National Republican.

A. M. CLAPP ..... EDITOR.

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Largest legitimate morning circulation in the District.

WASHINGTON, OCTOBER 29, 1878.

THE National Banks must go!

RESUMPTION is now a fixed fact; only **64** days more and it will become a legal fact.

THE rapidly increasing circulation of the *Post*-erior is a myth; but if it were a reality, nobody would be hurt by it save those who read the paper.

A LITTLE more vigor is being injected into the administration of justice in South Carolina by the Federal authorities just now. The election takes place a week from to-day. Let the thieves who rob their fellow-citizens of that State of their political rights feel the halter draw a little closer. Their present opinion of the law is too good.

THE New York *World* shows more zeal and courage in its assaults upon Tammany than has characterized its political battles in years. It seems now to be fearfully in earnest for the overthrow of JOHN KELLY, who has become enraged, and makes open war upon every man who has a decent education and standing in the community.

IF there are any Republican voters still lingering at the National Capital who are entitled to vote either in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Illinois, Wisconsin, or New England, they should go to their voting precincts, and "stand not upon the order of going, but go at once." The country expects every Republican to do his duty in the pending contest.

A NEW characterization of the theory of Fiatism has been demonstrated by the experience of some of the impecunious classes since the cold weather has set in. One of them remarked yesterday that he could not keep himself warm by pasting on his back an expired pawn-ticket representing an overcoat which he had "spouted" last summer in anticipation of the good times yet to come.

EX-CONGRESSMAN J. HALE SYPHER, of Louisiana, is exceedingly anxious to have it known that he is not the SYPHER who was engaged during the last session of Congress as the attorney before the POTTER Committee of the notorious JIM ANDERSON. It was J. R. SYPHER who earned this extraordinary distinction, and the fee paid by the Democratic Campaign Committee to defray the expenses incident to the subornation of ANDERSON'S fearful perjuries. No wonder that J. HALE declines the honor.

THE New Orleans *Democrat*, inspired by the threatened proceedings of the Louisiana Nationals against the Democracy, commends the letter of Attorney-General DEVENS to the Federal district-attorneys in the South as good law, wise precaution, and all that sort of thing. The *Democrat* is good authority on such subjects, and its utterances are respectfully referred to the Hamptonites of South Carolina, with the remark that it makes a great deal of difference which ox is being gored.

THE citizens of Chicago propose to hold a convention in that city on the 12th of November proximo, with a view to formulating and presenting to the attention of Congress some plan by which we can extend our trade with European countries and in South America through the aid of mail transportation lines of steamships between our principal ports and those of other countries. The scheme is most laudable, and by concert of action much may be accomplished in that direction. It is important that the direction of Congress shall be called to this subject with much urgency.

ONE week more of work, and then comes the shouting and howling, for somebody is to be hurt in the event of this election. The news from Pennsylvania and New York is most cheering. Both States will be scored to the Republican side. Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Illinois, and New England are alive with campaign effort, and each will make a Republican score. Old Virginia is boiling with the worst muddle ever known to politics. GOODE is frightened—BEALE, CRITCHER, and BOYD'S are having a hard scrabble for the mastery—all sure of an election—while JOHONSEN is pushing the enemy with much vigor and certainty of success. There is nothing disheartening anywhere.

MR. JAMES E. ANDERSON, according to his last dying confession, committed flat perjury when he appeared before the POTTER committee. He should be promptly picked up and inserted in a penitentiary as a warning to scoundrels of his class.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

How about those who got up the POTTER committee and suborned ANDERSON to commit perjury? The explosion of this vile plot to smirch the reputations of Republican statesmen and cast mire and dirt upon the Presidential title comes a little too early in the Democratic calendar to suit their purposes. It has bursted the machine and knocked Engineer POTTER overboard, and now the coparceners in the crime are calling for somebody to be picked up and inserted in the penitentiary. A nice teaparty of perjurers and suborners.

THE Hon. WILLIAM F. SAPP, of the eighth Iowa district, who was re-elected to the House in the recent election in that State, is making arrangements to meet the Democratic proposition to hold another election next month. His object is, of course, to present himself at the bar of the next House armed with dual certificates of election for both October and November, and thereby make his acceptance "assurance doubly sure." Mr. SAPP has the right to do as he pleases in the premises; but no fair-minded man will deny that he is already entitled to his seat under the plain provisions of the constitution of the State. If the Democrats attempt, in the organization of the next House, to override this plain provision, their act would be revolutionary, and if the loyal integrity of the North has not altogether departed, it would be met with the most positive demonstrations of vigorous opposition.

THE charters of the national banks expire by law in 1883. Meanwhile no just man will assume that any of their guaranteed privileges, rights, or immunities can be interfered with. But the question can be debated in the interim whether it will be good policy to renew those charters, and the probability is that applications for renewals will be few and far between. A realization of this probability will remove the discussion of their usefulness from the scope of political discussion. A better way to accomplish this result, however, is to enact a law this coming winter providing that in due time, at the expiration of their charters, greenbacks shall be substituted for the national bank currency. In this way the Republican party can and will free itself from an empty charge now being made against it to the effect that it is tied irrevocably to that great modern bugaboo, the money power.

THE registration in New York city is quite flattering to the prospects of Anti-Tammany. The average rate of increase over 1877 is 11 per cent., and what is better, the smallest portion of this is from the down-town districts, which form the Democratic stronghold. In the first, sixth, and eighth the average increase is less than 7 per cent. In the Republican districts, which are the seventh, ninth, eleventh, and thirteenth, the gain is about 11 per cent; while in the others, which are regarded as Anti-Tammany, the average increase is about 18 per cent. Although these districts usually give Democratic majorities, they are populated by small property-holders who are very earnest for the overthrow of the Ring and will engage actively in the canvass against Tammany. Under such indications, notwithstanding some Anti-Tammany sore-heads have come to the surface since the nominations, there is some hope of redeeming the city from Tammany dictation and the iron rule of JOHN KELLY.

THE Democratic press is making far more fuss and ado over the fact that some miscreant threw a stone at SAM RANDALL while he was speaking, and which fell harmless at his feet, than they did over the slaughtering of a score or more of colored men at Hamburg, S. C.; the murder of Judge CHISOLM and his son and daughter for opinion's sake in Mississippi; the cold-blooded murder of a colored man in the fourth district of Virginia for applauding a Republican speaker; the shooting of a man for endeavoring to protect Mr. SWAILS, or the lodging of two bullets in the person of Mr. DEAS, in South Carolina, whose offense is that he is a Republican candidate for the Legislature. These offenses are trivial in the Democratic eye when compared with the casting of a stone at the sacred body of SAM RANDALL, which fell short of its mark. If the offender could have been discovered, he should have been severely punished for a violation of law and right; but those papers which can see no wrong in wholesale murder simply make themselves ridiculous over the SAM RANDALL affair.

THE difference between TILDEN, the Reformer, and Governor HAYES, who is denounced as a fraud, at the date of November 20, 1876, is now very clearly delineated. TILDEN was then engaged up to his eyes in the cipher corruption telegraph business to defraud the people of their rights and steal the Presidency, while Governor HAYES was giving the following advice to Senator SHERMAN and other friends:

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Nov. 27, 1876.

MY DEAR SIR: I am greatly obliged for your letter of the 23d. You feel, I am sure, as I do about this whole business. A fair election would have given us about forty electoral votes at the South—at least that many. But we are not to allow our friends to defeat one outrage and fraud by another. There must be nothing crooked on our part. Let Mr. TILDEN have the place by violence, intimidation, and fraud rather than undertake to prevent it by means that will not bear the severest scrutiny. I appreciate the work doing by the Republicans who have gone South, and am especially proud of the acknowledged honorable conduct of those from Ohio. The Democrats made a mistake in sending so many ex-Republicans. New converts are proverbially bitter and unfair toward those they have recently left. I trust you will soon reach the end of the work, and be able to return in health and safety. Sincerely,

R. B. HAYES.

MR. EVARTS was somewhat bigoted and arbitrary in his statement of the relations between whites and blacks in the South. He knows nothing about them; but he was compelled, for the sake of his own popularity among a prejudiced party, to speak to the disadvantage of the Southern whites. He knew they would have no friends in the audience he addressed, and verified the adage that the absent are always wronged.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

MR. EVARTS was in New York to discuss the rights of citizenship which are not defined by color line or birth. With the social relations that exist in the South between whites and blacks Mr. EVARTS had nothing to do. Those belong peculiarly to those people who are endeavoring to live together in that section of the country, and no one outside of them has any right to interfere. But when a man, be he black or white, native or foreign born, is baptized into citizenship in the Constitution of the United States, he ceases to be distinguished by any other mark. He is entitled to all the rights and privileges that the Constitution has power to confer; and if these were respected in the South as they are at the North there would be no want of harmony sectionally. We should be friends under the legitimate differences of political opinion.

THE Southern Bourbons have usurped through blood and terrorism the strongholds of Republicanism in the South. They have, in short, wrested the balance of power in the government from the hands of its loyal friends. With the increased representation given to that section by the constitutional amendments they stand ready to-day to override the entire country and establish within the Union the principles they failed to establish in their rebellious struggle outside of it. These facts were never more apparent than they are now, and never more clearly appreciated by the Northern people. So true is this, that the idea of meeting force with force, of offsetting bloodshed with bloodshed, in the conduct of political campaigns in the Southern States, is no longer abhorred even by the deluded Liberals of '72 and '76, many of whom up to a few months ago, the beginning of the pending campaign, still believed in the efficacy of Conciliation. They begin to understand that they have been robbed, and their further intercourse with those who have robbed them will not unlikely be inspired by a retaliatory spirit. If the President were to say to-day to the blacks of the South: "Protect yourselves, and the Government will "protect you," every law-abiding man in the country would sustain him with words of warmest approval.

BURGLARIES AND THEFTS.

The rapidly multiplying instances of burglaries and robberies in this city, which indicate but little security to property, would argue most decidedly that we are reaping of COHEN'S sowing during the summer and fall. His teaching that where one man has more than another of this world's goods it is perfectly right to make a "divide" at will and upon the best available terms, is being demonstrated practically. Scarcely a night passes now without successful burglaries and thefts being perpetrated upon our citizens. This certainly indicates either an insufficient or an inefficient police at the present time. We are reluctant to believe that a police which has been proverbial for its efficiency has become suddenly inefficient, even under a reduction of pay, and hence we prefer to believe that our police force is insufficient for the proper protection of property after nightfall.

The burglaries and thefts that now occur are bold and successful. We seldom hear of the burglars being overtaken and captured in the act; neither are they detected and punished and the property recovered and restored to a desirable extent. This may not be the fault of the police, but it is the misfortune of those who pay taxes to secure protection. Whether this unfortunate condition of things comes of the late reduction in the compensation of our night guardians, or from the wicked teachings of dangerous men of the COHEN stripe, it is difficult to determine; but that this class of crime is rapidly on the increase is too evident for the enjoyment of a sense of security on the part of property-holders. It is to be hoped that it may receive a check before it becomes the prominent feature of our condition as a city. It certainly needs looking after.

FUEL FOR THE POOR.

As the streets are being stripped of the old wooden pavements it occurs to us that the removed blocks can and ought to be utilized for fuel for the poor, and that much suffering might be alleviated thereby. Of course we are not advised as to what disposition the District government is making of this mass of fuel, but it does seem that it should have been devoted to the ends of charity under some system which would be equitable and beneficial to a large class of indigent persons, who are approaching the cold of winter with a dreary prospect, and who in that way might possibly be saved from absolute suffering. It is to be hoped that those engaged in the charities of the District will at once take this matter in hand, and through it inaugurate a system and resource of relief that will dispense much comfort at very trifling expense. If the blocks can be obtained for the hauling, then let depositories be established at convenient points, where they can be dispensed under the auspices of some organized charity, that cheer may be carried to many a desolate and suffering habitation.

We understand that large quantities of these blocks are being stored by persons of affluence or those who are well to do, as a part of their winter fuel, and at merely nominal cost. It would seem that much more good could be accomplished by reserving and utilizing them in the cause of charity. We throw out these hints or suggestions for the consideration of the city government and almoners of our public charities, who are much more conversant with the ways best adapted to the dispensing of these comforts. The prospect is that the claims upon the charitable resources of our citizens during the coming winter are to be heavy and pressing, and that every expedient should be resorted to to spread these benefits as widely as possible.

TO REGAIN THE LOST SOUTH.

When LAMAR, GORDON & Co. were last entertained in Boston by their sycophantic Democratic friends of New England, this journal had occasion to remark in effect that their protestations of non-sectional patriotism were false beyond measure. Some of the New England newspapers answered this criticism sharply, and claimed that our acknowledged Bloody-Shirt prejudices had got the better of our judgment. We refer to the matter now, in view of the fact that these same newspapers have discovered the duplicity of HAMPTON and his rifle-club partisans in South Carolina, to explain that both LAMAR and GORDON, especially the former, are products of the same kind of political terrorism that now exists in the Palmetto State. There is not a letter, figure, or mark in the commission by which LAMAR holds his seat in the Senate that is not stained by the blood of not one, but hundreds, of murdered American citizens. He is a political outgrowth of such soul-sickening atrocities as the CHISHOLM massacre and the assassinations in Hinds and other neighboring counties in Mississippi, which preceded his election in 1876. And JOHN B. GORDON, bankrupt speculator, planter, colporteur that he is, was LAMAR'S active adviser and helpmate in that bloody campaign. That such men should be recognized anywhere in this country as fit companions for anyone who is not stained with crime is simply abhorrent; but that they should be permitted to reap the fruit of foul murder by being allowed to retain their seats in the Senate shows to what abject degradation the sham Conciliation of 1872 and subsequent years, including the sentimental gush of 1876, has brought this country.

But the time is not far distant when the eternal justice of equal rights before the law will be reasserted. The North, as we have seen, is being aroused by HAMPTON'S murderous treachery to a full appreciation of the truth regarding the Southern States, and the much-derided Disciples of the Bloody Shirt have at last got access to the country through a press reawakened to the dangers of the future. In short, the past course of THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN in treating upon these important subjects is now vindicated. The events of the coming six months, pregnant as they will be with the developments of the Nullification revolution now in progress in the South, will serve to arouse a deeper interest, and the result cannot fail to be an effort, and a serious one, to regain to the Republican party its lost vantage ground in those States. The fact that LAMAR, GORDON, BUTLER (S. C.), CHALMERS, and dozens of others of like kidney, now hold by the tenure of assassination seats in Congress which should legally be filled by Republicans, will add to the inspiration and strength of such an effort, and before the campaign of 1880 shall have begun the public sentiment of the North, which General GRANT once described as not justifying the use of troops in preserving peace in the South, will be ripe for the most extreme measures in opposition to the bloody usurpations of the Bourbons.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT?

We hear a great deal of Democratic fault finding at the renewal of what they call the "bloody shirt" excitement. They don't stop to think that if there had not been a renewal of the Ku-Klux outrages in the South there would not have been a renewal of the alarm occasioned by them in the North. The outrages are the *cause* of their *effect*. Let HAMPTON and his ilk remove the cause and the effect will disappear.

Is it the outrages in the South, or the talk about them in the North, that constitutes the crime? Is it the HAMPTONS and GARYS and MORGANS that participate in and aid and abet the perpetration of the crimes against free elections in the South, or the SHERMANS and CONKLINGS that talk about it in the North, that are the criminals? Border State optimists like Mr. HOUSE, of Tennessee, affect to believe it the latter Says Mr. HOUSE:

> In the next contest between the two great parties they will divide upon governmental policy and without sectional animosity. Oh! grander than the victory of Appomatox is the victory won by the people of the North in their noble and generous contributions to the stricken and suffering South. GOD'S own hand has bridged the bloody chasm. Let not the ambition of man seek to reopen the wounds and to rekindle the embers of sectional strife.

O, that the ambition of HAMPTON and his compeers did not demand that the 40,000 Republican majority in South Carolina should be trampled under the iron heel of his military despotism! O, that he would permit the South to divide upon governmental policy and free the Republican voters from GARY and his red-shirt guerillas.

The back-door organ of the Democracy, alias the *Post*-erior, recently indulged in a very illogical attempt at reasoning inductively from cause to effect. It argued that it was the attempt of the Republicans to hold a political meeting at Sumter that made it necessary for the Red Shirts to break it up. That it is the attempt of the Republicans to exercise their rights as voters that makes it necessary for the White Leaguers to forcibly prevent them from so doing. And, *ergo*, that the Republicans are primarily responsible for any disturbances that occur; because (logic) if they did not make the attempt to vote it would not be necessary for the Red Shirts to resort to force to prevent them. It further argues that as the HAMPTON Democracy have announced their determination to "divide the time" and speak at every Republican meeting they are as much Democratic meetings as Republican, and that if the Republicans object to such an outrage, they are trying to break up a Democratic meeting, and are therefore responsible for the consequences. It is presumable that if BOB INGERSOLL should insist upon every Christian minister "dividing his time" with him, and allowing him to demonstrate to the assembled congregation that "an honest GOD is the "noblest work of man," his attempting to "divide the time" would create a lively row in the most peaceably-disposed congregation in christendom, and that "BOB" would be held severely responsible for shooting any of the obstreperous congregation for breaking up his meeting. The *Post*-erior further argues that if Mr. GORHAM, in pursuance of his mission to secure the election of Republican Congressmen, advised Southern Republicans to organize in districts having large Republican majorities and elect one of their number to Congress, he is responsible for any blood the Red Shirts may have to shed in order to prevent the Republican from being elected; because (logic) if the Republicans did not organize and attempt to elect Radicals to Congress, it would not be necessary for the Red Shirts to resort to murder and outrage to prevent it. This reasoning is about on a par with that of a Western murderer, who held that it was not be but the parents of the murdered man that was responsible for the murder; because if the man had never been born he could not have killed him.

That the law-abiding citizens of the loyal North should view with alarm the aggressive spirit exhibited by the unrepentant rebels is but natural. That they should look with suspicion at the methods by which the Southern Democracy essay a return to their *ante-bellum* supremacy is excusable. That they should regard as intolerable a state of affairs that vests the control of the National Senate and House of Representatives in a rebellious minority of a lately rebellious section is justifiable. And that they should sternly resolve that that minority of that section should not, by those methods, elect the next President is only the part of wisdom.

In the meantime let the Southern howlers for conciliation learn that it is the high-handed outrages against the rights of American citizenship, as defined by the Constitution and laws, and not the talk about them in the North, that estranges the sections.

THE GEORGIA CAMPAIGN.

Seems to us we have heard it rumored that one E. C. WADE had been put up by the Republicans of this district as a candidate for Congress. This man WADE used to be considered by many people a gentleman. Soon after the war, however, he started out to make a martyr of himself on the altar of Republicanism. He has so far worked upon the feelings of the bloody-shirt Radicals of the North as to secure one office after another till he has now reached the office of internal revenue collector for a large portion of this State. But he has not been martyred enough yet. He now proposes to be beaten for Congress on the Republican ticket, to raise a howl about intimidation, go to Washington with a pack of affidavits made to order, and thereby secure some position more lucrative than the one at present held by him. This individual is a resident of the first district, but we suppose he saw a better opportunity for obtaining the rewards of his martyrdom on the altar of slander, libel, and abuse of good citizens in this district.

No Radical will be allowed to enter the portals of the nation's Council Chamber at Washington from dear old Georgia. No, never, never will the people of this grand old commonwealth permit such a stain to attach itself to the proud name of Georgia. Defeat, ignominious defeat, awaits whoever has the hardihood to permit his name to go before the people as a Radical candidate for Congress; and it is just and right that it should be so, for no Radical can properly serve the people of the South. To be a Radical is to desire to further depress the already overburdened people and perpetuate upon them the yoke of the bond autocrat.

Democracy has laid the foundations of this Government anew upon the principles of truth, unchanging truth, and eternal justice. They intend to reassert the personal freedom of the people as against corporate power, and the political rights of the people as against the organized despotism of the bondholders and moneyed lords of the North.

There is not a negro in Georgia who, if he had sense enough to provide a week's rations ahead, would not spurn the party organization that has for its object the entailing upon himself and family degradation; and really the Radical party does not pretend to disguise their intentions, for they want to hold on to power to still further contract the national currency and give the money power further control of the Government, and in the end hold such absolute sway and bear down so heavy upon the people that they will become indifferent and readily accept whatever form of government the already bloated moneyed aristocracy may see fit to impose upon them.

The American people are not yet willing to become a nation of rascals; and all that is necessary is to let them know full well the intentions of the Radicals, and they will in due time be hurled from place and power, to be numbered with the vilest of the vile things of the past. Away with them! Let them be hurled into that vortex from whence they can never be rescued. As a political party, the world has failed, positively failed, to produce one so damnable in all of its attitudes.

The above quotations from the *Quitman (Ga.) Reporter*, second district of that State, show the husks "our people" feed on—the pretended feeling of the people "of dear old "Georgia." Colonel E. C. WADE was born in that district; is a gentleman now, "considered by many people a gentleman" before and after the wah, and the red-shirted, bloody-handed Democracy cannot make anything else of him. When the Democracy, with their red shirts, flaunt them and cry about "the feelings of the bloody-shirt "Radicals of the North," they ignore purposely "unchanging truth and eternal justice." There is not a man in all the South—not one in Georgia or any other State—better entitled to the confidence of his fellow-men, the right hand of fellowship of true Americans, North or South, the ampleest protection of this great Government, than EDWARD C. WADE. And it is the duty of this Administration to see to it that he is not ruthlessly slaughtered by the red-shirted Democracy of his Congressional district. That district is honestly a Republican district. It has an honest majority of the honest voters, and whether "the American people are not willing to "become a nation of rascals" remains to be seen. Colonel WADE ought to be elected, and if the Democracy of his district do not verify that they are "rascals" he will be elected. Nor could any man, no matter who he is, or what he has been in the past, be elected from the State of Georgia who would more honorably represent his people, or more honorably fill his seat in the Forty-sixth Congress of the nation. The only fault with Colonel WADE in his district is that he is a Republican. We hope he may be elected.

PERSONAL.

LONDON'S latest popular song is "Flip up, old boy, flip up!"

MRS. EDWIN L. STANTON has taken a suit of rooms at Wormley's.

HON. J. J. JOHNSON, of South Carolina, is at the Ebbitt House.

CAPTAIN E. W. REMEY, U. S. N., is quartered at the Ebbitt House.

S. R. HADDOCK and wife, of Philadelphia, are at the Riggs House.

G. N. EMMONS and wife, U. S. A., are quartered at the Ebbitt House.

PAYMASTER JOHN H. STEVENSON, U. S. N., is booked at the Ebbitt House.

CHARLES AND ARTHUR RINGROSE, of England, are guests at Wormley's.

GUSTAVE DORE, the celebrated French artist, is coming to this country.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* wants "Baby Mine" spanked and put to bed.

DR. G. W. LAWRENCE, of Hot Springs, Ark., is a guest at the Ebbitt House.

LIEUTENANT G. B. LIVINGSTON, U. S. N., is anchored at the Ebbitt House.

The Princess Tayra, of Denmark, averages four refusals of marriage a month.

GAIL HAMILTON'S hair is said to be turning from red to a pale yellow this autumn.

WILLIAM B. KERN and S. D. COZZENS, of New York, are stopping at the Riggs House.

THERE is a rumor that Augustin Daly is to manage the Royal Surrey Theatre, London.

MR. AND MRS. F. BURGWINKEL, of Bonn, Germany, are sojourning at the Ebbitt House.

AN Iowa man has named his daughters Time and Tide, so that they will have to wait for no man.

MRS. FLORENCE PATTERSON, the very wealthy and liberal niece of Madame Bonaparte, has recently died.

MRS. G. ROBENS SMITH and Mr. and Mrs. C. Morton Smith, of Philadelphia, are registered at the Riggs House.

BIERSTADT wants to open a gallery in London or Paris, composed of the productions of the best American painters and sculptors.

THE Rev. George F. Pentecost, who has lately become an evangelist, is conducting successfully a series of Bible lectures in Philadelphia.

JUDGE JOHN F. DILLON has sold his residence in Davenport, Iowa, and will shortly remove to St. Louis, where he will locate permanently.

REV. JOSIAH HENSHAW, Mrs. Stowe's original Uncle Tom, recently saw in a Detroit theatre for the first time a performance of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

MRS. JERVIS MCENTEE, wife of the well-known artist, died in Rondout, N. Y., last week. Mrs. McEntee was daughter of the Rev. Dr. Sawyer, of Tufts College.

WILLIAM CHARLES LAWSON, once a slave, has been ordained a Baptist minister, and presides over a thriving congregation in Baltimore, built up by his own efforts.

PRINCE HENRY, second son of the Crown Prince of Germany, a grandson of Queen Victoria, is a lieutenant in the Navy, and now out for a two years' voyage on the Prince Adelbert.

GOVERNOR BRADLEY, of Nevada, doesn't like the diamond drill. "Don't use them air machinery, my son," he said to a superintendent on the Comstock; "the old way's always the best."

MRS. SPLAN, the wife of the driver of Rarus, was presented with a handsome gold chain and cross by the officers of the Omaha Driving Association, while sojourning in that city last week.

CAPTAIN JUDKINS, who was for some years commodore of the Cunard Atlantic fleet, and commanded various steamers of the line for thirty years, died recently near Liverpool, at the age of sixty-nine.

ELI H. BENNETT has been re-elected treasurer of Norwalk, Conn., for the fifteen time. They found him an honest man and keep him. He has never failed to account for every dollar that came under his charge.

THE oldest house in America is the Horton mansion, at Southold, L. I. In the year 1639 a colony of thirteen persons from England landed in the harbor, among whom was Barnabas Horton, the builder of the house.

MR. JACKSON H. RALSTON, a young gentleman who has been well known in this city as a printer, as a law student, as president of the Workingmen's Assembly, and as a delegate of American printers to Paris, will leave this morning for Quincy, Ill., where he intends to enter upon the practice of the law. Mr. Ralston, though very young, had, by hard study and indomitable courage, already become a leader among his associates, all of whom wish him success in his new departure in life.

ON last Friday afternoon the well-informed correspondent of the Indianapolis *Journal* in this city ascertained that Anderson had made a confession. He at once telegraphed the salient points of the confession to his paper, informing the *Journal* that Anderson was in Indianapolis. A reporter was dispatched to hunt Anderson up, and after long search he was found and interviewed; the interview appearing in the *Sunday Journal*. The Indianapolis *Herald* flattered itself that it would first give light to Anderson's story, but, alas! for that paper, an interview with him appeared eight hours earlier in the *Journal*, the *Herald* being an evening paper.

A Beautiful Trio.

[Harrisburg Telegraph.]

A beautiful Democratic trio of candidates for office—Curtin, the hero of shoddy contracts and tonnage tax; Dimmick, the blackmailer, and Beamish, the convict pardoned out of the penitentiary.

Clams for His Serried Hosts.

[Boston Post.]

Butler tries clams for his serried hosts on the coast, ox meat at the heart of the Commonwealth, and will suffer us to suggest rider in the Connecticut Valley, where he expects to leave his political tracks for the political geologists of the aeons to come.

Mr. Peters Must Go.

[Maryland Union, Dem.]

We have not been opposed to the nomination of any of the able and distinguished gentlemen whose names were mentioned in this connection, except Mr. Peter, and only opposed to his nomination because he cannot carry the Democratic vote, and defeat with him would be as certain as death.

Enterprise in Mendacity.

[Cleveland Leader.]

The Washington *Post* was started to demonstrate that a Democratic daily could be published at the National Capital. Its efforts to make a living have been attended with difficulties. Lately it has adopted the plan of getting up and publishing at intervals a good, square, substantial lie about some important matter which other newspapers would be likely to copy and take the chances of its proving unfounded. The *Post* will learn after a while that this kind of enterprise pays small dividends. The *Post* would have liked to be the organ of the Tilden administration, only Mr. Tilden hasn't any administration to speak of.

The South Carolina Villainy.

[Wilmington (N. C.) Post.]

The rascally proceedings of the Hamptonites in South Carolina are now carried to such an extent that they involve in their criminalities not only Hampton himself, but every other person who gives his assent to the illegal acts of the law-breakers. They all stand before the country as willful and malicious violators of the law, and are as much criminals as any one can be who openly violates its provisions. The facts are beyond dispute. Armed bodies in every county where it is necessary to elect Democrats in the face of overwhelming Republican majorities, are openly, in the day time, parading in bodies of from 100 to 500, breaking up by violence Republican meetings, maltreating citizens, and bringing disgrace upon themselves and their State by conduct which places them in the category of the meanest and most detestable criminals. Hampton, after all his promises of protection to citizens in fair elections, is not only looking upon these outrages without a word of reprobation, but countenances them, sometimes by his presence and sometimes by permitting the officers of his personal staff to become participants. Right on the borders of our own peaceful State, almost within our hearing, these barbarous acts are being perpetrated, so that we can almost hear the filthy jargon of demoniac mobs.

The Old Home of the Grants.

[Vanceburg (Ky.) Courier.]

Not many of those who are reading about General Grant's triumphant tour through Europe are aware of the fact that Lewis County was at one time the home of the Grant family, and that they engaged successfully in the tannery business in this county. Such, however, is the fact, and many of our citizens were intimately acquainted with Jesse, the father, and Ulysses S., Samuel Simpson, and Orville, the three sons. The Fryer tanyard, near Esculapia Springs, in this county, was somewhere about thirty years ago, the property of Jesse Grant and his son Simpson. They managed their tanyard with much success and were very popular citizens and neighbors. Judge Holbrook, an old and prominent lawyer of Vanceburg, was an intimate friend of the Grants, and describes them as very genial and clever men. After a residence of several years here the family sold out and moved to Galena, Ill., and our people, in a measure, lost sight of them. When the war broke out and General Grant was becoming known all over the country many of our citizens did not at first connect him with the same family that formerly resided here, but he flashed into notoriety so fast that inquiries were made, and it was soon ascertained that he was the same man who formerly visited his father near Esculapia and spent much of his time with the old gentleman. General Grant at the time lived with his father-in-law, Mr. Dent, near St. Louis. Those who knew him here say he was then a very quiet sort of a man, talking but little, but very polite and agreeable in a peculiar way. No one every dreamed in those days that the quiet man who frequently came to the county was destined to be twice President of the United States and the Commander-in-Chief of the American army, and that he was destined to be the guest of kings and emperors.

A BLESSING to humanity is what Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can well be termed, for it has done more good already than any other medicine.

DIED.

DULANEY.—On the 26th instant, at his residence Eleventh street southwest, JOHN FRANCIS DULANEY.

His funeral will take place from St. Paul's Church (southwest), at 12 o'clock m. Tuesday. Friends of the family are invited to attend. [Star.]

HENRY LEE'S SONS,
UNDERTAKERS
332 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE N. W.
Branch Offices, 404 Pennsylvania avenue S. E. 1436 Maryland av. S. W. aug24-tf

W. R. SPEARE,
UNDERTAKER
(formerly with R. F. Harvey),
940 F Street Northwest,
One door east of Tenth street.
Burial Caskets of all grades and styles.
Bodies embalmed and prepared for transportation.
Lady attendants at short notice.
Everything strictly FIRST-CLASS, and on the most reasonable terms. je7-tf

TURCO-RUSSIAN AND SULPHUR BATHS,
AT 901 E STREET, NEAR NINTH. oct16-1y

Wood and Coal.

W. H. MARLOW,
COAL! NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR COAL! COAL!
WOOD! WOOD!
BEST QUALITY AND LOW PRICES!
Selected stock of celebrated coals—
"LEF" WHITE ASH.
"LYKENS VALLEY" RED ASH.
LORBERRY RED ASH.
In these dull times, to save money, call early at W. H. MARLOW'S,
Eighth and Streets southwest.
Branch yard—A, between Second and Third streets northwest.
Branch office—Taylor's cigar-store, corner Ninth street and New York avenue. jy25-tf

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JOHNSON BROTHERS.
WOOD. TELEPHONIC CONNECTIONS. COAL.
FULL WEIGHT.
COAL. BEST QUALITY. WOOD.
LOW PRICES.
WOOD. PROMPT DELIVERIES. COAL.
Main office, wharves, mill, and depot connected with uptown offices by TELEPHONE.
With unequaled facilities and advantages for economically conducting the Wood and Coal trade, wharves, factory, extensive store yards enabling us to stock up largely when coal is lowest, offices throughout the city, and all in immediate communication, insuring prompt attention to orders, we are prepared to offer to our patrons the best varieties of coal at the very lowest prices.
Remember, we insure a strictly pure coal, of 2,240 pounds to the ton.
JOHNSON BROTHERS,
Main office, mill, and depot, foot of Twelfth, Thirteenth, and F streets southwest.
Offices: 1202 F street northwest. 1112 Ninth street northwest. 1418 Seventh street northwest. 221 Pennsylvania avenue southeast.
jy13tf

COKE DOWN TO FOUR CENTS.
80 BUSHELS DELIVERED FOR $2.95.
GASLIGHT OFFICE,
oct5-tf 411 and 413 Tenth street.

Professional.

GEORGE B. WELCH,
DENTIST,
219 Four-and-a-Half street.
Dentistry in all its branches. Ten years' perfect success with nitrous oxide gas. oct1

DR. A. H. TAYLOR,
SURGEON DENTIST,
418 F STREET, OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE.
Beautiful sets of teeth at $5; teeth filled, 50 cents; extracting, 50 cents. jel0-1y

DR. C. DeMONTREVILLE,
DENTIST,
No. 1222 F street northwest, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets. (Same house with Dr. C. C. Cox.)
Office hours daily 9 to 4. Sundays 2 to 4 p. m.
WASHINGTON CITY.
Thirty years experience. Celluloid, Gold, Platina, and continuous Gum Work. Platinized Gold Fillings in Front Teeth as Artistic specialty.
References: Colonel W. R. Rogers, Private Secretary to the President; General William G. Lebuc, Commissioner of Agriculture; Hon. John J. Knox, Comptroller of Currency; Senator McMillan; Governor Alex. Ramsey; Governor C. K. Davis, and others.

DENTIST. HOWLAND DENTAL Association, 211 Pennsylvania avenue, EXTRACT TEETH UNDER NITROUS OXIDE, WITHOUT PAIN, for $1 each tooth; without gas, 50 cents each tooth. Artificial Teeth $7 per set. Gold and Amalgam Fillings inserted. All work warranted first-class.
Dr. E. P. Howland has administered Nitrous Oxide to over 25,000 persons. jel-1y

DR. BOSWORTH, 918 E STREET N. W., IS THE most skillful and the only scientific Medical Electrician ever in this city. All nervous and chronic diseases positively cured. Female diseases a specialty. Refers to Senators D. W. Voorhees, Indiana; J. J. Patterson, S. C.; Samuel Norment, Washington, D. C., and others. Consultation free. oct7-1y

Amusements.

NATIONAL THEATRE.
LAST NIGHTS! LAST NIGHTS!
of the eminently successful engagement of
EMMA ABBOTT
and the
HESS GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.
This (Tuesday) evening (October 29) will be presented for the only time this season Auber's Grand Opera of
FRA DIAVOLO,
with a remarkably strong cast, including MISS MONTAGUE, MRS. SEGUIN, MESSRS. CASTLE, TURNER, SEGUIN, RYSE, Warren, Tams, &c., with FULL CHORUS AND GRAND ORCHESTRA!
WEDNESDAY,
MIGNON.
ABBOTT, MONTAGUE, CASTLE, RYSE,
THURSDAY,
CHIMES OF NORMANDY.
FRIDAY, BENEFIT OF EMMA ABBOTT,
FAUST.
GRAND CHIMES MATINEE SATURDAY.
Grand Farewell Performance on Saturday Evening, THE ENTIRE OPERA COMPANY APPEARING. PRICES—Orchestra chairs, $1.25; general admission, 75 and 50 cents (reserved seats 25 cents extra); gallery, 25 cents. oct29

WASHINGTON GYMNASIUM.
The fixtures of the old Gymnasium, on Louisiana avenue, having been purchased by DAVIS, OBLUM & CASSELMAN, they will reopen the same on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, at 3 o'clock p. m. The fixtures will be removed to the building lately occupied by the Swimming School, on E STREET, between Sixth and Seventh streets, which is now being fitted up in fine style, and will be opened on NOVEMBER 10. A fine Reading Room will be connected with the Gymnasium. oct29-2w

THEATRE COMIQUE.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 28, NIGHTLY, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MATINEES,
The Great Comedian, MDLE. FRANCIS, in his Great Drama, DEAD TO THE WORLD. Our new Specialty Artists: Moore Sister—Eunice and Laura. Parker Sisters—Georgie and Lizzie. Livingston Brothers and John Murtz, the Great Gymnasts. Fannie, V. Reynolds, Perry and Magrew, and our mammoth stock company in a grand bill, Jake Budd's BIG-FOOT WALLACE this week. oct28

FORD'S OPERA-HOUSE.
AMERICA'S GRAND NOVELTY!
MONDAY, TUESDAY, AND WEDNESDAY, OCT. 28, 29, AND 30—MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
The justly celebrated and great original
MME. RENTZ'S MINSTRELS
and the superb and exclusive
MABEL SANTLEY'S BURLESQUE COMPANY.
Absolutely the most brilliant, novel and attractive entertainment in the world, embracing the following galaxy of talent: Mab