The National Republican.

VOL. XX---NO. 158. WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1880. FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

GATHERING AT CHICAGO.

Veteran Politicians Looking Over the Ground.

Some of the Noted Ones Already There—Ohio Against the Unit Rule on Principle — Grant Demonstration on Monday Night—New England Delegates on Their Way to the Convention.

Arrivals in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 27.—Among the day's arrivals here are General Nathaniel Head, of New Hampshire; Edwards Pierrepont, and James F. Wilson of Iowa; John B. Hawley, J. S. Robinson, Chester A. Arthur, John F. Quarles, ex-Governor Cleef, of South Carolina; M. M. Holland, of Ohio; Colonel Caleb Cage, B. W. Throckmorton, William A. Garret and D. T. Littler.

CHICAGO, May 27.—There was a large increase in the arrivals of republican delegates and politicians to-day. General Warren M. Bateman, of the Ohio delegation, stated to an *Inter Ocean* reporter that the Ohio delegation would oppose from the very outset any attempt at the enforcement of the unit rule, irrespective of whose strength it would affect, as they considered the unit rule unrepublican. Governor Foster expressed himself to the same effect. Both repudiate the idea that Sherman would take the second place on a ticket with either Grant, Blaine or any other man. A Grant demonstration is announced to take place in the convention hall of the exposition building on Monday night.

On Their Way to the Convention.

BOSTON, May 27.—The Blaine delegation arrived from Portland this evening and proceeded on their way to Chicago.

ST. ALBANS, VT., May 27.—The Vermont delegation left for Chicago to-day.

Hon. L. C. Houk Renominated.

[Special Dispatch to THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.]

KNOXVILLE, TENN., May 27, 1880.

The largest republican convention ever held in this district met here to-day and renominated Judge L. C. Houk for congress by acclamation. Hon. Henry R. Gibson, editor of the Knoxville *Republican*, was selected as district elector. It is stated that the delegate from this district to Chicago, claimed by the anti-Grant men, has announced his determination to vote for the ex-president next Wednesday.

Municipal Elections in Virginia.

RICHMOND, VA., May 27.—The municipal election here to-day resulted in an overwhelming victory for the conservatives over the readjusters and republicans. The vote was the largest polled since the payment of the capitation tax required to qualify voters.

PETERSBURG, VA., May 27.—The municipal election held to-day was the most exciting that has taken place in this city for a number of years. The returns so far received from four wards show the election of the readjusters' ticket by a large majority. William E. Cameron, readjuster, the present mayor, has been re-elected. The readjusters also elected councilmen from the four wards heard from.

Mississippi State Convention.

JACKSON, MISS, May 27.—The democratic state convention was called to order to-day by Hon. E. Barksdale, chairman of the state executive committee. Three hundred and ten delegates were present, all the counties except six being represented. Ex-Governor B. G. Humphries was elected president. Delegates to Cincinnati were elected for the state at large as follows: E. C. Walthall, E. Barksdale, W. A. Percy, W. L. Featherston; for districts, W. H. H. Tison, E. H. Bristow, John Y. Murry, R. H. Taylor, Robert C. Patty, S. M. Roane, S. S. Carter, R. L. Henderson, P. K. Meyers, J. P. Withers, Warren Cowan and W. T. Martin. The delegates were uninstructed, no expressions indicating the preference of the convention being given. Electors were chosen, and a new state executive committee was appointed, with W. L. Hemmingway as chairman.

Wisconsin Greenbackers.

MILWAUKEE, May 27.—The Wisconsin state greenback convention assembled at Watertown to-day and elected delegates to the national greenback convention and electors. Resolutions were adopted demanding that the government issue all the money of the country, equal taxation, the establishment of an income tax, opposition to further refunding of the national debt, opposing subsidies, declaring the imprisonment of Denis Kearney as an act of tyranny, a menace to free speech and an attack on the liberties of the people. The convention unanimously declared in favor of E. P. Allis, of Wisconsin, for president.

New York Legislature Adjourned.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 27.—The legislature adjourned at noon to-day with customary addresses by the presiding officers of the two houses.

Minnesota Greenbackers.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., May 27.—The state convention of the national greenback party met here to-day. Only forty-five delegates were present. Delegates to Chicago and electors were chosen. A resolution was adopted indorsing Ignatius Donnelly, followed by one declaring the imprisonment of Kearney a blow to free speech and a gross violation of the inalienable rights of every American citizen. The preference of the delegates for president is not known, but a majority are believed to be for Solon Chase, of Maine.

Wind and Rain in Texas.

GALVESTON, May 27.—A *News* special from the northern part of the state reports heavy wind and rain storms, which are doing considerable damage to the crops.

Leave to Borrow a Million.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 27.—Samuel Dixon, representing the receivers of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, appeared before Judge McKennan, in the United States circuit court, in chambers, this morning, and made application for an order authorizing them to borrow $1,000,000 for the payment of wages of employes and the interest due June 1. The order was granted.

Deliberate Murder.

DUBUQUE, IOWA, May 27.—On Tuesday night Byron Reynolds shot and killed James Delaney at Farley. They had quarreled and Delaney had beaten Reynolds unmercifully. Reynolds went home, procured a shotgun loaded with buckshot, and as Delaney was riding by on horseback emptied the contents of both barrels into the latter's stomach. Delaney died in two hours. Reynolds surrendered to the officers. Both parties were hard characters.

Opening of the Italian Parliament.

LONDON, May 27.—The *Times'* correspondent at Rome says: "The Italian parliament opened yesterday with the usual pomp. The embassadors and ministers with their suites made a splendid show in the special tribune. The public and other tribunes were crammed to excess. The attendance of senators and deputies was unusually large, but a chill atmosphere of depression prevailed, in consequence of the political uncertainty, and the possibility of an immediate crisis. Only for a few moments, when the queen entered, was the gloom dispelled. The whole house greeted her with an outburst of the warmest enthusiasm. The king was received with deafening cheers. The royal speech, however, was received with even greater coldness than that delivered by King Humbert last February. The right and the left preserved an impassible silence. The right only joined in the applause when the king said he had always sought to interpret faithfully the national will, and somewhat more heartily when he alluded to the army and navy. But the extreme left never moved a hand; even when the sovereigns left the house the extreme left abstained from joining in the applause."

Congress Yesterday.

The president *pro tem.* laid before the senate yesterday a communication from the secretary of the treasury in relation to buildings rented by the government in the District of Columbia. Printed and laid on the table.

Mr. Plumb introduced a bill to increase the number and efficiency of the Metropolitan police force of the District. Referred to the District committee.

On motion of Mr. Thurman, the bill appropriating $75,000 for a public building at Toledo, Ohio, was then taken up, and gave rise to a long debate on alleged extravagance in the construction of public buildings generally. The bill was finally passed.

Mr. Eaton's bill for a tariff commission was taken up and discussed to the close of the morning hour, when it was laid aside and the agricultural department appropriation bill was taken up, considered and passed. The amendment restoring the salary of the commissioner of agriculture to $4,000 was agreed to.

The senate having completed the consideration of the bill, went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

The house dispensed with the morning hour and went to work at once on the sundry civil appropriation bill. A number of amendments were offered and ruled out on points of order.

An amendment appropriating $40,000 for printing and binding 10,000 copies of the records of the union and confederate armies was adopted.

Mr. Klotz offered an amendment, which was agreed to, appropriating $7,000 for an elevator for the south wing of the capitol, and it was adopted.

There was quite an animated discussion over the designation of managers of the home for disabled soldiers, and a motion to strike out one of the names and insert that of General B. F. Butler was rejected, there being but 37 votes in its favor.

At 5 o'clock the committee rose.

Mr. Cobb, from the committee on appropriations, reported the general deficiency bill, which was ordered printed and referred to the committee of the whole.

The house then adjourned.

The Northern Pacific Railroad.

The house committee on Pacific railroads was in session six hours yesterday, mainly engaged in the consideration of Representative Newbury's (of Michigan) bill to grant an extension of time to the Northern Pacific railroad. After the adoption of several amendments the bill was finally agreed to and ordered to be reported to the house.

It grants an extension of six years from the 4th day of July, 1880. It allows actual settlers to purchase a half section of land from the company, instead of a quarter section, as originally provided.

The second section of the bill, as amended, authorizes the secretary of the interior, "at his discretion, to examine under oath the officers and agents of the company, and such other persons as he may deem expedient, touching or concerning their lands, construction and equipment, and to audit and determine for the purposes of this act the amount to be properly and justly allowed as such."

The third section, as amended, reads: "That when the total amount of the sales of said land owned by said company shall amount to the cost of the construction and equipment of the said parts and portions of said railroad and telegraph line heretofore referred to, said lands not used or occupied by said railroad company, which shall then remain unsold by said company, shall revert to the United States, and all moneys in excess of such actual cost shall be covered into the United States treasury."

Section 4 was stricken out, and the following adopted as a substitute: "That in order to avail themselves of the rights and privileges of this act the said company shall, within six months from its passage, file with the secretary of the interior, to his satisfaction and approval, under its corporate seal, its acceptance of the terms and provisions hereof."

The Texas Pacific was also under discussion, and was finally referred to a sub-committee.

Confirmed and Rejected.

The senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the following nominations: Benjamin F. Thacker, to be census supervisor for the third district of Iowa; Leonard Love, to be agent for the Indians of the Cheyenne river agency in Dakota; John A. Rea, to be register of land office at Bismarck, Dakota; J. L. Biggs, to be agent for Indians of the Colorado river agency in Arizona; W. H. Parkhurst, to be agent for Indians of the lower Brule agency in Dakota; B. G. Chambers, of Nebraska, to be register of land office at Niobrara, Neb.; D. M. Key, of Tennessee, to be United States district judge for the eastern and middle districts of Tennessee; A. J. Evans, of Waco, Tex., to be attorney of the United States for the western district of Texas; N. Goff, jr., of Clarksburg, W. Va., to be attorney of the United States for the district of West Virginia.

To be postmasters: New Hampshire—Henry A. March, at Nashua; G. H. Carroll, at Concord. New Jersey—W. Applegate, at Red Bank. Maryland—Sarah Feast, at Gowson. Mississippi—J. G. Baptist, at West Point. Wyoming territory—James H. Hayford, at Laramie city; A. A. Bailey, at Evanston.

The senate yesterday rejected the nominations of S. Newton Pettis, of Pennsylvania, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the territory of New Mexico, and Benjamin M. Skinner, of Pomeroy, Ohio, to be postmaster at Pomeroy, Ohio.

The General Deficiency Bill.

The general deficiency bill, the last of the twelve general appropriation bills, was reported to the house of representatives just before adjournment yesterday. The appropriations made by it are in two sections, the first making provisions for deficiencies for the current year, and the second for the payment of claims certified to be due by the several accounting officers of the treasury department under appropriations whose balances have been exhausted or covered into the surplus fund.

The amount appropriated by the first section is $3,294,956.86; by the second section $638,235.44; total $3,933,192.30.

Among the items in the former section are for the payment of fees and expenses of United States marshals and the general deputies earned during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, $600,000; for the completion of the Chicago postoffice and custom-house, $100,000; completion of the Farragut statue, $10,000. To be paid from the Cherokee fund for the relief of destitute Cherokee Indians through a failure of crops, $300,000.

Trade with Gloucester.

Mr. Farrell, United States commercial agent at Gloucester, England, in a dispatch to the department of state, reports that the cattle, sheep and swine diseases still prevail in the west of England. It is desired that the regulation which requires cattle from the United States to be slaughtered within forty-eight hours after their arrival in England should be extended to ten days. The advantages of shipments direct to Gloucester are set forth. Livery-stable keepers desire hay from Portland. Co-operative societies wish to purchase American provisions direct from the exporters. Emigration to America is constantly going forward, and of people of the better class.

INDIAN-TROUBLE SEASON.

Indian Disorders Coming with the Spring Grass.

Wholesale Murders in New Mexico—Victoria's Edicts Respected by the Settlers—A Fight With Victoria's Navajoes—Comanches in His Ha d—The Troops Almost Exhausted Pursuing Him.

More of Victoria's Villainies.

LAS LUNAS, May 24.—The very latest Indian news is that Antonio Jose, Luna y Sarieinet, Jose Bilasco and Jose Garcia were killed in the ranch of Patrificino Luna, eight miles from Tularosa. It is at present impossible to ascertain the names of all the murdered herders in Socorro county and in the Mogollan. About fifty Mexican men were killed, two women and three Americans, names unknown. Authentic reports from Socorro county, in the vicinity of Tularosa, state that every ranch with the exception of one has been cleared out by the Apaches, and that the number of those murdered since May 1 is seventy. Victoria has placed his veto upon the further supply of forage to government horses. He has notified the cutters and haulers that they will not be allowed to proceed with their work, under penalty of having their camps destroyed and their wagons burned. All work has consequently stopped. There is a strong demand for additional troops. The Tenth cavalry, numbering 600 men, has been asked for by General Pope. It is now stationed in Texas.

The Old Chief's Band Again Annihilated.

DENVER, COL., May 27.—The latest reports which come through military sources at Santa Fe, and which are telegraphed from that point here, represent that on the 24th a sharp battle occurred between Victoria's Indians and a portion of General Hatch's command, on the headwaters of the Palomas river, about thirty miles south of Ojo Caliente, where General Hatch has his headquarters. The Indian scouts took an active part in the battle, and their chief reports officially to General Hatch that thirty hostiles were killed, while the scouts and soldiers engaged claim that as many as fifty-three bit the dust. The battle occurred at daylight. In the morning the United States troops, after marching all night, came suddenly upon the Indians, encamped in what appeared a secure spot. The fight was at once begun, and the Indians, taken slightly by surprise, were soon disconcerted and fled in disorder. No information has been received as to the loss of the troops. The bodies of several Navajoes and Comanches were found on the ground, showing that these Indians have been co-operating with the hostile Apaches.

Major Morrow's command, consisting of Irvington's, Moore's, Dawes' and Rucker's companies, reached Ojo Caliente on the night of the 24th from the southwestern part of Valencia county, and although just in from a long trip and the troops greatly exhausted, the battalion was immediately rationed and pushed ahead by General Hatch to take the trail. The Indians seemed to be scattered in small numbers along the western and southern lines of New Mexico, from the Navajo reservation to Texas.

General Hatch's Troops Exhausted.

The following dispatch reached the war department yesterday:

CHICAGO, May 26.

General E. D. Townsend, Washington:

General Pope reports this morning that Hatch's command is about dismounted and will have to follow the Indians on foot until its horses are recuperated, and Hatch says if the campaign is to be continued as desired by the general of the army it will be necessary to take more troops. General Pope also says that the Navajoes have become so troublesome that he was obliged to send Buell's command temporarily from the Aminas to Fort Wingate. The demoralization of the Navajoes is attributed to the sale of whisky to them at points outside of the reservation, and where we have no control. I have directed Ord to send Grierson with a column of cavalry, consisting of five companies, to the vicinity of Fort Stanton reservation without delay.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieutenant-General.

Indians in the North Park.

LARAMIE, WY. T., May 27.—A messenger just arrived from North Park reports a large band of Indians in the park on Michigan river. Two men named Carr and Dow were supposed to have been murdered, as they were last seen near where the Indians were, and their horses were afterward seen among those belonging to the Indians. The Indians are over 100 miles from their reservation. Much excitement prevails.

Sioux Chiefs at Carlisle.

HARRISBURG, May 27.—Thirty-six Indian chiefs, including Red Cloud and Spotted Tail, passed through here this afternoon for Carlisle, where they will inspect the Indian school established at that point. Red Cloud and Spotted Tail have children in the institution.

Pacific Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—The following were the official closing quotations of mining stocks to-day: Alpha, 5⅞; Alta, 2⅞; Argenta, 3-16; Belcher, 3; Best & Belcher, 10⅞; Bullion, 3; Bodie, 8⅞; Bechtel, 1⅞; Boston Consolidated, 1⅞; Bulwer, 5⅞; Black Hawk, 11-16; Belvidere, 2⅞; California, 2⅞; Chollar, 3⅞; Consolidated Virginia, 3; Crown Point, 1⅞; Caledonia, 13-32; Eureka Consolidated, 17⅞; Exchequer, 2; Gould & Curry, 4; Grand Prize, 29-32; Goodshaw, 11-16; Hale & Narcross, 4; Hillside, 2⅞; Independence, 9-16; Julia Consolidated, ½; Justice, 2⅞; Mexican, 8⅞; Mammoth, 2⅞; McClinton, 7-16; May Belle, 3-16; Manhattan, 29-32; Northern Belle, 10⅞; Noonday, 4⅞; Navajo, 3-16; Ophir, 9⅞; Oro, 2⅞; Overman, 2; Potosi, 2⅞; Raymond & Ely, 3-16; Savage, 3⅞; Sierra Nevada, 13⅞; South Bulwer, 1⅞; Silver King, 5; Syndicate, 1; Silver Hill, 2⅞; Tuscarora 3-16; Union Consolidated, 17⅞; Yellow Jacket, 5⅞.

Nominations.

The president yesterday sent to the senate the following nominations:

Albert B. Bibb, of Idaho, to be agent for the Indians of Malheur agency, in Oregon.

Benjamin F. Thacker, of Audubon, to be supervisor of census for third district of Iowa.

Assistant Paymaster Frank Plunkett, to be passed assistant paymaster of the United States navy.

Yellow Fever in Cuba.

Official information has been received at the office of the national board of health that during the month of April there were seventy-four cases of yellow fever, with fifty-eight deaths, and forty-two cases of small-pox, with eighteen deaths, at Santiago de Cuba, out of 179 deaths from all causes. For the week ending May 15 nine deaths from yellow fever and sixteen deaths from small-pox were reported from Havana.

The River and Harbor Bill.

The senate committee on commerce were in session almost all day yesterday on the river and harbor appropriation bill, and nearly completed their consideration of that measure. They have thus far made numerous changes in the bill, many of which are in the line of reduction, but they will all be subject to revision at the final meeting, which will be held this morning, preparatory to reporting the bill to the senate.

Increased Revenue Receipts.

A comparative statement has been prepared by the commissioner of internal revenue showing the receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the first ten months of the current fiscal year as compared with a like period of the previous year. In almost every instance the figures show large increases. From spirits there was an increase of $7,388,846; from tobacco, $1,823,967, and from fermented liquors, $1,612,793. The total aggregate receipts show an increase in favor of the present year of $11,603,471. During the month of April in 1880, as compared with 1879, there was a total increase from all sources of $2,860,384.

EXTREME WEATHER FOR MAY.

Several Cases of Sunstroke Reported.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The day was a repetition of the last two for scorching heat. At 7 a. m. the thermometer marked 76°, and at 11 a. m. it was 85°. As a consequence of the extreme heat the death-rate has increased, being nearly double what it was in the early part of the month. The increase is chiefly among old people and children. Two deaths from sunstroke were reported to-day, and three cases where parties were overcome by heat. In Brooklyn four cases of sunstroke were reported, one of which ended fatally.

BREAKNECK, L. I., May 27.—The heat and continued drought are causing great alarm among the farmers on Long Island. Wheat, rye and other crops are blasting, and will prove failures unless rain falls soon. The thermometer stood at 100° in the shade to-day.

NEWTON, N. J., May 27.—The thermometer here to-day indicated 103° in the shade.

JERSEY CITY, May 27.—Robert King, of New York, was sunstruck here this afternoon and died at 6 o'clock.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The police report that for the twenty-four hours ending at 12 o'clock to-night there were thirty-two cases of sunstroke in this city and Brooklyn, six of which resulted fatally.

Clergyman Paralyzed.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 27.—Rev. Dr. Gillette, of New York, in attendance on the baptist anniversaries had a paralytic shock yesterday, and his condition is but little improved to-day.

The Kalloch Cases Dismissed.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—The superior court this morning sustained the general demurrer of Mayor Kalloch against the impeachment proceedings by the board of supervisors, and dismissed the cases.

Printers' Strike.

BOSTON, May 27.—The compositors in the office of the Boston *Post* struck to-day, on account of a difficulty with the foreman. The proprietors had little trouble in supplying others, and the publication of the paper is in no way delayed.

Reading Bondholders in England.

LONDON, May 28.—McCalmont, Bros. & Co., of No. 17 Philpot lane, send a notice to the papers, stating that they are in communication with several leading bondholders of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad, with the object of forming an influential committee to protect the interests of the bondholders.

Kearney Released on Habeas Corpus.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—A Sacramento dispatch says: "This afternoon the supreme court rendered a decision in the Kearney case releasing him. The hearing was on the writ of *habeas corpus* appealed from the superior court of San Francisco, where the decision of the police court putting Kearney in the house of correction for abusive language was sustained."

Suicide of a Student.

TRENTON, N. J., May 27.—J. H. Shaw, of Dayton, Ohio, aged twenty-one years, a student at Princeton college, committed suicide at the University hotel in Princeton last evening by cutting his throat with a razor. He had been sick with malarial fever for some time. It is stated by Princeton people that there are at least thirty cases of malarial fever in the college.

Death of a Well-Known Baltimore Printer.

BALTIMORE, May 27.—John Murphy, the well-known printer and publisher, died this afternoon of paralysis of the heart, aged sixty-eight years. He was a native of Ireland, but emigrated when ten years of age. He learned printing in Philadelphia, and in 1835 settled in Baltimore, where he has since resided. His house attained a high rank for the faithfulness and excellency of its work.

A Revolt in Burmah.

LONDON, May 28.—A director of the Irawaddy flotilla company writes to the *Times* stating that he has received from the manager of that company at Rangoon a telegram advising him of a rebellion among the natives of Burmah. Fighting is in progress between Minlah and the British frontier, it is supposed between the adherents of the Burmese princes now at Calcutta and the Burmese government troops.

A Moving Car on Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—At Elizabethtown Lancaster county, a passenger coach of the Chicago express train was consumed by fire to-day. A spark from the locomotive found lodgment under the tin roof, and before being discovered had done considerable damage. The passengers were removed without sustaining any injuries. The train was delayed one hour and ten minutes in consequence of the accident.

Notorious Forgers Arrested.

READING, PA., May 27.—Edward Hall, Mike Walsh and Robert White, three notorious New York forgers, were arrested at the depot this afternoon by Pinkerton's agent, charged with counterfeiting the scrip issued by the Philadelphia & Reading railroad company. Seven thousand seven hundred dollars' worth of the bogus certificates were found upon them. They were lodged in Berks county jail. Hall is a noted forger, and Walsh served a term in the Eastern penitentiary for the Wellsboro' bank robbery. White is not so well known.

Confession of an Incendiary.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—Thomas Melia today pleaded guilty to the charge of having fired the cotton on the ship Iron Cross. Acting upon information given by Melia, the police arrested five persons implicated in the same crime. Charles Johnson, a junk-dealer on the levee; Samuel Symonds, sailor on the Iron Cross; Adolphe Hale, alias "Dutchy," levee laborer; John O'Connor, deck-hand on the steam tug Ella Wood, and John O'Shaughnessy, coffee-house keeper on the levee. The above were arraigned, charged with arson and sent before the criminal court without bail. The preliminary examination will take place June 4th. Symonds when arrested made a full confession, stating that he was engaged by Melia to assist him in his work by keeping watch and ringing the bell after the fire; was sent to bring the Ella Wood alongside. Melia told him that Johnson was the manager of the affair, and first intended to do the job himself, as the watchman was only to allow him on board, but finally Johnson, who had promised Melia $250 for a clean job, was only to make smoke without burning anything. Symonds assisted Melia when the latter went into the hatch to set it afire by holding a tarpaulin over him, and then gave the alarm. O'Connor's statement shows that Johnson was managing the affair, and all expected to make money. After the fire the Ella Wood claimed salvage.

CABLE NOTES.

LONDON, May 27.—Mr. John Curwen, the writer on music and promoter of singing in Sunday schools, is dead, in his sixty-fourth year.

ROME, May 27.—Signor Farini, the ministerial candidate, was to-day elected president of the chamber of deputies by a vote of 406 to 13.

LONDON, May 28.—A dispatch from Paris confirms the statement that M. Waddington will not succeed M. Leon Say as ambassador to London.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 27.—The *Bereg* has been suspended for one week for publishing the sentences of the condemned nihilists before the same appeared in the *Official Gazette*.

CAIRO, May 27.—The porte asked the khedive to allow the wives of Ismail Pasha, ex-khedive, to return to Egypt, which the khedive on the advice of the British and French consuls refused.

SPORTS OF THE TURF.

Another Good Day Over the Pimlico Course.

Some Good Time Made by the Winning Horses—Last Night's Pools on To-day's Matches — Trotting at the Belmont Park Course—Racing at Mystic Park Course, Boston, Mass., Etc.

The Third Day at Pimlico.

BALTIMORE, May 27.—The third day's races at Pimlico, like the two preceding days, was a success. The attendance was large, the weather fine and the track fast.

The first was a selling race for all ages, one and one eighth miles, horses entered to be sold at auction immediately after the race, for $1,500, full weight; for $1,000, allowed five pounds; for $750, allowed ten pounds; for $500, allowed fourteen pounds. If not to be sold at all, seven pounds extra, purse $400, of which $50 to the second horse. The starters were New York Weekly, Virginius, Suannanoa, Lucky Hit, Utilita and Speculation. In the pools the field sold for $59 and Virginius $47. Virginius finished winner by two lengths ahead of Speculation, who was ten lengths ahead of Utilita, third, New York Weekly, Lucky Hit and Suannanoa following in the order named. Time, 1:57.

THE SECOND RACE

was the annual home-bred stakes for foals of 1877; $50 entrance, p. p.; club to add $500, of which $100 to the second horse; one mile. Oden, Carita and Turenne started. Oden was the favorite at $100 to $60 for Belmont's entry. Oden shook him off, and though both Carita and Turenne took the lash, Oden finished an easy winner by three lengths ahead of Turenne, who was a length ahead of Carita. Time, 1:45.

THE THIRD RACE

was a free handicap for all ages, of $25 each, one and a-half miles; club to add $400, and the second horse receive stakes to the amount of $100. The starters were Janet Murray, Colonel Sprague, Surge, Mamie Fields and Oriole. Janet Murray was the favorite in the pools, at $20 to $18 for Oriole, $11 for Surge, and $10 each for Mamie Fields and Colonel Sprague. Mamie Shields finished an easy winner three lengths ahead of Surge, second, Janet Murray third, Colonel Sprague fourth and Oriole last. Time, 2:38¼.

THE FOURTH AND LAST RACE

was two mile heats for all ages, purse $800 for the first horse and $200 for the second. The starters were Belle, Edwin A., Clyde Hampton and Miss Dawson. Edwin A. was the favorite in the pools at $20, while Belle sold for $16, Clyde Hampton for $13 and Miss Dawson for $5. Clyde Hampton finished winner one length ahead of Edwin A., second, Miss Dawson third and Belle distanced. Time, 3:43.

For the second heat Clyde Hampton was the favorite at $85 to $50 for the field. Edwin A. was hard pushed for the finish, but Clyde Hampton won the heat and the race by four lengths. Time, 3:45½.

POOLS ON TO-DAY'S RACES.

BALTIMORE, May 27.—For the races tomorrow the pools to-night sold as follows:

First race, Preakness stakes—Grenada, $35; Oden, $13; Emily F. $11, field (Judge Murray and Crouse's Revolver colt), $6.

Second race, Baltimore cup—Glenmore, $35; G. L. Lorillard's entry (Harold and Monitor), $27; Surge, $6.

Third race, consolation purse—Virgillian, $45; Ben Hill, $24; Bounce, $21; Baby $18, and the field (Question, Lucky Hit and Belle of Nelson), $24.

Fourth race, steeple-chase — Trouble, 25; Derby, $18.

Trotting at Belmont Park.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—Third day of the spring trotting meeting at Belmont park. First race, purse $400, for 2:20 pacers:

SUMMARY.

Billy Scott	1	1	1
Change	2	2	3
Clinker	3	3	2

Time, 2:24½, 2:22¾, 2:25.

Second race, purse $400:

Unolala	1	2	1	1
Birdie C	6	1	2	2
Annie Page	2	4	5	5
Kismet	3	5	6	3
Regulus, jr	5	3	3	6
Chester	7	7	4	4
Brown Tom	4	6	7	dr
King Wood	8	8	8	dr

Time, 2:23¾, 2:28¼, 2:29, 2:30.

Mystic Park Races.

BOSTON, May 27.—The Mystic park races were continued to-day. The first race, 2:50 class, was won by Topsy D. in three straight heats, with E. B. second, Wingate third, Lady Sherman distanced. Time, 2:39, 2:43, 2:40.

The race for 2:38 horses was won by Ned Hastings in three straight heats, with Kate Eastman second and George third. Time, 2:32½, 2:34, 2:36.

The International Rifle Match.

LONDON, May 27.—At the annual meeting of the National Rifle association the duke of Cambridge announced that a match has been arranged between America and the United Kingdom, under the auspices of the association. The match is to take place on the last day of the Wimbledon meeting, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, with fifteen shots to each man.

The Hanlan-Trickett Match.

LONDON, May 28.—The *Sportsman* has received a telegram from Mr. Shaw, the United States consul at Manchester, stating that he will be in London early next week, and will then be prepared to stake £50 and complete arrangements for a match between Trickett and Hanlan.

The Spring Trotting Meeting.

The race-track at the National Fair grounds begins to assume a lively appearance as the day for the opening of the spring trotting meeting approaches. The meeting promises to be both interesting and successful. All the famous trotters who appeared at the recent meeting at Philadelphia are entered for the races here, together with others. In some of the races also there will be lively contests between District horses. The arrangements for the meeting are perfect, and the popular prices for admission to the grounds and grand stand will insure a good attendance.

Base-Ball Yesterday.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 27.—Providences, 4; Worcesters, 1.

BOSTON, May 27.—Dartmouths, 4; Harvards, 2.

BUFFALO, May 27.—Buffalos, 0; Chicagos, 11.

The Striking Colorado Miners.

DENVER, May 27.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Leadville says: "Great excitement prevailed here this morning, the expected parade drawing everybody into the streets. The procession consisted of about 2,000 men and marched through the principal streets headed by a band, and was occasionally cheered by the observers. After parading, the miners held a meeting on Fryer hill and passed resolutions expressing their determination—the demand for $4 per day of eight hours. Many of the mine owners have expressed a determination not to accede to the demand under any circumstances. The smelters were not interfered with and are working as usual."

Three Men to be Executed To-Day.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 27.—Three executions will take place in this place to-morrow. Thomas Edmonds, for wife murder, at Ozark, Franklin county, and L. L. Ford and a man Jackson, at Marion, Crittenden county. Strong but so far ineffectual efforts for a second respite have been made in behalf of Ford.

THE MONTHLY DEATH-RATE.

Statement of Births, Marriages and Deaths for April.

The statement of births, marriages and deaths for the month of April has just been issued from the health office.

The total mortality in the District of Columbia for the month was 325 (a decrease of 9 as compared with corresponding month of last year, and 7 more than the average number of deaths for the month of April for the past six years), or at the rate of 22.94 per 1,000 per annum. The mortality of the white population was 160, or at the rate of 16.84 per 1,000 per annum, while that of the colored was 165, or at the rate of 35.36. The annual death-rate per 1,000, by classes, was as follows: Zymotic, 2.82; constitutional, 7.46; local, 9.46; developmental, 2.19, and violence, .99. The mortality as compared with the month of March last shows a decrease of 29, or 8.19 per cent.

The average daily mortality was 10.83, being .59 per day less than last month. Of the deaths, 243 occurred in Washington, 23 in Georgetown, 25 in the county, 33 in the hospitals, and 1 in the United States jail.

There were 310 births reported (an annual birth-rate of 21.88 per 1,000). Of these births, 72 were white males, 68 white females, 91 colored males, and 79 colored females (a birth-rate of 14.74 per 1,000 per annum for the white population and 36.43 for the colored), showing a decrease of total population by excess of deaths over births reported of 15—the white population decreasing by 20, the colored increasing by 5.

Marriages reported, 55—white, 41; colored, 14. Fifteen were reported by methodist clergymen, 3 by episcopal, 7 by presbyterian, 10 by catholic, 11 by baptist, 2 each by congregational, German evangelical and lutheran, and 1 each by Hebrew and German reform.

MRS. CHRISTIANCY'S REPLY.

She Denies Everything and Files a Cross-Bill for Divorce.

Lawyer Oliver yesterday filed for Mrs. Christiancy a reply to the charges made by ex-Senator Christiancy in bringing suit for divorce, and another chapter of an unsavory family scandal is now laid before the public. With the reply Mr. Oliver also filed a cross-bill for divorce and a motion for alimony *pendente lite* and counsel fees. The reply denies that the plaintiff was at all times faithful to his marriage vows, and sets forth that the defendant is now suffering from bodily pain caused by his neglect to provide medicines and attention for her at periods when she greatly needed them. She also denies the specific charge of adultery with Edel Giro, of New York, at the St. James hotel in this city, on the 25th of December, 1879, and also the general charge of adultery with other persons not named. In the cross-bill, in which she prays for divorce, she charges her husband with cruel neglect and conspiracy to ruin her reputation, specifying the following acts: In March, 1877, she avers, he struck her with his fist and knocked her down. In August, 1878, while she was at Healing Springs, Va., he wrote a letter, attempting a conspiracy to connect her dishonorably with other guests at the springs. On December 27, 1878, he struck her with his fist, at No. 411 Fourth street, in this city, and threatened to ruin her reputation. In September, 1879, while at the American legation, Lima, Peru, her husband, she says, while under the influence of opium and intoxicated, threatened to blow out her brains, and choked her so that she was obliged to seek protection elsewhere. She went to a hotel, where she remained until the following day, when he humbly apologized, and she consented to return with him. The next morning, however, he came to her room and abused her. A month later he entered her bed-room and used such disgusting language that she ran from him, but he caught and struck her, and threatened to choke her. During two periods of premature child-birth, she alleges, her husband denied her medical attendance, on which account she was unable to give birth to living issue.

COLONEL LUBEY'S ACCOUNTS.

Suit Entered Against the Bondsmen of the Deceased Water Registrar.

Mr. A. G. Riddle, as attorney for the District of Columbia, yesterday entered suit against John C. Poor, administrator, and H. Browning and George W. Goodall, sureties on the bond of Timothy Lubey, deceased, when he was water registrar of the District, to recover $25,000 alleged to be due the District by Colonel Lubey, and being a balance of District funds that remained in his hands unaccounted for. The facts to be brought out in this suit will afford considerable pain and surprise to the friends of the late Colonel Lubey. Colonel Lubey, who died December 12, 1877, held the office of water registrar for several years prior to his death. An examination of the accounts of the water registrar's office since the present District commissioners entered office has developed the fact that the financial affairs were, to say the least, very loosely managed. When Colonel Lubey was water registrar the water rents were paid directly to him instead of to the collector, as at present, and thousands of dollars passed through his hands. He was bonded in the sum of $10,000. It was discovered about the time that Major Morgan entered office that there was a discrepancy of $8,000 or $9,000. A searching investigation of all the accounts of the office was instituted in order to protect the present commissioners, and the suit entered yesterday shows the result of the investigation.

The District in Congress.

Senator Ferry yesterday submitted an amendment to the sundry civil bill fixing the salary of the postmaster of this city at $4,000 per annum.

It is expected that the various propositions for reclaiming the Potomac flats will be taken up for consideration by the house District committee next Monday.

Senator Plumb yesterday introduced a bill providing that the police force of the District of Columbia shall consist of one major and superintendent, one captain and inspector, two clerks, ten lieutenants and six detectives at their present salaries; twenty-seven sergeants $95 per month; 253 patrolmen at $90 per month, and that an additional sum of $20 per month be allowed to each of twenty-six mounted patrolmen for the care of their horses.

In Memoriam.

The death of Miss Mary Emma Van Doren, a school teacher in the third district, which occurred on Wednesday evening last, is regretted by all who knew her worth, her amiability and her christian virtues. She was the daughter of the Rev. William I. Van Doren, a well-known citizen of Capitol hill, to whom and his consort this affliction is very severe. A dutiful daughter, a loving sister, a kind friend and an earnest and devoted worker in the cause of Christ, the grief at her loss is tempered with the comforting assurance of her reward in heaven. Her funeral will take place this afternoon and be attended by the scholars of her school and many members of the Metropolitan presbyterian church, in which she was an earnest worker.

A College Debate.

There was a large attendance at Georgetown college last night, the occasion being the third annual debate of the Philomnesian society. The subject for debate, "Has the conduct of the government of the United States toward the Indians been justifiable?" was exhaustively treated. The disputants were; Affirmative—John H. Connolly, of Massachusetts, and Edward P. Farrell, of Kentucky; negative—James P. O'Neil, of Georgia, and John T. Martin, of Pennsylvania. The judges were Rev. William T. Whiteford, S. J.; Rev. Edw. H. Welch, S. J., and Mr. Henry T. B. Tarr, S. J.

CHURCH CONVENTIONS.

Transactions of the Different Meetings Yesterday.

The Methodist Quadriennial Conference—Action Regarding Official Publications—A Dissenting Church—The Methodist Protestant Conference—Reformed Presbyterians—Women's Missions.