National Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, one insertion, $1; subsequent insertions 50 cents. One square, one month, $6. Liberal inducements to quarterly, semi-annual, and yearly advertisers.

Every other day advertisements, 50 per cent. additional. Twice a week advertisements, 75 per cent. additional.

Eight lines constitute a square. Less than a square charged in proportion, at the above rates.

Editorial notices, $3 cents per line each insertion. Local notices, 20 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements coming under the heads of Wants, For Sale, For Rent, Lost and Found, not exceeding four lines, one insertion, 25 cents; three times, 50 cents. Any greater number of lines at proportionate rates.

Advertisements should be handed in before 9 p. m.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

CHURCH SERVICES YESTERDAY.—Yesterday was rather cool compared with several days just previous, and therefore exceedingly pleasant to be on the street. Consequently, at the hours for divine services the streets were lined with members of the various churches and others, who were on their way to hear expounded the divine truths. The churches and Sunday schools have not been more fully attended during the present summer season.

EXERCISES AT WAUGH CHAPEL.

The exercises at Waugh chapel yesterday were of an exceedingly interesting character. It was the occasion of its re-dedication, the most important and beneficial changes having occurred within the past three months. The frescoing, painting, and carpeting are all new. Pews have been ingrained, &c., and the interior of the edifice has undergone a complete metamorphosis. The scholars of the school occupied the gallery, while the lower floor was crowded with the members and friends of the church. After singing and prayer, and reading a portion of the scriptures, the sermon was delivered by the Rev. J. H. Brown, of Baltimore, taking his text from the 1st chapter of St. Paul to the Corinthians, 15th verse.

"And in this confidence I was minded to come unto you before that ye might have a second benefit."

Among all the truths given to us, the one in the text is the most comprehensive. All the ceremonial of places and things have been shadowed out by the Jewish seers, and rounded louder and louder, until that period arrived, called by the Apostles the fullness of time, when God sent His Son upon earth. It is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Christ came into the world to save sinners. He came into the world, indicates and implies a peculiar meaning when applied to Jesus. He not only came into the world, but he came with a design—a settled purpose.

The Son of God acted with a deliberate view of futurity. He assumed our nature and exercised priority prior to his assuming it. These truths and propositions are clear to every mind paying attention to them. Jesus knew what kind of a world this was. It had broken its allegiance to the Eternal Throne, and yet he came. He knew what his mission would cost him, yet still he came. He saw the agony in store for him, and yet he came. He left a world of glory for a world of shame and darkness. He left a world of purity for a world of sin. It was a new thing in heaven. He came among us with a wonderful design, grand and glorious—it was to save sinners. He taught the will of God; He exhibited the character of God, and a pattern himself of holiness challenged by none. If He performed wonders, it was only to show himself the Saviour. He wished to give us clearer views of our moral condition. As His own divine nature was incapable of suffering, He united that to ours. Nothing short of atonement would save sinners—nothing but human sacrifice of blood in atonement for the sins of the world.

The speaker spoke of Mount Calvary, and the sufferings of Christ upon the sacred ground. This was the primary redemption. The power of sin must also be broken, and this also was the mission of Christ. He told his hearers to come with an humble and contrite heart, and salvation would be theirs. God has pledged his word and staked his own Divinity that it shall be ours if asked for.

The world to-day proves the truth of the glorious teachings of Christ eighteen centuries ago. The same Jesus was here to-day that wept with Mary and Martha at the tomb of Lazarus. All are sinners in a certain sense—all gifted with that carnal mind which is enmity to God—and all must meet, sooner or later, before that great white throne.

The reverend gentleman spoke of his own experience in his connection with the original organization of Waugh Chapel, and how earnestly he had looked for its success, and concluded his sermon with a few eloquent remarks to the congregation, advising them of the great end and the love and mercy of Christ.

The pastor, Rev. George G. Markham, made a few remarks at the conclusion of the sermon explanatory and in relation to the expense incurred in the repairs, and spoke of the debt yet remaining, $800. He, the speaker, would give $100 toward the liquidation. Mr. A. Green rose and said that he would also give $100. Other gentlemen and ladies also contributed liberal amounts, and a fair proportion of the sum required was realized.

In the Sabbath school there are some 22 teachers and 140 scholars, all under the superintendence of Mr. O. S. Edgar. The school room was refitted neatly and comfortably. There is a library of 500 volumes, a fine Mason & Hamlin organ, and there is every evidence of prosperity connected with the school.

The church is also prospering very much, and no doubt is accomplishing great good in the locality in which it is situated.

METZEROTT HALL.

The Rev. Dr. Boynton, in the morning, discoursed before the congregation of the First Congregational church, who worship in Metzerott Hall. His theme was the fear of man being punished for wrongs committed here and hereafter. In a few days, he said, some of us must die, for Death is ever on the march. A few years longer, and others will die, and so on from day to day and year to year. The tears and the funeral will be over for us all—the tears will be dried, and the mourners forget us. Where shall we be then? What scenery, what friends, what employment? These were reasonable questions, he said, while hurrying on to death. He referred to that law of the soul where man expects and fears punishment for his sins, and said it was the instinct of nature to fear, for even Adam hid himself after he had sinned. So with the man who has committed a great crime, trembles at the thought of the terrible retribution of God for his transgression; and what the wicked fear shall come upon him. Dr. B. said that such is the state of the human heart that collateral testimony is required to demonstrate this great truth, notwithstanding God's word. No object stands isolated or separate—everything is respondent to each other. Swedenborg claimed to have discovered this fact; but he only told a principle every man knew, which principle is that the creation is a teacher of truth, and the inference that God never teaches a falsehood, and that man should fear is the warning voice of God.

The arrangements in the material world teaches the same in the sun and the planets, telling the truths in their existence; as also the vegetable family, for the tropics produced what would perish if transplanted in the frigid zones. The animal species and the feathered tribe could exist only in their proper latitudes, as the web-footed bird that subsisted on the fish of the rivers would perish on the mountain's top. He went on to show that it would be a falsehood to the creation to expect to find things existing or breathing except where especially set apart by the works of God. The instinctive fear of animals is founded in truth, for it is only a great scarcity that will induce herb-eating animals to eat poison. The instinctive fear of the horse is such as to cause him to tremble at a lion even before he sees him. If, then, he said, all these manifestations are apparent to the understanding, we cannot but believe that the promises of God are truthful. The application of fear in the human bosom is founded on truth; and eternity, he remarked, could be seen by looking into one's own heart; but without the bible there will be no light in that eternity shrouded with darkness.

HAMLINE (M. E.) CHURCH.

Rev. Dr. Bartine, of Trenton, N. J., as previously announced, occupied the pulpit of this church yesterday morning and evening. The subject in the morning was the "Priesthood of Christ;" in the evening, "The Atonement." A large congregation was present, and the eloquent divine was listened to with the utmost attention. A collection was taken up during the day to pay the remaining debt of the church building, and to introduce gas into the church, which realized over $650. Dr. Bartine was elected a life member of the church.

In the afternoon, at a meeting of the teachers of the Sabbath school, Rev. W. S. Fort was re-elected superintendent; Jas. H. Bushby, assistant superintendent, and Thos. R. Roach, secretary. The school is in a flourishing condition, attributable, in a great part, to the indefatigable exertions of the superintendent, and other officers. The teachers have shown that they desire the reputation of the school to be kept up, by re-electing the old officers.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, (EPISCOPAL.)

The services at the Church of the Ascension, H street, near Ninth, were conducted last evening by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Pinckney. The subject of his text was the endeavor of Saul to persecute the Christains, until the spirit of the Lord appeared to him, whereby he was converted. He argued that in these times we were degenerating; for, in past periods, when it was difficult to maintain one theory, now there are four or five. This he attributed to wrong conception and the proper love for Christ, and said, were it not for the belief we have in God and the fear we have of the gates of hell the degeneracy of the times would cause Christians to be disconsolate. The discourse was of a very able and edifying character, and the reverend gentleman implored his hearers to adore the mercy and grace of God, for the same grace will triumph in the establishment of the Church and the preservation of His chosen people.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS YESTERDAY.—Yesterday was a lovely day, and the streets and public parks swarmed with the fair ladies and gallant young men, and the more sedate and experienced class of society, the latter enjoying themselves fully as well as the young folks. The number who gathered on the East Capitol grounds, in the afternoon, to listen to temperance speeches, under the auspices of the Congressional Temperance Society, was very creditable to the occasion. Over this interesting meeting Senator Wilson presided, and the exercises were inaugurated by the introduction to the audience of Prof W. P. Drew, the temperance war-horse of this city, who depicted in an unmistakable manner the evil results arising from the use of ardent spirits; and who admonished those present to avoid its use, and to discountenance its use by others. He announced, in the course of his remarks, that there now were in this city 6,000 members of the temperance society.

General Pile, a member of the House from Missouri, was presented to the audience. He opened his remarks by saying that he had been forced into the substitute business. He believed he had been called on as a substitute for General Butler, or some other person. He never did like the substitute business in any form. In the course of his remarks Gen. Pile rated the cost of the misery produced by the intoxicating bowl at a higher figure than the cost of the rebellion; more money, he said, was spent for whisky than was received from the source of internal revenue. What was spent in one year for this curse upon the human race would more than pay the war debt that now hangs so heavily upon this nation. He earnestly called on the gentlemen present to refrain from strong drink, and urged the ladies to use their influence in that direction. The too free use of this poison, he said, brought yearly thousands to premature graves.

Gen. Hall, of Maine, formerly in command of Camp Barry, was next invited forward, and made a very good speech, in which he pronounced the temperance cause second only to the Christain religion. He also dwelt forcibly on the value of example and personal influence in reclaiming from intemperance its besotted votaries.

Mr Theaker, Commissioner of Patents, held the temperance cause to be one of the first magnitude—of the highest importance. His definition of temperance was the entire disuse of everything not necessary, or that was deleterious.

He was followed by Senator Wilson and Gov. Thomas Ford, who talked to some effect, we are satisfied.

We were sorry to see some old sinner disturb the importance of the occasion by endeavoring, in a long harangue, to show that whisky was not injurious.

At the Island Market-house, at 2½ p. m., there was a rousing meeting of the cold water advocates. Interesting addresses were delivered by Messrs. J. L. Kidwell, W. J. Boyd, W. F. Crutchley and others. These meetings will occur at the hour above named, on each succeeding Sabbath, while the weather holds favorable, as this one has been, under the able auspices of Excelsior Division, No. 4.

At the Northern Liberties Market-house addresses were delivered by Messrs. John C. Harkness, Smith, and J. L. Kidwell. Fourteen signed the pledge.

At Temperance Hall, last evening, speeches were made by Dr. T. G. Clayton, Hon. Sidney Perham, of Maine, and Governor Thomas Ford, of Ohio. Mr. Ford asserted that Congress would pass a prohibitory liquor law for this District inside of nine months. The people of this District, he said, would demand it, and would have it.

A temperance meeting was held, also, at the Circle, a short distance this side of Georgetown, and also by the children of Hamline Methodist Episcopal church, at P and Ninth street.

A SUGGESTION—WHO WILL START IT?—From the first year of the rebellion to the present time, house rents have been at a figure in this city neither justified by the demand nor the business of the District; but "greenbacks," at one time, being as plentiful and thick as "leaves in Valambrosia," landlords and speculators took advantage of the "situation," and from that period to the present have shown no disposition to "change their base." Greenbacks are more scarce than during the war, and crawling gradually to the gold standard are becoming more valuable for every purpose of trade, yet rents remain the same now as when gold was 290. While landlords and speculators are purposely blind to these facts, we would suggest that some of our public-spirited citizens of means form themselves into an association for the purpose of purchasing ground in the several wards of the city, and erecting thereon blocks or squares of neat two-story bricks, suitable as dwellings for our citizens of moderate means.

By this course our population would be permanent and ever on the increase, for thousands who are employed here, instead of residing in Alexandria, Baltimore, and the country villages adjacent to the District, would keep house in our midst, thereby benefiting the grocer, wood and coal dealer, the dry goods merchant, and the hatter, tailor, and shoemaker, by supplying their necessary wants here instead of those places where they are at present compelled to domicil themselves in consequence of exorbitant rents. Probably some of our building associations would embrace the suggestion here thrown out, for there is no doubt the experiment would yield a fine interest on the outlay, and be the means of disposing of the houses to the tenants by permitting them to make payments in small instalments.

FOUND.—Mr. John F. Stansberry, a gentleman residing in Prince George's county, Md., found in the street, yesterday morning, a roll of United States interest bearing notes, which he took to the Central guard-house and delivered to Lieut. Skippen, of the Third ward. The owner, by calling upon the lieutenant and identifying property, can receive the same.

A TEMPERANCE EXCURSION.—We are informed that, on the 22d of this month, Martha Washington Division, No. 14, and Metropolitan Division, No. 19, will make an excursion down the river to Glymont. It will be a pleasant affair for all who may be so fortunate as to secure tickets.

REMOVAL OF THE HEADQUARTERS OF WASHINGTON.—Gen. Canby has removed his headquarters of the defences of Washington from Gen. Augur's old quarters, Fifteenth-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, to I and Nineteenth streets, with Gen. O. O. Howard's headquarters.

GAMBLERS.—Isaac Edelin and Jefferson Lewis, colored gamblers, for indulging in the pastime too publicly, were arrested, and fined $5 each by Justice Walter.

PETIT LARCENY.—Zachariah Thomas was charged before Justice Kean with the larceny of $10 from one Catharine Mitchell. Zachariah was sent to jail to answer the charge at court.

BOATING.—It is understood that a boat race will take place on the Potomac river on Saturday, the 20th instant, under the auspices of the National Yacht Club of Washington.

INTOXICATED.—Wm. Nutting, a lawyer, was arrested in the streets for intoxication, and fined by Justice Morsell $3 for his behavior.

BASE BALL.—The return game between the Pioneer Club, of Alexandria, Va., and the Potomacs, of this city, was played on the White Lot, on Friday, p. m., with the following score:

POTOMAC.	O.	R.	PIONEER.	O.	R.
Keyworth, c	4	10	Gordon, s. s	3	4
Sharretts, 1 b	6	8	Smith, c. f	3	4
Shuster, p	0	10	Warfield, 2 b	3	4
Dodson, J. M., s. s	3	8	Brenner, 3 b	5	8
Coburn, 2 b	3	8	Wade, p	3	3
Fletcher, c. f	4	7	Strine, 1 b	1	4
Allen, l. f	3	7	Murray, r. f	3	2
Dodson, John, 3 b	4	7	Ridgeway, l. f	5	2
Dowe, r. f	3	8	Moore, c	1	5
	27	71		27	31

RUNS EACH INNING.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Potomac	7	0	4	3	14	9	3	5	1	—71
Pioneer	1	2	0	7	4	0	10	2	4	—31

Home runs—Potomac, Shuster, 1; J. H. Dodson, 1; John Dodson, 1; Fletcher, 1—4. Pioneer—Gordon, 1.

Left on bases—Potomac, 5; Pioneer, 7.

Fly balls caught—Potomac, 6; Pioneer, 12.

Fly balls missed—Potomac, 2; Pioneer, 8.

Foul balls caught—Potomac, 5; Pioneer, 4.

Bases on called balls—Potomac, 10; Pioneer, 6.

Time of game, 3 hours and 50 minutes.

Umpire—Frank Daniels, Jefferson Base Ball Club.

Scorers—Thomas Mitchell, Potomac; C. Wesley Williams, Pioneer.

The Potomacs do not play the Old Dominion Club in Alexandria, the latter club having requested a postponement of the game.

BASE BALL IN BALTIMORE.—The following score of a game of base ball played in Baltimore on Thursday, we give for the benefit of the "B. B." fraternity in this city. It was for the championship of Maryland and a base ball bat and silver ball, which was won by the Pastime club of Baltimore, from the Enterprise club, of the same city; the Maryland club have already challenged the successful club for the championship.

ENTERPRISE.	O.	R.	PASTIME.	O.	R.
Gorman	4	3	Poplin J	5	6
Gould	5	3	Mitchell	3	6
Berry	1	6	Burk	2	7
Welch	4	3	Malamkript	2	7
Odey	2	5	Leech	3	4
Brayton	2	2	Howard	4	4
Taylor	4	2	McDonald	4	4
Goldsmith	3	3	Shannon	3	5
Hayden	2	1	Poplin, G	2	5
	27	23		27	43

A SWINDLER.—G. W. Steadman alias Colonel G. W. Steadman, had a hearing before Justice Walter on charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Messrs. W. H. Mudgett and J. M. Wells were the parties victimized, and after a hearing, Steadman was sent to jail to answer at court. It will be recollected by the readers of the REPUBLICAN that Steadman was arrested some two months since, charged by Mr. Wells with obtaining the sum of $75 from him, (Wells,) and for which he was to procure him a situation in the Interior Department. This he failed to do; nor would he return the money. Mr. Wells did not obtain any satisfaction at the former arrest, but he is in a fair way of seeing the fellow punished now. Mr. Mudgett has brought a similar charge, and Steadman will have to render a proper account of his actions, or, it is presumed, he will be made to suffer in consequence.

A VERY IMPORTANT CASE.—James W. Tomeny, of Tennessee, was arrested on Saturday by Detective Coomes, charged by Edwin B. Roberts with being an accessory to the larceny of valuable papers, vouchers, &c., from the plaintiff's room at Willards' Hotel on the 1st of June, 1864. The papers were most important, and some of them were to have been used before the committee appointed by Congress to investigate cotton frauds. One Warren Carpenter, who is implicated in the robbery, in consequence of some disagreement with Tomeny, confessed the whole affair, and the investigation, which was held before Justice Miller on Saturday evening, was continued over until this morning at half past nine o'clock, when most interesting developments, it is expected, will be made, and the facts connected with the papers be shown. Hon. A. G. Riddle and Judge Gifford will appear for the prosecution, and Mr. Cox for the defence.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.—In consequence of a misunderstanding regarding the terms on which certain property was to be cut through along First street by the Metropolitan Railroad Company, the workmen have ceased their labors on this end of the road. It is thought the matter will be amicably settled in a few days, when the work on this section will be resumed. In the meantime this force will assist the force at the Point of Rocks end of the road, who are progressing in this direction. The force on the Parr's Ridge section are progressing finely, we are informed.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.—Lieutenant Eckloff, during the latter part of the past week, commenced a warfare upon the geese running at large in his district, and the result was that the officers under his command succeeded in capturing a large number of them and taking them to the almshouse, where they have probably been disposed of for the benefit of the Corporation. The law is stringent in regard to the fowl running at large, and it behooves their owners to take warning thereby.

SKIFF & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS.—This celebrated troupe, from the Academy of Music, Chicago, Ill., now so extensively advertised in this city by mammoth cuts and posters, will open at the National Theatre this evening, and continue their entertainments during the week. In conjunction with the minstrel troupe, they will introduce the favorite and original panorama of Sherman's March to the Sea. This troupe bring with them the reputation of being one of the very best now circulating in North America.

FREEDMEN'S BANK.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of this institution, held on Thursday, it was voted to pay to depositors, who have had their funds on deposit six months, at the rate of five per cent.

The amount of deposits have reached nearly half a million of dollars. The finances of the institution are managed by Mr. H. D. Cooke, of Jay Cooke & Co., and Mr. W. S. Huntington, of the First National Bank.

YOUTHFUL THIEVES.—Two colored boys, by the names of Frank Hunter and Perry Ames, were arrested on Saturday by Detectives Clarvoe and McDevitt, charged with stealing $200 and some clothing from the residence of Mr. J. B. Woodruff, on H street, between Eighth and Ninth. One of the lads was employed by Mr. Woodruff, and in conjunction with the other embraced an opportunity afforded them for committing the robbery. They were sent below for court.

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.—The committee appointed by Secretary McCulloch to count the funds in the treasury vaults have completed their investigations, and the result of the count shows a few dollars in the treasury over the balance that the books call for. The amount of national funds which has passed through the treasurer's hands since March, 1861, is about $14,500,000,000.

QUICK WORK.—Messrs. Smith, Pearson & West, Baltimore detectives, sent word to Detectives Clarvoe & McDevitt, of this city, a day or two since, that Messrs. A. Johnson & Brother, of Baltimore, had lost two valuable horses. Messrs. Clarvoe & McDevitt succeeded in recovering the horses near Alexandria on Saturday, and returned them to the owner

NOT SUSTAINED.—We were mistaken, in our last report of the Board of Police, in stating that Officer Leach, of the Second ward, and Officer Kimmell, of the Third ward, were ordered to be reprimanded for absence without leave and intoxication. The charge of intoxication was in no manner sustained, we are informed.

DISAPPEARED.—Walter Scott, a lad aged 13 years, an employee in the Sixth Auditor's Office, and residing with his aunt at Dorsey's Hotel, has been absent from his lodging place and his business since the 29th June. He had drawn his pay for that month, since which time naught has been heard of him.

CORRECTION.—We were led into an error in stating in our Saturday's issue that Benj. C. Brooker, auctioneer, was held under bail to answer the charge of adultery. Mr. Brooker was simply a witness in the case, another party being charged with the offence.

THE OLD CAPITOL.—The contract for converting the Old Capitol building, now the property of Mr. George T. Brown, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, into three dwellings, has been awarded to Messrs. Morsell & Denning.

THE HOWARD UNIVERSITY CONTRACT AWARDED.—The contract for the erection of Howard University building, on the Seventh-street road, has been awarded by the trustees to Messrs. Harvey & Ramsey—the price being $66,000, and the building to be completed by the 1st of January. The building will be built of the American building block, of different colors, finished with it inside as well as outside, and will be 166 feet in length and 64 in width, three stories in height, surmounted by a French roof, and an octagon tower in the centre. On the first story will be the library, janitor's parlor and bed-room, (his dining-room and kitchen being in the basement,) two recitation rooms, the offices, chemical laboratory, and ghylogical and philosophical cabinets. The second story will contain the gallery of fine arts, Latin recitation room, president's office and lecture-room, Greek professor's office, recitation and lecture-room. In the third story will be the chapel or elocutionary room, two society rooms with anterooms, and four recitation rooms. The rooms are well arranged for the purposes, being large and airy, and the general plan of the building is one which reflects credit on the architect, Mr. H. R. Searle.

WASHINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY.—Pursuant to adjournment a number of the late members of the Washington Light Infantry battalion met at the public house of Mr. Harry Gorbett, corner of Eighth and E streets, on Saturday evening. The meeting was presided over by Captain M. P. Fisher, and Captain Harry Orton acted as secretary. Among other business, was the receiving of the report from the committee on uniforms, in which the committee recommend the same style of uniform as worn by the old battalion, which report was unanimously adopted. A committee was then appointed to make arrangements for a pic-nic, to report at the next meeting, on Thursday evening next.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.—We have the following report of the sales of real estate effected in this city lately: Sub. lot 26, in square 642, at $200; half of lot 19, in square 86, at $1,311; sub. lot 47, in square 500, $2,900; sub. lots C, D, E and F, in square 88, at $450; sub. lot 21, in square 209, at $1,075; lot 27, in square 496, (15 feet 7 inches on H street,) at $1,800; lot 16, in square 785, at $1,515; five sub. lots in square 220, at $18,352. In Georgetown, lot in square 39, old Georgetown, 47 feet front, at $3,000.

LAST NIGHT.—Last night was deliciously cool and pleasant, and members of both sexes promenaded the streets until a late hour. The moon shone beautifully in clear, unclouded sky, and many lingered long upon the door steps and in the streets, or gazing from open window, let fancy dreamily wander over the past or into the misty future as yet unveiled—remembrances sad and pleasant—hopes bright and joyous—all conjured up by the lovely weather which last night gave unto us.

THE CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.—The congregation of this church, recently organized in the First ward, have purchased a lot on Twenty-third street, south of the Circle, and will shortly commence the erection of the church edifice. Mr. Searle is the architect, and now has the plans well advanced.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.—Andrew Zimmerman accidentally shot himself in the hand with a pistol he had in his possession, at a late hour on Saturday night. An officer of the Third ward found him, and Dr. Keasby was summoned, who dressed the wound, and Mr. Zimmerman was taken to his home.

SANITARY COMPANY.—Fourteen written and twenty verbal notices were served, on Saturday, on persons having nuisances existing on their premises. A number of carcasses were also reported and removed. Lime, we notice, is being freely used in all parts of the city as a disinfectant, and for purposes of cleanliness, and much good is thereby resulting.

THE LATE GENERAL MEAGHER.—The friends of the late General Thomas F. Meagher, recently Secretary of the Territory of Montana, propose to hold a meeting to-morrow evening in the room of the Board of Aldermen, City Hall, to adopt resolutions of condolence and expressive of their admiration of his virtues.

BAD MAN.—Francis Benzler, restaurant keeper, was arrested, on complaint of his wife Thadarina, who charged Francis with beating her, and using threats of further personal violence. Mr. Benzler was fined by Justice Bates $6, and was also required to give security to keep the peace.

PRESSMEN'S PIC-NIC.—To-morrow afternoon and evening the Columbia Pressmen's Society will give their second annual pic-nic at the Seventh-street Park. Those desiring to spend a jovial and pleasant day, should not fail to be present.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Peter Brady, for committing an assault and battery upon the person of his wife Honora, was required by Justice Tucker to give security to hereafter keep the peace.

FOR SALE OR RENT

FOR RENT—SIX UNFURNISHED ROOMS, two Basements, and two in the second and third floors, two rooms in each; gas and water in the house; at No. 312 F street, one door west of Eleventh street. jy12-3t*

FOR RENT—ONE OF THE BEST locations for a Drug Store in the city. Enquire at this office. jy11-3t*

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE PRIVATE RESIDENCE, with handsome Flower Garden attached, situated between Seventh and Eighth streets west, at the intersection of Maryland and Virginia avenues. For terms apply to JOHN H. EMMES, jy11-tuths&f Seaton House.

FOR RENT.—ONE LARGE SECOND Story Front Room at 536 Seventh street, over "Stevens' Tea Hong," between C and D, east side; suitable for an office or association. Also, several pleasant rooms with board. Table boarders wanted. Enquire on the premises. jy4-tf

FOR RENT—A LARGE BRICK HOUSE, with Ten Rooms, situated on L street south, between Seventh and Eighth, Navy Yard. Gas and water throughout the house. Rent $35 per month, payable in advance. Apply to JOS. REPETTI, corner of Seventh and I streets, Navy Yard, or of Thos. Dennis, at this office. my29- t

WANTS.

WANTED—EVERY LADY WHO has Children's Clothing to make up to call, get a sample of Indelible Stamping in imitation of Braid. WARRANTED FAST COLORS. Will wash and boil. Samples now ready to give away at PRINCE'S, 439 NINTH STREET, opposite Patent Office. jo4-tf

WANTED—NEW AND CAST-OFF CLOTHING, OLD GOLD AND SILVER, or any other article of value, at the old-established Merchant Pawnbroker Store of R. FULTON & Co., 503 Ninth street, 3 doors north of Penn. avenue. de20-tf

GENTLEMEN'S SUMMER CLOTHING.

Our present large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING offers great inducements to gentlemen wishing an immediate outfit.

WALL, STEPHENS & CO.
jy1-2wtf 322 Pennsylvania avenue.

PROPOSALS FOR NAVY CLOTHING.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
June 17, 1867.

Proposals, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Navy Clothing," will be received at this Bureau until 2 o'clock, p. m., on TUESDAY, the 16th day of July next, for TEN THOUSAND PAIRS BLUE SATINET TROWSERS, 6,000 pairs deliverable in New York and 4,000 pairs in Boston; also, TEN THOUSAND BLUE FLANNEL OVERSHIRTS, 6,000 deliverable in New York, and 4,000 in Boston; both articles to be of the navy standard and delivered at the Navy Yards at the above named places within sixty days after notification of the acceptance of a proposal, and there pass the usual inspection.

For a description of the articles, and the packages to contain them, bidders are referred to the samples at the said Navy Yards; and for information (in pamphlet form) regarding contracts, to the offices of the Commandants and paymasters of the several Navy-Yards.

Every offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the articles proposed; the responsibility of the guarantors to be certified to by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the District in which they reside.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee, and by satisfactory evidence that the bidder is a regular dealer in the article and has the license required by act of Congress.

jy13-1awtw H. BRIDGE, Chief of Bureau.

GEORGETOWN MATTERS.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—Yesterday afternoon, the Lodge of Good Templars and Divisions of Temperance, held a public meeting at the old butchers' market. The attendance was large, no doubt attracted by the announcement that Ex-Gov. Ford, of Ohio, would speak on the occasion, but that gentleman not being present, Mr. W. Nixon addressed the assemblage. He announced himself as a natural reformer, asserting that the cause could be better promoted without the existence of temperance organizations, and other associations of a religious and moral character as at present conducted. He had not proceeded far before he was hailed to order, and informed that the meeting was a temperance one; but before leaving the stand he announced that he would address the people of Georgetown at the same place on Sunday morning next at 10 o'clock. Temperance addresses were then delivered by Mr. R. A. Fish, of Metropolitan Division, Washington; H. Hudson, of Potomac Division, Wm. H. Craig, of Good Templars, and others. At the conclusion of the remarks of the gentlemen above named, several stepped forward and signed the pledge.

After the adjournment of the meeting, several of the speakers repaired to the Circle, where Western Star Division was holding a meeting, and addressed the audience, which was composed of a large number of gentlemen and ladies.

FREE FIGHT.—Wm. R. Dowey and Wm. Barker were arrested on Saturday afternoon by Sergeant Boarman, for engaging in a free fight on Fourth street, near Frederick. The fracas originated in Dowey going into the stable of Barker, and being ordered out and refusing to go, the latter procured a pitchfork, which he threatened to use, when Dowey retreated to the pavement, Barker following. After getting into the street the parties clenched, and were pummelling each other right heartily, when the sport was put a stop to by Sergeant Boarman, who escorted the belligerents to the station-house, when Justice Buckey fined Dowey $2.63, and dismissed Barker.

ASSAULTING A FEMALE.—A colored man, named Columbus Warfield, was arrested on Saturday, for assaulting Mary P. Chase, also colored. It appears that Betsy Tanum and Mary were indulging in a fight on the street, when Warfield came along, and concluding to take a hand in the fight, knocked Mary Chase down. Officer Robey arrested the combatants, and took them to the station, where 'Squire Buckey fined each of the parties $2.50.

CARRYING A PISTOL.—About 12:30 o'clock yesterday morning Officer Brown arrested L. Johnson, captain of a canal boat, on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. He was taken to the office of Justice Buckey, where he stated that, having to deposit a large sum of money in Washington, he carried the pistol for protection. The Captain's story being corroborated, the Justice dismissed him.

A PRIVATE PIC-NIC.—The young ladies of the Academy of the Visitation and the students of Georgetown College have engaged Ana'ostan Island for the purpose of a pic-nic to-morrow. The faculty of Georgetown College and the friends and relatives of the young ladies and the students have been invited, and we doubt not that a very pleasant time will be spent.

PROCURE YOUR LICENSES.—On Saturday, A. Hanion and A. L. P. Grimes were up before Justice Buckey for failing to take out license, as the law directs, to do business, and were fined $2.50. The law requires licenses to be taken out every three months, and gives ten days' grace at the expiration of every quarter.

RECEIPTS OF CUMBERLAND COAL.—For the week ending Saturday, the following have been the receipts of Cumberland Coal by canal: Borden Company, 1,800 tons; Cumberland Company, 2,136 tons; Baltimore and Hampshire Company, 759 tons; American Company, 4,000 tons; Central Company, 2,600 tons; Consolidation Company, 2,137 tons.

A DISORDERLY GANG.—John McCarety, John Bosky, L. Johnson, J. Frank, and Wm. Calhone were arrested on Saturday night by Officers Brown and Green for disorderly conduct in the streets. The party was introduced to Justice Buckey, who, after hearing the charges preferred against them, imposed a fine of $3 50 each.

COASTWISE SHIPMENTS.—Borden Company, 2,000 tons; Cumberland Company, 634 tons; Hampshire and Baltimore Company, 442 tons; American Company, 4,170 tons; Central Company, 2,986 tons; Consolidation Company, 2,039 tons.

THE CATHOLIC SABBATH SCHOOLS.—The picnic and distribution of premiums to the scholars of the Catholic Sunday Schools will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon at Green Springs, a full report of which will appear to-morrow.

WE ARE PLEASED to learn that the accident to Mrs. Welch, the estimable lady of James S. Welch, esq., by being thrown from her carriage on Saturday, though painful, is not at all serious.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.—T. McNamara was taken in charge by officer Mastin, on Saturday night, for drunk and disorderly conduct on the street. For this sport Justice Buckey required him to pay a fine of $5.50.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH.—A lot on the corner of Congress and Gay streets is about to be purchased by the Baptist congregation, upon which to erect their church. The congregation now worship at the Market street chapel.

A BIG DAY.—The total arrests during the day and night of Saturday number 23, showing that the police of Georgetown had a rather busy time. The arrests, however, were principally on trivial charges.

CATTLE SALES.—There were 300 head of beef cattle offered last week, which sold at $5a8 per 100 pounds gross, and 500 sheep at prices ranging from 3.50 to $4 per head.

BY SAMPLE.—Henry Hessman was arrested by officer Volkman, on Saturday, on the charge of selling cigars by sample. Justice Buckey required him to pay a fine of $2.50.

SAILED.—The schr. Diamond State, J. J. Bennett, master, with fifty tons of pig iron from G. Waters, sailed for Baltimore, yesterday.

FINED.—Peter McIntyre for failing to renew his license, was arrested by officer Volkman, and fined $2.50 by Justice Buckey.

Alexandria Affairs.

THE *Gazette* of Saturday says:

A majority of the acting justices being present in court, proceeded to a reconsideration of the levying the county levy, when said levy was amended as follows: To the amount already levied to pay commissioners and delinquents, $4,718.16, which will make a total of $10,516.74; to pay which 16⅔ per cent. on the State tax levied this year on real estate, $2,164.74; 2,784 tithables at $3 each, $1,352, the total of which is $10,516.74.

The court having been summoned to consider the expediency of levying on lands and other property, doth order that the sheriff of this county do collect upon the real estate in this county assessed with a State tax, a tax of sixteen and two thirds per centum on the tax levied by the State the present year, and each titheable in this county the sum of $3, and that he pay the sums levied to the parties entitled thereto respectively.

THE local police of Washington have notified steamboat captains that hereafter the law providing "that steamboats shall not run at a greater speed than eight miles an hour while leaving or entering the port of that city north of the arsenal" will be strictly enforced, and all violators dealt with summarily.

A CALLED meeting of the Relief Hook and Ladder Company was held last night at the rooms of the Old Dominion Base Ball Club, Captain J. M. Stewart, president, in the chair. The company unanimously resolved to procure a trunk and fixtures without unnecessary delay.

THE temperance meeting to be held at the market house to-morrow evening at half-past three o'clock, will be addressed, it is expected, by the Hon. T. W. Tipton, United States Senator from Nebraska, ex-Governor Ford, of Ohio, and G. W. Maher, esq., of Washington city.

GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF HONOR.

A Grand Gold Medal of Honor has been awarded to CHICKERING & SONS, of Boston, for their Pianos, by the Paris Exposition.

JOHN F. ELLIS, Sole Agent,
jy2-tf 810 Pennsylvania avenue.

NOTICE.—HAVING DETERMINED to give up the business of Pawnbroker, I hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that all articles now deposited with me must be redeemed within sixty days from this date.

M. K. WALSH,
No. 480 Tenth street, south of Pa. avenue.
MAY 6, 1867. my7-1d

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

KIRKWOOD HOUSE—HENDLEY & GREEN.

J Robinson, Goldsboro', N. C.; A. S. Fuller and F. A. Chase, Washington; Edward Ames and wife, Montreal; M. Cohen, Julius Cohen, and S. B. Baer, Richmond; Charles Johnston, Washington; Mrs. F. A. Cerdiss, New York; Col. M. Friedman, S. Kahnweiler, and H. Silzer, Philadelphia; J. D. Martin, Washington; George McC. Bryan, Baltimore; G. L. Byrne, Alabama; A. Newberry, B. Aughinbaugh, J. F. Schenck, and W. H. H. Gould, N. C. R. R.; Wm. Grieves, Richmond; S. T. Shaven, Baltimore; John H. Stew