CONGRESS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate Considers the Legislative Appropriation Bill—Bill Due to the House—Roosevelt Wants Another Investigation, but is Disappointed—The House Agrees to the Amendments to the Bill Abolishing the Franking Privilege.

SENATE.

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1873.

Mr. Wilson presented memorial of Boston board of trade against passage of bankrupt law. Also, remonstrance on the same subject from from the Boston boot and shoe trade. Laid on the table.

Mr. Sawyer, from Committee on Education and Labor, reported adversely on bill to establish a bureau of sanitary science, and it was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Morrill, of Vt., from Committee on Finance, reported bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund differential duty on articles actually on shipboard in French vessels destined for the United States November 5, 1872. Passed. The credentials of Hon. Simon Cameron, re-elected Senator from Pennsylvania, were presented, read and laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Conking, the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds were directed to inquire into the expediency of using the Executive Mansion for any other purpose than that to which it is now devoted, and to take any steps to provide another residence for the President.

ANOTHER PACIFIC RAILROAD INVESTIGATION WANTED.

Mr. Stewart offered a resolution that the Committee on Pacific Railroads inquire into the condition of the accounts between the several Pacific railroads and the United States growing out of the provision of the act of 1862 requiring that after the completion of the roads five per cent. of their net earnings shall be annually applied to the payment of the bonds and interest until they are paid. He asked its immediate consideration; but Mr. Edmunds objected, and it was laid over.

The bill to require national banks to restore their capital when impaired, and to amend the national currency act, was passed.

The House bill for the relief of Daniel J. Cleveland, postmaster at Brooklyn, New York, was passed.

The unfinished business, being the LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL APPROPRIATION BILL,

was then proceeded with.

The question was on the amendment of Mr. Morrill, of Me., modified so as to provide that it shall be the duty of the President to take such proper measures or to institute suits to recover the amounts paid by the United States on the interest on the United States bonds issued to the Pacific railroads and the five per cent. of net earnings, provided for by the act of 1862; and jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the Circuit Courts of the United States to hear and determine such cause, subject to appeal in other cases.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, from Committee on Appropriations, reported the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, with amendments.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Mr. Scott: Relating to navigable streams. Making it unlawful to construct or maintain bridges over navigable tide-water streams without the consent of the United States, excepting such bridges as were completed January 1, 1873, and such as have a clear elevation of one hundred feet above high water, or have a 500-foot draw with fifty feet elevation. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. Cragin: Directing the Postmaster General to make a contract with the Mediterranean and Oriental Steamship Company for carrying mails to European ports, and to indorse the bonds of said company to the amount of $13,000,000. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. Fenton: Making all highways or roads now in use on any Indian or military reservation, or any of the public lands of the United States, public highways.

By Mr. Wright: Authorizing the extension of the Evans patent for rotary spades or diggers.

By Mr. Hitchcock: Appropriating two million dollars for the promotion of education in the Southern States.

Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on Commerce, reported an original bill, authorizing the Secretary of War, in the name of the United States, to receive from the State of Michigan all the latter's right and title to the St. Mary's Falls canal; the bill not to take effect until the tolls received shall have reimbursed the State for expenditures or liabilities incurred on account of said canal.

Mr. Morrill, of Vt., from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported favorably bills appropriating $100,000 for the erection of a Government building at Lincoln, Neb; $130,000 for a Government building at Covington, Ky.; $40,000 for a Government building at Dover, De., and $125,000 for a Government building at Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Thurman suggested that it was most important for the interest of all concerned that the matter should be determined without delay, and thought that these cases ought to have precedence over all others.

Mr. Morrill then modified his amendment, so as to direct the courts to give these cases the precedence.

Mr. Edmunds said he had a letter, addressed to him by Mr. C. P. Huntington, the vice president of the Central Pacific railroad, which, in compliance with the request of the writer, he laid before the Senate. The letter was then sent by Mr. E. to the desk to be read. It is to the effect that the Central Pacific Railroad Company entered into its contract with the Government upon the construction of the statute relating to the mail and postal service, which was acted upon by the Government for several years, and which has received the sanction of Congress, and that if they had understood it otherwise they would not have entered into the contract at all; but that, nevertheless, the Central Pacific is anxious to have the disputed question legally adjudicated, and is willing to accept Mr. Edmunds' amendment looking to that end.

Mr. Sherman regarded the only question between the Government and the railroads which was worth while to have legally determined, as to whether the companies were not bound to pay the interest on their second mortgage bonds. He believed they were. The United States had guaranteed these bonds, but the companies were bound to pay the interest.

Mr. Bayard expressed his pleasure that finally there was to be some attempt made to look after the interests of the people in connection with these Pacific railroads. The investigation now in progress had grown out of private grievances, and many things of a painful character had been evolved, but it was probable that it would lead to a happy result—the vindication of the rights of the people against these corporations. The people were becoming aroused in this matter, and were surprised at the immense illegitimate fortunes which had accrued to some parties under the specious names of national enterprises and private spirit.

After some further discussion, Mr. Morrill withdrew his amendment.

MR. CASSERLY WAS SATISFIED

that the financial condition of these companies was sufficiently good to justify them in being required to pay the interest on these guaranteed bonds. He did not doubt that they were liable to pay the accrued interest on those bonds.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, withdrew his amendment, and the question was then taken on the modified amendment of Mr. Edmunds; when it was agreed to—yeas 49, nays 4—Messrs. Hamlin, Morrill, of Maine, Sprague and Trumbull.

The amendment as adopted is as follows:

"And the Secretary of the Treasury is directed to withhold all payments to any railroad company and its assigns on account of freights or transportation over their respective roads of any kind to the amount of payments made by the United States for interest upon bonds of the United States issued to any such company, and which shall not have been reimbursed, together with the five per cent. net earnings due and unapplied, as provided by law; and any such company may bring suit in the Court of Claims to recover the price of such freight and transportation; and in such suit the right to recover shall depend on the same upon the law and the facts of the case shall be determined; and also the right of the United States, upon the merits of all the points presented by the United States in answer to any such claim, and either party to such suit may appeal to the Supreme Court, and both such courts shall give such cause or causes precedence of all other business."

Mr. Morrill, of Vt., moved an amendment requiring that judgments for claims against the United States shall not be paid until a special appropriation is made therefor, in cases where the parties fail to prove their loyalty.

Pending action, the Senate went into executive session, and then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED.

The States were called for bills and joint resolutions for reference only, and the following among others were introduced and referred to the committees named, viz:

By Mr. Hibbard, of N. H.: Bill limiting the number of midshipmen at the Naval Academy. Naval Affairs.

By Mr. Merriam, of N. Y.: Bill to prohibit the publication or importation of obscene books or books of a criminal character. Revision of Laws.

By Mr. Randall, of Pa.: Bill to repeal the act to appoint shipping commissioners. Commerce.

By Mr. Stowell, of Va.: Memorial of the Legislature of Virginia protesting against the repeal of the bankrupt act. Judiciary.

Mr. Rogers, of N. C., presented memorials of the Legislature of North Carolina, in relation to pensions to soldiers of 1812. Referred to Committee on Revolutionary Pensions.

Also, bill repealing the law imposing a tax on dealers of leaf tobacco. Ways and Means.

By Mr. Buckley, of Ala.: Bill to adjust the rank and pay of officers on the retired list of the army. Military Affairs.

By Mr. Morey, of La.: Bill to authorize the Secretary of War to provide artificial eyes for officers and soldiers who have lost one or both eyes in the service. Pensions.

By Mr. Beck: Bill to refund taxes on raw cotton. Ways and Means.

Also, bill to amend the internal tax act of January 6, 1868, in relation to producers of leaf tobacco. Ways and Means.

By Mr. Winchester: Bill for the relief of the widow of Humphrey Marshall. Claims.

By Mr. Voorhees: Bill to complete the Washington National Monument. Military Affairs.

By Mr. King: Bill for the relief of the University of Missouri. Claims.

By Mr. Sargent: Bill to amend the act for the appointment of shipping commissioners. Commerce.

By Mr. Hereford: Joint resolution of the Legislature of West Virginia in relation to the sale of the water privileges at Harper's Ferry. Judiciary.

Also, joint resolution in favor of the James River and Kanawha canal. Commerce.

DISTRICT BILLS.

By Mr. Chipman: Bill declaring inauguration day a legal holiday. District of Columbia.

Also, bill for additional railroad facilities between Washington and Georgetown. District of Columbia.

Also, bill to confirm the act of the Territorial Legislature in relation to the Boundary and Silver Spring railroad. District of Columbia.

Also, bill supplemental to the act authorizing the Washington and Point Lookout railroad to extend their track into the city. District of Columbia.

Under the above call most of the bills presented were of a private nature for claims, pensions, &c.

Mr. Willard offered a resolution requesting the Senate to return the Goat Island bill.

Mr. Sargent made the point of order that the resolution was not in order, as it involved a suspension of the rules, and the point was sustained.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Mr. Smith, of Vt., offered a resolution reciting that it was provided by the deficiency appropriation bill that the Board of Public Works of the District of Columbia could not make improvements for which the United States Government would be liable without a specific appropriation, and directing the Committee on Appropriations to insert a clause in one of the appropriation bills appropriating a sufficient amount to cover the expense of improvement where the Government is liable.

The House refused to second the demand for the previous question.

On motion of Mr. Dawes, the Postmaster General was directed to report to the House the amount of revenue from postage in each year since 1860, together with the effect upon the revenues of the reduction of the rates of postage.

Mr. Hoar introduced a bill for the relief of William and Mary college, Virginia.

Mr. Hale made the point of order that no notice was given of the introduction of the bill; and the point was sustained.

On motion of Mr. Butler, of Mass., all the heads of Departments were directed to transmit to the House all the questions submitted under the civil service rules to candidates for positions in the several Departments.

ROOSEVELT WANTS ANOTHER INVESTIGATION.

Mr. Roosevelt offered a resolution, appointing F. A. Boswell, George P. Fisher, George W. Riggs, N. W. Burchell and L. G. Hine a commission, under the authority of the House of Representatives, to make an examination of the affairs of the District of Columbia, and to make a statement of its financial condition on January 1, 1873, or at the present time; that said commission examine all books and papers, and report to the House, through the District Committee, on or before February 15, 1873; and that the expense of said commission be paid out of the contingent fund.

Mr. Hoar objected that the House had not power to order this commission, and the chair sustained the objection and the resolution was withdrawn.

Mr. Shoonmaker offered a bill for the establishment of life-saving stations on the New England coast and on the coasts of North Carolina and Virginia. Objected to because previous notice had not been given.

Mr. Platt introduced a bill to amend the bankrupt law. Passed.

Mr. Sargent introduced a bill appropriating $69,500 to aid in defraying the expenses of the Board of Health of the District of Columbia.

The House refused to suspend the rules and pass the bill.

Mr. Wilson, of Ind., offered a bill to amend the national currency act of June 3, 1864. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Beck, of Ky., introduced a bill for the relief of distillers by refunding the money paid for Tice meters. Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Hickle offered a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, providing for an examination and survey of a route to connect the water of the Ohio with tide-water by a connection with the Chesapeake and Ohio canal.

Mr. Butler, of Mass., reported the bill in relation to the distribution of the Geneva award. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

Mr. Kelley, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the Senate bill for the relief of John T. Mason, late collector at Baltimore. Passed.

Mr. McKee, of Miss., offered a resolution directing the Committee on Ways and Means to report forthwith a bill to refund the cotton tax, and that it be made the special order for the 29th inst. Rejected—yeas 16, nays 105.

Mr. Hawley, of Conn., presented a memorial from the principal colleges of the United States, asking the return of the Japanese indemnity fund to the Japanese Government. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Chipman offered a resolution, which was adopted, authorizing the Speaker to appoint a committee of thirteen members to confer with the officers and members of the Washington Monument Society, to ascertain if it is possible to complete the monument by 1876, and that Saturday, February 22, be assigned for the consideration of the report of said committee.

On motion of Mr. Niblack, the Committee of Ways and Means were directed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill repealing all laws allowing compensation to informers for violation of internal revenue laws.

Mr. Lynch introduced a bill to provide for the construction of life-saving stations on the New England and other coasts. Passed.

FRANKING PRIVILEGES.

Mr. Farnsworth moved to suspend the rules and to take from the Speaker's table and agree to the Senate amendments to the bill abolishing the franking privilege on and after July 1, 1873.

The motion was agreed to—yeas 142, nays 48.

The vote in detail was as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Acker, Ambler, Ames, Banks, Barnum, Beatty, Bell, Bigler, Blackburn, Bird, Blair of Mich., Braxton, Brigham, Buckley, Buffinton, Bunnell, Burchard, Burdett, Carroll, Cobb, Coburn, Coughlin, Cowan, Cox, Cotton, Crapo, Creek, Crossland, Davis, Dawes, Deimas, Dox, Duell, Duke, Eames, Ely, Esty, Farnsworth, Farwell, Finkelnburg, Foster of Ill., Foster of Mich., Frye, Garfield, Garrett, Getz, Gilfillan, Haley, Hambleton, Handley, Harper, Harris of Va., Hawley of Ill., Hawley of Conn., Hazelton of Wis., Hereford, Hibbard, Hill, Kellogg, Kerr, Ketcham, Killinger, Lamison, Lamport, Lansing, Lynch, Manson, Marshall, Mitchell, McCormick, McCrary, McIntyre, McKinney, McNutyre, McJunkin, McKee, McKinney, Mercur, Merriam, Merrick, Mills, E. P. Mayer, Mitch ell, Monroe, Morey, Morgan, Morphis, Niblack, Orr, Packard, Packer, Palmer, Parker of Mo., Pendleton, Perry, Peters, Poland, Porter, Platner, Randall, Reed, Rice of Ill., Rice of Ky., Richardson, Robinson, Roberts, W. R. Roberts, Robinson, Rogers of N. C., Roosevelt, Rusk, Sargent, Shellabarger, Shelly, Barnes, Shoemaker, Slater, Slocum, Smith of N. H., Smith of Ohio, Speer, Sprague, Starkweather, Stevens, Stevenson, Storm, Stoughton, Taffe, Terry, Tyner, Upson, Van Horn of Mo., Van Horn of N. Y., Vancy, Wallace, Walden, Wakeman, Waldon, Waldron, Warren, Welle, Wheeler, Willard, Williams of Ind., Wilson of Ohio, and Winchester—142.

Nays—Messrs. Adams, Arthur, Averill, Barber, Barry, Beck, Bland, Bromberg, Butler of Tenn., Caldwell, Conington, Critcher, Dobbins, Dunnell, Eldridge, Elliott, Foster of Pa., Giddings, Hancock, Harris of Mass., Hays, Hanks, Harmer, Hazleton of Va., J. Hendon, Hoar, Kelley, Kendall, King, Leach, Lewis, Maynard, Marey, L. Myers, Platt, Price, Sawyer, Sheddon, Shober, Smith of Vt., Sneer, Stowell, St. John, Turner, Tuttill, Wallace, Whitley, Whithorne, and Wood—48.

Mr. Sargent, of Cal., introduced a bill repealing all laws authorizing the printing of public documents for distribution by members of Congress, and moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill. Rejected—yeas 97, nays 93—not two thirds voting in the affirmative.

Mr. Hawley, of Ill., moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill providing for the appointment of a commission to collect information relating to railroads forming lines of commerce between the several States.

Pending this matter the House, at 2:50 p. m., adjourned.

THE MARKETS.

FINANCIAL.

Furnished by Lewis Johnson & Co., Bankers, northwest corner of Tenth and D streets, Washington.

MONDAY, January 27, 1873.

United States 6's, 1881, Coupon, 109; United States 5-20's, '62, Coupon, 114½; United States 5-20's, '64, Coupon, 114¾; United States 5-20's, '65, Coupon, 114¾; United States 5-20's, '66, Coupon, 114¾; United States 5-20's, '67, Coupon, 116¼; United States 5-20's, '68, Coupon, 116¼; United States 10-40's, Coupon, 111¼; United States 5's, Coupon, 110¼; United States 5's, Coupon, 109¼; Cantton, 84; Western Union Telegraph, 84¼; Quicksilver, 27; Pacific Mail, 77¼; Adams' Express, 90; Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, 84; American Express, 68; United States Express, 67½; New York Central and Hudson Railroad, 106; Erie Railroad, 47¼; Erie Railroad, preferred, 60¼; Michigan Central Railroad, 108½; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, 92½; Illinois Central Railroad, 132; Illinois Central Railroad, 112; Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad, 90½; Northwest Railroad, 83; Northwest Railroad, preferred, 91; New Jersey Central, 104; Rock Island, 112¼; Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, 64; Milwaukee and St. Paul, preferred, 78; Wabash and Western Railroad, 16½; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, 98½; Fort Wayne Guaranteed Railroad, 92; Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, 40½; Chicago and Alton Railroad, 112; Ohio and Mississippi certificates, 40¼; Columbus, Chicago and Indianapolis Central Railroad, 38½; Tennessee State sixes, old, 61; Tennessee State sixes, new, 60¼; Virginia sixes, consol bond, 60¼; Virginia sixes, new, 60; North Carolina sixes, old, 30; North Carolina sixes, new, 17; Missouri sixes, 92; Central Pacific bonds, 105¾; Union Pacific First Bonds, 85¼. Gold, 112¼.

MARRIED.

BETZMANN—KILLIAN, On the 23d instant, by the Rev. Mr. Riel, Mr. CHARLES BETZMANN and Miss KATIE KILLIAN, of this city. No cards.

YOUNG—WILSON, On the 16th instant, by the Rev. Father Campi, Mr. GEORGE H. YOUNG and Miss ROSA WILSON, daughter of the late Peter F. Wilson, of this city.

DIED.

GRIFFIN.—On Sunday night, January 26, 1873, MARY OLIVIA GRIFFIN, beloved wife of John A. Griffin, aged forty-one years. May she rest in peace.

KINNEY.—The funeral of the late Captain A. H. Kinney will take place from his late residence, on 9 street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Greenwood cemetery and interred with military honors.

McNERHANY.—On Sunday, January 26, at 7:30 p. m., ANNY LILLIAN, aged one year, one month and eighteen days, youngest child of Benjamin and Mary McNerhany.

The friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend the funeral, which will take place from the residence of the parents, No. 34 Prospect street, Georgetown, at 2:30 o'clock, Tuesday, 28th instant.

SKERRETT.—On the evening of January 26, 1873, at the residence of his son-in-law, C. Harry Dow, Washington, D. C., DAVID C. SKERRETT, M. D., of Philadelphia, aged seventy-six years, R. W. P. Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of F. and A. M. of Pennsylvania, &c.

STORY.—On the 25th instant, Ira, daughter of Robert and Mary Story, aged four years, one month and thirteen days.

HARRISON.—Passed away to the spirit life, Antic, wife of J. W. Harrison, January 27, a. m.

The friends of the family are invited to the funeral, Wednesday, January 29, at 2 o'clock, p. m., from No. 412 East Capitol street.

BAESCHLIN.—On the 26th instant, Mrs. ELIZA BETH BAESCHLIN, wife of Frederick Baeschlin, and daughter of Marcellus Buhl, aged thirty-six years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral at St. Joseph's church, Second street, Capitol Hill, on Tuesday at 10 o'clock, a. m. Residence 922 corner of 1 street and Delaware avenue.

SNOW.—On the 26th instant, ANNY C., wife of H. A. Snow.

Funeral Tuesday, 28th instant, at 2 o'clock, p. m., from 411 C street northwest.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

WILLARD'S HOTEL,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
REMODELED, REFURNISHED.
FIFTY PRIVATE BATH-ROOMS AND ELEVATOR ADDED.
OPEN NOVEMBER 8, 1872.
J. F. CAKE, Proprietor.
oct18-tf

THE ARLINGTON,
Roessle & Son,
VERMONT AVENUE,
BETWEEN H AND I STREETS,
Washington, D. C.
no22-tf

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
JAMES SYKES, Proprietor,
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
Between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Thankful to the public for generous patronage in the past, the proprietor asks his old friends and patrons to test the accommodations of his present establishment, which for opulence shall be found at equal to the best in Washington. jan14-tf

X 10 U 8
RESTAURANT,
440 Ninth Street Northwest,
Keeps constantly on hand Game, Fish, Oysters, &c. The Bar is stocked with the finest Brandies, Whiskies, &c. All goods marked C. O. D. jan25-tf

C. C. WILLARD,
EBBITT HOUSE,
WASHINGTON, D. C. m131

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
S. E. Corner Sixth Street and Penn. Avenue,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
Liberal Discount to Regular Boarders.
WOODBURY & DUREN.
no30-3m

CONTINENTAL HOTEL.
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS.
TERMS.....$2.50 PER DAY.
T. I. MERICK.
no30-3m

WASHINGTON HOUSE,
Corner Pennsylvania avenue and Third street.
A. F. BEVERIDGE, Proprietor.
no30-3m

THE BRYANT HOUSE,
Located on the Corner of Fourteenth Street and New York Avenue.
After the 1st of December, 1872, permanent and transient boarders will find this House one of the most desirable and most conveniently located houses in the city. The rooms are newly furnished, well lighted and ventilated, and provided with all modern home accommodations. The charges are low, but the wants and the comfort of all guests will be carefully provided for. The Proprietor,
Z. RICHARDS.
has determined to provide a good Caterer.
fe12-eod

THE ALHAMBRA.
CORNER NINTH AND F STREETS,
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
FREE LUNCH DAILY.
CHAS. S. JOHNSON,
Proprietor.
ja22-tf

"The Chesapeake."
GOELL & MOLAIR,
PROPRIETORS.
928 and 930 Penn. Ave., Washington, D. C.
jan4-tf

Aman's
RESTAURANT,
316 Ninth Street N. W.

JOHN BECK'S
ATHENEUM RESTAURANT.
630 D Street, and 631 Louisiana avenue,
Between Sixth and Seventh streets.
Mr. BECK has engaged one of the most celebrated Cooks in the country, and has added
EATING DEPARTMENT
can at all times be found all the DELICACIES OF THE SEASON served in the best style and at the most reasonable prices. ca31-tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

C. GAUTIER,
IMPORTER OF WINES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS,
1217 Pennsylvania avenue. 1217
has just received his
WINTER STOCK OF 1872 and '73,
Selected with especial care, and embracing all the various kinds of Liquors etc., viz:
CHAMPAGNE—Carte Blanche and Carte Noir, at $18 per case; and all the popular brands in New York prices. They are in store, which saves time and expense in sending abroad.
Port Wines, Sherry Wines, Tonas, Tonar, Vino de Pasto, Wines Harmony, etc., Medeira, South Side.
BRANDIES—Hard, Hennessey, etc.
WHISKIES—Overhall, Old Crow, ($3 per gallon,) Rotgenfer, Belle Fontaine, Cedar, Cyrus, Noble.
RUMS—Jamaica, St. Croix, and a very fine N. E. Rum at $2, for family.
Cooking Wines of all kinds.
Also, the celebrated wines of the Put in Bay Missouri Wine Company—Catawba Dry and Sweet, $2 per gallon. dec16-tf

CHAMPAGNE
Orders Received
BY
THOMAS RUSSELL,
(Successor to E. C. Dyer & Co., established in 1848,)
1213 Pennsylvania Ave.
PRICE LIST.

Payable in Coin or its Equivalent in Currency.	Net Cash.	30 days.	60 days.	90 days.
LOUIS ROEDERER'S				
Carte Blanche	$34.00	$35.00	$35.50	$36.00
Imperial	32.75	34.00	34.50	35.00
Cabinet	30.00	31.00	31.50	32.00
Sec	27.00	28.00	28.50	29.00
Widow Clicquot	34.00	35.00	35.50	36.00
G. H. MUMM & CO'S				
Extra Dry	27.00	28.00	28.50	29.00
Dry Verzenay	31.00	32.00	32.50	33.00
PIPER HEIDSIECK	31.50	32.00	32.00	32.50
CHARLES HEIDSIECK'S				
Dry Monopole	32.50	33.00	33.00	34.00
Sillery	34.00	35.00	35.00	36.00
PERRIER JOUET'S FILS	31.50	32.50	32.50	33.00
CHARLES HEIDSIECK'S				
Extra Dry	32.50	33.00	33.00	34.00
Sec	34.00	35.00	35.00	36.00
POMMERY & GRENO	33.50	34.00	34.00	35.00
MOET & CHANDON'S				
Dry Sillery	29.00	29.50	30.00	30.50
Sec	31.00	31.50	30.00	31.50
Verzenay	30.00	31.00	30.00	31.00
Verzenay Blue	31.00	32.00	32.00	33.00
KRUG & CO	27.00	31.00	32.00	33.00
GIESLER & CO'S				
Dry Sillery	29.50	30.00	30.50	31.00
Gold Lack Dry	33.50	34.00	34.50	35.00
Extra Superior Dry	34.50	35.00	35.00	36.00
ST. MARCEAUX	31.00	32.00	32.00	33.00
ST. MARCEAUX	30.25	31.75	30.25	30.75
DUC DE MONTEBELLO	32.00	33.00	34.00	35.00

Goods delivered free of all charges.
The above are New York prices.
Pints of the above Wines extra $2, coin, per case, except Krug & Co., which is $3.
TIME PURCHASES must be closed by note.
THOMAS RUSSELL,
SOLE DIRECT IMPORTER
Fine Wines, Liquors, and Segars,
oc26 1213 Pennsylvania Ave.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

STOVES AT COST.
To close out my entire stock of HEATING STOVES I will sell for the NEXT THIRTY DAYS AT COST. ALSO, AGENT FOR THE BASE BURNING CYLINDERS, AIRTIGHTS, &c. &c. AT COST FOR CASH. Repairs for all patterns of Stoves, Range, &c. &c. &c. Tubes.
ROBERT BOYD,
ja14 69 Ninth, between D and E streets

313 W. B. HARROVER, 313
SEVENTH STREET.
Five doors from Pennsylvania avenue north.
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES, FIRE-BRICKS.
REPAIRS FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.
se18

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LUMBER! LUMBER!
Wheatley & Brothers,
CORNER OF SEVENTH AND Q STREETS NORTHWEST, AND
No. 2 WATER STREET, GEORGETOWN, D. C.
my21-tf

AUSTIN P. BROWN,
Corner of New York ave. and Fifteenth st.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN LUMBER, LIME, CEMENT, SAND, &c., &c.
LUMBER BILLS cut to order on short notice.
BLUESTONE for Building, Macadamizing and Paving purposes delivered in any part of the District.
REAL ESTATE bought and sold, and money invested. To this branch of the business I will give my personal attention, and will be at my office daily from 10 a. m. until 4 p. m. mh13-tf

TEN PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
ELEGANT BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, LYONS BLACK VELVETS,
and other fine DRESS GOODS at the lowest market rates. One price only.
TEN PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
W. M. SHUSTER & BRO.,
ja28-eod 502 Pennsylvania avenue.

UNDERTAKERS.

RICHARD F. HARVEY,
UNDERTAKER,
(SUCCESSOR TO HARVEY & MARR.)
NO. 934 F STREET,
Between Ninth and Tenth streets.
METALLIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; SHROUDS, ROBES, &c. ja25-tf

RICHARD W. BARKER,
Cabinet Maker & Undertaker,
612 Eleventh Street, near F.
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS MADE AND REPAIRED. ly3-tf

FINE CLOTHING
AT REDUCED PRICES.
WALL, ROBINSON & CO.,
921 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
The business of this Company has for years been the largest of any similar institution in the world.
F. HEYER,
General Agent,
502 and 503 Seventh Street.

THE NATIONAL METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Organized August 26, 1870.
CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.
Office in Shepherd's Building, No. 906½ Pennsylvania avenue.
MOSES KELLY, President.
WM. B. TODD, Vice President.
SAM'L CROSS, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
J. B. Blake, Wm. B. Todd,
Wm. Wall, Charles Just,
Wm. G. Metzerott, John T. Lemmon,
Geo. F. Gulick, Moses Kelly,
A. R. Shoemaker.
ARE YOU INSURED?
IF NOT, APPLY TO THE OLD
Franklin Insurance Co.,
OF
WASHINGTON, D. C.
INCORPORATED BY CONGRESS IN 1818.
OFFICE in the building of the National Bank of the Republic, No. 501 D street north-west.
No charge for Policies.
DIRECTORS:
Dr. James C. Hall, Joseph H. Bradley,
John Purdy, C. H. Stilbourt,
Dr. J. M. Brodhead, W. J. McDonald,
J. Kesworth, F. F. Mcguire,
James C. McGuire, D. R. Clarke,
Henry Bradley, O. Emery.
HENRY BRADLEY, President.
CHARLES BRADLEY, Secretary. au2-eom

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY
OF WASHINGTON AND GEORGETOWN.
Office: Room No. 1, over Bank of Washington.
CHARTERED BY CONGRESS 1867.
Capital and Surplus.....$270,000.
No charge for Stamps or Policies.
DIRECTORS:
George Waters,
Esaac Pickrell, of Georgetown.
Ed. Shoemaker,
Albert A. Wilson, T. Ed. Clark,
Andrew Rothwell, Thos. B. Cross, jr.,
Thomas Parker, Wm. E. Howard,
Lewis Johnson, Jos. Dickson,
of Washington City.
JAMES ADAMS, President.
C. W. HOWARD, Secretary. au30-eod3m

INTERIOR ADORNMENTS.

J. W. McKNIGHT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
1427 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Near the Treasury Department,
SOLE AGENTS
For the Patent Wood Carpet, made of Walnut and ash, the handsomest and most durable covering for the floors of offices, dining rooms, halls, parlors, bedrooms, &c. It is in every way more desirable than any floor covering used. As a washcloth it has no equal in beauty, cheapness and durability.
J. W. McKNIGHT & CO.,
1427 Pennsylvania avenue.

JEWELRY.

WATCHES! WATCHES! WATCHES!
The Largest Stock in any one Establishment in the City. Now this is a fact, and sold with a guarantee for quality and time.
SILVER WATCHES FOR BOYS.
SMALL GOLD WATCHES FOR GIRLS.
ENAMELED DIAMOND AND PORTRAIT WATCHES FOR LADIES.
Silver and Gold Watches, consisting of Quarter Second Genuine Chronometer Stem Winders of American and English Manufacture, together with a
FINE STOCK OF CHAINS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, SATCHELS,
And numerous articles suitable for presents for the approaching season.
Call and examine before purchasing, and form your own conclusions.
M. H. PRINCE,
1006 Pennsylvania avenue.
jan-tf

WOOD AND COAL.

C. L. SHERIFF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WOOD AND COAL
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Office 326 Pennsylvania avenue, between Third and Four-and-a-half streets; Depot 2nd Hill, Sixth street wharf, Potomac river.
Fair prices and honorable dealing. jan27-1m

T. EDW. CLARK. T. B. CROSS, JR
T. EDW. CLARK & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
LUMBER, WOOD AND COAL.
Wharf, Depot and Planing Mill, foot of Fourth street east.
Branch Yard, Virginia avenue and Ninth street southeast.
Our stock of lumber comprises all kinds sold in this market. Large quantity of Wood and Coal on hand, which we will deliver in any part of the city. Mill work of all kinds executed to order. dec8-tf

COKE.
REDUCED 25 PER CENT.,
THE PRICE OF COKE,
FOR A LIMITED TIME.
Orders left at the
GASLIGHT OFFICE,
No. 413 Tenth street; at 211 First street southwest, corner Third and E streets, or the Brides street, Georgetown, will be promptly attended to. oct-tf

ARCHITECTS

HENRY R. SEARLE,
ARCHITECT,
710 E Street, Opposite Post Office Department.
ja16-tf

JAS. H. McGILL,
ARCHITECT,
511 Seventh street, opposite Post Office.
sep5-tf

BALM OF LIFE.
730 TENTH STREET NORTHWEST,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 4, 1870.
PROF. COOK—*Dear Sir:* For a long time I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia. My flesh had very much diminished, and I was almost prostrated. Every remedy failed to give relief until your BALM OF LIFE was tried. A book, internally, and a tablespoonful before breakfast, the same amount about fifteen minutes after dinner, and when retiring at night. I testify my health, much and rapidly with it mornings and evenings. Soon I began to feel better; color began to appear in my flesh; I could eat anything and flesh began to return; my strength and cheerfulness were restored; and now, after using this surprising remedy for about three months, I am cured, and have a good appetite, while my strength and healthy appearance are truly wonderful.
I am very grateful for the directions you gave for the use of your BALM OF LIFE, and with the hope that others may follow my example I remain, yours, I am, gratefully yours, BENA M. SIMMS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 19, 1871.
PROF. T. A. COOK—*My Best of Friends:* I say best of friends, because I believe you saved my life, and probably my life to you, through the use of your invaluable BALM OF LIFE.
Nearly two years ago I wrote a statement of having been cured of dyspepsia by your wonderful preparation, which I now see as a general toilet article, as well as for the benefit of life, severe attacks on my health, in anywise. I cannot conceive it possible to state in due language the wonders this clear and inoffensive solution accomplishes. In fact, it is everything in the way of warding off sudden illness, to which most all are liable.
I still remain cured of dyspepsia, which was of so long standing, and so severe that for ten days immediately preceding the use of the BALM I was obliged to subsist on one tablespoonful of milk and one soda cracker per day.
Always your grateful friend, BENA M. SIMMS.

Miss Bena is my daughter. I had despaired of her recovery. She had the best of physicians, but the dyspepsia had become chronic, and resisted the best skill of the medical profession.
The BALM OF LIFE cured her, and it is used in my family in manifold ways and for various purposes.
Asthma has afflicted me for many years; the BALM OF LIFE has done me more good than anything else tried. Too much cannot be said in its praise, and my family should be provided with it.
With very kind consideration, I shall ever feel gratefully yours, MRS. SIMMS.

I am Miss Bena's sister, and I cannot express my joy for her recovery and perfect health—due to the use of the BALM OF LIFE. And I, too, feel grateful to Professor Cook for being restored from a low condition of flesh and general bad health to strength, flesh, renewed health and cheerfulness, due alone to the free use of his BALM OF LIFE, which is so clean, harmless and charming, however used.
I must always very kindly remember Prof. Cook.
BETTIE SIMMS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1, 1871.
PROF. T. A. COOK—*Dear Sir:* About a year ago I was troubled with dyspepsia to such a degree as to be unable to partake of animal food of any description without suffering perfectly miserable. In fact, I could enjoy nothing I ate.
I was induced to try your BALM OF LIFE, and I can truthfully assert that it acted like magic. I have used it, as directed, about six months, and can now eat and enjoy any and all kinds of food with the pleasant results.
I cheerfully make this statement,