

"SPANISH OUTRAGES."

A Small Outcome from Very Large Expectations.

Admiral Wyman Reports the Spanish Vessel Justified in Stopping the Vessels.

The supposed facts in the case. Yesterday afternoon dispatches were received at the navy department from Admiral Wyman at Port Royal, S. C., giving the result of his investigation of the alleged indignities offered the American flag in Cuban waters by the Spanish corvette Cento.

Admiral Wyman further stated that the Spanish authorities offered abundant evidence in support of this assertion, and that in his opinion there was nothing to be done except to make a report on the subject to the government.

The cabinet meeting yesterday. The cabinet meeting yesterday was of short duration, and was devoted almost exclusively to routine business. Secretaries Everts and Sherman of the state and treasury departments having returned to Washington were present, as well as Secretary Ramsey of the war department.

The pursuit of Victoria. The war department is in receipt of the following telegram: CHICAGO, Ill., July 22, 1880. Adm. Gen. Washington, D. C.

General Ord telegrams that Victoria has probably been captured. He is being pursued by a small force of 400 Mexicans. General Harrison's force is marching from two points on the coast.

Justice to General Grant. The newspapers record with very little comment the noble act of General Grant in declining a salary of \$25,000 per annum.

Information Wanted. Will you please inform me through The Republican when the government will pay the census enumerators also if they will accept of any other form of the hour and oblige yours respectfully.

Another Early Run for the Presidency. An incendiary fire at Mrs. Curtis', on Seventh, between C and D streets northeast, shortly after 2 o'clock this morning, necessitated an alarm from No. 312 and the firemen quickly responded.

General Grant's Movements. Honors to the Distinguished American Whomsoever He Goes. DREYER, COL., July 23.—A special dispatch to the Tribune from Leadville states that General Grant arrived at 9:30 o'clock last evening.

A BIRD BANQUET.

Tammany Sets Down to a Feast of Very Black Crew.

Her Shakespeare Hall Served with Crow and Swallowtail—The Dish Declared a Success. Outright, or Outward Surrender to Tilden. SARATOGA, N. Y., July 23.—The state committee of Tammany democrats met here at 11 o'clock this morning, and was called to order by John H. Colby, chairman.

How the South is Made Solid. PITTSBURGH, July 22.—Mr. W. Y. Leader, editor of the Austin (Texas) Daily Dispatch, passed through the city to-day on his way to his home in Philadelphia.

THE KENNINGTON STRIKERS. Failure to Agree on Terms for Work. The six Kennington iron-mill strikers, who have been on strike since July 1, 1880, are reported to have agreed to return to work to-day.

THE UNION LEAGUE OF AMERICA. A meeting of the national and executive committees of the Union League of America was held yesterday at the Commodore hotel.

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ANOTHER COLLISION.

A Steam Yacht Recklessly Ran Into and Cut in Two.

Sixteen of Twenty-four Passengers Drowned—Twelve Hundred Lives Periled by the Act. Five Down Under a Bright Moonlight. DETROIT, Mich., July 23.—A terrible accident occurred about 10 o'clock last night on the Detroit river, some miles below this city.

THE MARKERS CHARGED WITH BEING BIDDED TO MARK UP SCORES OF CONTESTANTS. An Unexpected Development of Brilbery. WASHINGTON, July 23.—In the contest for the "Olympic" prize to-day a walk-run contest was held with a stake of \$100,000.

WIMBLEDON RANGE. A Startling Charge of Fraud in the "Gentlemen's Contest." The Markers Charged With Being BidDED To Mark Up Scores of Contestants.

LOUISIANA REPUBLICANS. New Orleans, July 23.—Judge Taylor Beattie, chairman of the late Louisiana republican convention, has appointed a full state central committee.

JUDGE GEO. W. McCLAIN'S OPINION. A Member of the Poland Committee on Garfield's Record. KEOKUK, IOWA, July 17, 1880.

SPORTING RECORD. Hatching at Saratoga. SARATOGA, N. Y., July 23.—The weather is clear and warm. The track is only in fair condition after last night's storm.

THE CAMPAIGN IN ALABAMA. To the Editor of The National Republican. Sir: John J. Martin addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting of the republicans of Lee county at Opelika on Saturday last.

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FURNIVAL.

TENNISER V. JOHNSON is very ill at his Georgia home.

COLLECTOR MERRITT called upon the president yesterday. He does not anticipate re-election.

EX-SECRETARY BRISTOW is at the Profile House, White Mountain. He says he is for Garfield.

GENERAL HENRY L. ABBOTT, U. S. A., wrote his signature on the register of the Exhibit House yesterday.

JOHN AMBLES SMITH returned yesterday from Ocean View, Va., where he has been on a visit with his family. His family are still there.

SECRETARY EVERTS returned to the city yesterday morning. While in New York Lieutenant Gerrings dined with Mr. Everts and related to him the incidents of his successful expedition to Egypt.

GENERAL GARFIELD responded to an invitation from the executive committee of the New England Fair association to attend its meeting in September next that he will do so, possibly.

GENERAL TOM CATTENDEN, the democratic nominee for Governor of Missouri, was a union soldier. His opponent in the convention was a rebel brigadier. Missouri is evidently improving.

JURIST SWAYNE is at Sharon Springs, N. Y. He has written a denial of the story that he had expressed an opinion unfavorable to General Garfield. Judge Swayne has the highest opinion of the republican presidential candidate, and hopes for his election.

GENERAL HENRY S. HUTCHCOOPER, who has been appointed postmaster of Philadelphia, was colonel of the One-hundred-and-fifty-first Pennsylvania volunteers. He lost an arm at Gettysburg. The appointment is an excellent one, and is due to a personal preference of the president. The postoffice department has professed the promotion of Deputy Postmaster Hutchcooper as a reward for his services in the war. The appointment was certain to be made. The president, however, decided otherwise.

GENERAL SWEENEY, whose capture and desecration by the Yankees was reported yesterday by cable, was one of the most accomplished and trusted of the Russian generals. He was promoted to be lieutenant-general in 1874, at the early age of thirty-two. He was master of many languages and an acute student of political and social movements. His death followed very closely upon the death of his brother, who was assassinated by a Russian officer on the 17th near Constantinople.

ANOTHER ILL-NAILED. Judge Shellbarger Examines the Record. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22, 1880. Hon. Edmund McPherson:

DEAR SIR: I have your note of the 21st instant enclosing a slip giving what purports to be a statement in respect to the New York World's profanity to quote from an opinion of Justice Swayne in a case decided in 1879 in the supreme court of the United States, on appeal to that court from the decision of a court held in Cook county, Ill., and decided in May, 1875. This newspaper says (after saying that the said appeal case was decided in October, 1870, in the supreme court): "The supreme court's opinion was delivered in the case of Burke vs. Childs, the case of Middleton vs. Childs being submitted on the 21st of May, 1875, and the opinion of Justice Swayne says:"

"Then follows, in quotation marks, what purports to be a (literal) quotation from the Swayne's opinion, in which he is made to name General Garfield as having sold his official influence under a contract which was against the plaintiff's honor, and the plaintiff was deprived and desperate men who invented it."

Your note is right in saying, as it does, that the "World" dispatch "is, of course, a lie. Judge Swayne never gave such an opinion."

In short, the entire quotation is simply an unqualified falsehood, concocted by some depraved and desperate men who invented it."

At the October term, 1874, of the supreme court Justice Swayne (in 24 Wall, 441) delivered the opinion of the court in the case of Burke vs. Childs, wherein he drew the distinction between what is lawful and what is unlawful services relating to measures pending in legislative bodies. He said: "Neither was the De Golyer and McClellan contract nor that of General Garfield in any manner involved, nor was there any allusion thereto, nor was any reference made to either of them."

On investigation I think you will find that the inventors of this stupid fabrication against General Garfield and Justice Swayne have taken some absurd notion in a brief of a case involving Garfield, used in a case in a state court where the De Golyer contract was involved, and have put the lawyer's words (somewhat distorted) into the mouth of Justice Swayne. Yours very truly,

SAMUEL SIZES, JR.

Senator Davies on the Powers.

To the Editor of The National Republican:

What makes you say that the removal of the Ponce Indians was contemplated according to law? The removal was no more in conformity even to the forms of law than it was so the dictates of justice. The Ponce owned the land they lived on as much as you do your own house, and they could be no more removed from it without their consent, even by statute, than you could from your own home. The law never authorized to commit such a outrage upon them. The statute which authorized their removal provided expressly that it should be done "with their consent." And yet, under the orders of the interior department they were driven from their homes and away from the "burying-grounds of their fathers" (these are the words of their title deed) by armed soldiers. One-half of their property was divided up and taken to Fort Reno "to be sold during a natural life," at the request of that Indian agent, for alleged lunaticdom. If I should go among these Ponce with New Englanders, I should be asked the distress of their sick, or feel the children of their dead folk. I suppose I should be taken by the collar by the Indian agent and led to the border of the territory, to be killed, or to be driven to the border, and away from the "burying-grounds of their fathers" (these are the words of their title deed) by armed soldiers. One-half of their property was divided up and taken to Fort Reno "to be sold during a natural life," at the request of that Indian agent, for alleged lunaticdom. If I should go among these Ponce with New Englanders, I should be asked the distress of their sick, or feel the children of their dead folk. I suppose I should be taken by the collar by the Indian agent and led to the border of the territory, to be killed, or to be driven to the border, and away from the "burying-grounds of their fathers" (these are the words of their title deed) by armed soldiers. 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