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Daily National Republican.

VOL XI WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1870. NO. 112.

Auction Sales.

TO-DAY.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, No. 520 southeast corner of Seventh and Dakota.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF BRICK DWELLING AND VACANT LOT, BUILDING ON NEW YORK AVENUE, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS WEST.

By virtue of a decree passed by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in Eq. Cause No. 1791, Pauline Tyson vs. John Kaiser, et al., we will sell, in public auction, WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1870, at o'clock p. m., in front of the premises, the west part of lot No. 7, in Square No. 514, fronting 41 feet 6 inches on New York avenue, and extending back the depth of the lot. The west 20 feet 3 inches is improved, with a two-story-and-basement Brick House. The adjoining 21 feet 3 inches is a vacant lot. These two parcels will be sold separately.

Terms of sale: One-third cash; balance in six and twelve months, for which the notes of the purchaser, secured to the satisfaction of the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale, will be taken, and a lien retained on the premises sold. A deposit of $25 on each parcel will be required at the time of sale. All conveyancing and recording at cost of purchaser.

W. F. MATTHEWS, Trustee.

GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.

FUTURE DAYS.

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctn. New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902, S. E. cor. Pa.ave. and 9th st.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND LOT ON FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS, AT AUCTION.

On MONDAY AFTERNOON, April 18, at 5 o'clock, in front of the premises, I will sell, by virtue of a deed of trust, duly recorded, &c., &c., all that certain piece of parcel of ground being part of lot 6, in square 493, and being the whole of lot 18, and the south 16 feet 9½ inches of lot No. 17, in square numbered 493, having a front of 19 feet 11½ inches, on Fifth street, by a depth of 70 feet to a 20-foot alley. Improved by a three-story brick house.

Terms of sale are: One-third cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest, to be secured by a deed of trust upon the premises, or all cash, at purchaser's option. A deposit of $250 will be required at sale, or the property to be resold.

EBENEZER H. MILLER, Trustee, and WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

BY W. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers. New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902 Pennsylvania Avenue and Ninth street.

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE NEAR CORNER OF SIXTH STREET AND D STREET NORTH, IN WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

By virtue of a decree of Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in chancery, made on the 4th day of April, 1870, in the cause of Isaac Jenny, No. 1,327, Docket No. 10, the undersigned will expose for sale at auction, in the highest bidder, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of April, 1870, at o'clock p. m., certain Real Estate, being parts of Lots 1 and 2, in square 469, and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on lot No. 2, beginning on north L street, 31 feet from the northwest corner of said L street and Sixth street west, and running thence west on said L street 15 feet and back of that width north 90 feet; the other piece being parts of Lots 1 and 2, and beginning on the south side of L street 31 feet from the northwest corner of said L street and Sixth street west, and 1 inch south, and running thence north 91-12 feet, and back of that width 15 feet.

Terms of sale: One-third cash; balance in six, twelve, and eighteen months, in notes of the purchaser, with interest, to be secured by a deed of trust, with interest at 6 per cent per annum payable semi-annually, or all cash, at purchaser's option. On the first lot, full payment of purchase money. On the first lot, $100 down on day of sale; on the other lot, $20 down on day of sale. If terms of sale are not complied with within five days after the day of sale, a resale will be made at the cost and risk of defaulting purchaser.

CHAS. M. MATTHEWS, Trustee. WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

☞ THE ABOVE SALE IS POSTPONED ON account of the rain until THURSDAY, April 7, same hour and place.

CHAS. M. MATTHEWS, Trustee. WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auctns., (Successors to Jas. S. Morfit & Co.) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A MAGNIFICENT RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS SITUATE ON FIFTH STREET WEST, BETWEEN LAND F STREETS NORTH.

Under and by virtue of a deed of trust dated January 15, 1866, and recorded in Liber W and N, No. 7, folio 88 et seq., one of the land records of Washington county, D. C., we will sell, at public auction, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1870, at o'clock p. m., in front of the premises, all those pieces and parcels of ground lying and being in Washington city, D. C., and described as follows, to wit: Lots 3 and 4, in square 51, fronting 100 feet on Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, and corner of an alley, improved by a three-story brick residence.

Terms of sale are: One-third cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest, to be secured by a deed of trust upon the premises. All conveyancing and revenue stamps at purchaser's cost. A deposit of $250 will be required at sale or the property to be resold.

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Carriages.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!! CARRIAGES!!! On hand the largest and most complete stock of CARRIAGES in Washington, which we offer at prices to suit the times in style, REPAIRING neatly done and promptly attended to. The best workmen employed. All work sold will be guaranteed.

JOHN F. BRIDGET, Manufacturer and Dealer, Pennsylvania avenue north side, Near Thirteenth street. apt-eolm Washington, D. C.

ESTABLISHED 1844. ANDREW J. JOYCE & CO., CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, 412, 414 and 416 Fourteenth street. Repairing in all its branches. All carriages left for Repairs, Storage or Commission are insured. Agents for Brewster & Co., (of Broome street,) Fifth avenue, New York. eoln-tf

Opticians.

THE EYESIGHT accurately suited with Pebbles or other Spectacles, and cheaper than elsewhere.

H. H. HEMPLER, Optician, National Hotel. apt

Dentistry.

WASHINGTON DENTAL PLACE. 1319 Massachusetts Avenue, Near Fourteenth street.

Full upper and lower sets teeth	$25
Single upper or lower sets	10
Partial sets, by the tooth	$3 to 15
Extracting by the use of gas etc.	75 Cents.

mh13

GENUINE VICHY WATER, Bottled under the supervision of the French Government, For Dyspepsia, Gout, Gravel and Diabetes; dissolves Uric Acid, Kidneys and Bladder, &c. Use none but the genuine. For sale by THOMAS RUSSELL, mh26-3m 1312 Pennsylvania avenue.

GOVT HARNESS, WAGONS, SADDLES, &c. I have on hand a large assortment of Government goods, such as Wheel and Team Harness, heavy Ambulance Harness, good as new Wagon and Riding Bridles, Horse and Mule Collars, Halters, Double and Single Reins.

BLACKSMITHS', CARPENTERS', And other Tools, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, Hames and Mule Shoes; Steel Bar, Iron Bolts, &c., new and second-hand.

Government Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c. Farmers and others will do well to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. N. B.—Rags, iron, metals, &c., taken in exchange for goods. E. G. WHEELER, Seventh street and Canal Bridge, feb19-tf South side.

Special Notice.

The citizens of the District are respectfully informed that ROBERT FULTON & CO., 314 NINTH STREET, Between D street and Pennsylvania avenue, Have recently made extensive arrangements for LOANING MONEY ON Merchandise of Every Description AT THE LOWEST RATES. SUMS OF $1,000 AND OVER AT SIX PER CENT. Open EVERY DAY (Sundays excepted) from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. N. B.—The Daily Christian Loan Office in the District. 8-tf

Special Notices.

☞ MILHAU'S GOLDEN COD LIVER OIL, pure and reliable, obtained from fresh and healthy livers, and unsurpassed by any yet produced. Sold by all responsible druggists. J. MILHAU'S SONS, oct25-3awtf 183 Broadway, New York.

☞ LIEBIG'S COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT secures great economy and convenience in housekeeping and excellence in cooking. None genuine without the signature of Baron Liebig, the inventor, and of Max Von Poehl, delegate. J. MILHAU'S SONS, jan1-3awtf 183 Broadway, New York.

☞ MILHAU'S GOLDEN COD LIVER OIL, with hypo-phosphite of lime, a great improvement; made with the best oil known. It rattles sweetly with pleasant flavor and easy digestibility. Sold by all responsible druggists. J. MILHAU'S SONS, oct25-3awtf 183 Broadway, New York.

☞ ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.—THE great remedy for the cure of Consumption and Diseases of the Lungs. The result of its use is a proof of its great value. The extraordinary healing properties of this remedy are experienced by all those who have used it. Their testimony will be found in a pamphlet, which can be had of the agents where the medicine is for sale. Coughs and Colds, however distressing, are broken up in an incredibly short time, by curing a specific inflammation on the lungs, so that the matter and phlegm are easily expectorated.

Allen's Lung Balsam contains no opium in any form. It is perfectly harmless for the most delicate child. It is everywhere in good demand, and gives good satisfaction. Physicians who have failed to cure their patients, should try this medicine before they give the case up; as we know very many valuable lives have been saved by being persuaded to give it a trial.

Don't despair because all other remedies have failed, but try this one, and you will not be deceived.

The proprietors of this valuable Balsam take pleasure in calling it to the attention of all Medicine Dealers, desiring that they procure a supply for their customers, and recommend it to their efficient patrons and friends as the best cough medicine that for merit, is having celebrated Pain Killer.

P. Will. Cure when all others fail. Directions accompany each bottle. For sale by all Druggists. mh31-eolm&2w

PAIN KILLER. TRADE MARK. FAMILY USE. 1840 1870

Time tests the Merits of all Things SO FOR THIRTY YEARS!—SO PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER,

Has been tested in every variety of climate, and by nine-tenths of every nation known to Americans. It is a safe, sure, and reliable friend. It is the faithful friend of the missionary and the traveler, on sea and land, and no one should travel on our Lakes or Rivers without it.

It is a speedy and safe remedy for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, wounds and various other injuries. It is a sure and speedy relief for Cramp, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and Cholera Morbus. It relieves pain speedily, and is admirably suited for every race of men on the face of the globe.

Be sure and ask for Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 per Bottle. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. mh28-eoln&w

☞ CAUTION.—Audacious Counterfeits! Vegetine is rapidly gaining a world-wide reputation for many years has attached to "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," as the Standard Tonic of the Age, and the large demand for the article, not only in the United States but throughout the world, have created the rapidity of the counterfeiting tribe, and it has been extensively counterfeited and imitated by unscrupulous sharpers.

The most daring counterfeit of said article, which has been in circulation for years, is recently come to our knowledge. The engraved steel label on bottles containing the genuine bitters, with its beautiful vignette of the Government Stamp, and the words containing a warning against counterfeiters, and the face of head for "one cent" at the foot, stood up so perfectly that it deceived the elite of the trade; and the trick can only be detected on a minute inspection. The dark label is also well counterfeited, and the wording so like the imitation and genuine are precisely the same, the difference being simply in the execution of the work; that of the imitation being somewhat coarser than the genuine. Other counterfeits are on the market, which are in all particulars the same as the genuine, except the wording, which is slightly different in the spelling of our name.

In addition to the above, these counterfeiters have gone so far as to place a fac-simile of our signature upon the cork and fasten to the neck of the bottle, on which is a vignette, and otherwise printed and ornamented in imitation of the wrapper of our proprietary U. S. Revenue stamp, but upon inspecting will discover the absence of the figure "1" in the lower right hand corner of the United States Internal Revenue, all of which, together with additional wording, appear on our genuine stamps, and which, when the counterfeit is watched against, these counterfeits, and are advised to purchase Hostetter's Stomach Bitters only of those in whom they have confidence, that the true article is sold in every corner of the world.

HOSTETTER & SMITH. apt-eod6t

☞ ABSOLUTE DIVORCES LEGALLY obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Territory; legal in all States; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Address, Hudson Institute, Hudson, New York.

☞ SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES. HEALTH FOR YOUNG MEN, on Single and Married life—the dangers of Celibacy, and the joys of true Marriage—with sanitary aid for those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2, S. Ninth, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. ja27-3m

☞ A CARD.—A Clergyman, while in the exercise of his profession as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary Organs, &c. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE of charge. Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, oct6-3m Station D, Bible House, New York City.

☞ GREAT BLESSING TO HEAD-ACHE SUFFERERS. Wrapped by a desire in our readers who may be suffering from any of the ills to which flesh is heir to call at the Medical Institute, 7 Ninth street, Washington, D. C., we do so. We think believe that he can cure a great many cases that have failed to relief elsewhere. He has recently received from Germany a new invention, Electro Magnetic Hair and Cold Air Cap, by means of which he is prepared to treat all female diseases, and we advise our readers to call and see it, and see if it will not do them good. He also has a hygienic depot for ladies. feb17

Trunks, &c.

PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES. JAS. S. TOPHAM & CO., No. 423 Seventh Street, Between D and E streets, east side. Manufacturers Ladies' DRESS TRUNKS in great variety. Best and medium quality Sole Leather Trunks. Ladies' and Gents' traveling Sacks, Bonnet Boxes, and Valises.

Remember all our Trunks are made with McMurray's Patent Slats. Repairing neatly done and at reasonable prices. Old number 500. mh19-3m

Paints, Oils, &c.

Painters, BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS. Attention is called to my stock of PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c., Which I am offering special inducements for cash. Also, dealer in Gas Oil, Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks, Alcohol, Glue, Turpentine, Brushes, Rosin, &c. L. MARTIN, No. 310 C street, and 86 Louisiana avenue, bet. Sixth and Seventh sts., under Seaton House. apt-6m

NO. 486 Seventh Street. REDUCED PRICES AT MARKRITER'S. NO. 486 Seventh Street.

Having at this late season an unusually large and choice selection of PAPER HANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES, OVAL AND SQUARE PICTURE FRAMES. PICTURE CORD AND TASSELS, PICTURE RINGS, NAILS, PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS, SWISS BRACKETS, &c., &c. And to reduce the stock as much as possible prior to leaving, would offer to CASH PURCHASERS All the above stock at REDUCED PRICES UNTIL THE FIRST OF MARCH NEXT.

DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER

The standard reputation attained by this unrivalled and infallible Yeast Powder during twelve years past is due to its perfect purity, healthfulness and economy. Put up in the actual weight as represented, and will keep for years. The quantity required for use is from one fourth to one half less than other Baking Powders. Sold by grocers throughout the United States. DOOLEY & BROTHER, MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS, mh11-eo3m 69 New street, New York.

THE HEROIC DEAD

GEORGE H. THOMAS

A NATION MOURNS HIS DEATH

Tributes From His Soldier Comrades.

The House of Representatives Crowded.

President Grant and Members of the Cabinet Honor the Occasion.

Speeches of Secretary Cox, General Sherman, Chief Justice Chase, General Schurz, General Garfield, General Warner, General Slocum and General Stoughton.

In accordance with a joint resolution adopted by both Houses of Congress a few days ago, memorial services in honor of the late Major General George H. Thomas were held last night in the Hall of the House of Representatives. The details of the arrangements were under the direction of officers of the Army of the Cumberland now in this city, and that they were well conducted is proven by the success of the affair.

At 7 o'clock the crowd tending Capitolwards was very great. The street-cars were crowded to repletion, and the pavements were thronged by people, all eager to be in time to secure a good seat. By 7:15 all the seats in the galleries were filled, and the lobbies contained a crowd sufficient to fill them again. The number disappointed was almost as great as on an inauguration day. The Hall was handsomely decorated with American flags arched over each doorway, draped in black. Over the Speaker's desk a large American flag was thrown across, and directly over the Speaker's chair was a handsome large imperial photograph of General Thomas.

The Marine band was seated in the centre of the north gallery, and with their bright scarlet uniforms made an agreeable contrast with the graver colors on either side of them.

Most of the members were in the hall early. A number of extra chairs had been brought in and a circle of seats arranged directly in front of the members desks for the President and Cabinet, and the Judges of the Supreme Court.

At twenty minutes past eight the President and his secretaries having assembled in the President's room in the north wing of the Capitol, proceeded to the Hall of the House of Representatives and were joined at the Supreme Court room by Chief Justice Chase and the associate judges. Entering the Hall at the main entrance, they advanced through the aisle and took their seats, the President occupying the first seat on the left, with his Cabinet on his left and Chief Justice Chase the first seat on the right with the other judges to his right.

Immediately in the rear of the President was seated General Sherman, with General Meigs behind him. Behind the Cabinet officers were being simply in the execution of the work; that of the Indian being somewhat coarser than the genuine. Other counterfeits are on the market, which are in all particulars the same as the genuine, except the wording, which is slightly different in the spelling of our name.

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Speeches of Secretary Cox, General Sherman, Chief Justice Chase, General Schurz, General Garfield, General Warner, General Slocum and General Stoughton.

REMARKS OF GENERAL BERNARD M. M'COOK, OF COLORADO, IN INTRODUCING THE RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Chairman, I have been charged by the committee with the duty of presenting for your consideration these resolutions of respect to the memory of our late beloved friend and commander.

It becomes a most difficult task to express in fitting terms our regard for the departed, when a nation of mourners stand by to listen.

As to life General Thomas was so good and pure as to escape the criticism to which other public men are generally subjected in death. He is far beyond and above all words of ordinary eulogy. The most appropriate eulogy he could have in the presence here tonight, not only of the one soldiers of his army who served under him and of his comrade commanders, but also of those representatives of the people of the United States, who conferred upon him his well earned rank and honors, all gathered sorrowfully together to pay the last necessary a last tribute of reverence and respect.

George H. Thomas, in life, had no enemies save the enemies of his country. His heart was as tender as a woman's, and yet instinct overflowing toward all except the foes of his flag, and against them his arm was always raised, resistlessly and unsparingly. But I cease to speak of his military services, for his daily life and eminent public services than I to sketch his career and do justice to his greatness. He has gone! and those who knew him and loved him as I did, can only fill the void in their hearts with the memory of his many virtues, which shall blossom forever and bear the fragrance of his noble deeds to our children and our children's children.

He died, as he lived, a true soldier, and, and to him a new honor yet he had already won the friendship of all the people there by his simple manners and modest goodness; and it seemed fitting that the scene of his triumphant, so boundless in benevolence and so perfect in its symmetry should close amid the grand and solemn mountains of the Pacific, and a soldier from grave passed from earth wing its flight through the glories of the golden gate to eternal life beyond.

The resolutions were then read by Mr. McCook, as follows:

Whereas, we have spoken from as Major General George H. Thomas, beloved commander and comrade; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in lieu of enough to words of eulogy we can bestow will do justice to his noble life and character, yet we desire to express our appreciation of the irreparable loss his former soldiers, the army, and the nation have suffered through his death.

Resolved, That to him we recognize a soldier who was strong, strong and great in life, and in his dying, in those days when so many shrank from the darkness of our future never doubted any failure, and who, when the hour came, was ready to die for duty, unselfish honor, justice, faith and courage, endeared him to his followers, and was honored by his foes.

Resolved, That while his achievements on the battle fields of war will be remembered so long as the history is read, we, whom he loved to call his "people," will bear with us through life the lessons we learned from his life, and in the days of the dangers of battle and the trials of the past, others he was the great leader and proved chief; the trials of peace and the dangers of war, he was our comrade and our noble Christian gentleman.

Resolved, That in simple but massive greatness of character he was the representative of the best sets of life of his country, which characterized General Thomas, we recognize his likeness to him who was "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

Resolved, That his name and memory can never perish from the hearts of the people of the United States, and the last last words of our lost hero is to this record our love, our admiration and our reverence.

General Sherman's Speech.

MR. PRESIDENT: I was told by the committee of arrangements that the part assigned me on this occasion was simply to second the motion for the adoption of these resolutions, and to say a few words personal to him in whose honor we are now assembled. I know that there are many to speak who know General George H. Thomas in life full manhood, and I know they will do justice to so noble a subject.

My thoughts naturally turn to that earlier period of his life, thirty years ago, when life was fresh and new, when little was behind and all before him, when we used to see him in full, manly strength on the beach at Lauderdale, Florida, spearing the sharks in the surf, or wading in the flats in the bright sunshine, or steering it in the intricate waves of the Everglades hunting for our then wiley foe; marching for days and weeks in the swamps, carrying his rifle and knapsack, and cutting with the brush to make his bed above water; sitting by the camp fire testing the comparative merits of the alligator and coon as human food; or lying in tent, at Fort Moultrie, when we were studying and practicing the art of war from reading history, discussing the relative merits of the old flint-lock and the new percussion musket; experimenting with round shot, grapeshot and canister; speculating about the fate had been cast in an era of eternal peace, and grumbling at the slowness of promotion. Even then some of us thought we discerned in our comrade, Thomas, some of the attributes of Washington.

In our then seclusion at Fort Moultrie we heard the rumbling of the storm gathering at the Southwest, at the establishment of the camp of observation, and subsequently of the army of occupation of Texas. Soon came an order for Bragg's company to go to New Orleans, and how we all envied them the opportunity for travel and adventure. Thomas was the first lieutenant of the company, and it fell to my share to command the battalion—to escort it to the beach off which laid the low, dirty vessel, the Rio Grande, which was then our transport, and to see it safely on board on their destination. As the men embarked in the boats I could not restrain the impulse to give three hearty cheers for our comrades bound for the war, and to return got a reprimand from the commanding officer of the post, Major Robert Anderson, for making such unmilitary noise at the beach. Soon the Mexican war scattered our little garrison, and few now remain. Some were killed, in battle, some lie in the deep blue sea, and others fell victims to disease; yet Thomas was spared.

In 1851, as captain of artillery, he came to California, where I was a citizen, and we there renewed our long and intimate relations of the preceding years of our lives. He was then sent to Fort Yuma, and I did not meet him again until the civil war brought us again together in the same country. Our old captain, Robert Anderson, had become a brigadier general, and was assigned to command in Kentucky. He applied for the assistance of Hunt, Burnside, Thomas and Sherman, and I know that in order to secure Mr. Thomas a commission of brigadier general, he had to pledge his personal faith, he being a Virginian, that he would remain true and faithful to the Union cause. You all know how that pledge has been redeemed. This carried Thomas to Kentucky, and this period of his history I leave to others.

In the old army I was always above Thomas, and was commissioned a brigadier general of volunteers before he was; but the battle of Mill Spring won for him fairly the grade of major general, so that when events brought us together on the battle-field which he was my superior officer, and I was glad to serve under him. But events soon led him eastward and me westward, so that I did not meet him again until after Vicksburg had fallen and I had reached Chattanooga. Then we were equals in rank and command, having the same commissions—a common superior present. But General Grant was required to leave us and take the supreme command of all the armies in the field; and to me was assigned the Army of the West, of which General Thomas' command (the Army of the Cumberland) formed a part. He was perfectly content, and often assured me—of what I know full well—that he always shrank from high and delicate responsibility.

During the whole of the Atlanta campaign there was hardly a day but we spent hours together, and I never made a change in the subordinate parts of his command without his hearty consent. I could fill pages of personal reminiscences of that period of his life, but purposely abstain, that others, who were also with him, may illustrate it from their memories. I will only regret that the last movement, which resulted in the battle of Jonesboro' and the occupation of Atlanta, was delayed nearly a week in deference to his usually cautious advice; but when it was made, and realized in complete success, he was the first to recognize it, and manifested his feelings of delight in a manner quite unusual for him.

When the war was over Gen. Thomas stood, deservedly, most high in the estimation of all. As soon as the armies were disbanded I turned to Nashville to see him, and I know that he preferred to remain in command of the Department of the Cumberland, as he said, to complete the records of his history.

His habits were slow, methodical and simple. His wrote fluently, neatly and well; and when the historian comes to seek for the accurate statistics of the war, I am certain he will find those of the army of the Cumberland thorough and complete.

During the administration of Mr. Johnson, I have reason to know, he was offered other and higher commands, but he declined them, and when changes were made incident to the elevation of Gen. Grant to the Presidency, I know that he was consulted.

He was here in Washington at the time, and I repeatedly entreated him of the President's best wishes and high regard; assured him that he could have the Division of the Pacific, then held by Gen. Halleck; or that the Department of the Cumberland would be enlarged to any extent he wanted. At first he thought that because he had for many years served on the extreme frontier he was entitled to an Eastern station; but he at once realized that Gen. Meade, his senior, who had been already named, had the better claim for the Division of the Atlantic; therefore he elected to be assigned to the Division of the Pacific. He chose it freely and knowingly, for he had been there. He knew the importance of the command; that San Francisco was one of the most thriving and agreeable cities in our country, and was proverbial for its healthful climate. I cannot learn that he had any doubts or misgivings to the contrary, and when we look for a cause of death, I apprehend it will be found far back, and may be traced to past exposures, to the long, long, weary days and nights incident to his life, to the deep mental struggles that ever attend tumults and wars, and to the providence of a God that rules all things for the best.

Remarks of Chief Justice Chase.

At the conclusion of the remarks of Gen Sherman, the chairman announced Chief Justice Chase as the next speaker.

The Chief Justice's voice was not sufficient to fill the hall, and the entrance of several persons to the reporters' gallery prevented our reporters from getting as full a report as could have been desired. The Chief Justice spoke substantially as follows:

Mr. Chairman, I have come here to-night with my brother associates of the Supreme Court to unite with the nation's representatives in honoring the memory of a great soldier, one who was also a great man. Our spheres of duty were widely separated, yet it was my good fortune to know something of this great man, and that acquaintance enabled me to see and appreciate the hidden character.

I know with what alacrity he came to the city to defend our national capital, and to be ready to protect the flag, under whose folds he received his first instructions in the science of warfare. But it is not for me to go into the history of the war. I will say only a few words in reference to what I know of him as a private citizen. He was a man of wonderful intelligence, remarkable sagacity. We were aware what treasures of knowledge he had stored up, and very few, indeed, were they who knew the depth of his heart, and the nobility of his nature. If I were called upon to name one single virtue more conspicuous in his character than another, it would be that of self-abnegation, an absolutely unconscious was his lack of self.

His humility was profound and sincere. His love for his country was true. In short, Mr. Chairman, he was a man without fear and without reproach. Indeed, the eloquent description by the inspired writer when he speaks of the truly just man seems most applicable to him. he was a man among men, whose virtues were so conspicuous and yet so modest that they could not be regarded as a soldier, he was so wise, so just, and so good as a man. Such a man not only honors his country, but honors humanity. Very grand is this character. Such was Gen. Thomas. It is great, and yet, so true, so simple, as we now look back upon it in this day and generation, so "thick quilted," as Carlyle would say, with "insincerities" about it, that the hero, sincere, just, stern, yet with all this rugged pride of manhood there was seen a soul tenderly affectionate and loyally submissive to what was really higher than man. Power, when ashamed to have its friends not to go to Hell lest it should lose his life, replied: "It is necessary that I should go to Rome, but it is not necessary that I should live."

Sorrowful, sincerely friends anxious for his safety, "Heaven will be as near from the Pyramids of Egypt, as from St. Paul's in London."

Henry Clay said "he would rather be right than President."

George H. Thomas was equal to saying and doing all these. He was a slow man; slow to decide, but the decision was nearly always right; slow to move, but irresistible when he moved; slow to condemn, but inexorable when in judgment; slow to anger, but when stirred overwhelming in his wrath. When his great victory at Nashville was fully assured, at Chickamauga, he was terrible as a volcano, and filled as army with his vehement energy.

My countrymen there is great hope for a country which could produce such a man as George H. Thomas, and we need not fear to trust with self-government a people who can appreciate and love such a man. Next to being a poet, is the capacity to recognize a poet; next to being a hero, is to know a hero when you see him.

The universal love which the American people felt for General Thomas, and the homage which they now render to his living and dead, is true hero worship, and testifies to the existence in their hearts of the qualities of justice, sincerity, courage, and self-sacrificing patriotism, which they recognized and adored in their hero.

Some of the words by Abraham Lincoln at Gettysburg, in the presence of the dead soldiers there, seemed to me so appropriate, that I cannot refrain from saying them here.

"It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us, that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain; that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, and for the people, shall not perish from the earth."

Gen. Slocum's Remarks.

General Slocum said: My acquaintance with General Thomas dated back nearly twenty years. He was my instructor at the Military Academy and my commander during a portion of the war. I knew him well; and yet I feel that I can say nothing which will serve to throw new light upon his character or his services. Both are thoroughly understood and appreciated by the country.

Our civil war presented to General Thomas the opportunity of developing those admirable traits of character, the possession of which has ever distinguished him in the temples of fame—such an enduring place in the hearts of his countrymen.

At the commencement of the rebellion, when every breeze from the South came to the North freighted with the news of the defection of those who should have been true, when every one personally acquainted with the officers of our army and navy was discussing the probable course of prominent Southern men, no one who knew him ever asked "where will Thomas go?" There were elements in his character known to his associates which left no room for doubt or uncertainty as to his course. The pernicious doctrine so often taught in these halls that allegiance to one's State is a duty paramount to that due to the nation had already found its advocates in both the army and navy. This doctrine, so fatal to the perpetuity of the Union, furnished the excuse for treachery, and the political conspirators who were eager to precipitate a war upon us, but who realized the necessity of securing the aid of military men, were not slow in presenting the inducements. The highest positions in the new confederacy were freely promised the officers of our army as inducements to desert their flag. Those from the South who hesitated were threatened with the fate of the Tories of the Revolution.

General Thomas had not only the inducements presented to all other officers from the South, but he had from his native State the examples of Lee, Jackson, Hill and many others. In the midst of it all, when the South was wild with excitement and the North was doing nothing to avert the approaching storm; when the South was apparently gaining strength daily, and the North as apparently losing; when we had unmistakable evidence that the sympathies of the ruling Powers of England and France were with the South—in all this Gen. Thomas was asked what he intended to do. His answer was the same that he gave to the same question at the battle of Chickamauga, when all our army except his own command had become more or less demoralized, and were falling back from one position to another, "what am I going to do?" said he, "why, I am going to stay where I am." And fortunate it was for us that in both instances he stuck where he was. Fortunate, on account of the important services rendered by him, but more fortunate still on account of the glory and honor he has reflected upon our country, and the illustrious example he has given for those who are to follow him.

As an instructor at West Point Thomas was a severe disciplinarian, and yet he enforced discipline without effort. He was so respected, so beloved by the cadets that no punishment or threat of punishment was ever necessary from him. I was not surprised on joining his command in the West to find the same feeling towards him prevailing among officers and men of his entire command that I had witnessed among his pupils at West Point—feelings not only of respect approaching almost to reverence, but feelings of deep, personal attachment.

Of him I can say what I cannot of any other officer with whom I ever served. During all my association with the officers and men of his command I never heard one speak disrespectfully or unkindly of him. No one ever complained of injustice or unfair