneficial to the whole country, and finding advocates and supporters in every State. We have looked with alarm and apprehension at the deliberate purpose of some of the leaders of the Union party to compel the organization to assume a sectional attitude, and to fight its battles in the future on sectional and geographical grounds. In its origin it was forced to contend within certain limits, the fact of slavery forbidding its presence beyond certain lines, but with that fact forever removed, its duty is to extend its influence, and embrace every section; and if it chooses of its own accord to array itself against any portion of the country it will choose a path leading to death and dishonor. The paramount duty of the hour is to prevent the denationalization of a third of the republic. The unseemly record that eight millions of the people of America are without representation has existed long enough. We want history no longer to be blotted with the infamy that eleven States in the American Union, though held to the rigid execution and obedience of the laws, and sending men to Congress who can stand all the tests of loyalty, are debarred every Constitutional right, and every legislative privilege. The shame of treating a loyal man from the South precisely the same as we deal with the rebel and the traitor pains thousands of the honest Union masses of the country. They look with abhorrence upon the course of action which fails to discriminate between loyalty and treason. They look with anxiety to the prolongation of the hour of restoration. They look with anger and amazement upon the enunciation of the policy unannounced by a previous platform or position of the Union party, and the attempt to coerce upon them new issues, unauthorized by any exigency of the party, and not demanded by any displeasure and disgust.

The people will rally to a convention which seeks to broaden the influence and widen the sphere of loyal politics, or which strives to prevent the Union party from digging its political grave by raising the banner of sectionalism and waging a conflict against the Constitution. We trust the faithful men of the Union will set in earnest, and have this convention. It will be one of the noblest gatherings that America has ever seen. The men of the North who have battled for freedom under the laws, and who have believed for many years that "liberty and Union" were "one and inseparable," will be there. Brave soldiers who have fought to keep the Union together and to maintain inviolate the Constitution of our fathers will be there. Southern patriots, with advanced ideas, who have faith in the vitality of free institutions, and look for the return of prosperity to the South under the common flag, will be there. And if they fail to save the Union party from the schemes of its marplots and the wiles of its mischievous managers, they will not fail to

Sanitary Condition of Washington.

On Saturday the heat, according to the thermometer in the shade, was 101 degrees above zero, with considerable cloud and a good breeze. Yesterday at noon, in the same place, the thermometer exhibited 99 degrees, with a clear sun and less breeze. No cholera yet, but a large number of people are afflicted with the diarrhoea, the next step to the Asiatic cholera. This state of weather and health exists in this city at the present time, and we are told that the city was never in a more filthy condition since it was incorporated. The dry weather, is all that saves us. A drizzling rain, which no doubt many have prayed for, would be a calamity, on account of the enormous amount of vegetable matter scattered over the city. While it is dry nothing bad arises from it, but the moment it is wet the effluvia which arises poisons the very air. This sort of bad atmosphere is also produced by much sprinkling of the streets. The dry dust is more healthy than the noxious exhalations from vegetable substances, dead dogs, dead cats, if not dead ducks.

We are assured by those who ought to know, that our citizens are not by any means prepared for the advance of the cholera. Appeal after appeal has been made to the city and national health officers, but without avail. Who will move in the matter? The cholera is at our doors. The twin diseases—diarrhoea—is in possession of the city. Diseased bodies of horses, putrefying dogs and cats and vegetable substances are in every avenue, street, lane, yard and by-way. Cannot something be done to clean the city? Who will move first and when will they move? The people await an answer.

A HIGH TARIFF FORTHCOMING.

We learn that the Committee of Ways and Means have agreed upon a high tariff bill. It is longer than any similar bill ever before presented, and will be reported to-day. The duty on woollens will be increased 25 per cent, iron and steel 100 per cent. No material change on spirits. Cigars will be increased at least fifty per cent.

Pen, Fencil, and Scissors.

AN ORDER of £4,000, and expenses paid, has been made to Artemus Ward to lecture in England for six months.

Rev. Wm. E. Amentage, of Christ Church, Detroit, has been elected Assistant Bishop of Wisconsin.

When the death of President Taylor brought MILLARD FILLMORE into the Executive chair the same Mr. CLAY was yet alive and in the United States Senate.

When the death of President LINCOLN brought ANDREW JOHNSON into the Executive chair, it brought there a man infinitely wiser than either TYLER or FILLMORE.

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THE DEPARTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE. Information has been received at this Department from Mr. G. B. FRENCH, the Consul of the United States at Kanagawa, Japan, of the death on the 20th of March, 1866, at Kanagawa, of HARRY KANEKA.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. GEORGE S. FRENCH, the Consul of the United States at Kanagawa, Japan, of the death on the 20th of March, 1866, at Kanagawa, of T. J. RICHMOND, a naturalized American citizen, formerly a resident of the State of California, aged about 39 years.

Artificial Limbs Presented by the Government. In compliance with a resolution of the House of Representatives, adopted April 19th, calling upon the Surgeon General for a statement of the number of artificial limbs gratuitously furnished by the Government to disabled soldiers and sailors during the war, Gen. Barnes has replied that the list of those so supplied amounts to 6,073 cases, as follows: Arms, 2,124, legs, 3,784, hands, 44, feet, 9, apparatus, 184, the whole furnished at a total cost to the Government of \$357,728.

Funds in the Treasury Vault. The following statement exhibits the amount of funds in the cash vaults of the Treasury on Saturday last at the close of business hours: Small denominations of United States legal tender notes, \$1,000,000,000; small denominations of National Bank notes, 7,177,665; fractional currency of all denominations, including medals, coins and half cents, 3,000,723; Gold, 297,500; Silver, 2,500; Copper, 200; Five-cent coin, 200; Compound int. notes to redemption division, 2,185,000; Compound int. notes to redemption division, 2,185,000; Total, \$1,010,264,372.

Freedmen's Bureau Affairs. The War Department has ordered that Major General J. C. Foster, Military Commander of Florida, will henceforth discharge the duties of Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau. Col. Osborn, late Assistant Commissioner, has been assigned a position on the staff of Major General Foster.

National Banks. The circulation issued by these institutions was \$78,376, the total amount up to date being \$381,244,600. An account for the circulation of the Government holds the sum of \$125,621,850, and as securities for deposits of public money, \$143,568, making a total of \$384,765,350 held for circulation and deposit. The National Bank of Texas, of Galveston, Texas, has been designated as a depository of public money and financial agent of the United States.

Fractional Currency Printed, Shipped, and Redeemed. The printing division of the Treasury Department last week issued \$255,042 in fractional currency. During the week the shipment of currency were as follows: To the Assistant United States Treasurer New York, \$100,000; to the United States Treasurer at St. Paul, Minnesota, \$20,000; and to different national banks, \$175,042. The redemption of fractional currency during the same period amounted to \$252,040.

Disbursements of the Treasury. The disbursements and transfers of the Treasury last week amounted to \$13,190,130.78. The following disbursements were made on account of the War, Navy, and Interior Departments: War, \$1,170,973; Navy, \$1,168,642; Interior, \$1,091,521.

Counterfeit Stamped. The redemption division of the Treasury last week stamped as worthless nearly \$1,000 in sums ranging from a fifty-cent note to \$50. This is the largest amount of counterfeit money received in one week by the division in many years.

QUEEN VICTORIA held a Court at Buckingham Palace June 6th. Her Majesty wore a black silk dress, with a train trimmed with ermine and jet, and a Mary-Queen-of-Scots cap, with a long veil, the cap ornamented with large diamonds. Her Majesty wore a brooch, necklace, and cross of diamonds, the latter containing a miniature of her Royal Highness the Princess Consort. Her Majesty wore the Riband and the Star of the Order of the Garter and the Order of Albert Order. Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales wore a train of rich white silk, trimmed with gold flowers, the rose, shamrock, and thistle, and trimmed with gold cord, petticoat of white silk, covered with gold and bands of white satin; head-dress, a gold tiara, with diamond star, feathers, and veil; Indian ornaments of emeralds, pearls, and diamonds. The Victoria and Albert Order, and the Order of Catherine of Russia. Her Royal Highness the Princess Helena wore a train of rich blue silk trimmed with pearl fringe, petticoat of tulle over white gait, trimmed with white flowers. Her dress consisted of feathers, and the dress ornamented with diamonds. Orders of Victoria and Albert and of St. Isabel. Previous to the holding of the Court the Chinese Commissioner, Pin-Tai-Jin, with his suite, Kwang-Ying, Fang-Yih, Yih-Ming, and Yen-Hing, accompanied by Major Brine, C. B., Mr. Bowra (secretary), and Mr. De Champe (interpreter), held the honor of being privately received by the Queen in the Organ Room. Among the gentlemen in attendance upon the Queen was the Hon. F. Hyge.

GARRAULT, the idol of Italy, has stipulated that in the approaching war he will receive his orders directly from the King. He utterly ignores the Cabinet, and will have nothing to do with it or red tape. Garrault's volunteer corps is to be only paid and equipped by the Italian Government, and will be exempt from the control of the War Department. No subject has ever before been authorized to raise an army on such independent terms, but Garrault will not abuse this confidence, and the fact implies the most unbounded popular enthusiasm, as affording a guarantee that Italian honor will not be compromised by any French intrigues, as was the case in Garrault's movement against Rome. At last accounts his volunteer corps numbered sixty thousand, and the flower of Italy were flocking to his standard.

By the United States steamer Saraguhanna, just arrived in New York from the South American coast, we are informed of the arrival of Professor Agassiz at Rio, on board of a Brazilian vessel. The Professor has completed his exploration of the Amazon in a much shorter time than he expected, and expresses his warmest thanks to the Emperor of Brazil; who placed a special steamer at his disposal, and gave him every facility for the consummation of his object.

CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.

XXIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION. SENATE, June 23, 1866. Mr. Wilson presented the petition of army officers, asking an increase of pay. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Harris presented a petition asking an extension of time for the collection of the tax on tin-mining State bonds. Laid on the table.

Mr. Wilson presented a bill to amend the act of May 19, 1854, providing for the construction of a building for the temporary occupation of the Department of State was taken up and passed.

On motion of Mr. Fremont, the joint resolution authorizing the printing of the official reports of the general of the army, and authorizing the Secretary of War to appoint a competent person to collect and arrange the reports aforesaid.

On motion of Mr. Stewart, the bill to establish a Land Office in the Territory of Idaho, was taken up and passed.

On motion of Mr. Sprague the joint resolution to reimburse the State of Massachusetts for money expended in prosecuting her defense was taken up and read. (The resolution appropriates \$450,000 for the purpose named.)

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the joint resolution to provide for the publication of the official history of the rebellion was taken up and passed.

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THE NATIONAL UNION CLUB.

The following is the list of officers and platform of principles of the NATIONAL UNION CLUB of Washington, D. C.

Officers of the National Union Club. PRESIDENT: Hon. ALEX. W. HANDELL, of Wisconsin.

VICE PRESIDENTS: Hon. D. B. HORTON, of Minnesota; Hon. W. F. JOHNSTON, of Pennsylvania; SHERMAN WARREN, of New York; Hon. CHARLES H. WELLES, of Maryland; Hon. THADDEUS WELLES, of Connecticut; Hon. A. J. KUYKENBALL, of Illinois; Hon. CURTIS E. BURMAN, of Kentucky; Hon. J. A. BULLIHER, of Missouri; Hon. JAS. B. STRAUBMAN, of Ohio; Hon. H. WILKINSON, of Missouri; Col. E. S. ALLEN, of Washington, D. C.

SECRETARIES: SAM'L B. LAUFER, of Pennsylvania; J. B. FERGUSON, of Tennessee.

CHAIRMAN: O. R. BITTENHOUSE, President National Bank of Commerce, and of the firm of Bittenhouse, Fowler & Co.

RESOLUTIONS: Hon. J. B. HORTON, of Minnesota; Hon. EDGAR COWAN, of Pennsylvania; Hon. O. B. BROWNING, of Illinois; Hon. ORRIS K. SMITH, of Kentucky; Hon. A. BULLIHER, of Missouri; Mr. CHARLES KLAY, of District of Columbia; Mr. SAMUEL FOWLER, of District of Columbia.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL UNION CLUB. 1. Resolved, That we are now, as heretofore, ardently attached to the Union of the States under the Constitution of the United States; that we deny the right of any State to secede, and hold that all attempts at secession are null and void, and that the States are now States of this Union, as before the rebellion, and we deny the power of the General Government, under the Constitution, to exclude a State from the Union or to govern it as a Territory.

2. Resolved, That our confidence in the ability, integrity, patriotism, and manliness of President JOHNSON is unshaken, and we cordially approve of the general policy of his administration.

3. Resolved, That we favor the re-organization of Congress on July 1, 1867, declaring the object of the war on our part to be the defense and maintenance of the supremacy of the Constitution and the preservation of the Union, with the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired.

4. Resolved, That, in the language of the Chicago platform of 1860, and as quoted by the late President LINCOLN in his first inaugural address, "The maintenance inviolate of the rights of States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, subject only to the Constitution of the United States, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends."

5. Resolved, That under the Constitution of the United States is reserved to the several States the right to prescribe the qualifications of electors therein; and that it would be subversive of the principles of our Government for Congress to order universal suffrage upon any portion of the country in opposition to the known wishes of the citizens thereof.

6. Resolved, "That this Union must be and remain one and indivisible forever;" that the war for its preservation having been brought to a triumphant close, and the supremacy of the Constitution vindicated, the rights of the States under the Constitution are to be maintained inviolate, and that loyal citizens within the States and districts lately overrun by rebellion are entitled to all the rights guaranteed them by the Constitution.

7. Resolved, That all the States of the Union are entitled by the Constitution of the United States to representation in the councils of the nation, and that all loyal members duly elected and returned, having the requisite qualifications as prescribed by law, should be admitted to their seats in Congress without unnecessary delay, by their respective Houses, and that no member of either of the same, returns, and qualifications of its own members.

8. Resolved, That treason is a crime which should be punished, and that we are opposed to compromising with traitors by bartering "universal amnesty" for "universal suffrage."

9. Resolved, That the payment of the national debt is a sacred obligation, never to be repudiated; and that no debt or obligation incurred in any manner whatever in aid of treason or rebellion should ever be assumed or paid.

10. Resolved, That we cordially endorse the restoration policy of President JOHNSON as wise, patriotic, constitutional, and in harmony with the loyal sentiment and purpose of the people in the suppression of the rebellion; with the platform upon which he was elected, with the declared policy of the late President LINCOLN, the action of Congress, and the pledges given during the war.

11. Resolved, That the nation owes a lasting debt of gratitude to the soldiers and sailors of the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, and that the families of the fallen heroes who died that the country might live, are the heroes of the people, and should be cared for by the Government.

H. C. L. STIEPELING & CO. Have opened a stand for the sale of all kinds of Papers, Stationery, etc., at No. 216 E Street, between Thirtieth and Fourteenth streets. Subscriptions received for all New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore papers. J. B. HORTON, President.

S H A F F I E L D & C O ' S CONFECTIONERY. ICE CREAM SALOON. Between C Street and Massachusetts Avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE WEAK AND IMPAIRED EYE. NIGHT, originating either from indolence of eye, or from any other cause, is a disease which, if not cured, will lead to total blindness. It is cured by the use of the "Wheatley's Eye-Salve," which is sold by all druggists.

BRASILIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES. Manufactured from genuine ROCK CRYSTAL, giving ease and comfort to the optic nerves, and called so, because they are made of the same material as the pebbles of Brazil.

THE AMERICAN COTTON PLANTING AND LOAN COMPANY. CAPITAL STOCK, \$2,000,000. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Hon. SIMON GAMBROU, Ex-Secretary of War; Hon. J. A. GILMORE, Ex-Governor of New Hampshire; Hon. H. W. WALKER, late Secretary of U. S. Mint, Philadelphia; Hon. E. BRYANT, Boston, Mass.; Hon. W. H. CHASE, Ex-Secy. of U. S. Treasury, New York; Hon. J. C. CORRY, Ex-Secy. of U. S. Treasury, New Orleans, La.; Hon. J. M. BRIDGES, Ex-Secy. of U. S. Treasury, New York; Hon. J. M. BRIDGES, Ex-Secy. of U. S. Treasury, New York.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD AND COAL. For the delivery and storage of 100,000 feet of White Ash Anthracite Coal, (specimens A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, AA, AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AM, AN, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AU, AV, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BE, BF, BG, BH, BI, BJ, BK, BL, BM, BN, BO, BP, BQ, BR, BS, BT, BU, BV, BW, BX, BY, BZ, CA, CB, CC, CD, CE, CF, CG, CH, CI, CJ, CK, CL, CM, CN, CO, CP, CQ, CR, CS, CT, CU, CV, CW, CX, CY, CZ, DA, DB, DC, DD, DE, DF, DG, DH, DI, DJ, DK, DL, DM, DN, DO, DP, DQ, DR, DS, DT, DU, DV, DW, DX, DY, DZ, EA, EB, EC, ED, EE, EF, EG, EH, EI, EJ, EK, EL, EM, EN, EO, EP, EQ, ER, ES, ET, EU, EV, EW, EX, EY, EZ, FA, FB, FC, FD, FE, FF, FG, FH, FI, FJ, FK, FL, FM, FN, FO, FP, FQ, FR, FS, FT, FU, FV, FW, FX, FY, FZ, GA, GB, GC, GD, GE, GF, GG, GH, GI, GJ, GK, GL, GM, GN, GO, GP, GQ, GR, GS, GT, GU, GV, GW, GX, GY, GZ, HA, HB, HC, HD, HE, HF, HG, HH, HI, HJ, HK, HL, HM, HN, HO, HP, HQ, HR, HS, HT, HU, HV, HW, HX, HY, HZ, IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, IH, II, IJ, IK, IL, IM, IN, IO, IP, IQ, IR, IS, IT, IU, IV, IW, IX, IY, IZ, JA, JB, JC, JD, JE, JF, JG, JH, JI, JJ, JK, JL, JM, JN, JO, JP, JQ, JR, JS, JT, JU, JV, JW, JX, JY, JZ, KA, KB, KC, KD, KE, KF, KG, KH, KI, KJ, KK, KL, KM, KN, KO, KP, KQ, KR, KS, KT, KU, KV, KW, KX, KY, KZ, LA, LB, LC, LD, LE, LF, LG, LH, LI, LJ, LK, LL, LM, LN, LO, LP, LQ, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LW, LX, LY, LZ, MA, MB, MC, MD, ME, MF, MG, MH, MI, MJ, MK, ML, MM, MN, MO, MP, MQ, MR, MS, MT, MU, MV, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NB, NC, ND, NE, NF, NG, NH, NI, NJ, NK, NL, NM, NN, NO, NP, NQ, NR, NS, NT, NU, NV, NW, NX, NY, NZ, OA, OB, OC, OD, OE, OF, OG, OH, OI, OJ, OK, OL, OM, ON, OO, OP, OQ, OR, OS, OT, OU, OV, OW, OX, OY, OZ, PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PF, PG, PH, PI, PJ, PK, PL, PM, PN, PO, PP, PQ, PR, PS, PT, PU, PV, PW, PX, PY, PZ, QA, QB, QC, QD, QE, QF, QG, QH, QI, QJ, QK, QL, QM, QN, QO, QP, QQ, QR, QS, QT, QU, QV, QW, QX, QY, QZ, RA, RB, RC, RD, RE, RF, RG, RH, RI, RJ, RK, RL, RM, RN, RO, RP, RQ, RR, RS, RT, RU, RV, RW, RX, RY, RZ, SA, SB, SC, SD, SE, SF, SG, SH, SI, SJ, SK, SL, SM, SN, SO, SP, SQ, SR, SS, ST, SU, SV, SW, SX, SY, SZ, TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TH, TI, TJ, TK, TL, TM, TN, TO, TP, TQ, TR, TS, TT, TU, TV, TW, TX, TY, TZ, UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UH, UI, UJ, UK, UL, UM, UN, UO, UP, UQ, UR, US, UT, UY, UZ, VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VH, VI, VJ, VK, VL, VM, VN, VO, VP, VQ, VR, VS, VT, VU, VV, VW, VX, VY, VZ, WA, WB, WC, WD, WE, WF, WG, WH, WI, WJ, WK, WL, WM, WN, WO, WP, WQ, WR, WS, WT, WU, WV, WW, WX, WY, WZ, XA, XB, XC, XD, XE, XF, XG, XH, XI, XJ, XK, XL, XM, XN, XO, XP, XQ, XR, XS, XT, XU, XV, XW, XX, XY, XZ, YA, YB, YC, YD, YE, YF, YG, YH, YI, YJ, YK, YL, YM, YN, YO, YP, YQ, YR, YS, YT, YU, YV, YW, YX, YY, YZ, ZA, ZB, ZC, ZD, ZE, ZF, ZG, ZH, ZI, ZJ, ZK, ZL, ZM, ZN, ZO, ZP, ZQ, ZR, ZS, ZT, ZU, ZV, ZW, ZX, ZY, ZZ.