NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLAYING-CARDS

Of all sorts and qualities at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES,

FOR SALE AT

SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore,

Cor. Four-and-a-half street and Penn'a avenue. ja29

MILLINERY.

MME. L. P. JEANNERET, OF BALTIMORE, has just received a new case of FRENCH BONNETS and ROUND HATS, carefully selected by herself in Paris, at No. 1007, over Gall's jewelry store, Pennsylvania avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, Washington, D. C. de1

Arrival of Passenger Trains

AT BALTIMORE AND POTOMAC DEPOT, SIXTH AND B STREETS.

Morning.		Evening.	
Wash'g'n night line...	6:25	Balt., Phila., & Boston	1:00
Alexandria.....	6:40	Richmond day line....	1:10
Alexandria.....	7:40	Alexandria.....	1:25
Alexandria.....	8:25	Alexandria.....	3:25
Accom. from Balt.....	8:45	Limited express.....	4:05
North and West.....	8:55	Alexandria.....	4:45
Alexandr'a.....	9:25	Wash'g'n day line....	4:50
Alexandria.....	10:25	Alexandria.....	5:25
Wash'g'n passenger...	11:00	Alexandria.....	6:40
Alexandria.....	11:25	Wash'g'n passenger....	6:50
		Alexandria.....	7:23
		North and West.....	9:00
		Richmond night line...	9:45
		Alexandria.....	12:25

AT BALTIMORE AND OHIO DEPOT, NEW JERSEY AVENUE AND C STREET.

Morning.		Evening.	
*2:40, St. Louis & Cin. ex.		*1:50, Baltimore accom.	
*3:35 Phila. & N. Y. ex.		4:30, Baltimore accom.	
*7:20, Chic'o & Pitts'g ex.		5:00, N. Y., Phil & Bos ex.	
8:20, Baltimore and way stations.		5:05 Piedmont, Strasburg Winchester, Fred'ck Hagerstown, Point of Rocks & way stations.	
8:25, Fred. acc. (Met. br'ch.)		*6:37 Baltimore accom.	
9:27, Baltimore, Annapolis express		*7:20 Baltimore express.	
2:40, Martinsburg and Hagerstown ac. (Metropolitan branch.)		*7:35, Baltimore & way stations.	
*10:30, Baltimore accom.		*8:00, Chicago & St. Louis.	
11:30, Baltimore express.		*9:40, N. Y., Phil. & Boston express.	

*Arrive daily. Others Sundays excepted.

☞ For the time of departure of trains, see advertisements elsewhere.

Amusements.

NATIONAL THEATRE.—Lawrence Barrett.

FORD'S OPERA-HOUSE—Comedy season.

THEATRE COMIQUE.—Variety performance.

New Advertisements.

Lecture by Hon. Fred Douglass.

National Theatre—Lawrence Barrett.

Charity ball by the Children's Hospital.

Lecture by Robert G. Ingersoll, February 23.

United States Marshal's sale in favor of Richard W. Mann.

Academy of Music, Baltimore, Md., Her Majesty's Opera Company.

Trustee sale of a two-story brick dwelling, No. 12 F street northwest. John Sherman & Co., auctioneers.

Thermometric Readings.

OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL-OFFICER, U. S. A., Feb. 10, 1879.

7 a. m.....	23	9 p. m.....	35
7:35 a. m.....	24	11 p. m.....	35
12 m.....	36	Maximum.....	38
2 p. m.....	38	Minimum.....	22
4:35 p. m.....	38		

Indications.

For New England and the Middle States falling barometer, warmer southeast to southwest winds, and generally cloudy weather, with rain or snow.

HOME AFFAIRS.

CITY NOTES.

—The first annual ball of the Washington chariot drivers will be given on the 20th instant.

—M. Cora Bland, M. D., will deliver a lecture in Lincoln Hall Chapel this evening on the "Germ Theory of Disease," illustrating her subject by the stereopticon.

—Mrs. M. D. Lincoln, in a communication to THE REPUBLICAN, desires to express her thanks to Mr. Fred Souder, driver of chariot No. 8, who returned to her a mink boa lost two weeks ago. Mr. Souder took great pains to discover the owner.

—The steamer Arctic, Brower, arrived yesterday at Johnson's wharves, preparatory to going to Alexandria, for the purpose of undergoing thorough repairs. The Mary Eliza Jones, Philadelphia, also arrived at the same wharf.

—The entire stock of books, stationery, and fancy goods at Mr. Germond Crandell's old stand, corner of Seventh and D streets, is being sold at auction, as Mr. Crandell desires to retire from business. The sales will be continued every day, at ten a. m. and seven p. m., until the stock is sold out.

Last night, about nine o'clock, Officers Kellum, Shanks, and Larrabee, of the Sixth Precinct, made a raid upon the gang of young Crow Hill rowdies who infest the corners in the vicinity of New Jersey avenue and Third street and insult passers by. They succeeded in gathering in three of the crowd and marched them to the Sixth Precinct Station, where they were locked up.

—At the third regular monthly meeting of the Third Washington Co-operative Building Association, held at their hall last evening, there was a good attendance, and advantage was taken of the books being yet open for new subscribers. Three thousand dollars was sold at an average of about 100 per cent. premium. It is contemplated to close the books at the next meeting.

SOLID gold Watches from $16 up; silver Americas Watch $12.50, at R. Harris & Co.'s, 435 Seventh street.

Death of Judge Joseph Casey.

Judge Joseph Casey, a prominent lawyer, died at the Riggs House yesterday morning, between three and four o'clock. He was attacked with acute pneumonia while attending to duties at his office on the 3d instant. This was relieved in the course of a few days, when he was attacked with an affection of the heart, which resulted fatally. Judge Casey was born in 1814, in Washington County, Md., studied law in Carlisle, Pa., and was admitted to the bar in 1838. He made rapid and brilliant progress in his profession. In 1848 he was elected to Congress from the old thirteenth district of Pennsylvania and served one term. President Lincoln appointed him Judge of the Court of Claims in 1861, and upon the reorganization of that court in 1863 he was promoted to the position of Chief Justice, which he held until December 1, 1870, when he resigned to resume the practice of law in this city.

He was greatly respected and beloved by all who knew him. During his residence in the District he was an earnest advocate of its claims upon Congress. He was one of the leading members and a regular attendant of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Announcement of his death was made yesterday morning in the Court of Claims by Assistant Attorney-General Simons, and the court adjourned out of respect.

A meeting of the Bar Association will be held at the Court of Claims room at noon today to take appropriate action.

Separating from a Bad Wife.

Mr. Bainbridge H. Webb, as solicitor for John G. Monckleim, has filed a bill for divorce from his wife, Ida Monckleim. The parties are both residents of the District, and were married June 30, 1869, by the Rev. Mr. Retz. He states that a few years after their marriage the wife acted in a strange and unaccountable manner. She assumed to be dissatisfied and would leave the complainant's house and remain away for months at a time. Although for several years there was a good deal of scandal affecting the good character of the defendant, yet the plaintiff never believed that she was unfaithful to her marriage vows until the last few weeks. In the year 1874 she left him and went to house No. 12 Fell street, Baltimore, Md., and remained several months. He has since learned, during that time, she led an immoral life and committed adultery with various parties. In 1875 she lived several months at a house kept by Mrs. Miller, on D, between Thirteen and Thirteen-and-a-half streets, in this city, a notorious bad house, where these acts of adultery were repeated. In 1878 she rented a room on Ninth street, between E and F streets northwest, where she is now living and leading an immoral life.

GOLD-FILLED Bracelets from $2 a pair up, at R. Harris & Co.'s, 435 Seventh street.

THE WORKINGMAN'S ASSEMBLY.

A Cold Shoulder to Isaac Cohen—Other Matters of interest.

The Workingmen's Assembly met last evening, Captain E. B. Robinson in the chair and J. T. Christian secretary.

The credentials of Messrs. J. W. Pryor, W. Cooper, and W. H. James as delegates from Lincoln Lodge, No. 1, Brotherhood of Labor, were read and referred to the committee on organization for examination.

A communication was read from the Journeymen Soft Stone-Cutters' Association, stating that they intended reorganizing and would send delegates to the Assembly.

The chair stated that he had visited the Capitol and conferred with members of the Committee on Education and Labor, and ascertained that it would be impossible to accomplish anything looking to the establishment of a National Bureau of Labor Statistics during the present session.

COHEN DENIED ADMISSION.

Mr. Hamilton read the following report from the committee on organization upon the credentials of Isaac Cohen as a delegate from the Brotherhood of Labor:

We, the majority of the committee on organization, having had under consideration the credentials of Isaac Cohen, from the Brotherhood of Labor, have agreed to report adversely thereon for the following reasons:

First—It is a well-known fact that Isaac Cohen made application to become a member of the Assembly about a year ago and was refused admission upon good and sufficient reasons. After his fruitless attempt he went upon the streets and congregated together a few of the lowest class of colored people and made speeches and excited them to riot, and blackguarded the Assembly and everybody connected with it. And finally he made himself so obnoxious to the public that he had to be suppressed, and was finally arrested and placed in jail.

Second—That he is not a workingman, and is only seeking to make his living off the poor, ignorant colored people and those of the whites who allow themselves to be gulled by him.

Third—That we want only men in this body who can command the respect of the citizens of the District. We want men who are willing to earn their living honestly and conscientiously. We want no parasites to suck the life from this body. The mere fact of his coming here as a delegate was only a cunningly devised plan to create discord in the Assembly by the enemies that have long been at work to destroy its usefulness, because they were unable to use it in their own interest.

Fourth—That his admission here will only result in dissolution, as three of the solid unions will withdraw rather than be associated with him.

For these reasons we have made the report adversely, and ask the Assembly to adopt the following:

Resolved, That the credentials of Isaac Cohen, from the Brotherhood of Labor, be returned to that body, with instructions that if they desire to be represented they must send some one who is acceptable to the Assembly and can command the respect of society.

J. P. HAMILTON,
B. G. McDONALD,
E. L. BARKER.

Messrs. Thomas, Barker, Hamilton, Christian, and Craney spoke in favor of adopting the report of the committee, and Messrs. Welch, Schreiner, Bell, and Spier against it.

Upon being put to a vote the report was adopted, with but two dissenting votes, and the credentials were ordered to be returned to the Brotherhood of Labor.

Mr. McDonald stated that the proposed library and reading-room would probably be open by the 1st of April. Hon. A. R. Shepherd and other gentlemen had donated a number of valuable books, and the finances would be forthcoming when necessary.

Letters were read from the Miners' Union, of Nanticoke, Pa.; the Workingmen's Union, of Indianapolis, Ind., and the Moulders' Union, of New Albany, Ind., acknowledging the receipt of the circular of the Assembly relative to a proposed labor congress, to be held in this city, and expressing their intention of sending delegates, if the congress should be decided advisable.

A DISTRICT DELEGATE IN CONGRESS.

The next business in order was the consideration of the resolution offered by Mr. Thomas at the last meeting of the Assembly, declaring that the District of Columbia was entitled to a Delegate in the United States Congress to look after its interests.

Messrs. Thomas, Barker, and Beron discussed the subject at length, after which it was put upon its passage and adopted.

Mr. McDonald sent to the secretary's table and had read an article in THE REPUBLICAN relative to employing paupers at the workhouse, which was referred to the judiciary committee.

A request that Cohen be allowed ten minutes to vindicate himself was promptly voted down.

Mr. Craney made a motion, which was carried, that a committee of three be appointed to wait on the Commissioners and request them to pay $1.50 per day to every man employed in filling up the old canal. Messrs. Craney, Schreiner, and McCarthy were appointed as the committee to look after the subject.

The Assembly then went into executive session.

A Magnificent Cluster Diamond Ring,

seven very large white stones, for $150, real value $250, at Jacobs Brothers, 1229 Pennsylvania avenue.

PATENT LAW.

An Association of Gentlemen in Search of Knowledge.

A number of young gentlemen interested in the study of patent law and practice have united themselves into an association having for its object the instruction of its members in patent law and practice. In pursuance of this object it is the intention of the association to invite gentlemen distinguished for their skill and experience in patent law to give them the benefit thereof, in the form of lectures, as soon as the organization is effected and a proper place of meeting is secured. The following gentlemen have enrolled themselves as members of the association: L. W. Seely (with Ellis Spear), R. N. Dyer (with George Dyer & Co.), C. Clarence Poole, Vinton Coombs (with J. J. Coombs), M. Church (with L. Hill), J. W. Hamilton Johnson, William H. Brereton, William W. Dodge (with Dodge & Son), William F. Morsell (with Evans & Co.), F. O. McCleary (with Leggett & Leggett), G. I. Seymour (with H. A. Seymour), James H. Lange (with Edson Bros.), E. A. Dick (with A. Pollock), Charles J. Gooch (with Knight Bros.), Robert M. Barr (with S. Gilmore & Co.), Theodore Mungen, D. D. Kane, Charles A. Neale, William Bagger, Bartram Zevely, F. B. Brock, Philip Mauro, Walter Allen (with Knight Brothers), George T. Smallwood, jr., H. W. Cragin, H. L. Perrine, William H. Finckel, and Floyd Norris (Johnson & Johnson).

The Commissioner of Patents, to whom the paper stating the objects of the association was submitted, sent the following letter in reply:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10, 1879.

Messrs. R. N. Dyer, L. W. Seely, and others, city:

GENTLEMEN: I have examined the paper which you handed me relating to the proposed lectures on patent law. The public and the Patent Office, as well as inventors, are interested in the qualifications of patent attorneys, and it is evident that the course of lectures and instruction contemplated by your association must be of special benefit to those who shall avail themselves of it. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, H. E. PAINE, Commissioner of Patents.

Fires.

The alarm of fire turned in from box 26, about 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning, was occasioned by the discovery of fire in house No. 1621 Sixth street, occupied by Henry Beales. The damage to the furniture and bedding amounted to about $50. The house was not damaged. The fire was extinguished by the police and a number of citizens. The fire department responded promptly but did not go into action. The fire was caused by a child accidentally dropping a piece of lighted paper on a feather bed.

Real Estate Transfers.

William A. Richardson to Elizabeth Pinkney for $700, part of lot 33, square 336; Moses Bradshaw to F. W. Howe for $6,000, 116.84 acres of land adjoining the Reform School; Samuel Cross to J. R. Spransey for $3,200, lot 25, square 972; William H. Main to Laura Anderson for $1, lots 308, 309, 310, Uniontown; Laura Anderson to William H. Main for $1, lots 308, 309, 310, Uniontown.

FOR upward of thirty years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. An old and well-tried remedy. 25 cents a bottle.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Things Which Happened About Town Yesterday.

The Labor League to Welcome Senator Logan—Lively Runaway—The Last Indian Council—Certificates of Incorporation Filed—Miss May Marshall's Work—Death of Operator Kendig.

The Labor League and Senator Logan.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Labor League last evening Mr. John Pope Hodnett presented letters from Michael Cooney, of the New Orleans S. L. L. of Louisiana, and from John D. Carroll, of the Brooklyn S. L. L., of New York, tendering the congratulations of the labor leagues of those States to Senator-elect Logan. Mr. Hodnett said that the Labor League would assemble at No. 307 Missouri avenue, between Third and Four-and-a-half streets, on the occasion of the reception, and thence march to the City Hall and get into line with the Illinois delegation. Captain John M. Collins was elected marshal of the Labor League, with Atlas Ford, Charles Butler, and William S. Solomon as aids. The following were appointed a reception committee on behalf of the Labor League to meet General Logan and deliver an address of welcome to him: John Pope Hodnett, Captain John M. Collins, Thomas McMahon, Luke McGavry, Thomas J. Burns, Silas Hopkins, John Daggs, Frederick Frazer, Dennis Purvis, George F. Dixon, Joshua King, and Diggs Wormly.

Certificates of Incorporation Filed.

A certificate of incorporation in the name of the Academy of the Holy Cross was filed yesterday by the following corporators: Mary Agnes Corby, Mary Owens, Margaret Mahoney, Annie Smith, Marie Gourdelle, Annie M. Murphy, and Frances Porter. The object is for the purpose of education and religion.

There has been filed in the Recorder's office a certificate of incorporation in the name of the Ladies United Reaper Benevolent Society of the District of Columbia. The incorporators are Sarah A. Robinson, Augusta Clark, Fanny Warner, Mary James, and Mary A Dorsey; and the object is for benevolent and charitable purposes.

Death of Samuel B. Kendig.

Mr. Samuel B. Kendig, sr., the well-known telegraph operator at Police Headquarters, died at his residence, in South Washington, last evening. The deceased had been afflicted with dropsy, which was the cause of his death, for a long time. Mr. Kendig was in his sixty-seventh year, and leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss. He was born in Geneva, N. Y., but during the latter years of his life has resided in the District. While stationed at Police Headquarters as operator he became very popular with all who had business in the office, and especially with the newspaper reporters. His death causes sincere regret among a large circle of friends.

Miss Marshall Nearing the Goal.

The success of Miss May Marshall is now almost assured, as at three o'clock this morning she had completed 2,042 quarters, and was still in excellent condition. The gymnasium on E street is becoming the afternoon resort, as crowds of ladies and gentlemen of the best portion of the community are in attendance every day at that time. The afternoon is the best time to visit the place, as the plucky pedestrienne is then more lively. During her tour of the track yesterday she was accompanied several quarters by lady visitors, who appeared very much pleased with their journey.

A Lively Runaway.

Yesterday, about twelve o'clock, a horse belonging to J. B. Olcott, which was attached to a hansom cab, became frightened while standing on New York avenue near Sixth street, and ran away up New York avenue. In going through Mount Vernon Square, he ran into and demolished a bench; when near Ninth street; he ran into a wagon belonging to T. S. Gartrell, and knocked off a wheel; at the corner of Tenth street he ran into a tree and the vehicle getting caught he was brought short up. The hansom was badly damaged.

The Indian Council.

The Indian Council in Lincoln Hall Chapel last night was ably addressed by Major-General R. H. Milroy, who for the past seven years has been in the Indian service in the far West; Major Picket, and Jacob Troth, Quaker agents, and others, and at the close Colonel Meacham announced that, as the danger of the transfer of the Indians to the War Department was past for the present, he thought it best to adjourn the council until Congress meets in the fall.

A Superbly Mounted Nine Stone

Cluster Diamond Ring for $45, at Jacobs Brothers, 1229 Pennsylvania avenue.

SOCIETY MATTERS.

Receptions on Capitol Hill—Other Events.

The receptions on Capitol Hill were especialy attractive, and a large number of calls were received by Mrs. General Dunn, Mrs. Judge Field, Mrs. Lincoln, "Bessie Beech," and others, who receive on Monday, but the most popular entertainment was at General Butler's residence, where Miss Heard and Miss Stevens gave an informal dancing reception. They were assisted by Mrs. Senator Jones, Mrs. Lieutenant Reid, Mademoiselle de Zamacona (daughter of the Mexican Minister), Miss Carpenter, Miss Gouverneur, and Miss Stevens (daughter of Commodore Stevens). The toilets were exquisite. Miss Heard looked lovely in Vesuvius red, combined with black velvet, brocaded with the same color and trimmed with white lace. Mrs. Senator Jones wore a silk in a delicate shade of blue, plain and brocade combined. At one time, between two and five o'clock, twenty-five carriages were counted near General Butler's. The excellent music, choice refreshments, and select guests made a very delightful reception.

Mrs. Professor Fairlamb, who returned from Philadelphia last evening, did not give a reception, although a great many called to pay their respects. Professor Fairlamb, now with Ford's opera troupe, will be gone several weeks. Next Monday evening Mrs. Fairlamb will be assisted by leading artists and receive as usual.

The pound party to have been given at the Riggs House this evening has been postponed until Thursday evening on account of Judge Casey's death.

Last Thursday evening Misses Hattie and Emma Ward, daughters of Colonel Ward, of the Soldiers' Home, gave a very enjoyable party at their country residence.

Lively Stock Operations.

The current of recent events has given great impetus to business in Wall street, and many successful turns are reported where immense profits are made in short periods. The most successful way that we have heard of yet for operating in stocks is by the combination method of Messrs. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, New York. By this system thousands of orders in various sums are pooled into one vast capital and operated under the most experienced and skillful management, thus securing to each shareholder superior advantages and profits, not possible in any other way. Profits are paid at end of thirty days. J. Jones, of Boston, made $747.30 on an investment of $100. Many others are doing as well or better. Capital in any amount from $10 to $100,000 can be used with equal proportionate success by this combination or *co operative* method. $15 would make $75, or 5 per cent, on the stock; $100 would return $900, or 9 per cent, during the month, and so on, according to the market. The new circular contains "two unerring rules for success" and full information, so that any one can operate with profit. Stocks and bonds wanted. Deposits received. Government bonds supplied. Apply to Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, New York City.

YELLOW FEVER.

Want of Sewers in New Orleans.

The estimated cost of the recent epidemic is stated at $200,000,000, and that the loss at New Orleans alone is placed at $15,335,000. Now, I propose to save not only the lives of thousands of human beings, but millions of treasure in the future. I propose to point out not only the cause, but a plan for the prevention of yellow fever in New Orleans. If my plan be adopted by the commission on epidemic diseases, we shall hear no more of yellow fever in that city.

The periodic appearance of yellow fever at New Orleans has been going on for a long series of years; to my certain knowledge for the past forty-seven years. I well remember that as far back as the year 1832, the yellow fever at New Orleans was a common remark in Baltimore, Md., my native city. The term "yellow jack" was sometimes applied to it, and that familiar name became a household word. About the year 1820 the yellow fever made its appearance in the city of Batimore, imported there, doubtless, by shipping from New Orleans. The yelloy fever in Baltimore, I remember hearing it said, was mostly confined to that part of the city known as Fell's Point, which is considerably below the level of the north part, or "up town" section of the city, and to some extent marshy. New Orleans has always been regarded, if not the source of the disease, at least the means of communicating the disease to the interior of the country.

Now, it is a generally admitted truism, that foul vapors or malaria ascend from the earth, and do not originate in the atmosphere or descend from the elements above, which are pure and undefiled. The atmosphere becomes impure only when it is impregnated with the effluvia or malaria arising from diseased and gaseous matter.

The city of New Orleans is situated on low ground, and to a considerable extent it is soft, and marshy, and subject to the alluvial matter deposited there by the frequent overflows of the Mississippi River. At times the rear of New Orleans is, to some extent, inundated with that alluvial flow, washing her shores and overleaping her boundaries.

The front of New Orleans is protected from the overflow of the Mississippi by well constructed levees; but the rear of the city, as stated above, is sometimes subjected to inundation from breaches in the levees many miles above the city, and sometimes from the waters of Lake Pontchartrain.

In the North and in the East we sometimes have chills and feveas in marshy localities. New Orleans being subjected to the overflow from the Mississippi, is usually wet and marshy. Not only that, but all the refuse of the city remains or is carried off over-ground. Her condition invites fever and disease, and disease there engenders and finds the elements on which to feed. Thorough drainage is essential to the health of cities, and that drainage must be through sewers under ground.

New Orleans has no proper outlet for that alluvial matter and the refuse offals of the city. The drainage is all over-ground. The city has no sewers.

This is the cause, and the only reasonably to be assigned cause of yellow fever in New Orleans. Let there be a complete net-work of sewers constructed, so that the drainage shall be under-ground and not over-ground, and we shall hear no more of yellow fever at New Orleans.

It now remains for Congress to act promptly and give to the country relief from the horrors of so terrible a cesspool of stagnant disease on over-ground moving corruption, breathing out contagion and death to all around.

My humble opinion is that about $5,000,000 would complete the sewers. Respectfully submitted,

JOSEPH ROGERS,
108 Massachusetts Avenue northwest.

ANTHROPOLOGY.

A Society Organized to Promote Scientific Investigation.

In response to a call for a meeting of persons interested in forming an organization to promote the study and diffuse knowledge of American archæology, about thirty gentlemen assembled in the regents' room at the Smithsonian Institution last evening. Dr. J. M. Toner was called to the chair and Professor Otis T. Mason was chosen as secretary. Dr. De Haas stated the objects of the meeting.

Professor Mason advised that the society embrace all who are devoted to the natural history of man under the name of anthropology, which has been adopted in Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, and Spain; that there should be subsections of archæology, ethnology, anatomy, biology, demography, and linguistics, and that each section, under its proper chairman, should be charged with the work of its special branch.

Dr. Snodgrass thought if the name anthropological was adopted some people would come in to discuss matters which the society would not care to consider.

Colonel Mallery favored the wide and general scope suggested by Professor Mason.

Dr. De Haas thought the work to be done in this country was pre-eminently archæological, and while recognizing the importance of other branches of investigation, he thought it would be proper that the name of archæological be made prominent.

Dr. Fletcher considered the name anthropological as the most comprehensive and therefore the most desirable.

After further discussion, the meeting, by vote, adopted the name of "The Anthropological Society of Washington."

During the discussion Dr. Reynolds made an interesting statement regarding the archæological history of the Potomac Valley. He said he had found that this valley was capable of and had supported an immense population. There are evidences that there have been millions here. In the shell heaps beginning sixty miles below here they had evidences that the river alone was capable of supporting millions. They had left no mounds, but had left every other indication of aboriginal life. His idea was to form an archæological society, and take their spades and horses and unearth these Indians. There were thousands of graves between here and the sea to be unearthed, and not only graves but traces of encampments and potteries, where they made their pipes, and other interesting remains. He suggested that they issue circulars and send them to every postmaster between this city and the Severn River, to be distributed to the physicians and clergymen, asking suggestions and assistance.

Dr. Toner, Professor Mason, Colonel Mallery, and Dr. De Haas were selected as a committee to draw up a constitution and by-laws. A vote of thanks was tendered to Professor Baird for the use of the room for the meeting.

Mr. Rhees announced that Professor Baird was very much interested in the object for which the society was formed, and had instructed him to offer them all the facilities which the Smithsonian Institute afforded.

The meeting was adjourned to meet at the same place next Monday night.

The following gentlemen were enrolled as members of the society: Joseph Meredith Toner, M. D.; Elmer R. Reynolds, M. D.; E. A. Burdick, William J. Rhees, Lennox W. Simpson, Robert Fletcher, M. D.; Otis Bigelow, Colonel Garrick Mallery, Lieutenant W. W. Reisinger, U. S. N.; Lester F. Ward, Miles De Haas, M. D.; Edwin P. Upham, F. H. Cushing, John C. Lang, G. Brown Goode, George H. Boehmer, Joseph M. Wilson, S. York Ai Lee, James E. Morgan, M. D.; P. W. Norris, J. E. Snodgrass, A. Wellington Adams, M. D., and Miles Rock.

Lectures To-Night.

Rev. L. B. Carpenter, D. D., will lecture at Hamline M. E. Church, corner of Ninth and P streets northwest, this evening, on the subject, "The Progress of Women." This is the second lecture in the Hamline lecture course.

Captain E. B. Robinson, one of our oldest citizens, will lecture to-night, at Odd Fellows' Hall, on "Washington Since 1820." The proceeds will be devoted to the benefit of the Workingmen's Assembly, and there should be a good attendance.

Licensed to Wed.

The clerk of the court issued the following marriage licenses yesterday:

Louis F. Frigon, of Montreal, Canada, and Frances E. Saul, of this city.

John Saterfield and Rebecca Raybold.

William F. King and Cora V. Cramp.

J. W. Serrin, of this city, and Lyda M. Wallower, of Middletown, Dauphin County, Pa.

A Pair Very Fine Solitaire Diamond Earrings, handsomely mounted, weighing near three carats, perfect and white, for $225, at Jacobs Brothers, 1229 Pennsylvania avenue.

A Fine Stem-Winding Watch for $10, with a guarantee for one year, at Jacobs Brothers, 1229 Pennsylvania avenue.

CITY ITEMS.

DR. AYER'S LABORATORY, that has done such wonders for the sick, now issues a potent restorer for the beauty of mankind—for the comeliness which advancing age is so prone to diminish and destroy. His Vigor mounts luxuriant locks on the bald and gray pates among us, and thus lays us under obligations to him for the good looks as well as health of the community.

WHAT intense pain is caused by tooth-ache. How many sleepless nights and weary days are due to its raging influence. Yet the true cause of all this torment is decayed teeth, produced by neglect and inattention. Could only those who have at present good, sound teeth fully realize this fact, how careful would they be to keep their teeth in good condition. To all such we will give a word of advice. Clean your teeth daily with a good dentifrice, such as 'TAUSZCH'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER. It will preserve your teeth through life, remove all tartar or extraneous matter, keep them clean, sound, and white, and tooth-ache, with all its horrors, will be unknown. Sold by all druggists, &c., at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

How many thousands suffer from biliousness, dyspepsia, &c., and drag on a miserable existence—not ill enough to remain at home and call in medical assistance, yet feeling sufficiently unwell to destroy all the pleasure of life. They suffer daily, and solely for want of some simple remedy to purge and cleanse the system. QUINK'S IRISH TEA is specially adapted for this purpose. Gentle in its effects, yet it carries off all extraneous matter, and leaves the vital organs clear and unobstructed. It purifies the blood and renovates the entire frame. It is truly Nature's remedy, being entirely herbal. Sold by all druggists. Twenty-five cents per package, each making a quart of medicine.

WELLS' MACHINE SPREAD STRENTHENING PLASTERS are superior to all others. Composed of choice medicinal gums, combined with the true Burgundy Pitch, spread on fine soft lamb skin, they afford mechanical support to the affected parts, and, acting by absorption, relieves almost instantly. For pains in the back or side, caused either by indigestion, rheumatism, or strain, they are unrivaled. Sold by all druggists; 25 cents each.

THOMPSON'S POMADE OPTIME, an oleaginous compound of great merit for dressing and cleansing the hair. Sold by all druggists; 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

BUTLER'S BALSAMIC MIXTURE, the old infallible remedy. Sold by druggists; price, $1 per bottle.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD-LIVER OIL AND LIME.—The advantage of this compound over the plain Oil is, that the nauseating taste of the Oil is entirely removed, and the whole rendered entirely palatable. The offensive taste of the Oil has long acted as a great objection to its use; but in this form the trouble is entirely obviated. A host of certificates might be given here to testify to the excellence and success of "*Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime*," but the fact that it is regularly prescribed by the medical faculty is sufficient. For sale by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston, and by all druggists.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Six per cent. interest paid on deposits. Special rates on time deposits. J. H. SQUIER & Co., Bankers, 1416 Pennsylvania avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WASHINGTON SINCE 1820.

Captain E. B. ROBINSON

will lecture on this Subject To-Night at

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL.

Doors open at 7 o'clock.
Admission, 25 cents. feb11-lt

HATS AND CAPS.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS HATS.
OPERA AND DERBY HATS.
LADIES' SEAL-SKIN SACQUES.
FUR LINED SILK CIRCULARS.
FINE ASSORTMENT SILK AND GUANACO UMBRELLAS.
Fresh Stock. Recent Purchases. Reduced Prices.
STINEMETZ, {Hatter and Furrier,
1237 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
Next to corner Thirteenth street. fe8

PATENT LOCK COAL CART.
IN USE BY SOLOMON STOVER.
I am now prepared to deliver coal in TRENHOLM'S PATENT LOCKED CART. It consists in a cover to the cart, and locked up. The key is inclosed in an envelope and delivered to the purchaser, insuring a delivery of all the coal purchased. The public are invited to examine it.
SOLOMON STOVER.
Yards: {Corner Twenty-first and I, Corner Twelfth and H, and 1626 M street. fe4-6t

"PEMBROKE"
PURE RYE WHISKEY.
ITS PURITY GUARANTEED.
For social or medicinal purposes without a rival.
OLD BOURBON WHISKEY,
SOUR MASH, 12 YEARS OLD,
THE MILK OF KENTUCKY.
OLD BAKER WHISKEY.
ASHLAND WHISKEY.
CHAMPAGNE WINES.
THE LEADING BRANDS
AT COST FOR CASH.
HAVANA AND DOMESTIC SEGARS,
10 Per Cent. Off for Cash.
Reina Victorias,
Concha Del Rey,
Regalia de la Reina, &c.
OUR PUNCHINELLO,
at $3.50 per 100, cash: a very fine segar at a low price.
FINE DINNER WINES,
CLARETS AND HOCKS.
OLD SHERRY WINES,
IN WOOD AND GLASS.
OLD MADEIRA WINES,
IMPORTED IN THE BOTTLE.
JAMAICA RUM.
ST. CROIX RUM.
NEW ENGLAND RUM.
SCOTCH WHISKEY.
OLD COGNAC BRANDIES.
BASS PALE ALE.
SCOTCH ALE.
THOMAS RUSSELL,
1213 Pennsylvania avenue.
jan17-5eod

PREPARE FOR FALL AND WINTER, AND sell your cast-off clothing to your own advantage, at JUSTH'S OLD STAND, No. 619 D street northwest, or branch store, 416 9th street northwest. N. B.—For FIRST CLASS SECOND-HAND CLOTHING extraordinary high prices will be paid, as I make a specialty of them.
NOTES BY MAIL WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. se27-tf

REMOVAL.
I will remove my
Dressmaking and
Plaiting Establishment
ON THE 1st OF JUNE TO
902 Ninth Street Northwest.
Plaiting (Parisian mode), 20c. per yard.
my28-tf MISS BELLE LUCAS.

AN IMPORTANT, POPULAR, AND LOW-priced work on the
Native Flowers and Ferns
of the United States, by Professor Thomas Meehan.
ELLA F. CRAIG, Agent.
feb9-1m No. 1109 Twelfth street northwest.

THE SMITH & EGGE MANUFACTURING CO.
LOCK BOX 1705, BRIDGEPORT, CONN.,
Manufacturers of specialties in Light Hardware and metallic goods generally. Government and Giant Padlocks, Sewing Machine Locks, Piano Locks, Organ Locks, the *unbreakable onyx Gland Sash Chain*, superior to every other and very much cheaper. No special pulley required. The Smith & Egge Manufacturing Company also gives special attention to the making of estimates for the cost of the manufacture of patented inventions and all the necessary tools, and the manufacturing of the same on royalty. All communications treated confidentially. de10-eod-6m

BOOKS OLD AND RARE,
AT J. L. ASHBY'S ANTIQUARIAN BOOKSTORE, No. 1705 Pennsylvania avenue (above Art Gallery).
Also, PICTURES AND FRAMES fe5-6t

CLOTHING.

THE PERSONAL INSPECTION OF INCREDULOUS PERSONS

IS ASKED TO TEST THE

Truthfulness of our Advertisements.

In our Tailoring Department will be found a list of the most eminent Professional Men, Merchants, &c., who have during January duplicated Suits at $25 (the reduced price) that they paid $45 for in October, many purchasing to carry them for next season's use. We take it for granted that our customers have no interest in the fact whether we are LOSING or MAKING MONEY on them, and as our creditors are paid we propose to continue making our Famous $45 English Suits to order at $25. In every Department prices reduced from 20 to 40 per cent.

A. SAKS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
316 SEVENTH STREET.

"POPLAR PIE!"

The Twenty Per Cent. Discount For Cash!

ON ALL GOODS

WILL ONLY LAST UNTIL THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY.

Some persons are incredulous with regard to the legitimacy of this discount, and not without reason, considering the extravagant terms of some advertisements.

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT,
FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT,
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Goods marked in plain figures, from which no deviation will be made, except the 20 per cent. discount for cash from prices prevailing December 31, 1878.

GEO. C. HENNING,
410 Seventh street.

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LUMBER! LUMBER!!
E. E. JACKSON & CO.,
(WM. B. REDGRAVE),
THIRTEENTH STREET AND OHIO AVENUE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
YELLOW PINE FLOORING.
JOISTS, SCANTLINGS, BOARDS, &c.,
AND DEALERS IN
ALL OTHER KINDS OF LUMBER.
Also Shingles, Laths, Pickets, and Posts.
Low prices and honorable dealing guaranteed to all customers.

CLOTHING.

ONLY UNTIL FEBRUARY 20.

10 per cent. Discount from Marked Prices.

GEO. F. TIMMS & CO.,
One-Price Clothing House,
319, 3. E. corner Seventh and D sts.
fe11-lt

Fall and Winter Goods
At a reduction of 20 per cent., to reduce stock.
Specialty—Dress and Wedding Outfits.
GEO. BERGLING,
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1108 F STREET. jan18

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Clothing for yourself or for the boys is at the Old and Reliable
CLOTHING HOUSE
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NOAH WALKER & CO.,
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