LOCAL AFFAIRS

NOTICES OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A FAIR and festival will be held Tuesday and Wednesday, August 20 and 21, for the benefit of Carroll Chapel School.

BOGAN & WYLIE are selling their goods at 20 per cent. discount.

THE collegiate exercises of Georgetown College will be resumed on Monday, September 2.

DYER & DAVIDSON have several farms to trade for city property.

COX & CALLAN have farms of all sizes for sale.

WM. BALLANTYNE has removed from No. 402 to 420 Seventh street.

THE third annual session of Eclectic Institute will commence September 9.

A. SANSTAG & Co., auctioneers, will sell, on Monday, August 26, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., at Lansburg & Bro.'s store, 408 Seventh street, $50,000 worth of seasonable dry goods.

A SPECIAL communication of the Grand Lodge, F. A. A. M., of the District of Columbia, will be held this evening.

GUILD & LOCKER, auctioneers, will sell, on Wednesday, August 21, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at No. 149 High street, Georgetown, D. C., the household furniture of the late James Wallace

A REWARD of $25 is offered for the arrest and conviction of a thief.

AN adjourned meeting of soldiers and sailors will be held this evening.

THE academic year of Georgetown College begins the first Monday in September.

CITY SMALL TALK.

Dealers in congealed water are busy just now.

There is very little foot-racing at this time.

The streets are dusty.

Money is scarce.

Business isn't particularly brisk now.

Water melons everywhere.

There are those who fancy that a "People's Column" is intended for all manner of rubbish.

Is there a learned Thebian among us who could deliver a lecture on hydrophobia.

Five dollars fine for fishing in Mullett river, Georgetown.

The lamp in the R. P. W. lighthouse in Georgetown shines for all.

Fort Cooke is one of the defences of Georgetown.

Capt. Beverly Tucker has gone to Virginia to enter the campaign for Grant and Wilson.

Esposita, the music man, advertises in another column. Read it.

They are still betting on the result in North Carolina.

Who stole the watermelon on the Lady of the Lake? Barney says he didn't.

Salt is now after the market-house corner. Can he beat it?

It is not proposed to set out in cabbages the ground fronting the centre market.

The comprehensive system has drawn out the humor of Georgetown very extensively.

James L. Kurrand, 909 Pennsylvania avenue, sends us Godey and the Atlantic for September.

Where did that gun go to which Col. Alexander paid Captain Starkweather for firing the salute?

John Speaks was arrested Saturday for stealing a hand-car from the Baltimore and Potomac railroad. Why didn't he go for the locomotive?

Some citizens have alighted of waylaying a city reporter and getting political news from him. Attend the meetings, read the papers and learn for yourselves.

A drunken man was found lying near the glaring posters of the Great Eastern Show, representing De Soto discovering the Mississippi, waiting for a policeman to arrest the man who stole it from the rotunda.

The Corcoran Zouaves, at their regular meeting, on Friday night last, elected Lieutenant Rudolph Hannaman (late of the Grenadiers) as Second Lieutenant; Mr. J. J. Murray, president of the civil organization, and Mr. A. H. Eaton vice president.

The heavy rains on Friday night made a mad river from Rhode Island avenue to T street, and from Eighth to Tenth street, extending up to the walls of the houses between Eighth and Ninth streets for hours, and shutting off all communication with the outside world for the residents except by wading. The branch had all its work to do to carry off the water, but it was a lively time for the children and the dogs if they kept out of the main current, although a few came to grief by neglecting this precaution.

Suits to be Tried.

There is a little interregnum in courts, but quite a number of interesting suits are being made ready for trial when they open next month. Mr. S. T. Ratt has entered a suit on the equity docket of the court against E. K. Tinker and the Washington market company for an injunction, &c. Petitioner sets forth that in May, 1869, after the incorporation of the Washington market company, the defendants made an agreement with complainant by which said Tinker and Pierce promised to take all the stock of the said company, or so much as they could under the charter, and hold the same for the joint benefit of Tinker, Pierce and complainant, in equal shares, in which it was stipulated that said Tinker and Pierce would pay all assessments which might be required, and hold and carry the complainant's portion of said stock for him, charging him only legal interest, and in conformity to this agreement complainant gave his attention to the business for a long time, and aided and abetted Pierce and Tinker in the management of the business; that said Pierce and Tinker afterwards subscribed to and held a majority of the stock of said company, to wit, 3,160 shares, of the value of $316,000. But Pierce and Tinker afterwards represented that it had become necessary for them to intrust other persons in the enterprise, so that the original agreement could not be carried out, and therefore it was agreed between Tinker and complainant that Pierce should be released of the original agreement in order to provide for the new partnership, and that the defendant and complainant should be equal parties to the stock taken in the name of Tinker, and on the terms of the original agreement; whereupon complainant indorsed the promissory note of Tinker for $13,000, to be used in payment for stock, and the note has been so used. He charges that after the subscription of stock by Pierce and Tinker the market company was duly organized by electing a board of directors, and they continued to act until ——, 1870, when certain persons associated themselves under the fifteenth section of said charter, and pretended that the original company has forfeited its charter, and the directors of the original company, of which defendant was one, fraudulently admitted the forfeiture and surrendered the same to the new company.

He charges that in the new company thus formed and now claiming the franchises under the charter the defendant and his associates took one fourth of the stock and now hold the same to which he is entitled to the same, whether in his own name or not. He avers that he has always been ready to carry out the agreement, and that defendant in equity ought to be compelled by the court to perform the agreement according to the terms and stipulations. He asks that Tinker be made to answer what amount of stock he holds in said company in his own or other names, whether he does not hold it under the agreement for the joint benefit of himself and complainant, &c. He asks that an injunction issue to restrain said Tinker or the company from selling or hypothecating said one fourth of the stock, and that a decree be made that Tinker account to him, that he may have a specific performance of the contract.

Mr. John E. Norris has, for James T. Hawley, secured a suit against Samuel Hunters for defamation of character, in that during the month of July he used the following words in relation to the plaintiff: "He is a d—d horse thief," and also that he could prove it, and that plaintiff stole horses during the war and sold them. Damages are laid at $2,000.

UNIVERSAL BUREAU

THE 20th Complete Piece of Furniture Ready.

Captain Charles Wernz, the general agent, called Saturday at the REPUBLICAN office and exhibited a working model of the universal bureau, an invention or piece of furniture recently patented by Mr. Herman Rooks, of New York. In appearance it resembles the ordinary book case and desk, the upper portion of the front having glass doors, and the lower portion being divided into drawers and folding plates which must be opened to reach the contents or portions of the apparatus. The back, sides, top and bottom are entirely closed.

In his application for a patent the ingenious inventor set forth the following as embraced in his bureau: Wardrobe, book case, drawers, sliding-table, mirror, wash-stand, toilet case, writing desk, folding bedstead with mosquito net, boot-jack, and spittoon, each of the articles being of the ordinary size and strength of single ones of their class.

The bureau can be made a beautiful piece of furniture, fit for the parlor or study, and with its wonderful combination must at once grow into popular favor.

GOOD FOR WASHINGTON.

What Our German Scientists Did in Baltimore.

During the past week the annual fest of the West Baltimore Sonnuten Verein was in progress in that city. As is usual a number of Washington men were present and competed for the prizes, how successfully may be judged from the following list: Six cash prizes in gold, amounting in the aggregate to $300, were brought home by Messrs. R. Heanah, Captain Baugh, Wm. Fendner, — Leipold, J. Baker Smith and L. Beyer. Eight medals of silver were awarded, and of them six were brought to Washington by Messrs. Wasmann, Heanah, Baugh, Fendner, Leipold and Beyer, and to crown it all the gold medal for the most "bull eye" was won by Mr. R. Heanah, a pretty good showing for one week.

Good, Sound Logic.

MR. EDITOR: I respectfully ask a place in your paper for a few words in relation to a matter that is exciting considerable attention among the intelligent and thinking class of our citizens of foreign birth. There have been of late frequent attempts made by a few designing and interested parties to draw that class of our citizens into an organization, whose distinctive feature is that they are of German or Irish birth, and being such they desire to build up their claims to political recognition on that ground alone. Now, I claim that this is unjust to the native and to the naturalized born, "and that we have no right whatever to any recognition in any other light than for services rendered as naturalized citizens of the United States, and any attempt on the part of these ambitious office-seekers of foreign birth to separate to public notice, should be discountenanced as inimical to the best interests of those who desire no other recognition or claim to political favor on any other ground than as Americans. L. F.

Carrying Concealed Weapons.

A noticeable feature in the morning returns of the lieutenants of the several precincts Saturday was that in three of them arrests had been made of parties for carrying concealed weapons, as follows: In the Second precinct, by Officer Redway, Isaac Arthurs, colored, aged 20 years; in the Third precinct, by Officer Cameron, Joseph Williams and Joseph Chaney, both colored, aged respectively 16 and 17 years; and in the Sixth precinct, by Sergt. Officer Robertson, Charles H. Brooks, colored, aged 50 years. If the extreme penalty of the law were inflicted upon all persons arrested for carrying concealed weapons, there would soon be a stop put to the practice.

Ho! for the Tournament.

To-morrow and Wednesday there will be a tournament, fair and festival, for the benefit of Carroll Chapel, at the Cottage, on the Seventh street road, seven miles from this city. It will be under the direction of Rev. Father Mackin, and the proceeds will be devoted to the building of a school-house in that locality. Father Mackin will be remembered as the assistant pastor of St. Matthew's parish, and while resident of Washington endeared himself not only to the flock over whom he had spiritual charge, but to a host of people not under his pastoral care. He is endeavoring to build up the churches now confided to his mission, and he confidently hopes his former friends in Washington will not forget the entertainment to-morrow and Wednesday.

Return of Mr. Cupper.

The many friends of A. H. Cupper, who was compelled last spring to leave his business, at the southeast corner of Seventh street and Massachusetts avenue, on account of ill health, will be glad to learn that he has just returned from Europe, and is again in charge of his well-known restaurant. Five barrels of Lone river oysters arrived this morning in the steamer Wawaset, which will be served up in the usual good style of Mr. C.'s house.

Sudden Death.

A colored man named Christopher Scriber, who had been left in charge of the residence of Hon. F. A. Boswell during his absence from this city, was taken suddenly ill Friday morning with a congestive chill, and died from its effects about 9 o'clock Friday evening. Lieut. Gessford sent an officer to remain at the house, and the body of Scriber was removed by his relatives. Dr. Morgan was in attendance, but could do nothing to relieve the patient.

Cruelty to Animals.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. Gatchell, president of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, lightened the load of a horse on Eleventh street, turned two animals out of harness, and arrested Samuel Dennison on Seventh street near the Avenue for cruelly beating his horse. Justice Kneas fined the accused $10 and costs.

Explosion.

The alarm of fire sounded last night about 7:30 o'clock from box 18 was caused by the explosion of a can of coal oil in the house of George Stevens on the corner of Sixth and O streets. No damage was done.

THE ROCKVILLE FAIR.

Nineteenth Annual Gathering—Montgomery County Agricultural Society.

The nineteenth annual exhibition of the Montgomery county agricultural society is announced to take place at their grounds in Rockville on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 11, 12 and 13, and the prospects are the meeting will be more interesting than any of its predecessors.

The fair grounds are beautifully laid out, and are being put in good order, the supply of water—with two additional wells—will be ample, so that all may expect to see a goodly time in that generous rivalry between those engaged in that most independent of all pursuits, the cultivation of the earth.

The prizes offered are far more numerous and valuable than heretofore, and are classified as follows: Blooded horses, saddle horses, quick draft horses, horses of general utility, heavy draft horses, mule and horse teams; Durham, Devon, Aldernsey, Ayrshire, grade and native, and fat cattle; working oxen, sheep, hogs, poultry, dairy, seed, flour, tobacco, machinery and agricultural implements, saddles and harness. Plowmen and plowing vegetables, fruit, flowers, textile fabrics; the products of factories, home-made fabrics; hams, culinary department, including bread, preserves, pickles, domestic wine and hard and soft soap; musical instruments, sewing machines, and what are known as discretionary premiums will be awarded for articles of merit which may be offered and which are not included in the above list.

Trials of speed will take place each day, the understanding being that the premiums are not offered and will not be paid for any horse kept as a race horse or owned by professional sportsmen.

The several committees and judges appointed to take charge of the respective departments are well known and qualified to act in that capacity. The rules adopted by the management will serve to insure to the pleasure and comfort of all who attend, and there is no doubt but that the fair will be well worthy of the reputation of the society.

THE WESTERN MARKET.

Bids for the Building to be Opened To-Day.

The contemplation of railroads, the erection of elegant buildings for public and private uses and the general improvement in the appearance of our city mark the advance Washington is making. Nothing, perhaps, in the way of public buildings indicates so decidedly the comfort of a city as its market houses. Genuine comfort consists in contentment, and contentment is a rarity unless one's table is well provided. Our city will soon be well supplied with markets, structures in every way worthy of her increasing prosperity and growing population. At its last session the Legislature made an adequate appropriation for the erection of a market house for the accommodation of the residents in the western section of the city. In all respects it will be an elegant building, as the following description will show. Bids for its construction will be opened to-day by the Board of Public Works and it is expected a contract entered into at once.

The dimensions of the building will be 218 feet on K street, extending from the Fourth police station: 125 feet on Twenty-first street, to a 30-foot alley; 50 feet right angle with K street, the same forming a hollow square of 118 by 71 feet. There will be a tower 90 feet high, in which will be placed a town clock. The arrangements inside are to be of the most complete character. There will be an office for the clerk of the market and a toilet room for retiring rooms. The fronts of the building are to be of pressed brick and the inside walls are to be painted. The vice president of the Board of Public Works, under whose direction the market will be built, placed the work of drawing the plans of the building in the hands of Mr. Thomas M. Plowman, who has performed his duty well.

THE AMERICUS CHAPIT CLUB.

A New Craft in the Waters.

A week ago mention was made in the REPUBLICAN of the organization of the Americus Chapit club, composed of well-known pleasure lovers in the District and the election of Colonel William G. Magee as the president, together with a quota of other competent officers. The gentlemen of the organization meant business. They determined that thirsty should at least have one pleasure yacht capable of sailing in a storm, and although not prepared to have such a boat built as they would like, they did the nearest to it thing, appointed a committee, with Mr. Frank Finley at its head, and authorized them to select and purchase in any of the Northern cities a suitable craft. The committee made a tour as far north as New York, and, after carefully examining such boats as were for sale, came to the conclusion that the best they could do was to purchase the yacht "Wanderer," of Baltimore, and accordingly a bargain was closed on Saturday.

The Wanderer was built about three years ago by the Bremen Steamship Company, of Baltimore, to run out to their vessels while in quarantine, and is in all respects a first-class boat. She has a forty foot keel and a beam of thirteen and a half feet, and carries a jib and flying jib and a main and topsail. The service for which she was built did not require a cabin, and accordingly none was put on her, but the club at once made a contract to have that necessary addition made, and it is expected that it will be finished and delivered in this city in time to sail with the yacht race on Monday next. The cost of the boat and improvements will be about $1,000.

HOMICIDE.

South Washington Again the Scene.

Hezekiah Edwards Shoots Robert Humbard.

BOTH PARTIES COLORED.

The Cause of the Homicide Domestic Troubles.

Scenes and Incidents of the Affray.

EDWARDS SURRENDERS HIMSELF TO LIEUTENANT HURLEY.

Last night, about 10 o'clock, the residents in the vicinity of Third street west, between D south and Virginia avenue, were startled by several reports of a pistol, which, it was soon ascertained, had resulted in the death of one "Bob" Humbard, a well-known colored barber, and subsequent inquiry showed that the shots were fired by Hezekiah Edwards, because of an alleged intimacy between the former and the wife of the latter. As soon as the shooting was over Edwards hurried to police headquarters, where he surrendered himself to Lieut. Hurley, the officer in charge, stating that he had shot and killed a man.

THE CAUSE.

In a conversation with the prisoner he stated to a reporter of the REPUBLICAN that for the past fourteen months an intimacy had existed between his wife and Humbard which he had often endeavored to break off, but Humbard still persisted in his attention. Latterly he had got such a control over the woman that on one or two occasions he had beat her severely, and boasted that he owned and would do with her as he chose. On Wednesday last he (Edwards) was taken suddenly ill while at work, and on going to his home had some words with the deceased, who was about the premises, which he left soon after. His next meeting with deceased was on Friday morning, when the two had a conversation, the prisoner taking very plainly with Humbard, and begging him to desist in his attentions to his wife, which he promised to do, and with this understanding they took a drink and parted, agreeing that the past should be forgotten, and each, as far as the other was concerned, live only in the future.

MORE TROUBLE.

But it seems Humbard forgot his promise, and early yesterday morning, during the absence of Edwards, called at the house, and a row with the woman, and evidently with the intent of giving the woman a beating, on account of which she went at once and had a warrant issued for his arrest, charging him with assault and battery. The warrant was served on him during the day by one of the officers of the First precinct.

THE SHOOTING.

During the day Edwards remained about his house, and in the evening, about 9 o'clock, started up the street on leaving the house, and at D and Third streets was told by Cornelius Peck that Humbard was just ahead with two pistols, and was looking for him to murder him. He walked on, however, and on overtaking the deceased looked around, and recognizing the prisoner, put his hand back of him in his hip pocket. Remembering the warning of Peck, he immediately drew a pistol and fired once.

Humbard then struck at him with something, supposed to be a razor, and the crowd gathering around he did not fire again until it broke away and started to run, then he fired once more, and the third time after the man had entered and taken refuge in the house of Mrs. Davis, in Third street, where he fell and expired in about twenty minutes. As soon as he had done shooting E. proceeded to police headquarters and surrendered himself as above stated. The officers in the meantime arrived at the scene and the body was taken to the station-house, where two wounds were discovered, one in the groin and the other in the left breast. The coroner was immediately notified of the occurrence, and responded, and concluded to hold an inquest today.

THE WOMAN

who was the cause of the trouble was arrested by Officer Thomas Marden, and locked up until the arrival of the coroner. She is a dark mulatto, about twenty-eight years of age, of fine physique, and has been married about six years. On being questioned by the officer she exhibited the utmost coolness, and answered directly all interrogatories put her, but did not admit that there had been any criminal intimacy between her and deceased.

She states that he was an old beau of hers; that since her marriage he has attended her to church several times, and shown her other attentions, which she considered improper, and after a conversation he assaulted her, for which she had the warrant for his arrest issued. After being released from jail she was summoned to appear before the coroner's jury to-day.

THE PRISONER

is a corpor colored man, about thirty-five years of age, five feet ten inches in height, and well proportioned. He has for a number of years been in the employ of Mr. Zeph Jones, but for a short time worked for Joseph Williams, returning to his old employer two weeks ago. When he entered headquarters he was perfectly sober, cool and collected, and told a straightforward story, showing some little feeling when he spoke of the treatment of his wife by "Bob."

THE DECEASED

was a full negro, about the same age as the prisoner, and a barber by profession, and was employed in the shop of Ad. Dalton on the south side of the Avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets. He was nearly six feet high, well built and rather showy in appearance. He was formerly one of the Dick Smith gang, has been arrested a number of times for disorderly conduct and carrying concealed weapons, and was looked upon by the officers as a bad character.

THE WEAPON

used was a Smith & Wesson seven-shooter, pocket size, silver mounted, and when handed to Lieut. Hurley five of the chambers were empty and two contained cartridges.

AT THE STATION.

As soon as the fact of the shooting became known a large and excited crowd gathered about the station house and remained there for an hour, talking the matter over. As is usual on such occasions, they got things pretty well mixed, the only point on which they could agree being that a man was shot, but by whom or for what very few knew. The few, however, who did know seemed to think that Edwards was justified and should be immediately set at liberty. The inquest to-day may develop some new facts, but the above are about all which could be gathered last night amid the excitement and seeming ignorance of those in the vicinity at the time of the shooting.

THE REFORM SCHOOL.

The Enterprise Fairly Under Way—Plan of the Buildings—Object of the Institution.

By and act of Congress approved May 15, 1872, the secretary of the Interior was authorized to purchase a new site for a reform school, to be selected by himself and the Board of Trustees of said school, on which buildings for the accommodation of two hundred boys shall be erected, under the supervision of said secretary, the board of trustees, and the architect of the Capitol, and for these purposes the sum of one hundred thousand dollars was appropriated. Accordingly a site was selected on the ground formerly occupied by Fort Lincoln (now Mount Lincoln) on the Bladensburg road, about two and a half miles from this city, and as soon as the negotiations for the ground were completed, which cost $30,000, Mr. Clark, architect of the Capitol, set at work and prepared the plans and specifications of the building, which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior, and bids for the construction of the building are advertised for. The whole to be subjected to the approval of Architect Clark.

The building is to consist of a main building four stories high of the following dimensions: Fifty feet 8 inches in width by 87 feet in depth, with a central tower 12 feet above the roof. To this building will be attached two wings, each 35 feet by 78 feet, three stories and an attic high. The whole to be constructed of red brick, the roofs to be Mansard and of slate. The room of the building are to be divided into administration rooms, parlors for the boys and the superintendent, school rooms, mess halls and workshops. There will also be erected a family building for the accommodation of fifty boys, and it is the intention to erect in the future more of these buildings in order to class the boys in families of this number. Notwithstanding that proposals are not to be submitted until the 22nd inst., the trustees have begun the work of excavating in order to cause as little delay in the construction of the building as is possible.

The objects of this institution are something that have never been fairly understood by our citizens, many of them thinking that a boy sent to the reform school is incarcerated in a prison. This is a mistaken idea. The school has for its objects the reception of the boys of the cities of Washington and Georgetown under 15 years of age, who are destitute of a home or means of support, or who are idle and incorrigible, or wandering about uncared for by their relatives or friends, and whose parents, if they have any living within the District, are unable to pay the expenses of their support. Every boy sent to the reform school is obliged to remain therein until he is 21 years of age, unless sooner discharged or bound as an apprentice to some proper person by the board of trustees; and further, no boy is retained after the superintendent shall have reported him fully reformed.

The advantages derived from an institution of this kind are many, and instead, as was formerly the case, of a boy being sent to the jail, there to associate with the hardened criminals, he is placed in the reform school and there instructed in the various trades, and upon reaching manhood is placed upon the world a useful citizen.

A Mean Thief.

In our advertising columns Mr. George M. Oyster offers a reward of $25 for the arrest and conviction of the thief who cut the reins and martingale of his harness and stole therefrom a pair of ivory rings. This act of vandalism was committed with a sharp instrument, probably a razor, while Mr. Oyster's partner was loading his wagon at the Northern market on Saturday night, preparatory to returning home. The value of the property stolen is insignificant compared to that which has been destroyed, and we are glad to see that Mr. Oyster has taken this initiatory step to detect the thief, as it is no new thing to hear of harness being cut to pieces that some trifle may remove therefrom some slight ornament.

The Washington Catholic Friends' Society at Fortress Monroe.

A dispatch from Fort Monroe says the steamer Ironsides with the Catholic Friends' Society from Washington on board arrived here this a. m., and spent the day in visiting the fort and Sewall's Point, returning in the evening. The steamer Wentonah, from Baltimore, with a large party on board, also arrived, and they spent the day in a similar manner.

GEORGETOWN AFFAIRS.

CORONER PATTERSON yesterday visited the body of John Gannison, killed Friday afternoon by falling into the hold of the schooner L. M. Merrill, and deemed an inquest unnecessary. The body was placed in charge of Mr. Burch, the undertaker, who buried it in the old Methodist burial ground near Lyon's mills at the expense of the captain of the schooner. Gannison's effects were turned over to the property clerk of the Metropolitan police.

A BRUTE.—Officer Rogers Saturday arrested the man, John Litchfield, who a few weeks since brutally treated a mule in Alexandria, Va., by cutting two slips in the animal's tongue, and then fled from justice. He was turned over to the Alexandria authorities for their action.

SALES.—The sales Saturday were several small lots of prime wheat at $1.72@$1.75½.

THE RIVER.—Arrived, barge Roanoke, from Winston, N. C., with 80,000 feet of yellow pine lumber for J. & J. E. Libbey and Wheatley Bros.; schooner R. C. Stannard, from Norfolk, Va., with 75,000 feet of yellow pine lumber and 100,000 shingles for Wheatley Bros.; schooner Saco, from Havre-de-Grace, with 150,000 feet of white pine lumber for Pickrell & Co.

CAVED IN.—The sewer on First, near Market street, broke through Friday night. Workmen were immediately put at work on it, and it is expected that all will be righted in a day or two.

AT LAST.—The Washington and Georgetown cars resumed their travel to the city on Saturday afternoon. The first car over was greeted with three hearty cheers.

WANTED TO DROWN HIMSELF.—Saturday night, about 11:30 o'clock, Officer Hasey heard the cry of police, and on going to the foot of High street, found a man named Elijah Sullivan in the river endeavoring to drown himself. He was rescued by the officer and removed to the station house, where it was found that he was suffering from the effects of the opium potion. Sullivan was afterward sent to his home on Brick Hill.

POLICE WORK.—There were seventeen arrests made by the police of the Third precinct on Saturday; five for assault and battery, four for profanity, two carrying concealed weapons, and six for drunkenness.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.—One o'clock Saturday night a party of four boatmen, with a man named J. T. Scriver, made a brutal attack upon an old man named Geo. Collins, on Bridge street, between High and Potomac streets, and inflicted serious injuries to his head and face. Officers Harper and Rodgers hearing the noise of the affray proceeded to the scene, and upon their reaching the spot one of the party named John Riley threw a brick, which struck Officer Rodgers in the breast, bruising him severely. The officers succeeded in arresting Riley, who, they conveyed to the station-house. Scriver was arrested yesterday, and he with Riley will be sent before Judge Snell to-day.

CITY ITEMS.

A DISEASE WITH A THOUSAND SYMPTOMS.—Dyspepsia is the most perplexing of all human ailments. Its symptoms are almost infinite in their variety, and the forlorn and despondent victims of the disease often fancy themselves the prey, in turn, of every known malady. This is due, in part, to the close sympathy which exists between the stomach and the brain, and in part, also, to the fact that any disturbance of the digestive function necessarily affects the liver, the bowels and the nervous system, and affects, to some extent, the quality of the blood. A medicine that, like Hostetter's Bitters, not only tones the stomach but at the same time controls the liver, produces a regular habit of body, braces the nerves, purifies the fluids and "ministers to a mind diseased," is therefore the true and only specific for chronic indigestion. Built up by the operation of this famous vegetable restorative. If not only cures dyspepsia, but also all concomitants and consequences. Moreover, it is invaluable as a preventive of indigestion. No one who chooses to take half a wineglassful of this agreeable appetizer and stomachic habitually three times a day will ever be troubled with oppression after eating, nausea, sour eructations, or any other indications of a want of vigor in the digestive and assimilating organs. The debility and languor superinduced by hot weather are immediately and permanently relieved by the bitters, and persons who are constitutionally inclined to look upon life "as through a glass, darkly," will be apt to take a brighter and more hopeful view of the situation under the genial influence of this wholesome medicinal stimulant. M,W&F

WARNER'S PATENT COOKER," the greatest improvement ever made in cooking. Ease and economy combined. Suited to the need of all. Meat cooked without contact with water or steam, and always at the right temperature. Two ounces saved in the pound. Testimonials from some of the best people of this city and elsewhere. Call and examine, at the Slate Mantel and Chandelier Ware Rooms of Hamilton A Pearson, Y. M. C. A. Building, 9th and D streets. 61

VISIT Wallach's Dollar Store, 491 Pa. av., below National Hotel.

USEFUL FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

THURSTON'S Ivory Pearl Tooth Powder is the best Dentrifice in use. It keeps the Teeth clean and white, and the gums sound and healthy. Price 25 and 50 cents.

JOUVIN'S Inodorous Kid Glove Cleaner is far superior to anything known. Price 25 cents.

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Fighting the Socialists.

A curious decree against the Socialists has been issued by the Prussian Governor of Sleswick-Holstein. This document states that the country has for some time been over run with agitators, who get up meetings for the purpose of spreading Socialist ideas among the workingmen, and organize strikes and other movements which are prejudicial to industry. Their efforts have as yet not been very successful; but the Government considers it necessary to explain clearly the real designs of the Socialists to those who are not aware of them. Their object is "to overthrow everything that we love, respect and hold sacred—the fatherland, the throne, the altar, morality and law; to substitute the public house for the home, to dissolve the ties of property, and to reduce labor, the nourisher and supporter of nations, to the plaything of ambitious demagogues. It is the red republic which the democratic Socialists aim at. According to their system laws are to be made by the people, under the direction of party leaders who are already fighting among themselves. Knowing that they can do nothing under present circumstances, their efforts being hindered at every step by the intelligence of the people and the strong arm of the Government, the Socialist leaders seek to dissolve all the bonds of society. It is for this that they preach hatred against the proprietors, subvert public order, undermine public morality, and mock at the Christian religion. But, above all, they seek to paralyze labor, to depreciate industry, to destroy all confidence between masters and men, to foster discontent, and to induce workingmen to lead an idle life in public places and at seditious meetings." The Governor concludes by urging both masters and men to do their utmost to neutralize the effect of those machinations.

Disraeli and His Wife.

A London correspondent says: It is a genuine sign of Mr. Disraeli's popularity that the whole town was glad to read the contradiction of Lady Beaconsfield's alarming illness. But if her ladyship has not been exactly ill, she has nevertheless sustained a severe shock. Very recently, when on a visit to a friend, she felt a weakness in her arm, and on examining the sensitive part it was found that a vein had burst and that some loss of blood had already ensued. This was all; but the incident was of a nature to justify apprehension and to account for the sinister rumors which speedily got into circulation, especially when it is remembered that her ladyship is upwards of eighty years of age, and therefore fifteen or sixteen years older than her husband. Mr. Disraeli's conjugal devotion is so well known that little need be said on that subject. A lady once congratulated him on his great affection for his wife. His answer was as true as it was delicately expressed: "I ought to be fond of her, for I owe everything to her." Under any circumstances he is a man who would have made his mark both as a politician and as an author, but without his wife's fortune he might still have been struggling for a place in the second official rank of the Conservative party. If all that his detractors say of him be true, he yet has personal qualities which render him far more attractive than many men of more saintly renown. Very good men are sometimes very cruel or very canting, but Mr. Disraeli is not a christian of this order.

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