Library of Congress

Daily National Republican.

VOL XI | WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 25, 1870. | NO. 128.

Groceries.

AMERICAN T COMPANY.

Just received per steamer, and bought at lowest gold prices,

20 cases Veuve Clicquot Champagne.

15 cases Piper Heidsick Champagne.

10 cases E.R. Imperial Champagne.

The above we sell at New York prices.

A complete stock of Fine

BRANDIES and old WHISKY

for medical use.

CALIFORNIA WINES,

of best brands, at low prices.

1418—1420 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

Opposite Willards' Hotel.

THE

New Grocery

ESTABLISHMENT

OF

Bernard Hayes & Co

NO. 909

SEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN I AND K.

IS NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS WITH A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FRESH GOODS.

We will give the advantage of the great fall in the price of Goods to our customers, and sell at

NEW YORK PRICES.

We have purchased one of the celebrated

CHAMPION COFFEE MILLS.

It will grind one pound of coffee in half a minute, coarse or fine, (as you may desire,) and when done, all the coffee is out of the Mill. Some mills leave a quantity of coffee in them when through grinding, thereby mixing

GOOD WITH INFERIOR COFFEE.

We have made arrangements to have our Coffee Toasted three time a week, and will have it ground

FRESH AND PURE EVERY DAY WHEN ORDERED.

Special attention will be given to the selection and purchase of

TEAS AND COFFEES,

AND SOLD AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY FREE OF CHARGE.

BERNARD HAYES & CO.,

No. 909 Seventh Street, between I and K Streets.

ap16-tf

AMERICAN T COMPANY.

MALAGA GRAPES, prime, 75 cts. per lb.
BANANAS, (very best,) 50 cts. per doz.
DATES, (new,) 8 lbs. for $1.
MAPLE SUGAR, (Vermont,) 5 lbs. for $1.
PRUNES, (Turkish,) 14 cts. per lb.
FIGS, finest quality, 30 cts. per lb.
ORANGES, 30 and 40 cts. per doz.
"Albert" Edinburgh BISCUIT, 50 cts. per box.
GRAHAM WAFERS.
Brilliant, Eugenie and Fruit BISCUIT, (late importations.)

1418—1420 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

Opposite Willards' Hotel.

Billiards.

NATIONAL BILLIARD HALL,

Bet. Thirteenth & Fourteenth streets.

Over National Theatre,

Billiard Cues lasthered at short notice.

Also, agents for Phelan & Collender. All kinds of billiard material for sale. J. L. MILLER, Proprietor.

Dentistry.

WASHINGTON DENTAL PLACE,

1319 Massachusetts Avenue, Near Fourteenth street.

Full upper and lower sets teeth $25
Single upper or lower sets 15
Partial sets from ..... $3 to 10
Extracting by the use of pure gas ..... 75 Cents.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT STORES.

OFFICE CHIEF COMM'Y OF SUBSISTENCE, DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI, ST. LOUIS, MO., March 28, 1870.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., TUESDAY, April 26, 1870, for purchasing from the United States Government 15,000 POUNDS, MORE OR LESS, OF BROWN SUGAR, IN DOUBLE SACKS.

The Sugar is at Camp Supply, Indian Territory, and samples can be seen, at this office or the office of the Depot Commissary at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Bids will be received for all or any part of this, should an satisfactory bids be received, the Sugar will be sold at auction at Camp Supply, Indian Territory, on SATURDAY, May 14, 1870.

Terms: Cash. R. N. MORGAN, Brevet Brig. Gen., Chief C. S. Department of Missouri.

Auction Sales.

TO-DAY.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct's. (Successors to Jas. C. McGuire & Co.) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

A SUPERIOR COLLECTION OF BOOKS AT AUCTION

On THURSDAY, April 21st, 1870, at 7:30 o'clock, and following evenings, at our Auction Rooms, we shall sell a superior collection of Miscellaneous Books, belonging to the late Chas. W. Webster and a member of the Arg ntine Legation. Many of the books are elegantly bound, and all in fine preservation.

Terms cash.

COOPER & LATIMER, Auctioneers.

ap14-tf

FUTURE DAYS.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs. (Successors to J. C. McGuire & Co.) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN THE FIRST WARD.

By virtue of a decree of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, bearing date the 23d day of October, A. D. 1869, and passed in a cause wherein Annie K. Cathcart is complainant, and Arthur and Amelia Cathcart and others are defendants, the undersigned, trustee, will offer for sale, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of April instant, at 5 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, all those desirable lots or parcels of land, known and designated on the plat of the city of Washington as Lots numbered nine, (9,) fronting 50 feet on Twenty sixth street west; ten, (10,) fronting 26 feet on said Twenty-sixth street and 54 feet on north L street, and eleven, (11,) fronting 54 feet also on north L street, in Square numbered fifteen, (15,) containing together fifteen thousand square feet, more or less, and situated between Georgetown and St. Stephen's Church and south of Pennsylvania avenue.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by said decree, are one third the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in three equal installments at six, twelve, and eighteen months, respectively, with interest, to be secured by approved notes, with reserved lien. The terms of sale must be complied with in one week after sale, or the property may be resold at the risk and cost of the purchaser, after one week's notice. Conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser.

R. O. CRAWFORD, Trustee. COOPER & LATIMER, Auctioneers.

ap5-eod4s

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, 319 Southeast corner of Seventh and D streets.

ONE ROSEWOOD CASE PIANO, STOOL, AND COVER, MEDALLION BACK TETE-A-TETE SOFAS, PRUSSIAN CANE SEAT CHAIRS, GERMAN SILVER WALNUT BEDSTEADS, SPRING MATTRESSES, FEATHER BEDS, THREE PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, RUGS, MATS, OTTOMANS, WALNUT BOOKCASES, TABLES, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, STOVES, &c., &c., AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, a. m., we shall sell, at Store No. 312, (old number,) on G street south, between Sixth and Seventh streets, the following, viz:

One Rosewood Case Piano 7 octaves, with Stool and Cover, in perfect order.
Handsome Hair Medallion Tete-a-Tete Sofas.
Four Prussian Cane-seat Chairs, imported.
Handsome Marble-top Centre Table and Washstand.
Walnut Cane-seat Reception Chairs, and Medallion back Rockers.
One Gilt Frame Mirror and others.
One Bateelain Library Suit.
Has some Enamelled Marble-top Cottage Set.
Handsome Enamelled Wash-top Cottage Set.
Excellent Feather Beds, Pillows and Bolsters.
Hair and Cotton Mattresses, Spring bottom Mattresses.
Handsome Marble top Black Walnut Sideboard.
Seven foot Walnut Extension Table, and Dining Chairs.
Handsome Plated Tea Set, 6 pieces; Plated Soup Ladle.
Plated Castors, Ivory Handled Knives, (Rogers' make.)
Crockery and Glassware.
Three-ply, Ingrain and Stair Carpets; Hall Oilcloths.
Walnut Hat-tree and Commode.
One Morning Glory Parlor Stove, one Violet Chamber Stove.
One Kenton Range, Number No. 7, Cooking Stove, with Hawk's Air-tight Heater.
A good lot of Kitchen Requisites.

The above furniture is now being only in use about six months, and persons in want of good articles will do well to attend the sale.

Terms cash.

GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auct'rs.

ap23-

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs. (Successors to James C. McGuire & Co.) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

SUPERB EBONY AND GILT PARLOR SUITES, RAVEN DAMASK COVERED SUITES, PIANOFORTE, ROSEWOOD CENTRE TABLE, MANTLE MIRRORS, ROSEWOOD ETAGERES, OIL PAINTINGS, WALNUT BEDSTEADS, MARBLE TOP CLOCK, FIRE CHAMBER FURNITURE, MARBLE-TOP SIDEBOARD, EXTENSION TABLE, FRENCH CHINA, GOLD BANDED AND TEA SERVICE, GLASSWARE, FINE CARPETS, &c., AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY MORN. ING, April the 27th, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Chas. Ridgely, No. 381 Missouri avenue, between Third and Four-and-a-half streets, we shall sell the following elegant furniture, viz: Superb ebony and gilt Parlor Suite, upholstered backs, and covered with Rose Satin Damask. Cost $125.

Pianoforte, Paintings, and Engravings.
Four crimson figured Satin Damask Curtains, lined and Window Shades, complete with tassels and irons.
Large Rosewood Centre Table, inlaid and marble-top.
French Plate Mantle Mirrors.
Rosewood Etagere, with French Plate Mirror and Tennessee marble base.
One Bronze Clock, beautifully ornamented. Cost $200.
Walnut Library Suite, upholstered in green rep.
Walnut Marble-top Mirror-back Bufet.
Leather-back Lounges, Cane Curtain Chairs.
Fine Walnut Marble-top Chamber Suites.
Painted Marble-top Cottage Furniture.
Imperial Hair Mattresses. Toilet Ware.
Feather Pillows and Bolster.
Oak Marble-top Sideboard, mirror back, handsomely carved.
Curled Maple Secretary.
Oak Extension Dining Table.
Walnut Marble-top Hall Suite. Dining Chairs.
Gold Band Dinner and Tea Ware.
Fine Cut and Engraved Glassware.
English, Brussels Carpets and Rugs.
Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

Terms: Cash. COOPER & LATIMER, ap23-dads (Star) Auctioneers.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, No. 319 southeast corner of Seventh and D streets.

By virtue of a deed of trust from St. Clair Davis and wife to the undersigned, trustee, dated on the 20th day of September, 1869, and recorded in Liber E M. R., No. 8, folios 397, et seq., of the Land Records of Washington county, I will sell, on MONDAY, the 9th day of May, 1870, in front of the premises, at the hour of 4 o'clock, p. m., all that part of lot 4 of ground in the city of Washington numbered two (2,) in square numbered one hundred and sixty-three (163)—according to the subdivision thereof by Samuel Davidson—being the same property conveyed by Wm. Morris and wife to St. Clair Davis by deed bearing date the 14th of August, 1866, and recorded in Liber S C T., No. 26, folios 603, et seq., reference thereto being had for a more full description of said parcel No. 2.

Also, the west half of lot four (4,) in Davidson's subdivision of said Square 163, the same fronting fourteen feet six inches, more or less, on K street, fronting the same depth and conveyed to said Davis by A. Hyde and John C. Clark by deed dated November 4, 1865, and recorded in Liber S C T., No. 23, folios 456 et seq., reference to which is hereby made for a fuller description of said property, with the improvements, which are a new three-story brick house, fronting on K street, between Connecticut avenue and Eighteenth street west.

Terms: One third cash; balance in 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser to give notes for the deferred payments, bearing interest from day of sale. A deed given and a deed in trust taken on the premises. All conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser; $200 to be paid down when the property is sold. If the terms should not be complied with in five days after sale, the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, by advertising the same three times in some newspaper printed in the city of Washington.

JOHN B. JONES, Trustee. GREEN & WILLIAMS, ap9-eod4ds Auctioneers.

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auct's., New Marble Building, Stores Nos. 900 and 902 southeast, Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, ON THE CORNER OF FIFTEENTH STREET WEST AND G STREET NORTH, IN WASHINGTON, D. C., KNOWN AS "DOUGLASS' GREEN HOUSE."

By virtue of a decree passed March 3, 1870, by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in equity sitting, in the cause of Clarence A. Bridgers vs. Henry Douglass et al., No. 1875, equity docket No. 5, the undersigned, a subscriber, as trustee, will expose for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the second day of May, A. D. 1870, at 5 o'clock, p. m., in front of the premises, the following pieces or parcels of ground, being in the city of Washington, D. C., that is to say: That lot, piece or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in square numbered two hundred and twenty-three, (223,) in the city of Washington, and designated as No. 5 upon the plan of said square, which plan is recorded for the liber thereof in the southwest corner of said square, and then running north with the line of Fifteenth street west forty (40) feet; then east one hundred and two twelfths (102 2-12) feet, to the line of lot numbered four, (4); then with line of said lot numbered four (4) one hundred and two twelfths (102 2-12) feet, to the beginning; containing four thousand one hundred and twenty square feet (4,120) more or less, and being the same property conveyed by Ann E. Douglass and others to the said Henry Douglass by deed bearing date the 11th day of April, 1867, and recorded in Liber S C T., No. 27, folios 401, et seq., reference being had to said deed for a more full description of said lot.

The improvements upon the ground consist of a very substantially built brick tenement, two-and-a-half stories high, with large and commodious apartments, the whole having formerly known as the "Corporation or Town Hou-e."

South of the building is a spacious and convenient lot. These premises are eligibly situated at the terminus of the Washington and Georgetown Railroad, in the central part of the latter city, and offer excellent inducements for a profitable investment.

Terms: One fourth of the purchase money cash, and the residue in four equal installments, at six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, with semi-annual interest. The title will be reserved until full payment of the purchase money. Two hundred dollars are to be laid down at close of sale. If the terms of sale are not complied with within two days after such sale, the trustee reserves the right to resell the property upon five days notice, at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser.

All stamps and conveyancing at purchaser's cost.

HUGH CAMERON, Trustee. THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer.

ap13 eod (Star)

SALE OF A NAVY VESSEL.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15, 1870.

The Navy Department will offer for sale at public auction, at the United States Navy Yard, Brooklyn, on the 23d day of April, 1870, at 12 o'clock, m., the five-oak frame, copper-fastened screw steamer

SEMINOLE,

Of 801 tons, old measurement.

The vessel and her inventory can be examined at any time on application to the Commandant of the yard. One half of the whole amount of the purchase money must be deposited at the time of adjudication, and the balance within five (5) days thereafter, and the vessel must be removed from the navy yard within two (2) days from the day of sale.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw the vessel from sale for any purchaser who will pay the appraised value with an increase of ten (10) per centum thereto. ap8-eo2w

SALE OF COPPER SCALE.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15, 1870.

There will be offered for sale at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 6, 1870, at 12 o'clock, m., at the United States Navy Yard, Washington, about 40,000 pounds of Copper Scale, in lots to suit purchasers.

It can be examined at any time previous to the day of sale, on making application to the Commandant at the Washington Navy Yard.

Samples of similar scale have shown 92 per cent. of metallic copper.

One half of the purchase money must be deposited at the time of sale, and 12 days will be allowed to remove the scale from the yard, otherwise the deposit will be forfeited to the Government.

All payments to be made in Government funds, and before the scale is removed from the Yard. ap12-3awtw

Special Notices.

THE WEED FAMILY FAVORITE takes the lead of all other SEWING MACHINES. It stands Straight Needle; makes the Elastic Lock Stitch—alike on both sides; is so simple that a child can understand it; so light running that scarcely any effort is required to keep it in motion, and is capable of performing the greatest variety of work.

The Weed was awarded First Prize at the Paris Exposition in 1867; Highest Medal of Merit at American Institute, New York, 1869; also, Gold Medal at Maryland Institute, Baltimore, 1869, over all other machines.

Persons in search of the Best Machine for family purposes should not fail to examine the WEED before purchasing any other.

Sold on instalments of $10 per month by

GORSUCH & DE VAUGHAN, 436 Seventh street, Bet. Pennsylvania avenue and D st.

MILHAU'S GOLDEN COD LIVER OIL, with hypo-phosphite of Lime, a great improvement; made with the best oil known, is native, sweeter and pleasanter than any other digestibility. Sold by all respectable druggists. MILHAU'S SONS, 183 Broadway, New York. ap22-3awlf

MOLLER'S NORWEGIAN COD Liver Oil is less objectionable to the taste and smell, it is more readily taken by delicate persons and children, it is more easily assimilated, and is productive of more immediate benefit than other kinds of oil are.

Dr. J. Marion Sims says: "For some years I had given up the use of Cod Liver Oil altogether; but since my attention was called by Dr. Hayes to Moller's Cod Liver Oil, I have prescribed it almost daily, and have every reason to be perfectly satisfied with it."

Sold by Druggists. ap13-3awlm

PAIN KILLER

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

1840 1870

Time tests the Merits of all Things.

FOR THIRTY YEARS

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER Has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and inseparable friend of the missionary and the traveler, on sea and land, and no one should travel on our Lakes or Rivers without it.

It is a speedy and safe remedy for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, wounds and various other injuries, as well as for dysentery, diarrhœa and bowel complaints generally, and is admirably suited for every case of pain to which the flesh is heir to wherever it may be found on the face of the globe.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 per Bottle.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers. ap20-eolm&2w

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM—THE great remedy for the cure of Consumption and Diseases of the Lungs. The result of its use is a proof of its great value. The extraordinary healing properties of this remedy are experienced by all those who have used it. Their testimony will be found in a pamphlet which can be had of the agents where the medicine is for sale. Coughs and Colds, however distressing, are broken up in an incredibly short time, by using a specific influence on the lungs, so that the matter and phlegm are easily expectorated.

Allen's Lung Balsam contains no opium in any form. It is perfectly harmless for the most delicate child. It is everywhere in good demand, and gives good satisfaction. Physicians who have failed to cure their patients, should try this medicine before they give the case up; as we know very many valuable lives have been saved by being persuaded to give it a trial.

Don't despair because all other remedies have failed, but try this remedy and you will not be deceived.

The proprietors of this valuable Balsam take pleasure in calling to it the attention of all Medicine Dealers, dealers that they procure a supply of it, and recommend it to their afflicted patrons and friends. It will stand the test for merits, as has the celebrated Pain Killer.

Health is restored where all others fail.

Directions accompany each bottle. For sale by all Druggists. m18-eolm&4w

SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES.

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on Single and Wedded Life—the dangers of Celibacy, and the joys of true Marriage—with sanitary aid for those who are in any way afflicted for matrimonial happiness, sent free in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. JAY-3m

THERMOMETERS OF ALL KINDS, *in great variety, just received. Sole Agents for Woodruff's patent portable Barometer, the best in use.*

H. H. HEMPLER, Optician, near National Hotel.

ap11-tf

WASHINGTON FACTS AND IMPRESSIONS.

BREVET MAJOR JOHN H. BUTLER, Captain U. S. A., unassigned, has been ordered to report to the retiring board, New York. Captain Robert McClermont, unattached, has been ordered home to await orders.

THE PROTECTIONISTS in the House are almost ready to give up the tariff conundrum, for the opposition is so great, and the House moves so slow that the hope of passing it in anything like a satisfactory manner "grows small by degrees and beautifully less."

EVADING THE REGULATIONS.—Information having been received from the West that manufacturers of cigars in New York and Philadelphia are shipping cigars with labels or caution notices attached to the borders, and doubling over the edges of the boxes, so finely printed as to escape observation except upon close scrutiny, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue orders the seizure and detention of cigars having thereon only such labels; and if the use of such labels is willful, and in open violation of the instructions of the Internal Revenue Bureau, suits will at once be instituted against the offending parties.

COL. HENRY BOWMAN has been appointed Superintendent of the printing of stamps in the Continental Bank Note Printing Co., New York, and this company will commence at once the printing of cigar stamps for the Internal Revenue Bureau, under Col. Bowman's supervision. These stamps will be forwarded to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, where they will be finished and transferred directly to the stamp division of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Wm. Hale, of New York, has been designated Superintendent of the printing of tin foil revenue stamps at the establishment of Henry Shidmore, New York.

THE GOLD JOBBING CANARD of Thursday has already been a subject of investigation. Admiral Porter sent to the telegraph offices for the dispatches which purported to be signed by him. The managers of the offices, under their general instructions from their superiors, declined to give them up without further orders. Inasmuch as the name of Porter is a forgery, and as they purport to be on Government business, it is very probable that if the dispatches are not surrendered the power of Congress will be invoked to take cognizance of the matter. It seems from what has transpired, that the party perpetrating the fraud came here from New York, and put the dispatches on the wires of the three different lines simultaneously. He did not appear at either of the offices himself, but sent the dispatches by boys.

COL. M. I. LUDINGTON entertained a large number of friends at his residence last evening. The evening was one whose pleasures will not soon be forgotten by those who were present. Colonel Ludington, during his stay in New Mexico as Chief Quartermaster of the District, has made such a host of friends as any man might be proud of. His uniform courtesy, prompt attention to business, and the strict impartiality with which he has performed the duties of his office, won for him the lasting respect of all who had the pleasure of meeting him.

The Colonel expects to leave for his new home in Washington by next Wednesday's coach. We trust his journey will be a safe and pleasant one, and shall always feel a pride in being able to chronicle his prosperity.—*Santa Fe (N. M.) Post, April 16.*

THE HOWARD UNIVERSITY.—Mr. R. H. Stevens was before the Committee on Education and Labor on Saturday, and cross-examined by the defence, with a view of showing that the Howard University had its origin in the Freedmen's bureau; that the funds advanced for the church were from the University, and not from the bureau funds, and that General Howard was invited into the board as an officer of the bureau rather than in his individual capacity.

Mr. Stevens testified that the original intention was to start a theological school exclusively for colored young men, under the auspices of the church, and that Gen. Howard was invited as a member of the church, and not on account of his official position. He further testified that he was not aware of any considerable amount of funds in the hands of the Trustees of the University, other than such as was received through the Bureau.

Rev. Dr. Boynton the first pastor of the church, was next called and examined as to the early ideas and plans concerning the school.

His testimony was substantially the same as has been heretofore given by other witnesses.

Mr. John R. Elvans has been summoned to testify in relation to the purchase of the Berry form and certain business transactions relating to the University building, and will probably be examined this morning. Quite a number of other witnesses are to be examined in relation to affairs about Washington, and it is hardly probable the committee will have finished examining upon this point before the close of the week.

H. J. RAMSDELL, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, who first published the charges regarding bribery in the Georgia bill, telegraphs as follows to the *Commercial* of the 22d inst:

The Bullock lobby is still busy in circulating the report that the investigation into the bribery cases has come to naught, and is discontinued. An attempted explanation was placed in the hands of every newspaper correspondent in the city, last night, and the report went broadcast that the explanation was satisfactory to the committee. There is no shadow of truth in this; but, on the contrary, it is as false as a deliberate falsehood can be. The gravest facts have been already proven before the committee, and the investigation is but just begun. It is not at all unlikely that the efforts at bribery will be found not to be confined to the influencing of Senators' votes against the Bingham amendment. Some suspicious circumstances are connected with a draft or check of a very high official of Georgia, in favor of a newspaper, whose record in the Alaska job is not wholly clear.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S VIEWS ON VARIOUS SUBJECTS.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* sends the following to his paper as the views of President Grant on various subjects:

"In conversation this morning, President Grant said the prospect is good that the reconstruction of Georgia will be completed soon by the full admission of the State.

He is opposed to the bill as passed by the Senate, and very solicitous that the whole reconstruction business shall be ended immediately.

A measure is now being prepared at his request having this object in view, and when completed all the influence and power of the Administration will be used to put it through Congress at once.

The President says he is not opposed to the income tax, as stated; but wishes the tax reduced to three per cent. instead of five, with two thousand dollars exemption, and the removal of some other odious features. He would then like to have it continued for three years. He thinks that at the end of three years the condition of the Treasury will be such as to justify the repeal of the tax entirely.

Alluding to the rumors current about the probability of war with Spain, the President said the firm attitude of the Administration and the energetic action of the State Department had brought Spain to her senses, and there need be no apprehension of trouble now.

The President and Cabinet are entirely opposed to the acquisition of Cuba by the United States, but the President said he was willing that Cuba, San Domingo and the rest of the West India island should form an independent confederation, and this would probably receive the moral support of the United States."

The Central Congregational Church and the Charges Against General Howard.

A persistent attempt is being made to fix the responsibility for the investigation of the affairs of the Freedmen's Bureau upon the Central Congregational church of this city, the charge being that Gen. Boynton began it by attacks on the bureau in the Cincinnati *Gazette*, made on account of a church dispute which existed a year ago.

As pertinent to this question we find the following editorial in the *Gazette* of January 9, 1869:

"We print this morning a letter from our Washington correspondent in regard to Howard university which justly claims the attention of the public. An effort is being made to prejudice the public against the statements of our correspondent, in this connection, on the ground that he is the son of the Rev. Dr. Boynton, between whom and General Howard there has been a disagreement in regard to church matters. Upon this point we have to say that our correspondent, in his letters, fully sustained General Howard in his management of the freedmen's bureau proper, subsequent to the disagreement between that officer and his father, and up to the date of the discovery of irregularities connected with Howard university. Even then he wrote nothing for the *Gazette* until he had placed us in possession of the facts, through private letters, and received instructions from here to give such information to the public as he could substantiate, without reference to the parties concerned. This he has done. His statements are before the public. The question, therefore, does not lie at all with the author, but as to whether 'these things are so.' Upon this statement made, our correspondent informs us, he has the best authority, and if Congress decides to make a thorough investigation, the names of witnesses will be furnished to prove all that has been said."

In the same connection we publish the following editorial from the *Gazette* of April 22, 1870:

"Several papers have charged that General Boynton, the Washington correspondent of the *Gazette*, instigated Mr. Wood's charges against General Howard. This is not true. General Boynton has in his correspondence stated certain irregularities and improper results in General Howard's administration of the funds of the Freedmen's Bureau, which, having published, he cannot repudiate because they comprise a part of the charges made by Mr. Wood; and of course he cannot avoid testifying, if called on, even if he desired it. But he is a correspondent who does not make charges unless convinced that they are well grounded; and having made them he will stand to them. Inasmuch as Mr. Wood has made specific and short charges of abuse on public funds, and has taken the responsibility of proving them, and as General Howard has all the advantages on his side in this investigation, it would seem that they who desire to have the truth brought out, and especially they who believe that General Howard's administration of the office is irreproachable, might await the investigation. Their unnaturalness, and their anxiety to forestall the result by appealing to party prejudice and discipline, is not complimentary to General Howard, nor to their own integrity."

We have received the following communication from a member of Dr. Boynton's church in relation to this investigation:

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23, 1870.

It has been intimated in the papers and openly avowed by individuals, that the "Central Congregational church of Washington D. C." was instrumental in bringing the charges brought against Gen. Howard by Hon. F. Wood. It has been asserted that Dr. Boynton and some ten members of his church furnished the list of charges. These statements are calculated to mislead the public, and leave an impression prejudicial to the cause of Christ, as well as our prosperity. It is made to appear that in a spirit of revenge we desire to injure the reputation of Gen. Howard.

As a member of that church, I declare all or or any such charge as utterly without foundation in fact. Neither Dr. Boynton nor any member of his flock either directly or indirectly assisted or encouraged any one in bringing those charges against Gen. Howard. Some of our members have been called as witnesses in the case, because being connected with the "First Congregational church" and the "Howard University," they were supposed to know about the formation of each organization. If we constantly cherished in our hearts a wicked spirit of revenge, how could we pray "Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us?"

It is true that General Howard was the head and front in that "bitter fight" in the First Congregational church, which ended in our withdrawal; still, that is no reason why we should desire to throw away our manhood and Christianity by attacking General Howard. "To err is human," yet we trust we are better Christians than to seek revenge on a brother, no matter how much we might think he had injured us, by placing us in a false attitude before the country. We do not desire to renew the quarrel, as we withdrew for peace, and the privilege of being free to worship God according to the dictates of our consciences and the commands of Christ. Let us hear no more of these charges as connected in any way with us.

Let General Howard stand or fall, not as a Congregationalist, but as a man—as army officer and a servant of the people, who have a right to investigate the conduct of a public officer. If General Howard's acts have been honest and upright, what fear of full and free investigation? I fully believe General H. courts the investigation.

Why charge it to spite in a church that differs with him in regard to the course best to be pursued in the development of the colored race?

Let *justice* be done us. A MEMBER.

Personal.

Frank Irwin, son of Dr. Irwin, who was killed recently by the Indians near Atlantic city, Colorado, was a nephew of Senator Trumbull.

Jim Fisk, jr., is to have a house at Newport R. I., for the coming fashionable season.

Mr. Disraeli, since his retirement from the English ministry, has found time to write a novel.

Neal Dow, the great temperance leader, is announced to speak at Adrian, Michigan, on April 26th.

General George B. McClellan is about to take control of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company.

Brigham Young, according to late news from Salt Lake, has returned to the multitudinous bosom of his family.

Professor Barell, at Marseilles, has discovered a new planet.

Lady Franklin sailed from San Francisco on Saturday for Victoria in the United States steamer Newbern.

Governor Randolph, of New Jersey, has appointed Henry C. Kelsey, of Sussex county, Secretary of State, vice Conger resigned.

Mme Strakosch has engaged Nilsson, the great singer, for a tour of the principal cities in the United States. She comes to this country in September.

General M. N. Wisewell, Governor J. A. Burbank, Governor David Butler, of Nebraska, and General W. T. Bennett, of Iowa, are among the guests at the National Hotel.

Mon. Alexander H. Stephens' "Constitutional Views of the War" is now complete, and will soon be ready for the public.

Major Sigourney, who claimed the authorship of "Beautiful Snow," committed suicide in New York on last Friday by shooting himself.

Dr. E. J. Hankin, of Annapolis, has been elected a delegate to the American Medical Association, which meets in this city on the 3d of May.

Alexandria Affairs.

The *Gazette* of Saturday evening says:

While an attendant was ascending the breast of Mr. James Cole, at that gentleman's house, last night, with spirits of turpentine, the bottle containing that liquid accidentally caught fire, and before the resulting flames could be extinguished Mr. Cole was slightly burned, some clothes destroyed and a portion of the furniture injured.

One of the iron guy rods of the drawer on the Alexandria and Washington railroad bridge across the Potomac broke yesterday evening, and for a time interrupted the passage of the local trains; the cars of the through trains, however, but not the locomotives, crossed the bridge and made their usual connections. The necessary repairs were completed this morning, and all the trains have since then been running on schedule hours. Two tug-boats from here were caught above the bridge, and were detained there until the draw was repaired.

MR. E. C. MOONS, a popular citizen of Orange county, died at Orange Court-house yesterday.

SPECIAL POLICEMAN ANDREW ROLLIS, while in the discharge of his duties at the depot of the Orange, Alexandria and Manassas railroad yesterday evening, was struck in the face with a heavy stick by a colored omnibus driver known as Chief Justice Marshall, and had his jaw bone broken and his cheek cut open.

E. A. LOUDER & Co., of Philadelphia, whose suspension was lately announced, show assets amounting to $460,000, and liabilities of $305,000. They continue their business, with time allowed to pay their indebtedness.

LETTERS from Rome contradict the assertions recently made that the minority would leave the Ecumenical Council if the infallibility proposition was passed.

Musical and Dramatic.

WALL'S OPERA HOUSE.—This cosy little establishment will probably present a brilliant appearance this week, as on Thursday evening the celebrated opera troupe, under the well-known and popular Signor Brignoli, will commence an engagement to last but three nights only. The troupe embraces first class artists, many of whom are familiar to our opera-goers, and the operas that are announced for presentation are such as commend them especially to all lovers of music. The sale of tickets, which are placed at an unusually low figure for Italian opera, will commence to-morrow morning at Ellis' music store.

NATIONAL THEATRE.—John Brougham commences an engagement this evening to last but six nights. His latest and most successful drama of "The Red Light, or The Signal of Danger," has been selected as the opening piece, and will be presented with new scenery and novel mechanical effects.

THE CHORAL SOCIETY'S CONCERT.—The Choral Society, whose concert some weeks since was such a complete musical triumph, will give a grand concert in Lincoln Hall, on Saturday evening next. Many songs which have never before been heard in this city will be rendered by the society, while soloists of eminent ability have been secured to give additional attractions. The sales of tickets with reserved seats will commence this morning at Metzerott's music store.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS.—To-night a number of ladies and gentlemen well known in fashionable circles, give an amateur performance at Wall's Opera House for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphan Asylum. They will appear in Buckstone's sterling comedy, "Leap Year, or the Ladies' Privilege," and the laughable farce called "Popping the Question," by the same author. It is expected that the audience will be very large and fashionable, all the orchestra chairs and a large portion of other parts of house having been engaged. Mr. Hoff will act as stage manager, and various roles will be assumed by Miss Schenck, Miss McCarthy, Mrs. Ricketts and Miss Kastman. Among the gentlemen named are Mr. Percy Aldon, who takes the leading character, Mr. Hill, Mr. Janvier, and the Messrs. Hoff.

WILLIAM CHAMBERS was acquitted in New York on Thursday of the murder of D. S. Voorhees, of Brooklyn. The acquittal was based on the ground of insanity, and it had a strange effect. It at once restored him to sanity. All fear of the hangman's rope was banished, and the only fear was the lunatic asylum to which Chambers was ordered to be taken; and he boasted to the sheriff and other jail officials that he had cheated the jury. His insanity was all a pretence, but so well simulated as to deceive successfully. Is it not about time that this convenient plea of insanity was more thoroughly sifted?

AT ONE O'CLOCK TO-DAY thirty-five Representatives will be brought to the bar of the House to be dealt with as the House may direct for absence without leave on Friday night. It is all very proper to compel the attendance of members, but it is questioned whether the country will not be better satisfied to have the hour that will be devoted to a farce to-day devoted to business. These proceedings generally run into the broadest kind of farces, and are very amusing to the galleries, but they do not help Congress to finish up the important business before it.

WITH THE TEMPERATURE at summer heat yesterday, it did seem as though discipline might be relaxed a little, and the policemen allowed to wear their summer clothes instead of being compelled to wear the same garments upon which they had to rely for protection against the fiercest blasts and the coldest nights of the past winter. Will not the Police Board have at least a little mercy on the patrolmen.

Georgetown, Colorado.

This town was founded in 1866, and promises to become the greatest silver mining centre of the world. It is forty-five miles west of Denver, and lies in a valley on the east side of the Rocky Mountains. It has now a population of three thousand, which is constantly increasing. Telegraph lines connect Georgetown with New York, Washington, San Francisco, &c. It possesses churches, schools, banks, hotels, public halls and all the institutions of high civilization. The residences of some of the wealthy mine owners and superintendents are as tasty and elegant, both internally and externally, as can be found anywhere. Georgetown is reached from the north and east by the Union Pacific railroad, from the south by the Kansas Pacific, and from the west by the Central and Union Pacific, all of which roads centre at Denver. From this point a six hours' ride in a fine six-horse coach, over a good road, through the picturesque valley of Clear Creek, brings the traveler to the hotel at Georgetown, pronounced by good judges to be equal to Willards' or the Metropolitan at Washington. The New York *Herald* correspondent writes:

"Georgetown is the silver centre. It has the royal name of Silver Queen. It is situate near the head of the south branch of Clear Creek, at the base of the snowy range, about fifty miles from Denver. Stages run to and fro daily, except Sunday. Leaving Denver in the morning I arrive at Georgetown in the evening, and vice versa. The road lies through a region replete with wild and splendid scenery.

"Georgetown, already large, is gradually growing, and for a mining town is wonderful. It has an appearance of stability eminently Coloradian. The people work well and live well, and they dress well, comparatively speaking. Even the miners who do the rough set work down in the bowels of the mountains are not satisfied with the course fare that would suit many laboring men."

Georgetown is supported entirely by its silver mines, which are of boundless extent and unsurpassed richness. It is claimed that in and about Georgetown, within the limits of the county, there is more silver ore than iron ore in any county in the United States. The mining business is conducted in a legitimate manner—quietly—without noise or speculative excitement. Here are fields of enterprise worthy of the best minds of the age and country. Gigantic enterprises are the order of the day; and such enterprises have been already planned and are in process of execution in this locality. In these,