National Republican

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1879

Corner 10th and D, near Penna. Av

W. D. CUSTARD, Editor and Proprietor

RECEPTIONS.

MRS. GRANT'S RECEPTIONS.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED to announce that the Tuesday afternoon receptions of Mrs. Grant will be discontinued until further notice.

SPEAKER BLAINE'S RECEPTIONS.

SPEAKER BLAINE'S next reception will be on Friday evening, March 18th, from 9 to 11 o'clock.

MRS. BLAINE'S RECEPTIONS.

Mrs. Blaine's receptions will be held every Wednesday of the season, between the hours of 2 and 5 p. m.

"AMERICA AND RUSSIA."

Under the above heading appears the following correspondence in the *Chronicle* of yesterday, which we publish in full, for the reason, that the correspondence between Mr. Clay and Mr. Catacazy seems to be predicated upon our editorial of the 26th of February, and we wish to suppress nothing that the Imperial Government or its *voluntary* advocate, the ex-American Minister to the Imperial Government, may have to say on the subject referred to. The correspondence appears in the *Chronicle* as follows:

"IMPORTANT CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN MR. CATACAZY, RUSSIAN MINISTER, AND THE HON. CASSIUS M. CLAY IN REFERENCE TO THE PERKINS CLAIM ON RUSSIA.

"The following correspondence in relation to the well known "Perkins claims" will be read with interest. The letter of Mr. Clay, late United States Minister to Russia, should have great weight in deciding the public mind in regard to the equity of the claims of Mr. Perkins has brought and so persistently urged against the Russian Government.

MR. CLAY TO MR. CATACAZY.

NEW YORK CITY, March 1, 1879.

SIR: I have just read an editorial in the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN of February 26 ultimo, styled "Our Relations with Russia," in which it is attempted to revive the Perkins claims against the Russian Government. As my name has been there connected with this affair, and lest my silence should be construed into an acquiescence in the views of that writer, I think I violate no confidence when I state the fact that this claim came officially before me as Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg, and that I have given it my deliberate and conscientious consideration.

While I admit that there may be some faint equity on the side of the representatives of Perkins upon the generosity of the Emperor of Russia, therein, in my judgment, not a shadow of *legal claim* against the Russian Government for remuneration for any acts or losses of Captain Perkins.

I do not hesitate to avow that the management of this business on the part of the late Secretary of State, William H. Seward, and his camp-followers for the last eight years has been in no way creditable to the American name. My views upon this subject have been fully expressed in my official correspondence. Every citizen is interested in the honor of the Republic, and every man owes justice to mankind over, and I therefore have no desire to withhold my sentiments from the public.

I feel sure, if the facts could be fairly set before the President and the people of the United States, all would agree that they should be at once sunk into oblivion and the nation be saved from the dishonor of an unjust act, and the ingratitude shown to the Emperor of Russia, who, alone among his compeers of European sovereigns, stood magnanimously in our defence against those who, by armed intervention in our conflict, projected the ruin of a rival and the death of the nation.

With regard to the interest claimed as due Russia upon the Alaska purchase money, there can be but one opinion among honest men. Nations as well as individuals are bound to fulfill their contracts fairly made, and any attempt to subordinate treaty obligations to other indefinite claims, and least of all to those of the character of the representatives of Perkins, can never command the respect or approval of the American people.

You are at liberty to use this letter in any manner you may deem best to vindicate the justice and honor of both nations, whose friendship I trust, may be perpetual.

I have the honor to be, sir, your most obedient servant, CASSIUS M. CLAY.

His Excellency Mr. C. Catacazy, Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary, &c., Washington, D. C.

MR. CATACAZY TO MR. CLAY.

WASHINGTON, March 8, 1879.

Hon. Cassius M. Clay, New York:

MY DEAR SIR: I am extremely obliged to you for your kind letter of the 1st instant, wherein you convey to me the spontaneous expression of your opinion in relation to the so-called Perkins claims.

Your sentiment in this matter is enhanced from the fact that, as the late representative of the United States at the Court of St. Petersburg, you have been officially connected with the affair and became fully conversant with its real merits. You certainly know with what scrupulous care and fairness the Imperial Government has proceeded in the investigation of this claim, and with as its determination to pay every farthing alleged to be due, as found consonant to the principles of law or equity.

After the committee of investigation had concluded its labours, and when it was ascertained that there was not the slightest foundation for the claims advanced by the parties who had bolstered up the fictitious pretensions of the widow Perkins, you became aware that the Imperial Government decided to decline courteously, but with firmness, the reference of the question to arbitration.

You ignore, perhaps, the motives of this decision. Whatever might be the amount of money claimed, Russia could afford to pay it, and would, rather than otherwise, be inclined to deal generously with American citizens. The question of honor, however, is not one of a pecuniary nature, but one of principle. We cannot allow ourselves to be imposed upon, and to be perpetually harassed by private claims based solely upon the allegations of interested parties. If we but once yield, we would be overwhelmed with claims of a similar character, springing up from all parts of the United States.

Only a few days ago I received a letter from an individual insisting that my Government be bound to compensate him for his loss in artificial limbs, because a Russian surgeon, traveling lately in this country, had examined them, and expressed the opinion that, in case of war, they could be disposed of in Europe. A widow, another correspondent, who is now engaged in these matters—claims $200,000 for a torpedo invented by her late lamented husband, on the ground that the drawings were exhibited to a Russian naval officer.

One thing is certainly entertained for a moment that a Government like that of Russia will ever condescend to submit claims of such description to arbitration!

In connection with this matter I deem it a duty to state that if, on the one hand, there are individuals who seek in this way, there are, on the other, many distinguished and honorable persons in the United States who repudiate such speculations, and who comport themselves in quite a different manner.

In addition to your kind and valuable letter, I am in possession of one from a highly respectable gentleman residing in the State of Massachusetts, who has volunteered to produce full evidence that this claim, amounting to upwards of $200,000, was put in his hands by Perkins to be disposed of for quite or two less; that said Perkins was a man of intemperate habits, and had avowed that he had written letters "endeavoring to entrap Russian agents in this country." These statements as well as others of a similar character, I have in my possession in the form of affidavits.

Unfortunately these facts are not known, and both in private and official circles the Perkins claim is discussed and decided upon from the *exparte* depositions of the managers and abettors of that stupendous scheme alone.

As you very kindly and pertinently remark, Russia has always been a good and faithful friend of your country. In circumstances both of great and small import her sympathies for America have been revealed not only in words, but in deeds.

Now, my dear sir, between nations, as well as between individuals, real friendship must be based upon mutual regard and a wise discretion. My Government studiously abstains from supporting any private claim against your own, although there exist many legal and much more serious ones, on the part of Russian subjects, than the Perkins' claim. Reciprocity is therefore due to us, and I sincerely hope that it will be observed.

As for what concerns the interest due on the Alaska purchase money to which you refer, I am only at liberty to say that the statement appearing in the newspapers, and alleging that I have presented any claim of that character, are incorrect. I have made no claim, but only called the attention of the Secretary of State to the fact of the non-payment of the money for a period of over two months subsequent to the time stipulated for such payment in the treaty, whilst expressing, at the same time, the conviction that a mere suggestion would be more than sufficient, with a Government so highly honorable as that of the United States, to insure the prompt payment of what is lawfully due.

I have only to add a few words in order to say that I do not concur in your appreciation of Mr. Seward's line of action. A statesman of his renown, and who has filled for many years the high and responsible office of Secretary of State, may, perhaps, have misunderstood the merits of the Perkins' claim, but the purity of his intentions cannot be questioned, and I deem it a duty on my part to express here the great consideration I entertain for that distinguished gentleman.

I remain, my dear sir, with great respect, your obedient, servant, C. CATACAZY.

It would be difficult to point out all that is peculiar, not to say extraordinary, in the face of the above two letters. To be appreciated they must be looked at and studied carefully. The first impression that strikes the mind is, that Mr. Clay's letter was the result of a previous understanding, and was designed as a means of affording Mr. Catacazy an opportunity to publish both, as a sort of offset to our editorial and the facts, not "assertions," therein set forth.

But, be this as it may, we have the letter of Mr. Clay to Mr. Catacazy, and Mr. Catacazy to Mr. Clay, and both to the public, before us, and we reproduce them for our readers. It is doubtful whether a better vindication of the justness of the claims of Perkins could well be produced than to simply set forth the dispatch of Mr. Seward to Mr. Clay, *as minister*, as published in our paper of the 26th ultimo, and the letters of Mr. Clay and Mr. Catacazy, above submitted; and leave the whole question to the decision of any intelligent tribunal, jurist or statesman.

In the dispatch of Mr. Seward we have facts proven according to law, the name of the witness, the page and paragraph of the record where these facts and proofs are to be found. We then have the law and authority warranting the legal conclusions arrived at by our Secretary of State pointed out and cited. In the twin letters of Mr. Clay and Mr. Catacazy we are favored with nothing but abuse, denunciations and reflections upon the character of other people, and worst of all upon the character of the dead. If such is the best defence the Imperial Minister can make for his Imperial master, we think silence would have been the better policy for assertions, however boldly made or plausibly conceived, will never destroy or silence truth and right.

No one can read the plain, straightforward and able dispatch of our *Secretary of State*, through whom our Government expressed its dignified and deliberate opinion upon matters governed by the laws of our country, and see the conclusion arrived at without feeling convinced of its justice, truth, and soundness; but we doubt if any one can read the remarks of the Russian Minister without feeling impressed with the utter absence of candor which is stamped upon it. And as to *facts*, it presents none whatever, but is still offered as a reply to Mr. Seward—as a reply to the Government of the United States, as above stated.

The allusions made by Mr. Clay to Mr. Seward, that he did "not hesitate to avow that the management of this business on the part of the late Secretary of State, William H. Seward, and his camp-followers for the past eight years has been in no way creditable to the American name," while characteristic of the author, is simply scandalous. And the same may be said of other reckless allusions to both the living and dead, as we may have occasion to advert to hereafter. But when it is seen that Mr. Catacazy is authorized and "at liberty to use the letter" of Mr. Clay in any way he "may deem best," and that Mr. Catacazy gives "*this letter*" and this language, with a letter of his own, to the press, he thereby makes personal application of the language of Mr. Clay to the late honored Secretary of State and to the Government and people of the United States. It is true Mr. Catacazy is so kind as to make a few exceptions. Let us be thankful.

But what is expressed toward Mr. Seward is implied as to Mr. Fish, since the latter has so far approved of Mr. Seward's views as to require Mr. Catacazy to pay some respect to the opinion of our Government, and likewise refrain upon Congress, because of the resolution approving the claim, and requesting the President to insist upon the payment of the same at the last session.

As to the facts being made known "to the President and people," as desired by Mr. Clay, it is just what we did in our editorial to which that distinguished ex-diplomat refers in his letter of admiration of the Imperial Government, addressed to Mr. Catacazy; and it is upon this fact that our Government has based its opinion and action, and it is seen that neither Mr. Clay nor Mr. Catacazy offer a word of reply to those facts. It seems a little pretentious, then, for these gentlemen to talk about facts.

But let us have the facts. Let Mr. Catacazy present Mrs. Perkins with those affidavits he refers to; for it seems that he admits having taken them, just as stated in our editorial above referred to. Let him produce his witnesses and allow Mrs. Perkins an opportunity to cross-examine them, as she ever did towards the Imperial Legation, and respectfully requested the opportunity to do before Mr. Catacazy took them. When the record shows that the matters in controversy occurred some fourteen years ago, and that twelve years ago Perkins took all his proof upon notice to the Imperial Legation—and the Minister too, who was implicated—and an offer was made to reproduce the witness, and the Imperial Legation requested to present any facts or take any proof they desired while Perkins and all his witnesses were alive, and nothing of the kind was done; and now, after death has silenced the power of self-vindication, for the Imperial Minister to make this attack upon Perkins, we confess, it does not look much like a desire to have facts laid before "the President and people."

But the Russian minister is now in print. His advocate, Mr. Clay, is in print. The Perkins claim is in print; and while we shall print alike the statements of all parties that bear on this question now before the public, we shall have our own independent views in the premises, and we fully endorse our Government, and regret to see one who has been, with whatever credit, one of its positions of honor abroad, should be led to abuse its opinions or policy in asserting the right of its citizens.

As to Mr. Clay's remarks about the action of Mr. Seward not being creditable to our Government, we hope his vindication of its honor in Russia, consoling with his letter now published, will serve to redeem it from the *discredit* which he seems to fear. But as we expect to say much on this subject, we will only now add that we are not surprised that the claim of the dead American sea captain was not adjusted through the official aid of Minister Clay.

(Communicated.)

Yerba Buena or Goat Island.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.—*Sir*: One of your morning contemporaries published a few days since the following:

"*Goat Island.*—The Senate Committee on the Pacific Railroad yesterday heard certain parties who claim that they are entitled to the possession of Goat Island, in San Francisco harbor, Cal., by reason of having preempted the same. The committee, after giving each a hearing, voted that the claim thus set up was unsupported and lays lid, and agreed to report against the same."

This, I beg permission to say, is entirely erroneous. The gentleman who argued the question of personal titles to the island of Yerba Buena did not claim at all under the pre-emption laws. The owners claim to have acquired title by possession. The city of San Francisco granted its title to the possessors of land in the city on the 20th of June, 1855. The State confirmed that grant to the possessors on the 11th of March, 1858, and the United States granted all their right and title to public lands in the city, in trust, to carry out their June ordinance, July 1, 1864. In the latter act the United States reserved the right to designate any one or more of the sites or parcels granted to the city for "military, naval or other public uses." The exception is general to the whole, so that the United States granted nothing or they granted all their title, reserving a contingent use. The title, as you will see, is precisely the title of all the lands granted by the Vanckess ordinance, ratified by the act of Congress of July 1, 1864.

DAVID S. TURNER,
Attorney for legal claimants.

On Tuesday last the cells of the prison of St. Pelaise, Paris, were carefully searched by the authorities. This is the prison where those are confined who are accused of conspiracy against the nation and the life of the Emperor. One of the results of the search is the transfer of 74 prisoners to the Mazas prison. Messrs. Henri Rochefort, Grousset, and Mourat are still detained in the prison of Saints Pelaise, and are not allowed to see any visitors. The magistrates yesterday sentenced fourteen other persons to terms of imprisonment for participation in the disorders at Belleville last month.

General Sherman.

We have been permitted to copy the following extract relating to Gen. Sherman from an unpublished sketch of Thomas Ewing, sr., and the late Thomas Corwin, of Ohio, written by Hon. Richard C. Parsons, of that State, which we regard as one of the most graphic and complete delineations of the old hero which has attracted our attention:

It is not surprising that Mr. Ewing should enjoy so intensely the magnificent fame acquired by his son-in-law, (General Sherman,) that wonderful and gifted soldier, whose prophetic eye saw from the beginning the meaning and scope of the slaveholders' rebellion; and whose heroic achievements and distinguished qualities have placed him high in rank with the greatest soldiers of ancient or modern times.

How little could Mr. Ewing anticipate, when about twenty years ago, that tall, slim, awkward military graduate, poor and unknown, who came to ask him, then in the ripeness of years, and with a well earned and richly deserved national fame, for the hand of his daughter—that he was to give her to a man whose fame in a few years would eclipse his own, and whose story as a hero, conqueror and peace-maker should be graven for all time upon the pages of history, to be read by the coming ages.

To us the fame of General Sherman—born and bred in Ohio—is especially dear. Brave as Ney himself—cool, collected, judicious and dispassionate in council—but dominating all within his influence by his powerful and vigorous intellect; quick as the lightning in action; sharp, decisive and merciless as its stroke in assault; unmoved by the thunders of battle, or the moans of anguish wrung from the crushed or the dying; marching where duty called, like an avenger, over ruined cities, broken towns, villages destroyed, smoking homes, families hopelessly wrecked, and war in its most hideous and repulsive form meeting him at every turn and upon every side—turning neither to the right or the left, to pity or to save, he wrought out, "as by fire," the salvation of a great people.

I shudder when I think of that awful march to the sea, with its attendant horrors; how wave after wave of bitterness seemed to roll over and crush in pitiless wrath and mock in their wild fury the broken hearts and helpless hands to whom mercy could come no more! But I glory in the final result of all the sorrow and the slaughter, and turn with new joy to that new day, now dawning so rapidly upon us, "when our swords shall be turned into plough shares, and our spears into pruning hooks, and we shall learn war no more."

Room, then, in history for the man whom the world delighteth to honor! and let it be known and read of all men, that this cold-hearted warrior; this iron-clad veteran in the art of war; this wholesale crusher of human hearts, who could, when duty called, look upon an ocean of human blood as calmly as upon a summer landscape, has a heart as gentle, manly, generous and forgiving as ever beat in human bosom; emotions lying so near the surface of a tender nature that he has been seen to weep even at the fictitious sorrows of a petty actress, and wipe away the tears of sympathy that flowed at the recital of her petty sorrows.

Georgia—The Protest Against Mr. Bingham's Amendment.

The following was laid before the Senate yesterday by Senator Revels:

ATLANTA, GA., March 10, 1879.

Hon. Hiram R. Revels, United States Senator from Mississippi, United States Senate Chamber:

The undersigned Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, desire you to present this protest to the Senate of the United States when the Georgia bill comes up for discussion, as you are the only representative of our race and color in that body. We urge you to do all in your power to prevent the adoption of Mr. Bingham's amendment to the Georgia bill, the result of which will be to deliver us bound hand and foot into the hand of our most bitter and relentless enemies. We ask your aid and influence. Shall we ask in vain?

ATLANTA, GA., March 13, 1879.

To the honorable the Senate of the United States: We, as colored men and members of the senate and house of representatives of the General Assembly of Georgia, representing over ninety thousand voters of the State, desire earnestly and solemnly to protest against the adoption by your honorable body of the bill for the admission of Georgia as amended in the House by Mr. Bingham of Ohio, and we do so because that to give protection and the enjoyment of equal rights to all classes of our citizens, it is necessary that such legislation shall be had as will secure the passage of such jury laws as will insure justice to the colored men, of a bill for the promotion of education among all classes, and also such amendment of the election laws as will give a fair, free expression of each citizens' political views.

If elections take place this fall the passage of such bills which are necessary for our salvation will engender the most bitter strife and hostility on the part of the white citizens against our race and color. Violence and bloodshed will mark the course of such elections, and a fair expression of the will of the people cannot be had. We shall be driven from the polls, as in the Presidential election, by armed and organized bands of rebels, and our State given over to the guidance and control of the most extreme men of the Democratic party. We respectfully ask your honorable body that the bill passed December 29 may be given full effect.

Signed by three Senators and sixteen members of the House of Representatives of Georgia.

Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR AN ENTIRE SPRING STOCK, AT

STRASBURGER BROS.

WILL SELL

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

of all kinds, cheaper than the cheapest.

Give them a call at

906 SEVENTH STREET,

feb28-tf Old number 372, bet. 1 and K.

SPRING FASHIONS FOR GENTS' DRESS HATS.

Just issued, comprising the Tender and Brown Shades. Particular attention invited to the 9 Ros. Hats, styled and made to order. Also, a full assortment of Spring Goods, in all different shapes and colors in boys, and children's Hats, Caps, &c.

R. H. ARMSTRONG, Hatter,

No. 1431 Pennsylvania avenue,

feb18 Next to corner Fifteenth street.

Millinery and Dress-Making.

MISS J. E. BURKE,

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER,

1327 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

mh7-1m Over Stalmaster's Mat Store.

BRANCH OF MME. DEMOREST.

GRAND OPENING OF SPRING FASHIONS, On MONDAY, March 7, 1879, AT MRS. E. M. HINCKLEY'S NEW SHOW ROOMS,

No. 711 Market Space, between Seventh and Eighth streets, over Jones & Collins'.

PATTERNS of all the latest and most reliable styles for Ladies' and Children's dress.

DRESS MAKING in all its branches; also, Cutting and Fitting at short notice. mch7-1

Paints, Oils, &c.

Painters,

BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS.

Attention is called to my stock of

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.,

Which I am offering special inducements for cash. Also, dealer in

Coal Oil, Lamps, Chimneys, White Alcohol, Glue, Turpentine, Brushes, Putty, Rosin, &c.

L. HARTER,

No. 310 G street, and 56 Louisiana avenue, bet. Sixth and Seventh sts., near Pa. av. Models. ap4-3m

Stoves, Etc.

REPAIRS FOR STOVES, RANGES, &c.

CAN BE HAD AT

BOYD'S STOVE FACTORY,

470 NINTH STREET,

Between D and E.

BRING NAME AND NUMBER OF STOVE.

ROBERT BOYD.

jy8-tf 472 Ninth street, between D and E.

NO. 486 Seventh Street. } REDUCED PRICES { NO. 486 Seventh Street.

AT

MARKRITER'S.

Having at this late season an especially large and choice selection of

PAPER HANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES, OIL CLOTHS AND SQUARES, PICTURE FRAMES, PICTURE CORD AND WIRELS, PICTURE NAILS, PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS, SWING BRACKETS, &c., &c.

And to reduce the stock as much as possible prior to moving, we shall offer

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS

All the above goods at

REDUCED PRICES

UNTIL THE FIRST OF MARCH NEXT.

[OFFICIAL.]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, March 1, 1879.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. Owen M. Long, the Consul of the United States at Panama, of the death, by drowning, on the 19th day of January last, at sea, of JOHN GLASS, a naturalized citizen of the United States.

The legal representatives of the deceased can obtain further information by addressing this Department.

New Advertisements.

CHEAP LOTS.—I have twelve LOTS for sale at $50 and $60 each, payable $10 cash and $10 per month, or I will build houses to suit and sell, payable $10 per month. J. R. ARKINS, Capitol Hill.

mar13-3t

WANTED—Taxpayers, from $1,000 to $10,000 Worth of Real Estate, to Exchange Lots, Alex. $6,000 on good Outlying Property. DUBOIS & DARNELLE.

mar11-3t 1403 F street, bet. 14th and 15th.

WANTED—A MAN WITH A SMALL CAPITAL to run a genuine A. DAVIES BUSINESS. Call and see for yourself, at the office of DANIEL WELCH, 813 Seventh street, between E and F.

mh11-1w*

WASHINGTON DENTAL PLACE,

1319 Massachusetts Avenue,

Near Fourteenth street.

Full upper and lower sets teeth.....$25
Single upper or lower sets.....10
Partial sets from.....$3 to 10
Extracting by the use of pure gas.....75 Cents.

HO! FOR GLYMONT!—THIS DELIGHTFUL Resort on the Potomac river is now open. Persons wishing to visit the place during the Fishing Season can take steamer REPORT at 7 a. m. every Monday, and leave at Glymont at 2 p. m. every day. Meals and Refreshments can be had at city prices at Glymont.

JOSEPH M. SHAFFIELD,
Proprietor.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Agents, (Successors to J. G. McGuire & Co.)

Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

FIRST-CLASS BUILDING LOT ON I STREET NORTH, BETWEEN THIRTEENTH AND FOURTEENTH STREETS WEST, OPPOSITE FRANKLIN SCHOOL, AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 18, 1879, 5 o'clock, on the premises, we will sell part of Lot No. 300, in Square No. 378, being a frontage of 23 feet 10 inches on the south side of I street, with a depth of 144 feet, to a 20-feet paved alley. Street sewered and paved in front.

Terms: One-third cash; balance in six and twelve months, with interest, secured by deed of trust. Conveyance and stamps at cost of purchaser; $100 deposit at time of sale.

COOPER & LATIMER,
Auctioneers.

mh13-ds

"THE SUNDAY HERALD,"

TO-MORROW WILL CONTAIN:

HOW I LOST THE CROSS OF THE LEGION.

A Charming Original Story, by Robt. P. Nash, esq.

THE LADY OF THE FERRY,

An Interesting Romantic Tale.

REMOVAL OF THE CAPITOL;

A Mirth-provoking Speech, by Mr. Johnson, of California.

REMINISCENCES OF THE

OLD CAPITOL,

By Hon. B. B. French;

ANOTHER OF THOSE

DRAMATIC FUILLETONS.

REPORT OF THE MEETING OF SUPREME LODGE, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

A Local Sketch of the Honest Corporation Contractor.

THE LATEST LOCAL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Elegant Selections, Poems, &c.

Office: 330 D street,

Between Ninth and Tenth sts. 11

DRY GOODS

AT GOLD VALUE.

We shall continue for a few weeks longer the sale of our stock of

DRY GOODS

AT AND

BELOW COST

FOR

CASH ONLY.

Many of these Goods are reduced to their Gold Value, and we intend to meet the market price, regardless of COST.

M. TAYLOR & CO.,

mar12-tf No. 706 Centre Market Space.

DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER

The standard reputation attained by this unrivalled and infallible Yeast Powder during twelve years past is due to its perfect purity, healthful ness and economy. Full 1 lb. tin, 25 cents, net weight, and will keep for years.

The quantity required for use is from one fourth to one half less than other Baking Powders.

Sold by grocers throughout the United States.

DOOLEY & BROTHER,

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

68 Pine street, New York

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, FORT FOOTE, MD., March 13, 1879.

Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at this post until 12 m., on the 19th day of April, 1879, for furnishing the Fresh Beef required for issue to troops at this post for six months from date of advertisement, viz:

Separate proposals will be received for furnishing such choice cuts of Fresh Meats as may be required for issue to officers entitled to the same period. Conditions, &c., as heretofore.

E. C. GRIER,
1st Lieut. 4th U. S. Artillery, A. C. S.

mh13-6t

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3, 1879.

On the petition of ELIAS COX, of Terre Haute, Indiana, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 11th day of June, 1863, for an improvement in Machines for Paring Apples.

It is stated that the testimony in the case is closed on the day of April next, and that the time for filing arguments and the Examiner's report be limited to the 6th day of May next, and that said petition be heard on the 1st day of June next.

Any person may oppose the extension.

MARTIN L. DAVIS,
Commissioner of Patents.

mh12-30w

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctrs., New Marble Building, Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.

UNDER A SALE OF A LEASEHOLD ON OHIO AVENUE, BEAR CREEK, ON TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1879, AT 5 O'CLOCK P. M., the undersigned, trustee, will offer for sale, at public auction, on the premises, on the ground, on TUESDAY, the 18th day of March, at 5 o'clock p. m., the unexpired term of a lease for ninety-nine years, from April 1st, 1878, on parts of lots (Nos. 2 and 3,) in Square (No. 94,) of the authentic general plan of the city of Washington, beginning at a point on the south side of Ohio avenue (80 feet) eastwardly from the west line of said Lot (3,) and running thence with the line of Ohio avenue, southwardly 30 feet, to intersect the west line of lot (No. 2) thence with said line northwardly (54 feet 10 inches,) thence north about (45) degrees, west about (34 feet) until it reaches the east line of lot (No. 3) thence with said line southwardly (24 feet) to the beginning, subject to the rents, covenants, and conditions in said indenture of lease reserved.

Terms: Cash.

All stamps and conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

WM. B. WALL, Trustee.
WM. L. WALL & CO.,
Auctioneers.

mh13-ed2

GOVT HARNESS, WAGONS, SADDLES, &c.

I have on hand a large assortment of Government goods, such as Wheel and Team Harness, heavy Ambulance, Harness, good as new; Wagon and Riding Saddles, Horse and Mule Collars, Halters, Double and Single Reins.

BLACKSMITHS', CARPENTERS',

And other Tools, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, Saws and Hole Punches; Steel Bar, Iron Bolts, &c., new and second-hand.

Government Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

Farmers and others will do well to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Bags, Iron, Metals, &c., taken in exchange for goods.

E. G. WHEELER,
Seventh street and Canal Bridge, South side.

Special Notice.

The citizens of the District are respectfully informed that

ROBERT FULTON & CO.,

814 NINTH STREET,

Between D street and Pennsylvania avenue,

Have recently made extensive arrangements for

LOANING MONEY

ON

Merchandise of Every Description

AT THE

LOWEST RATES.

SUMS OF $1,000 AND OVER AT 1½ PER CENT.

Open EVERY DAY (Sundays excepted) from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m.

N. B.—The only Christian Loan Office in the District. jy24-tf

OPERA GLASSES.

PEARL, IVORY AND SHAGREED OPERA GLASSES.

A large assortment of every variety at very low prices.

W. W. GALT & BRO., Jewelers,
1107 Pennsylvania avenue.

mar

Special Notices.

BISHOP R. H. MARVIN WILL preach in Wesley Chapel, Eighteenth street, near Pennsylvania avenue, Methodist, Lenten, 10 o'clock (Sunday) MORNING, at 11 o'clock, m. mh13-1t

UNIVERSALIST PREACHING.

Rev. O. F. WILLIS will speak in behalf of the Universalist Church, in Metropolitan Hall, 477 F st. n. w., at 3 p. m. Subject: "Salvation, Now Surplus, Free, Eternal—The perfection of Manhood." Seats free. The public are invited to hear him. 1t

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Masonic Temple, Ninth street, opposite Patent Office. Rev. Byron Sunderland will preach morning and evening. Morn. Sub.: "Growing earnest on the Woman Question in the morning." Seats free. 1t

A MEETING OF THE NORMAL LICENSE ASSOCIATION will be held in Room 14, on MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 17, at 7½ o'clock, to take into consideration the bill reported in the House to provide for the creation of corporations in the District of Columbia. Members are requested to be present.

SAMUEL ACKERLY, President.

mh13

THE NEW JERSEY REPUBLICAN LICENSE ASSOCIATION.

This Association will meet, by the consent of a majority of Rockville, on MONDAY EVENING, the 15th instant, at Lehmann's Hall, Rockville, Montgomery county, Md., at 7 30 o'clock. Invitations may be received of the Executive Committee—Sewell Shipley, Forest, Assistant of Rights; and E. Stevens, Secretary; Gen. M. M. Estabrook, General Assistant; Gen. J. F. Swayne, Third Auditor's Office; and S. T. Dowling, Second Auditor's Office. All Jersey people residing in the District are requested to be present. mh13-2t

CHRISTIAN WORK OF THE PACIFIC COAST.—The Washington Annual Meeting of the friends of the American Tract Society will be held in the Calvary Baptist Church, corner of Eighth and G streets, on TUESDAY, the 18th inst., at 7 30 p. m.

Hon. W. A. Buckingham will preside. Rev. L. H. Hosmer, Assistant Secretary, will present statements of personal observations on the Pacific Coast. Addresses will be delivered by Hon. E. W. Scripps, representative from Detroit, Mich., on "Business in California" by Hon. T. W. Palmer, of Mich., and Rev. E. M. Stevenson, D. D., of New York city. mh13-1t

MATINEE MUSICALE.—DR. J. E. RANKIN will deliver an Address at the Washington Conservatory of Music, in the New Hall, First Congregational church, on SATURDAY (to-morrow) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Doors open at 1:30. Free. mh13

THE THIRD MONTHLY MEETING OF THE HOME REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATION, for the payment of dues, will be held at Room 14 Board of Trade, on SATURDAY EVENING, March 15th, at 7 30 o'clock.

JOHN R. BLYSES,
mh11 (Star3t) Secretary.

ADDRESS TO TEACHERS.

Hon. S. S. FISHER, Commissioner of Patents, will deliver a Lecture to the Teachers of the Public Schools on SATURDAY, March 15, at 10 a. m., precisely, at the Miller School Building, on M street, between 6th and 7th.

Subject: "Teaching as a Profession."

All the Teachers are requested to be present.

J. RICHARDS,
Supt. Public Schools.

mh11-3t

FIRST TO RESUME SPECIE PAYMENTS.

Our friend Sullivan, of the "EXCELSIOR," 507 Pennsylvania avenue, has resumed, and started the ball and resumed specie payment yesterday, being the first in the city to do so. mh-6

ILLINOIS REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION SOCIABLE, Liberty Hall, Seventh and D, March 15th, at 8 p. m. Members and those desiring to join are invited. Tickets 50 c. p. m., at 320 Ninth street, northwest, between I and K. Members of the old organization will take notice that no dues are payable accruing prior to 1878. Come on! Fun! Music!

J. E. ATKINSON, Sec'y.

mh10 2t

TABLEAUX.—THERE WILL be an entertainment consisting of Tableaux, Music and Readings, at the Congregational church, corner of Twelfth street and G street, on FRIDAY EVENING, March 14th. The Tableaux have been prepared with much care, and the proceeds are to pay of the debt of the church. Admission Fifty cents. mh10-3t

SUMMER MEDICAL EXAMINATION.—The regular semi-annual examination by Doctors Drinkard and King, for 1879, will commence MARCH 14, at 7 p. m., in the National Medical College, on the corner of Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, and continue until the 18th of July. For particulars apply to

Dr. W. B. DRINKARD,
No. 614 Fourteenth street, or
Dr. A. F. A. KING,
No. 517 Fourteenth street.

mh10 1t

OFFICE OF NATIONAL FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY.

No. 613 SEVENTH STREET, opp. Post Office, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5, 1879.

All moneys deposited on or before the 15th of March, instant, will begin to draw interest from date of deposit.

Amount of deposits to date $1,475,000.

D. L. EATON,
Actuary.

mh7-10t

DR. SUNDERLAND'S LECTURE.—Copies of the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, containing the lecture delivered at Lincoln Hall, on Sunday, 9th inst., by Rev. Adam Stevens of Dr. White, can be obtained at the office, corner of Tenth and D streets. mr-2

COUGHLIN'S DRUG STORE, opposite Masonic Temple. Drugs, Medicines, &c., &c., cheaper than any other place.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE people that the reception of the Whitehurst Photograph Gallery, 447 Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, will do work for nothing for any person who will bring them, from any quarter, specimens of better work than they can produce, of whatever style, finish or material, ranging in size from life-size, whether from life or from old daguerreotypes or other old pictures. The cheapest first-class Gallery in the United States. Please call. 1t

EXTRACT FROM THE PROVIDENCE DAILY POST, MARCH 8, 1879:

"Dr. Paxton is obtaining wonderful cures in the city. Many who have been to the Hot Springs for their health in the winter, and returned home as much invalids as when they left, have visited Dr. Paxton and received great benefit. Many of the women who have attended his professional services state he has been here. Dr. Paxton cures Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Nervous Weakness, Piles, Deafness, Loss of Voice, Coughs, Blindness, and all Chronic Diseases. We advise all who are in need of a physician to call upon him, while reputation is founded upon many almost miraculous cures.

For consultation free. DR. PAXTON will remain until April 1st, and positively no longer. Dr. Paxton can be found at 1309 F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Washington, D. C.

Room 1, J. E. Smith's Drug Store, 1309 F street, between Thirteenth and a half and Fourteenth streets; Mrs. A. W. Hart, 602 O street, between Sixth and Seventh; Mrs. Dr. Hall, Eighth and Eleventh streets; Mrs. Dr. Hall, Seventeenth street and Massachusetts avenue; Mrs. R. O. Lenz, N. E. Corner Twelfth and G streets, Anacostia; Mrs. Dr. Hall, Anacostia.

MILHAU'S GOLDEN COD LIVER OIL, with hypophosphites of lime, a great improvement made with the best oil Pure, it unites efficacy with pleasant flavor and easy digestibility. Sold by all druggists.

MILHAU'S GOLDEN COD LIVER OIL, pure and reliable, obtained from fresh and healthy livers, and therefore superior to all others. Sold by all druggists.

MILHAU'S GOLDEN COD LIVER OIL, the dangerous Cod Liver Oil, and the type of true Marriage—with sentiment and for those who are in any way afflicted for Half-a-Dollar. MILHAU'S ASSOCIATION, Box 2, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 1y2-6m

A GAMBLER, a Clergyman, writing and residing in South America, as missionary, has received a valuable remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by Secret Indulgence, Excess, &c. Great sufferers have been cured by this wonderful remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Billiards.

NATIONAL BILLIARD HALL,

Nos. Thirteenth & Fourteenth streets,

Over National Theatre,

Also, agents for Phelan & Collender. All kinds of Billiard materials for sale.

J. B. MCGUIRE,
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Stereotyping and Electrotyping.

MURRAY & WAYNE,

Stereotypers and Electrotypers,

372 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

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