National Republican.

W. J. MURTAGH ..... Editor and Proprietor.

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PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING (Sundays excepted)

BY W. J. MURTAGH,

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THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN,

is published every Saturday morning, and is furnished to subscribers at the following rates: One copy one year, $2; three copies one year, $5; ten copies one year, $15; single copies in wrappers, 5 cents.

☞ All communications, whether on business or for publication, should be addressed to WM. J. MURTAGH, Proprietor NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C.

☞ Under the provisions of the act of Congress approved February 21, 1871, a Territorial government was organized in the District of Columbia. Its results have thus far fully realized the expectations of its advocates. Under the direction of the Territorial officers, a system of improvements has been inaugurated, by means of which Washington is rapidly becoming a city worthy of the nation's capital. The citizens of the District having voluntarily taxed themselves to a large amount for the purpose of contributing to the adornment of the seat of Government, I recommend liberal appropriations on the part of Congress, in order that the Government may bear its just share of the expense of carrying out a judicious system of improvements."—*President Grant's Message.*

LOUISIANA.

The wisdom of the course pursued by the Administration in the refusal to decide *which* of the two Louisiana Legislatures is *the* "genuine article," is evidenced by the intelligence received from New Orleans yesterday. Affairs in Louisiana have, of late, been so exciting and so rapid in their enactment that the public may require a reference to the more recent events. The State Senate and the House recognizing Warmouth as its political chief met on Monday, and repealed certain laws obnoxious to the people.

So soon as this action was had, the one Senator whose presence had created the quorum retired, and yesterday only ten Senators were in their seats. In the meantime the anti-Warmouth Senators and the State executive have indulged in a correspondence, the former replying to the Governor's invitation to return, that they will do so whenever that official shall remove from the State House the police then and yet guarding the building. The refusal of Warmouth to comply with this request—a determination telegraphed to this city last night—may result in a continuance of the anarchy that has already cursed the State, and that may only be dissipated by speedy action.

MR. GREELEY AND HIS FRIENDS.

Contemporary history, after all, is the most interesting, and sometimes most instructive. We do not think we err, as journalists, in handling men and matters day by day, even as events attract public attention. At present much of the reading part of the community, and in fact of the country, try to comprehend—with various success—the New York custom-house imbroglio, and the excessive washing of dirty linen made necessary by the attempted exposures of "honest" Horace, Carl Schurz and Fenton the Faithless. This last partner has all the credit of originating the attack, and the others we shall consider as simply tools in the hands of Mr. Fenton.

Mr. F. is a Senator; has been a Governor, and always a wire-puller. He has never followed any other profession, and hence his exceeding friendliness and fellowship with Tweed and Tammany. Having had his swing, and controlled the custom-house, he finally is exposed; and the President refuses to be used to assist in appointing knaves to position, and hence a war on Grant, attempted at Syracuse, again at Albany, and now transferred to New York city.

The war in New York forms a very interesting chapter in our party history. It will end in purifying the organization, we trust, and exposing not only petty frauds among inspectors, but also the venality, rapacity and shameless conduct of "honest" Horace Greeley and his friendly Fenton. The State and country have repudiated both of these fraudulent misrepresenters, and no longer can anybody be controlled by the crooked dealing of Fenton or the dubious teachings of Greeley. Sight has dawned upon the minds long trusting only to be deceived, and at last even the most rural of districts may be said to have as much reliance upon Greeley's consistency as on Fenton's faith. It is to be regretted that two such transparent frauds should have ever been able to rule the old Empire State. Greeley would be Senator—if not that, a President; and so he he wars on Conkling and Grant. He failed to defeat one, and will fail to injure the other. Only malevolence could inspire such attacks as the *Tribune* is constantly making on the Administration, and only the most dishonest of men could profess so much virtue and have so little. It is but a step from one extreme to the other, and we firmly believe that as Mr. Greeley ran all the gamut of change from war to peace at any price, so he will be found as the candidate of free-traders and revenue reformers, opposing protection and warring on American industry, as he has been found battling for those men and principles denounced with true *Tribune* virulence but a few days previous. It is proper, therefore, that the people be warned in time, and that the loss of character and standing of Mr. Greeley's paper be sufficient reason for all changes and eccentricities whatever. Only let Mr. Fenton still bait the editorial aspirant with promises of such honors, and let Mr. Camp still circulate about the country with his clatter of a "revolution in the convention," by which President Grant will be defeated, Mr. Greeley exalted; pleased with these gilded hopes, Greeley will still strive to hamper the party and keep alive the flames of faction, though prosperity and the country be destroyed.

That injury should come to the republic because of Mr. Greeley's folly or crime is no new thing. He it was who, according to President Lincoln, rounded on the advance to Richmond, by which we lost one entire army, previously in a fortified position, from whence the enemy would have been compelled to dislodge by attack. By the *Tribune* cry, "peace at any price," the war was lengthened and the rebellion encouraged. By Mr. Greeley's wonderful Canada convention with banned traitors and rebel emissaries, the cause of liberty was weakened and treason encouraged; and so, through a long career of self-seeking and fruitless ambition to obtain office, this wretched old man stands trembling on the brink of the grave, throwing mud at our patriot President. A fit business for Mr. Greeley and his friends.

THE principal Republican papers all over the country, whose editors are not in the intrigue against President Grant, commend Mr. Conkling's recent great speech in the Senate on the "one term principle." The Syracuse *Journal* has the following pointed remarks on the subject: "One would suppose that Mr. Greeley would have a word or two at least to say in memory of it, especially as it had been with him for more than thirty years. We have looked in vain through the columns of the *Tribune* to find some answer to Mr. Conkling's arguments, but we have not been able to discover a single word in reply. 'Insufferable system' and 'superserviceableness' are expressions that amount to nothing in connection with the merits of the question at issue; they are simply samples of the *Tribune's* blackguardism, to which that journal resorts when it is driven into a close corner; but they do not answer Mr. Conkling's arguments."

THAT HEATHEN HINDOO.

Mr. Brahmin Brooks evidently differs from Mr. Sumner, and considers "caste" a good thing, inasmuch as it will, by the blessings of free trade, destroy our industries, and with them the independent mechanic, who, by the assistance of Brooks, will sink into the pauper class of Europe, and never dare to come between the wind and the Hindoo head of J. R., editor and proprietor of the New York *Express*, and friend of monarchical monopolists.

Mr. Brooks has been to see the elephant; in fact, he saw several elephants in Hindoostan; and hereafter will quote liberally from the inspired pages of the Vedas, and lift up his voice in frequent and sacred chants, as should a fine old Hindoo gentleman who believes in caste, and hates our greasy mechanics and their way of improving the country.

Long ago Mr. Brooks made up his mind that the republic was a failure. He announced this in 1864, and all through the war continued to sound his piratical timbrel as one and another of our ships went down, and disaster darkened our national sun. The republic did not wipe itself out, but by the aid of the Republican party perpetuated its power, and still gives hopes of continuing to bless mankind. This is and was a grievance to Mr. Brooks, and so great his disgust, that he took ship (an English ship) and steered for "foreign ports." He tarried not long in Europe, as those absurd countries were seeking to copy after our own, and to liberalize institutions, and so unite liberty with strength. This was offensive to Mr. Brooks. It reminded him of home, and of the republic that would live in spite of his *Express* editorials and Congressional forebodings.

To the East must all go for knowledge, and so to the land from whence all knowledge sprang went our proxy pilgrim. His soul has found peace. In the far East, where men never change, where no wretched radical ever succeeded in inoculating improvements into the Heathen Hindoo; there did our Brooksian Brahmin regale his senses, and refresh his saddened spirit. Centuries have followed centuries, and change has never come to alter modes of thought or action, and "caste" rules all. Here Mr. Brooks would have staid, but the Chinese Emperor sent for him, and a contract has been entered into between the Manhattan man—our blessed Brahmin—and Foo-Choo, or some other old chap—by which the Democracy are to have all the colonizing Chinese needed to carry the election for President! The coffee-pot naturalization mill of Pennsylvania has been put in order, and a few choice Tammany ticket tinkers are engaged to superintend the job. Boabadil Brooks is here complacent and sweetly smiling at the ardor of fellows who have not got the Chinese empire behind them, and hence his rebuke of Mr. Kelley.

What is the use of prating of facts, and who cares if Clyde steamers and American iron companies contest for supremacy? Secure in the Chinese coalition, Mr. Brahmin Brooks smiles at the protection prophet and his desire to take care of the working men, and thus keep busy our mechanic millions. What cares Mr. Brooks? The controller of the Chinese can ship three hundred millions to our shores, and then where is your poor thirty millions of American protectionists?

THE Syracuse *Journal*, one of the best papers in the State of New York, in commenting on Horace Greeley's letter to the editor of the rebel journal, the *Caucasian*, says:

"It was the duty of the editor of the *Tribune*, as a Republican, to write in answer to Doman's letter: 'Take down my name!' Down with your internal platform!' But the 'Daddy of Abolition,' as the *Caucasian* calls Mr. Greeley, instead of administering such a rebuke as would have seemed fitting, replied that he could not very consistently stand upon this platform, because he *was not a free-trader*, but Gratz Brown or Mr. Trumbull could! So the name of Mr. Greeley was taken down from the banner of the *Caucasian* and that of Gratz Brown substituted. Time was when Mr. Greeley would have made the whole country ring with his well-timed and fearless expressions against Doman's treasonable policy and platform. But ambition makes cowards of men, and puts the seal of silence on their lips, when conscience and reason bid them speak out boldly."

This is a severe and merited rebuke. But our cotemporary has failed to point out that Mr. Greeley is not only unfaithful to the Republican party, but to the protectionists, whose ideas he has for so many years professed to advocate and champion. Mr. Greeley, in his prospectus of the *Tribune* for 1872, calls on all who believe in protection as against free trade to get up clubs and subscribe for his journal, and, in the same breath, turns around and advises a Democrat how his party may elect a free-trade President. The protectionists should watch Mr. Greeley very closely.

RICHMOND, VA., does not seem to make much progress in Christian virtue. One of the journals of that city says that the pastor of one of the most fashionable churches there has been obliged to declare that he will station policemen in the church, to prevent disturbances during the hours of worship.

THE legislative appropriation bill, reported to the House yesterday, appropriates a sum at least two million dollars lower than the amount appropriated in the bill last year. Congress has been charged with extravagance, but this action indicates a purpose to reduce expenses to the lowest limit and to relieve the people of their burdens. This act, and others that will follow, will dispose of the Democratic howl of extravagance in the Administration.

COL. FISK'S ESTATE.—It is stated on apparently good authority that after all his debts are settled Col. Fisk's property will not net more than $100,000. Mr. John H. Comer, Col. Fisk's private secretary, is the administrator of the estate. The vast bulk of the Colonel's property has gone into the pockets of the lawyers. His life was insured for $20,000 in the Equitable Insurance Company. It is stated that on Friday last Mr. Comer called at the Grand Central hotel to inquire concerning anything that the Colonel might have left in his rooms. It is reported that the proprietor presented Mr. Comer with a bill of $2,500 for the use of the rooms in which Col. Fisk died. Mr. Comer protested against this outrageous charge, and the matter will probably go into the courts.

PERSONAL.

— Alaric has given Horace Lingard a ring.

— Justifiable homicide is to be the plea of Stokes.

— Laura Fair is said to be writing a naughty biography.

— Judge Jamieson, of Illinois, has decided that a woman can't vote in that State.

— Powhatan's traditional headquarters on the James were recently sold for $100,000.

— General Ewell is seriously ill at his residence in Nashville.

— Fisk owned a block in Brattleboro worth $18,000.

— Horace Greeley is said to be in retirement at present, pondering the great question, "Will saurkrautage explode?"—*New Orleans Times.*

— Three hundred barrels of oranges, from Joe Jefferson's plantation in Louisiana, were sold in St. Louis last week, at $10 per barrel.

— The late Gen. Hallock was a very rich man. The Cincinnati *Gazette* reports his annual income at $180,000.

— Eli Perkins, of the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, will be the next door-keeper of the Galaxy "Club-Room."

— Gobetti, an Italian advocate, has been killed in a duel by Artim Bey, favorite equerry to the Viceroy of Egypt.

— Prince Bismarck's health is said to be thoroughly undermined. For some time past he has lived exclusively on liquid food.

— Father Hyacinthe is reported to be hopelessly sick of consumption at Munich, in Bavaria.

—Horne Tooke, when asked by George III why he never played at cards, replied, "I cannot tell a king from a knave."

— George Sand writes that France is rapidly becoming republicanized, and that no monarchical party has any prospects of success. Girardin, however, asserts the reverse.

— Ex-Comptroller Connolly, of New York, is with his old friend, Isaiah Rynders, in Passaic village, New Jersey, which accounts for the rumor that he had fled the country.

— Emil Rittershaus, the most eminent of the younger poets of Germany, has made himself ridiculous by a poem on Lake Erie, in which he talks about the palm trees and alligators of that region.

—The New York *Herald's* St. Petersburg special states that the rumor is prevalent there that Alaric married a Russian lady in America in opposition to the wishes of the Czar, who thought the attachment had been broken up.

— It is said on good authority that Stokes and James Gordon Bennett, jr., met at a dinner in Delmonico's about a year ago, and that Stokes insulted the Commodore, who seized him by the throat. Stokes managed to free himself, drew a revolver, and fired upon Bennett, but missed him. It was afterward hushed up. Some time ago Stokes quarreled with young Mr. Mourehead, and drew a revolver on him, but was seized before he could pull the trigger. This was also hushed up.

New Advertisements.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!! CARRIAGES!!!

REMOVED to NEW REPOSITORY AND FACTORY, 410, 412 and 414 Eighth street, between D and E.

A large stock of first-class fashionable CARRIAGES always on hand.

REPAIRING promptly attended to

ROBERT H. GRAHAM,

410, 412 and 414 Eighth street, bet. D and E.

jan12-6t

FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,

NEW BUILDING, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY.

All moneys deposited draw interest at six per cent. under the rules of the company.

Money Loaned on Real Estate and Collateral of Government Bonds.

DEPOSITS AMOUNT TO OVER THREE MILLIONS. jan15-tf

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LORD BANTAM,

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A Sailor, by the Author of "Gizx's Baby."

"Is of infinitely greater scope and importance than 'Gizx's Baby'"—*N. Y. Herald.*

JAMES BELLEW,

Bookseller and Stationer,

jan18 703 Seventh (Seventh-house 0) st., opp. Patent Office.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 15, 1872.

On the petition of GEORGE W. MORRIS, of Greenville, South Carolina, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 26th day of June, 1858, for an improvement in O stoves.

It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 26th day of May next; that the time for filing arguments and the Examiner's report be limited to the 10th day of June, and that said petition be heard on the 12th day of June next.

Any person may oppose this extension.

jan15-Tu3w M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 15, 1872.

On the petition of SARAH W. VERY, of West Roxbury, Mass., adopteix valeix of Samuel Very, jr., deceased, praying for the extension of a patent granted to the said Samuel Very, jr., on the 12th day of May, 1858, for an improvement in Working Ship's Lower Rails in Crosses.

It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 5th day of April next; that the time for filing arguments and the Examiner's report be limited to the 10th day of April next, and that said petition be heard on the 24th day of April next.

Any person may oppose this extension.

jan15-Tu3w M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
December 21, 1871.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until January 24, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, for furnishing certain articles of Stationery for the use of the Department for three years from July 1, 1872.

Blank forms of proposals, stating the quality and estimated quantity of each article, will be furnished on application to the First Assistant Postmaster General.

Each proposal must be signed by the individual or firm making it, and be accompanied by a guaranty, certified to by responsible and sufficient by the postmaster of United States attorney where the bidder resides, that the bidder shall, within ten days after being called upon to do so, execute a contract to furnish promptly, at the place specified, the articles or articles awarded to him; to be accompanied by a bond, with approved security, in a penalty of not less than twice the contract price, that the articles to be furnished by said bidder, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the same.

Proposals unaccompanied by such guaranty will not be considered.

The bids will be considered and accepted, or rejected, then by item, or by classes of items, as the Postmaster General may elect.

The article delivered must be of the precise manufacture and quality specified, and be furnished at the contract price, whether more or less than the estimated quantity extend, and must be delivered free of charge in the Department for delivery.

The delivery must be made to the person designated by the Postmaster General, to receive the articles, which shall be subject to examination and approval by an expert detailed for that purpose. The failure to deliver in a reasonable time, the failure to perform, or the delivery of an article defective in quality or quantity, will be held sufficient cause to annul the contract, at the discretion of the Postmaster General.

The head of the Department will in all cases decide whether the article tendered by the proposer is one of the kind and quality required by the contract.

The Postmaster General reserves the right of rejecting any or all bids, if in his judgment the interests of the Department require it.

The subjoined list specifies, as nearly as can now be done, the amount, quality and description of each article:

ESTIMATED QUANTITY WANTED FOR THE YEAR.

CLASS No. 1—PAPER.

480 *Sheets to the Ream, all to be Unruled.*

1. 10 reams of Counsellor Paper, flat, 19 pounds to the ream, per ream.
2. 50 reams of Foolscap, flat, 14 pounds to the ream, per ream.
3. 20 reams of Legal Cap, flat, 16 pounds to the ream, per ream.
4. 50 reams of Quarto Post, 10 pounds to the ream, per ream.
5. 150 reams of Quarto Post, 12 pounds to the ream, per ream.
6. 30 reams of Quarto Post, 14 pounds to the ream, per ream.
7. 4 reams of Folio Post, flat, 17 by 22 inches, 20 pounds to the ream, per ream.
8. 3 reams of cubic Cap, white, best quality, flat, 17 by 22 inches, 20 pounds to the ream.
9. 3 reams of English Hand-made Cap, 16 pounds to the ream, per ream.
10. 7 reams of Flat Cap, wove, 20 pounds to the ream, per ream.
11. 4 reams of Super Royal, flat, 20 by 28 inches, 30 pounds to the ream, per ream.
12. 6 reams of Imperial Cap Paper, flat, 22 by 32 inches, per ream.
13. 30 reams of best Pocket Note, white, wove, 3 pounds to the ream, per ream.
14. 30 reams of Commercial Note No. 8, 8 pounds to the ream, per ream.
15. 25 reams of Commercial Note, best quality, 7 pounds to the ream, per ream.
16. 15 reams of Note Paper, best quality, 6 pounds to the ream, per ream.
17. 3 reams of Envelope Paper, yellow or buff, oval, 7 pounds to the ream, per ream.

All to be Full Government, thumb-cut, and well gummed with superior gum.

18. 8,000 Envelopes, best White paper, 3½ by 5 inches, gummed, 1½ inches in flap, per thousand.
19. 5,000 do., good Manilla paper, 10¼ by 6¾ inches wide-gummed, per thousand.
20. 20,000 do., light buff, extra thick, smooth paper, best quality, 11 by 5 inches, per thousand.
21. 20,000 do., light buff, extra thick, smooth paper, best quality, 10 by 4½ inches, per thousand.
22. 50,000 do., 9¾ light buff, extra thick, No. 12, 17 lbs 5 on per thousand, per thousand.
23. 150,000 do., 9¾ light buff, extra thick, No. 11, 14 lbs 4 on per thousand, per thousand.
24. 150,000 do., 9¾ light buff, extra thick, No. 10, 12 lbs 12 on per thousand, per thousand.
25. 150,000 do., 9¾ light buff, extra thick, No. 9, 11 lbs 11 on per thousand, per thousand.
26. 10,000 do., double thick, cream laid, No. 12, 20 lbs 2 on per thousand, per thousand.
27. 15,000 do., double thick, cream laid, No. 10, 14 lbs 7 on per thousand, per thousand.
28. 50,000 do., double thick, cream laid, No. 7, 9 lbs 8 on per thousand, per thousand.
29. 20,000 do., double thick, cream laid, No. 6½, 8 lbs 11 on per thousand, per thousand.
30. 5,000 do., double thick, cream laid, No. 5, 6 lbs 14 on per thousand, per thousand.
31. 2,000 do., double thick, cream laid, No. 4, 4 lbs 13 on per thousand, per thousand.

CLASS No. 2—PRESS COPYING AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS.

32. 1 dozen Press Copying Books, 14 by 20 inches, best parchment paper, half bound, genuine Russia leather backs and corners, numbered and lettered to order, 1,000 pages each, each.
33. 2 dozen Press Copying Books, 12x18 inches, best French paper, white, half bound, genuine Russia leather backs and corners, lettered to order, 1,000 pages each, each.
34. 2 dozen Press Copying Books, 10x15 inches, best French paper, white, half bound, genuine Russia leather backs and corners, numbered and lettered to order, 1,000 pages each, each.
35. 3 dozen Press Copying Books, same size, paper and binding, numbered and lettered to order, 500 pages each, each.
37. 6 dozen Memorandum Books, 4½x6½, per dozen.
38. 6 dozen Memorandum Books, 3½x5½, per dozen.
39. 6 dozen Memorandum Books, 3x5, sheepskin, 100 leaves, rulers and cover, per dozen.

CLASS No. 4—PENS, PENHOLDERS, PENCILS, &c.

40. 10 gross Gillott's No. 303 and 404, per gross.
41. 20 gross Gillott's No. 170, per gross.
42. 6 gross Gillott's No. 351, per gross.
43. 20 gross Gillott's No. 601, per gross.
44. 4 gross Gillott's No. 332, per gross.
45. 20 gross Gillott's No. 159, per gross.
46. 10 gross Gillott's No. 417, per gross.
47. 10 gross Spencerian No. 1, 2 and 3, per gross.
48. 10 gross Esterbrook's No. 128, per gross.
49. 6 gross Esterbrook's No. 14, per gross.
50. 6 gross Harrison's Index Pens, No. 22, per gross.
51. 10 gross National Bank Pens, No. 1-2, 7-10, 30-40, per gross.
52. 10 gross Cit-thiers' Hall's gold Pen, blunt point, per gross.
53. 3 gross Goodspeed's Fountain Pen, No. 1, per gross.
54. 12 gross Perry & Co.'s, No. 127, slit tips, per gross.
55. 6 gross do. do. No. 128, per gross.
56. 10 gross do. Fountain, No. 130, per gross.
57. 10 gross do. No. 230, per gross.
58. 6 gross do. Spencerian, No. 28 per gross.
59. 6 gross do. Gillott, No. 28, per gross.
60. 12 gross Cohen & Son's Fahion Pen, No. 66, per gross.
61. 12 gross do. Back Pen, No. 21, per gross.
62. 12 gross do. Merchants' Pen, No. 301, per gross.
63. 12 gross Cohen & Son's Star Pen, per gross.
64. 12 gross do. Pig Pen, per gross.
65. 12 gross do. Talismanic, per gross.
66. 3 dozen boxes Gillott's Best Swan Quill Pens, per box.
67. 3 dozen boxes best Quill Pens, per box.

PEN HOLDERS.

68. 10 dozen best Rubber and Gutta Percha Pen-holders, assorted size, as ordered, per dozen.
69. 50 dozen Cedar-cased Hexagon Pen holders, assorted size, as ordered, per dozen.

PENCILS, &c.

70. 125 dozen A. W. Faber's best Black Lead Pencils, Nos. 1—4, as ordered, best grade, at 1, per dozen.
71. 50 dozen A. W. Faber's best Black Lead Pencils, Nos. 1—4, as ordered, best grade, at 1, per dozen.
72. 40 dozen A. W. Faber's Carmine and Blue, assorted, gilt, per dozen.
73. 50 dozen A. W. Faber's Large Blue, round, plain, per dozen.
74. 100 dozen Eagle best Black Lead Pencils, Nos. 1—4, as ordered, round, gilt, per dozen.
75. 4 dozen Pentelics, French pattern, No. 16, per dozen.
76. 10 dozen Paper Folders, polished ivory, 9-inch, per dozen.
77. 10 dozen Iron Paper Weights, round, 2½ inches diameter, per dozen.
78. 5 dozen Iron Paper Weights, oval, 4 inches diameter, per dozen.
79. 5 dozen Gutta Percha Rulers, round or flat, assorted lengths, as ordered, per dozen.
80. 10 pounds best quality India Rubber erasers, of Faber, Dixon, assorted sizes, per pound.
81. 2 dozen boxes of Rogers, assorted, per dozen boxes.
82. 6 dozen gross boxes McGill's Paper Fasteners, ½ inch, per dozen boxes.

GUM BANDS.

83. 25 gross Gum Bands, No. 00½ inch, per gross.
84. 25 gross Gum Bands, No. 00½ inch, per gross.
85. 25 gross Gum Bands, No. 00½ inch, per gross.
86. 50 gross Gum Bands, No. 0½ inch, per gross.
87. 75 gross Gum Bands, No. 1½, per gross.
88. 75 gross Gum Bands, No. 2½, per gross.
89. 75 gross Gum Bands, No. 3, per gross.
90. 75 gross Gum Bands, No. 4, per gross.
91. 5 pounds Sponge, best quality, per pound.
92. 15 dozen quart bottles of Maynard & Noyes' Black Ink, per dozen bottles.
93. 10 dozen quart bottles of Arnold's Writing Fluid, per dozen bottles.
94. 10 dozen quart bottles of Carter's Combined Copying and Writing Fluid, per dozen bottles.
95. 5 dozen quart bottles of French Imperial Toilet Counting Ink, per dozen bottles.
96. 5 dozen quart bottles of Myers' Carmine Ink, per quart.
97. 5 dozen Glass Inkstands, round, flat, very solid, with hinge top, and Knox's patent hinge, 4-inch, per dozen.
98. 5 dozen ditto, 3½-inch, per dozen.
99. 5 dozen ditto, 3-inch, per dozen.
100. 12 dozen Glass Sponge Cups, 2½ inches in diameter, per dozen.
101. 25 dozen 8-ounce bottles best Mucilage, with metal tops and brush, per dozen.
102. 5 pounds Wafers, red, assorted sizes, per pound.
103. 25 pounds of Sealing Wax, best extra superfine scarlet, per pound.
104. 20 dozen boxes of Notarial Seals, assorted sizes, colors to order, per dozen boxes.

CLASS No. 5—CUTTLERY.

105. 12 dozen Penknives, Rodgers & Son's, four-bladed, blackwood handles, genuine, per dozen.
106. 6 dozen Penknives, Rodgers & Son's, small size, four-bladed, pearl handles, genuine, per dozen.
107. 3 dozen Office Shears, Scissors, best quality, 10 inches, per dozen.
108. 15 dozen Shears, Rodgers & Son's, polished horn handles, genuine, per dozen.

Samples of Paper and Envelopes will be furnished, and samples of Cutlery will be shown on application to the First Assistant Postmaster General.

Each proposal must be indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Stationery," and be addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster General.

JNO. A. J. CRESWELL,
dec22-Tu6t Postmaster General.

New Advertisements.

Overcoats.

O O V E R C O A T S

PRICES

Greatly Reduced.

THE ASSORTMENT

Unusually Large.

A. Saks & Co.,

Tailors & Clothiers,

316 Seventh street.

The LARGEST Clothing House in the District of Columbia.

Special Notices.

PERSONAL.—THIS IS TO WARN all persons from trusting a girl, Frank Walsh, on my account, as she has left my bed and board without just provocation.

MARTIN WELSH.

jan 18

CIVIL RIGHTS COMMITTEE.—THE 15th committee of fifteen appointed to represent the Republican party of the District in urging upon Congress the passage of the Supplemental Civil Rights Bill are requested to meet at Union League Hall THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock.

J. W. LEMARDES,
Chairman Rep. Gen. Com.

jan18-1t

ANNUAL RECEPTION NEW YORK REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION, FRIDAY EVENING, January 19. Season tickets (six admissions), $10; single admission, $2. To be had of Mr. Lockwood, Treasurer, Department of Interior; Unassigned Printing Office; Dr. J. F. Harrison, City; J. K. Hornell, Department; Maj. Geo. B. Hill, Auditor's Office, Treasury; M. A. Fuller, Capitol; A. Whittaker, General Land Office; S. A. Roop, Department of State; J. Madison, Government Printing Office; J. S. Langworthy, Comptroller of Currency; S. N. Smith, Pension Office, and E. W. Hale, Customs, Treasury. jan18-1t

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF WILLS, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 16, 1872.

The attention of all persons concerned is called to the following list of WILLS filed in this office, and not as yet admitted to record, during the years 1870-'71:

1870.

Last Will and Testament of Clarke, T. H.
" " Crouse, Margaret.
" " Fields, Judith T.
" " Owens, Henry.
" " Hack, John F.
" " Maxwell, James.
" " Orme, Martin.
" " Hack, Alex'r.
" " Robertson, William.
" " Rye, Ann.
" " Rogers, Johnson K.
" " Ingle, Mary.
" " Woodhull, Benjamin.

1871.

" " Boulinger, Jane.
" " Bates, Daniel.
" " Bates, Louisa Maria.
" " Cavanagh, Mathew.
" " Downs, Ann.
" " Grady, Thomas.
" " Green, Rentzen.
" " Howard, Thomas H.
" " Jordan, Alathea.
" " Kaufman, George.
" " Loy, Susan Mary.
" " Mott, Wm. H.
" " Riley, Thomas.
" " Stone, Robert.
" " Sohn, Charles.
" " Thomas, Charles.
" " Thompson, Ann S.
" " Thomas, Eliza.
" " Ware, Maria.

Such parties as are interested in the record of the above Wills are requested to call on my side and take the necessary steps to effect their proper record.

A. WEBSTER,
jan17-1w Register of Wills.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Metropolitan Railroad Company are hereby notified that a meeting for the election of trustees and other business, will be held at the office of the Company, 934 F street northwest, on the 20th instant, at 6 o'clock, p. m.

By order of the President.

C. E. GREGORY,
Secretary.

jan16-3t

THE SUBSCRIBER, THANKFUL TO the public for the liberal share of their very liberal patronage during the past year, would respectfully inform them that he is still at his old office, where he hopes to be favored with a continuance of business, and assert a modification of the same. Being carefully invested, and loans negotiated with dispatch.

CHAS. KONRADI,
Real Estate and Broker,
jan1-eo1m [Star.] No. 614½ Louisiana av.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

On and after January 20 we will remove all of our effects from our Loan Office, 519 Seventh-and-a-half street, to our new building, 451 Pennsylvania avenue, under the Metropolitan Hotel; adjoining fronting Pennsylvania avenue, 519. Our business will be conducted as heretofore with the same attention to our customers.

S. GOLDSTEIN & CO.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM COPIES of the REPUBLICAN containing the record of the Civil Service Commissioners to the Vice-Presidents, can still be obtained at this office. dec22-tf

GREAT SHOE EMPORIUM.

C. F. CUMMINS,

932 SEVENTH STREET,

(Next to Corner K and Northern Market.)

The largest stock, the finest selections, most reasonable prices.

ESTABLISHED THESE MANY YEARS AS THE GREAT RESORT FOR SATISFACTION IN THE PURCHASE OF GOOD BOOTS AND SHOES. oct13-tf

HAGMAN'S GERMAN COUGH MIXTURE. Sure cure for COUGHS and COLDS. For sale by all druggists. Wholesale manufacturing depot, corner Third and East Capitol street. dec27-1m

DR. F. SALTER, HAVING RETURNED to the city, has resumed general practice. No. 458 Louisiana avenue, near Sixth street. dec5-tf

D. L. SELKE, TEACHER OF GERMAN IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Will open a Night School at the WASHINGTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Corner of Seventh and D streets, On 3d of OCTOBER. Private classes at the Teacher's residence, No. 314 Twelfth street, between E and F, where full information can be obtained. sep1-3m

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS, COLD and consumption, and to relieve the distressing cough in consumption, is

DR. TINDALL'S TAR ELIXIR.

Don't fail to try it. Price only 25 and 50 cts. feb15-tf 605 Pa. ave., Wholesale Agents for D. C.

DR. A. FRATT, GRADUATE OF OHIO College of Dental Surgery, 352 Seventh street, between D and E, opposite north door of Patent Office, Washington. Half price in advertising rooms. sept-tf

NURSES' SCHOOL AT FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL.

The course of lectures will commence March 6, 1872, and will continue for three months.

Full and practical instruction will be given upon all the duties of the monthly nurse, including the proper care of infants.

The Lectures are wards of the hospital, under the charge of one of the lecturers, will afford opportunity for illustration of the subjects taught.

For circulars and further information apply to Professor ROBERT REYBURN, M. D., No. 628 F street, surgeon in charge of Freedmen's hospital; Professor JOS. TASKER DENNIS, M. D., No. 922 New York avenue, physician of the Lying-in wards, or at the hospital. [star] jan4-3m

LIEUT. W. F. COGSWELL,

GENERAL AGENT and CORRESPONDENT for the

"Alabama State Journal," Alabama.
"Rockport Journal," Indiana.
"Maryland News," Maryland.
"People's Journal," Michigan.
"National Standard," D. C.;
"Disperser and Herald," Iowa.
"The Irish Republic," New York.
"Revely's American Newspaper Directory," N. Y.
Office—471 O street, N. W.
P. O. Address—Box 85, Washington, D.C. no5-tf

MEDICAL SCHOOL FOR NURSES. J. Henry Thompson and Dr. F. A. Ashford will deliver a course of lectures at Columbia Hospital to female nurses, commencing on the 1st of February, 1872, and continuing each Tuesday and Thursday during January, February and March.

It will embrace all the instruction necessary in Anatomy, Physiology, Midwifery and Hygiene, to qualify a woman to discharge intelligently all the duties of a nurse.

At the close of the course those student's who intend to follow nursing as a profession will have the opportunity of entering the Freedmen's Hospital as nurses for three months; at the end of that time they will receive a certificate of their services and qualifications.

The lectures will commence at 4 p. m., and continue for an hour.

Tickets can be obtained of Dr. J. H. Thompson, 1224 Massachusetts avenue; Dr. F. A. Ashford, 1309 New York avenue, or of the lecturers at the hospital, corner of Twenty-fifth street and Pennsylvania avenue. dec-tf

DR. BELLA C. BARROWS,

OCULIST,

Office 628 F Street.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. mp18-

NAVY YARD.—MR. GEO. KRAFT, agent for the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN for Fifth and Sixth wards, will attend to all orders left at Hagmann's drug store, northeast corner of Third street east and East Capitol street.

GEORGETOWN—PERSONS DESIRING the DAILY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN can have it delivered regularly for FIFTY CENTS per month by leaving their names at the Grocery store of Jas. H. Stasel, successor to H. G. Ritter, 156 Bridge street.

FIRST WARD—PERSONS RESIDING in the First ward can have the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN delivered promptly at their residences by leaving their name and address at the Cigar store of PHILIP H. TAGG, No. 1330 Pennsylvania avenue, corner of Eighteenth street. sep1-tf

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REMOVAL.

The undersigned have removed their office from 437 Louisiana avenue to 457 Louisiana avenue, between 4½ street and Delaware avenue.

W. B. WOODWARD,
W. H. WOODWARD,
Surgeon U. S. Navy.

jan15-3t

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A GOOD, SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS MAN, WITH A SMALL FAMILY, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A COUNTRY PLACE. NONE NEED APPLY WITHOUT GOOD RECOMMENDATIONS. ENQUIRE AT THIS OFFICE. jan15-3t

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