CONGRESS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Legislative Appropriation Bill Considered in the Senate—The Colorado Bill Tabled in the House—Joseph B. Stewart, a Recalcitrant Witness Before the Wilson Committee, to be Brought Before the Bar of the House To-day.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1873.

Mr. Logan reported a bill to provide for the care and preservation of the United States military cemetery near the City of Mexico. Passed.

Mr. Hamlin, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported a bill to amend the act to promote and develop the mining resources of the United States.

Mr. Sherman moved to take up the bill allowing the free importation of alcohol for scientific purposes by colleges and universities. Not agreed to.

Mr. Corbett offered a resolution requesting the Secretary of War to consider the expediency of enlisting a company of scouts, to be used in operations against the Modoc Indians. Adopted.

Mr. Vickers, of Md., presented the credentials of his successor in the Senate, Hon. George R. Dennis; which were read, and laid on the table.

Mr. Stockton, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported without amendment the bill making the pay of civil engineers in the navy the same as that of naval contractors.

Mr. Edmunds, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported with amendments the House bill amendatory of the act of June 8, 1872, providing for holding a Circuit Court in the Western district of Missouri.

Mr. Logan, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported favorably the bill authorizing the President to designate a board of three ordnance officers to examine and report to Congress the most suitable sites for the location of a large arsenal of construction and repair, a powder depot and a proving-ground for heavy ordnance.

The bill reported by Mr. Hamlin, from the Mining Committee, provides for amending the fifth section of the mining act of May 10, 1872, so that the time for the first annual expenditure on claims, located prior to the passage of said act, shall be extended to the first day of December, 1873.

Mr. Patterson introduced a bill supplementary to the act authorizing the Washington City and Point Lookout Railroad Company to extend its railroad into the District. (Being a copy of the bill introduced in the House last Monday by Gen. Chipman.)

At 1 o'clock the unfinished business, being the LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION BILL,

came up in regular order.

Mr. Cameron called attention to the fact that the French spoliation bill had been made the special order for to-day.

The Chair (Mr. Anthony) reminded Mr. Cameron that the unfinished business took precedence of all special orders.

Mr. Cameron then moved to postpone the unfinished business so as to proceed with the special order, but subsequently withdrew his motion with the understanding that he should move to take up the French spoliation bill as soon as the appropriation bill was disposed of.

The appropriation bill was then proceeded with, the question being on the motion of Mr. Stimson to reconsider the vote on the amendment of Mr. Sherman increasing the salaries of certain bureau officials, &c.

The motion to recommend was lost—ayes 16, noes 31.

Mr. Sawyer moved, in behalf of Mr. Morton, an amendment increasing the salaries of Deputy Commissioners of Internal Revenue to $4,000 per annum, which was ruled out of order.

Mr. Windom moved to strike out the appropriation $10,000 for temporary clerks in the Post Office Department. As the franking privilege was now to be abolished there would be a great diminution in the work of the Department, and there would be no necessity for the further employment of these additional clerks.

Mr. Merrill, of Me., thought these clerks were necessary, and doubted whether any saving would be effected by the abolition of the franking privilege.

The motion of Mr. Windom was agreed to.

Mr. Robertson moved to reconsider the vote by which the amendment of Mr. Sawyer increasing the appropriation for the bureau of education was rejected.

Mr. Tipton did not believe that the bureau of education had done anything at all to promote the cause of education.

Mr. Howe advocated popular education as a means of preserving our republican institutions.

Mr. Stevenson said the question of education was one which belonged exclusively to the States, and the General Government had no right whatever to interfere in the subject.

The motion to reconsider was lost—yeas 27, nays 29.

Mr. Wright moved to reduce the number of clerks of Class 1 in the Post Office Department from 71 to 66, and the appropriation for their compensation from $65,000 to $59,000.

Mr. Merrill, of Maine, opposed the amendment and moved to lay it on the table. Lost—yeas 19, nays 32.

Mr. Flanagan opposed the amendment.

Mr. Conkling advocated it as a legitimate consequence of the abolition of the franking privilege.

Mr. Nye said this whole franking repeal agitation was an arrant humbug. He now made the prediction that the mails would not be carried for a cent cheaper in the future than in the past. The people longed for the documents which went forth from this Capitol. If this was a matter of economy, however, it was now the time to begin. If the Postmaster General had not been trifling with us, he could very well spare the clerks, and he hoped the amendment would be adopted.

Mr. Machen concurred in the views of Mr. Nye.

Mr. Perry, of Conn., voted for the repeal of the franchise privilege in good faith, and he was glad that it was abolished. But he could not see what this had to do with the clerks in the General Post Office. Because there might be a reduction in the amount of mails sent through the local post offices, that could not reduce in the slightest degree the labor of the clerks in the General Post Office Department. They would still have just as much work to do. The assertion that will be produced in the country by the debate this afternoon is, that the Senate is out of humor for having been conquered by the Postmaster General, and is venting its humor in this movement to reduce the force in his Department.

The amendment of Mr. Wright was agreed to—ayes 31, noes 28.

Mr. Wright moved further to increase the number of clerks of class three, in the Post Office Department, from sixty-one to sixty-seven, and to reduce the number of clerks of class two from fifty to forty-seven; which was agreed to.

Mr. Sprague moved to reconsider the vote by passing the amendment of Mr. Morrill, of Vt., prohibiting the payment of judgments of the Court of Claims to parties whose loyalty has not been established, unless a special appropriation is made therefor by Congress.

Pending action the Senate went into executive session, and then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Cox, of N. Y., offered a resolution requesting the Secretary of State, if not incompatible with the public service, to furnish the House with a copy of all correspondence in reference to the claim of Benedict Burnstine, a naturalized citizen of the United States, against Russia. Adopted.

THE COLORADO BILL.

The bill for the admission of Colorado came up as unfinished business from yesterday.

Mr. Taffe, of Neb., argued that under the Constitution and the convention with France, by which the Territory was acquired, the people of the Territory were entitled to admission.

Mr. Kerr, of Ind., opposed the admission of the Territory on account of its want of population and the undue influence and power given it in the Senate.

At the expiration of the hour, Mr. Hooper, Delegate from Utah, obtained permission to reply to the attack made upon the Mormons of Utah during the debate yesterday by Mr. Clagett, of Montana, and defended the institutions of the Territory and the local government.

Mr. Clagett, of Montana, replied, supporting the charges made yesterday that all the legislation of the Territory was prompted by the Mormon Church and calculated to drive Gentiles to the wall, and to aid in building up Mormonism. He made a fierce attack upon Brigham Young and the Mormon Church, and at the conclusion of his remarks was applauded on the floor and in the galleries.

At the conclusion of the discussion, Mr. Hale, of Me., moved to lay the bill on the table. Adopted—yeas 117, nays 61.

MEMBER SWORN IN.

Mr. McCrary, of Iowa, called up the contested election case of Silas C. Niblack against Josiah T. Walls, claiming a seat in the House as Representative from the State of Florida.

The resolutions reported by the committee declare Walls, the sitting member, not entitled to the seat, and that Niblack, the contestant, is entitled to the seat.

The resolutions were adopted, and Mr. Niblack came forward and was sworn in.

A RECALCITRANT WITNESS.

Mr. Wilson, of Ind., rising to a privileged question, submitted a report from the credit mobilier committee, (No. 2,) stating that under the order of the House the committee had sent for divers persons and papers, and had evidence that just prior to the passage of the act of 1864, in relation to the Union Pacific railroad, sums of money and a quantity of bonds, the property of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, were brought to Washington by T. C. Durant, and placed in the hands of Joseph B. Stewart, and by him disposed of. Stewart had been called as a witness, and testified that he had received the bonds, and had retained $20,000 as his own fee; that he did not pay any portion of them to any member of Congress or executive officer, and that his transactions were with his clients and other persons. Therefore, the following question was propounded to him: "State the names of the persons to whom you delivered or paid out the bonds or any part thereof or the proceeds thereof?"

The evidence before the committee was submitted by Mr. Wilson, showing that Stewart had replied that not one dollar had been paid to a member of the Government, but he would make no statement to the committee in relation to his clients.

The committee reported that a reply to the question was necessary to the prosecution of the inquiry ordered by the House, and that the question should be answered; that there was no reason why the question should not be answered; and the refusal to reply was in contempt of the House, and asked that an order be made that the Speaker issue his warrant to the Sergeant-at-Arms directing him to take Joseph B. Stewart into custody and hold his body subject to the order of the House.

Mr. Wilson said he supposed the House understood the case, and he would therefore call the previous question.

Mr. Maynard, of Tenn., said that he understood the witness was the attorney for others, and he objected to replying on the ground that it was a breach of confidence with his clients. Suppose the principal was present and a reply to the question would criminate himself. It was a question how far an attorney could go in that direction.

Mr. Wilson had read section 945, volume 1, of Greenleaf on Evidence, which he claimed showed the duty of an attorney to testify in such a case; but he said it did not appear that this party was acting strictly as an attorney, but as testified by himself that he was acting in several capacities. What was the question asked: "To state to whom he delivered the bonds received from his client?" He called the attention of the House to what he considered a precedent—the case of Wooley, who refused to testify, on the ground that he was an attorney for others.

Mr. Hoar, of Mass., said it was conceded that there was delivered by the Union Pacific Railroad Company some $200,000 to Stewart, as their agent or attorney, and the question is, having got it, to whom did you deliver it? His reply is, "Some of those to whom I delivered are my clients, for some I was an arbiter, some of them were agents of the company." And, therefore, as some of them were clients, he would not tell about any of them. He did not pretend that all of them or most of them were clients.

The witness was not asked what his client said or what he said to his client, but who his client was; which he held was a proper question, as shown by the authority quoted.

Mr. Eldridge did not object to the amendment, but he failed to observe the distinction Mr. Bingham made between this and other cases of contempt. He saw no distinction in this case and that of Patrick Woodie, who was arrested for assaulting Mr. Porter, of Va., and the Woods resolution was like the resolution reported from the committee.

Mr. Bingham objected to the committee's resolution because it was a commitment without a hearing, and he did not believe the House had a right to make the order.

Mr. Wood thought the pending investigation was of so much importance that the House should not now do an act in pettifogging in the way of the committee getting at the whole truth. The House would do a grievous wrong if the witness was not compelled to tell the truth.

STEWART TO BE SHOWN TO THE BAR.

The question was then taken on Mr. Bingham's amendment, directing the warrant to be brought to the bar of the House to show cause.

The amendment was adopted—yeas 120, nays 47.

The resolution was then agreed to without a division.

Mr. Lynch, of Me., offered a resolution that the evidence in relation to the failure of the Merchants' National bank of Washington, taken before the Committee on Banking and Currency, in the Thirty-ninth Congress, be withdrawn from the files of the House, and referred to the investigating committee of which Mr. Wilson is chairman, and that it be afterwards printed for the use of the House.

Mr. Lynch said that it was shown before the former committee that there were some $200,000 of these bonds in the hands of the bank, and he thought the present committee would be able to find from that evidence where a portion of these bonds went to.

The resolution was adopted.

The Speaker announced as members of a conference committee on the Indian appropriation bill Messrs. Sargent of Cal., Shanks of Ind., and Marshall of Ill.

The House then, at 4:15 p. m., adjourned.

THE MARKETS.

FINANCIAL.

Furnished by Lewis Johnson & Co., Bankers, northwest corner of Tenth and D streets, Washington.

WEDNESDAY, January 29, 1873.

United States 6's, 1881, Coupon, 110¼; United States 5-20's, '62, Coupon, 108¾; United States 5-20's, '65, Coupon, 109¼; United States 5-20's, '67, Coupon, 109¼; United States 5-20's, new '65, Coupon, 109¼; United States 5-20's, '68, Coupon, 109¼; United States 10-40's, Coupon, 109¼; United States 7-30's, 2d series, Coupon, 109¼; United States Five per cents., 114¾; Canton, 78; Western Union Telegraph, 89¾; Quicksilver, 15; Pacific Mail, 72¾; Adams' Express, 80; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 92¾; American Express, 56¾; Union Pacific Express, 77¾; New York Central and Hudson, 104¾; Erie, 56¾; Harlem, 130; Michigan Central, 107; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, 94¾; Union Pacific Railroad, 44¾; Illinois Central Railroad, 126¾; Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad, 90¾; Northwest Railroad, 81; Northwest Railroad, preferred, 91¾; New Jersey Central, 104¾; Rock Island, 112¾; Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, 82¾; Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, preferred, 91¾; Western Railroad, 76¾; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, 106¾; Fort Wayne Guaranteed, 100¾; Mariposa, 16; Mariposa, preferred, 30; Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, 40¾; Chicago and Alton Railroad, 114¾; Ohio and Mississippi certificates, 43¾; Columbus, Chicago and Indianapolis Central Railroad, 80¾; Tennessee State sixes, old, 81¾; Tennessee State sixes, new, 81¾; Virginia State sixes, old, 41; Virginia sixes, deferred bond, 5¾; Missouri sixes, 90; Central Pacific bonds, 81¾; Union Pacific First Bonds, 91.

Gold, 14¼.

MARRIED.

SIZER—VERNON.—On the 14th instant, by the Rev. C. C. Meador, EDWARD S. SIZER, of Richmond, Va., and Miss ANNETT S. VERNON, of Washington, D. C.

DIED.

ROLLINS.—Suddenly, on the morning of the 29th of January, WM. C. ROLLINS, in the sixty-fifth year of his age.

Friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral at 2 o'clock to-day, at his residence, Wesley chapel, corner Fifth and Streets.

UNDERTAKERS.

RICHARD F. HARVEY,
UNDERTAKER,
(SUCCESSOR TO HARVEY & MARR.)
NO. 934 F STREET,
Between Ninth and Tenth streets.
METALLIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; SHROUDS, ROBES, &c. jan5-tf

RICHARD W. BARKER,
Cabinet Maker & Undertaker,
612 Eleventh Street, near F.
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS MADE AND REPAIRED. jy24-tf

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THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
The business of this Company has for years been the largest of any similar institution in the world.
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OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Organized August 26, 1870.
CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.
Office in Shepherd's Building, No. 606½ Pennsylvania avenue. MOSES KELLY, President.
SAM'L CROSS, Secretary. W. B. TODD, Vice President.
DIRECTORS:
J. B. Blake, Wm. Todd, Wm. Wall, Charles Just, Wm. G. Metzerott, John T. Lenman, Geo. E. Corliss, Moses Kelly, A. S. Shepherd. oct14-tf

DECORATIONS.

AWNINGS AND DECORATIONS.
Awnings for STORES, CITY AND COUNTRY RESIDENCES.
Special attention given to decorating of Halls for Balls and Parties.
Flags, Horse and Wagon Covers, for sale or rent, by
JOHN C. HOGAN,
Manufacturer,
7½ Market Space, between Seventh and Eighth sts. sla5-tf

CAPITOL HILL
Livery, Hiring and Sale Stable,
317 Third street, bet. C and D southeast.
CARRIAGES FOR WEDDING PARTIES AND RECEPTIONS AT ALL HOURS.
Particular attention given to the care of Boarding Horses. M. FOPE, Jr., & CO.
Gall-eotf 317 Third street S. E.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBscriber has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a special term, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Thomas Brown, late of Washington county, District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of January next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.
Given under my hand this 24th day of January 1873. J. W. DEBELLE
jan25-law4w* Executor.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

WILLARD'S HOTEL,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
REMODELED, REFURNISHED.
FIFTY PRIVATE BATH-ROOMS AND ELEVATOR ADDED.
OPEN NOVEMBER 5, 1872.
J. F. CAKE, Proprietor.
oct29-tf

THE ARLINGTON,
Roessle & Son,
VERMONT AVENUE,
BETWEEN H AND I STREETS,
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nov23-tf

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
JAMES SYKES, Proprietor,
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
Between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Thankful to the public for generous patronage in the past, the proprietor asks the old friends and patrons to test the accommodations of the present establishment, which he promises shall be found at least equal to the best in Washington. jan11-tf

X - 10 - U - 8
RESTAURANT,
440 Ninth Street Northwest,
Keeps constantly on hand Game, Fish, Oysters, &c. The Bar is stocked with the finest Brandies, Whiskies, &c. All goods marked C. O. D. jan28-tf

C. C. WILLARD,
EBBITT HOUSE,
WASHINGTON, D. C. aug31

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S. E. Corner Sixth Street and Penn. Avenue,
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FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS.
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FOREST HOUSE,
CORNER NEW JERSEY AV., AND D ST., NEAR BALTIMORE DEPOT,
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Board by the Day or Week. Meals at all hours.
JOSIAH SIMPSON, Prop'r.
Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand.
jy29-eo3m

THE ALHAMBRA,
CORNER NINTH AND F STREETS,
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
FINE LUNCH DAILY.
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"The Chesapeake."
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JOHN BECK'S
ATHENEUM RESTAURANT,
630 D Street, and 631 Louisiana avenue,
Between Sixth and Seventh Streets.
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EATING DEPARTMENT
can at all times be found the DELICACIES OF THE SEASON served in the best style and at the most reasonable prices. oct15-tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

C. GAUTIER,
IMPORTER OF WINES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS,
1217 Pennsylvania avenue, 1217
has just received his
WINTER STOCK OF 1872 and '73,
Selected with especial care, and embracing all the various kinds of Liquors etc., viz:
CHAMPAGNE, Carte Blanche and Carte Noir, at $16 per case, and all the other leading brands at New York prices. They are in stock, which saves time and expense in sending abroad.
Port Wines, Sherry Wines, Topaz, Tokay, Vino de Pasto, Widow Harmony, etc., Madeira, South Side, DARGETT, Martel, Hennessy, etc.
WHISKIES—Overholt, Old Crow, (85 pergallon,) Bellingham, Family, Nectar, Cyrus, Noble.
RUM—Jamaica, St. Croix, and a very fine N. E. Rum at $2 for family use.
Cooking Wines of all kinds.
Also, the celebrated Lager Beer of the Pittsburg Bay Missouri Wine Company—Catawba Dry and Sweet—at $2 per gallon. dec11-tf

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Carte Blanche	$34.00	$35.00	$35.00	$36.00
Imperial	36.00	34.00	34.00	35.00
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G. H. MUMM & CO.'S				
Extra Dry	25.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
Extra Dry	21.00	21.00	21.00	22.00
PIPER HEIDSIECK	21.00	22.00	22.00	23.00
PIPER HEIDSIECK & CO.'S				
Dry Monopole	22.00	23.00	23.00	24.00
Sillery	19.00	19.00	20.00	20.00
RUINART, PERE & FILS	20.00	20.00	21.00	21.00
CHARLES HEIDSIECK'S				
Extra Dry	22.00	23.00	23.00	24.00
Sillery	19.00	19.00	20.00	20.00
POMMERY & GRENO	20.00	20.00	21.00	21.00
MOET & CHANDON'S				
Dry Sillery	19.00	19.00	20.00	20.00
Verzenay	19.00	19.00	20.00	21.00
Green Seal	22.00	23.00	23.00	24.00
Red Seal	21.00	21.00	22.00	22.00
GIESLER & CO.'S				
Dry Sillery	19.00	20.00	20.00	21.00
Gold Label Dry	21.00	21.00	22.00	22.00
Extra Superior Dry	24.00	25.00	25.00	26.00
DELMONICO	22.00	22.00	23.00	23.00
ST. MARCEAUX	19.00	19.00	20.00	20.00
DUC DE MONTEBELLO	23.00	23.00	24.00	24.00

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☞ The above are New York prices.
☞ Pints of the above Wines and Champagne, $2 extra per case, except Krug & Co., which is $3.
☞ TIME PURCHASES must be closed by note.

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Fine Wines, Liquors, and Segars,
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STOVES AT COST.
To close out my entire stock of HEATING STOVES I will sell for the NEXT THIRTY DAYS AT COST AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF PARLOR STOVES, COOKING STOVES, KITCHENS, &c., &c., AT COST FOR CASH. Repairs for all patterns of Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c., at usual rates.
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SEVENTH STREET.
Five doors North Pennsylvania avenue north.
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES, FIRE-BRICKS.
REPAIRS FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.
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Jacobus' Notes on Genesis; 1 vol. $1.50.
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The Berean Question Book for 1873.
All the Lesson Papers, Teacher's Aids and Sunday School Papers, at
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Will all commence their NEW VOLUMES WITH THE JANUARY NUMBERS, and the public are invited to RENEW THEIR SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR ANY MAGAZINE OR WEEKLY PAPER AT PUBLISHERS' RATES. POSTAGE SAVED.
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Address all orders for above to
J. C. PARKER,
Bookseller and Stationer,
527 Seventh Street,
dec20 Opposite Post Office.

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES MAIL,
VIRGINIA.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, December 1, 1872.

Proposals will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 1 p. m. of March 5, 1873, for conveying the mails of the United States from July 1, 1873, to June 30, 1875, in the state of Virginia, on the routes and by the schedules of departures and arrivals herein specified.

Decisions announced on or before March 20, 1873.

(Bidders should examine carefully the forms and instructions annexed, for laws requiring certified check or draft with bids of $5,000 and upward.)

VIRGINIA.

6700 From Rock Enon Springs, to Winchester, 18 miles, and back, six times a week from 1st June to 30th September, and from Rock Enon Springs to Back Creek Valley, 8 miles and back, three times a week from 1st October to 31st May.

1st June to 30th September.
Leave Rock Enon Springs daily, except Sunday, at 5 a m
Arrive at Winchester by 9 a m;
Leave Winchester daily, except Sunday, at 3 30 p m;
Arrive at Rock Enon Springs by 7 30 p m.

1st October to 31st May.
Leave Rock Enon Springs Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Back Creek Valley by 9 30 a m;
Leave Back Creek Valley Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Rock Enon Springs by 12 30 p m.

6701 From Broadway Depot, by Conte's Store, to Doversville, 11 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Broadway Depot Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Doversville by 7 p m;
Leave Doversville Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Broadway Depot by 12 m.

6702 From Hambaugh's to Front Royal, 8 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Hambaugh's Wednesday and Saturday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Front Royal by 12 00 p m;
Leave Front Royal Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Hambaugh's by 3 00 p m.

6703 From Leesburg to Gum Spring, (v. o.,) 8 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Loudon Saturday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Gum Spring by 12 00 p m;
Leave Gum Spring Saturday at 2 30 p m;
Arrive at Leesburg by 4 30 p m.

6704 From Baptist Valley to Knob, 16 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Baptist Valley Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Knob by 12 m;
Leave Knob Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Baptist Valley by 6 p m.

6705 From Shiloh, by Payne's Store (n. o.) Rock Springs (n. o.) to Lewistown (n. o.) 14 miles and back, three times a week:
Leave Shiloh Tuesday and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Lewistown by 10 a m;
Leave Lewistown Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Shiloh at 5 p m.

6706 From Miller's Tavern, by Salamander (n. o.) and Mount Moriah (n. o.) to Tuppahannock, 18 miles and back, three times a week:
Leave Miller's Tavern Wednesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Tuppahannock by 12 m;
Leave Tuppahannock Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Miller's Tavern by 5 p m.

6707 From Mangohick, by Hino Mills, to Hanover C. H., 9 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Mangohick Tuesday and Friday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Hanover C. H. Tuesday and Friday at 1 p m;
Leave Hanover C. H. Tuesday and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Mangohick by 4 00 p m.

6708 From Suffolk, by Nurseryville and Holy Neck, to Somerton, 18 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Suffolk Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Nurseryville by 11 30 a m;
Leave Somerton Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Suffolk by 11 a m.

6709 From Pattonsville, by Cedar Point, to Snodeville (n. o.) 30 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Pattonsville Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Snodeville by 5 p m;
Leave Snodeville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Pattonsville by 6 p m.

6710 From Nottoway C. H., by St. Mark's Church (n. o.) and Marshall's Store (n. o.) to Olive Branch (n. o.) 17 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Nottoway C. H. Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Olive Branch by 12 m;
Leave Olive Branch Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Nottoway by 6 p m.

6711 From Thaxton's, by Concuville (n. o.) and Sandy Ford (n. o.,) to Stewartsville (n. o.) 16 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Thaxton's Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Stewartsville by 12 m;
Leave Stewartsville Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Thaxton's by 6 p m.

6712 From Wolf Trap to Omega, 8 miles and back twice a week:
Leave Wolf Trap Wednesday and Saturday at 9 15 a m;
Arrive at Omega by 11 a m;
Leave Omega Wednesday and Saturday at 7 00 a m;
Arrive at Wolf Trap by 9 a m.

6713 From Laurel Grove to Cartersburgh, 14 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Laurel Grove Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Cartersburgh by 12 m;
Leave Cartersburgh Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Laurel Grove by 5 p m.

6714 From Summerfield, by Spring Valley, to Stephens' Creek, 9 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Summerfield Tuesday and Saturday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Stephens' Creek by 7 p m;
Leave Stephens' Creek Tuesday and Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Summerfield by 3 p m.

6715 From Danville, by Hall's Cross Roads and Spring Garden, to Riceville, 20 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Danville Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Riceville by 4 p m;
Leave Riceville Tuesday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Danville by 6 p m.

6716 From Independence, by Long's Gap, Clem's Branch, and Flat Ridge, to Rye Valley, 30 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Independence Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Rye Valley by 6 p m;
Leave Rye Valley Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Independence by 6 p m.

6717 From Martin's Station to Drapersville.
Bidders to state distance and propose schedule.

6718 From Rural Retreat (Mt. Airy Depot) to Black Lick (Davis Mills) (n. o.) 8 miles and back.
Leave Rural Retreat daily, except Sunday and Saturday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Black Lick by 5 30 p m;
Leave Black Lick Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rural Retreat by 2 30 p m.

6719 From Blacksburgh, by Price's Fork (n. o.) to Gowan's Mills (n. o.) 11 miles and back, once a week:
Leave Blacksburgh Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Gowan's Mills by 11 30 a m;
Leave Gowan's Mills Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Blacksburgh by 3 30 p m.

6720 From Vickers to Price's Fork, (n. o.,) 8 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Vickers Saturday at 5 p m;
Arrive at Price's Fork by 7 p m;
Leave Price's Fork Saturday at 8 p m;
Arrive at Vickers by 9 p m.

6721 From Grandville (n. o.) to Grandy, 8 miles on back, once a week:
Leave Gladsville Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Grandy Thursday by 7 p m;
Leave Grandy Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Gladsville Tuesday by 7 p m.

6722 From Lynchburg, by Bigher's Shop, to Forree's Store, 9 miles and back, three times a week:
Leave Lynchburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 p m;
Arrive at Forree's Store by 7 p m;
Leave Forree's Store Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Lynchburg by 12 m.

6723 From Forkville, by South Hill, Lamberdy Grove, Union Level, (n. o.) and Stony Creek, to Boydton, 36 miles and back, twice a week:
Leave Forkville Tuesday and Saturday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Boydton by 4 p m;
Leave Boydton Monday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Forkville by 4 p m.

FORM OF PROPOSAL, GUARANTEE, AND CERTIFICATE.

PROPOSAL.

The undersigned, ——, whose post office address is ——, county of ——, State of ——, proposes to convey the mails of the United States, from July 1, 1873, to June 30, 1875, on route No. ——, between and ——, under the advertisement of the Postmaster General, dated December 1, 1872, "with security, ownership, and security, by law of June 8, 1872," for the annual sum of —— dollars.

The proposal is based on the schedule, full knowledge of the distance of the route, the weight of the mail to be carried, and all other particulars in reference to the route and service, set out in the advertisement of the route and instructions attached to the advertisement of mail service; and of the provisions contained in the act of Congress of June 8, 1872. ——, *Bidder.*

Dated ——.

GUARANTEE.

The undersigned, residing at ——, State of ——, undertake that, if the foregoing bid for carrying the mail on route No. —— be accepted by the Postmaster General, the bidder will, prior to the 1st June, 1873, enter into the required obligation, or contract, to perform the service proposed, with good and sufficient sureties, or pay the difference between the sum to which the bidder may be adjudged by law, and the sum to be paid to the person who may be the next lowest bidder.

They are to understanding distinctly the obligations and liabilities assumed by your sureties.

Dated ——.

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, postmaster at ——, State of ——, certifies, under his oath of office, that he is acquainted with the above guarantors, and knows them to be men of property, and able to make good their guarantee; and that bidder and guarantors are above the age of 21 years.

Note 1st—$5,000 and upward must be accompanied by a certified check, or draft, on some solvent national bank, payable to the order of the Postmaster General, or in the route, or be one of our service, not less than four months of one year's pay proposed to bid—(Section 156, act of June 8, 1872.)

The postmaster must not sign the certificate until the sum of the bid is inserted and the bid and guarantees signed by all the parties, and dated.

OATH REQUIRED BY SECTION 86 OF AN ACT TO REVISE, ARRANGE, AND ESTABLISH THE POST OFFICE LAWS, TO BE APPLIED TO EACH BID FOR CARRYING THE MAIL, AND TO BE TAKEN BEFORE A CITIZEN QUALIFIED TO ADMINISTER OATHS.

I, ——, ——, of ——, bidder for conveying the mail on route No. ——, ——, do swear that I have the ability pecuniarily to fulfil my obligation as such bidder; that the bid is made in good faith, and with the intention to enter into contract and perform the service in case said bid shall be accepted, and that the signatures of the guarantors thereto are genuine, and that I believe the said guarantors to be pecuniarily responsible for and able to pay all damages the United States shall suffer by reason of my failing to perform my obligations as such bidder.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, ——, for the term of ——, this —— day of ——, ——, and in testimony thereof I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal the day and year aforesaid.

(SEAL.)

NOTE.—When the oath is taken before a justice of the peace, the certificate of the clerk of a court of record should be added, under his seal of office, that the person who administered the oath is a duly qualified justice of the peace.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND POSTMASTERS.

Conflicting also conditions to be incorporated in the contracts to the extent the Department may deem proper.

1. Seven minutes are allowed to each intermediate office, when not otherwise specified, for assorting the mails.

2. On routes where the mode of conveyance specific or if the special agents of the Post Office Department, also post office blanks, mail bags, locks and keys are to be conveyed without extra charge.

3. "Way bills" or receipts prepared by postmasters, or other agents of the Department, will accompany the mails, specifying the number and destination of the several bags, to be examined by the contractors, to insure regularity in the delivery of bags and packets.

4. No pay will be made for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions, if the failure be occasioned by the fault of the contractor or carrier, three times the pay of the trip will be deducted, for arrivals so far behind time as to break connection with depending mails, and not sufficiently excused, one fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. For repeated delinquencies of the kind persons responsible, engaged contractors, proportioned to the nature thereof, and the importance of the mail, may be made.

5. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the admission of passengers, or for being concerned in setting up or running an express conveying intelligence in advance of the mail, a quarter's pay may be deducted.

6. Time will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from, or deliver it into a post office; for suffering it to be wet, injured, (broken) or lost; and if a fortnight, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running, a competent substitute on a route.

7. The Postmaster General may ann