National Republican.

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MEN OF MONEY.

THE COMING CONVENTION OF BANKERS IN NEW YORK.

IT WILL BE IN SESSION THREE DAYS THIS WEEK—THE FINANCIAL POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT TO BE THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED, AND A WARM TIME EXPECTED.

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

The convention of the American Bankers' Association will be held on the 12th, 13th and 14th instant at American hall, in this city. Six thousand institutions have been invited to send delegates, and a large proportion have accepted the invitation. The first day's sessions, morning and evening, will be chiefly taken up by papers on the resumption of specie payments. Hon. Stewart L. Woodford will read an address on specie payments, which will be followed by the paper of Sir Francis Hincks, president of the Consolidated bank of Canada, who will give a brief review of the present banking system of Canada, of the issues of bank notes, the condition of the bank reserves, the arrangements for Government note issues and the distribution among the banks of the Government deposits and fiscal agencies.

A number of bankers in New York, Philadelphia, Buffalo and other cities are expected to speak on the best methods of resumption. Secretary Sherman is expected to be criticised and defended with some warmth, especially by some of the Western bankers, who are much divided on the subject. On Thursday Hon. Wm. S. Groesbeck, of Cincinnati, will read a paper on the silver question, and will advocate remonetization. He will, however, oppose greenback inflation. The next paper on the silver question will be read by Prof. R. L. Perry, of Williams College, Massachusetts. Some other papers on remonetization are also announced, after which Chauncey P. Williams, esq., of Albany, will read a paper on the taxation of banks.

On Friday R. H. Thurman, esq., of Troy New York, will read a paper on bank taxation, and will show the evils which are resulting from it in the State of New York and elsewhere. After the discussion on bank taxation, will be read upon the dangers with which our public credit is threatened, from the excessive issues of municipal bonds and upon the best methods of putting a stop to the evil by legislation and by other preventives. Papers will also be presented upon the recuperation of business, as connected with the condition of the banking systems. The convention is expected to be both numerous and influential, and the meetings are attracting more attention from the near approach of the time fixed by law for resumption, and by the changes indicated in the recent fall of gold.

SOLICITOR RAYNER.

HIS REMOVAL FROM OFFICE DEMANDED BY THE LEADING JOURNALS—OPINION OF THE NEW YORK "TRIBUNE" AND NEW YORK "EVENING POST" UPON HIS RECENT CONDUCT—SOMETHING FOR THE PRESIDENT, SECRETARY SHERMAN AND THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION TO READ.

The conduct of the Hon. Kenneth Rayner, Solicitor of the Treasury, convicted and sentenced in the Police Court, before Judge Mills, for assault and battery upon an editor, has elicited but one opinion from the leading journals of the country, and that opinion, as will be observed from the following specimen editorial extracts from newspapers of such high standing as the New York *Tribune* and New York *Evening Post*, is far from flattering to the venerable Solicitor:

From the New York Tribune of Saturday:

It must be frankly said that this is discouraging news from Washington about the first law officer of the Treasury. To be getting into street brawls about petty newspaper squibs, would be sufficiently disgusting in any officer. But for a man, sixty or seventy years old, whose business it is to know and construe the law for a great department, to prove himself the cheapest of vulgar law-breakers is intolerable. Appointments of this wretched sort are doing too much to bring all our civil service reform into disrepute. Here we have had one man of spotted political character sent to South America, and another of worse than spotted personal character sent to one of the most important courts of Europe; have had to raise a howl in the newspapers to drive George Butler out of office, and have had more or less disagreeable scandal concerning a good many other appointments floating about, and now comes the reform solicitor of the Treasury disgracing himself and his backers by a street-fight on the steps of the Department. Faugh! Let us have some real civil service reform—to begin by sending Mr. Kenneth Rayner about his business.

From the New York Evening Post.

The law never, and public opinion rarely, sustains a man in redressing a personal grievance by assaulting the person who he thinks has done him an injury. Such an act is especially a subject of condemnation when the assailant is a judicial officer of the Government who had the dignity of his position to sustain, and cannot be ignorant of the lawless nature of his act. The higher officers at Washington ought, therefore, promptly to inquire into the circumstances of the attack made yesterday on a Washington editor by Solicitor Rayner of the Treasury Department, and if found that, as is reported, he began the street brawl his conduct should not be overlooked. Mr. Rayner was appointed from a Southern State to show the desire of the Administration to remove all sectional prejudice, not to introduce again at Washington such conflicts as were too common before the war.

MATTERS AROUND THE MINES.

A BAD OUTLOOK FOR THE COMING WINTER—NO CONCESSIONS TO BE MADE BY OPERATIVES—SERIOUS APPREHENSIONS OF AN EARLY OUTBREAK.

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

SCRANTON, Sept. 9.

The ultimatum of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company contained in the answer of President Sloan to the executive committee of the miners and mine engineers that waited on him has intensified the gloom which has hung over this community for more than six weeks. The deputation charged to wait on Mr. Sloan reported the result of their interview to the joint executive committee, and it was received with disappointed, verging on despair. At Pittston, Carbondale and Wilkesbarre men are resolute, and there is no knowing how long the strike will last.

The water is twelve feet deep in No. 2 shaft of the Delaware and Hudson Company at Carbondale, and were the difficulties adjusted today it would take two weeks before the mine would be ready for work. The secrecy with which the men conduct all their business has aroused suspicion in some quarters that the Communistic element is securing a foothold among them. This, however, is not the case. Their meetings are secret for the reason that they have always failed in the past because the companies were aware of their every movement, and they propose to guard against such a method of inviting disaster in the future.

There will be no mass meeting of the miners to consider the question for the present, it having been decided at the outset of the struggle that no mass meetings would be held until the company had come to offer terms. The prospects were never so cheerless as now. Despite the drenching rain of yesterday the men of Hyde Park, in the outskirts of the county, met in groups on the street corners, and with anxious faces discussed the situation.

They are becoming morose and wonderfully secret in their movements, and it is difficult to obtain information from them. Rocket signals from them are seen nightly from the neighboring hills, which are supposed to be system of communication the miners have with each other, and in the city it is feared that some trouble is brewing, though in what shape it will take nobody knows.

BALL AND BAT.

THE PROFESSIONAL GAMES DURING THE PAST WEEK—A DRAWN GAME BETWEEN THE NATIONALS AND TEMPLARS ON SATURDAY—THE PROGRAMME FOR THIS WEEK.

The professional contestants have been pretty busy during the past week, and the result places the Boston in the van, closely followed by the Louisville, who seem to have struck a streak of hard luck. As the latter have been unable to win a game from any competitor during the past three weeks their chances for flying the champion emblem are very slim, and as the coming week will wind up the series between the Eastern and Western cracks the matter will virtually be settled, and as the Boston play all the games on their grounds Harry Wright will probably see the coveted emblem brought back to him.

The Hartford are looming up in dangerous proximity to the Kentucky giants, and as they are playing a magnificent game it will not be impossible for them to secure second honors. The other contestants are hopelessly in the rear, and may be considered out of the race. The following table shows the present standing of the different clubs:

	Boston.	Chicago.	Cincinnati.	Hartford.	Louisville.	St. Louis.	Won.
Boston	....	7	11	4	8	4	34
Chicago	2	....	6	3	2	8	21
Cincinnati	1	2	....	3	5	1	12
Hartford	5	5	7	....	6	4	27
Louisville	4	6	5	6	....	6	27
St. Louis	6	4	7	5	2	....	24
Lost	18	24	26	21	24	23	

THE LOCAL CHAMPIONSHIP.

Games to be Played.

Sep. 11.—National vs. Patriot; Astoria vs. Our Boys; Eagle vs. Templars.
Sept. 12.—Creighton vs. National.
Sept. 13.—Astoria vs. Templar; National vs. Our Boys.
Sept. 14.—Eagle vs. Our Boys.
Sept. 15.—Eagle vs. National.

The game between the National and Templar on Saturday afternoon last ended, as all games will where an imported player takes part, in a draw at the end of the fourth inning, the Templar at that time leading by a score of 8 to 7. The National sent Stearns in to pitch for the first two innings, but owing to the terrific batting of the Templar in the second inning, they scored eight runs, none of which were earned, several costly errors being made by the National. Bannon was then sent to revive the drooping spirits of his friends, and the Templar found themselves unable to secure a base on him, as they drew blanks in the third and fourth innings, not a man being able to cope successfully with those "terrific curves." Had the game been played out the National would undoubtedly have won, as in the first half of the fifth inning they batted for six runs, but darkness coming on both nines indulged in some queer playing, and the umpire was compelled to decide it a drawn game.

There is no question but that all the games in which these imported men play will end in the same disgraceful manner as those of the past week, and if the managers of the different nines really wish to advance the interests of *amateur* base ball in this vicinity they will see the necessity for giving them "the grand bounce," as the public will soon tire of these snide exhibitions.

An article appeared in the base ball column of the *Capital* yesterday which tends to reflect very severely on the present captain of the Creightons, styling him a "revolver," when, if the writer of the article had taken the pains, he would have discovered that the gentleman in question received an honorable discharge from the club of which he was a member, and *did not* play on the Creighton until his time had expired. He is known throughout the country as one of the most gentlemanly players in the profession, and a great outcry was raised by some of the other clubs who tried to secure his services but failed in their endeavors.

The subjoined table shows the positions which our home clubs occupy:

	Astoria.	Creighton.	Eagle.	National.	Our Boys.	Patriot.	Templar.	Won.
Astoria	....	....	1	1	1	1	1	5
Creighton	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Eagle	1	....	....	....	1	....	1	3
National	1	....	2	....	2	....	....	5
Our Boys	....	*1	....	....	....	....	....	1
Patriot	....	1	....	....	1	....	....	2
Templar	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
Lost	2	2	3	1	5	2	3	

*Protested game, which will be sent to the championship committee for their decision.

TO BE HANGED TO-DAY.

THE DOOM OF THOMAS FRANCIS CURLEY—HE RECEIVES THE NEWS CALMLY, AND SAYS "HE DOES NOT CARE."

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.

The Board of Pardons having refused the application of Thomas Francis Curley, through his counsel, for a commutation of the death sentence, Fathers Monahan and Garvey, of St. Patrick's church, Norristown, his spiritual advisers, entered the cell and in a private interview communicated the news that all hope was gone. After the departure of the reverend fathers, Curley was informed by the officers that they were about to transfer him to Wahlen's cell and place Wahlen in his.

When his clothes had been changed the prisoner remarked that he had a knife, and he might as well give it up, or that d—d fool Wahlen would find it and commit suicide. Following his directions, a hinge of his closet was unscrewed and behind it was found a broken razor and a Barlow knife. This is not the first time that Curley has concealed weapons in his cell. Some time ago his keepers found a new shoemaker's knife in a socket hollowed out under a strip of wood nailed to the closet door. Since he has been placed in his new quarters Curley has been closely watched, and has slept but little. He displays no nervousness and says "he does not care." He appears to have no feeling in regard to his family, and does not desire to see them. He denies a purported confession published some time ago which asserted that he killed Miss Whitby because of an insatiable desire for blood. Curley is a native of Holmesburg, near this city, and was educated in a Catholic home here.

ALONG THE MEXICAN BORDER.

MEXICAN TROOPS TO REPLACE THE LOCAL MILITARY ON THE RIO GRANDE.

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Sept. 9.

Information has been received at Gen. Ord's headquarters here from Col. Schweitzer, in command of the United States troops at Brownsville, opposite Matamoras, that 1,500 regular Mexican troops are about to embark from Vera Cruz to the mouth of the Rio Grande for service on the Rio Grande frontier to replace the local military troops. These troops will be commanded by Gen. Gonzales.

AUSTRIA DECLINES TO ANSWER.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—A dispatch from Vienna says it is reported in semi-official quarters that Austria has declined to give a definite answer to the propositions of England to mediate for a settlement of the Eastern question.

THE LONG BRIDGE.

INCIDENTS AT THE PLACING OF THE NEW DRAW YESTERDAY.

THE WORK IS INTERRUPTED BY A RAILROAD ACCIDENT AND THE COLLISION OF A SCHOONER WITH THE BRIDGE—BUT WILL PROBABLY BE COMPLETED TO-DAY.

The Long bridge was a point of great interest yesterday. First there was the railroad accident—noticed elsewhere—then the operation of placing the new draw in position, and, lastly, the collision of a schooner with the draw. Early in the morning a large crowd gathered at the bridge, and were surprised and vexed to see the Washington draw open, and all apparent communication with the Virginia shore cut off. They had set great store on seeing the men at work on the draw, and were very much put out at the inability to cross over. The railroad company seemed determined to do their work without spectators, and to that end, in addition to keeping the draw open, had a policeman stationed on the bridge to prevent any intimidation being practiced on the drawmen.

There was some likelihood of this when it became necessary to close the draw to permit the passage of an engine to the other draw, but the awful presence of a minion of the law restrained any such attempt, and the majority of the crowd, seeing the hopelessness of waiting, dispersed and went home disappointed, not knowing what a large number of others soon discovered, that a ferry had been improvised by which they could have landed in Virginia for ten cents. This was an enterprise inaugurated by a number of wharf rats in opposition to the railroad company, and it proved very profitable, their small craft being kept busy all day in plying from shore to shore, carrying a load of passengers each way.

The work of removing the old draw at the Virginia channel and placing the new one in position was commenced at 10 o'clock Saturday night, and was continued all day yesterday and last night, and will probably not be concluded until this evening. A force of over one hundred men was employed yesterday, who were kept hard at work all the time. The labor started auspiciously and progressed well until the time of the railroad accident, which caused a suspension of work until 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when it was resumed with a will, and as a result the old draw was disengaged and floated out in the channel about 6 o'clock. The unfavorable state of the tide was another drawback, and with the loss of time at the accident delayed the work several hours.

The new draw was in readiness and was soon floated in position, and the work of setting it on the pivot is now in progress, with prospects of accomplishment some time to-day, but not at the time fixed upon—6 o'clock a. m. Shortly after the old draw was removed the tug-boat Samuel Godney, with two schooners in tow, attempted to pass through the opening. The tug and the first schooner went through without accident, but the other vessel veered around, and her bowsprit and outer rigging, catching in the upper timber of the bridge, were carried away and the tow-line was snapped in twain. The tug and her convoy did not stop, but kept on their way to Georgetown, and the other vessel floated slowly after them with the tide.

The tug returned for her after seeing the other boat safe in port. This accident created quite an excitement, but caused no delay in the work on the bridge. The new draw is of wood—a Howe truss, 195 feet long and 35 feet wide, weighing about 225 tons—and is rigged so as to be worked by steam. Tugs and scows are employed in the work on the draw. In removing the old draw a quantity of old timber was discarded and thrown into the river. It was all collected together by parties in all kinds of boats, and will do service this winter as firewood in the homes of those persons living along the river who make a business of gathering this kind of driftwood.

CHEEKY BURGLARS.

A HOUSE ON THE HUDSON TAKEN POSSESSION OF BY MASKED MEN—THEIR OBJECT NOT PLUNDER, BUT A SQUARE MEAL.

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

A most audacious burglary by masked and otherwise disguised men, was perpetrated on the East bank of the Hudson river, in the vicinity of Irvington, on Wednesday night. The scene of the outrage was the ancestral residence of Col. James A. Hamilton, son of Alexander Hamilton. The house stands in a comparatively secluded spot, overlooking the river at a point about midway between Dobbs' Ferry and Irvington. At the time of the burglary the occupants of the mansion were Colonel Hamilton, an invalid, over 90 years of age, an elderly lady named Webb, who takes care of the old gentleman, a lady friend of hers, four servant girls and an aged workman, named Daniel Wallace, who it is said has been in employ of the Hamilton family for nearly half a century.

The burglars entered the house at 11 p. m. and remained till 4 a. m. The women gave them twenty dollars to leave. The scoundrels helped themselves to wine, ham, crackers and other eatables. It is believed the parties are not professional burglars as they did not ransack the house in search of valuables; the only articles missing after their departure being two small silver dishes. The men said they were out of work eighteen months and needed money.

FUNERAL OF M. THIERS.

EVERYTHING QUIET AND ORDERLY—SPEECHES BY M. GREVY AND JULES SIMON.

By Cable to THE REPUBLICAN.

PARIS, Sept. 8.

The funeral of ex-President Thiers took place to-day, and was attended by enormous crowds, notwithstanding a heavy rain storm which prevailed. Five battalions of troops escorted the remains to the grave, with bands of music, draped in crape. The coffin containing the remains was completely covered with wreathes of beautiful flowers.

The crowd during the progress of the procession was perfectly silent and orderly.

Madame Thiers was accompanied by Mlle. Dosne at the funeral service in the church of Notre Dame de Lorette.

M. Gambetta was cheered as he left the church after the ceremony.

The deputation from Belfort was the only one in the procession which carried a banner. At 2 o'clock the cortege arrived at the Boulevards, preceded by a squadron of mounted *gendarmes*. The crowd everywhere respectfully uncovered as the coffin passed. Some shouts of "Viva la Republique!" were raised at the top of the Boulevard Mont Martre.

Everything passed off quietly and without political manifestation, even during the speeches in the cemetery. The speeches were remarkable for moderation. M. Grevy, ex-President of the Chamber of Deputies, first recapitulated the deceased's political career, particularly dwelling upon the great and patriotic sacrifice he had made by renouncing his earlier monarchical convictions in favor of the Republic. Admiral Pothuhan and M.M. Sacy and Vitry then variously eulogized his splendid administrative, literary and oratorical talents.

M. Jules Simon, who made the principal oration, said the first feeling, after so great a loss, was one of discouragement. But M. Thiers had taught them by the example of his life never to despair and never to draw back. Patriotism shines forth throughout M. Thiers' books and the history of his life. He served as king, but only on the condition that the king himself was a a faithful servant of the Constitution. M. Simon concluded his oration as follows: "Adieu, in the name of the country, to the historian of the revolution, to the champion of liberty, to the liberator of the territory and to the first President of the French Republic." M. Gambetta left the cemetery before the speeches were pronounced.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the crowd disappeared in perfect tranquillity. The funeral was very imposing. All the diplomatic corps were present, including Hon. Edward F. Noyes, United States Minister, and Hon. E. B. Washburne.

OUR BOARDING-HOUSE.

A DISH OF SCANDAL, NOT DOWN ON THE BILL OF FARE, SERVED UP FOR THE GUESTS—THE PROPRIETOR MAKES THE WRONG KIND OF LOVE TO A WAITING MAID—AND IS DISCOVERED AT A MOST INTERESTING MOMENT—WHEN THE SCENE CLOSES WITH TEARS AND A TABLEAU.

For some weeks past the atmosphere has not been altogether serene, but quite murky at a certain well-known boarding-house on Twelfth street. The waiting girls and chambermaids have been considered rather pretty and attentive, yet of late the young gentlemen boarders have had occasion to complain of the changed actions of at least one of the favorite girls, she having become silent and strangely morose in her department toward all the boarders, but at the same time evincing unmistakable subserviency to and intimacy with the proprietor of the institution himself, although said proprietor (known as a temperance man and a church member) has his good wife and several children in the same house. It was observed that several attaches who had begun to mutter insinuations and suspicions were suddenly "bounced" and new faces appeared in their stead.

This seductive landlord was known to sleep several rooms apart from his lawful spouse and little ones, yet not so from his pretty waiting maid. Such a condition of things could not, of course, long exist without a "scene" or a climax of some sort; so the public will not be surprised to learn that, by a bold and timely dash on the part of a companion and cousin of the young girl, the guilty pair were discovered in bed together—actually in *flagrante delicto*. Instantly the unsuspecting wife was informed and summoned to the scene. Other relatives and friends of the seduced girl were notified and brought in, and while they unsuccessfully sought to tear the girl from the clutches of her paramour and from the place of her ruin, but for the screams and entreaties of the wife they would doubtlessly have made the latter a widow.

Though the excitement and tumult of the occasion was soon smothered, and the friends of the estrayed girl withdrew, with terrible anathemas passing from their lips, yet it is believed the matter will not end where it is. It is significantly believed that this is but one of many actual liaisons, and many others attempted by this pious Twelfth-street Lothario with the girls in his employ during the past few years, and it is also asserted that while the other maid left his house at once the "pet" still remains at the place—only having changed her quarters to a room a little further away on the same premises.

WATERING PLACE NOTES.

OVERCOATS are now comfortable in the mountains.

DEPARTURES from the summer resorts are now greatly in excess of the arrivals.

THE weather of the past week has put a damper upon the watering place season.

GENERAL ROBERT C. SCHENCK, late minister to the Court of St. James, is at Warm Springs, Va.

THE Mammoth Cave of Kentucky is to have a railroad running to the outer world, and a modern hotel will be built.

GAME is plentiful in the vicinity of White Sulpher Springs, Va. Wild turkey, pheasant, deer and bear are among the attractions of the mountains.

THE Long Branch hotels are almost deserted. The few people who remain gather in little groups in the great parlors with doors and windows shut. No more arrivals are expected at the hotels this season.

SOME of the bathing suits worn at the seaside this season have been very pretty, and some gaudy enough to require only a tight rope or a horse with showy trappings to complete a scene suggestive of the circus.

THE season at Saratoga has been unusually fine, and notwithstanding the Jewish episode, the Grand Union has done better than ever. Dowling's band will remain until the 20th. Picnics in the woods, sails upon the lake and dinners at Moon's have been among the popular pleasures of this resort.

A WAG of a visitor to Sharon Springs says that the water is so strong that as you pass through Ames, four miles to the north, a slight odor of sulphur is perceptible; as you ascend the road, along the road within sight of the village, the brimstony atmosphere is almost overpowering; but when you come to pay your bill, you smell it.

AMONG the cottagers at Newport who have recently entertained on a large scale are Mrs. J. F. Pierson, Mrs. Wilson Ayre and Mrs. Peleg Hall. The New Yorkers having residences there this season pay taxes on their property as follows: The estate of Mrs. Loring Andrews on $105,000; the estate of Mrs. Paran Stevens on $77,700; estate of Mr. De Lancey Kane on $34,000; estate of ex-Gov. E. D. Morgan on $83,000, and Mr. L. T. and Mrs. Morton on $83,200. The marriage of S. S. Howland and Miss Belmont is announced for the 18th, and promises to be a grand affair.

ONE of the most remarkable phenomenon of nature was witnessed at Long Branch one day last week. It resembled a rainbow, and yet was not one. Prismatic hues were presented in the most lavish manner upon the bosom of the sea. The white-capped waves and dashing breakers were tinted by a brilliant array of reflected hues of the rainbow, which appeared like a grand spectral scene. A fine sunrise view is also obtained there. About sunrise on Wednesday morning there was a mirage on the eastern horizon, representing land covered with trees. The illusion was so nearly perfect as to deceive many who saw it. The United States closed on Thursday. The Hotel Brighton will remain open till October 1.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

PATTI has another rival in a Russian lady, Mlle. Rostnoff, who will make her *debut* in Paris. She is youthful, vivacious and talented.

E. L. DAVENPORT and Dr. Chapin were friends in boyhood, and continued on intimate terms until the end. At one time they planned to make their *debut* on the stage together, but Chapin thought better, or worse, of it, and withdrew.

NEARLY all the Parisian theatres reopened last week. Offenbach's new opera for the Folies Dramatiques is entitled "Madame Favart." The Vaudeville reopened with a new comedy entitled "Le Club."

MRS. DAVENPORT designs, it is said, to present her late husband's magnificent wardrobe to needy members of the profession, preferring this course to selling or retaining it. Mr. Davenport owned a house at Canton, Pa., free of debt.

THE engagements for this year at the Italian opera in Paris include two American *prima donnas*, Mmes. Alice Urban and Laura Harris, the former from New Orleans and the latter from New York. Mme. Urban has never yet sung in Paris, but her voice and dramatic talent are both said to be remarkable. She is what is technically termed a "heavy soprano," and will take the great tragic roles.

MME. ADELINA PATTI, who is moved by gratitude as much as by family ties, has just signed an engagement with her brother-in-law, Maurice Strakosch, who taught her singing and promoted her early triumphs. The contract is to be fulfilled in Europe, and in no way refers to America. The *Figaro*, (Paris,) August 27, which makes the announcement, inquires if Paris is to be asked to benefit by the engagement.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

WARRANTS ISSUED FOR THE ARREST OF INDICTED REPUBLICANS.

[Special Dispatch to the National Republican.]

COLUMBIA, Sept. 9.

Warrants have been issued for all members of the Legislature and ex-State officials recently indicted by the grand jury. In cases where the parties have left the State, Governor Hampton will at once issue requisitions for their apprehension and return to the jurisdiction of the State authorities.

TALK OF A FRENCH CIVIL WAR.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—The Berlin *Post* says a civil war in France is inevitable.

POLITICAL NEWS.

AT THE EXECUTIVE MANSION AND DEPARTMENTS.

SECRETARY EVARTS' NEW HOME.

HIS LEASE OF THE PALATIAL HUTCHINSON MANSION ON K STREET NORTHWEST—PROMISE OF MAGNIFICENT ENTERTAINMENTS THIS WINTER.

Secretary Evarts, after searching some time for a suitable residence in this city, has at last decided upon the palatial mansion of Mr. S. B. Hutchinson, of the Alaska Seal-skin Company. The Secretary has long had his eye upon this residence, which is one of the most elegant and attractive in the city, and delightfully situated on the corner of Fifteen-and-a-half and K streets northwest. Some time ago he obtained the refusal of a lease of the house for one year. Since then Mr. Hutchinson has received numerous applications to lease the house, one of the applicants being Senator Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, who appeared exceedingly anxious to lease the place at any price. Mr. Evarts, however, having received the refusal, finally leased the house, furnished, including silver, China and everything, which are of the most expensive kind, for one year, at the low figure of $5,000 a year.

Mr. Hutchinson's reason for renting his home is that he intends abandoning housekeeping in consequence of the fact that his two daughters are going to boarding-school, first in New York and subsequently in Europe, and until their education is completed he will not reoccupy his charming residence among us.

Secretary Evarts has already taken possession of his new residence, and there is no doubt but that he will entertain this winter upon a grand scale, fully in keeping with his wealth and station. The Secretary has eleven children, three of whom are young ladies. The latter will assist Mrs. Evarts in doing the honors of the house during the coming season.

THE PHILADELPHIA CUSTOM-HOUSE.

REPORT OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMISSION—SOME IRREGULARITIES UNCOVERED, BUT NO CORRUPTION DISCOVERED.

Messrs. Charles Platt and H. D. Welsh and Assistant United States Attorney General Simons who were appointed a commission to inquire into the workings of the Philadelphia custom-house, have completed their investigation and made up their report. The document reached here on Saturday in charge of J. M. March, the secretary of the commission, and the conclusions reached by the commission will probably be given to the public about the middle of next week. It is stated that the investigation, while it uncovered some irregularities, developed no corruption, and that the tenor of the report throughout is rather favorable than otherwise. In some departments an increase of force has been recommended, in others decrease has been suggested.

FRANCE'S BIG SHOW.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT URGING FOREIGN NATIONS TO TAKE PROMPT ACTION REGARDING THE PARIS EXPOSITION—THE EXHIBITION BUILDING TO BE FINISHED SOON.

The United States secretary of legation at Paris has forwarded to the State Department a copy of a circular issued by the director of foreign sections of the Universal Exposition of 1878 and sent to the commissioners of foreign countries, urging them to prompt action. The circular states that the essential parts of the buildings will be completed by the 15th of the present month, and the floor laid by the 1st of October. The commission of each country can then take possession of and parcel out its section.

THE WESTERN FRONTIER.

REPORTS AS TO THE WHEREABOUTS OF GEN. HOWARD—THE HOSTILES MUST NOW TAKE ONE OF THREE EVILS.

The following dispatch was received at the War Department late Friday evening:

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.

Adjutant General U. S. A., Washington, D. C.:

The following dispatch is just received from Gen. Terry: Capt. Renhaw, commanding Fort Ellis, states that a courier just in reports Howard on the Yellowstone, opposite the mouth of East Fork, yesterday. Hostiles passed Soda Butte mines the day before, and are moving slowly down Clark's Fork. Sturgis, with six companies of cavalry, moved up Clark's Fork from the old C. P. Smith road on the 3d. The mines are about twenty miles up the East Fork, on the north fork of the stream. They must now either fight Howard or Sturgis, or strike for Stinking Water.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieutenant General.

PATENT OFFICE INVESTIGATION.

WHAT PERKIE HAS THUS FAR DONE—ANOTHER STAR-CHAMBER INQUIRY GOING ON.

The investigation of the charges against J. McClary Perkins, preferred by Assistant Commissioner Doolittle, in January last, which, until recently, have lain on the table of the Secretary of the Interior, has now been in progress for three weeks, and the only thing so far known to be developed is another commission to investigate the charges made by Perkins in his defense against some of the officials of the draughting division of the Patent Office. The latter commission has been in session four or five days with closed doors, and the character of the proceedings before it have not transpired.

A GUARD VESSEL

TO BE SENT TO BRAZIL TO FURTHER CERTAIN SOUTH AMERICAN SURVEYS.

The Secretary of State has directed the United State Ministers to Brazil and the Argentine Republic to report to the Governments to which they are respectively accredited the determination of the Navy Department to send out the United States vessel Guard to connect the longitudes between Lisbon, the coast of Brazil, &c., with a view of having these Governments afford such assistance to the officers of the vessel as they may be able. The Guard is now being fitted out at New York for this duty, and will soon be ready for service.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

DAILY REPORT OF DELIVERIES ON SEPTEMBER 8, 1877.

Delivered this day to Comptroller of the Currency—N. C. notes, $553,000; Secretary of the Treasury—four per cent. consols, $201,850; miscellaneous, $92,110; total, $846,960. Balance on hand at close of day's work—U. S. notes, $18,285,600; N. C. notes, $35,457,028; four per cent. consols, $197,000,550; four-and-a-half per cent. consols, $1,615,100; miscellaneous, $75,677,800; total, $326,025,575.

MINOR CAPITAL TOPICS.

—Very few Government clerks will go home to vote this fall.

—Senator Oglesby will make the annual address at the Illinois State Fair on the 19th inst.

—The receipts from internal revenue Saturday amounted to $432,592 80, and from customs $537,664.12.

—The syndicate will probably come to order and make another call for ten million five-twenties in the present week.

—It is stated that George Bancroft, the historian, is in his seventy seventh year, and yet is said to be fond of flirting with the girls.

—R. H. Mason, who has been appointed Surveyor General of Montana, is said to be a brother-in-law of General James Comly, of the *Ohio State Journal*.

—The recent speech of Secretary Sherman in Ohio is being distributed quite extensively by friends and admirers of that distinguished gentleman.

—Ex-Minister Schenck and his daughters have returned to their beautiful home, corner Fourteenth street and Massachusetts avenue, after a sojourn at the springs.

—General Butler is credited with the intention to bring up the Louisiana settlement and all matters connected with the Foster-Matthews letters, at the special session of Congress.

—The Indian investigating commission, which has now been at work for over three months, has taken a recess, and will have the testimony already taken printed before resuming its labors.

—That genial and most obliging gentleman, Assistant Adjutant General Pelouze, has returned from Rock Enon Springs, where he has been with his family for the past two or three weeks.

—Congressman Charles Foster of Ohio, thinks that the Administration Southern policy is approved by nine tenths of the people in his State and that the Republican party is certain of victory.

—At last accounts General Sherman had successfully flanked the Nez Perces, and was traveling westward to Fort Lapwai, which is not far from the scene of the first outbreak of Joseph's band.

—Receipts of national bank notes for the week ending Saturday, as compared with the corresponding period of last year: 1876 $3,724,000; 1877 $5,597,000. Bank notes received Saturday for redemption, $860,000.

—Mr. John R. Young, assistant clerk in the Supreme Court of the District, remembers H. Clay Crawford (Osman Pasha) very well, having served in the same regiment with him during the war of the rebellion.

—It would seem but reasonable to suppose that the surveyor general of every territory is a practical surveyor. This however, is not the case and perhaps never will be so long as politics control the appointments.

—Many newspapers have refused to publish the advertisement soliciting proposals for carrying the mails at the rates prescribed by the law, and it is supposed that special contracts will have to be made to secure the publication in one State capital journal in each State.

—The President's reception in Louisville, Ky. it is said, will throw into the shade anything of the kind ever attempted in that city. There will be a reception at the Galt House for which 2,000 invitations will be issued, and during his stay the city will be decorated and illuminated at night.

—A member of the Cabinet in alluding to the action of the Government in regard to the proposed removal of the three leading officers of customs at New York, authoritatively announced yesterday, said that the delay in making the appointments is to enable the citizens of New York most interested to make their own selection.

—Reports received from Democratic authorities in North Carolina indicate that, since his return to that State in his old position, Marshal Douglass has entered upon a reform of his office. He has secured as deputies men of standing, without regard to party affiliations, and appears to be administering his office according to the civil service rules.

—The flags displayed at half mast on Saturday out of respect to the late M. Thiers, whose funeral took place that day, gave rise to the rumor that Senator Morton was dead, and created considerable excitement in the vicinity of the Treasury Department. A telegram received in the city that afternoon announced that his condition is about the same.

—The Treasurer now holds $337,695,650 in United States bonds to secure national bank circulation and $15,244,000 in United States bonds for public deposits. United States bonds deposited for circulation week ending Saturday, $86,500. United States bonds held for circulation withdrawn for the same period, $165,500. national bank circulation outstanding—currency notes, $315,297,504; gold notes $1,425,770.

—An ex-Confederate General, who was a brave officer and saw much active service, writes as follows in a private letter to a friend in Washington regarding the attacks made in the South upon Postmaster General Key: "The editors who have assailed Key as a class never attacked anything from 1861 to 1865, which could strike back. They will not be able now to do much; certainly not make Key unpopular."

—Senator-elect Butler has made a long speech before the investigating committee appointed by the South Carolina Legislature, advocating the abandonment of the present proceedings, upon grounds of public policy, and that they were injurious to the Democratic party at the North, to South Carolina, and to Wade Hampton. It is about time that some "chunks of wisdom" should be thrown out to the ravenous Democracy.

—Secretary Schurz seems to stick pretty well at his post of duty. On Saturday he and Secretary Sherman were the only members of the Cabinet in town, Secretaries Evarts and McCrary having gone to Fortress Monroe, and Postmaster General Key and Attorney General Devens being with the President in Ohio, while Secretary Thompson is visiting his home in Indiana. This is not meant as a reflection upon the Secretaries who are attending to their business.

—There will soon be no doubt as to the attitude of Senator Conkling with reference to the President's policy and the important issues of the day. The next New York Republican State convention, which meets on the 26th inst., will be composed of over two thirds Conkling men, and the Senator will attend the convention in person as a delegate from either Oneida or Utica. This looks ominous, and whatever may be the final action of the convention it may be regarded as the dictum of Senator Conkling.

EX-SENATOR OWENS' PAPERS

NOT SEIZED, BUT PLACED IN A SAFE PLACE UNTIL THE ARRIVAL OF THE PROPER PERSON TO RECEIVE THEM.

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 8.

Special telegrams to a number of papers having been sent from this city in regard to the seizure of the papers of Owens, ex-Senator of South Carolina, who died in this city on Wednesday, by Marshal Gray, the Marshal states that he has not seized, nor been requested to seize, any of the effects of Mr. Owens; that he was requested by telegraph from officials of South Carolina to see that his effects did not fall into improper hands, as it was probable that certain parties not entitled to their custody would endeavor to obtain possession of them; that in accordance with this request he went to the proprietor of the Howard house, Mr. Wood, where Mr. Owens died, and ascertained the fact that Owens left valuable papers and effects; that he, the marshal, requested Wood to place them in some secure place, where they would be safe until some one with proper authority to take charge of them arrived, and the papers were so placed. The marshal says he took an inventory of the papers and effects in the presence of two witnesses, responsible gentlemen, which inventory he holds for the inspection of any legal representative of Mr. Owens.

MORE ABOUT THE OWENS PAPERS.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 9.—A reporter of the *Sun* had an interview to-day with Marshal Gray in reference to the statement telegraphed from here that the Marshal had acted with authority in taking possession of the effects of the late State Senator Owens, of South Carolina. The Marshal stated that he had not taken possession of any of the papers or property referred to, but that the proprietor of the hotel had assumed the responsibility of providing for their safe keeping until the arrival of the legal representatives of the deceased, having information which he considered reliable that the alleged wife was a well-known courtesan and the friend a gambler.

OHIO REPUBLICANS.

MEETING OF THE CAYAHUGA COUNTY CONVENTION—RESOLUTIONS INDORSING THE ADMINISTRATION.

By Telegraph to THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 9.

The Republican convention for Cayahuga county met yesterday and put in nomination a full ticket of five Representatives and one Senator to the Legislature. They are all strong and pledged Garfield men. Res