Special Notices.

TWO HUNDRED BOXES ROOFING TIN, in store and to arrive; also a limited quantity in rolls, ready for use, for sale for cash by EDWARD CAVERLY & CO., 28-3t 1425 New York avenue.

THE CORPORATORS OF THE NATIONAL CIGAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY will hold a general meeting of the stockholders of said corporation at No. 1411 F street northwest, at eleven o'clock a. m., on TUESDAY, July 12, 1881, to elect a board of directors, make by-laws, and transact any other business which may lawfully be done by the stockholders in general meeting.
S. A. FLATOW,
FRANK B. CONGER,
H. S. CUMMINGS,
WM. SIMPSON,
J. E. SCHMALZ.
Corporators of National Cigar Manufacturing Company. je28-TThs&Ssw12

MASONIC.—THE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS of Lafayette R. A. Chapter, No. 5, are hereby notified that a special convocation of the chapter will be held at Masonic Temple THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Members are earnestly requested to attend. Companions of sister chapters are fraternally invited. By order of the M. E. H. P. RICHARD J. BLAKELOCK, Secretary.

THE CORPORATORS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL TELEPHONE COMPANY will hold a general meeting of the stockholders of said corporation at No. 1335 F street northwest, at ten o'clock a. m. on FRIDAY, July 1, 1881, to elect a board of directors, make by-laws, and transact any other business which may lawfully be done by the stockholders in general meeting.
J. B. EDMONDS, W. H. BARNARD,
H. D. COOKE, FRANK B. CONGER,
H. S. CUMMINGS,
Corporators of National Capital Telephone Company.
JUNE 17, 1881. je18-8TThs&jy1

THE ARLINGTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
for the District of Columbia.
Cash Capital, $200,000
Walter S. Cox, president. | Wm. King, vice-president.
C. B. Maury, treasurer. | Frank T. Rawlings, sec'y.
Office—1505 Pennsylvania avenue, north of United States Treasury. je23-4m

JOHN N. OLIVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER,
has removed his office to
Room No. 3, Webster Law Building, No. 503 D street northwest. je21-1m

EMMA M. GILLETT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Government Claims and Conveyancing. Office, Howard Law School Rooms, Second National Bank Building. Office hours—9 a. m. to 4 p. m. je20-1m*

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
APRIL 26, 1881.
I caution all persons not to sell or buy or fill any of my bottles marked as herein described, as I will enforce the law against all such persons: Pint Lager Beer Bottles with the lightning stopper attached, marked on one side "M. T. B.," and "351 M st. s. w., D. C., 1881," on the other side "This bottle not to be sold." One-half pint Soda Water Bottles, marked on one side "Codd's Patent," "M. T. Bridwell, 1881, 351 M. st. s. w., Washington, D. C. Re-issued August 13, 1878," Others marked "Codd's Patent, 4 makers, Rylands & Codd, Barnesley;" on the other side large star, with figure No. 1 and others 32.
M. T. BRIDWELL,
351 M street southwest.
je18-4m

ESTABLISHED 1853—G. G. C. SIMMS, Pharmacist, cor. Fourteenth st. and New York ave., Washington, D. C. Prescriptions a specialty. Particular attention given to Soda and Mineral Waters. je16-4m

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TRUNKS.
The largest assortment in the city of Ladies' Dress Sole Leather, Zinc, and Packing TRUNKS, Ladies' and Men's SATCHELS and TRAVELING BAGS, POCKETBOOKS, SHAWL STRAPS, &c., at the old established manufactory of
JAMES S. TOPHAM,
No. 425 Seventh street northwest,
Joining Odd-Fellows' Hall.
TO ORDER—Every style of TRUNKS made to order on the premises.
REPAIRING—Trunks and Harness Repaired thoroughly at low rates. je3-4m

LEWIS'
Witch Hazel and Glycerine
is invaluable for Sun Burns.
Takes out inflammation and redness caused by the sun's rays immediately, while the Glycerine renders the complexion clear and smooth and prevents tanning. Sold by all druggists. mw12-2m

WASHINGTON NATATORIUM.
E street, between sixth and Seventh.
Open every forenoon for Ladies
and
Every afternoon and evening for Gentlemen.
Male and Female Teachers ready at all hours to give Instruction in Swimming.
Admission, 25 cents. my7-2m

DR. S. J. COCKERILLE,
DENTIST.
my3-1y 721 Fifteenth street.

WE WILL CLEAN CARPETS BETTER AND CHEAPER
than any other concern in Washington.
No whipping to wear or tear your carpets.
A. H. CHACE & BRO.,
Fine Upholsterers and Steam Carpet Cleaners
ap27-6m 616 Louisiana avenue.

H. O. CANDEE, M. D., V. D., OF NEW York. Vitapathy or Vital Cure. For all diseases of body and mind. Lung and Throat difficulties, Consumption, Loss of Vitality restored (Hemorrhoids or Piles, Catarrh, and all weaknesses a specialty), Constipation, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Cancers, Scrofula; all Tumors, Malaria, or Blood Diseases, of whatever name or nature, thoroughly eradicated from the system; Deafness, Stuttering, and Stammering cured. Consultation free to all. Office and residence, 944 K street, corner Tenth, northwest. fel-3m*

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THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TOILET Articles for ladies and all the popular medicines on sale at COUGHLIN'S Temple Drug Store.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING FROM NEURALGIA, Headache, Toothache, or any pain, one application of FLUID LIGHTNING will relieve you. Sold only at COUGHLIN'S, Masonic Temple. no26

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES OF EVERY kind, Humphrey's Specifics, Extract Witch Hazel, Imperial Granum, and other food for infants at COUGHLIN'S. se14

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IN
SUMS TO SUIT
ON
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, &c.
P. WALLACH'S
LOAN OFFICE,
1417 Pennsylvania avenue northwest,
near Willard's Hotel. ma22

The National Capital Telephone Co.
Washington, D. C.

OFFICE: 1335 F Street Northwest.

J. B. EDMONDS, President; WM. H. BARNARD, General Manager; FRANK B. CONGER, Secretary and Treasurer.

In order to accommodate the public this Company has established

PUBLIC TELEPHONE STATIONS,

where any one may use the Telephone on the payment of

TEN CENTS for EACH MESSAGE

No Charge Made Unless the Call is Answered.

Subscribers' tickets will be taken at any of these stations in payment of messages. The following places have already been designated as

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Arlington—W. S. Roose's News Stand.
Willard's—W. S. Roose's News Stand.
Imperial—W. S. Roose's News Stand.
Metropolitan—W. S. Roose's News Stand.
National—Roose & Queen's News Stand.
St. James—B. F. Queen's News Stand.

Barker, J. W., Stoves, 401 Seventh street southwest.
City Hall, west wing.
Ferguson, R. B., Drug Store, Second street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast.
Ficklin, C. H., Drug Store, 1259 Thirty-second street.
Heiphenstine, E. K., Drug Store, Ebbitt House.
Heiphenstine, R. K., Drug Store, 526 Seventh street southwest.
Koss F. W., Drug Store, 2306 Seventh street, corner Boundary.
Killman, Wm. H., Grocer, cor. Fourth and I streets northwest.
Lewis, S. E., Drug Store, corner Fourteenth and P streets.
Muirhead & Co., Coal Office, 1332 Fourteenth street.
Moore, Charles F., Drug Store, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Seventeenth street northwest.
National Capital Telephone Company, 1335 F street.
National Republican Business Office, Pennsylvania avenue, near Thirteenth street.
Nourse, C. H., & Co., Drug Store, corner Ninth and F streets.
Prentiss, G. A., Drug Store, corner Seventh and F sts.
Reinlein, Paul, Drug Store, corner Ninth and P sts.
Scala, W. F., Drug Store, 301 East Capitol street.
Simms, G. G. C., Drug Store, corner Fourteenth street and New York avenue northwest.
Smith, A. B., Coal and Wood, 611 New York avenue northwest.
Thompson, W. S., Drug Store, Fifteenth street, opposite Treasury Building.
Wanstall, John & Son, Stables, 515 and 517 Nineteenth street.
Wimer, Charles A., Printer, corner Thirteenth and F streets northwest.
Zug, J. E., Coal and Wood, 927 Rhode Island avenue northwest.

New Patterns in

Fine Quality Linen Lawns, - - 20 cts.
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CHEAP READING! You can get any number of the SEASIDE or FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY you want at

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ORDERS BY MAIL FOR
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GAINES' MILL FIGHT.

CONTINUATION OF THE BATTLE.

A Gallant Stand—Scenes and Incidents—How the Union Front was Broken—Falling Back—Close of the Contest—Forces Engaged.

Immediately after the attack upon the centre, referred to in yesterday's article, a similar demonstration was made upon the extreme left, which also resulted in the repulse of the enemy. By three o'clock Reynolds, Meade, and Seymour had all been called up to strengthen the first line. There was not a man in reserve, except with the cavalry. Porter, from his position near the Adams House, within the circle of fire, viewed with alarm how the foe had closed in upon him; but yet there was no help for it. The safety of the whole army depended upon his maintaining his position, and he felt that he must hold it at all hazards, whatever the odds against him. As yet no trace of Slocum was to be seen. Near the Union commander, sitting upon their horses, unmoved by bursting shells and flying bullets, sat the Prince de Joinville and his nephews, the Duc de Chartres and Count de Paris, volunteer aides upon his staff for the occasion. The Count, becoming alarmed for his uncle's safety, rode up to Porter and begged him to send the Prince beyond danger. Porter, who had been contemplating another effort to secure help, immediately dispatched him to McClellan with a message stating his needs, and he departed, not knowing by what influence he had been sent instead of a younger and more active man. Hurrah! Slocum has come at last! About half-past four in the afternoon his division crossed the bridge, where he was met by aides from Porter, who directed his troops to positions where their services were most needed.

THE NEW JERSEY BRIGADE,

consisting of the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Regiments, was moved to the assistance of Reynolds and Seymour; the Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twenty-seventh, Thirty-first, and Thirty-second New York, Fifth Maine, and Ninety-fifth and Ninety-sixth Pennsylvania were assigned to strengthen the line on different parts of the field. In half an hour's time all were in the midst of the conflict. The three or four batteries which accompanied Slocum also went into action and did splendid service, especially Hexamer's (New Jersey). Five o'clock, and another determined attack was made upon the Union left and centre. The foe succeeded in making their way nearly to the foot of the slope before they were checked. During the assault the Thirteenth New York captured the flag of the First Tennessee, of Longstreet's corps, and the Twenty-second Massachusetts took a similar trophy from an Alabama regiment. Six o'clock, and then the tide of battle extended from the Chickahominy to the extreme right, in rear of Coal Harbor. Two miles of fire! "Will the daylight last forever?" asked the men of themselves and of each other. Ah, no! It had already gone out for many a gallant soul. Night was destined to come to all, one way or another, by and by. At about half-past six, while contending with the gray masses in front a shower of bullets from the left and partly in their rear swept through the ranks of Morell's First Brigade. The enemy had forced a passage between Butterfield and the river, and had flanked the Union left. Meade doubled back upon Butterfield, Butterfield's troops upon those to their right. Then the whole

LEFT SWUNG SLOWLY OUT

of the timber and up the hill. There was no order to retreat given; nor was there any unusual haste manifested in getting back. The continuity of the line was not broken, but deflected toward the east, so that it rested diagonally, instead of transversely, across the valley. The men had simply yielded, but doggedly, to overpowering numbers. Just when the situation was most critical, Major Whiting, with five companies of cavalry, presumably acting under orders from General Cooke, succeeded in accomplishing that which the rebels had been striving all day to do, but in vain. Charging from the rear, riding over the Union guns and gunners, trampling down the infantry, the horsemen created a temporary panic which well-nigh proved fatal. The line, already strained to its utmost, was broken, and by those who should have assisted in strengthening it. Meantime Meade and nearly the whole of Morell's division had yielded. In the ravine, where the first brigade of the latter was located, the smoke hung so dense and low that in the deepening shadows of closing day it was difficult to distinguish friend from foe, though but a dozen feet apart. When the men started up the hill to their rear the rebels were close at hand, coming up the ravine from below and clambering over the breastwork where they had lain. The scene that met their gaze as they reached the upper edge of the timber was

TERRIBLE, YET GRAND.

Between them and the Adams House, less than half a mile to the eastward, stretched a broad, elevated plateau, swept from the right, left, and rear by the enemy's fire, on the farther side of which the Union troops were forming a second line, in rear of two or three batteries. Nearer by, in the edge of the wood fringing the ravine, several batteries. Griffin's and Weeden's among the number, yet held their ground. One of them was supported by perhaps fifty soldiers from different regiments, (it was as safe there as at any other point), stragglers and slightly-wounded men. The foe swept up to the guns. Down went many of those who strove to stay the advancing whirlwind. The enemy were within twenty feet of the muzzles of the pieces when the command to limber up was given. A parting salute of grape and canister, and then four of the guns were dragged off, partly by hand, just in time to save them from capture. Two were abandoned, and those only because there was not a horse nor men enough left to move them. Midway between the timber and the new line upon the bank of a small rivulet

SAT A SOLDIER

of the Ninth Massachusetts (Irish) Regiment, hatless, coatless, and smoking a short-stemmed black pipe. He was dabbling his feet, which had been struck by a shell and made to resemble two bloody sponges, in the water, turning it to a bright crimson. As a little group of those who had stood by the battery passed him, he called out to one of them, "Arrah, Cap! Did yes iver see a biled Irishman the loikes ov me?" The day seemed lost altogether. Porter had called for additional help and anxiously looked for it. He sent the Count de Paris to hasten forward the needed succor. The Count rode across the field and down toward the valley. On the very crest of the hill, where it was almost certain death to linger, he turned, rose in his stirrups,

MADE A GRACEFUL SALUTE

to his chief and disappeared. About sundown French and Meagher, the former with the Fifty-second, Fifty-seventh, and Sixty-sixth New York, and Fifty-third Pennsylvania, the latter with the Sixty-third, Sixty-ninth, and Eighty-eighth New York (Irish brigade), arrived. General Porter placed himself at the head of one of Meagher's regiments and led it forward. Suddenly a body of the enemy appeared not two hundred yards distant. The general and several members of his staff were between the two lines. The Irishmen halted, delivered two well-directed volleys into the rebels, who fled and were pursued into the timber from whence they had issued. As by a miracle, the officers remained unharmed. The appearance of two fresh brigades enabled the Union commander to reconstruct his line, which he did by carrying out the formation already begun upon the high ground overlooking and commanding the bridges. Sykes, whose front had remained unbroken, was drawn in from Coal Harbor, and, facing northward, was joined on his left by the remnants of Morell's troops, facing westward. French and Meagher were in the valley; Slocum's men wherever their strength was most required. While taking part in the movements indicated

THE COLOR SERGEANTS

of the Thirteenth New York, of Morell's division, both wounded, became separated from their regiment. In attempting to rejoin it they were intercepted by a body of rebels coming up the bed of a deep but narrow ravine. They were ordered to surrender, and started first to the rear, but were cut off by the enemy rapidly approaching from that direction. Just when it seemed as if themselves and colors must become "captured property," an artilleryman scrambled up the opposite slope. "Hello!" shouted one of the sergeants; "where do you belong?" "Griffin's battery," came back the reply. "Then take these colors and give them to the Thirteenth New York, or be d—d to you." The flags were thrown across, gathered up and borne to their proper owners, just as the sergeants were made prisoners of war. At nine o'clock the fighting ceased and found the Union troops nearly half a mile in rear of their position of the morning, and with a loss of about 9,000, out of 33,000 men (including the reinforcements from over the river) engaged. For four hours

THE FIFTH CORPS

had alone withstood the assaults of Lee's 76,000 confederates; and, aided by Slocum, French, and Meagher, had virtually held at bay Jackson, Longstreet, the two Hills, Whiting, Magruder, Holmes, Huger, and Lawton, with their veteran soldiery, until darkness put an end to strife. The enemy suffered terribly, their casualities being considerably in excess of those upon the Union side, but the loss of officers among Porter's troops was fearful. Among the killed were Colonels Black, McLane and Gosline of the Sixty-second, Eighty-third, and Ninety-fifth Pennsylvania; Tucker, Second New Jersey, and Gove, Twenty-second Massachusetts; Lieutenant-Colonels Skillen and Marsh of the Fourteenth and Sixteenth New York, and Heath of the Fifth Maine; Majors Naghel and Hubbs of the Eighty-third and Ninety-fifth Pennsylvania, Hatfield of the First New Jersey, and Rossell of the Third Regulars; Captain Easton, Battery A, First Pennsylvania Reserve Artillery; Espy, Sixty-second Pennsylvania; Comstock of the First, De Puy and Preston of the Fourth, and Carr and Mott of the Sixteenth Michigan; Barry and Rogers of the Eighteenth, Harrer of the Fourteenth, and Whitlock of the Thirty-first New York; Brewster of the First, Danforth of the Second, Buckley of the Third, and Mervis of the Fourth New Jersey; Dunning and Salter of the Twenty-second and Casey, Madigan, O'Neil, and McCafferty of the Ninth Massachusetts; Dodd of the Seventeenth, Brindley of the Second, and Foote of the Sixth Regulars; Lieutenants Sweet of the Fifth Cavalry, Van Duzen, Twelfth Infantry; Barker of the Second and Hoover of the Fourteenth Regulars; Lema of the Thirteenth, Webster of the Twenty-seventh, Barnard and McFadden of the Sixteenth, and Russell of the Eighteenth New York; Mortimer of Follett's Battery (C, Third Massachusetts), Nugent and O'Dowd of the Ninth Massachusetts Infantry; Williams and McGraw of the Sixteenth, and Jones of the Fourth Michigan; Stuart of the First and Redic of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Reserves, Donohue of the Ninety-fifth, and Ellrich of the Ninety-sixth Pennsylvania. The list of wounded, of whom many died, was even greater. General Reynolds and Colonel Simpson, endeavoring to hold their position against too great odds, were surrounded a little after dusk and captured, together with a large portion of the regiment of the latter (Fourth New Jersey) and of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Reserves. In all, 22 cannon fell into the hands of the enemy, mostly for want of transportation, the horses being killed or wounded, and were carried off when they fell back to the westward of the field for the night. Thus ended the battle of Gaines' Mill. About ten o'clock there was a council of corps commanders called, and McClellan announced his determination to retreat to Harrison's Landing, which movement was forthwith begun.

ST. JOHN'S INSTITUTE.

Brilliant Commencement Exercises at Ford's Opera-House Last Night.

Ford's Opera-House was crowded last night by the friends of St. John's Collegiate Institute, the occasion being the annual commencement exercises of that institution. The stage was handsomely decorated with flowers and plants. Among the distinguished people who occupied seats on the platform with the students and faculty were Signor Zamacona, Senator Charles W. Jones, Hon. Sayles J. Bowen, General W. T. Sherman, Colonel Robert I. Fleming, Dr. P. Wales, Dr. Newman, Dr. Lincoln, Mr. J. C. G. Kennedy, the Spanish Minister, Mr. John Saul, the secretary of the Spanish legation, Dr. Groat, and Dr. Morrow.

The following programme was rendered to the entire satisfaction of the audience:

Preparatory department—Overture, "College Songs," Suppe; gavotte, "Kaiser Stadt," Morley; chorus, "Come Forth, Ye Hunters," preparatory classes; "Papa's Letter," Ed. H. O'Connor; "The Suliote Mother," Edmond Mallett; "The Wreck of the Hesperus," Charles E. O'Connor; xylophone solo, "Sounds from the Ringing Rocks," Smith, performed by Mr. F. W. Lusby; "Edinburgh After Flodden," Joseph A. O'Hare; caprice, "Turkish Patrol," Michaelis; "The Gambler's Wife," Wadsworth R. Smith; "An Appeal for Ireland," John McFaul.

Collegiate department—March, "Wolverine," Sousa; "The Gladiator," R. F. De Lacy; "Count Candespina's Standard," John G. Tanner; cornet solo, "Home, Sweet Home," Hartman, performed by Mr. William Jaeger; "The March of Mind," George F. Flinn; "The Heroines of Limerick," Richard J. Donnelly; galop, "The Wooing of the Storks," Fahrbach; essay, "Progress," William H. De Lacy; valedictory, James F. Shea; selection, "Trovatore," Verdi. Conferring of degrees. Address to the graduates, Hon. Charles W. Jones, Senator from Florida. Awarding of medals. Finale, "Tout a la Joie," Fahrbach. Music by Marine Band, J. P. Sousa, conductor.

The degree of bachelor of arts was conferred on William H. M. De Lacy and Joseph P. Fallon. The degree of bachelor of science on James F. Shea.

Medals and premiums were conferred as follows: Commercial diplomas were awarded to George F. Flynn, Richard J. Donnelly, Benjamin J. Eslin. The gold medal for philosophy was awarded to James F. Shea. The gold medal for excellence in the second collegiate class was awarded to George F. Flynn. The gold medal for phonography in the second collegiate class was awarded to Benjamin J. Eslin. The gold medal for excellence in the third collegiate class was awarded to Lee B. Mosher. The gold medal for Latin in the third collegiate class was awarded to William A. Foy. The gold medal for geometrical drawing in the third collegiate class was awarded to Joseph T. Byrne. The gold medal for elocution in the second collegiate class was awarded to Richard J. Donnelly. Commercial class—Gold medal for excellence, William Wallace Colne; gold medal for mathematics, John Joseph Slattery; gold medal for bookkeeping, John F. Moran; gold medal for elocution, Richard F. De Lacy; Second commercial—Gold medal for excellence, Wilfrid H. Edgar; gold medal for arithmetic, Edward M. Cleary; gold medal for grammar, John L. Mangan. First preparatory—Silver medal for excellence, John W. Glennan; silver medal for penmanship and drawing, John E. Walter; silver medal for elocution, *ex tempo*, Charles E. O'Connor, Edward H. O'Connor, Edmund J. Mallet, premiums for elocution awarded to John G. Tanner, John McFaul, Joseph A. O'Hare, and Wadsworth R. Smith. Third collegiate class—A premium for mathematics awarded to William F. O'Beirne; premium for phonography, Stephen B. Clements. Commercial class—Premium for excellence, John P. Gibbons; premium for bookkeeping, John G. Tanner; premium for algebra, Charles E. Fenwick; premium for history, Vincent E. Lynch; premium for arithmetic, Francis B. Walker; premium for orthography and penmanship, M. Vincent Moran; premium for geography, Patrick I. Moran. First premium for general improvement, John McFane; second, Edmund De Lacy; third, Thomas Dougherty; fourth, John Ryan; fifth, Thomas J. Sheridan; sixth, John Stanton; seventh, Wadsworth R. Smith; eighth, John Sullivan; ninth, John Lynn; tenth, William Maloney; eleventh, Joseph O'Hare; twelfth, Robert White; thirteenth, John Maloney; fourteenth, Cornelius A. Shea. First preparatory—First premium for excellence, Matthew Donnelly; second, John J. Sheehey. first premium for deportment, Charles A. Dunn; second, Howle Young; first premium for Christian doctrine, John A. Butler; second, Michael F. Brennan; first premium for grammar, first class, George F. Petty; second, ——; first premium for grammar, second class, John E. Dunn; second, Thomas Sweeney; first premium for orthography, Joseph Kelly; second, James B. Green; first premium for geography, Aloysius M. Menke; second, John E. McCarthy; first premium for history, Eugene O'Neill; second, John S. Moran; first premium for mental arithmetic, M. Fitzgerald; second, John W. Small; first premium for practical arithmetic, John M. Hayden; second, Louis N. Bogan; first premium for penmanship, Louis Du Fief; second, John A. McMahon; first premium for drawing, William Harvey; second, J. F. McCarthy. Second preparatory—First premium for excellence, William F. Walter; second, John McCormick; first premium for English grammar, William J. Borbeck; second, Martin J. Deponei; first premium for penmanship, Charles Homiller; second, John A. Kelly; first premium for deportment, John A. Barnett; second, Thomas F. Latimer; third, Aloysius McGowan; first premium for history, Andrew J. Cockrell; first premium for Christian doctrine, Thomas Keliher; second, George Boswell; first premium for arithmetic, Stanislaus Smith; first premium for geography, James De Wilton Taylor; second, John Miller; first premium for orthography, William Hughes; second, Carl Tegethoff; first first premium for reading, Joseph Crown; second, Liguori Lowe; first premium in general improvement, William Dunn; second, J. Fenwick Young; Third preparatory—First premium for Christian doctrine, E. Slattery; second, William Hanlon; first premium for arithmetic, Charles Bogan; second, James Keliher; first premium in reading, Martin Brennan; second, J. Kelly; first premium in deportment, H. C. Alexander; second, Maurice Alexander; first premium for attendance, Frank Moran; second, Thomas Byrne; third premium for deportment, Raymond Harvey; second premium for orthography, Robert Borbeck; third premium for penmanship, R. F. Carver; first premium for general improvement, Charles Braendle; second, David Flynn; third, Louis Selke; fourth, Louis Lawrence.

The address to the graduates by Senator Jones, of Florida, was replete with good advice to the young gentlemen, and was well received by the audience.

ALEXANDRIA AFFAIRS.

The fancy store kept by Mrs. Taylor, on King street, near the corner of Alfred, was entered by thieves last night and robbed of a number of small articles.

Mr. Karl Ferdinand Melchior, a respectable German citizens, died at his residence on Prince street, about nine o'clock yesterday morning, after a long illness, from cerebro spinal meningitis. Mr. Melchior was born in Solinger, Prussia, January 11, 1825, and consequently was in the fifty-sixth year of his age at the time of his death. The funeral will take place Thursday afternoon.

DISTRICT BREVITIES.

The Weather To-Day.

For the Middle Atlantic States, including the District of Columbia, partly cloudy weather, local rains, southerly veering to westerly winds, stationary or higher temperature, followed by rising barometer.

The thermometer yesterday registered as follows: 7 a. m., 70°; 11 a. m., 79°; 2 p. m., 76°; 3 p. m., 79°; 9 p. m., 70°; 11 p. m., 72°; maximum, 81.5°; minimum, 65.7°.

Prominent Arrivals.

Riggs.—J. F. Brooks, F. G. Newball, Boston; R. A. Kelland, Montreal; N. S. Bently, Brooklyn; R. G. Richardson, Ohio; E. H. Brynon, Pittsburg; W. A. Phillips, Kansas; P. Condra, S. J. Levy, New York; Brother J. Collins, Albany; C. H. Reid, Chicago; H. Mecke, E. R. Lyon, Philadelphia; P. Clayton, Arkansas.

Ebbitt.—E. E. Price, Newark, N. J.; Hon. J. F. Boyd, Greensboro', N. C.; Robert A. Weleks, New York; James D. Warner, Brooklyn; H. W. Sellers, Philadelphia; General N. A. Mills, U. S. A; J. F. Watkins, St. Louis, Mo., A. L. Vansant, Philadelphia; Powel Crosley, Cincinnati, Ohio; S. L. Northrup, New York.

Metropolitan.—William B. Parker, Red Bluff, Cal.; T. Goldberg, Jefferson, Texas; Samuel C. Bowland, Port Deposit; Peter Higgins, Boston; William H. Beaumont, New York; H. Woodwell, Richmond; John L. Clark, Baltimore.

St. James.—John Rubel, Kentucky; George R. Lombard, Augusta, Ga.; John W. Clark, Philadelphia, Pa.; A. Christie, England; Alfred Rix, San Francisco; Ed. Burton, Philadelphia, Pa.; William W. Kennoch, New York.

Imperial.—J. H. Frobel, West Virginia; Andrew Riley, Baltimore; S. H. Brake, Arizonia; J. W. Page, Alabama.

Arlington.—C. E. Tingley, F. Southgate, Boston; E. F. Storke, Milwaukee, Wis.

Wormley's.—G. Blaque, New York.

You can publish a three-line advertisement of want, rent, for sale, or lost, three times for twenty-five cents in THE REPUBLICAN.

William A. Bowman and Robert M. Vonneman have been appointed special policemen by the Commissioners.

The Commissioners yesterday approved the issue of a liquor license to James Schulze, on Lincoln avenue, in the county.

John White was yesterday awarded the contract for cleaning and sweeping alleys in the District at thirty-one cents per one thousand square yards.

The employees of the Government Printing Office will be put on full time after the 1st proximo. This will be welcome news to numbers of persons now on furlough.

Marriage licenses were granted yesterday to W. E. Hyde and M. Agnes Kelly, District of Columbia, and William F. Martin, Uniontown, D. C., and Laura L. Gray, Washington, D. C.

Messrs. Frank Wilson, W. P. Young, and B. H. Warner have been appointed by the Commissioners to assess property and perform other duties in connection with opening an alley in square 157.

The request of H. J. Daly to be allowed to use a portion of square 446 for storage of old material was disapproved by the Commissioners yesterday, on the ground that the District had use for the square for public purposes.

A delegation of market men interviewed the Commissioners yesterday, and presented a petition relative to being allowed tenancy of sheds in the O street market till August 1. The Commissioners promised to consider the request.

The Commissioners yesterday addressed a letter to Hon. M. G. Emery, president of the Washington Market Company, requesting him to secure prompt action in closing the sale of the Central Guard-House property, as the delay in settlement was greatly to the prejudice of District interests.

The Union Veteran Corps met at their armory, 930 Pennsylvania avenue, last evening, and, after a well-executed drill, the following gentlemen were proposed and elected active members: Captain C. H. Bliss (familiarly known throughout the country as "the drummer-boy of Shiloh"), Thomas Walker, and D. W. Beach. The full attendance at drills and meetings is evidence that the corps is on a sound and healthy basis. It numbers over sixty active members, all veterans of the late war.

ANOTHER MURDER.

Assistant Secretary French First Shoots and Then Cuts the Throat of a Dog.

A murder occurred on Capitol Hill Saturday which, perhaps, rivals in bloody details the one on I street. The usually quiet neighborhood of East Capitol street, between First and Second, was thrown into a lively state of commotion, and, while the action was going on, most of the residents barricaded themselves within their houses. The principals in the affair were Judge French, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and a vagrant dog which had placed himself under the guardian care of Mrs. Olds, who is the next neighbor of Judge French. The dog had lost his good looks, and was not wanted, and in consequence he nightly sent up his inarticulate but vehement protest against the injustice of the world and the incompatibility of his environment. It so happened that just as

JUDGE FRENCH IN HIS DREAMS

was reaching a satisfactory solution of the vexatious cotton-tie question, the voice of the dog aroused him and not only chased slumber away, but the aforesaid solution. He was naturally irritated, and the next morning he arose with blood in his eye. Taking down his trusty old fire-lock, which had done service in the revolutionary war and had not been used very much since, he grimly announced his murderous purpose. His wife protested, but all in vain. There was nothing to interfere except the dog. But, unfortunately, having no experience in being shot at, he began to run wildly about the yard as soon as the Assistant Secretary appeared with his weapon. The consequence was that he was shot at the first fire, but not seriously. Learning wisdom from experience, the dog then laid down confident that the enemy would aim at him, and he would therefore be in the safest place. The dog was correct in his empirical reasoning. The second ball missed him, plowed up the grass, took a bound, and scraped the paint off a lawn settee, knocked a paling off the fence, jumped back, and shattered three flower pots, and finally buried itself in the front porch of the next house. This ball

COVERED SO MUCH GROUND

that the neighbors thought that a whole army was fusilading East Capitol street, and at once beat a hasty retreat. The dog, relying on the strategic safety of his position, lay perfectly still, howling vigorously, and enjoying in anticipation the devastating effect of the next shot upon the neighborhood. This proved fatal to him, for the Judge, discarding the rifle, with the assistance of a colored man, fell upon the hapless canine and cut off his head with a hatchet. An all pervading peace ensued, which has remained unbroken. The obsequies of the victim will occur to-day.

O let the radiant glow of hope
Suffuse the tear of joy,
Nor let derision's horoscope
Divinest passion cloy;
O float me back to memory's isles
Upon a mossy log,
And let me, with ecstatic smiles,
Throw brickbats at the dog.

ST. VINCENT'S SCHOOL.

Annual Commencement To-Day at Masonic Temple—Programme.

The school attached to St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum, at the corner of Tenth and G streets northwest, and kept by the Sisters of Charity, will hold its annual exhibition exercises this morning at Masonic Temple. The programme will be as follows: Entrance march, Keinkel, Misses Shea, Grady, Gleeson, and Crean. Laudate, Zingarelli, solo and chorus; soloists, Misses Mudd, Jirdinston, Daly, Van Doran, and Turner, organ accompaniment. Coronation Ode, solo, concerto and chorus, Lloyd; soloists, Misses Daly, Mudd, Jirdinston, Miller, Davies, and Turner; concerto and chorus, Misses Gleason, Cunningham, Purcell, Van Doran, Schutter, Reidy, Ellis, Daly, Nocton, Cullinane, Killigen, Cromelein, Magruder, Ferry, Giusta, Madigan, Nolan, Becker, Magee, Parsons, and Crean; piano Miss Ragan. "Caliph of Bagdad," Boieldieu, Misses Ragan, Giusta, Magee, and Gleason. "Early Spring," chorus, junior class; piano, Miss Ellis. "Alpine Glow" (trio), Herbert, Misses Shea, Gleeson, Cullinane, Crean, Grady, and Nolan. "We Are Fairies of the Sea," (vocal duo), Glover, Misses Davies and Turner; piano, Miss Guista. "Turkish Patrol" ("Fatinitza"), Michaels, Misses Ellis, Magee, Cullinane, and Nolan. "On the Rhine" (sextette and chorus), Operti, Misses Daly, Jirdinston, Mudd, Davies, Miller, Gleeson, Turner, Van Doren, Daly, Ellis, Reidy, and Cunningham. "Trot Du Cavaliere, Spindler, Misses Giusta, Cullinane, Grady, and Ellis. "Les Glaneuses," quartette, Clapisson, Misses Daly, Jirdinston, Mudd, and Turner; piano, Miss Ragan. "Lex Rameaux," piano solo, Leybach, Miss Ragan. Chorus, from "Pirates of Penzance," Sullivan. "La Baladine," Lysburg, Misses Giusta, Ragan, Shea, and Crean. "The Fisherman," vocal duo, Gabussi, Misses Daly and Turner. "Early Flowers" (chorus), Concone, large orphans; "After School," small orphans. Valedictory, composed and delivered by Miss Bessie Jirdinston. "Farewell," (concerto and chorus), Gumbert, piano, Miss Magee. Closing March, Misses Shea, Grady, Crean, and Gleeson. The graduates will be Misses Ella A. Giusta, Annie E. Daly, Mary A. Purcell, Bessie Jirdinston, Maggie Ragan, and Jennie Mudd. The music will be under the direction of Mrs. C. E. Kearney. The distribution of honors and premiums will intersperse the programme exercises.

THE REVISED TESTAMENT.

Report of the Washington City Bible Society in Regard to It.

The monthly meeting of the Washington City Bible Society was held last evening, the first business considered being the report of the committee appointed to revise the new version of the New Testament. Rev. A. W. Pitzer, chairman of the committee, stated that each member had taken sixty pages to read and compare, as a result of which he would submit the following: The undersigned, having been requested by the Washington City Bible Society to unite in an examination of the revised version of the New Testament, respectfully submit the following report:

This is one of many translations since 1380—Wycliffe's, Tyndall's, Coverdale's, Matthews', Cranner's, Parker's, Genevan, Douay, King James', and many others since.

With all the variations in the different manuscripts and the various renderings in the translations, the system of the Christian religion remains intact. No fact, truth, or duty is changed in the least.

While the Convocation of Canterbury originated and has controlled the revision, and while the great religious bodies of this country and Great Britain, as such, and the Bible societies have not co-operated in the work, yet the revision has had the co-operation and assistance of eminent scholars outside the Anglican church, both in Great Britain and America.

The revisers have had the use of more abundant material (notably, the four oldest manuscripts in existence), the benefit of the comparatively new science of biblical criticism, and enlarged knowledge of the Holy Land. With these advantages over previous revisers, they have labored nearly eleven years, without compensation, to give us the nearest English equivalent for the original Scriptures.

In general, the changes from the authorized version are more exact and correct renderings of the original Greek, and, since the great object of every translation is to approximate as nearly as possible to the thoughts of the Holy Spirit as embodied and expressed in the original Scriptures, this is an excellence of the highest value.

Among the merits of this revision we note the following: The substitution of modern for obselete words; the uniform rendering of proper names throughout the Bible; the omission of the headings to the chapters, which are in reality a commentary, and form no part of the Scriptures; and the noting in the margin only of the convenient but arbitrary division of the Bible into chapters and verses, which is a matter of purely human origin.

In the few instances of important changes and omissions the revisers have evidently sought with diligent and conscientious care to give us the translation of a purer text of the original Greek.

Had the changes proposed by the American revisers, as printed in the appendix, been generally adopted, in our judgment the revision would have been still further improved.

"The authorized version is the first and greatest of English classics, and a living reproduction of the original Sc