National Republican.

W. J. MURTAGH.....Editor and Proprietor.

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☞ All communications, whether on business or for publication, should be addressed to WM. J. MURTAGH, Proprietor, NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER MORNING PAPER IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

FRIDAY MORNING.....JULY 17, 1874.

READERS OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN *leaving the city for the summer can have the paper mailed to their address for sixty-six cents per month, in advance.*

THE Southern journals which cling to the lost cause, and they are by no means few in number, are in a nervous State of excitement lest Mr. Beecher shall be acquitted. Has "Uncle Tom's Cabin" anything to do with this exhibition of Christian feeling?

IT WOULD seem that the American flag is having as hard a time in Tennessee as in Virginia. The Knoxville *Chronicle* says: "The *Union and American*, with a sneer, "alludes to the attempt to pull down the "American flag near Limestone on the 4th "of July, as reported in the *Herald and* "*Tribune*, and says that the hoisting of the "flag was 'thought to be a political trick.' "Political trick, indeed! Whoever heard "of so preposterous an idea? A 'political "trick' to hoist the Stars and Stripes! An "old man who was always true to his flag "wants to unfurl it on the anniversary of "his country's birthday, and a leading "newspaper, the Democratic organ of the "State, discovers that it is a 'political trick.' "Take notice, old men of East Tennessee "—you who had sons in the Federal army—"you must keep the flag under which they "fought, bled and died carefully concealed "for fear you are charged with getting up "a 'political trick.' Time once was when "everybody looked to see the American "flag on the 4th of July streaming from "every public building (and as many pri-"vate ones as desired) and at the head of "every procession, and it has been reserved "to the leading Democratic organ of the "State to discover, in these latter days, that "to raise the flag is a 'political trick.' " Some of our Southern cotemporaries, with strange and stupid inconsistency, are charging as with an attempt to keep alive the passions and animosities of the late struggle in publishing what we have printed upon this subject. A moment's consideration will convince anybody of the sheer absurdity of the charge. The men who are honoring one flag and dishonoring the other are those who are perpetuating the animosities of the war. We want to forget them, but cannot close our eyes upon facts.

THE NEW DISTRICT OFFICIALS.

The changes made by the District Commission yesterday in several of the prominent District offices are duly reported in another column. The resignation of Mr. Lewis Clephane as collector will be regretted by a large class of our citizens, who remember him as an earnest and fearless Republican in days gone by, when Republicanism was more unpopular than it is now; but the appointment of John F. Cook, esq., to succeed him sufficiently equalizes the political considerations involved. Of Mr. Cook we do not hesitate to say that as a representative of the colored element of our citizenship he has won not only honor for himself, but credit for his race. As a trusted official in times past, he has earned the respect and good-will of persons of every political faith, and deserves to-day the highest praise which can be bestowed upon an American—that of being a good citizen. Col. Lubey, who has been retained, as might have been expected, as Water Registrar, has an excellent record, not only as a soldier, but as a civil officer. The affairs of his office are thoroughly organized, and so systematized as to secure prompt, efficient and economical service. The Commissioners deserve praise for retaining him. Mr. Baker, the Comptroller, is well known as a capable and deserving officer. Mr. Vinson has the reputation of being one of the most thorough accountants in the service of the General Government, which he now leaves to accept the responsible position of District Auditor.

Now that, in common parlance, "the great agony is over," and the status of the government offices has been definitely settled, it is fair to presume that the new order of things will begin at once, and be carried forward vigorously.

THAT THIRD TERM.

The Pike (N. Y.) *Herald*, which is editorially opposed to Mr. Roberts, has at last declared itself against a third term, in the following unmistakable language: "No "President can hold power for more than "two terms without going back to the rank "of citizen to give account of his acts. A "third term for President is not to be "thought of as possible. No risk of war "can excuse it. No domestic danger can "be allowed to suggest it. No political "party can tolerate it and live. No parti-"san leader can advise it without crime. "It is certain that the Republican party "cannot be forced to adopt it, and its voice "will be as that of one man against the "assault on our liberties."

To this emphatic and rather angry declaration the Syracuse *Journal* in the same State makes answer: "There is nothing in the "Constitution, even by implication, against "the second re-election of a President. "Then, why, pray, is not a 'third term' "even to be thought of? There being "nothing in the Constitution against it, "why may there not be exigencies of war "in which it would be disastrous not to "elect a President for the third term? "There being nothing in the Constitution "against it, in what way would it be a "*crime* for a party leader to advise the re-"election of a President for a third term. "There being nothing in the Constitution "against it, how could an election to a "third term be construed as an 'assault "upon our liberties?'"

BLOOD MONEY IN GOLD.

Current dispatches from Cuba inform us that Captain General Concha "has ordered "that hereafter all payments made by slaves "according to law to purchase their free-"dom are to be made in gold or its equiva-"lent in paper. Fifty dollars is the smallest "amount with which slaves can begin the "operation of self-manumission by cash."

Contrast this cold-blooded announcement of the continuance of slavery's blighting curse with the oft-repeated promises of the Spanish Government that it shall be abolished! Remember that Cuba lies at our very border, and is, in fact, nature's sentinel stationed to guard our possessions in the Gulf of Mexico as well as the mouth of our great river, the Mississippi. Remember, too, that for years, and almost generations, it has been the policy of the Spanish Government to promise reciprocal or equitable relations between this country and the island, which is of so much commercial importance to us; and that those promises have also been ignored. In short, the history of Cuba is of a piece with the history of all the Spanish-American possessions, except that the perfidious and tyrannical control over it has been continued to a greater length of time. But this last stroke, this announcement that the Government will receive blood money from its slaves, in gold, and that it expects to derive its support in part from infamous traffic in human flesh, caps the climax. The money of the Spanish bank at Havana may be used in part payment of ordinary taxes, but gold, or its equivalent, is demanded from the poor slave who struggles for the priceless boon of freedom. The Captain General, clothed, as he is, with more than vicarious power, and representing, as he does, the Madrid Government, has been for months laboring with vain attempts to regulate the financial affairs of the island—to bring his depreciated currency back to something like a specie value, and as the blacks began to take advantage of the depreciation of the paper money—to purchase their freedom with the Government's own obligations—the order is issued that the price shall be paid in gold. How the blood of the old-time abolitionists and those of younger birth, as well as all the true friends of humanity who hope to see the continent free from the contaminating and demoralizing influences of slavery, will bound with irrepressible anger at this! "Let the New World be a Free World" has been the motto of thousands of our fellow-citizens, and when Castelar, with his noble aspirations, reached control at Madrid, the realization of their hopes seemed certain. Their sympathy with the struggling republican insurgents on the island, earnest as it had been, was somewhat abated. Under Castelar it was believed that both king power and slave power would be forever banished from the Spanish dominion, and even when Serrano succeeded him there were those sanguine enough to believe that the same results would follow. But here we find "Concha, the cruel," the representative of Serrano, placing a price upon the lives and freedom of human beings. This, too, when the insurgents have freed their slaves, and are fighting side by side in the same ranks against Concha's troops.

There may be a few Americans so sordid and so wedded to the lust of gain, a few leading capitalists in New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, including certain so-called Christian statesmen, who shall be nameless for the present, who will yield a quiet but nevertheless effective sympathy and influence in support of this monstrous proposition; but the overwhelming majority of our people will demand from our Government an earnest protest against it. And they will not be satisfied unless the protest is sustained by earnest demonstrations to show that nothing less than a complete and prompt fulfillment of every promise made to us will be accepted. They will not hesitate to declare more than ever their sympathy with the Republican insurgents, and by the time Congress meets again the recognition of their independence will have become an imperative command, which that body will not dare to disobey.

A FEW MORE FACTS ABOUT THE SOUTH.

With each recurring political campaign the Southern outlook becomes clouded with indications of trouble and positive evidence of discontented and disloyal feeling. There seems to be a well-defined element in our Southern politics which devotes itself to the purpose of destroying the good effect for which the generally good behavior of the majority is entitled to credit. The indications and evidence to which we refer are not embraced in the columns of rampant Democratic journals alone, but come to us in the form of letters from every quarter. For example, a correspondent, writing from Petersburg, Va., on the 12th instant, says: "The Conservatives have turned out of "employment every poor colored man who "worked on the streets, and have carried "their revenge still further by purging "from the roll of the fire department every "man who has ever voted the Republican "ticket. Some of our oldest and best firemen have been expelled from their companies, and no person can get employment in the city unless he is willing to "never vote with the Republicans. They "speak of having the tobacco factories to "close for six months so as to throw out of "employment all of the colored people, to "prevent them from remaining here to "vote in the coming fall election."

But these facts, execrable as they are, do not give one half the truth. They are but the results of the bitter feeling which has always existed on the part of the white Conservatives against the Republicans of either race or any color. In Georgia, as in Virginia—as well as in all the Southern States—the Confederate flag is still upheld as the emblem of sacred principles, and the results of the war, the war amendments to the Constitution, and the conditions and terms of amnesty for rebellion are alike ignored or plainly defied. In the language of the *True Southron*, a leading Democratic journal published at Sumter, S. C., "the State governments of the South must "be controlled by white men, whose interests are identified with the South;" in other words, by men who are in sympathy with the Democratic party. To accomplish this end, the *True Southron* advises that the coming elections shall be carried by force. "Every "respectable honest Coaservative white citizen in the State," it says, "knows the "fact that if he will use his power and authority, avail himself of the means in his "possession and at his command, he can "control absolutely from one to ten negro "voters, and *force them to cast their* suffrage in conformity with his will." It proposes to carry the elections in this way in "spite of General Grant, Sumner's ghost, John Brown's soul and the devil," and threatens that in the event of failure, "it "will become our bounden duty to annihilate them (Radical office-holders) with the "pistol and the dagger."

No wonder that the South does not prosper; no wonder that her industries remain undeveloped, and that Ku-klux murderers go unpunished. It is not to be denied that many misdemeanors have been committed in the name of Republicanism, but they do not approach the wickedness and barbarity of those which are here so boldly suggested and sustained in the name of Democracy.

OUR FOREIGN-BORN POPULATION.

A Western journal, which is usually careful in the matter of statistics, has compiled some interesting tables, going to show the relative population between our native-born and foreign-born population. Nevada, it seems, enjoys the distinction of having the largest percentage of foreign-born population, and North Carolina leads in the other extreme, having the least. The statistics, which contain much food for thought, are as follows: In Nevada the percentage of persons who were born abroad is 42; in California, 36; Wisconsin, 36; Minnesota, 35; New York, 25; Rhode Island, 25; Massachusetts, 24; Nebraska, 24; Michigan, 23; Connecticut, 21½; New Jersey and Illinois, 20; Iowa, 17; Pennsylvania, 15; Kansas, Ohio and Vermont, 14; Missouri, 13; Oregon, 12; Maryland and Virginia, 12; Indiana and New Hampshire, 9; Delaware, Louisiana, Maine and Texas, 8; Kentucky, 5; West Virginia, 4; Florida, 3; Mississippi, 2; Tennessee, 1½; South Carolina, 1¼; Alabama, Georgia and Arkansas, 1, and North Carolina, ½. Our foreign-born population, it will be seen, is confined, for the most part, to the Western and New England States, the percentage being very small in the old slave States. The immigrants who go South belong mainly to the comparatively wealthy classes, the white workingman not caring to come into competition with the blacks. Of late years the South has been endeavoring to attract foreigners, but the conditions of society are such, and the traditions and force of habit so strong, that they have met with comparatively no success. As a rule, the Irish are the most numerous of the foreign population in the New England and Middle States. The Germans predominate in Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Ohio, Wisconsin, Texas and Maryland.

THE Richmond *State Journal*, commenting upon the letter of ex-Governor Hebert to THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, welcomes to the "field of peaceful controversy" Southern gentlemen of his character and standing. The Southern States owe one half their present misfortunes to-day to the apathy and surly indifference of those whom she is accustomed to regard as her leaders.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Hon. Henry O. Pratt has been renominated for Congress from the Fourth district of Iowa.

The Mormons have renominated Apostle Cannon for Congress. The anti-Mormons nominate on the 30th instant.

Ex-Mayor Joseph Medill, of Chicago, who is now in Europe, is mentioned as a candidate for Congress in the First Illinois district.

Hon. Eugene Hale has accepted the Congressional nomination tendered him by the Republicans of the Fifth district of Maine.

Most of the Massachusetts delegation stay at home next year. Maine, on the other hand, sends back all of hers. Maine, under the counsels of the astute Speaker Blaine, is wise in her day and generation, and is in danger of taking the place of Massachusetts as the leading representative of New England.—*Albany Journal.*

On the situation in the Nineteenth Ohio district the Albany *Evening Journal* has this to offer: "General Garfield's 'enemies' are said to be pressing him quite sharply in his district. They might better be in more reputable business. The men who oppose the renomination of this useful and able legislator are not merely his enemies, but enemies of the country's good."

If Virginia is ever to be lifted out of the slough of despond into which mere politicians have misled her, it will be by the strong arms and active intelligence of workers, no matter where born or where educated. Talkers and politicians may and do retard the hopeful and necessary work, but they would not aid it if they could, because their worthless occupation would be gone, and they could not aid it if they would, because they are without any influence except to perpetrate strife and hate.—*Richmond State Journal.*

Senator Hamlin, of Maine, in his speech at the Republican Congressional convention at Bangor, on Thursday last, said: "The so-called 'independent' press has nothing to do but scandalize the whole people, and public men in particular; it is the food they live on. I do not say this because they have accused me of stealing, (God knows how soon they will,) but it has become a crying evil. For thirty years past I have known the Presidents and heads of Departments, and many of them intimately, and state here on my reputation, which I hold dearer than anything else in the world, that there is as much integrity in public officials to-day as at any hour since we have had a Government."

MARRIED.

CLARKE—RICHARDSON.—On July 15, by the Rev. Dr. Holmead, of Grace P. E. church, WILLIAM CLARKE and SALLIE P. RICHARDSON, of Louisville, Ky.

NASH—RODBIRD.—On July 15, at the parsonage of Hyland M. E. church, by the Rev. Mr. Shannon, Mr. BONNER NASH and Mrs. M. W. ROBBINS, both of this city.

DIED.

CLARK.—On the morning of July 16, GEO. D. CLARK, second son of T. W. and Caroline M. Clark, aged 6 six years and nine months.

Funeral this morning at 10 o'clock, from his parents' residence, 1247 G street northwest. Friends are invited.

LENOX.—On July 16, at 2:15 a. m., at the residence of his nephew, P. F. Rodgers, Dr. HON. WALTER LENOX, in the fifty-seventh year of his age.

His friends are invited to attend his funeral, from 395 E street northwest, at four o'clock this afternoon.

McLEAN.—On July 9, at 12:15 p. m., WILLIAM JOSEPH, son of Geo. W. and Martha A. McLean, in the eighteenth year of his age.

NORMENT.—On the morning of July 16, at 10 o'clock, NELLIE, infant daughter of Samuel and Mamie E. Norment.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 323 M court ne ue, this morning at 10 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

BOUCHER.—On the evening of July 16, at seven o'clock, JOSEPH W. BOUCHER, in the forty-seventh year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, corner Ninth and P streets northwest, on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

WILLIAMS.—Suddenly, on the morning of July 14, SOPHIA B. WILLIAMS, daughter of the late Colonel John S. Williams.

The funeral services will take place from her late residence, 1412 I street northwest, on July 17, at 10 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

[Balt. Sun, Ellicott City Times and Hagerstown papers please copy.]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MOSQUITO NETS AND WINDOW SCREENS, in great variety, at GEORGE WILLNER'S, Dealer in PAPER-HANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES and Upholstering Goods of all kinds. 429 Ninth street, between D and E northwest. jy17-1m

CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES. In stock, over one hundred new Carriages, consisting in part of Landaulets, Coupes, Victorias, Bretts, Drags, Pony Phaetons, in great variety; Jump Seats, Buggies, &c., &c. One very light side-bar No-top Box Buggy, New York make. Repairing promptly attended to. ROBERT H. GRAHAM, Repository and Factory, 468-474 Eighth street, between D and E northwest. jy17-3t

CARD.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally that he has purchased the interest of the heirs of the late Amiron Green in the Furniture and Auction business, the same having been ratified by the court, and that he will continue the business at the old stand. Having been identified with furniture and auction trade for a period of twenty years, I hope to merit in the future a continuance of the public patronage so liberally bestowed on the old firm. Cellar my service and experience to the public, with the assurance that all business confided to me will meet with prompt attention.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Green & Williams are hereby respectfully, but earnestly, requested to make an early settlement of their accounts, as it is absolutely necessary that all old firm matters be closed at once.

WASH. B. WILLIAMS, Successor to Green & Williams. [Star]

NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

We have, this 12th day of July, 1874, pursuant to the act of Congress entitled "An act authorizing limited partnerships in the District of Columbia," chapter CLXI, Thirty-ninth Congress, second session, 14th Statutes, page 55, *et seq.*, formed a limited partnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of grocery, in the name of William W. Core, at the juncture of Louisiana avenue, Sixth and D streets northwest, Washington, D. C., the amount of capital contributed by the special partner being two thousand dollars, ($2,000) cash; and said partnership to continue for two years from the date hereof.

WILLIAM W. CORE, General Partner. REUBEN METZLE, Special Partner. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., July 13, 1874. jy17-FMW4w [Star]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, THE 15TH DAY OF JULY, 1874.

Sallie G. Ransom, vs. Anson B. Ransom, } No. 3825, Equity Docket 12.

On motion of the plaintiff, by Mr. Payne, her solicitor, it is ordered that the defendant, Anson B. Ransom, cause his appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default.

By the Court: A. WYLIE, Justice, &c. True copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c. jy17-F2w

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. THE 15TH DAY OF JULY, 1874.

Thomas Abbott et al., vs. Harriet H. Craig et al. } No. 2717, Equity Docket 12.

On motion of the plaintiffs, by Mr. Paine, their solicitor, it is ordered that the defendant, Lyttleton Reese, cause his appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default.

By the Court: A. WYLIE, Justice, &c. A true copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c. jy17-F2w

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, JULY, 1874, SPECIAL TERM.

Louis H. Schneider vs. Sarah A. Turton et al. } 2301, Equity Doc. 12.

The trustees in this cause having reported the sales of all that portion of the real estate in these proceedings mentioned, lying and being in the city of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, it is, this 8th day of July, 1874, ordered that the said sales, as reported, will stand confirmed, unless objection thereto be filed in this court on or before the 10th day of August, 1874; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Washington once in each week for three weeks prior to said date.

The gross amount of the sales reported is $12,707.50.

By the Court. A. WYLIE, Justice. A true Copy. R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c. jy17-F3w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ TAXPAYERS' MEETING.—THE adjourned meeting of the Taxpayers' Association of the office of Columbia, for the election of officers, will be held at the Board of Trade rooms THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. W. H. CLAGETT, Secretary. jy17 [Star]

☞ MASONIC.—THE MEMBERS OF Kilwinning Lodge, No. 8, A. A. M., are called to meet To-[illegible] at 7 o'clock m., (sharp,) for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Wm. H. Marshall, from [illegible] residence, No. 413 A street southeast, Capitol hill. Masonic brethren in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order W. M. DAVID BENSON, Secretary. jy17-*

☞ RISING SUN LODGE, NO. 1,353, G. U. O. of O. F., request the members to meet at the Hall on Thirteenth street, FRIDAY, July 17, at 12 o'clock m., to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, WM. H. MARSHALL, 417 A street southeast. Sister Lodges are invited to be present. jy16-2t* JOHN JIMISON, R. S.

☞ OFFICE OF THE POTOMAC INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 36 HIGH STREET, GEORGETOWN, D. C., July 13, 1874. The annual election for twelve directors of this Company will be held at this office, on MONDAY, August 3, 1874. Poll open at 10 o'clock a. m., and close at 12 o'clock m. J. W. DEBEBLE, Secretary. jy14-1d

☞ YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, Corner Ninth and D streets. Young Men specially invited to avail themselves of the privileges of the Association. FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARY, READING-ROOM, PARLORS AND CONVERSATION ROOMS. Chess, Chequers, Piano, Organ. Classes in Latin, Greek and English branches. DAILY PRAYER MEETINGS, 12:15, 6 and 9 p. m. Sabbath afternoon, Bible reading at 4 p. m. Sabbath evening services in the rooms at 8 p. m. jy14

☞ HIBERNIA HALL ASSOCIATION of Georgetown, D. C., having purchased the lot, 96 by 110 feet, on Bridge street, opposite the Union Hotel, have opened books of subscription for STOCK at the following places: Office of the Association, No. 70 High street. John Curtin, No. 15 Bridge street. IN WASHINGTON: Dunn & Fagan, 325 Louisiana avenue northwest. Daniel Loughran, 1325 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. John Tyman, corner of Sixteenth and L streets northwest. James Bellew, 706 Seventh street northwest. D. A. Brosnan, 626 G street northwest. James F. Russell, 518 Seventh street northwest. Patrick Gorman, 311 D street southwest. William Carey, corner of Seventh street and Louisiana avenue northwest. James H. Hunter, corner of O and Eighth streets northwest. By order of the Board: W. M. LEISHEAR, Secretary. jy13-MW&Th3t

☞ NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS.

By the provisions of the sixth section of an act entitled "An act for the government of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved June 20, 1874, the undersigned are constituted a Board of Audit, to examine and audit the claims against the unfunded or floating indebtedness of the District of Columbia and of the Board of Public Works; and, in pursuance of this act, they are directed to give notice for the presentation of the following claims:

First. Claims against the Board of Public Works evidenced by sewer certificates.

Second. Claims against the Board of Public Works purporting to be evidenced, and ascertained by certificates of indebtedness.

Third. Claims against the District of Columbia evidenced by certificates of its auditor and comptroller.

Fourth. Claims existing or hereafter created for which no evidence of indebtedness shall have issued, arising out of contracts, written or oral, made by the Board of Public Works.

Fifth. Claims for which no evidence of indebtedness has been issued, arising out of contracts, written or oral, made by or on behalf of the District of Columbia.

Sixth. Claims for private property taken by the Board of Public Works from the avenues, streets and alleys of the cities of Washington and Georgetown.

Seventh. Unadjusted claims for damages that may have been presented to the Board of Public Works pursuant to an act of the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, entitled "An act providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of public improvements or repairs," approved June 20, 1872, which claims are to be examined and audited without regard to any examination heretofore made.

Eighth. Claims for annual of sewer tax or assessment paid by any person, persons or corporation under the act of the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, entitled "An act creating drainage and sewerage systems in the cities of Washington and Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, and providing for the payment of the construction of sewers and drains therein by assessments, and issuing certificates therefor," approved June 26, 1873.

In each case where the indebtedness claimed to exist is on account of services rendered or material furnished upon the order of an officer of the District of Columbia or of the Board of Public Works, such claim must be accompanied by the certificate of the officer ordering the same.

No claim will be audited or allowed unless presented within sixty days from the date hereof.

All claims presented under this notice must be addressed to the Board of Audit, Columbia Building, Four-and-a-half street, Washington, D. C.

R. W. TAYLER, First Comptroller, United States Treasury. J. M. BRODHEAD, Second Comptroller, United States Treasury. JULY 9, 1874. jy9-12t [Star]

☞ NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the National Union Insurance Company of Washington for the election of nine directors, will be held at the office of the company, No. 483 Louisiana avenue, MONDAY, July 13, 1874. Poll open from 1 to 2 o'clock p. m. NOGLE D. LARNER, Secretary. jy4-dtd

☞ ROUTE TO CAPE MAY BY BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD at 8 a. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, connecting with fine steamer, arriving at Cape May at 4 p. m. jy2-TheSw

☞ WAR DEPARTMENT, SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1, 1874. An Army Medical Board will meet at New York city, and a similar board at San Francisco, on the 4th of August next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the United States army.

Applications for permission to appear before these boards should be addressed to the Secretary of War, through the Surgeon General, United States army.

The application must be in the hand-writing of the candidate, and must state the full name, residence, age, and date and place of birth. Candidates must be between 21 and 26 years of age, and graduates of a Medical College having a thorough and complete course of medical education—evidence of which must be submitted to the board.

Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished.

If the applicant has been in the medical service of the army the fact should be stated, and in such cases the limit of age may be extended, subject to the decision of the Secretary of War in each special case.

No allowance is made for travel or other expenses of persons undergoing examination, as it is discriminating prejudicial to appointment.

J. K. BARNES, jy2-TuSTuStoAug1 Surgeon General, U.S. Army.

☞ REGISTER'S OFFICE, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30, 1874. Notice is hereby given that from and after the above date will expire all licenses issued by the District of Columbia for carts, wagons, drays, hand-carts, hacks, carriages, cabs, omnibuses, street cars, and other vehicles for transporting passengers.

All said licenses expiring on said date must be promptly renewed in accordance with existing regulations at this office. JOHN F. COOK, jy1-12t Register, D. C.

☞ HEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES, cured by Buckeye Salve, the only infallible specific for this terrible disease which afflicts humanity, in whatever shape it may appear, or of however long standing, this salve never fails to effect a cure. Price $1 per bottle. Can be sent by mail. W. B. WIGGS, sole agent, 366 Broadway, N. Y. jel0

☞ PARENTS CAN HAVE THEIR children properly trained in penmanship during their vacation by sending them mornings or evenings to the Business College, corner Seventh and I streets. Private lessons given in other branches during summer months only. jy2-1w

☞ DR. A. F. A. KING (726 THIRTEENTH STREET) has returned. Office hours as usual: 6:30 to 9:30 a. m.; 1 to 4 and 6 to 7 p. m. jy6-2w

☞ LEGAL AND OTHER BRIEFS PRINTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE at the REPUBLICAN JOB OFFICE. no13-tf

☞ KIRKWOOD'S INHALER IS THE only complete and effective apparatus for inhaling vapors in the modern and only proper method of treating Catarrh and similar diseases. For sale by all the principal druggist and instrument dealers. jel-tf

☞ E. H. WELLS, DENTIST, HAS removed office to his residence, 103 Second street, third door from Pennsylvania ave. jan3-1m

☞ DR. A. PRATT, GRADUATE OF Ohio College of Dental Surgery: 411 Seventh street, east side, bet. D and E, a few doors south of odd Fellows' Hall, Washington. Gas used in extracting Teeth. Teeth $ a set, either jaw. v17-tf

☞ HILBURN'S ORIGINAL POLAR SODA, 1429 Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's, DEPOT FOR MINERAL WATERS. ap16-tf

☞ DR. S. S. BOND HAS REMOVED to No. 619 First street, between H and I streets. Calls left at the Drug Store corner of Tenth street and New York avenue will receive prompt attention. mh31-tf

☞ ALL THE COUGH MEDICINES, Cod Liver Oils, Troches, &c., at the Temple Drug Store. no1

☞ CURRENT AND BACK NUMBERS of the DAILY AND WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, and all other city papers, can be obtained from J. BRAD. ADAMS, Stationer and News Dealer, under St. Cloud hotel, corner of F and Ninth streets. fe18-tf

☞ NOTICE.—I AM NOW PAYING high cash prices for second-hand Clothing. I have just started this business, and need the goods to fill my store. By calling on or addressing R. HERZOG, 917 D street, between Ninth and Tenth streets northwest, prompt attention will be given. jan22-ly

☞ DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERIES, Pomades, Toilet Articles, &c., at lowest rates, at TEMPLE DRUG STORE.

☞ PURE WINES AND LIQUORS FOR medicinal purposes, at the Temple Drug Store. no1

☞ WHEN YOU CANNOT FIND WHAT you want at other places, try the Temple Drug Store, F and Ninth streets. no1

☞ HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES AND specifics at the TEMPLE DRUG STORE, corner F and Ninth streets.

☞ WRAPPING PAPER FOR SALE at this office.

LEMONS! THIN SKIN AND JUICY, TWENEY-FIVE CENTS PER DOZEN. MALAGA FRUIT COMPANY, jy14-3t 406 Ninth street, northwest.

Golden Hill.

This FLOUR was never better than it is now. It has no superior in the market. jy3 W. M. GALT.

HENRY R. SEARLE, ARCHITECT, 710 E Street, Opposite Post Office Department. ja15-tf

GREEN GINGER, For preserving. Wholesale and Retail. MALAGA FRUIT COMPANY, jy14-6t 406 Ninth street northwest.

STATE LOTTERIES.

$800,000. MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES! Legalized by State Authority, and DRAWN IN PUBLIC IN ST. LOUIS. GRAND SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME OF 50,000 NUMBERS, Draws the Last Day of Each Month. CAPITAL PRIZE, $50,000. 10,390 Prizes, amounting to $300,000. Whole Tickets, $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2.50. The Great Combination Scheme, with a Capital Prize of $25,555, and 32,895 Prizes, amounting to $378,177. Draws every Saturday during the year. Whole Tickets, $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2.50. Address, for Tickets and Circulars, MURRAY, MILLER & CO., Managers, my2-MW&FIy P. B. Box 2448, St. Louis, Mo.

$5,000,000 ENDOWMENT SCHEME.

FIFTH AND LAST CONCERT IN AID OF THE Public Library of Kentucky. JULY 31, 1874.

In announcing the Fifth and last of the series of Gift Concerts given for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, the Trustees and Manager refer with pride and pleasure to the four which have been already given: The first, December 16, 1871; the second, December 2, 1872; the third, July 8, 1873, and the fourth, March 31, 1874.

Under their charter, granted by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, March 16, 1871, the Trustees are authorized to give ONE MORE, and ONLY ONE MORE, Gift Concert. With the money arising from this Fifth and last Concert, the Library, Museum, and other departments are to be enlarged and endowed with a fixed and certain annual income. Such an endowment fund is desired, as will secure beyond peradventure, not only the maintenance of this magnificent establishment, but its constant growth.

THE FIFTH GIFT CONCERT

For the purposes mentioned, and which is positively and unequivocally announced as THE LAST WHICH WILL EVER BE GIVEN UNDER THIS CHARTER AND BY THE PRESENT MANAGEMENT, will come off in the Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky.

Friday, July 31, 1874.

At this final Concert everything will be upon a scale corresponding with its increased importance. The music will be rendered by an orchestra consisting of one hundred performers selected for their fame in different lands, and the unprecedented sum of

$2,500,000

divided into twenty thousand gifts, will be distributed among the ticket-holders.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts, $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts, 15,000 each	150,000
15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each	100,000
125 Cash Gifts, 4,000 each	500,000
30 Cash Gifts, 3,000 each	90,000
100 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each	200,000
100 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each	100,000
250 Cash Gifts, 500 each	125,000
1,000 Cash Gifts, 100 each	100,000
18,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each	900,000
Grand total, 20,000 gifts, all cash	$2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets, $10; halves, $5; tenth, or each coupon, $1; 11 whole tickets for $100; 22½ tickets for $1,000.

Tickets are now ready for sale, and orders accompanied by cash will be promptly filled.

Liberal commissions will be allowed to satisfactory agents.

Circulars containing full particulars furnished on application.

THO. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky. my22-F&Su-2m

PIANOS.

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES! PIANOS from the following celebrated factories: Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore; Wm. Nott Stanton, Albany; J. & C. Fisher, New York; and Hardman, New York, at $175, $200, $225, $240, $275, $300, $325, $350, $375, $400. Also, a large stock of NEW PIANOS, cheap for cash, or part cash and balance monthly payments. PIANOS and ORGANS FOR RENT, and TUNING and REPAIRING promptly attended to. ap1. WEICHENBACH'S Piano Warerooms, jy10 511 Eleventh street, above Pa. ave.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

H. PUGH & SON, MERCHANT TAILORS, No. 513 Fourteenth Street, Have received their first instalment of Spring Goods, consisting of superfine Diagonals, Foreign and Domestic Cassimeres, and shall receive weekly during the season, which they are prepared to make up in the latest styles. se16-tf

TRUNKS.

BUY FOR CASH AT REDUCED PRICES.

DRESS TRUNKS, SOLE-LEATHER TRUNKS, ENGLISH AND PACKING TRUNKS, LADIES' SATCHELS, GENTS' TRAVELING BAGS, POCKET BOOKS, VALISES, DOUBLE AND SINGLE HARNESS, WORK HARNESS, SADDLES, CARRIAGE ROBES, HORSE COVERS, WHIPS, &c.,

At the OLD AND PRACTICAL MANUFACTORY OF James S. Topham & Co., No. 425 Seventh street, adjoining Odd Fellows' Hall.

REPAIRING. TRUNKS COVERED, AND TRUNKS AND HARNESS REPAIRED promptly by first-class workmen. jdec22-1y

Steam Engines and Boilers. NEW YORK SAFETY STEAM POWER COMPANY, 30 CORTLANDT STREET, NEW YORK. SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS by special machinery and duplication of parts. They are SAFE, ECONOMICAL, EASILY MANAGED And not Liable to Derangement. Their COMBINED ENGINE AND BOILER is peculiarly adapted to all purposes requiring small power. More than 300 engines, from two to our hundred horse power, in use. Send for illustrated circular. ap27-MWF

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The proprietors of Le Droit Park offer the few houses still remaining unsold of the large number just completed at low prices. These houses are varied in size, style and price, and are complete with all city conveniences. They are close to the city, being only about as far as the Capitol is from the White House from either of those points, with wide avenues extending to each, and being higher than M street they afford commanding views of the city. They are all within about three squares of the Seventh and Ninth street cars, and only four squares from the Corcoran market. We offer them as first-class property in every respect, whether for residence or investment, and upon the most advantageous terms. That the promises we made last year have been fully redeemed, we invite the inspection of the public. This property is the "gilt edge" of the city.

☞ *We will rent a few of those elegant suburban villas and cottages to first-class tenants only at low prices, if early application is made.*

A. L. BARBER & CO., Proprietors. 708 *E Street northwest, opposite P. O.* jy14-tf

THE ARTIFICIAL STONE COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA are prepared to supply, at short notice, Piling for Vestibules, Sidewalks, Footways, and Curbing, in different colors; Fountains,