Preserving Worthless Memorials, Especially Letters.

[From the Saturday Review.]

We are all given to relic-hunting after a fashion. The instinct is natural enough, and yet it is a rather troublesome one, and apt occasionally to defeat its own purpose. Most young people, and especially young women, are in the habit of accumulating museums of objects which have a sentimental value. They possess miscellaneous collections of odds and ends of jewelry, locks of hair, and perhaps fragments of clothing. A child's shoe may become a piece of embodied poetry, and be valued at an indefinite price. As for the piles of correspondence, they are preserved till their ink is faded and their paper tattered; they are enough to strike with awe the librarians of the British Museum. Any one who has accidentally come on an old deposit of this kind in some forgotten chest has found an admirable text for melancholy, and, perhaps, cynical musing; for not only are they sad by force of the contrast between the interest which they once excited and their present want of meaning, but we cannot help asking how far they ever served their purpose. Was not even the first proprietor insufferably bored with them during his or her lifetime and only restrained by a half-superstitious feeling from summarily consigning them to the flames? When they were first neatly arranged and put away in a sacred receptacle, it was doubtless with the intention of frequently recurring to them and rewakening old emotions. The chances are that they were never examined again, and that the sacred receptacle only asserted itself as a distinct nuisance when a change of habitation became necessary, or a lumber-room had to be cleared out. They were originally preserved as a kind of pledge that the sentiment associated with them should be permanent; and as luckily the pledges which every one makes to himself are void of any binding force, they have survived to be merely a ghastly reminder of the smallness of the space occupied by old memories. A pile of letters may not occupy much room in a house, but it is odds that it will, in a year or two, occupy more room than proportioned to the influence of the past upon the mind of the proprietor. A person who systematically burns every letter as soon as he receives it is probably accumulating fewer reasons for regret than the person who religiously preserves them in the hope of some future effusion of pious sentiment. The question, therefore, which any one should ask who is thinking of preserving memorials is the very simple one whether they are dead or living; whether, that is, they are calculated at a future time to revive fading impressions or to be merely passive, deriving such interest as they may possess from a reflected light without intrinsic illuminating power. In the latter case they cannot, as a rule, be too soon destroyed. What is the use, for example, of preserving a document in which A. B. presents his compliments to C. D., and requests the pleasure of his company to dinner? Can you realize any more distinctly the character of either of the correspondents, however remarkable they may be in themselves? Is there not rubbish enough in the world already, and sufficient material stored up to perplex the future historian of the nineteenth century? Indeed it may be said that as a rule all the private correspondence should be burnt. Nobody writes good letters since the introduction of the penny postage. The art is lost, and the practice of preserving the documents which now usurp the name is building fair to ruin the art of biography. The life of a remarkable man is now, for the most part, a set of dreary scraps of utterly faded communications about trifles, connected by thin links of barren dates and statements of fact. A biography ought to be a literary work of art of the highest kind; it is rarely more refreshing than a blue-book of dispatches. The hero, as the author asserts with meek humility, shall paint himself, and he does it by the hurried scraps of scribbling which now do duty for letters, and into which no reasonable being thinks it worth while to insert a fragment of his soul or intellect. Our reverential affection exceeds its proper bounds when it endeavors to preserve that which is essentially perishable.

Immense Works of the Pennsylvania Railroad in New Jersey.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is erecting a number of mammoth shops between the Hackensack and Passaic rivers, New Jersey. Work was begun with a force of four hundred men last fall, and continued during the winter, the ice forming an auxiliary in hardening the ground and allowing heavy articles to be transported across it without sinking. The shops and round house are all under way at present, and some of the walls, all of which are of brick, are so far advanced that the shape of the buildings can be seen. There are twenty buildings in all, and the area covered by them will exceed 100 acres. The furthest east of these in the angle is a shop for erecting freight cars, which, when completed, will be a circular building 420 feet in diameter. One half of this circle will be finished during the coming summer. The next building is the paint and varnish shop, 100 by 60 feet. A long building running north and south comes next; it is 430 by 110 feet, and designed for painting and upholstering as well as erecting passenger cars. West of this shop is a large transfer table, 480 by 60 feet; on the northern side of the angle is an immense T-shaped building, combining locomotive works, boiler and tank works, and a sheet-iron rolling-mill. It will be 200 by 170 feet. Next comes a blacksmith shop, 120 by 160 feet; a planing-mill, 130 by 70 feet; a boiler-shop and engine-room, 80 by 50 feet, with a circular smoke-stack, 125 feet high and 8 feet diameter at the base. Beyond this is a drying-house, 40 by 50 feet, and a lumber shed, 100 by 60. The most western building of the settlement is the round-house, 800 feet in diameter, and capable of accommodating 44 locomotives. At one side of this house is the oil and cotton waste store, a building 60 by 75 feet. The general appearance of the works is like a city, with immense rotundas with domes and cupolas at either end, and a large shop with a towering chimney in the centre. The boiler and tank-house and the round-house are ready for the roof, and will be finished in two weeks, and the whole place will require a force of nearly four thousand operatives, nearly all of whom will come from other towns on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad, and, with their families, will increase the population of Hudson county nearly 12,000. Beyond the shops in the narrow portion of the area, an immense coal-yard, under cover, will be built, which will be known as the "Coal Wharf," though not on the water. One side of it will front on the Morris and Essex and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroads, the other on the Pennsylvania railroad, and a storage-room will be obtained for a million tons, if necessary. On the southern side of the track the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has also purchased a strip 150 feet wide and nearly a mile in length, which will be used for coal shutes for supplying engines and for part of of the car yard. The car yard to be used for making up and starting trains will contain about 50 miles of track, and room for between 7,000 and 8,000 cars, the tracks being laid as close as possible, to admit of compact storage, and switches at intervals of 1,000 feet connect all the tracks for drilling purposes. The company intend to move a large number of their isolated shops to the meadow shop, and these will be the largest works of the kind in the country.

Sabbath-Breaking Among Great People in England.

[London correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial.]

Recently the various evangelical denominations sent a deputation all the way to Vienna with the object of securing that, when the exhibition there is open on Sunday—its most important day—the English section shall be covered over with sheets so that none can see it. What was the disgust of these Sabbatarian gentlemen on reading, just as they were starting, the following telegram from Vienna, published in all the newspapers here: "Their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur, after attending divine service in the Protestant church yesterday, received all the members of the diplomatic body in Vienna. Their Royal Highnesses dined at the Hofburg, and afterward went to hear the opera of 'Fidelio.' On leaving the opera house the Princess attended the soirees given by Count Andrassy and Count Larisch, lord marshal of the court." What is the use of our doing tradesmen, as we just have twenty in Clerkenwell, for selling meat to the poor on Sunday if the Prince of Wales goes on this way? Moreover, the public is making the disquieting discovery that the Princess of Wales is just as bad in all this as her lord. It used to be said that the poor thing was a saint, and was powerless to hold back the Prince from his Sabbath-breaking propensities. But it is now discovered that no lady is more delighted to attend Sunday operas and Sunday races than the fair Alexandra, and that in her dress and behavior she is about as far from a Quakeress as a lady can well be. The gayest of the Prince's friends find most favor in her eyes, and her powers as a dancer, her endurance at a ball, are becoming celebrated. Nay, it is even said that she and the Queen's daughters never meet but they talk a great quantity of heresy together. However this may be, certain it is that the German fatalists now representing royalty in England are notoriously disregardful of the Sabbath, and that they have rendered the upper classes here equally lax. For example, Sir John Murray made an earnest effort at the annual meeting of the great reform club, held two or three days ago, to have the billiard and card-rooms of that institution shut up on Sunday; but in vain; an overwhelming majority decided that the members should play cards or billiards on that day as on others.

THE MARKETS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Furnished by Lewis Johnson & Co., Bankers, south east corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Tenth street, Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1873.

United States 6's, 1881, coupon, 117; United States 5-20's, 1867, coupon, 113; United States 5-20's, 1868, coupon, 113; United States 5-20's, 1869, coupon, 113; United States 5-20's, 1865, new, 4s, coupon, 111; United States 5-20's, 1865, old, 4s, coupon, 111; United States 5-20's, 1867, 4s, coupon, 111; United States 10-40's, 4s, coupon, 110; United States 5 per cents, 104; Canton, 76; Western Union Telegraph, 95½; Pacific Mail, 37½; Adams Ex., 94½; American Ex., 94; United States Ex., 70; New York Central and Hudson, 124½; Erie, 20¾; Erie preferred, 73; Michigan Central Railroad, 91½; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, 90½; Union Pacific, 95½; Illinois Central, 108½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 91½; Northwest, 81½; Northwest preferred, 87; New Jersey Central, 93½; Rock Island, 109½; Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, 69½; Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred, 72; Wabash and Western, 20½; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 97½; Fort Wayne guaranteed, 92; Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad, 80; Ohio and Mississippi certificates, 30½; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 29½; Tennessee State Stocks, old, 65; Tennessee State Stocks, new, 39½; Virginia Stocks, old, 63; Virginia State Stocks consol bond, 62.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 9 — Breadstuffs — Flour.—The market for Flour is steady, and we note rather more inquiry than for days past. From the local trade The sales reported amount to 1,200 bbls., as follows: 100 Western Fine at $3.62½; 200 Western and Howard Street very Choice Family Super at $4@4.12½; 200 Western Super at $3.87½; 300 do. Extra at $3.50; $7.12½; 300 do. Family at $7.75@$8.25, and 200 do. family do. at $9 per bbl. We also learn of a contract having been made for a cargo of City Mills Rio Extra, new Flour, on private terms.

Wheat.—There were no sales of Western Wheat offered on Change to-day, and of southern only 1,000 bushels, all new, which was sold at $1.70@$1.75 for good to fine Amber, and $1.70 for prime red. The market is steady for all descriptions.

Corn.—The receipts of Corn to-day were 28,000 bushels, of which 17,000 bushels were Western. Southern is in active demand, and the market is very firm, the sales to-day being 6,000 bushels white at 65 cents and 400 do. yellow at 67 cents. Western is in simply supply, and the market is dull for mixed in Elevator, but we still quote at 59 cents. The sales were 800 bushels inferior white at 60 cents; prime wanted at 72 cents; 400 bu-hels prime, on track, at 66 cents; 10,000 bushels mixed, last half July, at 59 cents, and 1,600 bushels rejected at 50@55 cents.

Oats.—Are still active and prices are very firm, with an upward tendency. The sales to-day were 800 bushels Southern at 57 cents; 7,000 bushels prime Western at 58@60 cents, and 4,600 bushels mixed do. at 55@56 cents.

Rye.—The market is dull and rather heavy. The offerings to-day were 400 bushels, and only 100 bushels sold at 75 cents.

Cotton.—The market for Cotton continues dull, and there are more sellers than buyers, but prices remain unchanged. The sales yesterday were 41 bales ordinary at 15½ cents, to A. Seligman, and 200 bales to go out of the market on private terms, we learn of no sales to-day, and quote prices as follows: Low middling, 15½@15¾ cents; low middling, 16@16½ cents; good ordinary 16, 17 cents, and ordinary 14@14½ cents. The receipts at all ports in the United States yesterday were 3,575 bales, making so far this week 7,816 bales, against 6,600 bales same time last week, and 1,000 bales same week last year. Stock at all ports 21,41[illegible] bales.

Provisions.—Our market for Cut Meats is very buoyant in tone, but the want of stock restricts business in round lots. We quote Bulk shoulders at 7½ cents, and do. clear rib sid s at 9@9½ cents nominally, there is active demand, and the supply is light. We now quote shoulders at 8½@8¾, and clear rib sides at 10½ cents. Hams we quote at 14@14½ cents. Lard is still dull at 9@9½ cents for prime. Western steam, and $8.50 for kettle, at $9 per bbl.

Sugars.—The market for raw Sugar is still dull, and we learn of no inquiry from refiners; the sales reported consist of 9 hhds. Demerara, vacuum pan, for grocery purposes, on private terms. We learn of no sales to-day as yet. Prices are nominally unchanged. We quote 7 day as follows: Cuba and porto Rico good to fair refining, 7½@7¾; white, English Island do., 7½@8 cents; Martinique do., 7¾@8 cents; Cuba Centrifugal, 8@8½; do. boxes and bags, 8@8½ cents; Porto Rico grocery, 8@8½ cents; Demerara vacuum pan at 9@9½ cents, and Brazil at 9@9½ cents. The stock here is 19,678 hhds., 8,800 boxes and 3,000 bags.

Whiskey.—The supply of High Wines is more ample, and the market is dull, but prices are not lower. We note sales at 91 cents per gallon

DIED.

COGGINS.—On the 8th inst., of cholera infantum, CORA, daughter of Harry and Selina Coggins, aged one year, two months and eighteen days.

DOUGLASS—At Batavia, N. Y., July 1, Mrs. ANNE E. DOUGLASS, widow of the late G. H. Douglass, and of Dr. Alexander H. Stevens, and daughter of Prof. Andrew Ellicott, who executed the original survey of the city of Washington.

FOX.—In Georgetown, on the 8th instant, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with a Christian fortitude, Mrs. MARGARET FOX, aged sixty-five years.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, on Dunbarton street, between High and Congress, on Thursday, July 10, at 3 o'clock p. m.

MIRICK.—On the morning of the 8th of July, HARRY WENTWORTH, infant son of Wm. H. and Lulu A. Mirick.

McCARTHY.—On the 8th instant, MICHAEL McCARTHY, a native of county Kerry, Ireland, aged forty years.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, which will take place at 3 o'clock, from his residence, on North Capitol street.

THOMAS.—July 8, at 8:30 p. m., ANETT, adopted daughter of Joseph E. Thomas, aged seven months.

SLEMAN.—On the 9th instant, GRACE, infant daughter of John D. and Mary E. Sleman, aged six months.

Funeral will take place from her parents' residence, No. 322 F street northwest, Thursday morning, July 10, at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend

UNDERTAKERS.

RICHARD F. HARVEY,
UNDERTAKER,
SUCCESSOR TO HARVEY & MARR,
NO. 1214 F STREET,
between Ninth and Tenth streets.
STALLIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; SHROUDS, ROBES, &c. je26-tf

RICHARD W. BARKER,
Cabinetmaker and Undertaker,
NO. 612 ELEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST,
between F and G.
THE CELEBRATED STEIN
and a variety of other CASKETS and COFFINS of the latest patterns, among which are the
OVAL TOP ROSEWOOD, THE MOLDED TOP ROUND HEAD AND FOOT ROSEWOOD FINISH AND PLAIN WALNUT, all of which are finished in the best style.
Also, a large assortment of
INSIDE TRIMMINGS.
I particularly desire to call attention to the variety of Ladies' and Gents' ROBES AND SHROUDS.
☞ Bodies EMBALMED and prepared for transportation at the shortest notice. my28

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—NO. 230, DECEMBER TERM, 1872. Susan L. Wallach, Executrix of Charles S. Wallach, deceased, and others, Appellants, vs. William Douglass Wallach.—Appeal from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

The counsel for the appellant having suggested the death of William Douglass Wallach, the appellee in this cause, moved the Court for an order, under the fifteenth rule of Court, to make the proper representatives parties. On consideration whereof it is now here ordered by the Court, that unless the proper representatives of the said William Douglass Wallach, deceased, be aforesaid, shall voluntarily become parties within the first ten days of the ensuing term of this Court the appellant shall be entitled to open the record in said cause, and to have the same heard, and the decree therein rendered, reversed if erroneous. Provided, that a copy of this order shall be printed in some newspaper of the seat of Government, in which the laws of the United states shall be printed by authority, for three successive weeks at least sixty days before the beginning of the term of the Supreme Court next ensuing.

True copy. Test: D. W. MIDDLETON, Clerk Supreme Court U. S.

R. T. MERRICK, A. G. RIDDLE, } Counsel for Appellants. jel8-d3w

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Francis Mohun et al. vs. Charles W. Perkins et al. } No. 2981. Eq. Doc. 13.

Upon consideration of the report of the trustee in this cause, it is ordered, this first day of July, A. D. 1873, that the sale made on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1873, to Francis S. Mohun be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the first Tuesday of September, A. D. 1873; Provided, the purchase money therefor be paid to the trustee, and a copy of this order be inserted in some paper printed in Washington, D. C., once in each of three successive weeks before the said first Tuesday of September, by an advertisement of the parties as required by the trustee, the defaulter, Perkins, has hereby leave to set aside the said sale upon bringing to the court a purchaser who will pay the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars for the property. The report of trustee states the amount of sale to be five thousand dollars.

A true copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c.
jy9-w3w R. J. MEIGS, Jr., Assistant Clerk.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, THE 17TH DAY OF JUNE, 1873.

U. S. Dowen et al. vs. Mary E. Gallant et al. } No. 3,330, Equity Docket 11

Upon the filing of the report of James G. Payne, trustee in this cause, of the sale of part of lots 18 in square 58, for the sum of $2,350, it is, this 17th day of June, A. D. 1873, ordered that the said sale will be finally ratified and confirmed, unless exceptions thereto be filed on or before the 20th day of July next, Provided, a copy of the forgoing order be published, in some newspaper printed in the city of Washington, once a week for three weeks prior to a sale made.

By the Court: A. WYLIE
A true copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c.
By L. P. WILLIAMS, Ass't Clerk. jel8-Tw3w

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 3, 1873.

On the petition of GEORGE M. DRAPER, of Brooklyn, N. Y., administrator of James Draper, deceased, praying for the extension of a patent granted to the said James Draper on the 6th day of October, 1856, and reissued on the 1st day of August, 1860, for an improvement in Skeleton Skirts:

It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 31 day of September next; that the time for filing arguments and the Examiner's report be limited to the 15th day of September next, and that said petition be heard on the 17th day of September next.

Any person may oppose this extension.

jy9-W3w M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HOLDING A SPECIAL TERM. JULY 8, 1873.

In the case of CATHARINE NEIDFELDT, executrix of John F. Neidfeldt, deceased, the executrix aforesaid has filed with the application of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia aforesaid, appointed TUESDAY, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1873, for the settlement and distribution of the personal estate of said deceased, and of the assets in hand, as far as the same have been collected and turned into money; when and where all the creditors and heirs of said deceased are notified to attend, with their claims properly vouched, or they otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit in said deceased's estate: Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three weeks in the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN previous to the said day.

Test: A. WEBSTER,
jy9-W3w Register of Wills.

INSURANCE.

HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE CO.
ASSETS, (in Gold), - - - $1,819,018.
HART & BISHOP,
Agents,
317 SEVENTH STREET
jy8-6m Opp. Post Office.

GERMAN-AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, INCORPORATED JUNE 18, 1872.
Capital.....$100,000
Office—Columbian Law Building, Fifth street, between D and E streets.
JOHN HITZ, President. G. O. LEDERER, Treas'r.
GEO. F. SCHAFER, V. P. E. L. SCHMIDT, Sec'y.
Board of Trustees—George Bauer, F. J. Huthsteiner, Philip May, Henry Franz, John Hitz, G. F. Schafer, F. O. Schmidt, C. O. Lederer, F. Stutz.
Examining Committee—Nicholas Acker, Henry Sembach, Dr. C. E. Prentiss, Frederick Stutz, F. J. Huthsteiner. jel-tf

THE CORCORAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
ORGANIZED APRIL 1, 1873.
Capital.....$100,000
OFFICE: No. 169 Pennsylvania avenue, (Over Mulloney's Dye Store.)
W. W. CORCORAN, President.
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J. T. DYER, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
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A. H. HERR. apt-tf

PLATE GLASS INSURANCE.
UNITED STATES PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
(CAPITAL $125,000.)
Insures against Breakage from any cause, Plate Glass of every description used in windows, show cases and mirrors. Can you afford to be without insurance on this class of property?
TALLMADGE & CO., Agents,
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FIRE INSURANCE.
Insure your property in the following reliable and prompt-paying companies:
QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Assets.....$10,000,000.
COMMERCIAL UNION INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON.
Assets.....$10,000,000.
GIRARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PHILADELPHIA.
Assets.....$900,000.
TALLMADGE & CO., Managers,
109 D street, National Bank of Republic Building.
apt-tf

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
The business of this Company has for years been the largest of any similar institution in the world
F. HEYER,
General Agent,
503 and 505 Seventh Street.

ARE YOU INSURED?
IF NOT, APPLY TO THE OLD
Franklin Insurance Co.,
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
INCORPORATED BY CONGRESS IN 1818.
OFFICE in the building of the National Bank of the Republic, No. 320 D street northwest.
No charge for Policy.
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HENRY BRADLEY, President.
CHARLES BRADLEY, Secretary. 413-6m

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,
(ORGANIZED 1720.)
Cash Assets, (Gold,) - - - $13,234,423.
ISSUES AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
Hart & Bishop, Agents,
ap21-eom 317 Seventh Street.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.

OFFICE PURCHASING DEPOT C. S., 1 OMAHA, NEB., June 28, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, a. m., on TUESDAY, the 29th day of July, 1873, for furnishing the Subsistence Department, United States Army, the following stores, delivered at the United States Subsistence storehouse in Omaha, Nebr., by the 20th of August, 1873, viz:

50 barrels of XXX winter-wheat Flour,
70,000 pounds of XXX winter-wheat Flour, in square double sacks (inside strong twilled cotton, outside sacks (inside strong twilled cotton, outside sacks) sewed and corners tied, containing 100 lbs. net.
1,200 barrels of XXX spring-wheat Flour,
140,000 pounds of XXX spring-wheat Flour, in square double sacks (inside strong twilled cotton, outside sacks) sewed and corners tied, containing 100 lbs. net.

Samples must accompany proposals and be referred to therein. Five gallon samples should be prepaid.

Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Flour."

Proposals will be received subject to the usual conditions, heretofore published. Proposals should be made on the blank forms to be obtained at this office.

J. W. BARRIGER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. and C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE, MD., June 28, 1873.

Sealed proposals are invited for dredging below Fredericksburg, Virginia, to the extent of about 6,500 cubic yards.

Proposals sealed, in duplicate, indorsed on outside, accompanied by a copy of this advertisement, will be received until noon of July 26, 1873, and will be opened at 3 p. m. of the same day in the presence of such bidders as may wish to be present.

The right is reserved to reject any bid.

Forms of proposals, specifications, and any other information desired, can be obtained by application at this office. WM. F. CRAIGHILL,
jel3 Major of Engineers.

PROPOSALS FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF BROADKILN RIVER, DELAWARE.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, 1205 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 21, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until 1 p. m. of WEDNESDAY, July 16, 1873, for removing by dredging about 30,000 cubic yards, more or less, of sand, and other material from the channel of the Broadkiln river, Delaware.

Forms, specifications, &c., will be supplied from this office, where a chart of the localities may be seen. J. D. KURTZ,
Lieut. Col. of Engineers.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, CORNER MONROE AND GREEN STS., NEW YORK, June 24, 1873.

Proposals will be received at this office until noon on the 28th day of July, 1873, for dredging at differ. ent points on the Hackensack river, New Jersey. Total quantity of dredging about 100,000 cubic yards, to be given out in one or two contracts. For information apply or to the undersigned.

C. A. GILLMORE,
Major of Engineers, Brevet Maj. Gen. U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR THE REMOVAL OF ROCK AT SOUTH STREET WHARF, SCHUYLKILL RIVER, PA.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, 1205 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 18, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m. of WEDNESDAY, July 16, 1873, for removing from the channel of Schuylkill river, about 18 cubic yards, net, of solid rock.

Forms, specifications, drawings and information will be furnished from this office, where the map of the locality can be seen. J. D. KURTZ,
Lieut. Col. of Engineers.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE YAZOO RIVER, MISSISSIPPI.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MONROE, LA., June 11, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12 m. THURSDAY, July 31, 1873, for the removal of sight or more wrecks now obstructing the Yazoo river.

Specifications and all necessary information will be furnished upon application at this office.

Proposals must be made upon blank forms to be obtained at this office.

They must be addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Improvement of Yazoo River."

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

W. H. H. BENYAURD,
Capt. Engineers, U. S. Army.
JUNE 26, 1873. jel6

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, THIRD RIVER TRUSS BRIDGE BUILDING, FAYETTE, NEAR CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD., June 20, 1873.

Proposals for additional dredging in the Appomattox river, below Petersburg, Virginia, will be received until noon of July 28, 1873, and opened immediately thereafter. The right to reject any bid is reserved.

Blank forms, specifications and any desired information can be had on application at this office.

WM. F. CRAIGHILL,
Major of Engineers, U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE PLATTE, OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, OMAHA, NEBRASKA, May 31, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, (with separate signed by two responsible persons, not bidders,) will be received by the Acting Commissary of Subsistence, at Camp Douglas, Utah Territory, until 11 o'clock, a. m., on THURSDAY, the 10th day of July, 1873, for furnishing the Flour required by the Subsistence Department, United States army, at that station, during five months, commencing August 1, 1873.

Samples of ten pounds of each brand of Flour offered, appropriately labelled, must accompany proposals and be referred to therein.

The names and residences (town or city, county, and State or Territory,) of principals and surety, must be stated in proposals. Proposals made by a firm must show the name and residence of each partner.

Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Flour."

Information as to conditions, quality of Flour, payments, &c., can be obtained by application to the Commissary at Camp Douglas.

By command of Brigadier General Ord

J. W. BARRIGER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen., C. C. S.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Alexander Humes et al. vs. John Humes et al. } 3757, Equity Docket 11.

It is ordered by the Court, this 28th day of June, 1873, that the sale made by Richard T. Morsell, the Trustee, in this cause, on the 12th day of June, 1873, under the decree for a resale, passed on the 28th day of May last, and by him reported to this Court, of the south 11 feet front by the depth of the lot of Lot No. 29, and the north 4 feet front by the depth of the lot of Lot No. 30, in square No. 466, and improvements, to J. A. Grieshauer, for the sum of $1,000, be, and the same is hereby, ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 20th day of July next.

By the Court: A. WYLIE.
A true copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk.
By L. P. WILLIAMS, Assistant Clerk.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

I HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED A LARGE INVOICE OF
Custom-made Clothing,
of FINE ALPACA COATS and LINEN SUITS.
Also, a full line of Alpaca and Linen Dusters.
S. W. GWEN,
Military and Naval Merchant Tailor,
jel8-tf 1418 Pennsylvania Avenue.

H. FUCH & SON,
Merchant Tailors,
No. 512 Fourteenth Street,
Between Pennsylvania avenue and F street, opposite Willard's Hotel, have received and opened a large invoice of Spring and Summer
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FRENCH AND ENGLISH CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, of the latest style.

GEORGE BERGLING,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 1311 F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, south side,
Has just received a very large stock of IMPORTED SPRING and SUMMER DRESS GOODS, and is prepared to warrant a perfect fit at LOWER PRICES than any other establishment in or outside of the city.
Also, a fine assortment of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. mh28-tf

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WILLARD'S HOTEL,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
REMODELED, REFURNISHED.
FIFTY PRIVATE BATH ROOMS AND ELEVATOR ADDED.
OPEN NOVEMBER 1, 1872.
J. P. CARR, Proprietor.
octlS-tf

C. C. WILLARD,
EBBITT HOUSE,
WASHINGTON, D. C. ad21

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL.
JAMES SYKES, Proprietor,
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
Between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Thankful to the public for generous patronage in the past, the proprietor asks the old friends and patrons to test the accommodations of the present establishment, which he promises shall be found at least equal to the best in Washington.

STURTEVANT HOUSE,
Broadway, Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets, New York.
AMERICAN PLAN. $4 PER DAY.
This Hotel has elevators, all modern improvements; situated in the great business centre.
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RESTAURANT,
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CORNER OF PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND SEVENTH STREET,
AT THE JUNCTION OF THE AVENUE AND SEVENTH STREET RAILWAY.
Board $2 Per Day.
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OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.
HAPPY RELIEF for Young Men from the effects of errors and abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. A simple method of treatment, New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.—An institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. jy7-3m

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ALL DEAF PERSONS CAN BE MADE TO HEAR QUICKLY BY A NEW DISCOVERY, without pain, medicine or operation. DEAFNESS IN 10 MINUTES. Pamphlet free. SINGING, HUMMING and OTHER DISEASES IN THE EAR CAN BE CURED by medical music without pain. Also, A SIMPLE CURE for Nervous Deafness CAN BE CURED SPEEDILY BY A NEW MEDICINE. Pamphlets free. Call on DR. DEMERA, at 120 Pennsylvania avenue, from 9 to 12 m. and from 3 to 6 p. m. jelo-1m

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DR. JOHNSTON,
Founder of the celebrated Institution, discovered when in the Great Hospitals of Europe, viz: Eng. land, Ireland, Scotland, France, Prussia, &c., a certain, speedy, pleasant and effectual remedy in the world for
SECRETS OR ABUSES OF THE SYSTEM,
resulting from the ravages of Mercury, Lancet, Exposure, Imprudence, Excess, Stricture, Affection of the Kidneys or Bladder, Incontinency, Discharges, Impotency, General Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Loss of Sight, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Diseases of the Throat, Nose or Skin, Blotches, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels, these terrible Diseases arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of the Sirens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering life burdensome, &c., impossible—destroying both Body and Mind.

YOUNG MEN
especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have shone in the deliberative halls of the Senate, or charmed listening senates with the thunders of eloquence, or raised to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, Dizziness, Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MISS MARIAGE—Certain debilitating ills of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

MARRIAGE.
Married persons, or those intending to marry, should be aware of Physical Weakness, Loss of Procreative Power, Impotency, Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility, or any other disqualification or impediment to marriage, should immediately consult DR. JOHNSTON.

THE MANY thousands cured at this Establishment within the last twenty years, and the numerous important surgical operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the representatives of the Press and many others, notices of which have appeared in the public papers, can be safely referred to as a guarantee for a man of honor and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

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Real Estate Broker and Notary Public,
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LOANS NEGOTIATED, MONEY INVESTED, SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO PAYMENT OF TAXES, COLLECTION OF RENTS, &c.

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No. 404 Louisiana Avenue,
apl8-1y Washington, D. C.

TH. JESUP MILLER,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
has removed his office to southeast corner of Fourteenth-and-a-half Street and Louisiana avenue. Entrance on Four-and-a-half street. m19

TALLMADGE A. LAM