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VOL XI WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1870. NO. 115.

Auction Sales.

TO-DAY.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, 519 Southeast corner of Seventh and D streets.

Administrator's sale of the personal effects of the late Edward P. Colby, deceased, by order of the honorable Orphans' Court of the District of Columbia, in front of the auction-rooms of Green & Williams, on SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Terms: Cash.

J. P. COLBY, Administrator.
ap7-ds GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.

FUTURE DAYS.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs (Successors to James C. McGuire & Co.), Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

On MONDAY MORNING, April 11, at 10 o'clock, at No. 510 Eleventh street southwest, I shall sell the furniture, &c., consisting of Bedsteads, Bureaus and Washstands, Wardrobes, Chairs and Tables, Mattresses, Blankets and Comforts, Crockery and Glassware, Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Siqueletos, &c.

Terms: Cash.

SAMUEL CROSS, Executor.
ap8-ds COOPER & LATIMER, Auctioneers.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, No. 519 southeast corner of Seventh and D streets.

By virtue of a deed of trust from St. Clair Davis and wife, duly acknowledged, trustee, dated on the 20th day of September, 1869, and recorded in Liber B. H. S. No. 26, folios 18, et seq., one of the Land Records of Washington county, I will sell, on MONDAY, the 9th day of May, 1870, in front of the premises, at the hour of 6 o'clock, p. m., all that part of lot or ground in the city of Washington, known as Square 263, square numbered one hundred and sixty-three (163)—according to the subdivision thereof by Samuel Davidson—bounded by Pennsylvania avenue, by Fifteenth street west and north G street, conveyed by Wm. Morris and wife to St. Clair Davis by deed bearing date 16th of August, 1869, and recorded in Liber B. H. S. No. 26, folios 14, &c., reference thereto being had for a more full description of said parcel of land.

Also, the west half of Lot four (4,) in Davidson's subdivision of said Square 263, the same fronting fourteen feet six inches, more or less, on Pennsylvania avenue, being the same conveyed to said Davis by A. Hyde and John O. Clark by deed dated November 4, 1869, and recorded in Liber B. H. S. No. 26, folios 12, &c., reference to which is hereby made for a fuller description of said property, with the improvements, which are a new Masonry Frame House, fronting on F street, between Connecticut avenue and Fifteenth street west.

Terms: One third cash; balance in 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser to give his notes for the deferred payments, bearing interest from day of sale. A deed given and a deed in trust taken on the premises to secure the payment of the purchase money. All conveyancing and recording at the cost of the purchaser; $200 to be paid down when the property is sold. If the terms should not be complied with within five days from the day of sale, the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, by advertisement in some newspaper printed in the city of Washington.

JOHN R. JOHNSON, Trustee.
ap8-ed&ds GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auct's., New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902, S. E. cor. Pa. ave. and 9th st.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON SOUTH L STREET, BETWEEN SEVENTH AND TWELFTH STREETS, S.W.

By virtue of two deeds of trust from Wm. Talbert et ux., to the undersigned, dated 9th June, 1869, and 27th March, 1868, and recorded in Liber B. H. S. No. 25, folio 400, and Liber B. H. S. No. 24, folio 340, and at the request of the treasurer of the building association secured thereby, we will sell, at the premises, on SATURDAY, the 23d day of April instant, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., the west half of Lot numbered nine, (9,) in Square numbered nine hundred and twenty-six, (926,) fronting twenty-five (25) feet on L street, and extending back to the rear of the lot, with the improvements thereon.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, of which $200 must be deposited at the time of sale and the residue within five days thereafter; the balance in six and twelve months, to be secured by a deed of trust, with interest from the day of sale. If the terms are not complied with within five days, the deposit to be forfeited and the property to resold at the risk and cost of the delinquent purchaser.

FRED. P. JOHNSON, EDWARD C. PARK, Trustees Eastern Building Association.
GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.
ap6-dts

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs., (Successors to J. C. McGuire & Co.,) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN THE FIRST WARD.

By virtue of a Decree of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, passed on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1869, and passed in a cause wherein Annie E. Cathcart is complainant, and Arthur and Amelia Cathcart, and others are defendants, the undersigned, trustee, will offer for sale, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of April instant, at 5 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, all those desirable lots or parcels of land, known and designated on the plat of the city of Washington as the south half of lot numbered four (4) in Square numbered one hundred and twenty-three (123) fronting 50 feet on North L street, and Twenty-ninth street west fronting 50 feet on North L street, and 54 feet on north L street, and eleven (11,) fronting 54 feet also on north L street, in Square numbered fifteen, (15,) containing together fifteen thousand square feet, more or less, and situated near to and west of St. Stephen's Church and south of Pennsylvania avenue.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by said decree, are: One third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in three equal installments at six, twelve, and eighteen months, respectively, with interest, to be secured by approved notes, with reserved lien. The terms of sale must be complied with in one week after sale, or the property may be resold at the risk and cost of the purchaser, after one week's notice. Conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser.

R. S. CROSWELL, Trustee.
COOPER & LATIMER, Auctioneers.
ap6-eod&ds

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auct's., New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902, S. E. cor. Pa. ave. and 9th St.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND LOT ON K STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS, AT AUCTION.

On MONDAY AFTERNOON, April 18, at 5 o'clock, in front of the premises, I will sell, by virtue of a deed of trust, duly recorded, &c., &c., all that certain piece or parcel of land known and described as part of Lot number (2,) in Square number (419,) on K street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, and corner of an alley, improved by a three-story Brick House.

Terms of sale: One-third cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest, to be secured by a deed of trust on the premises sold. All conveyancing and revenue stamps at purchaser's cost. A deposit of $200 will be required as soon as the property is sold.

JEREMIAH H. MILLER, Trustee.
ap7 WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

CONSTABLE SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of f. f. to me directed, by E. J. Kiefer, J. P., in and for the county of Washington, D. C., at the suit of Wm. Bilmer & Co., I have seized and taken in execution the following goods and chattels, viz: One clock, one wire safe, one refrigerator, one pan, one water pitcher, one cracker dish, five bottles claret, two bottles bitters, four bottles porter, twenty bottles British ale, fifteen tumblers, one white pitcher, half gallon blackberry, half gallon gin, five gallons whisky, one barrel containing about five gallons whisky, three kegs containing about half barrel ale. Also, will sell all and singular the good will and unexpired term of lease of that certain messuage or tenement and premises, No. 937 D street, known as the Tontine Restaurant.

I hereby give notice that on TUESDAY, the 19th day of April, 1870, at 10 o'clock a. m., I will offer for sale at

No. 937 D st., bet. 9th and 10th sts. west, the said goods and chattels so seized and taken in execution as the property of Rudolph Richards, for cash, to the highest bidder.

O. KIMMELL, Constable.
Office—Room M, City Hall.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8, 1870. ap8-d,3,10

New Publications.

"SELF HELP," with illustrations of character, conduct, and perseverance, by Samuel Smiles, author of "The Huguenots," &c. Published by Harper & Bros., New York. For sale by Blanchard & Mohun, corner of Eleventh street and Pennsylvania avenue.

"THE BAZAR BOOK OF DECORUM," embracing the care of the person, manners, etiquette, and ceremonials. Published by Harper & Bros., New York. For sale by Blanchard & Mohun.

"DERNHAM'S VOW," a novel, (illustrated,) by Amelia B. Edwards, author of "Miss Carew," &c. Published by Harper & Bros., New York. For sale by Blanchard & Mohun.

"TOM BROWN'S SCHOOL DAYS," new edition, (with illustrations,) by An Old Boy. Published by Harper & Bros., New York. For sale by Blanchard & Mohun.

"HOME INFLUENCE," by Grace Aguilar. A tale for mothers and daughters; 1 vol., 12mo, illustrated. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York. For sale by French, Langran & Ogilvie, No. 324 Pennsylvania avenue.

"PROVERBS' ECCLESIASTES, AND THE SONG OF SOLOMON," with notes critical, explanatory and practical, designed for both pastors and people, by Rev. Henry Cowles, D. D. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York. For sale by French, Langran & Ogilvie.

"MARY'S GRAMMAR," interspersed with stories, and intended for the use of children, by Mrs. Marcet, author of "Conversations on Chemistry," &c., new edition, revised and enlarged. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York. For sale by French, Langran & Ogilvie.

"GEORGE CANTERBURY'S WILL," By Mrs. Henry Wood, author of "East Lynne," &c. Published by T. B. Peterson & Bros., Philadelphia. For sale by Joseph Shillington, corner Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

FROM FRENCH, LANGRAN & OGILVIE we have monthly part No. 12 of "Appleton's Journal."

FROM J. C. PARKER, Seventh street, opposite the Post Office, and Jos. Shillington, corner Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, "Every Saturday" for April 16; "Appleton's Journal" for April 16; "The Independent" for April 7; "The Nation" for April 7; "The Scientific American" for April 9, and the "Hearth and Home" for April 16.

Special Notices

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address, A. BOTTS, Attorney at Law, ap8-1m* No. 78 Nassau st., New York City.

SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES.

BEWARE FOR YOUNG MEN, or Single and Wedded Life—the dangers of Celibacy, and the love of true Marriage; with sanitary and for those who are in any way afflicted for marriage. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. jel2-ly

A CARD.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Those who suppose they have been cured by this noble remedy, prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipt for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to anyone who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, ap8-4m Station D, Bible House, New York City.

GEN. THOMAS IS SAID TO HAVE RESEMBLED Lincoln in character, more than any other soldier, the immortal Washington. Call early for the new and popular work, "Cable Recollections of Washington," by Lossing, and scores of other works of the Rebellion, Revolution, &c., at HOPKINS', 1331 Pennsylvania avenue.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE FRANKLIN PUBLISHING COMPANY another full invoice of those Superior Shoe-Gaiters, and prize at gold (factory) prices, at 1331 Pennsylvania avenue.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Stationery, Initial Note Paper, Blank Books, &c. A large discount, at the FRANKLIN BOOKSTORE, 1331 Pennsylvania avenue.

NEW BOOKS—THIRD SUPPLY JUST IN.—"Old Curiosity Shop," new edition; "Life is a Trial," by Loving; "Life of Webster; Freaks Sleeping Heavenward; Gail Hamilton's Battle of the Books; Miss Parlor Helper; Lucy Oakes' Age, &c.; Health by Good Living; Priestland Sue; Barnum's Autobiography; U. S. Dispensatory, last edition; Repetition of Masons; Tennyson's Poems, complete, Harper's edition, &c., &c. &c. Discount to all, and 20 to 40 per cent. saved on large purchases, at HOPKINS' New Bookstore, 1331 Pennsylvania avenue.

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!! LAW BOOKS!! Brightly's Digest, Laws of Business, and all of the new and popular Law Books, at a liberal discount, by the FRANKLIN PUBLISHING COMPANY, 1331 Pennsylvania avenue. ap8-tf

SELLING AT COST

In order to work off a Large Surplus Stock, and keep pace with the universal demand for a Reduction in prices, we have this day marked our entire Stock

AT COST FOR CASH,

And now offer to the public,

FOR THIRTY DAYS,

A Splendid Assortment of

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND UNDERWEAR,

FOR

LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN,

At prices that must command attention from all in want of First-class Goods at LOW PRICES.

In addition to goods already enumerated, we have a Large Stock of

NOTIONS,

STAPLE TRIMMINGS,

AND TOILET ARTICLES,

Which we offer at the same reduction.

As these Goods are sold strictly from Invoice Prices, based upon the present rate of Gold, no deviation can be allowed.

We respectfully solicit an inspection of Stock and comparison of prices before purchasing.

J. WALTER PILLING,
535 Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treasury Department.
ap6-tf

GENUINE

VICHY WATER,

Bottled under the supervision of the French Government,

For Dyspepsia, Gout, Gravel and Diabetes; diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder. &c. Use none but the genuine. For sale by

THOMAS RUSSELL,
ap5-1m 1313 Pennsylvania avenue

Special Notice.

The citizens of the District are respectfully informed that

ROBERT FULTON & CO.,

314 NINTH STREET,

Between D street and Pennsylvania avenue, Have recently made extensive arrangements for

LOANING MONEY

ON

Merchandise of Every Description

AT THE

LOWEST RATES,

SUMS OF $1,000 AND OVER AT SIX PER CENT.

Open EVERY DAY (Sundays not excepted) from 6 a. m., to 7 p. m.

N. B.—The Daily Christian Life Office is in this District. 1-tf,ly

WASHINGTON FACTS AND IMPRESSIONS.

INTERNAL REVENUE receipts yesterday were $387,155.54.

J. H. McILVAINE, son of Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, and chief clerk of the tonnage division Bureau of Statistics, died yesterday.

SHERIDAN SHOOK, formerly collector of the Thirty-second New York District, is here in reference to business matters connected with his administration of affairs in that district.

S. R. HARLOW, recently appointed collector of the Fourth New York district, filed his bond yesterday, which was accepted, and the commission issued. Mr. Harlow left here last evening for New York to enter upon the discharge of his duties.

THE HOUSE Committee on Appropriations had under consideration yesterday the deficiency bill as reported from the Senate with sundry amendments to the House bill, and agreed to recommend non-concurrence in nearly all the amendments proposed by the Senate.

THE LEGAL-TENDER CASES.—Hon. J. B. Beck, of Kentucky, yesterday moved in the United States Supreme Court for the reopening of the Hepburn-Griswold case, the leading legal-tender case decided at the present term. The motion was taken under advisement, but by a decision of the court, no decided case will be re-opened unless it be requested by one of the concurring justices.

MOVEMENTS AGAINST THE INCOME TAX.—Mr. Hill, of New Jersey, has received a memorial containing thirteen hundred names, asking that the income tax be abolished, and claiming it to be iniquitous, inquisitorial, and unjust. A member from Illinois has received a communication from his constituents stating that clubs are forming in his district to oppose this tax and to defeat any candidate for Congress who has favored the continuance of the tax.

THE SECOND AUDITOR, Hon. E. B. French, has prepared a circular in reference to the recent decision of the Supreme Court, in which he says that it applies only to men who enlisted for three years, between May 4th and July 22, 1861, and were honorably discharged. Discharge for promotion does not entitle the soldier promoted to this bounty. Soldiers entitled to this bounty will not be entitled to bounty under act of July 28, 1866. The bounty there promised is upon certain conditions named in the act, and the decision does not change these conditions.

HON. AARON A. SARGENT, of California, and other members of Congress representing fruit growing districts, were in consultation with Deputy Commissioner Given yesterday in reference to a new bill proposed to be offered in the House, specially providing for the distillation of brandy from apples, peaches and grapes exclusively by special statute. It is not proposed to relieve this class of spirits from any of the burthens of taxation imposed upon others, but simply to exempt the distillers thereof from the many requirements of the present law not applicable to their mode of distillation.

NATIONAL THEATRE.—As was expected a crowded house greeted the fair Lotta at her benefit last night. Buckstone's lively operetta, the "Pet of the Petticoats," and the farce of "Nan, the Good-for-Nothing," were the attraction. The same bill will be repeated this afternoon at the matinee and also this evening. On Monday night a new play, dramatized expressly for Lotta, by John Brougham, esq., from Chas. Dickens' popular novel of the "Old Curosity Shop," entitled "Little Nell and the Marchioness," will be produced, including several new members added to the dramatic company.

THE BRADLEY CASE IN THE SUPREME COURT.—On motion of A. G. Riddle, esq., certain papers touching the moral qualifications of A. A. Bradley, which had been handed up to the court, were yesterday returned to him by the direction of the court. On Thursday Mr. Bradley addressed a written application for the papers to the Chief Justice, which was returned to him through the clerk of the court, with the suggestion that the motion should be made by counsel in open court, and it was accordingly made. The motion for the admission of Bradley was now withdrawn, pending the report of the committee appointed to inquire as to his fitness for the position of a member of the bar. No indorsement was made by the court on Bradley's written application, as has been stated.

IMPORTANT TO DISTILLERS.—Commissioner Delano will issue a circular letter on Monday next, calling attention to the provisions of section 7, act of July 20, 1868, which requires every distiller to renew his bond on the 1st day of May, or permanently discontinue his business. Distillers, it appears, have been in the habit of continuing their business without having renewed their bonds until a later day in the month. This will be strictly prohibited, and every such person will be treated as an illicit distiller; and they should understand that with the last day of April all rights as distillers terminate until such time as their bond is renewed to the approval of the assessor. The fact, however, of a distiller failing to renew his bond does not require the withdrawal of his spirits from his bonded warehouse; but the spirits will be allowed to remain in bond in charge of the storekeeper according to the condition of the bond.

OLE BULL'S CONCERT.—The gifted Norwegian demonstrated to a house overfilled, for the first mild spring night, that he has lost none of his extraordinary control over that mysterious instrument—the violin. His assistants in his present concerting tour are creditable as artistes. Miss Safford has a full, agreeable soprano voice. Mr. MacDonald is an excellent tenor, and he knows how to husband his power; not overstraining his voice in a hall that he can fill without effort. His encore ballad, "Will he come back again," was rendered with excellent taste in execution, and exceedingly melodious.

Mr. Hoffman shows himself a master at the piano, (although the programme was printed in the interest of Knabe & Co., we noticed "Steinway" very prominent on the instrument used last night,) and his "Mocking Bird" was a gem in that ingenious style of music.

We do not think, however, that Ole Bull gave his audience as good a selection as he has done on previous occasions. The public are getting tired of the trickery of the "Carnival of Venice," and would even prefer something else to the inevitable "Sweet Home," when an encore is demanded.

THE WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN for this week contains full reports of the exercises at Israel Church on Sunday last in honor of the Fifteenth Amendment, the serenade to the President, Senator Sumner and others, and the speech of Hon. B. Rush Plumly on the same subject. Full reports also of the exercises at the Capitol in respect to the memory of the late General Thomas, and the exercises under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic at Masonic Hall, a variety of well selected reading matter, departmental news, leading articles and communications on important subjects, an interesting letter from a foreign correspondent on Corsica and Corsicans, the admirable defence of the daughter of Capt. Perkins in relation to the claims of her father against the Russian Government, news matters of general interest, and more than can be enumerated in this notice of the weekly. We would suggest to all wishing a compendium of the important events of the past week to purchase copies of the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN, and mail them to their friends elsewhere. For sale in wrappers at the office ready for mailing.

GEN. BUTLER'S INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.—General Butler's investigation in regard to the abuses of the privileges of the House in the publication of certain matters before being presented to the House, but more especially in reference to the action of what is called the "Cuban Lobby," and the part taken therein by members of Congress and newspaper correspondents, advances slowly. Dr. Bliss, who was the attending physician of Secretary Rawlins, and eagerly interested in the success of the Cubans, has been before the committee, and refused to answer certain questions. It is expected, as soon as the investigation is closed, that Dr. Bliss will be brought to the bar of the House, and that Mr. Butler will ask that he be compelled to answer the questions, or be committed for contempt of the privileges of the House. The committee yesterday visited Providence hospital in this city to take the testimony of a patient therein, who was said to know where a large amount of money or Cuban bonds had been expended to secure favorable action by Congress.

The witness recited some vague rumors which he had heard, but of his own knowledge knew nothing. Gen. Butler, after the examination, said: "Pooh, pooh! He don't know any more than nine-tenths of the other witnesses." Senor Ruiz, Secretary of the Cuban Junta, was examined, and testified that he had been approached by a black-haired and black-whiskered man, who proposed for a certain sum to obtain the influence of all the leading newspaper correspondents here, but he could not give the name of the man. A New York newspaper correspondent testified that he had met a certain man, answering to the above description, coming out of Mr. Ruiz's room, and that Ruiz had imparted to him (the correspondent) the information before given, but the correspondent could not give the name of "the black-haired man." The committee is now energetically endeavoring to run down all lobbyists who possess "black hair, a low stature, and black whiskers."—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times, 8th.*

ARMY REUNION.

The Sixth Army Corps Yesterday—The Army of the Potomac To-Day—General Grant Expected to be Present.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—The reunion of the members of the Sixth Army Corps Legion was celebrated at noon to-day at Horticultural Hall. Colonel Latta presided. The annual report was read. Speeches were made by Generals King and Franklin. Officers for the ensuing year were elected.

The second annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac will take place to-morrow at the Academy of Music. Gen. Sheridan will preside. An oration will be delivered by Gen. Martindale and an original poem read by George H. Boker, Secretary of the Union League. President Grant is expected to reach the city from Troy in time to take part in the reunion. He has declined an invitation to breakfast at the Union League House on account of the uncertainty of the hour of his arrival in Philadelphia.

Celebration of the Fifteenth Amendment.

LOUISVILLE, April 8.—There was an immense turn out of the negroes here to-day celebrating the fifteenth amendment. The procession was three quarters of an hour in passing a given point. Banners and transparancies formed quite a feature of the procession. Good order prevailed, only one disturbance having occurred.

A negro was arrested by the police and an attempt at rescue was made, which at one time looked serious. White and colored speakers delivered addresses.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The colored citizens celebrated the fifteenth amendment by a procession ten thousand strong.

Suicide of a Murderer.

GALVESTON, April 8.—Leroy Colton, who was to have been executed here to-day for the murder of Major Lochman last April, committed suicide this morning at 5 o'clock by taking morphine. He left a letter requesting his body to be given to his mother, and also that a knife be buried in the coffin with him.

Latest Telegraphic Brevities.

One of the results of the completion of the Suez canal is, that the Bombay cotton sent by that way has been returned to India from Huddersfield as yarn in 44 days. The time usually required by the way of Cape of Good Hope is 90 days.

It is reported in San Francisco that Commissioner Delano has ordered the release of a large of lot whisky which was seized by the revenue officials some time since, and over which there has been so much controversy.

A family named Gove, in Massachusetts, is dangerously ill of trichinosis, caused by eating diseased pork.

Ada Cushman, a well known theatrical manager, died in New York yesterday.

The New York Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church has voted in favor of lay delegations 141 to 80.

Memorial service in honor of the late Dudley Thompson, was held in St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, New York, yesterday afternoon.

George W. McLean vacates the street-commissionership of New York on Monday. It is reported that William W. Tweed is to be commissioner of public works and Michael Norton chief deputy, John S. Bradley head of the street works and Nathaniel Davi a head of the police commissioners, and that nine of the future aldermen are to be Democrats and six Republicans.

The North German Parliament adjourned yesterday.

The Mississippi Legislature has adopted resolutions in favor of the El Paso railroad.

James Tuck, who was killed in Jackson, Miss., on Thursday, was buried on Friday, and had a large and imposing funeral.

The weather yesterday was delightful throughout England.

Underwriters to London ask 20 guineas premium on the steamer City of Brussels. She is believed to be safe, however, as she has plenty of canvass.

Two robbers stole $20,000 from the Cleveland (Ohio) Savings Bank yesterday, but they were promptly captured, and the money recovered.

George Hunnewell was pardoned out of the Massachusetts State prison yesterday. He has been there twenty-two years, and is now 69 years old.

MR. AND MRS. S. H. MUMFORD, living near Colona, Ill., were murdered on the night of the 5th instant by two men, who sought to obtain $1,600, which it was known Mr. Mumford had received for his farm. Mr. Mumford's head was completely severed from his body. They also knocked a little boy on the head and left him for dead, but he afterwards revived. The murderers got the money and made their escape.

THE Missouri, about which there were some apprehensions for her safety, arrived in New York from Havana yesterday morning.

ANTIQUARIANS are profoundly interested in the discovery of a great Roman amphitheatre in the excavations now going on at Mount Genevieve, in Paris.

THE moaning of the tied—a husband's grumbling.

THE McFARLAND TRIAL.

Opening of the Case for the Defence—Powerful and Interesting Speech of Mr. Spencer—Who and What Richardson Was—His Character That of a Libertine—The Astor House Marriage Portrayed—Testimony for the Defence—Interesting Details.

NEW YORK, April 8.—*Fifth Day.*—The McFarland trial was resumed this morning. The interest of the people seems to deepen as the case progresses. The room is filled to repletion with attentive spectators. The stairs and corridors are rendered almost impassable by disappointed applicants for admission, and in the space in front of the building were to be seen groups earnestly discussing the case, and speculating as to its probable result.

Upon the reassembling of the court, Mr. Spencer rose to open the case upon the part of defendant, and an old friend of his, and he was deeply impressed with the importance of the duty devolved upon him, and with a full assurance of the successful result of his efforts.

He was about to tell to them and to the world the story of an humble birth and struggling life, and of a libertine child-robber, sent into eternity by the avenging bullet of an outraged father and husband. The duty devolved upon the jury, who were the arbiters of the prisoner's fate. He had listened to the opening speech of the learned District Attorney to whom he felt called upon to make some allusions. The District Attorney had called to his aid the distinguished gentleman who was near being a Senator, and who was an ex-judge and Representative in Congress. His appearance in the case proved fatal to hopes. No private counsel should have been imported into the case to participate in the prosecution whose object was to place a citizen on the scaffold and in a dishonored grave. He, Judge Davis, would be better employed in his duty as a legislator than trying to cause this man, the defendant, to follow the footsteps of the miserable man, who but an hour ago expiated his crime on the scaffold. He wanted the jury to beware lest in their dying hour they have to reflect that they sent into eternity before his time a man, who in a moment of irresistible passion killed the destroyer of his home and the destroyer of his happiness.

No witness has seen McFarland's countenance; no one has heard him say a word, and those facts should be remembered. The paper upon which he wrote when standing could be found, it would prove that McFarland was then in an insane condition of mind. They remembered how a witness had called once before Richardson cast a triumphant look over his shoulder at his victim. Such a glance as it was described to be was calculated to make a man mad. Some time before the fatal occurrence Richardson had made his life for the wife of his client, and she is now rioting in the proceeds of the insurance. At the time Richardson was pistolled by McFarland he (McFarland) was not responsible for his action either in the eyes of God or the laws of man. It was necessary to look into the antecedents of the prisoner in order to fully understand the case and to arrive at satisfactory conclusions. In this inquiry it was proper to regard the history of McFarland, of his ancestors and family, and the circumstances immediately preceding the homicide.

The speaker then alluded to the case of Cole and Huntington, and contended that men apparently sane are, in a moment of supreme excitement, liable to yield to an uncontrollable impulse, for which they are irresponsible. McFarland was born in Ireland, but came to this country while yet young; his parents dying early, he was left to a strange land to struggle his way almost an orphan. He was good enough to enable him to get college, where he obtained the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He was of delicate constitution, and of a sensitively organized nature that would make of the woman he loved an idol to worship. Woe to that man who should attempt to rob him of that wife and children she brought him. After he finished his studies he went to Europe and studied under Humboldt and other eminent professors. Afterwards he was appointed a professor at the college of Brandywine, Del. In 1852, at Manchester, he became acquainted with the woman who is the figure now seriously in the case. From the woman was derived most of the unhappiness of the man, and often, too, she was the cause of misery and strife. She was then fifteen years old. At sixteen years she married McFarland; she was then young and beautiful, and little did she dream that the day would come when the husband she loved would kill her libertine seducer, and be arraigned for murder. A child was born to them, whom they called Jessie, and afterwards a beautiful boy, who now sits beside his father, and who, perhaps, is the best counsel his father could have.

Every attack upon the character of the defendant we are prepared to meet and refute by the highest and most unimpeachable testimony. He had in his enterprise succeeded, and married her with all she desired; but he, and by he became unfortunate and poor, and that at the time when his wife was saying to herself, "All I want is money to make me an elegant lady," was treated by her husband her friends with the utmost kindness and consideration. Here McFarland's character as a man of warm heart and ardent temperament, his wife was his idol, and if that idol was shattered, his life was wrecked and his reason shattered. In the summer of 1866 this woman became acquainted with the free lovers and Free Lovism, with whom every Jack has somebody else's Jill. She went to their parties and reunions, while he remained at home and cared for his children. About this time a woman of disreputable character, Mrs. Graham, a conspirator, pander, and procuress, who commenced the work of rendering Mrs. McFarland dissatisfied with her husband, and in the train of that feeling came misery and ruin.

In 1825 Albert D. Richardson was born; is an evil hour for this man. He was a correspondent during the war, was taken prisoner, and subsequently published several interesting works. He was a man well calculated to charm the woman (Mrs. McFarland) with whom he, about this time, became acquainted. Then commenced a plot to alienate Mrs. McFarland from her husband. Notes were exchanged, and through the instrumentality of Richardson she procured an engagement at the Winter Garden theatre. Richardson it was who used to accompany her home when his theatre was out. Notes were passed, and away Richardson and this woman would go out together, and often locked themselves in the same room. But the ruin of the woman did not satisfy Richardson, he also resolved to rob McFarland of his children.

The counsel, in continuation, related the circumstances of the intercourse between Richardson and Mrs. McFarland, claiming that the defence would show that the intercourse was an adulterous connection. Richardson became a boarder at the same house with the McFarlands. That was in 1867, McFarland came home, and discovered his wife coming out of Richardson's room. He expostulated with her, and to his remonstrances she returned evasive answers. She then moved in circles where she met such men as Colfax, Tilton, and others.

Her ambition was excited to such a degree that she was no longer satisfied with her husband's humble income. On the 21st of February, 1867, he went out of his home, his wife bidding him an affectionate farewell, and he returned to find his home desolate and his altar shattered. His wife had fled, taking her children with her. What then was the state of the prisoner's mind? His hopes were broken, his life rendered desolate and darkness and ruin encompassed him.

There was nothing in McFarland's conduct to justify his wife's action. The highest function of a woman is to minister to and soothe the sorrows of her husband. She deserted her husband when he most needed her ministration. At this time McFarland was accustomed to go into the Tribune office to see a man who he believed to be his friend, and one day while there he was handed a letter. It was in the handwriting of Richardson, addressed to Mrs. McFarland, and McFarland, as he was justified in doing, opened the letter. In that letter Richardson ridicules Puritan scruples, and tells this woman that he often in the night thought of her and longed to clasp his darling in his arms. Was not this enough to make any husband with the heart of a man in his bosom mad?

The counsel had a wife whom he loved, and whom he believed as pure as an angel that ministers at the throne, and if he found such a letter from any man to her he would shoot him dead. (Applause.) Soon after Richardson went to live in Samuel Sinclair's, and she follows him, and they occupy apartments adjoining, and every morning finds them hugging and kissing one another. Meanwhile McFarland goes to his wife's last boarding house. He breaks open her trunk, and out of it he tumbles the portrait of Richardson and several letters from him.

What then was his condition of mind, and what was he to do. He first takes proceedings to get his children, and they defeat him; he sues out a writ of habeas corpus, and Richardson fights it; his money fights it; poor McFarland loses $4,000 in his struggle, and gets into debt.

Then his mind gives way; he goes about listlessly, pouring the story of his grief into every ear; fever lays its hand upon him, but he recovers and renews the fight, meanwhile Richardson publishes a card in the Tribune that he intended to marry the prisoner's wife.

Not satisfied with the ruin of McFarland, he must needs advertise his action as a cuckold. McFarland was then mad. For the sake of his children he simulated sanity, knowing that if his condition were known all hope of recovering his darling was gone. Then he instituted action against Richardson, and subsequently he received back one of his children—Percy. The desire to get back the other child becomes a paramount idea, and he must achieve his object without going into court lest his mental condition be discovered. All this time Richardson was going about with his mistress, forgetting that the wages of sin is death.

A gentleman met him one day and alluded to the matter, and Richardson said, "I can't help it. This is a luscious woman, and I intend to marry her if I can get a divorce." When this was told to McFarland he bowed his head and sobbed like a child. The next step takes was to obtain one of those infamous Indiana divorces, which were not only a libel on law but a terrible wrong to individuals. McFarland is told that a divorce has been procured, and that Richardson is about to marry his wife. This was the last drop in the cup of his unfortunate silents sorrow.

They now come down to the week preceding the homicide, and during all that time the defendant was without his reason, brooding despondent and heart broken. A wild and dreary longing for his home, his children and his lost happiness oppressed him, and his excitement was terrible. The load of his misery was too great to bear. There was nothing to parallel the deliberate cruelty of Richardson's conduct. The unhappy McFarland cannot sleep. The image of his wife and the libertine embraces of Richardson haunts him eternally. All hope is gone and misery and ruin surround him.

On the 20th of November, a half hour before the homicide, a friend meets him and says to him: "Why, Mac, what's the matter with you? You ought to go home." But he did not, the hand of fate beckoned him on and he went into the Tribune office. He saw two eyes glaring upon him and from that moment he recollected nothing else.

He was arrested and told that Richardson was shot, and he exclaimed, "My God! it must have been me." There was but one thing now left to complete this infamy. A woman clothed with the filmy veil of a fraudulent divorce was married to the opium drugged and dying man; and while angels wept and devils laughed a man named Frothingham pronounced a benediction and said, "We thank the Lord for what these two have been to one another." Did this servant of God forget what was written by the finger of God on the tables of stone amid the thunders of Sinai? "Thou shalt not commit adultery."

The proof that McFarland was insane at the time he committed the deed was that he had often met Richardson before and had not taken his life. It was not his (counsel's) intention to discuss the several forms of insanity. He had told them a plain story of facts and acts of which they were to judge. The defendant sat with his little boy waiting to hear their verdict. He no longer lavs his wife, but the sacred memory of what she was when he was with him still. He can never expect to be happy again. The sunny smile of a pure wife and the chubby face of a beloved child may smile upon him, but he will awake to sorrow and the knowledge that in this world for him there will never more be happiness.

All good and virtuous men and women wish for the acquittal of the defendant. He asked the jury, as they loved their wives, as they valued the purity of their daughters and sisters, and as they honored the gray hairs of their aged mothers, to stand by the defendant and build up a strong impregnable wall around every virtuous home. Let their verdict be here in our city that upon the felon's footsteps of those who prostitute our sisters and mothers and wives shall surely follow with avenging tread and stern resolve the relentless fury of an avenging Nemesis.

This closed Mr. Spence's remarks, and the court took a recess.

After the recess, James McFarland, a brother of the prisoner, was called to the stand. Stated that he is 38 years of age and a machinist by trade. His brother is about 50 years of age. Came to this country with his parents in 1825. Daniel was first at the tailoring business in New York in 1834. Went to Charleston, S. C., returned and became apprentice to another brother in 1836. His brother was then a hatter in New York in 1836, and Daniel was at his business. Daniel went South, and returned in 1841. Went to work again with Devlin. Gave lectures on elocution in 1842. Went to Portsmouth in 1846. Went to Europe in 1850, to pursue scientific studies. Stayed a year in Europe. Remembered his marriage.

The witness was then identified a portrait of his wife. Daniel and his wife called on witness in Jersey City. Daniel was then going West, to Wisconsin, where he was interested in bonds. When next witness saw them they had a child, Jessie, and witness saw no more of them, Daniel and Percy. Witness next saw them in 1860, and after that not until 1867, when he (Daniel) looked care-worn, and appeared to be in trouble. Witness then saw Richardson. The portrait was shown witness, who said it was like him in 1860. Francis McFarland was a first cousin of witness.

The witness was not cross-examined.

The next witness was Lillie Grau, a niece of manager Grau, who testified that she resided in east Twenty-seventh street; knew the defendant; he went to lodge at her mother's house in November last, and he (witness) was with him; sometimes he cooked his meals in his rooms, sometimes he got them out; he paid $200 for the furniture; he was