National Republican

W. J. MURTAGH.....Editor and Proprietor.

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☞ All communications, whether on business or for publication, should be addressed to WM. J. MURTAGH, Proprietor, NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER MORNING PAPER IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

TUESDAY MORNING.....NOVEMBER 24, 1874.

THE journal founded by Horace Greeley objects to making Mr. Banks Speaker of the next House because he has not been in the Democratic party long enough. How long has the *Tribune* been in it?

WHAT are the Republican leaders going to do for the workingmen? Seventy thousand mechanics and laborers are out of employment in New York city; the iron mills are nearly all idle; the factories are running on half time; but the banks and bankers are becoming richer and richer. What are the Republican leaders going to do about it?

AMONG the current paragraphs printed in the newspapers generally under the stereotyped head of "Political Notes," is one embracing the mistaken statement that Sam Lee, colored, was elected to Congress on the Democratic ticket from South Carolina. The truth is that Lee was defeated by Rainey, the present incumbent, by nearly 800 majority, and that if elected, he would not have attempted to join the Democratic party in the House, even if they had been willing to receive him as a fellow-partisan.

BISMARCK complains of the "frequency of infringements of the laws" in Germany, and asserts it as an explanation for the "frequency of arrests." It requires but a slight knowledge of human nature the world over to discover in this admission the fact that the German Government, like our own, is suffering just now from the restless and adventurous spirit engendered by a great war. The history of the world proves that after the close of all great armed contests, either of the character of civil strife or between great nations, one or both parties to those contests have been subjected to similar disturbances. In short, one of the direct effects of war seems to be to arouse feelings of adventurous discontent among both the victors and the vanquished. The difference between Germany and the United States, however, is that under the former Government the malcontents are arrested and punished, while in the latter they are elevated to office and honored by election to Congress.

PUT THE WORKINGMEN TO WORK

Under the caption of "The Lesson," the *Industrial Bulletin*, the organ of the Protection party in Pennsylvania, copies the article printed in these columns some time ago, insisting that the great duty of the Republican party at the present time is to revive the industries of the country, with the following comments: "Such discussion "of the causes of the late reverse sustained "by the Republican party, as its journals "are carrying on, are neither profitable nor "conducive to future harmony. The fol-"lowing article from THE NATIONAL RE-"PUBLICAN contains *the only gleam of "sense* which we have yet discovered, and "as that journal is an organ of the Admin-"istration, it may be regarded as a gleam "of hope also. It might have gone a little "farther, by showing that the way 'to put "the workingmen to work' is to throw "overboard the reciprocity treaty nego-"tiated by Secretary Fish and awaiting the "meeting of the Senate for confirmation, "and to maintain the policy of protection "to home industry which will now be as-"sailed in a thousand ways by its ever-"vigilant and powerful enemies. It is "almost too much to expect that the "present Congress will do anything to 'put "the workingmen to work,' but it may be "prevented from encouraging the free "trade madness, which would increase the "idleness and distress now prevailing in "the country."

1. Our cotemporary, in the above extract, does a grave injustice to Mr. Fish. As we understand his position, and as he has, if we mistake not, himself defined it, on the reciprocity treaty, he has not in any way committed himself to its support, or given an expression of opinion upon it one way or the other. He has simply sent it to the Senate to test the temper of that body and of the country upon the question.

2. In regard to putting the workingmen to work, President Grant has been urging for the last two years a policy which would directly have that effect. In his fourth annual message he suggested the construction of the different water routes to connect the East with the West, and asked Congress to take "immediate steps to gain all "available information to insure equable "and just legislation" on the subject. Immediately a howl was raised by the interested newspapers in New York, who first saw a possible blow at the commercial supremacy of that city. They were controlled by the Eastern railroad capitalists; the New York *Herald* denounced the whole scheme as a gigantic job that would cost two hundred and fifty millions of dollars; the House of Representatives pigeonholed the message, or that portion of it, and the Forty-second Congress passed out of existence without taking a single step in the direction indicated. The Vanderbilts of the East won another victory. Meanwhile the indignation of the Western farmers, who were burning their grain for fuel, became so great that the Senate, convened in executive session to confirm nominations at the beginning of the present Administration, deemed it prudent to yield to the storm, and Mr. Windom's committee was appointed in May, we believe, or six months after the suggestion had been made by the President. But the appointment of the Transportation Committee was the act of the Senate, and not, as it should have been, of the popular branch of the Government, or of the two jointly.

Mr. Windom's report was presented at the last session of Congress. All the members of the committee concurred in its general views, but differed as to the law in the case and the power of the General Government to regulate commerce between the States in the manner indicated. And that was the end of it.

4. We do not maintain that the construction of these water lines is the only way in which the business industries of the country can be lifted up, but the subject was at least worthy of consideration, and a discussion of the powers of the General Government in the matter would have been quite as profitable as the dreary dribble the country was compelled to listen to on the financial question. What we complain of is that the leaders in Congress showed next to no desire to avert the impending crash, to keep the labor of the country at work, a crash which came just on the eve of the elections. To say that it was the Third Term, or this or that measure, which defeated us is all nonsense. It was the hundreds of thousands of mechanics and workingmen out of employment with no prospect of relief. It was the idle mills and factories, the ruined industry and the lost trade. And if the present condition of things lasts it will be worse in the opinion of every thoughtful man in '76 than in '74. We have no scheme or hobby as to how the workingmen shall be put to work. We only know that it must be done, and we trust to the leaders in Congress to devise the ways and means to do it.

THE INDEPENDENT THANKSGIVERS.

Louisiana has an abnormal class of patriots. The President having indicated the 26th instant as a day of National Thanksgiving, they resented the suggestion as an arbitrary interference with local culinary concerns, and through a turgid "Committee of Seventy" proclaimed the 19th instant as the orthodox period when the loyal Democracy of that State should chew its independent turkey. Governor Kellogg, however, persuaded that the symbolic fowl would keep a week later, and that his fellow-Republicans would prefer to wrestle with it simultaneously with American freemen generally, issued his proclamation for the 26th. Such a token of despotism must have galled the proud Democracy, and we marvel they did not reassemble at Clay statue and dispatch an armed detail to the State House to demand that he should either revoke his proclamation or vacate his chair. We must confess their forbearance in this regard, however. They sat down to their turkey calmly, and were too amiable afterwards to do more than arm themselves with heroic toothpicks and exult that they had forestalled both a President and a Governor. We question whether this untowardness will mar a freeman's Thanksgiving dinner elsewhere or excite more than a smile that Louisiana Democrats exhibit so successful a persistence at being idiotic in their miserable spleen.

As long as they are thus perverse at their own expense simply, nobody cares, but when they poach for "niggers" rather than for turkeys, put pistols in their belts rather than good capon under them, thirst for blood rather than claret, rend a local government rather than a fowl, they will continue to find the same National interposition, chagrin at which explains their Thanksgiving of the 19th. "Grant's pro-"clamation is for next Thursday, the 26th, "and with that we have nothing to do," sayeth the New Orleans *Bulletin*. Inasmuch as the President's official suggestion of observance was addressed, we believe, to "all good citizens," the *Bulletin* tells a pungent truth, perhaps, not quite complimentary to its partisans. For men to "give thanks to the Almighty Ruler" for His mercy, with folded hands that have just brutally denied mercy to colored citizens, is to affront Heaven, and, on the whole, we are glad those for whom the *Bulletin* speaks did select a day of their own. It reminds one of Louis XI. who, while directing the death of certain foes, crossed himself at the sound of a church-bell, mumbled a prayer and then concluded his wicked instructions. The same day that the *Bulletin* declared as above stated, the Shreveport *Times* gave the returning board frank notice "that un-"less they return the elections" Democratic "they and those they seek to count in will "pay the forfeit *with their lives!*" This is a meek and devout temper, surely. The next day the stately old *Picayune*, of New Orleans, remarks, as to the 19th and the elections: "On such an occasion we can "pardon the *wildest* enthusiasm of the pa-"triot. Let the voice of New Orleans "unite with that of Shreveport." This is not the religion of even a third-rate Pagan; it might serve, however, for a Kaffir or a Modoc. Yet complacently parenthesizes the *Picayune*, "in the midst of disasters, "we (its following) have learned modera-"tion"—an assurance that many colored families who will lament vacant chairs on Thanksgiving Day at Colfax, Coushatta and New Orleans, will be base enough to forget. Moderation that finds expression from gun-barrels is inconvenient, and liable to misinterpretation, even though it be a good.

The Southern Democratic press need not attempt to dupe the Northern mind. Murder is not justice, laws are not jests, mobs are ruffians, not good citizens; hatred, envy and all uncharitableness are not Christian virtues. The New York *Herald's* correspondent at New Orleans telegraphed Sunday: "The whites have ordered all organi-"zations to be prepared for a movement on "the returning board by a mass meeting at "the Clay statue, as on the 14th of Sep-"tember, and the sending of a commission "to the board, giving them forty-eight "hours to finish, and threatening to do "*certain things* in the event of their fail-"ure. *All the White League organizations* "*met last night for drill.*" The "drill" denotes the character of the coming "certain things." The League is seeking to ascribe its own fault to the board. To give that League representation on it a Republican member of the board resigned and elected a prominent Leaguer. He sat with his fellow-members and objected to further progress with the canvass of the returns until he had conferred fully with his party leaders. Several days of adjournment ensued, during which the board, to avoid a charge of unfairness, would not touch a solitary return, when he tendered his resignation. Another conspicuous Leaguer was then elected upon a tardy suggestion of the Democracy, but when he took his seat, interposed numerous and frivolous objections, having exhausted which, after several days, he refused to act further as a member unless he should have a fellow-Democrat on the board. This requisite he had and has in General Anderson, an old Louisianian, but unhappily for the querulous member, Anderson does not propose to sacrifice the truth of the returns for the demands of his party. At this rate the board will never be allowed to prosecute its canvass, and for the Leaguers to give it "forty-eight hours to finish" what they have thus far barely suffered it to begin, is as fiendish as it is mean. We trust the board will wait no longer upon the Democracy, but elect some other Democrat who, like Gen. Anderson, will dare to be honest despite the League, and conclude its work. And since only three days after its Thanksgiving devotions the White League in New Orleans met and drilled for bloody work, it is to be apprehended that their prayers go less far than their bullets, and that they pulled wishbones together with a wicked glee that may disclose bloody meaning at any hour of even the present week. How long are honest citizens to crouch before such mad outlaws? The trouble is that the latter want all the political turkey, and violently insist that Southern Republicans shall be content with buzzard.

THE INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE.

In another column this morning we have quoted an extract from the *Industrial Bulletin*, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, indorsing the course of THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN upon the subject of aiding the industries of the country and of putting the labor of the country to work. The gentlemen who publish the *Industrial Bulletin* and who are in favor of this policy are as follows:

OFFICERS.

D. J. Morrell, president.
Cyrus Elder, secretary.
Wharton Barker, treasurer.

REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL.

Morton McMichael, chairman.
Frederick Fraley, representing transportation.
Samuel J. Reeves, representing iron makers, (East.)
James Park, jr., representing iron makers, (West.)
J. G. Fill, representing coal.
Charles Lenning, representing chemicals.
William Sellers, representing iron workers.
William R. Stewart, representing morocco, &c.
Richard Garsed, representing woolen fabrics.
William Adamson, representing leather, glue, &c.
Samuel Richards, representing glass.
Joseph Wharton, representing metals.
Henry C. Lea, representing books.
E. R. Cope, representing paper.

The above gentlemen are among the largest manufacturers in the country, representing millions of capital and employing thousands of workingmen. Will the Republican leaders in Congress listen to them?

LAST EVENING Mr. Fields closed the last of his course of lectures in this city. Since the foundation of the capital its citizens have not had presented to them a rarer intellectual treat—one in every way more calculated to amuse, delight and instruct. Mr. Fields personally has won the esteem and affection of thousands of people who before knew him only as the editor and founder of our greatest and best magazine. We are certain we give expression to the wishes of all who heard him tell of Longfellow and Lamb, and Tennyson and dear Sydney Smith, in his own charming way, when we hope that he will come to us next winter and in the many winters that we trust are before him.

THE Rochester *Democrat* says: "A cartoon in the *Graphic* calls upon President Grant, Governor-elect Tilden and Mayor-elect Wickham to provide work for those who are willing to work. And it strikes us that there is a good deal more of statesmanship involved in this proposition than most people imagine." The *Graphic* got the idea from THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, which printed the first article on the subject nearly three weeks before the cartoon in question appeared, and which has been copied by over a thousand papers in different sections of the country. Our illustrated cotemporary is one of the best and brightest papers in the country, and we are glad to have its assistance in endeavoring to impress upon those in power the great duty of the hour.

THE Chicago *Tribune* thinks that the "return of the Democratic party to the control of the Government will necessarily involve the pecuniary recognition of the rebellion, and the complete compensation of the people of these States for all their losses and damages caused by the Union armies; the assumption of the rebel State debts, and such a general accumulation of debt as will double the taxes and mortgage the United States for the next two centuries." The ball has been already opened in Florida by ex-Senator Yulee and his friends, who are buying up claims for the emancipated slaves.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Vermont Legislature has elected H. Henry Powers, of Morrisville, now Speaker of the House, to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, vice Asabel Peck, who has become Governor.

Governor Brown, of Tennessee, has ordered an election in the Fourth Congressional district, December 31, to fill the vacancy in the Forty-fourth Congress caused by the death of Hon. John W. Head.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says: "The Democratic party is by no means out of the woods. It stands as yet full knee-deep among the reeds and brambles." The paper adds: "Its future must needs depend upon the most matter-of-fact and circumspect use of its opportunity."

The Mississippi election, next year (November, 1875,) will be for Congressmen, and a Legislature on which depends the succession to Alcorn's seat in the United States Senate. The Democrats are thus early preparing to take the field, and have called a State convention at Vicksburg, January 8.

The arithmetic man of the New York *World* is now wreaking himself on the United States Senate. He shows that if the people of the whole United States were as fully represented in the Senate as the inhabitants of Rhode Island, the Senate would stand 290 Democrats to only 50 Republicans. We hope he enjoys these calculations.

Judge Jerry Black, himself a candidate for United States Senator, is authority for the statement that there are more Democratic candidates for that office than there are shad in the Susquehanna. And some of them, it may be added, in the language of John Randolph, of Roanoke, "shine and stink and stink and shine, like a rotten mackeral by moonlight."

The Memphis *Appeal* advocates the Hon. Lucius Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, for Speaker of the next House, assuming that Mr. L. will be elected to a seat in that body. Other Tennessee papers present the names of John M. Bright or Wash. C. Whitthorne, of Tennessee, for the Speakership. In the Georgia press, the Hon. Julian Hartridge, member-elect for the Savannah district, is named. Ex-Governor Gilbert C. Walker, of Virginia, is also mentioned.

The clamor for the higher grade of Government positions has almost ceased. Secretary Bristow states that few changes are made in these offices just now—and generally occasioned by resignation. The opinion prevails that the office-seekers, or rather applicants for these places, are not certain but what they will have to apply to other parties two years hence, and are trimming their sails accordingly.

The following is extracted from a private letter from a prominent Republican in North Carolina: "Of course, the result of the late election is construed here as the triumph of the rebels and the rebellion. In 1865 treason was beaten and crushed; in 1874 it has been resurrected. Hereafter it may be considered an open question whether treason is to be considered a crime or patriotism a virtue, for the country has *indorsed treason*. Every rebel here is saying, 'The North has come over to us at last.'"

THE Philadelphia *Press* of yesterday says: "Hon. Charles O'Neill, who is ever devoted to the interests of the city, will, the coming session of Congress, lend his best energies to the pushing ahead of the work at League Island. Though a firm friend of retrenchment, he is opposed to that false economy which, among other things, looks to the cutting down or abolishment of the Marine corps." This is all right for Pennsylvania and Philadelphia, but how about the rest of the country? Mr. O'Neill is devoted to the interests of his section, and we commend his example to his Congressional brethren elsewhere.

THE latest organization we have heard of is entitled "A National Coffin Makers' Association." What a cheerful crowd they would be in a national convention!

THE CONDITION OF EUROPE.

[Courier-Journal.]

Could the elder Napoleon, Alexander of Russia, and Frederick of Prussia rise from their graves and look upon the Europe they left half a century ago they would think themselves risen on a new world. Of no nation in Europe can changes more rapid and transforming be predicated than of France. Scarcely four years ago she was in the throes of a mortal conflict. The empire had fallen and the great Teutonic wave which swept over her like a deluge left her naked, bleeding and dismembered. Setting herself to the work of regeneration with a will indomitable and an energy which shrank from no obstacles, she has within the last four years effected a transformation little short of marvelous. The immense indemnity sits easy upon her shoulders. While no new sources of wealth have been opened, the old have been increased and developed beyond all precedent. Never was the truth of the maxim, "Heaven helps those who help themselves," more conspicuously illustrated. Though political turmoil has been rife, the material prosperity of the country has gone on unchecked. Party warfare has not interfered with the accumulation of wealth, the collection of revenue and the reparation of individual and national loss.

AWAY DOWN IN TEXAS.

The following description of a dress worn by a young lady at a recent ball in Marshall, Texas, is taken from the *East Texas Bulletin:*

"The dress represented the first flag of the Confederacy. On her arm she bore the flag adopted by the Confederate National Congress. On the lower skirts were stars for the States, with the name and seal of each State in the centre; photographs of Confederate generals were on the upper skirt, together with pictures of the Alabama and Sumter; on her shoulders were streamers with the successful battles; manacles and chains were on her arms; a coronet of the seceded States was on her head, and rising above them was a black veil, representing the gloom thrown over them. This was fastened with the dagger of oppression."

DIED.

JONES.—October 23, at Swansea, South Wales, CHARLES MCGOWAN, son of Edwin and Mary Jones, aged eight years.

EVANS.—In Winthill, Maine, on the 21st of November, WM. A. EVANS, esq., brother of the late Senator Evans, of Maine, and clerk in the office of the Second Comptroller of the Treasury from 1841 to 1867, in the sixty-fourth year of his age.

FERRY.—On Sunday, November 22, of congestion of the brain, JAMES HENRY OTTO, only child of Rosa E. and Dennis Ferry, aged eleven months and twenty days.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, 1610 Tenth street n. w., to-day at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

MORRIS.—On the 19th of November, at Denver, Colorado, Mrs. ELIZA P. MORRIS, wife of Henry M. and daughter of the late Major Parke G. Howie, of this city.

O'NEILL.—On the 22d of November, of whooping cough, EMMET FRANKLIN O'NEILL, beloved son of John and Mary O'Neill, aged seven years ten months and four days.

Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at No. 533 E street southeast, to-day at 2:30 p. m.

ELLIS.—Suddenly, of apoplexy, on Sunday morning, at 7:30 o'clock, JOHN D. ELLIS, a young lawyer, and a native of this city, aged thirty years.

His funeral will take place from the residence of his father, Jones B. Ellis, No. 1336 L street southwest, at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ NEW ENGLAND ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of the New England Association will be held THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING at 7:30 o'clock, at the office of Hosmer & Co., F street, between Sixth and Seventh streets.
no23 S. E. FAUNCE, Secretary.

☞ OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND.
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 21, 1874.
The undersigned Commissioners will receive at their office, at the First National Bank, until FRIDAY next, the 27th instant, at 12 o'clock m., sealed proposals for the sale to them of one hundred thousand dollars of ten-year bonds of the city of Washington, to be paid for by the Commissioners in bonds issued under act of the Legislature of June 20, 1874, and approved in act of Congress of June 20, 1874, the said bonds to be taken in payment at par, as required in said act, the Commissioners reserving to themselves the right to reject any proposals which may not be in their opinion to the interest of the District.
W. W. CORCORAN,
MOSES KELLY,
H. M. SWEENEY,
LEWIS J. DAVIS,
Commissioners.
no24-3t

☞ NOTICE.—THANKSGIVING AT Centre Market. Owing to the fact that Thanksgiving Day occurs on Thursday, arrangements have been made at the Centre market to hold a grand Thanksgiving market on WEDNESDAY, to continue during the day and evening. In order to insure to the citizens of Washington an abundant supply of poultry and other market products fresh from the country, farmers who actually raise and market their own products will be allowed to sell from their wagons around the Centre market on that day at one half the usual rates. The market will be closed on THURSDAY at 9 o'clock a. m.
P. S. SMITH,
Clerk Washington Market Co.
no23-2t

☞ WASHINGTON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, at Music Hall, No. 1004 F street. New Classes, in all departments, will be formed on MONDAY, November 23.
The Sight Singing Class meets at 5, and the Chorus Class meets at 6 o'clock, on MONDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS. See circulars.
nov21-2t* O. B. BULLARD, Director.

☞ ALL CITIZENS WHO FAVOR suffrage in the District are requested to meet at Island Hall on MONDAY EVENING at 7:30 o'clock. FREDERICK A. BOSWELL.
nov23-3t (Star)

☞ YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,
Corner of Ninth and D streets.
CIRCULATING LIBRARY, now made especially attractive by the addition of all the latest works.
EVENING CLASSES, Phonography, Classics, English Branches and the Modern Languages.
FREE READING ROOMS.
DAILY PRAYER-MEETINGS at 12:15 and 9 p. m.
SABBATH AFTERNOON SERVICES, in Lincoln Hall, at 3:30 o'clock.
nov16-tf ALL ARE INVITED.

☞ "PEACE BE UNTO THIS HOUSE." Call and see this beautiful new steel engraving; also, the celebrated series of four (steel plates also) pictures, Cole's "Voyage of Life," on exhibition and for sale at BELLEW'S, Bookseller and Fine Art Dealer, Seventh and G streets northwest. Canvassers wanted. oct26-1m

☞ DR. W. D. MYERS,
Dentist,
Has removed to
oct21-1m No. 1227 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

☞ SPECIAL NOTICE.—WE WOULD call the attention of our friends and the public generally to the fact that we give our constant attention to REAL ESTATE in all its branches. Sales at auction specially attended to. Loans can always be negotiated at short notice on favorable terms, where the property offered is first-class.
Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers,
oct17-tf 413 Seventh street northwest.

☞ TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 7, 1874.
Notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against The Merchants' National Bank, of Washington, D. C., that the same must be presented at this office, with the legal proof thereof, within three months from this date, or they will be disallowed. JOHN JAY KNOX,
oct8-3m Comptroller of the Currency.

☞ DR. A. PRATT, GRADUATE OF Ohio College of Dental Surgery, 411 Seventh street, east side, bet. D and E, a few doors south of Odd Fellows' Hall, Washington. Also used in extracting Teeth. Teeth by a set, either jaw.
v17-tf

☞ MILBURN'S
ORIGINAL POLAR SODA,
1429 Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's,
DEPOT FOR MINERAL WATERS.
sp18-tf

☞ DR. S. S. BOND HAS REMOVED to No. 413 First street, between H and I streets. Calls left at the Drug Store corner of Tenth street and New York avenue will receive prompt attention. mh31-tf

☞ ALL THE COUGH MEDICINES, Cod Liver Oils, Troches, &c., at the Temple Drug Store. nov1

☞ CURRENT AND BACK NUMBERS of the DAILY AND WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, and all other city papers, can be obtained from J. BRAD. ADAMS, Stationer and News Dealer, under St. Cloud hotel, corner of F and Ninth streets. fe18-tf

☞ NOTICE.—I AM NOW PAYING high cash prices for second-hand Clothing. I have just started this business, and need the goods to fill my store. By calling on or addressing B. HERZOG, 927 D street, between Ninth and Tenth streets northwest, prompt attention will be given. jan22-1y

☞ DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERIES, Pomades, Toilet Articles, &c., at lowest rates, at TEMPLE DRUG STORE.

☞ PURE WINES AND LIQUORS FOR medicinal purposes, at the Temple Drug Store. nov1

☞ WHEN YOU CANNOT FIND WHAT you want at other places, try the Temple Drug Store, F and Ninth streets. nov1

☞ WRAPPING PAPER FOR SALE at this office.

☞ HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES AND specifics at the TEMPLE DRUG STORE, corner F and Ninth streets.

☞ LEGAL AND OTHER BRIEFS PRINTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE at the REPUBLICAN JOB OFFICE. no13-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.—We have this season personally selected with great care, and
IMPORTED DIRECT
from London, Paris, Geneva, Vienna and other European cities, the largest and most elegant assortment of
FINE FANCY GOODS,
CLOCKS, BRONZES, OPERA GLASSES,
EVENING FANS, BRONZE-GILT GOODS,
ENGLISH POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, &C.,
ever offered to our customers, which, together with an unusually large stock of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Fine Plated Ware, we offer certainly as low as the same goods can be purchased for in any city in this country.
M. W. GALT, BRO. & CO., Jewelers.
1107 Pennsylvania avenue.
BRIDAL AND HOLIDAY PRESENTS A SPECIALTY. (Star) nov21

L. BENJAMIN'S
NATIONAL CANDY MANUFACTORY,
OPPOSITE METROPOLITAN HOTEL.
The finest Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Cakes, and Stews always on hand. Goods warranted. Call and see. oct9-Th,S,Tutf

A. JOHNS,
Stenographer and Commissioner of the Court of Claims,
1411 Columbia st. northwest, Washington, D. C.
Depositions, Arguments, and other Legal Reporting promptly attended to upon reasonable terms. oct26-3m*

Steam Engines and Boilers.
NEW YORK SAFETY STEAM POWER COMPANY,
30 CORTLANDT STREET,
NEW YORK.
SUPERIOR STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS
by special machinery and duplication of parts. They are
SAFE,
ECONOMICAL,
EASILY MANAGED
And not Liable to Derangement.
Their
COMBINED ENGINE AND BOILER
is peculiarly adapted to all purposes requiring small power. More than 300 engines, from two to one hundred horse power, in use.
Send for illustrated circular sp27-MWF

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
Call and examine my extensive stock of
Heating, Cooking and Parlor Stoves.
Embracing
SPEAR'S CELEBRATED STOVES,
(Heating and Parlor,)
Of which we have in store a complete stock, which I am selling at lower rates than heretofore. Also his
REVOLVING LIGHT ANTI-CLINKER HEATING STOVES.
An examination is all that is needed to be convinced of the fact.
To be found at the Stove Warerooms of
W. D. WYVILL,
THE AGENT,
452 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
oct7-2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BOOKS AT
WM. BALLANTYNE'S,
423 Seventh street.
Life and Literature in the Fatherland; by Hurst.
The Scottish Philosophy; by McCosh.
The Hanging of the Crane; by Longfellow.
Travels in South America; by Paul Marcoy.
The Parsolets—the Personality and Ministry of the Holy Ghost.
Running to Waste—the Story of a Tomboy.
A large number of New Juvenile Books just received. nov4-tf

Leaders of Fashion!
IN
ENGRAVING,
PAPERS, CARDS AND ENVELOPES.
Newest styles of
POCKET BOOKS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, DRESSING CASES, WORK BOXES, INKSTANDS, &c., &c., &c.
See the LARGEST STOCK ever offered in Washington at
SOLOMONS & CHAPMAN'S,
Agents Laurence's "Pure Linen" Papers, &c.
911 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
nov24-tf

FRANKLIN PHILP RESPECTFULLY INforms his friends and the public that, having been appointed by Messrs. J. R. Osgood & Co., the Boston publishers, their agent in Washington, he has taken the well-known bookstore, (originally occupied by Taylor & Maury,) at No. 930 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, where, by personal attention and punctual execution of all orders with which he may be intrusted, he hopes to merit their continued patronage and support. A complete line of Messrs. Osgood & Co.'s publications, (which includes the cream de la crème of English and American literature,) in plain and ornamental bindings, will always be kept on hand. The rapid importation of books will be a specialty, and Mr. Philp's arrangements, perfected during his late visit to Europe, have given him unsurpassed fact files in acquiring all new publications immediately when issued or obtaining books that may have become scarce or out of print. Every novelty in first-class stationery, either domestic or foreign, will be found in stock, and particular attention paid to the engraving and printing of wedding invitations, visiting cards, menus and ball programmes, for which the best engravers and designers have been engaged. Agent for Esterbrook's unrivaled steel pens, Foster's celebrated gold pens, the American Pencil Company, Encres Francais, Mauger and Goodall's playing cards, and the far-famed Camden Works complimentary stationery. no24

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The Lily and the Cross; by De Mille.
Scepters and Crowns; by the author of "Wide Wide World," "Dove Cotward; by the author of "Win and Wear." Froude's History of Ireland, vols. 2 and 3. Fraser's Lectures on the Books of the Bible. oct3

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SEAL SACQUES and SETS, SEAL CAPS and HATS FOR LADIES, BLACK and BROWN LYNX, ALASKA MARTEN MUFF and BOAS, CHINCHILLAS for Ladies and Misses, and the Dark and Desirable MINK MUFF, BOA and COLLARS. Gentlemen's WALKING and DRIVING CAPS.
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JOHN R. KELLEY,
Butcher and dealer in choice meats, invites the attention of the public to his choice stock of meats, consisting of Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal. He offers nothing but the best in his line, and guarantees satisfaction. Marketing delivered free of charge. mh3-tf

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LEGAL.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
SPECIAL TERM, PROBATE JURISDICTION.
NOVEMBER 17, 1874.
In the matter of the will of Caroline Tenny, application for letters testamentary on the estate of Caroline Tenny, of the city of Washington, District of Columbia, has this day been made by Louisa Tenny. All persons interested are hereby notified to appear in this court on TUESDAY, the 15th day of December next, at 11 o'clock a. m., to show cause why letters testamentary on the estate of the said deceased should not issue as prayed. Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for two weeks in THE REPUBLICAN previous to the said day.
Test: A. WEBSTER,
nov18-3w Register of Wills.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, THE 19TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1874.
The Florence Sewing Machine Company, complainant, vs. Samuel Abraham et al. } No. 4006. Equity Docket 14.
On motion of the plaintiff, by Messrs. Stanton and Worthington, its solicitors, it is ordered that the defendants, Henry Leh and Jacob Jacobson, cause their appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default.
By the Court: A. WYLIE,
Justice, &c.
A true copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c.
By L. P. WILLIAMS, Assistant Clerk.
nov18-S3w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE subscriber has obtained from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a Special Term, letters testamentary on the personal estate of PETER KINNAHAN, late of Washington city, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.
Given under my hand this 17th day of November, 1874.
her
MARGARET X KINNAHAN,
mark.
Executrix.
Witness: A. WEBSTER, Register of Wills.
no21-S3w

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—SPECIAL TERM—PROBATE JURISDICTION.
Elizabeth Ragan, guardian to the orphans of Thompson Ragan, having reported that she has sold sub lot "A," in square 267, in Washington, D. C., to Conrad Fauner, for $680 cash, it is by the court this 16th day of November, A. D. 1874, ordered and decreed that said sale stand confirmed on the second TUESDAY in December next, unless cause to the contrary be shown prior to that day: Provided a copy of this order be published in some daily newspaper printed and published in Washington city, D. C., at least once a week for three successive weeks prior to said day.
By the court: A. WYLIE,
A true copy. Test: A. WEBSTER,
nov18-3w Register of Wills.

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CUSTOM CLOTHING.
We have now a complete line of samples of our immense NEW YORK STOCK of Worsteds, Cassimeres, Cloths, Beavers, &c., from which we take orders and have the goods made up at headquarters in the best and most fashionable manner.
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We keep also a line of SAMPLE SUITS of our READY-MADE STOCK, from which we order any size wanted.
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SAMPLES of READY-MADE OVERCOATS, both Fall and Winter, stylish and Well made.
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Samples of YOUTHS', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SUITS and OVERCOATS.
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In a variety of fabrics.
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In a variety of colors, READY-MADE and MADE TO ORDER.
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