National Republican.

W. J. MURTAGH.....Editor and Proprietor

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☞ All communications, whether on business or for publication, should be addressed to Wm. J. Murtagh, Proprietor NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
HENRY WILSON,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

FOR DELEGATE TO CONGRESS,
NORTON P. CHIPMAN.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

Congressman Platt, of Virginia, who has been taking an active part in the campaign in New England, returned here yesterday. He states that the feeling in that section is all one way; that the popularity of the Philadelphia nominees is not affected by the Greeley movement. He spent several days in the district represented by General Banks, and was astonished to find that so few of his old constituents had followed the General in his defection. His former intimate personal friends have neglected him, and Mr. Sumner's principal callers are Democrats, with a small sprinkling of so-called Liberal Republicans. Of the success of the Republican ticket in New England he has not the slightest doubt.

The political news from other sections is equally favorable. The Congressional committee daily receive advices from trustworthy sources. The thorough organization commenced a few weeks since is going on successfully. Enthusiasm of the right character is being developed, while a determination seems to have been formed simultaneously all over the country to bring out the full Republican vote. The coming State elections, it is stated, will fully confirm the predictions made, and the campaign so auspiciously begun in North Carolina continued to the end.

THE COOL SEPTEMBER.

We think we may fairly congratulate our readers that the days when, like Sidney Smith, every one of us felt like getting out of our skins and sitting in our bones have at last come to an end. The heated term in Washington is happily over, and it is in order to expect every hour the return of the truant wanderers from the seashore, the shady places, the mountains and the springs, where they have loitered the long summer away from the dust and heat of the capital. We have hardly the heart even now to refer to those cruel, scorching days when the mercury stood from morning until night and from night until morning on heights to which within the memory of Mr. Carroll Brent's oldest inhabitants' club it never before dared to ascend. Washington was indeed hot for the last three months, so hot that it cannot be duly described without the use of language which never appears in our eminently pure and chaste columns.

Day after day we looked to Gen. Myer's morning and evening bulletin to see if his signal men saw anything in the heavens or on the earth that boded comfort and consolation to perspiring humanity, but "Probabilities," while discoursing learnedly about barometer areas and variable winds around the New Hampshire hills, told us not of a single cloud that would protect us from the celestial roasting that we were forced to endure. An appeal to the Observatory and Commodore Sands only confirmed our worst fears that the sun itself was on fire, and that there was every reason to expect a grand celestial and terrestrial conflagration all around. Professor Henry and his savans were our last resort; but they could tell us nothing excepting that Plantamour's comet had something to do with it; that a savan, armed with a microscope and a telescope, was stationed at every corridor of the Institute, and if the comet comes to melt our blistered globe we should have the first intelligence of it. This was very kind in the Professor, and he will please thus publicly accept our thanks.

To all our absent ones who are still afraid to return from their retreats we would say come back. The weather is truly delightful. The most delicious breezes are borne to us from the Potomac waters and the Arlington hills, and the fiery days and nights are indeed no more. Then Washington has increased in beauty and loveliness. Tiber creek is a tradition, and the historic canal is a sweet and fragrant memory. The rough places have nearly all been made smooth, and General Babcock has sent, we forget how many, additional million gallons of water surging through our hydrants as sweet and sparkling as when it left its current at the Falls. Magnificent streets have been finished as level as so many bowling alleys, and, we say it with all becoming modesty, the future home of the REPUBLICAN has risen to the full height of its elegant proportions, a thing of beauty and a joy forever.

Our masculine readers who are blessed with those dear responsibilities without which life would be a dreary desert waste will please lay down their paper here. What follows is entirely intended for that softer and sweeter and better portion of the human family, who are far more interested in the fall fashions than in the Presidential election. To those who, we know, have been for the last ten days, puzzling their heads over the expected bonnet and hat of the season, over the mysteries of trimmings and trains, over what will and what will not be worn, we would whisper that our merchants have made preparations such as they have never made before, for a season that promises to surpass all that have gone before in gayety and splendor, as a glance at other columns will abundantly testify.

THE MEETING of the three Emperors is the principal topic of discussion in the foreign journals, and as may be naturally supposed there is a considerable difference of opinion among them. The Paris *Bien Public* says: "We have reason to believe that the character of the meeting is essentially pacific. Prussia sincerely desires the continuance of peace, and lends herself to every step calculated to insure that end. The original intention was that the Emperors of Germany and Austria should also have an interview. The agitation of the Pan-Slavic party made Austria uneasy and inclined her to cultivate Germany with the view of contingencies of difficulties in the East. Subsequently it was agreed that Russia should join the conference." The London *Standard* has it that at the meeting "a proposition will be made to sanction the territorial modifications of France, the occupation of Rome and revision of the treaty of Paris of 1856." That we shall, as the Standard seems to think, have another Holy Alliance to decide the fate and destinies of Europe, we are inclined to doubt. The experiment would be a dangerous one, and in the end certain to defeat the ends it proposes to attain.

THE STRAIGHT-OUT DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION meets in Louisville to-day, and, notwithstanding all the abuse that has been poured out upon it, bids fair to be quite as respectable and as large as the gathering of scrubcads and tricksters that met at Cincinnati and nominated a man notoriously unfitted for the Presidency. The straightouters, whatever they may do, can never make themselves so ridiculous as the Cincinnati rabble.

Blanton Duncan, it will be seen from our telegraphic dispatches, is prepared to fight for his principles as well as to talk and work for them. Yesterday afternoon he declared in the Galt House, at Louisville, that he had been offered half a million dollars by the Greeley party to break up the convention. Gen. Custer replied that Duncan had had a larger promise from the other side, to which Duncan gave the lie direct. A Dr. Keelan, who was on the ground, took up the quarrel and struck Duncan because he declined to retract. Duncan is an old man, and the assault upon him cannot be justified. His assailant deserves a sound thrashing.

OUR DOUBLE-BARRELED DEMOCRATIC CONTEMPORARY has made a wonderful discovery, which it hastens to communicate to its readers as follows:

"No President is entitled to any credit for payment of the public debt. Just as well render honor to the cashier of a bank for paying the checks of depositors. They are both ministerial agents and nothing more. Congress lays heavy taxes and the people pay them. A part of the difference between the excess of receipts and the actual expenditures is applied to the extinction of the national indebtedness. That is the whole story. The people who feel the bills, who are ground down with taxation, and whose money is thus appropriated, are kicked aside, and the President is put forward as the great magician who has achieved these wonders."

It never struck us in this light before. This whole debt-reduction business really amounts to nothing, and is as simple as a, b, c. First of all, Congress lays heavy taxes, which the people pay, and then "a part of the difference between the excess of receipts and the actual expenditures is applied to the actual indebtedness. This is the whole story!" Now, who would have thought it? We are indeed grateful to our contemporary for so delightful an explanation of our financial problem, but there are one or two points to the consideration of which it is to be hoped our contemporary will bend its gigantic intellect. Suppose that the cashiers instead of paying the checks of depositors should run away with the deposits, does not our contemporary think that that would make a slight difference? Or, suppose that these same cashiers should go into some little speculations on their account, and, following the example of certain gentlemen in New York who went under the name of Tammanyites, and of whom our contemporary may possibly know something, should appropriate some twenty or thirty millions of dollars in a year or two, would not that interfere somewhat with this beautiful financial theory, this application of the difference between the receipts and expenditures?

But, to be serious, could anything be more silly or stupid than the extract we have quoted above from a journal that has some pretensions to intelligence if to nothing else?

THE *Tribune* is preparing its leaders for a crushing defeat in the election in Vermont to-day and in Maine a week hence. It says in comparing the vote we must not take the record of the election of a year ago, but we must go back four years, when President Grant was elected. This is because, in Maine in 1868, we carried the State for Grant by 28,000 majority, but since then our majority has never been over 15,000, and last year was only 10,000. The *Tribune*, fearing that we will at least hold our average majority of the last three years, wants some excuse to figure out gains for the Greeley cause. We will be entirely satisfied with the canvass if in all the States we can hold our majorities of the past three years.

FOR GOOD, SQUARE DELIBERATE LYING commend us to General Nathaniel P. Banks. In a recent speech he declared that under the administration of Andrew Johnson the national debt was reduced in two years and nine months over one thousand millions of dollars. Now, Banks knows that this is absolutely and wholly untrue in every particular. If Brooks had made this declaration in Wall street, or before any body of intelligent men, he would be hissed off the platform. To this complexion hath the hero of the Red river expedition come at last. There is only one way in which to account for Banks' ridiculous assertion, that he was not in a condition to know what he was saying.

WE HAVE NEVER been among those who doubted that Stanley really found Livingstone in Africa. The efforts of a cheap, sensational paper in New York to discredit his story have signally failed. Additional evidence, printed by the *Herald* yesterday, fully sustains him, and bears out all that he has told. The captain of a bark from Zanzibar testifies that he met Stanley in Africa, and describes his return to the coast from the interior. Livingstone's brother, in Canada, also puts himself on record on Stanley's side. All the English papers take the same view of the matter.

THE SPIRIT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Hunting up a Candidate to Beat Dix.

[From the New York Commercial Advertiser.]

The Democratic and so called Liberal Republican conventions meet at Syracuse next Thursday to nominate Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Congressman at large and State officers. The wire-pullers of the party, some five or six weeks ago, met at Saratoga, and, feeling the weakness of their cause, sought to impress their strongest man into the service as a candidate for Governor. Chief Justice Chilton is a shrewd politician, and had all his life practiced on the homely old maxim that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." Fifteen thousand dollars a year as chief justice is better than the chances of defeat as Governor. Mr. Church was inexorable. No amount of pressure could induce him to give up the chief justiceship and $15,000 per annum. Hoffman had been "whistled down the wind" by John Morrissey, John Fox and the old leaders of the Young Democracy. Hoffman bowed himself out, reiterating his views in regard to his action with reference to the Orange parade. It was "an Irish bull" to his old Democratic friends. Then the sage men, after purging themselves with Congress water, took to further deliberation. Mr. Sam. Tilden intimated that several friends were pressing him to be a candidate, but "he had no desire to be in the way of any good man." Nobody seemed to scent Mr. Tilden's point, and he was incontinently dropped. Mr. Francis Kernan, of Utica, was brought forward; but he was laid aside.

In view of the state of feeling prevailing among our Protestant fellow citizens, most of the Democratic sages agreed it would never do to nominate a man so prominently identified with the Roman Catholic Church as Mr. Kernan, so he was pushed overboard. Finally, it was agreed on all hands, that Lieutenant Governor Beach was, under the circumstances, the best man to nominate, and the programme was arranged for Beach, of Jefferson, and Palmer, of Dutchess, who has been hanging on to the fence by his coat tails for some time past. This was to be the ticket. Since the adjournment of the impeachment court at Saratoga, the state has been slightly cracked. Beach and Palmer voted to disgrace and disqualify Judge Barnard. The Democracy of New York city and Brooklyn, who are the admirers and friends of the late Judge, now protest that the programme must not be carried out. They swear as roundly as the army in Flanders did. If Beach and Palmer be nominated, that Grant and Dix will have a majority in New York city. Hence the interest made for Mr. Augustus Schell, of the city, as the candidate for Governor. But Mr. Schell is opposed by Mr. S. S. Cox and his friends, and Cox is strong, and hence the Democracy find themselves in a pack of trouble. Cox cannot be nominated as Congressman-at-Large if Schell is nominated for Governor.

A Personal Canvass

[E. D. Mansfield in the Cincinnati Gazette.]

The canvass against Grant is wholly a personal one. It is the canvass of disappointed men, who have not been able to make the President a tool to serve their private and selfish purposes. It is only necessary to name the leaders in order to know how absolutely selfish and personal are their motives. The more conspicuous the men the more conspicuous the personal and selfish motives of their conduct. Take each man as Banks, Greeley, Trumbull and Sumner. Let us look at each of them. Banks searched an army and campaign in Louisiana by folly and stupidity. Grant said so in his official letters, and advised Banks' removal. Hence Banks don't support Grant. Greeley wanted the patronage of New York for himself and Fenton, but he didn't get it, so he sets himself up against Grant. Trumbull wanted his son and eleven other persons appointed, but he didn't succeed; so he thinks Grant isn't much Summer was displaced from the Committees on Foreign Relations, and thinks Grant did it; so he would like to displace Grant. We might enlarge this list so as to include a dozen or two men in Congress who wanted to be appointed collector, postmaster, marshal, judge, but that is unnecessary, because obvious to the people of Cincinnati, who can see an ostrich, even if he does put his head under his wings.

But, as we have said, the canvassing the part of these gentry is simply a personal one, in which the great body of the people of the United States are not interested at all. The election will be decided not by disappointed office seekers nor by ambitious Samaritans. It will be decided by millions of intelligent men who care nothing for the miserable scrubcads or the petty intriguers who don't care a straw if Greeley, Sumner and Trumbull and their followers were in the bottom of the sea, but who do care, and whose business, in fact, depends upon it, that this country should be prosperous; that its Government should be stable; that its debt and taxation should be reduced; that the Union should be maintained, and that no new rebellion or overthrow in politics should damage, if not ruin, their business and employment; for there is no business or employment which may not be interrupted, if not destroyed, by political changes. To this great body of intelligent men, we with its scale some great and all important issues—issues which can never be settled by the not even deign to canvass, but which ought to place the administration of Grant as one of the most successful recorded in history.

How the Liberal Campaign is Conducted at Headquarters.

[Wash. correspondence of the Boston Traveller.]

I have just been put in possession of some agreeable facts in regard to the way the Liberal managers here are conducting the campaign inside their own houses, which go far toward showing how much civil-service reform would be practiced in a Greeley administration. While the Liberal headquarters were located at the 9th Mare hotel, in this city, previous to and for a fortnight after the Baltimore convention, one of Mr. Greeley's earnest supporters here, Judge M. F. Conway, had the entire management of the affairs of the executive committee. Upon the removal of the headquarters to the Capitol, his position was changed, but was, it seems, retained in more important form. He became the confidential correspondent of Mr. Greeley. In this he first succeeded well, but yielding to the impulse of an honest but gave publicity to an exceedingly private letter from Greeley, and was immediately suspended from the service of the committee. Had the matter rested here it would have been well enough, but a dispute having arisen regarding the authenticity of the letter in question (the Judge was informed by Whitelaw Reid that he must deny its existence on penalty of permanent dismissal. Although reported to be in an impecunious condition, I am told the judge replied to Mr. Reid that it would be impossible; that the letter was genuine, and he could not deny it; but Whitelaw Reid insisted (and there is the word of an honorable gentleman to prove it) that it was necessary, in order to save Mr. Greeley a deep mortification, and the party a dangerous alienation, that the Judge should comply with his demand. This, then, is the true history of Judge Conway's denial, which was simply a denial of the present existence of a letter (but he knew Whitelaw Reid had destroyed.

Carl Schurz as an Editor.

[From the St. Louis Globe.]

The *Westliche Post* is the organ of Carl Schurz. He and Emil Preetorius are its editors. Since all the decent efforts of Schurz to blacken the name of Grant have resulted upon himself, the *Post* daily reeks with falsehood, slander and blackguardism of the dirtiest and most infamous description. It abandons its intelligent readers and appeals to those who are most ignorant and easily prejudiced, addressing them the advantage that it has almost exclusive access to their ear. For instance, it depicts General Grant as a hater of the Germans, and, by outrageous and dwelling upon this atrocious and unutterably mean calumny, seeks to inflame the nativistic sentiment of its German readers, and so rally them around Schurz. There does not breathe a man more despicable of the vilenets thus basely attributed to him than Grant, and Messrs. Schurz and Preetorius, unless made insane by their vain gnawing at the fire of his reputation, are perfectly aware of the fact.

Nothing would sooner damn Mr. Schurz in the eyes of the thousands of Americans who have respected his abilities, and have honored his Republican service, than a faithful rendering of the pollution with which his newspaper teems. It affects to overwhelm the President with such choice epithets as liar, thief, scoundrel, loafer, etc., etc., etc. When Mr. Schurz takes this course, he puts himself outside the pale of gentlemen. No man with his record was ever treated with more forbearance.

Waiting For Mr. Greeley's Election.

[From the San Francisco Chronicle.]

A great many Southern gentlemen are waiting for Greeley's election. Each has his hopes centered in that event. Jeff Davis has his. He hopes for the lost cause. The editor of the *Weekly Caucasian* has his. His hopes are expressed in "down with the Ethiopian bohemoth!" General Hodge has his. He hopes that "John C. Breckenridge and other chivalrous sons of the South" will form a majority in Congress, and will prove "that his comrades of the lost cause" have not died in vain. Congressman Beck has his. He hopes that the ex-rebels will "get into Congress by means of Greeley, and will compel him to do as they deem best." Other gentlemen have theirs. One hopes to have the rebel soldiers pensioned. Another hopes to get the "Yankee debt" repudiated. Another hopes to have the Confederate debt acknowledged and assumed. A fourth hopes to make onr a "white man's government." There are a multitude of other hopes bound up in the success of Horace Greeley, editor of the New York *Tribune*. What think the people? Would it not be good to have them realized?

The Business Men for Grant.

[From the Milwaukee Sentinel.]

There is one indisputable, fatal fact that tells with crushing evidence against the election of Horace Greeley to the Presidency, and that is, the mighty influence of the money power of the country, which is now nearly unanimously arrayed in opposition to him. His crazy theories in regard to the financial policy of the country have alarmed the business men of all parties, and the prospect of his election would render them uneasy, and fill them with apprehension in regard to the future. Greeley's election would create a stringency in the money market at once; gold would take a leap upward; our Government bonds would depreciate in every money centre of Europe; new railroad companies would find greater difficulties in negotiating their loans; shrewd men would hesitate before taking stock in new business projects; other contemplated enterprises would be abandoned; money lenders would require higher rates of interest and more collateral security, and commercial stagnation and depression would follow.

Where is the Difference?

[From the Hartford Courant.]

There is one feature of the West Virginia election which is significant and should receive the consideration of all Republicans, and especially of all colored voters. The proposition to insert the word "white" into the constitution as a qualification for holding office was voted on separately, and, while it was defeated, the returns show that in many counties it received the full Greeley-Democratic vote. Such a fact needs no comment, although it furnishes an excellent subject for another letter from the Hon. Charles Sumner. If the liberal Democrats of West Virginia are fair samples of the party in the Southern States, it is difficult for any one but a genuine "reformer" to see wherein they differ from the original *ante-bellum* Democracy.

[OFFICIAL.]

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 2, 1872.

(Circular.)

The following letter from the Secretary of the Treasury to the Secretary of War is published for the information of those concerned:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26, 1872.

SIR: This is to inform you that the Commercial National Bank of Cleveland, Ohio, has at its own request, been discontinued as a United States Depository.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) WM. A. RICHARDSON,
Secretary.

Hon. W. W. Belknap, Secretary of War.

By order of the Secretary of War:
E. D. TOWNSEND, Adjutant General.

New Advertisements.

PROF. JAMES E. GILL WILL REOPEN HIS SELECT DANCING ACADEMY at HARMONIA HALL, on Pennsylvania avenue, near Seventh street, on MONDAY, the 23d of September, and at PARK WASHINGTON HALL, on B street, near Third, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of October, afternoon, at 3, and evening, at 7. For terms apply at the above halls. sept 3-1

PROF. BULDOW'S WASHINGTON DANCING ACADEMY,
1005 F STREET
will open for the season on SATURDAY, September 7. Please call for circulars. Residence: 919 Twelfth street northwest. sept 3-6t

PLASTERERS AND BUILDERS, ATTENTION! 1,500,000 LATHS
We are selling LATHS cheaper than any other firm in either Washington or Georgetown. Call and see for yourselves, at the Lumber Yard of
W. F. COFFELL & CO.,
(Successors to Geo. W. Cecil & Co.)
sept 3-6t (Star) Second and Indiana avenue.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
SCHOOL BOOKS
AT
BALLANTYNE'S
NEW STORE,
426 Seventh street, below E.
All the New Books at introduction prices. sept

EMERSON INSTITUTE,
(Mrs. Emerson's and Miss Cooper's Academy,)
SELECT CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
Fourteenth street, between I and K.
The twenty-second session of this school will begin Monday, September 11. For Circulars, &c., apply at the Institute, or to
CHARLES S. YOUNG,
Hamilton House, cor. Fourteenth and K sts.
sept 3

GEORGE M. BARKER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Doors, Sash, Blinds and Glazed Sash, New: Posts, Balusters, Mouldings, BRACKETS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY AND BUILDING MATERIALS GENERALLY.
TERMS CASH.
541 Massachusetts ave., bet. 6th and 7th streets.
sept 3-1

SCHOOL BOOKS,
FOR PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS.
STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
BLANK BOOKS.
The largest variety of goods in his line is constantly on hand; also, study rooms are related and have just Printing, Engraving and Binding done at
JOHN F. PARKER'S,
527 Seventh street.
Opposite City Post Office.

FOR PICKLING.
WHITE WINE VINEGAR,
PURE CIDER VINEGAR,
CELERY SEED,
MUSTARD SEED,
GREEN GINGER,
PURE SPICES, of all kinds.
ALSO,
PRESERVING SUGARS,
At the lowest advertised prices.
H. KEAN,
Seventh and L streets,
Under Business College.
sept 3-3t

TO MY OLD FRIENDS AND PATRONS.
I would respectfully inform all my old friends and patrons, and the public generally, that I will resume business SATURDAY, September 7, in the NEW CENTRE MARKET, at Stalls Nos. 617 and 619, Ninth street wing, where, as heretofore, I will keep a full supply of BEEF, LAMB, MUTTON and VEAL, the best the market affords, at the lowest market prices.
sept 2-6t* WM. LINKINS.

Building Materials

LUMBER! LUMBER!
Wheatley & Brothers,
CORNER OF SEVENTH AND Q STREETS NORTHWEST, AND
No. 327 WATER STREET, GEORGETOWN, D. C.
aug 31-tf

BUILDING MATERIALS.
Builders' Depot, 203 Seventh street N. W.
Having on hand the LARGEST STOCK of DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, &c.,
in the city, I propose to sell at VERY LOW PRICES for the next thirty days, to make room for Goods yet to come in. Parties in want of the above Goods have only to call and examine Stock and Prices, to satisfy themselves that I mean what I say.
PERRY COLMAN,
203 Seventh street,
Opposite Centre Market.

STONE.
For CONCRETE, all the sizes used.
For McADAM, all the sizes of Hard Stone required for Base and Topping.
Hard Belgian Blocks in every way equal to North River Belgian.
We are also prepared to furnish any amount of STONE selected from five different Quarries, of every variety of size and shape, suitable for FOUNDATION PITTINGS, WALLS, BRIDGE and SEWER ARCHES, ABUTMENTS and PIERS.
J. E. KUHN & CO.,
2325 K Street West, at Canal.

L. S. CHAPMAN,
Carpenter and Builder.
Invitations to estimate on Plans for New Buildings respectfully solicited. All work promptly and neatly executed at reduced rates.
Office 463 Seventh street, second story, opposite Centre market. Shop 1322 Twelfth street.

AUSTIN P. BROWN,
Corner of D. C. ave. and Fifteenth street, Washington, D. C.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN LUMBER, LIME, CEMENT, SAND, &c., &c., &c.
LUMBER BILLS cut to order on short notice.
BLUESTONE for Building, Macadamizing and Paving purposes delivered in any part of the District.
REAL ESTATE bought and sold and money invested. To this branch of the business I will hereafter give my personal attention, and will be at my office daily from 10 a. m. until 3 p. m.
mh15-tf

W. G. GALLANT,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
NEW YORK AVENUE,
Between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets northwest
aug 31-tf

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TRUNKS, SATCHELS,
AND TRAVELING BAGS,
In Great Variety at Very Low Prices.
HARNESS.
A full stock of Harness of our own make, and everything appertaining to the Saddlery, Harness and Trunk business. Fine Harness and Trunks made to order.
Sole agents for Hill's celebrated COROORD HARNESS and COLLARS, which we are selling at Cincinnati prices. Second Harness room in second story of building.
☞ BE SURE OF THE NAME AND NUMBER.
F. A. LUTZ, Jr., & BRO.,
497 Pennsylvania avenue,
Next to National Hotel.

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House, Sign, and
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and Grainer
No. 626 Louisiana ave.
Imitations of all kinds of wood and marble neatly executed in the latest and most approved styles.
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D. BIA AGAT. S. WALTON

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829 Penn. avenue, bet. Ninth and Seventh streets
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS
BLUE BOTTLE STREET
COAL-OIL LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, &c.
Special inducements are offered for Cash.

Merchant Tailors.

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NAVAL AND MILITARY
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An extended experience in the manufacture of the finest UNIFORM CLOTHING for
OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY,
NATIONAL GUARD,
AND ALL STYLES OF
MILITARY WORK,
Has made us entirely familiar with EVERY DETAIL of this peculiar business.
We have
UNEQUALED FACILITIES
For producing
ELEGANT AND DURABLE UNIFORMS.
We send to all work reporters GOLD LACE, which we put on by a special process with remarkable exactness.
We are NOW PREPARED TO FILL PROMPTLY all orders for
ARMY UNIFORMS
Under the
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AND TO FURNISH EVERYTHING NEEDED
FOR AN OFFICER'S OUTFIT
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
DEVLIN & CO.,
1113 Pennsylvania avenue.

GEORGE BERGLING,
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No. 1315 F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, south side.
Just received a very large stock of IMPORTED SPRING and SUMMER DRESS GOODS, and to which he invites the attention of gentlemen, to warrant a perfect fit at LOWER PRICES than any other establishment in or outside of the city. Also, a fine assortment of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

H. PUGH & SON
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 313 FOURTEENTH STREET,
between Pennsylvania avenue and F street, opposite Willard's Hotel, have received and opened a large invoice of Spring and Summer
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
French and English Cloths, Gentlemen's Furnishings of the latest styles.

MANDARIN TEA—PURE, HEALTHFUL AND PLEASANT
(Mons. Dupont, Pres. N. Y. Co. 8th Rue, N. Y.)
Sold by Mrs. WHEELOCK, 913 L street, northwest, and GEORGE BOYDEN, 220 Four-and-a-half street northwest. At wholesale and retail by Mrs. WEAVER, 1009 Tenth street northwest. Send Orders by Mail.

For Sale or Rent.

FOR RENT—TWO THREE-STORY PRESSED brick front houses, Nos. 413½ and 415½ K street northwest, contain 8 rooms, bath-room, water closet, &c., $35 per month in advance. Keys at our office.
DYER & DAVISON,
No. 365 Seventh street, corner Louisiana avenue.
sept 3-tf

DESIRABLE RESIDENCES FOR SALE.—These three (3) new pressed brick front houses, with the "Modern Improvements," have, between Tenth and Fourteenth, northwest: certain eleven (11) rooms each; double butler pantry, China closet, kitchen grate, &c. Have all the modern improvements, such as speaking tubes, bell on each floor, bath room, two water closets, range, hot and cold water, stationary wash tubs, Latrobe stoves, cost $4,000, &c., &c. The lot is 22 feet front by 100 deep, some two story to front alley. Marble mantels all through; parlors handsomely trimmed with black walnut.
For price, terms and inspection of property, apply to
M. THERIOT, Jr.,
Thirteenth and L Streets Northwest,
Or to
DYER & DAVISON,
365 Seventh street, corner Louisiana avenue northwest.

FURNISHED ROOMS (ENSUITE IF DESIRED,) with all the modern improvements, will be ready for rent September 1, at the very desirable location 1107 M street northwest.
aug 31-3t

FOR RENT.—INTENDING TO REMOVE OUR place of business to the President's Book Building the last day of this month, we offer for rent the desirable SUITE OF ROOMS now occupied by us as a Real Estate Office on Seventh street, between E and F, opposite Post Office. The dimensions are 25 feet 7 inches by 60 feet. The location is one of the best in the city for a Claim, Patent, or Insurance Agency.
SPITCH & FOX,
515 Seventh street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT AT 411½ Ninth street, between I and K.
aug 31-6t*

FOR RENT—WILL BE FOR RENT SEPTEMBER 1, two suites of rooms, on first or second floor—looking north—at 926 E street N. W.
aug 31-tf

FOR RENT OR SALE—DWELLING 413 G street northwest; 11 rooms. Other improved and unimproved property for sale, easy terms. Offer perfect.
R. MILBURN,
413 G street.
aug 31-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Valuable farm of 300 acres on the Potomac opposite Mount Vernon. Tract subdivided to suit purchasers. Timber and soil unexcelled.
Apply to W. A. BOOKER & CO.,
aug 31-1m Corner Seventh and F streets.

FOR RENT.—BRICK HOUSE, TEN ROOMS, No. 506 H street northwest.
Apply to
R. B. CLAGETT,
Real Estate Broker, 519 Market Space.
(Star)

FOR RENT.—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED Rooms, at 240 Indiana avenue.

FOR SALE.—THE LOT SOUTHEAST CORNER of Pennsylvania avenue and Twelfth street, for sale on easy terms. For particulars apply to A. J. JOYCE, at Andrew J. Joyce & Co.'s Stock Factory, southwest corner of Fourteenth and H streets.
aug 31-tf

RARE CHANCE TO SECURE CHEAP PROPERTY.—By virtue of my own transfer, I offer my Hotel, dwelling-house, business, or share his entire stock for sale at reduced prices.
SAMUEL KIRBY,
aug 31-tf 318 Eighth st., bet. Market Space and D.

Wants.

WANTED—EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT the popular Sewing Machine "VICTOR" has its needle self-setting, the most perfect shuttle in use, runs on a carriet, makes as good a lock as any sewing machine, simple and durable; the most desirable machine for all work in use. Agency No. 482 Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets.
T. W. SPIGER, Agent.

WANTED—A TENANT FOR PART OF THE Storeroom No. 469 Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets. Enquire at the "Victor" Sewing Machine Agency. Same place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY UNDERstanding Music, French and German, a position to traveling Governess. References given in Paris, Munich, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Address Box 194 at this office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CONTRALTO Singer in one of the Choirs of the District by a lady. Best of references given. Address Box B at this office.

WANTED—BY A LADY—A SITUATION AS Music Teacher in some institution. Will give private lessons to scholars. Address Box 3 at this office.

EUREKA EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, NO. 507 Eleventh street, near E street.
MRS. LOUISE C. BUTLER.

R. S. JUSTH PAYS FAIR PRICES FOR LADIES', Gents' and Children's Second-hand Clothing, Carpets, Stoves, Books, Shoes, &c. No. 519 D street, between Ninth and Seventh streets.
N. B. Note by mail promptly attended to.

Personal.

RARE BUSINESS CHANCE.—A GENTLEMAN with $3,000 to OARL will hear of a business largely increasing it in a very short time by addressing "S. T. A.," City Post Office.

NOTICE—THAT R. S. JUSTH, 519 D STREET, between Ninth and Seventh streets, northwest, sells custom-made second-hand Clothing at less than half the cost of ready-made new ones. N. B.—Second-hand clothing of all kinds bought at fair cash prices.

Opticians.

H. H. HEMPLER,
Manufacturer of
BAROMETERS,
THERMOMETERS,
and HYDROMETERS
453 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
Corner Four-and-a-half street.

BRAZILIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
—AT—

FRANKLIN & CO.'S,
1327 Pennsylvania Avenue.
OPTICIANS.

CONQUEST COOK STOVE,
HAS THE LARGEST OVEN.
HAS THE LARGEST FLUES.
HAS BAILED ASH-PAN AND SIFTER.
HAS GRATE WITH TWO MOTIONS.
IS THE BEST BAKER.
IS THE HEAVIEST.
IS MADE FIRST-CLASS.
IS WARRANTED TO BAKE.
GET THE CONQUEST.
GOOD ROASTER. GOOD BROILER. GOOD BAKER.
FOR SALE BY
H. I. GREGORY,
634 Pennsylvania avenue.

Fall Style Dress Hats.

Will introduce this day
AUGUST 24, 1872,
THE BROADWAY STYLE DRESS HAT.
As adopted by the leading retail Hatters in New York city.
Also receiving New patterns in Soft and Stiff Felt.
STINEMETZ, Hatter,
1327 Pennsylvania avenue.

WM. F. GEBHART & CO.,
GALVANIZED
IRON CORNICES,
WINDOW CAPS, DORMER WINDOWS, ALL KINDS OF CHURCH TRIMMINGS.
ADDRESS No. 1326 F STREET NORTHWEST
Nearly opposite Willard's Hotel.

Loan Offices.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
HERZBERG'S LOAN OFFICE, established in the District in 1865, is REMOVED to 621 C STREET between Sixth and Seventh streets, one block above the former stand.
In connection with my Loan Office, I have opened a Salesroom for the sale of unredeemed merchandise at 626 Louisiana avenue, thus securing two entrances, fronting on two separate streets. This is the most extensive Loan Office in the District. Having been established in this city for twenty years, I can only refer to the transactions of the past as a guarantee of the future.
CHARLES HERZBERG,
Loan Office and Salesroom.
626 Louisiana avenue and 621 C street, between Sixth and Seventh northwest.

Wood and Coal.

NOTICE.
COAL AND WOOD! COAL AND WOOD!!
The subscribers beg leave to inform their numerous friends and customers, and the public generally, that they have now on hand and are constantly receiving large cargoes of COAL of the various kinds and choicest qualities, all of which they are prepared to sell at the lowest market rates. Choice quality of WOOD is constantly on hand. COAL at Carter's wharf. W. McAULEY & BRO.,
Office and Yard No. 319 Four-and-a-half street southwest.

Confectionery.

F. FREUND'S LADIES' NATIONAL DINING AND ICE-CREAM SALOON,
CORNER ELEVENTH ST. AND PA. AVE.
I shall daily serve for Ladies and Gentlemen a LUNCH from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. for 25 cents.
LUNCH CHARGED DAILY.
My establishments are complete for supplying Parties, Weddings, Dinners, &c., in the most suitable style, and on reasonable terms. All orders promptly attended to.
F. FREUND,
Caterer and Confectioner.

NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
WM. A. POOR & CO., General Agents,
Insurance and Real Estate Brokers
and Commission Merchants, No. 3 Federal Block.

Groceries.

BUY THE BEST.
JUST RECEIVED 100 BOXES
SOAP | Purity & Cleanliness | OLEINE
SOAP.
WITHOUT DOUBT THE BEST LAUNDRY SOAP IN USE.
Sold as cheap as common SOAP. Better than Babbitt's.
ONLY 10 CENTS PER POUND BAR. LESS BY THE BOX.
ALSO,
COLGATE'S NEW TOILET SOAP,
containing 33 per cent GLYCERINE; 12 per cent. discount from New York price list to the trade.
BORDEN'S EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK.
STURTEVANT & POOR'S PREMIUM MUSTARD.
SPEAR'S WINES
CURRANT,
ELDERBERRY,
PORT,
SHERRY,
MUSCATEL,
ANGELICA,
ROCK,
AND
CATAWBA.
CHAMPAGNE