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VOL. XIII. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1873. NO. 78.

AUCTION SALES.

To-Day.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers, 100, northwest corner of Tenth and D streets.

SALE OF EXCELLENT PLATED WARE, IVORY HANDLE KNIVES, &c., AT AUCTION.

On THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, the 26th inst., commencing at 7 o'clock, p. m., we shall sell, within our auction rooms, a fine assortment of Plated ware, &c., viz:

Triplet Plated Tea Sets, Waiters and Ice Pitchers, Plated Wine, Dinner, Breakfast and Pickle Castors,

Ivory handle and Steel Knives,

Plated syrup and Butter Dishes,

Plated Fruit Dishes, Spoons, Forks, &c.

The above-named articles are manufactured by Russell, Merriken, Holmes, Booth, Hayden and National Plate Company, and will be on exhibition during the day.

Terms cash. GREEN & WILLIAMS,
feb26 [Star] Auctioneers.

BY LATIMER & CLEARY, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Southwest corner of Tenth ave. and Eleventh street (Star Office Building).

CATALOGUE OF THE GALLERY OF FINE PAINTINGS, ETC., ON EXHIBITION, No. 476 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

On the EVENINGS of the 26th, 27th and 28th of February, commencing at 7 o'clock, Paintings, 26th and 27th; Engravings, Chromos, &c., 28th. The Paintings, &c., will be on exhibition for one week before sale, day and evening, free, at the late Smith Brothers's Gallery, 476 Pennsylvania avenue, Eighth and Fourteenth streets, near the Exhibit House.

The following artists will be represented in the collection:

R. WEST, ELLIOTT, INNMAN, GREY, HEALY, T. NEBB, GANNEY, MOLINO, DE VILLIERS, DUPRE, DEWELLE, LAVIGNE, DELLA, SCHOLER, SPENCER, LAREY, GIFFORD, BROWN, G. SCHWARTZELDER, SADLER, SADLER AND WASH, INGLEFIELD, ASHURE, VILLA-MIL, CARPENTER, MARSHALL, &c., &c.

Among the specimens of the Old Masters will be found a beautiful Original Picture by ROL. GUIDO RENI, MEONARD, VAN DYCK, VAN STOK, JORDAN, TENIERS, JOSEPH, MOLA, NEAR, BRUGHELL, &c., &c., &c.

The Fine Painting after Da Vinci's "Last Supper," Music Table, &c., will be sold at 8 o'clock, second evening. LATIMER & CLEARY,
feb18-3ads Auctioneers.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers, No. 100, northwest corner Tenth and D streets.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FRONTING ON FOURTEENTH STREET, BETWEEN G AND H STREETS NORTHWEST, AT AUCTION.

By virtue of a deed of trust dated March 28, A. D. 1870, and duly recorded in Liber 426, folio 406, one of the land records for Washington county, D.C., and by direction of the party secured thereby, I will sell, at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 27th day of February, A.D. 1873, all that certain piece or parcel of ground situate and lying in the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and known and distinguished as lot marked and lettered "B," in Hines and Brandt's subdivision of lots one hundred and eighty (180) and one hundred and nine (109) of Rhees and Plant's subdivision of square numbered two hundred and eight (208), as recorded in the office of the surveyor of said city.

Terms of sale: One third cash; balance in six and twelve months, with interest, to be secured by a deed of trust on the property sold. One hundred dollars down when the property is struck off; all conveyancing at purchaser's cost. If the terms of sale are not complied with within five days from day of sale the trustee reserves the right to re-sell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, by giving three days' notice in some newspaper published in said city.

GEORGE W. STICKNEY, Trustee.
GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.
feb12-eod&3ds

Future Days.

BY B. H. WARNER, Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer, No. 519 Seventh street, between G and H.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON THE WEST SIDE OF 9TH STREET WEST, NEAR THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, IMPROVED BY A FRAME HOUSE, AT AUCTION.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me, dated October 8, 1867, and duly recorded in Liber No. 766, folio 451, one of the land records of Washington, I will sell, at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 27th day of February, 1873, at 5 o'clock, p. m., part of lot 14, in square No. 250, in the city of Washington, D. C., beginning on the west side of 9th street west, at the south end of the alley in the intersection of C street south and Fourteenth street west, and running thence north 71 feet; thence east 48 feet 8 inches; thence south 71 feet; thence west 48 feet 8 inches; thence south 46 feet to C street; thence west 30 feet to the place of beginning, together with the improvements thereon, subject to prior encumbrances, if any, to the amount of indebtedness secured by deed of trust upon the property, and the expenses of sale; cash to be paid on the day of sale; if the purchaser fails to make the required payment, first giving three days' notice of such sale by advertisement in the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

GEORGE W. MCLANE, A. LAMBERT, Trustees.
feb22-4ads GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.

BY LATIMER & CLEARY, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street, (Star Office Building).

IMMENSE STOCK OF FOLDING TRANSPARENCIES, ALL STYLES AND COLORS, WITH PORTRAITS AND NAMES OF GRAND ARMY, ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF FANCY TRANSPARENCY FLAGS, WITH NAMES OF ALL THE STATES, WITH NAMES OF DIFFERENT BATTLES, ALSO, WITH NAMES OF DIFFERENT GENERALS, ALSO, WITH NAMES OF DIFFERENT STATES OF ALL STYLES, WITH EAGLE, WITH SHIELD, WITH FOUR COLORS, UNITED STATES FLAG, WITH SHIELD, WITH LANTERNS, STICKS AND WIRES, TO HANG LANTERNS UPON, LARGE ASSORTMENT OF COLORS, GRANT AND WILSON BADGES OF ALL STYLES, &c., &c., AT AUCTION.

ON THE EVENINGS OF FRIDAY, February 21 and 22, and SATURDAY and MONDAY, March 1 and 3, 1873, morning and evening, commencing at 7 to 8 a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m., we shall sell, within our salesrooms, an immense collection of the above-named goods.

We call especial attention to this sale, as the goods are all fresh and of recent designs.

LATIMER & CLEARY,
feb19-14 Auctioneers.

CONSTABLE SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF A writ of f. f. fa. to me directed, by William Marsden, J. P. for the County of Washington, D. C., at the suit of Simon Fisher and Company, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of Thomas Thornton in the following named goods and chattels, viz: One black Horse, I hereby give notice that I will sell on MONDAY, the 3rd day of March, 1873, at 3 o'clock p. m., I will offer for sale at the corner of North Capitol and D streets north, in the city of Washington, D. C., the above-mentioned property, seized and taken in execution by said constable as the property of said defendant, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash.

R. R. MARYMAN, Constable.
feb19-eod

AUCTION SALES.

Future Days.

BY JAMES GUILD, Auctioneer, 1014 Pennsylvania avenue.

LARGE SALE OF WHITE GRANITE, IRON STONE, CROCKERY, AND FLINT GLASS WARE.

On THURSDAY, February 27, at 10 o'clock a. m., I will sell, in my auction rooms, 120 dozen Plates, 50 gross Cups and Saucers, 50 dozen Bowls, 6 dozen Bowls and Pitchers, large lot Bottlones, Chambers, Butter, Pickle, and Soap Dishes; Sugar Bowls, Gravy Boats, Bakers' Bread Trays, Napkins, Compotes, Salads, &c. Also, a fine assortment of Ice Tumblers, Goblets, Ale, and Beer Mugs, Pergolas fitting up for the 4th of March would do well to attend this sale.

JAMES GUILD,
feb25-3t Auctioneer.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers, No. 100 northwest corner Tenth and D streets.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, a. m., I will sell, in the Supreme Court building, in the District of Columbia, holding a special term, the personal effects of Carroll Bailey, deceased, consisting in part of Walnut Beds, Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Crockery, Stoves, Chairs, Pictures, &c., &c., at his late residence, situated on Eighth street, between E and F street northwest.

Terms cash. MIRANDA BAILEY, Admin'x.
GREEN & WILLIAMS,
feb24-3 Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED NAVY BREAD.

14,000 LBS. BRIDE BREAD, in bags, to be sold to highest bidder at the Academy Wharf, Annapolis, Md., FRIDAY NOON, February 28, 1873.

Terms cash. feb26

BY LATIMER & CLEARY, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Southwest corner of Tenth ave. and Eleventh street, (Star Office Building).

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a deed of trust dated May 8, 1872, and by order of the party secured thereby, I shall sell, in front of the premises, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 6, at 4 o'clock, that valuable piece of property situated on the east side of Fourteenth street, between E and F streets, and described in said deed of trust as part of Lot sixteen of Kingman's subdivision of square two hundred and forty-one, commencing at the south corner of said Lot 16, on the east side of Fourteenth street west, and running thence north with the line of Fourteenth street six feet; thence east 100 feet; thence south parallel to the north line of said Lot 16 one hundred and five feet ten feet; thence south, with said alley six feet; thence west to the southeast corner of said Lot 16, then west with the south line of said Lot 16 one hundred and five feet to the place of beginning.

TERMS: One third of the purchase money in cash, and the balance in six and twelve months, secured by deed of trust. Five hundred dollars cash at time of sale. Conveyancing at purchaser's cost.

R. W. DOWNMAN, Trustee.
feb20-d LATIMER & CLEARY, Ancts.

BY D. H. WARNER, Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer, 739 Seventh street, between G and H.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING WITH BACK BUILDING, ON THE WEST SIDE OF 9TH STREET, IN GEORGETOWN, D. C., WITH EIGHT ACRES OF GROUND, AT AUCTION.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Benjamin F. Wilkins and wife to Daniel L. Eaton and myself, dated May 26, 1871, and duly recorded in Liber 408, folio 173, one of the land records of Washington county, D. C., I will sell at public auction, in front of the premises, on THURSDAY, March 20, 1873, at 4 o'clock p. m., lot No. 16, in Young and Fowler's subdivision of Square 61.

Terms of sale: The amount of indebtedness secured by said deed of trust unpaid and expenses of sale in cash; balance in 6, 12 and 18 months, to be secured by a deed of trust on the premises, with interest thereon from day of sale; all conveyancing at purchaser's cost. If the terms of sale are not complied with within five days from day of sale the trustee reserves the right to re-sell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, by giving three days' notice in some newspaper published in said city.

GEORGE W. STICKNEY, Trustee, Surviving Trustee.
GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.
feb12-eod&3ds

Future Days.

BY D. H. WARNER, Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer, No. 519 Seventh street, between G and H.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON THE WEST SIDE OF 9TH STREET WEST, NEAR THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, IMPROVED BY A FRAME HOUSE, AT AUCTION.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me, dated October 8, 1867, and duly recorded in Liber No. 766, folio 451, one of the land records of Washington, D. C., I will sell, at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 27th day of February, 1873, at 5 o'clock, p. m., part of lot 14, in square No. 250, in the city of Washington, D. C., beginning on the west side of 9th street west, at the south end of the alley in the intersection of C street south and Fourteenth street west, and running thence north 71 feet; thence east 48 feet 8 inches; thence south 71 feet; thence west 48 feet 8 inches; thence south 46 feet to C street; thence west 30 feet to the place of beginning, together with the improvements thereon, subject to prior encumbrances, if any, to the amount of indebtedness secured by deed of trust upon the property, and the expenses of sale; cash to be paid on the day of sale; if the purchaser fails to make the required payment, first giving three days' notice of such sale by advertisement in the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

GEORGE W. MCLANE, A. LAMBERT, Trustees.
feb22-4ads GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers.

BY D. H. WARNER, Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer, 739 Seventh street, between G and H.

THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING WITH TWO-STORY BACK BUILDING, No. 1025 NINTH STREET NORTHWEST, AT AUCTION.

By virtue of a deed of trust to Daniel L. Eaton and myself, dated May 26, 1871, and duly recorded in Liber 408, folio 176, one of the land records of Washington, D. C., I will sell at public auction, in front of the premises, to the highest bidder, on THURSDAY, March 20, 1873, at 4 o'clock p. m., Lot No. 16, in Young and Fowler's subdivision of Square 61.

Terms of sale: The amount of indebtedness secured by said deed of trust unpaid and expenses of sale in cash; balance in 6, 12 and 18 months, to be secured by a deed of trust on the premises, with interest thereon from day of sale; all conveyancing at purchaser's cost. If the terms of sale are not complied with within five days from day of sale the trustee reserves the right to re-sell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, by giving three days' notice in some newspaper published in said city.

GEORGE W. STICKNEY, Trustee, Surviving Trustee.
B. H. WARNER, Auct.
feb13-4ads&3ds

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1873.

John Mohaney and Clarice S. Mohaney, vs. Elizabeth A. Wall (Henry and Elizabeth A. Whittlesey), William Wall, Trustee.

In Equity. No. 2,559, Docket 11.

The object of the suit is to obtain a decree for the sale of the real estate of Thomas Fussell, late of Washington city, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of February, 1873. CHARLES H. FUSSELL, Administrator.
feb14-F2w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBSCRIBER has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a special term, letters of administration on the personal estate of EDWARD NIXON JACOBS, late of Washington county, District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 8th day of February, 1873. A. HORSEZEL JACOBS, Administrator.
feb10-M&Sw

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HOLDING A SPECIAL TERM.

FEBRUARY 11, 1873.

In the case of Agnes M. Cowling, administratrix of Edward Cowling, deceased, the administratrix aforesaid has, with the approbation of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia aforesaid, reported the net proceeds of the sale of said deceased's real estate and distribution of the personal estate of said deceased, and of the assets in hand, as far as the same have been collected and turned into money, and where all the creditors and heirs of said deceased are notified to attend with their claims properly vouched, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's estate: Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three weeks in the REPUBLICAN previous to the said day.

Test: A. WEBSTER,
feb11-Tu3w Register of Wills.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HOLDING A SPECIAL TERM.

FEBRUARY 11, 1873.

In the case of John T. Mears, executor of William Houston, deceased, the executor aforesaid has, with the approbation of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia aforesaid, appointed WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of March, 1873, for the final settlement and distribution of the personal assets of said deceased, and of the assets in hand, as far as the same have been collected and turned into money, when and where all the creditors and heirs of said deceased are notified to attend with their claims properly vouched, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's estate: Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three weeks in the REPUBLICAN previous to the said day.

Test: A. WEBSTER,
feb11-Tu3w Register of Wills.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBSCRIBER has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a special term, letters of administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM C. DARE, late of Washington, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of February, 1873. ANN HOLMEAD,
feb18-Tu3w* Administratrix.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBSCRIBER has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a Special Term, letters of administration d. b. n. on the personal estate of WILLIAM DUNCAN, late of Washington county, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 13th day of February, 1873. R. W. DOWNMAN,
feb14-F2w Administrator.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBSCRIBER has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a special term, letters of administration d. b. n. on the personal estate of THOMAS FUSSELL, late of Washington city, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of February, 1873. CHARLES H. FUSSELL, Administrator.
feb14-F2w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBSCRIBER has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a special term, letters of administration on the personal estate of THOMAS FUSSELL, late of Washington city, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of February, 1873. CHARLES H. FUSSELL, Administrator.
feb14-F2w

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10, 1873.

On the petition of Davis Lee, of Sneville, Va., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 25th day of April, 1858, and reissued on the 7th day of February, 1860, for an improvement in Steam Engines for Fire Engines;

It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 25th day of April next; that the time for filing arguments be the 1st day of May next; that the testimony in chief be taken and the examiner's report be limited to the 8th day of April next, and that said petition be heard on the 8th day of April next.

Any person may appear and be heard on the petition.

feb14-Tu3w M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 27, 1873.

On the petition of RALPH S. MERSHON, of Zanesville, Ohio, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 25th day of April, 1858, and reissued on the 7th day of February, 1860, for an improvement in Stereotype Plates for Fire Engines;

It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 25th day of March next; that the time for filing arguments be the 1st day of May next; that the testimony in chief be taken and the examiner's report be limited to the 8th day of April next, and that said petition be heard on the 8th day of April next.

Any person may appear and be heard on the petition.

feb14-Tu3w M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

THE ACCUSED MEMBERS.

A GREAT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE.

The Question of the Expulsion of Mr. Ames and Mr. Brooks—Brilliant Scene at the Capitol—Judge Poland Defends the Report of His Committee and Demands the Heads of Brooks and Ames—Mr. Ames Defends Himself and Declares History and the People will Vindicate the Purity of His Motives—The Verdict to be Rendered To-day.

THE SCENE IN THE HOUSE.

Four Thousand Persons Present—The Points in the Debate—Preparations for the Battle—Scenes and Incidents.

The most extravagant anticipations regarding the crowd in attendance on the proceedings in the House yesterday were more than realized. The galleries were crowded to suffocation, and the floor was encroached upon to such an extent that many members were driven from their seats, while others were so completely surrounded by groups of standing males and bantied females that they could neither see, hear, be seen, or be heard. If any of the sterner sex present had previously entertained the idea that ladies are backward about coming forward on such occasions they were speedily disabused of it, as it was demonstrated beyond doubt that the most vigorous and successful efforts to see and get seen were made by the most charming as well as the less attractive of the female part of the audience. The mystery was how they managed as well as they did to preserve intact the mysterious combinations of drapery which, at the slightest provocation and in the most limited space, they succeeded in arranging in attractive folds. A few mirrors, that they might have seen themselves as well as see others, would have made them happy. Yet they paid earnest attention to the proceedings, either absorbed by the subject-matter of the discussion or by the criticisms which involuntarily fell from their lips regarding the personal appearance and peculiarities of the speaker. Outside the galleries, in the corridors, the jam was almost as great, and thousands of people were compelled to leave the Capitol, while others found a disappointing substitute for their anticipations in the less sensational and very proud proceedings of the Senate.

Some uninteresting proceedings intervened, to which the crowd listened with ill-concealed impatience, and when some member moved to go into Committee of the Whole on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, a slight demonstration of disapproval followed. Altogether, the order preserved was remarkable, and the vast audience seemed to be duly impressed with the grave import of the occasion. Finally, the conclusions of the committee embodied in the resolutions for the expulsion of Messrs Ames and Brooks were read, Judge Poland having been recognized as entitled to the floor. General Butler followed with a proposition to dismiss the entire subject, and directing the Clerk of the House to refer it to the law officers of the District of Columbia, for the purpose of allowing an examination of the alleged offences by the grand jury, as in other cases amenable to indictment. Judge Bingham interposed a point of order that the only cases under consideration were those of Brooks and Ames, regarding which the committee had made specific recommendations. Judge Poland declined to yield the floor, and the substitute, as well as the point of order, were not received.

The proceedings having fairly began, members discovered that their courtesy to strangers, through which the door had been filled, was the source of great inconvenience. Fernando Wood, the immaculate personification of reform, as viewed from the standpoint of ex-penitentiary convicts, whom he fitly represents, revived the recollections of his earlier infamy by rising in his seat to inquire what division of time would be accorded to those who desired to speak to make speeches. Judge Poland replied by intimating that the committee had no desire to limit the time for debate, but would rely upon the judgment and temper of the House. There were no other interruptions which Judge Poland submitted to with characteristic patience. He finally succeeded in beginning his speech, and standing in the exact centre of the Republican side, called the House to order in a clear drab-coat with bright brass buttons, which becomes his white hair and equally white side whiskers, attracted great attention. There is perhaps no more popular member of the House who combines so much of both dignity and convincing impressiveness in his appearance. His deliberate manner of address, unimpassioned though not monotonous declamation, reminded one of Senator Wilson, if it is anything imaginable, however erroneously, that the discussions of Congress were orderly and comparatively dignified. His wonderful and exact memory of dates, figures and other facts was remarkable, if to proceed, with only occasional reference to memoranda of any kind, was noticed as unusual and remarkable. The most earnest and absorbed attention was accorded to him.

In the meantime Mr. Brooks, who had been conversing with some friends in the rear area, managed to make his way through the dense throng and take his seat, which is so prominently located in the centre of the House, that he at once became the attraction for every eye. The sickly pallor of his face, his prominent cheek bones, sunken eyes, partially concealed by a pair of eye-glasses, his spunkish features, and his sensated form, provoked unanimous pity. A glass of water on the desk before him seemed necessary to refresh his dripping energies, and the stifling atmosphere seemed to overpower him. Mr. Ames was, meanwhile, with Mr. Wallace, of South Carolina, on the Republican side. People sought in vain for evidence of anything more than ordinary interest in his stolid face. He seemed to be alike unmoved by the impending ordeal of the crowd and to the possible result of the day's session. In short, he remained the perfect enigma of deportment that has puzzled all who have seen him since the beginning of this great scandal he intended should, like Lucretia Bell, Kelly, and others of the less implicated members, also came in for a share of inspection, but to Brooks and Ames alone was accorded the distinction of having their photographs hawked about the corridors.

Judge Poland's speech occupied nearly an hour and a half, including interruptions, his time having been extended by unanimous consent, and it was evident that he had not lost his cogency of his argument. Some one proposed a further extension, but Gen. Butler objected, saying something about prolonging the discussion into eternity. Judge Poland was willing to yield the floor, and once or go on, as the House might determine, but Gen. Slocum renewed the objection. Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, then rose to read Mr. Ames' defence. The audience had commenced to get tired, but the reading was received with the prospect of a renewed interest in the expected developments of Mr. Ames' arguments. There was some disappointment at the dignified and argumentative tone of the defence, as well as the absence of all of all personal allusions and new disclosures.

By this time it was estimated that four thousand persons were present. Nothing of the kind has been seen since the impeachment resolutions to impeach Andrew Johnson, when the crowd possibly equaled that of yesterday. The ventilation began to have its effect. Yet the crowd wearied not, and the few vacancies made by those who were called away by business or other reasons were rapidly filled from the eager throng in waiting in the corridors outside. There were feeble women, who at home grow sick and still more feeble at the sight of the room and jostling crush, who stood for hours in thin tight shoes listening to each word, and there were men so fastidious as to abhor even the possibility of labor, who remained standing for an equal length of time without a murmur.

It was 2:00 o'clock when Ames' argument was completed. Every one expected, and no one was disappointed, that the ambitious side-whiskered politician would be called upon to be finished to engrossing that Mr. Brooks was the real owner of the stock. There was an irresistible conclusion that the company yielded to Mr. Brooks' demand for the stock because they feared his official action.

The committee believe that if Mr. Brooks was guilty of corruption as a Government director he was

CLEARLY LIABLE TO EXPULSION,

and that, too, without reference to the time when the corrupt act was committed. The committee believe he placed himself in a position to share in the profits of a company whose interests it was his duty to protect.

Mr. Poland then referred to the fact that Ames excused himself and his friends excused him on the ground of the notoriety of the fact that Ames did not believe he was committing an illegal act. Ignorance of the law was not an excuse for the most unlimited criminal, and shall it be made an excuse for corruption in the highest member of Congress? It was also said that Ames did not think he had done anything immoral. Perhaps his moral perceptions had not reached so high an elevation, but it was no excuse for his crime.

THE CASE OF JAMES BROOKS

was then alluded to. Mr. Poland referred to the fact that he was a leading man in his party and no more conspicuous a Democrat could be found, moreover, a director of the Union Pacific railroad. He did not receive his stock from Oakes Ames, but he did receive it from other parties, and for the sake of bribery and influencing his action. He accepted bribery, and was a Government director, and knowing full well its effect and what it was worth.

Mr. Eldridge inquired whether Mr. Brooks was not as much a Government director as any other director, or whether that was not a question for another tribunal elsewhere to determine by a trial by impeachment.

Mr. Poland replied that he had no doubt whatever that Brooks was liable to expulsion for the act he had committed. He referred to Mr. Brooks' negotiations with Durant, and said it was impossible that Mr. B. should not have known the value of the stock at the time he was first offered him it was not valuable, and he would not have it; but when it became valuable he took it from Durant for services rendered. Mr. Brooks knew that he could not hold the stock himself, and he therefore had it transferred to his son-in-law, Nelson. The money for the stock was paid by Mr. Brooks, and yet there was not a scrap of evidence to show that any obligation was given by the latter to the father-in-law, Nelson. Reference was made to the testimony as showing how the profits were made by the purchase of the credit mobilier stock. It was impossible that Mr. Brooks did not know the history of the stock. He had 100 shares of the original one hundred shares; but when the stock was valuable, and was yielding large profits, he

DEMANDED AN ADDITIONAL FIFTY SHARES.

Mr. Poland said that if Mr. Brooks was an honest man he would never have received the advantage of the stock but for the name and official position of his father-in-law. Nelson was all the time a mere figure head. He was never really known to the credit mobilier or Union Pacific railroad company. Nelson himself testified that he had never paid for the stock, but that Mr. Brooks had advanced the money.

Mr. Poland then referred to the fact that the stock was all the while in the possession of Mr. Brooks. It was in his safe and under his control at all times. It appears also that Mr. Nelson was not a regular stock operator—he was a mere amateur. Mr. Brooks allowed him money to be operated with, but it nowhere appeared but that the proceeds of the stock went into Mr. Brooks' own pocket. He (Mr. Poland) intimated