National Republican.

W. J. MURTAGH.....Editor and Proprietor.

The NATIONAL REPUBLICAN is published every morning (Sundays excepted) at the southwest corner of Thirteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue, and is furnished to subscribers (by carriers) at fifty cents per month.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Twenty-five cents per line. Advertisements under the head of "For Sale or Rent," "Wanted," "Lost and Found," and "Personal," twelve and a half cents per line.

THE WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN is published every Thursday morning, and is furnished to subscribers at the following rates: One copy one year, $2; three copies one year, $5; ten copies one year, $15; single copies, in wrappers, five cents each.

All communications, whether on business or for publication, should be addressed to WM. J. MURTAGH, Proprietor, NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLICAN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER MORNING PAPER IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

THURSDAY MORNING.....FEBRUARY 5, 1874.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The business office of THE REPUBLICAN for the present will continue at Tenth and D streets, at which place all persons having business relations with the paper will call. Due notice will be given of the removal of the business department to the new REPUBLICAN building.

WHO IS THE FORGER?

Will the New York *Tribune* give the name of the "bold and remarkably accomplished forger" who manufactured the "scandalous documents" that formed the basis of its sensational article? If it cannot give his name, will it give the names of those who uttered them? And if it is unable or unwilling to give either, will it at least let us know "the unscrupulous political faction which has taken into its service one of the most expert and wary rascals outside of the State prison" to defame and slander its political opponents. The *Tribune* owes it to journalism, to itself, and to the country to publish all the facts in the case.

MORE CURRENCY.

It is the sincere belief of very many people that more currency is needed for the transaction of the business of the country. This opinion seems to be founded upon an apparent scarcity of money. And the impression gains ground that an addition to the volume of the circulating medium would necessarily make money more plentiful in the hands of all. The fact appears to be lost sight of that money must either be earned by service, in order to be possessed, or must be borrowed. Earning money and receiving it as the wages of labor, and immediately expending it for subsistence, or investing it for accumulation, is what is called the "cash system." Borrowing money upon a promise to pay it on some future day, together with a percentage for its use, is termed the credit system. The former is living within one's means. The latter is making a draft upon the unknown future. The former implies the application of the labor of the hands and brains to the production of wealth; a sure present subsistence and a constant addition to the aggregated wealth of the country. The latter signifies speculation, risk, gambling upon the possibilities of the future. The loan will be paid at maturity if the anticipations of the borrower are realized; if not, the sum borrowed is a waste of the fruits of labor, or remains an encumbrance, a drag upon the borrower until he is able to repay it from hard earnings or by a successful turn in the wheel of fortune.

As industry and economy are the indicators of the road to individual wealth, so are applied industry and a cash system, with economy in the public expenditures, the highways to national wealth and greatness. It is a truism that all the losses involved in the transaction of a credit business devolve upon those who are able to pay. The merchant who gives credits and keeps accounts is obliged to exact sufficient profits upon his sales to cover the bad debts which he may find upon his books at the end of the year. The result is that the honestly and promptly pay their bills either pay the first cost of the defaulting debtor's goods or the merchant suffers the deduction of that amount from his profits. It is obvious, therefore, that true economy imperatively demands a strict adherence to the cash system. Unnecessary articles are frequently purchased because they can be obtained on credit, which would never be coveted sufficiently to be taken in exchange for ready money.

As the cash system has so many virtues, should it not be the aim of Congress to set an example by paying the people cash, instead of promises, and paying them every week instead of every month? This would enable Government employees to buy their supplies for cash at least twenty per cent. cheaper than they pay for them upon a month's credit. Greater frequency of payments would also enable the country and Government to make their exchanges with much greater facility and with a decreased amount of currency. Monthly, quarterly, and semi-annual payments require large accumulations of money to meet them, and much of this money lies idle a great portion of the period of its accumulation, when it ought to be in circulation effecting the exchanges of the country. In short, let it be repeated, that currency is only valuable for the liquidation of debts or the purchase of supplies. Its capacity in this respect depends entirely upon the rapidity with which it is kept in motion. Lying in the Treasury, in the bank, in the till, in an old stocking, or in one's pocket, it is valueless as a medium. In passing from hand to hand with constant activity, effecting exchanges of commodities, it represents labor, and a little of it goes a great way. More money (currency) means more credit, more speculation, more effort to get rich without labor, a greater enhancement of values purely fictitious, an ascent to that dizzy financial height from which a sudden precipitation to a specie basis is commercial ruin by a corresponding shrinkage of values. A gradual descent by safe and gentle incline is—contraction. It is well known that not only is the Government largely in debt, but that individuals and corporations have extended their transactions far beyond their means. To increase our indebtedness, national and individual, would be an insane procedure. The only safe road to permanent and sure success is by the practice of a rigid economy in expenses and the careful employment of the labor of the country in productive industry. This course will increase actual wealth, and enable a gradual reduction of the national, corporate, and individual indebtedness until we finally reach a specie basis and a strictly cash business.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

The reports from committees consumed the first hour of yesterday's session in the House, the Committee on Pacific Railroads leading off with a bill to incorporate a new railroad. Then followed several bills which contained an appropriation, giving an opportunity for the exercise of the new rule compelling the first consideration of all money bills in the Committee of the Whole. But the expiration of the morning hour ushered in the army appropriation bill, which had "the floor" during the balance of the day. Progress was smooth and easy until the introduction of an amendment by Mr. Holman, providing that no money shall be paid to railroads built wholly or in part by Government aid, and designated public highways, for the transportation of troops or military supplies. This opened up a field of discussion, which at times was in the highest vein of personal acrimony. The provision, it is said, will affect thirty-nine railway lines, including each wealthy corporations as the Illinois Central, originally endowed with Government lands. Deeming the scope of the amendment too broad, Mr. George F. Hoar endeavored to establish a more moderate tone. This roused Mr. Holman, who made a personal assault on the motives which actuated the Massachusetts member, and thereupon the war commenced. Delivering a withering criticism on those individuals who seek a foothold with the people by the greatest excesses in representation of reform, Mr. Hoar concluded with the announcement that the country could judge best who the portrait suited which he had drawn. After the "scene" terminated, the amendment was adopted, first, however, making provision that the railroads can appeal to the courts, should they deem it judicious.

In the Senate the bankrupt bill still holds its own. There is an evident painstaking in the prosecution of this measure to come as near as possible to the line which divides injustice to the honest and protection to the crafty. For this reason, progress is slow, and it is not improbable that the week will expire without the final completion of the bill.

THE *New York World* of yesterday interposes a demurrer or a general denial as a reply to the statements in the memorial of Governor Shepherd to Congress. Unaccompanied by either evidence, argument or logic the *World's* simple assertions will pass for very little in this community, where occular demonstration proves to every observer their falsity. But there is a single allegation contained in the *World's* denial, which is too ridiculous to be suffered to pass wholly unnoticed. Says the *World:*

"Mr. Shepherd makes a little mistake in calling attention to the fact, as a complete refutation of all the charges brought against him and his associates, that the transactions in real estate in the city of Washington have increased from $4,927,000 in 1870 to $12,195,300 in 1873." These figures really disclose only two facts: First, an abnormal excitement and speculation in city lots, fomented by the 'ring' operations of Shepherd and his 'associates;' and second, a feverish desire on the part of old property holders to sell out at any price, in order to escape the excessive taxation imposed upon them by Shepherd and his 'associates.' When the Jews were banished from Spain by Ferdinand and Isabella there were more 'operations' in real estate and in jewelry in a day than there ordinarily were in five years, yet no one will pretend to claim that this increase of business was a sign of health or a justification of the expulsion."

The facts of the case are that no old property holders are anxious to "sell out" (at any price) unless they can get more than double the prices of 1870 for their improved property, and about quadruple those prices for that which is unimproved. It is true that when the four million loan was being discussed, in 1871, some of the old property owners expressed a desire to sell, in order to get rid of prospective taxation. Finding every piece of property was taken up eagerly by persons, perhaps even by Shepherd and his associates, who had faith in the fortune of the District, they soon ceased offering, and turned their attention to other means of delaying the payment of their portion of the taxes. Many of the signers of the memorial for investigation are owners of squares of unimproved property in the heart of the city, which they will neither sell nor improve. As they will not put any price upon such property, within the bounds of reason, for fear it will be purchased by some parties who will improve it and realize large profits from the purchase in which the present holders cannot share, they hold it above the market, and swear there is no healthy sale for it. The banishment of the Jews from Spain presents no analogy to affairs in this District. No property-owners here express any desire to sell out and leave. On the contrary, large accessions are constantly being made to our resident population and of people who invest their money in real estate. Perhaps if the *World* was a little better informed upon District matters it could see in the names of the memorialists certain men who have watched the rise of Governor Shepherd from boyhood with jealous and envious eyes, and who have never failed to interpose obstacles to projects for the improvement of the District devised by him and his "associates" because they were not consulted and their old fogy notions deferred to in such matters. The public life of Governor Shepherd during the last ten years has been a continuous contest with the old money lords of Washington, in which he has been thus far successful by virtue of his energy, wisdom and sagacity. The real taxpayers—the people—are with him. The taxes paid by the owners of improved property are ultimately paid by the working classes, who pay the rents and the profits on the merchandise which they consume. When this class of taxpayers complain it will be time for the *World* to expend its sympathies upon the poor, tax-ridden people of this District. Mr. Shepherd and his "associates" are among the largest sellers of, as well as purchasers of, property here, and at fair prices. They do not play the "dog-in-the-manger" game, but pursue a policy of purchase, and improvement, and re-sale worthy of emulation by older, if not wiser, citizens.

THE railway system of Great Britain is more nearly assimilating each year to that of the United States. The great increase of travel between the two countries, and over the various lines of improvement, is having its legitimate effect. The classes into which passengers are divided in Great Britain are gradually blending. The numbers traveling by the higher classes at high rates are gradually diminishing, while those by the lowest or third-class carriages at lower rates are on the increase. These latter carriages are also being greatly improved, which is another incentive to the increase of travel in them. In 1873 the returns show that the number of first-class passengers carried was 27,678,538; of second-class, 72,459,562; of third-class, 312,736,722. The receipts from first-class traffic were $21,595,000; from second-class, $30,900,000, and from third-class, $51,300,000. The receipts per passenger were from the first class about fifty-seven cents; from the second class, twenty-nine cents, and from the third class about seventeen cents. With the improved accommodations offered to the lower class of traffic, the difference between the cost of first, second and third-seats has become so great that there has been a marked increase in the receipts from third-class passengers, a moderate increase from the first-class, and a decrease from the second-class. Of the first-class passengers, the numbers carried have been, in 1870, 31,839,091; in 1871, 35,649,190; and in 1872, 37,678,538; the receipts being, in 1870, $19,740,000; in 1871, $20,740,000; and in 1872, $21,595,000. Of the second-class the numbers have been, in 1870, 76,153,113; in 1871, 81,021,940; in 1872, 72,459,562; and the receipts, in 1870, $24,625,000; in 1871, $25,898,000; and in 1872, $30,900,000. Of the third-class passengers the numbers have been, in 1870, 284,612,194; in 1871, 288,538,615; in 1872, 312,736,722; and the receipts, in 1870, $37,465,000; in 1871, $40,875,000; and in 1872, $51,300,000.

AND now comes a benevolent individual from Northumberland, Pa., and through the "Public Press" demands that the natal year be signalized after the manner of the old Jewish Jubilee authorized in the book of Leviticus. When the old cracked bell—which he desires to have placed in position for the purpose—rings out the sunrise of the Centennial natal day from Independence Hall on the 4th of July, 1876, he wishes it to be the tocsin of liberty to every human being in all the length and breadth of the land. "Let the glad tidings," says he, "be flashed along the telegraph wires, and as the sun rises upon successive portions of the continent westward, let every prison door be thrown wide open, and let every one go free." As the same bell in 1776 "proclaimed liberty throughout all the land to all the inhabitants thereof," so now he would have all felons and murderers set free in 1876, with clean slates, if not clean hearts and hands, to once more commence the battle of life." "A. D. M.," the author of this luminous idea, thinks the result would be that "many a saddened, broken-hearted one would then come forth never to trouble society again." The temperance people also want the great instigator and promoter of crime, King Alcohol, banished from the land forever on or before that day. What a [illegible] that will be for good resolutions! What a point for new departures in morals and politics! Would it not be a good date at which by common consent to inaugurate the millennium? Then woman suffrage might also stand a chance.

THE Washington *Republican*, apologizing for the editor of the *Times*, calls attention to the fact that he is "an unnaturalized Englishman." He probably prefers to remain an unnaturalized Englishman from a suspicion that he would make but a very unnatural American.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

MARRIAGES.

BARRETT—MARTIN.—On Tuesday, February 3, at the Epiphany church, Washington, by the Rev. Mr. Voss, ALICE MARTIN and THOMAS BARRETT, both of Gloucestershire, England.

BURNS—STONE.—In Georgetown, D. C., February 3, by the Rev. Mr. Vallant, Mr. CHARLES T. BURNS, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., and Miss EMMA E. STONE, of the former place.

DIED.

EDWARDS.—At New York city, on Friday, January 23, at the residence of her son-in-law, Harry W. Morris, ANN E. EDWARDS, widow of Lieut. Richard G. Edwards, U. S. N., in the eighty-first year of her age.

BROWN.—On the 30 inst., LILLIE, infant daughter of Joseph T. and Jennie C. Brown.

Funeral from the residence of her grand-parents, 115 Bridge street, Georgetown, on Thursday, February 5, at 3 o'clock p. m.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

METROPOLITAN M. E. CHURCH.—A Social and Musical Entertainment and Supper, by the Ladies' Association of the Metropolitan M. E. Church, will be given THIS EVENING. Tickets, 50 cents, including supper. fe5*

THE BRIGHTWOOD MASONIC HALL will be dedicated on THURSDAY, the 5th instant, by the Grand Lodge F. A. A. M. of the District of Columbia, at 7 o'clock, p. m. After the dedication there will be a grand DEDICATION BALL, to commence at 8:30 p. m. fe5

NOTICE. HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY No. 2.—A special meeting of this society will be held at their hall THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of making arrangements for the funeral of our late brother, Thomas Fahey.
fe5 R. WATERS, Secretary.

I HAVE THIS DAY TAKEN MR. O. C. GREEN into partnership in the General Insurance and Real Estate Business. The business will be carried on under the firm name of DOWNMAN & GREEN.
feb4-2t R. W. DOWNMAN, 612 Seventh st. N.W.

Y. M. C. A., CORNER NINTH AND D streets, opened from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Free to all. Visitors will find the daily and weekly newspapers, together with all the monthly periodicals and magazines, on file. Prayer-meeting each Monday evening, from 8 to 9, in the chapel, there will be delivered a lecture especially to Christian workers. Religious meetings at 12:10 p. m., 3 to 7 and 9 p. m. each day during the week in the Y. M. C. A. chapel. Sunday afternoon services in Lincoln Hall at 3:30 o'clock, and on Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock for the masses at Metropolitan Hall, Pennsylvania avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets.

FREE LIBRARY,

to which new books are being constantly added. feb4

CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART.

On and after Monday, February 2, the Gallery will be open to the public on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., with a charge of 25 cents, including catalogue, for each person.

On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS admittance to the Gallery will be FREE.

On the EVENINGS of MONDAY, February 2, and FRIDAY, February 6, the Gallery will be open from 6 to 10. Admittance, 25 cents, with Catalogue.

ED. CLARK, of the Board of Trustees.
A. C. RICHARDS, MR. MACLEOD, Curator.

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S INDIAN BLOOD PURIFIER purifies the blood thoroughly and puts the whole system in a healthy condition. See New paper. MISS LUCILLA S. MASON, Sole Agent, 703 Eleventh street, near H.
jan30-2*

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
WASHINGTON, January 29, 1874.

Notice is hereby given that claims for damages to real estate, sustained by reason of public improvements or repairs, (under an act of the Legislative Assembly, approved June 20, 1872,) must be filed at the Office of the Board of Public Works on or before FEBRUARY 5, 1874.

By order of the Board.
CHARLES S. JOHNSON, Secretary.
ja31-d

R. H. WARNER,
Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer,
No. 729 Seventh street,
Will remove to
"FEDERAL BUILDING,"
corner of F and Seventh streets northwest, on February 10, to fulfill engagements during the congress season and locate himself in a more central position for the accommodation of the public. jan28-tf

NOTICE.—I AM NOW PAYING high cash prices for second-hand Clothing. I have just started business at 497 Seventh street, to all my store. By calling on or addressing R. HEREGO, 497 D street, between Ninth and Tenth streets northwest, prompt attention will be given. jan21-1y

PROFESSOR BINGHAM, M. D., of New York, treats successfully Rheumatism, Paralysis, Chronic and Nervous Diseases. Office, 416 Louisiana avenue, near Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.

R. H. WELLS, DENTIST, has removed office to his residence, 203 Second street, third door from Pennsylvania ave. jan8-1m

DR. A. PRATT, GRADUATE OF Ohio College of Dental Surgery, 411 Seventh street, between D and E, a few doors south of Odd Fellows' Hall, Washington. Gas used in extracting Teeth. Teeth $ a lot for teeth, either law. yr-tf

HOT AND COLD SODA, AT MILBURN'S, 1429 Pennsylvania avenue. Depot for Mineral Waters. dec29-3m

LEGAL AND OTHER BRIEFS PRINTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE at the REPUBLICAN JOB OFFICE. no15-tf

THE BEST DANCE MUSIC FURnished by H. DONCH. Orders may be left at the Music Stores and at his residence, No. 437 Eighth street southeast. oct31-tf

WEBER'S BAND, LOUIS WEBER, leader, furnishes music for balls, private parties, Germania, State sociables, parades and funerals. Orders can be left at W. G. Metzerott's and the Kilgo music store, and at my residence, 725 Seventh street, Mount Vernon Triangle office, one square of the house. oct29-3m

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERIES, Patents, Toilet Articles, &c., at lowest rates, at TEMPLE DRUG STORE.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES AND Medicines at the TEMPLE DRUG STORE, corner F and Ninth streets.

ALL THE COUGH MEDICINES, Cod Liver Oils, Troches, &c., at the Temple Drug Store. nov1

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS FOR medicinal purposes, at the Temple Drug Store. nov1

WHEN YOU CANNOT FIND WHAT you want at other places, try the Temple Drug Store, F and Ninth streets. nov1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HANSON A. RISLEY, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, and late Assistant Solicitor of the United States Treasury.

THOMAS C. COX, For seventeen years in the Department of State and late Secretary to Mixed Commission on British and American Claims.

RISLEY & COX,
LAW, REAL ESTATE AND CLAIM AGENCY,
"Vernon Row,"
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
Washington, D. C.,

Offer their services to the public for the prosecution of all kinds of Claims in the Courts and before the several Departments of Government, the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and the investment of moneys, &c. feb-tf

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE subscriber has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a Special Term, letters testamentary on the personal estate of WILLIAM H. FARRAR, late of Washington city, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of January next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 27th day of January, 1874.
JOSEPH C. McKIBBIN.
EDWARD C. INGERSOLL,
416 Louisiana avenue, Opposite City Hall.
feb5-TuSu Solicitor for Executor.

LEGAL.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1874.

Rose Volney vs. Benedict Volney. } No. 3849. Equity Docket 12.

On motion of the plaintiff, by Mr. J. Carter Marbury, his solicitor, (Attorney,) it is ordered that the defendant, Benedict Volney, appear his appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with ex parte as to him.

By the Court:
A. B. WILLIS, Justice, &c.
True copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c.
jan25-TuSu

OPTICIANS.

EXAMINE THE MICROSCOPE.
GEO. W. SHEPHERD,
Pennsylvania ave., opp. Four-and-a-half street.

GEORGETOWN TAX-PAYERS, PROTECT YOUR INTERESTS by employing the Georgetown and the West End Tax Bills, and gain the advantage of a large discount, and by having their bills with Mr. E. [illegible], Agent, instead of going to the Office with Mr. F. W. Jones, Comp. No. 10, Office of Bridge and Corporation Tax Bills.
BIGGS & PATTERSON,
Offices 409 Fifteenth st., and 416 F street, N.W.
Prompt attention given to obtaining discounts for old Bankrupt. jan31

THE ARTIFICIAL STONE COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA are prepared to supply, at short notice, Tiling for Bathrooms, Side-walks, Cellars, and Outbuildings, in different colors; Foundations, Lawn Ornaments, Groups and Lawn Seats, and Fountains; Roman Cements; outer walls and flooring cemented to order; Roofs and Cisterns; Rooms and walls cemented and made perfectly dry, and a cure guaranteed; against the intrusion of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and all other vermin. Orders left at Office, Twelfth and Dorset streets, Washington, or addressed to the Company, will receive prompt attention. Our Portland Cement (manufactured in a new style) compares in every respect with the best imported, is as cheap as any other, and is as durable as cement of either marble or stone; is more durable, and is protected by a patent which will last ten years. Its beauty is unquestionable.

C. M. SOBERS, Manager.
jan29-tf 423 Louisiana avenue.

THE GRAND PIPE-CUTTING AND Threading Machine of the Plumbers and Machinists is invited to the street for cutting and threading pipe on Twelfth street, in front of Connecticut avenue, a space of 50 by 100 feet, will be given free of cost, and machinists from the country, if they choose, will be allowed a space of 50 by 100 feet free of cost. Any one can see the machine in operation, and judge for themselves. It will cut and thread pipe from one-half inch to two inches in three minutes, and thread (but not cut) pipe of three inches and one-half inch in one minute.

Call and examine it.

ALEX. B. SHEPHERD & CO.
jan24-STuTh-1w

FURNITURE.

PAPER HANGINGS

B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
NEW YORK,

Desire to call the attention of parties about to furnish to their magnificent stock of goods, offered at reasonable prices.

Drawings, plans and estimates furnished.

627 and 629 BROADWAY.

GREAT BARGAINS IN FURNITURE. We are now offering our immense stock of superior walnut and other FURNITURE, of our own manufacture, together with that of the most celebrated factories of the North, at greatly reduced prices, before taking stock. OAKES, DRAPERY and UPHOLSTERING GOODS at large discounts. The largest stock of Cottage Furniture south of New York.

GREEN & WILLIAMS,
jan31-1w Corner Seventh and D streets.

BUILDING MATERIALS

LUMBER. LUMBER.

C. B. CHURCH & SONS,
(SUCCESSORS TO)
G. E. CHURCH & CO.,

(At their new Yard on Maryland avenue, near Seventh street southwest.)

Have for sale all kinds of Building Lumber, including Walnut, Ash, Oak, Hickory, Cherry, Cypress, &c.

feb4-1m C. B. CHURCH & SONS.

Lumber! Lumber!

Wheatley Brothers,

CORNER OF SEVENTH AND Q STREETS NORTHWEST, AND

No. 2 WATER STREET, GEORGETOWN, D. C.

my21-tf

CARRIAGES.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

A. J. JOYCE,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER,

412, 414, and 416 Fourteenth Street.

REPAIRING in all its branches. All carriages left in my repository, during the season, will be carefully cared for, and insured. AGENTS for Brewster & Co., (of Broome street,) Fifth avenue, New York. aug15-tf

PIANOS.

PIANOS.

In order to make room for my NEW STOCK OF PIANOS, which I am now receiving, I will sell, for a short time,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

I include in part a splendid PARLOR GRAND PIANO, a magnificent instrument; also, a very handsomely-carved SQUARE GRAND PIANO, of the celebrated make of Wm. Knabe & Co., a beautiful present for the holidays, at the agency of Wm. Knabe & Co. and Wm. McCammon's Celebrated Pianos.

PIANOS FOR RENT, and OLD PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

RHODE'S PALACE OF PIANO WAREROOMS,
dec-tf 420 Eleventh st., above Penna. ave.

DYEING AND SCOURING.

WHERE THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY.—Gentlemen, the best way to get through the hard times and to give your wives, children, or sweethearts the most holiday present, is to dispense with the new suit. Send your old ones to WHEATLEY to be scoured, cleaned or DYED; so keeping up a respectable appearance and saving ample for the above object. As the rush is about over, all orders will be promptly filled; the work done in the best manner; charges reasonable. No charge for the above advice.

W. W. WHEATLEY,
PREMIUM STEAM DYEING AND SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT,
6 Jefferson street, Georgetown, D. C.
P. O. Box 178. dec5-tf

MERCHANT TAILORS.

E. FOCKE & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 512 Fourteenth Street,

Have received their first installment of Fall Goods, consisting of superfine Diagonals, Foreign and Domestic Cassimeres, and shall receive weekly during the season, which they are prepared to make up in the latest styles. sep15-tf

TRUNKS.

BUY FOR CASH AT REDUCED PRICES.

DRESS TRUNKS,
SOLE-LEATHER TRUNKS,
ENGLISH AND PACKING TRUNKS,
LADIES' SATCHELS,
GENTS' TRAVELING BAGS,
POCKET BOOKS, VALISES,
DOUBLE AND SINGLE HARNESS,
WORK HARNESS, SADDLES,
CARRIAGE ROBES, HORSE COVERS,
WHIPS, &c.,

At the
OLD AND PRACTICAL MANUFACTORY OF

James S. Topham & Co.,

No. 425 Seventh street, adjoining Odd Fellows' Hall.

REPAIRING.

TRUNKS COVERED, AND TRUNKS AND HARNESS REPAIRED

promptly by first-class workmen. dec29-tf

BROKERS.

NOURSE & MIDDLETON.
BROKERS,
612 Fifteenth Street,
BONDS AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
DISTRICT BONDS A SPECIALTY.
Special Improvement and General Sewerage Taxes settled at lowest rates.
Orders at the STOCK EXCHANGE promptly executed. dec27-3m

DON'T PAY YOUR TAXES FOR SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS OR SEWERAGE UNTIL YOU HAVE CONSULTED

DICKSON & PATTERSON,

who are enabled to furnish property-owners with DISTRICT BONDS RECEIVABLE IN PAYMENT FOR TAX ASSESSMENTS at the lowest market rates, saving you a large discount.

Offices—No. 409 Fifteenth street and 416 Four-and-a-half street. dec8-tf

PETER CAMPBELL,
STOCK BROKER,
1422 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
NEAR THE TREASURY,

Gives special attention to investments in all kinds of interest-bearing securities, nuisance large dedications in Paving Special Tax for general improvements or other improvements, whether you pay the whole or one fifth part. A description of the lots will be furnished on application, the trouble of calling on the Collector for bills or claims for old material. In some instances nearly one half your bill may be saved.

RIGHT PER CENT. BONDS always on hand. Orders by mail promptly attended to in person. fe2-3t

F. A. BOSWELL, H. A. HALL,
Late Sup't of Ass'ts and Treas.
F. A. BOSWELL & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS,
1422 Four-and-a-half street northwest,
Near Board of Public Works building.

Special attention given to the settlement of Sewerage and Improvement Taxes. Highest rate for District bonds.

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NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
THE NEW BARBER SHOP
opened on Pennsylvania avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, invites every one to call that likes a good shave or hair cut. Where the best of attention is paid to ladies and all other city. The management will guarantee everything in the line of business neat and clean.

jan31-4w R. C. FRENCH, Proprietor.

FOR THIRTY DAYS,

COKE!

at 10 cents per bushel, cartage extra. Orders left at the

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No. 410 Tenth street; at 711 First street, southwest; corner Third and E streets, or 119 Third street, Georgetown, will be promptly filled. jan19-tf

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ja15-tf

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CHAMPAGNE!

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BOUCHE, FILS & CO., HEIDSIECK, CERCOQUOT, RUINART, &c., &c., &c.,

at lower prices than they can be bought elsewhere.

Genuine Vichy Water,

Bottled under the supervision of the FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

for Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, and all affections of the Bladder or Kidneys; $2.50 per dozen quart bottles.

Real Seltzer Water,
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In Hampers of 50 jugs, $6; $3.50 per dozen.

Imported Friedrichall,
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The best and purest of Aperient Waters; $5 per case of 50 bottles, or $3 per dozen.

SARATOGA WATER,
(HATHORN SPRING):
$3.50 per dozen; $3 per case of 50 bottles.

Old Wines, Brandies, Whiskies,

Younger's and Rose' Pale Ale, Guinness' and London Porter,

AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

THOMAS RUSSELL,
SUCCESSOR TO E. C. DYER & CO.,
feb-tf No. 1216 Pennsylvania avenue.

SILICA PIPE.

To Capitalists and Others.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
WASHINGTON SILICA PIPE COMPANY.

President and Treasurer,
WILLIAM DICKSON.
Vice President,
COL. W. STEWART GARDEN.
Secretary,
J. J. NOAH.
RICHARD HAMILTON, ESQ.
Superintendent and Engineer,
CHARLES CUMMINGHAM.

CAPITAL, $200,000, IN 4,000 SHARES OF $100 EACH.

Office of the Company, 325 Four-and-a-half street, between D and E streets, next door to the offices of the Board of Public Works.

This Company is organized under the laws of the District of Columbia, for the purpose of manufacturing sewer, drain and culvert pipe, house covers, sidewalk pavements, &c., &c., &c., out of the material known as "silica," and under the various patents granted to Middleton & Lawson. The Company has purchased those patent rights for the District of Columbia, and the states of Maryland and Virginia, and proposes erecting suitable works, with a view to a speedy delivery to contractors and others of their invaluable products, the material for the manufacture of which can be readily obtained within the District limits.

This pipe is made of "silica," liquified at a high temperature, and cast in metallic moulds.

It can be manufactured with great rapidity, being ready for delivery and use within three hours after the material is placed in the moulds. In calling attention to all varified pipes, which consume from fifteen to thirty days in their construction.

It can be utilized and cast to any form, like cast iron, and possesses extraordinary strength, resisting successfully a pressure of 20 pounds to the square inch, as against 15 pounds the vitrified pipe.

For sidewalk pavements the tiling will be furnished at prices which can compete successfully with those at present charged for the ordinary brick pavement.

It is known to the public that the sewerage of the District of Columbia is but in its infancy, that the great cities of Baltimore and Richmond, having long ago adopted all, and now are obtaining plans for each sewerage, it must readily be conceded that, from the demand for, and the cheapness and quality of, the "silica" pipe, when coupled with their exclusive rights under their varified patents, an opportunity is offered to capitalists and others, which is deemed superior as an investment.

The Company proposes, for the present, to call up but thirty per cent. of their capital stock, in three payments of ten per cent. each, to be made as follows: Ten per cent. on application, ten per cent. thirty days after the subscription books are closed, and the remaining ten per cent. thirty days thereafter.

The subscription books are NOW OPEN at the Company's office, No. 325 Four-and-a-half street, between streets of the Silica Pipe Company, from the works of the United States Silica Pipe Company of New York and Staten Island, may be inspected, AND WILL CLOSE ON MARCH 1 NEXT. The following form may be used in applying for shares:

To WILLIAM DICKSON, Esq.,
Treasurer Washington Silica Pipe Company,
[illegible] street, Washington, D. C.

Please allot me [illegible] shares of the Washington Silica Pipe Company's capital stock, for which I forward herewith $——, being ten per cent. of said amount.

Signature in full: ——
Residence: ——
fe4-tf

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fe-TuThSu-3m*

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SPRING STYLE SILK HAT BLOCK JUST received, and Hats made to order. BEST SILK HATS, dye fixed, $5. Gold storehouse for $5. Second quality $4.50; sold elsewhere for $7. Old style Silk Hats remodeled. Pantaloons and every branch of Silk Hat repairing done on the shortest notice.

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JAMES SYKES, Proprietor,
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
Bet. Thirteenth and Fourteenth sts.,
oct30-tf WASHINGTON, D. C.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
Pennsylvania Ave.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Terms - - - $3.50 per day.
T. I. MESICK Proprietor.
dec7-4m

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WASHINGTON, D. C.
REMODELED, REFURNISHED, PARLOR, BATH ROOMS AND ELEVATOR ADDED.
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oct8

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We have just received a large lot of Black Silks, ranging from 85c. to $2.50 per yard, purchased by Mr. Brodnax, in New York, on Friday last, at which time the prices of silks