THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 11, 1881.

Population of the National Capital....180,000.

The Mississippi Plan This Year.

A law of Mississippi, enacted by the Democrats with a view to perpetuating their power, creates a "State Board of Commissioners of Election," composed of the Governor and Secretary of State. This board has authority to appoint a similar commission, of three members, for each county in the State, who in turn appoint the inspectors and clerks of election for the various voting precincts. To give the law a semblance of fairness it is provided that these county boards shall not be composed exclusively of members of the same political party. In arranging the preliminaries for prior elections the State board has shamelessly held that there was but one political party in the State, and has made appointments without regard to the provision referred to, and now, when the ballot-box stuffing, bulldozing Democracy of Mississippi is confronted by a formidable opposition, this same State board refuses to act upon the recommendations of properly constituted committees in the selection of the third member for county boards, and, instead, appoints an alleged representative of the people's movement on its own motion or on the recommendation of Democrats. The object of such action is apparent. They simply desire that the opposition shall be represented by persons who, through their incompetency or corruption, can be used as mere tools in carrying out the carefully arranged plans for "counting in" the Democratic candidates. The preconceived purpose is rendered all the more apparent by the fact that the State board have reappointed a large number of Democratic commissioners who were indicted in the United States courts for all manner of frauds perpetrated at the election held one year ago. Many of these same reappointed commissioners *pleaded guilty* to various crimes, such as "intimidating voters," "neglect of duty," "ballot-box stuffing," "refusing to register voters," "failing to return votes cast," "expelling Federal supervisors from polling-places," &c., &c., and some of them paid their own fines, while the fines of others were paid by subscriptions raised by Democratic committees. Others still have indictments hanging over them, and after they have performed the vile work allotted them in the approaching election it is hoped they will be prohibited from further defrauding the people of their rights by justly deserved confinement in the penitentiary. United States Judge Hill will perhaps see that he committed a grave error in permitting these villains to go free on payment of a nominal fine and costs of prosecution, instead of inflicting on them a penalty commensurate with their offenses. It is encouraging to know that there are many honest citizens of Mississippi who are courageous enough to expose and denounce such outrages and demand their rights. The latest addresses from the executive committees of the opposition to the Democracy close as follows:

> The time presses upon us. The destiny of Mississippi is in the hands of her own people. Who shall rule? A few conspirators, aided by the denizens of criminal courts, the light-fingered ballot-box stuffing gentry, or the people in their sovereign power?
>
> Fellow-citizens, the issue is made up! The country waits for your verdict!

How much longer will the country submit to the rule of a minority in the Southern States through force and fraud?

The Irish Land Bill.

Lord Derby does not regard the land bill as sufficient to settle the Irish question. Writing of it in the *Nineteenth Century*, he holds that the real sentiment of Ireland is not to be satisfied in any such way as the bill contemplates. The claim that underlies the land agitation—"Namely," he says, "the demand for an Irish Parliament"—will in any case still remain. "We must not indulge in the pleasant dream of a loyal, contented people," he observes; "we are at the beginning of the struggle, not at the end." Lord Derby looks at the Land League from a clearer standpoint than some of his country. He considers it childish to speak of the League as "the work of a few demagogues, anxious only to draw subscriptions from American sympathizers." It certainly is high time for this childishness to cease. Blows have not hurt the League, and sneers like those of the London correspondent of the New York *Tribune* cannot alter the fact that its power is in the people, not in the leaders, though to speak of these as demagogues is simply the silliest rubbish. Lord Derby's view has the merit of being sensible, at all events. England is being educated on the Irish question. A few years more of the pressure that Lord Derby recognizes as having forced the passage of the land bill will probably enlighten her a good deal. Will not the New York *Tribune* and its like take a lesson on this subject from the liberal English statesman, Lord Derby?

L. Q. WASHINGTON, ESQ., the Democratic nominee for Secretary of the Senate, is a journalist well known in Washington, and was during the days of the confederacy chief clerk in the State Department of the confederate government. His qualifications cannot be questioned, and his democracy is unmixed. We sincerely trust he may be beaten.

Ignoring a Plain Statute.

Heads of Departments are making appointments every day, but the following section of the Revised United States Statutes appears to have escaped their notice:

SEC. 1754. Persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service by reason of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty shall be preferred for appointments to civil offices: *Provided*, They are found to possess the business capacity necessary for the proper discharge of the duties of such offices.

Personal Effects of the Late President.

Twenty-five boxes, carefully packed and arranged, are ready at the White House for transportation to Mentor, Ohio. There will be six more boxes, which in all will contain the personal effects of the late President and the members of his family. A special car will be chartered, which will convey the goods to Mentor. The contents of the boxes are books, papers, and household property. Nothing from the sick room will be sent to Mentor, except the large fans which were used in cooling the atmosphere immediately surrounding the sick President.

The Attorney-General and Mr. Gorham.

Friends of the Attorney-General say that one of the reasons why that gentleman insisted upon the acceptance of his resignation at once was the knowledge that Mr. Gorham's influence with General Arthur would probably neutralize to some extent the efforts made to push on the star-route trials to conviction.—*New York Tribune's Washington Correspondent.*

The *Tribune* correspondent in Washington is a reputable journalist, and incapable of giving the foregoing words to the public except upon good authority. He stands sponsor for the fact that Attorney-General MacVeagh has really said to friends, for publication, what is attributed to him in the above extract. We accept the statement, then, as true that the Attorney-General has stated, and authorized the statement to go to the world—

First—That Mr. Gorham desires to "neutralize the efforts made to push on the star-route trials to conviction;" and,

Second—That the President can be influenced by Mr. Gorham to aid in neutralizing those efforts.

I. And first as to Mr. Gorham's desires. He desires to put the best construction on the acts of men, and to hold every man to be innocent until found to be guilty. He knew General Brady, and believed him an honorable man; knew that he had been vindicated from all charges of improper motives in the star-route business by both Houses of Congress; knew that in that investigation General Garfield, then a member of the House, was his friend, and that in the Senate Senators Blaine, Windom, and Kirkwood had defended him upon the evidence; knew that after that investigation President Hayes and Postmaster-General Key continued their confidence in him, and that his increase of mail contracts had been met by appropriations voted by Congress after full debate. Mr. Gorham had been earnestly, and almost obsequiously, assured by Thomas L. James, Postmaster-General, on the day after Brady's resignation was demanded, that there was in his Department nothing whatever against him (Brady), and that it was merely required to make room for another. His previous good opinion of General Brady being thus fortified by the support of General Garfield, Senators Blaine, Kirkwood, and Windom, both Houses of Congress, President Hayes, and Postmaster-General Key, and sustained in the final hour by Postmaster-General James's positive declaration that there was nothing in the Department against him, it seemed strange to read in the papers of the next day the commencement of the assaults with which the press has ever since teemed. Mr. Gorham then and after deprecated this mode of warfare. He advocated a judicial inquiry. He never did seek to discourage that. If any man has offended let him be accused in a legal manner, convicted, and punished. The depraved and notorious characters with whom Mr. McVeagh surrounded himself from March till August were not the men upon whose word he was justified in presuming guilt instead of innocence in any man. The later introduction of such men as Benjamin H. Brewster and George H. Bliss into the Government service is an earnest that legal proceedings are to take the place of the trial by newspaper, in which McVeagh and James had the ear of the court, witnesses being entirely dispensed with. Since legal proceedings commenced THE REPUBLICAN has made no comments, except to approve the transfer of the matter from the newspapers to the courts, the sneaking innuendoes of Mr. McVeagh and his scribblers to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And now as to Mr. MacVeagh's base and utterly unfounded calumny. In whole and in part, in letter and in spirit, in assertion and in innuendo, by what is said and what is meanly sought to be conveyed, the thing which the *Tribune* says Mr. MacVeagh tells his friends is false to the core. No person connected with the President socially or officially, much less the President himself, has ever heard a word from Mr. Gorham, directly or indirectly, concerning the star-route cases. He has no wish concerning them except that the law shall take its course, reach where and whom it may. He is as incapable of expressing a wish on such a subject to the President as the latter would be of hearing it. If Mr. MacVeagh's training leads him to consider such business a proper subject upon which to attempt "influence" with the President, it is fortunate for the country that he is eager to run away from the wreck he has made of the Department of Justice. If he has been taught better, then his insult to the President is coarse and intentional.

His spokesman in the *Tribune* further says:

> Mr. Gorham's candidacy for the Secretaryship is an embarrassment to the Republicans. Some of the Senators who are nearest to the President are still advocating his election, but he has latterly been so conspicuous as a defender of General Brady and the other alleged star-route conspirators, and as an assailant of their prosecutors in General Garfield's Cabinet, that there is considerable opposition, and it is quite certain he cannot be elected. That he should be pressed by the intimate friends of the President is interpreted in some quarters as a rebuke to the men who have been pushing on the star-route investigations.

This explains all. THE REPUBLICAN has denounced the Attorney-General for prosecuting General Brady *in the newspapers for six months before taking a single step in court.* For this he is angry and seeks revenge. Mr. Gorham is the nominee of the Republican caucus for Secretary of the Senate, and Mr. MacVeagh, in childish spite, falsely assails him as a defender of "star-route conspirators." It was infamous in two Cabinet officers to surround themselves with such characters, and, studiously avoiding the courts, to create a hell of newspaper abuse in which to immolate the victim whose sacrifice was to stamp them with the name of reformers. If Mr. MacVeagh knows of anything in any manner reflecting upon the moral character of Mr. Gorham, let him produce it. But he shall not go unchallenged when he seeks, even behind the shield of a newspaper correspondent, to make accusations like those we have quoted. He will find Mr. Gorham as free from any attempt to embarrass judicial proceedings as he has found him bold to censure the first law officer of the Government for avoiding the courts and seeking to forestall verdicts and decisions by popular clamor manufactured through the press.

Almost Always.

A mulatto woman has just died in Brazil at the alleged age of 187 years. As the account of her death fails to state that she made a fed-quilt containing thirty thousand pieces a year before her demise it is safe to say that her age has been greatly exaggerated. When a woman passes her hundredth year she always builds a wonderful bed-quilt.—*Norristown Herald.*

PERSONALITIES.

M. OUTREY, the French Minister, is in the city.

BYRON'S statue at Missolonghi was unveiled Sunday.

HON. CHARLES H. VOORHIS, of New Jersey, is at the Ebbitt.

GENERAL DRUM is expected to return to Washington to-day.

NILSSON has been in Sweden to assist at the royal marriage.

COLONEL JEROME BONAPARTE and family, who are at Newport, are to sail for France next week.

WILLIS MACDONALD, who made the West Point statue of Custer, is in Cleveland, modeling a statue of Garfield.

TALMAGE thinks Guiteau is an emissary of the Mormons. It is not known what Guiteau thinks Talmage is.

WILLIAM BLAIR LORD has returned from Alaska and has gone to Skowhegan, Me. Mrs. Lord is at Hempstead, L. I.

CAPTAIN JACK'S lieutenant in the Modoc war, Scar-faced Charlie, is now a peaceful farmer at Quapau, in the Indian Territory.

S. D. CALDWELL and wife left Saturday for a month's vacation, which will be spent in the valley of the blue Juniata, Pennsylvania.

MRS. GEORGE W. CHILDS gave a luncheon party at Wootton yesterday afternoon to Mrs. Stafford Northcote, of England. Fifty guests were invited.

MISS CARA BLOSS, of Mount Pleasant, has gone to visit her aunt, Mrs. McCourtre, at Kalamazoo, Mich., and to attend the wedding of Miss Meda Burrows, daughter of Hon. J. C. Burrows, and George McNeir, of the Congressional Library, which is announced to take place on the 12th inst.

A LETTER from Rome says: "Virginia Marini is the greatest actress in Italy—that means in the world. She is Sara Bernhardt, Janauschek, and Lotta in one. She has all the fascination and passionate pathos of the "great Sara," all the power and grandeur of Janauschek, and all the pucklishness of Lotta. She was a pupil of Salvini, and is now in the zenith of her career."

REV. JOHN A. LANSING, of a Methodist church at Brookline, Mass., who was jointly indicted with Miss Ward, of Waverly, N. J., for obtaining money under false pretenses from Mrs. Phoebe Upham, was taken in New York on Saturday to the district attorney's office to be bailed. Messengers were sent to many gentlemen by the prisoner for sureties for his appearance when called upon for trial. There was no response to the applications, and the prisoner was conducted to the city prison by Detective Field.

Wrecks on the Coast.

The Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service yesterday at the request of the Life-Saving Service dispatched a surgeon from New Berne, N. C., to Life-Saving Station No. 18, above Cape Hatteras, to attend to the sick and wounded persons rescued from the schooner Thomas J. Lancaster, on the 5th instant. Three vessels were wrecked in this vicinity on that date, from which the Life-Saving Service rescued the crews of two, and six persons from the third, seven being lost. The full particulars of the loss of life have not yet been received, but it is learned that the life-car and breeches-buoy apparatus was not available on account of the inability of the vessels' crew to haul the whip-line and block on board after a shot-line had been cast over the vessel by the Lyle gun, and that the six saved were taken ashore by the station surf-boat. The general superintendent has ordered an investigation under section 9 of the act of June 18, 1878. The captain's wife, who was rescued, is lying very sick at the station, and the second mate also, the latter with a broken thigh. The medical attendance was provided as soon as the necessity for it was learned. Superintendent Kimball, of the Life-Saving Service, this afternoon received a telegram stating that the body of Mr. Calvin, first mate of the Lancaster, was found yesterday near Station 19 and buried there, and that the body of Seaman James Washburne was found near Station 22 and also buried. The body of one of the captain's missing children was also found near the latter station, all three bodies having been washed ashore.

Condition of the Cotton Crop.

The cotton exchange at Norfolk, Va., reports the condition of the cotton crop, based on 66 replies from 34 counties in North Carolina, of an average date of September 30, as follows: Thirty-one report the weather warm and dry, 23 very hot and dry, 6 wet and dry, and 6 variable. Thirty-eight show that the weather has been favorable and 28 say unfavorable. Four say that there has been no damage to the crop; 40 replies, averaged, show that the crop has been damaged 32 per cent. by drought; 21 show slight to serious damage by drought, rust, and hail-storms; 42 state that the cotton has not fruited well, and 21 say that it has fruited well; 41 replies show that the plant has not retained its squares and balls; 22 show that the plant has retained its squares and balls; 64 replies, averaged, show that 49 per cent. of the crop has been picked; 60 replies, averaged, show a yield of 500 pounds of seed-cotton per acre; 58, averaged, say that the yield, as compared with last year's, is about 35 per cent. less.

The Hazing at Annapolis.

The following report upon hazing at the Naval Academy has been received by Secretary Hunt from Rear Admiral C. P. P. Rodgers, superintendent:

> As exaggerated statements have appeared in the public press, giving the impression that the acts of hazing at the Naval Academy in the last few days were of an aggravated and brutal character, I think it proper to say that none such have come to my knowledge, nor do I believe that any such have occurred. The practice of hazing usually begins in a moderate form and increases in virulence as it goes on. I am fully satisfied that the cadets of the third class were bent on continuing this unlawful and most unworthy practice until they were summarily checked by the action taken to deprive them of all opportunity to carry their intentions into effect. They were not punished. They were simply restrained until their good sense induced them to pledge their word of honor that they would be governed by the law enacted by Congress as interpreted by the naval authorities. In entering upon what they consider a mild form of hazing the misconduct of the cadets was grave and worthy of severe punishment, but in degree it was less flagrant than has been represented, and I should be glad if that fact should be made public.

A Pennsylvania Mystery.

A mysterious death occurred at Lock Haven, Pa., Saturday night. Jonas Zindle is proprietor of the Farmers' Hotel, on Church street. Samuel Blair, under the influence of liquor, had been quarreling in the barroom, and Zindle walked outside with Blair to send him home, and an instant afterward there was a heavy thud on the pavement. Zindle's wife ran out and found her husband on the pavement. Blair was on his hands and knees, but got up and ran off. A neighbor says he saw him run away. Mrs. Zindle called for help, and it was then found that Zindle was dead. The whole transaction occurred in two or three minutes. The right side of Zindle's face is terribly bruised, and looks as though he had been struck. Blair was arrested at midnight.

Pay Inspector Washington.

Pay Inspector Richard Washington, who was recently fleet-paymaster of the Asiatic squadron, left the frigate Richmond on her arrival at Panama, and came to New York from Aspinwall by the mail steamer which arrived last Friday. He only learned at Panama of the death of his eleven-year-old daughter, and says that almost every officer on board the Richmond found sad news in the mail which awaited the ship at Panama. Pay Inspector Washington met Mrs. Washington Saturday morning, at Baltimore, and came here Saturday evening to visit his mother, but left yesterday evening en route for Boston, where he will meet the frigate Powhatan, which has the crew of the Richmond on board.

The White House Usher.

One of the most useful and valuable officers as well who is required by the President is the usher at the door of the executive office. He should be above the average in intelligence, a quick reader and keen observer of human kind, and should be possessed of that valuable gift which (in former days was regarded as indispensable in a hotel proprietor and clerk) enables him instantly to recollect names and faces and locate persons. Such an officer is Mr. Charles D. A. Loeffler, whom President Arthur has placed in charge of his official door. Mr. Loeffler has held the position of executive usher for several years.

THE WARRIOR'S HOME.

I.

A sword, a sash, and a soldier's coat
Are hung on the cottage wall—
With a manly face in a golden frame,
And a banner enwreathing all:
The banner is tattered and battle-worn,
But its union hath all the stars;
And the captain's coat hath a bullet mark
Just under the shoulder-bars.

II.

I read in the record, "He bore the flag
In the teeth of a fiery hell;
And the sword was grasped in his cold right hand
In the morning where he fell."
Swift over the wires a reinless steed
A message of sorrow bore,
That tied with a never-dissolving knot
The crape on the cottage door.

—*John W. Storrs.*

THE SUPREME COURT VACANCY.

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

The death of Hon. Nathan Clifford, of Maine, creates a vacancy on the Supreme Court bench. To fill this vacancy the name of Hon. Charles Devens has been prominently suggested, not merely because he lives in that circuit, but on account of his large judicial experience upon one of the ablest Supreme benches of the Union, his great learning and vigor of intellect, his broad views upon national questions, the purity of his personal character, and his familiarity with the duties of the court and the character of the questions argued before it, acquired in the four years of his active practice before it as Attorney-General.

Hon. Roscoe Conkling is spoken of in connection with it, though his acceptance was alone wanting to have made him Chief-Justice. In view of this fact, though eminently qualified for this important position, his name is doubtless mentioned in connection with it chiefly on account of his prominence in the public mind and because those who do so admire him, but forget that he is vastly more essential to the Republican party than the party is important to his future.

Judge Cooley has also been suggested, and though very much more might be said of him, it was deemed sufficient to say of him that he was a great book lawyer and a special friend of the late President.

It is not my purpose to disparage or advocate the desirability of any particular appointment. But the fact that an appointment recently made by five Presidents—Republican Presidents—could only be confirmed by a nigh vote, and could not have been at all if left solely to the vote of his own party, to say nothing of the well-known means which were used to secure this support, affords the most ample reason for the anxiety of every thoughtful man who loves free government as to the selection to be made for the present vacancy.

That grand tribunal is conservative in the proper sense of that term. It mingles not in the current politics of the day, and should not. And yet the political aspirations of the individual member has more than once weakened and impaired if not destroyed his usefulness judicially. It is of the utmost importance that the appointee should be a man not only of sound but of well-settled principles and fixed convictions. He must be "as brave as his convictions." It is of the last consequence that he be not a "trading man."

The country is much exercised over the organization of the Senate. The probable organization of the House is the subject of no little speculation and of some solicitude. But these things are only momentary. The majority of the Senate or the House may be changed by the accidents of a day. But the tenure of the Supreme Court is for life. Not only for life, but its decisions are rules for the government of their successors in the construction not only of the statutory but of the organic law itself, which are rarely changed. More than once has the Supreme Court annulled not only the letter but the very life, spirit, and intention of the solemn statute of both branches of Congress as approved by the executive. The vote of a member is but one of hundreds, of a Senator but one of seventy-six; that of a judge is one of nine. If the former be of such importance, of how vastly more consequence is the latter? The wrong or the folly of the one may be promptly neutralized, or at any rate corrected by the frequently recurring elections, but how are the errors of the Supreme Court to be corrected? JUSTICE.

A Meeting in Loudoun County.

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

In accordance with previous announcement, a political meeting was held here on October 8, 1881, for the purpose of discussing the questions involved in the present canvass. Hon. Charles McCabe, of Leesburg, opened in behalf of the Readjusters and delivered a fine argument, based on facts in relation to the standing of the laboring class and of public schools, for which he was applauded several times. Mr. Divine, on the part of the Funders, answered the first speaker, but most of his sayings were composed of anecdotes, which the assemblage enjoyed, as a matter of course. Mr. Kidwell, a young gentleman and native of Virginia, delivered the closing speech in behalf of the cause of Readjusterism, after which the crowd gradually dispersed. Mr. Divine acknowledged the facts in relation to increase of public schools during the last eighteen months, but he tried hard to make it appear that the Bourbon element were entitled to the credit. K.

FARMWELL, LOUDOUN COUNTY, VA., Oct. 10, 1881.

A Correction.

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

A paragraph in THE REPUBLICAN a few days ago contains an account of the marriage of Major William Arthur, paymaster, United States army, to Miss Lena Bouvier, at Governor's Island, New York Harbor, on September 26, 1881. This item of news is repeated in the *Sunday Herald* (army and navy edition), and, I am informed, appeared also in the *Army and Navy Register*. In justice to Major Arthur, who is now on duty in Montana (he was paying troops at Fort Assiniboine about the date of the reported marriage), I trust you will at once correct this statement through your columns. Major Arthur will not altogether relish this bungling attempt at a practical joke—if such it be—for which I doubt whether your paper is responsible. The "happy man" in this case was Dr. —— Arthur, a young physician living at Governor's Island. Paymaster Arthur has been some years married, and his wife, a very estimable lady, is with her husband at his station, Helena, Mon. Very respectfully, W.

Lafayette's Visit.

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

Your paper recently contained an item naming two gentlemen supposed to be the only surviving residents of Washington who took part in the reception of the Marquis de Lafayette, upon the occasion of his visit in 1824. The undersigned witnessed both his entrance and departure. The reception took place at the Capitol, where he entered, with escort, at the east entrance to the park, proceeded to the central portico, was formally received by the city authorities, with an address by General Roger Weightman, mayor. Upon his final departure he was escorted by volunteer military companies, in one of which (the Columbia Artillery, commanded by Captain Peter Force) was the undersigned. The escort was to the river, near the arsenal, where the distinguished guest was placed on board a United States vessel, to be conveyed to France. There are doubtless a number of other surviving participants in the honors of the occasion. A. ROTHWELL.

What Does the "Star" Think Now?

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

An article in the last *Sunday Capital* in regard to the course of certain papers in abusing a person might apply to the *Star*, of this city, which always worships the rising sun and kicks a fallen man, as shown in their articles last summer sneering at Roscoe Conkling after his defeat for the Senate, saying that he was competent to fill a situation as clerk for a hotel. Their attacks on Brady and Dorsey before they had been found guilty of any crime were mean. Does the *Star* think at the present time that Roscoe Conkling is not capable of filling a somewhat higher place than mentioned? If it does its opinion differs from a majority of Republicans. FAIR PLAY.

A Mistaken Vermonter.

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

The statement made in THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN of the the 5th instant that President Arthur is the only Chief Magistrate who was born in Vermont is not true. Look up your history a little. VERMONTER.

[If "Vermonter" will send us any history containing information to the contrary it will be gladly received at this office. We never heard of one.]

Fearful Trials to the Sole.

To the Editor of THE REPUBLICAN:

Being a stranger in your city, my sole has been sorely tried in passing up and down the brick sidewalks on either side of Pennsylvania avenue. Is there no remedy? Cannot your city fathers cause those penance brick walks to be replaced, or relaid, or made passably smooth? SARAH JANE.

An Intelligent Postmaster.

The following letter was recently received at the Post-Office Department, but its origin is rather obscure:

BRIDLEVILLE* INO October the 11, 81R as the Depety of Brusey Prarie took the oppetunety to Report Me I Want to Know if he has the Rite to open the Mal Sack When its Driver Over to Me and I am go thirty Rods from the Offu Stop Me and take Sack Sack and Open it On the Rodd Ornet I would like to know If that is a Cordingto Law or not. now I Would Like to know if he arite to playing Cro eay Wen I Come With the Mle and is not Redy to Receive it and he sez that I Can not D&Rbet Mail In Boxes Between Miffert Pound Brusher Po now I Want your Opinion on the Sub ged now in Regar to that Car ing the Mail in the offes is a pine Blank false hood he hant taken the sack in 10 times sence I hav taken the Root now I Want the state of the Mater as I am greeve to the Bisnes and he Went to Driv Me to Meshers I Went to know What his Duy is your truly JOHN SPEAROW

* Supposed to be intended for Kentallville.

Cox in a Harem.

Congressman S. S. Cox writes to the New York *Sun* from Constantinople: "Every year the Turkish Empire is winnowed for the handsomest young lady to adorn the Sultan's palace as a new wife. The mother of the Sultan selects from the bevy of beauties gathered from 'silken Samarcand to cedared Lebanon.' One of the singular laws of royal marriage here is that the wife becomes the slave when married to his majesty. Why? Because the Crown Prince or future Sultan must be a born slave himself, and thus less in rank than the free people of the realm he governs. This is odd, but it is oriental."

The Last of Le Duc's Tea Farm.

Acting Commissioner Carman, of the Agricultural Department, sent Mr. B. F. Fuller, the disbursing officer of the Department, yesterday to Summerville, South Carolina, to wind up the Government tea farm established there by the late Commissioner Le Duc. The property consists of large burglar and fire-proof safe, three sets of harness, one fancy Jersey wagon, one horse, two mules, and a few thousand tea plants. The Commissioner says they have orders for a large number of tea plants one party in Florida wanting 25,000.

Escape of Murderers.

Appleton Atkinson, sixty-eight years old, and his son, James C. Atkinson, aged twenty-eight years, both sentenced to be hanged October 28 for the murder of the wife and child of the latter, escaped from the jail at Gayoso, Mo., Sunday night. They are provided with Winchester rifles, but nearly the whole male portion of the residents of Pemiscot County is in pursuit of them. They made their escape by tunneling beneath the jail.

Wanted--Help.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework; must stay at night and must have good references. Apply at 618 L street northwest, between Sixth and Seventh. oc11-3*

WANTED AT ONCE—10 GOOD CABINET-makers and 2 Machine Hands; steady employment for those who suit. Apply at MILL, Maryland avenue, near Four-and-a-half street southwest. 10-3t*

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS CLERK, WHO is a good penman and has business experience. Address, stating name, Lock-Box 513, City Post-office. oc9-3t*

GENERAL GARFIELD'S LAST LETTER, written to his mother while on his death-bed. Every one should have a copy. Neat fac similes for sale at The Republican office. Ten cents per copy.

Wanted--Situations.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RELIABLE colored woman as Child Nurse or Chambermaid. Apply at 404 I street northwest. oc11-3t*

A FIRST-CLASS COPYIST DESIRES WORK; engrossing resolutions, deeds, or policies a specialty. Address COPYIST, Republican office. oc8-3t*

WANTED—A CLERK IN THE TREASURY Department, lawyer by profession, possessing an extensive clerical experience, desires employment after 5 o'clock p. m., at reasonable wages. Address LAWYER, Republican office. oc2-3t*

A LADY OF FRENCH PARENTAGE, WHO has had long experience in teaching in Boston, desires a position as Governess or Companion; she speaks French fluently and can teach Latin and the English branches; best references given. Address TEACHER, 46 Dennis street, Roxbury, Mass. oc8-12t*

WANTED—SITUATION BY A COMPETENT colored woman as cook or waitress. Apply at No. 4 Sumner Row, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth and L and M streets northwest. oc6-6t*

A LADY WILL PAY $100 CASH AND A CERtain amount monthly for a Government position. Address MISS V. A., 820 Tenth street, near I. oc5-3t*

WANTED—A YOUNG AND GOOD-LOOKING English girl wishes a situation as Governess in a small family. Address MARY E. JOHNSON, Republican office. oc4-10t

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY A GENTLEman of good business tact, 23 years old, active, and willing to work; permanent position more of an object than large salary. Address T. L. J., Republican office. oc4-10t

WANTED—BUSINESS MEN TO KNOW THAT all kinds of Job Work can be executed at The Republican Office quicker and in a more satisfactory manner than at any other place in the city. se28

Wanted--Rooms.

WANTED—TWO COMMUNICATING ROOMS, with first-class Board, in private family, for gentleman and wife; west or northwest part of the city desired. Address RAYMOND, Republican office. oc11-3t*

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, Parlor and Bedroom, or one large Room, with or without Board. Address E. A. C., Republican office. oc10-3t*

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS wife, 3 or 4 unfurnished Rooms, near the Ascension Church. Address D. E. F., Republican office. oc10-3t*

WANTED—GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WANT 2 Rooms, unfurnished or partly furnished, heat and gas, suitable for light housekeeping. Give terms and address MASCOTTE, Republican office. oc10-3t*

WANTED—TO RENT 2 OR 3 UNFURNISHED Rooms, by a lady, where people will not be too inquisitive, or would rent small House. Address E. L., Republican office. oc10-3t*

WANTED—FOR HOUSEKEEPING, 4 UNFURnished Rooms, on first or second floor; permanent if suited. Address, stating price, MONTGOMERY, Republican office. oc8-3t*

WANTED—BETWEEN H AND O AND NINTH and Fifteenth streets, 3 well furnished communicating Rooms, in small or private family, where there are no children; references exchanged. Address S. C., Republican office. oc8-3t*

WANTED TO RENT—UNFURNISHED PARlors, between F and K and Twelfth and Fifteenth streets northwest. Address A. B. C., 514 Thirteenth street northwest. oc8-3t*

WANTED—BY HUSBAND, WIFE, AND child 10 years old, four Rooms on first floor, or House of five rooms; bath not an object; those objecting to a child need not answer. Address, with full particulars, A. C., Republican office. oc5-3t*

WANTED—A DINING-ROOM AND KITCHEN by a caterer; has all the necessary fixtures. Address R. P., Republican office. oc5-3t*

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS, BY GENtleman and wife, for light housekeeping; terms reasonable. Address, with terms, S. E., Republican office. oc4-3t*

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT the best and cheapest place in the city to get Job Printing done is at The National Republican Office. se26

Wanted--Houses.

WANTED—UNFURNISHED HOUSE, 6 TO 9 rooms, in northwestern part of city, by 15th of October or 1st of November. Address, stating price, location, &c., L. R., Republican office. oc11-3t*

WANTED—I WISH TO RENT A 3-STORY brick House, near the Thomas Circle. Address, giving terms, NEW YORK, Republican office. 10-3t*

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, TO RENT A 7-room House; all modern improvements; Capitol Hill or northwestern part of city; rent not to exceed $25. Address PROMPT, Republican office. 10-3t*

WANTED—TO BUY 5 TO 9-ROOM HOUSE; will pay part in Western land, good; balance monthly payments. Address NELSON, St. Charles Hotel, city. oc10-3t*

WANTED—A HOUSE WITH 8 OR 9 ROOMS, by the 21st instant; must have modern improvements and rent not over $25; if suited will be permanent. Address, stating terms, location, &c., S. A. W., Republican office. oc8-3t*

WANTED—A HOUSE CONTAINING 8 TO 10 rooms, worth about $5,000; must be at moderate price, well situated, with all modern improvements; half or all cash. Address, giving description and location, W. A. L., Republican office. oc8-3t*

Wanted--Miscellaneous.

WANTED—AN OFFICER, HOLDING A LIFE position, desires to borrow $600, returnable in monthly payments of $100, with 1½ per cent. per month allowed for use of amount; ample life insurance. Address MONEY, Republican office. oc10-3t*

WANTED—CARPETS TO CLEAN AND STEAM at RICE'S, 490 Maine avenue southwest; feathers to renovate, mattresses to remake, furniture to steam; the oldest and best concern in the city. oc10-2m

WANTED—A SET OF SECOND-HAND WALnut Furniture chamber and parlor set. Address MAJOR, Republican office. oc10-3t*

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A FOLDING BED at a reasonable price. Address C. BRYANT, U. S. Pension Office, city. oc10-3t*

WANTED—A STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER, 15 horse-power; state price and number of years in use. Address R. L. J., Republican office. oc4-3t

NOTICE.—A BUREAU FOR COPYING, TRANSlating, Type, Card, Stenographic, and Letter Writing, at Rooms 10 and 11, No. 342 D street, opposite the City Hall; also experienced Reporters, Amanuenses, and Copyists supplied on short notice. se25-1y

JOB WORK OF EVERY CHARACTER AND DEscription executed at THE NATIONAL Republican Office, at any hour, day or night, and every day in the year. Good work and low prices. se26

GENERAL GARFIELD'S LAST LETTER, written to his mother while on his death-bed. Every one should have a copy. Neat fac similes for sale at The Republican office. Ten cents per copy.

MADAME LEFRINCE, FROM PARIS, WILL give lessons in French at her home or at pupils' residence; prices moderate; best city reference. Apply at 225 Third street northwest. se16-4o15*

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 4 HORSES WITH first-class care and keeping. Carriages stored in separate room from stables. J. B. OLCOTT, Between Thirteenth and Fourteenth and H and I streets. se15-1m*

WANTED—TO ANNOUNCE THAT JOHN E. Beall, Room 4, 1420 New York avenue, is a Commissioner of Deeds for every State and Territory, United States Commissioner, Examiner, and Notary Public; always in office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. ap30-1y

Personal.

DR. CHARLES H. BOWEN HAS RETURNED and will resume practice at 601 Massachusetts avenue. oc11-6t*

WANTED—BY A LADY, TO MEET WITH A good, substantial business man, with a view to business. SINCERE, Republican office. oc10-3t*

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO CORRESPOND with an intelligent and sensible lady; object self-improvement. Address one week CHARLES STANLEY, Baltimore, Md. oc10-6t*

A GENTLEMAN OF MEANS, ABOUT TO VISIT the South for the winter, wishes to make the acquaintance of a lady of discretion; address, with photo, which will be returned if not satisfactory. Address for two days J. L. R., Republican office. oc8-3t*

A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES employment during the extra session as private secretary to some Senator. Address S., Republican office. oc6-6t

IF MR. M., KNOWN AS SENATOR, WILL call on Mrs. W. he will confer a favor. oc4-2w*

PERSONAL.—INFORMATION WANTED AS to the whereabouts of Ole Olsson, who is supposed to have lived in Washington in the winter of 1879; if he can be found it will be money in his pocket. Address J. DUPONT, 149 Broadway, New York. oc4-1m

PURE SPICES FOR Pickling. John H. Magruder, FINE GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, 1421 New York Avenue.

FALL IMPORTATION. FRENCH DRESS BONNETS AND PROMENADE HATS. Fine Millinery Goods, Lace, Beaded Embroideries, Gloves, Dress Trimmings and Buttons, best French Corsets, Silks, Wrappers, Cloaks (the best assorted stock ever imported), and many rich and exclusive Novelties, all of my personal selection in Paris. M. WILLIAN, 7 Cite Trevise, Paris. 502 Penna. avenue.

HAYWARD & HUTCHINSON, 317 Ninth Street Northwest, give special attention to MODERNIZING DEFECTIVE PLUMBING IN CITY RESIDENCES, And, having a Large Force of Competent Workmen, attend promptly all JOBBING ORDERS. ap22-1y

For Rent--Houses.

FOR RENT—TWELVE-ROOM PRESSED BRICK House; modern improvements; 457 F street southwest. Inquire of W. A. PENWICK, 427 Seventh street northwest. oc11-3t*11

1408 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, OPPOsite Willard's Hotel, 7 rooms, closet, bath; newly papered and painted; only $40. oc10-3t*

8 ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, INCLUDING DINing-room and kitchen, pantry and 7 closets, bath, &c.; beautiful terraced yard; perfect order; immediate possession. No. 1216 Fifteenth street northwest, near Scott statue; location unsurpassed. oc10-3t*

FOR RENT—No. 1311 NEW YORK AVENUE, two-story Brick House; 8 rooms, hall, cellar, front and back yards, water and gas; $20 a month in advance. Apply at 1212. oc8-3t*

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 1244 ELEVENTH street northwest; 10 rooms and bath; modern improvements. Apply at 1103 M street northwest. 8-3t*

FOR RENT—

FURNISHED HOUSES.

Several first-class Houses, finely furnished, located in the northwestern section of the city, have been placed in my hands for rent—some for six months, others for one or more years, at prices ranging from $100 to $500 per month, according to term of lease.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES

in all sections of the city for rent, at prices from $15 to $200 per month.

J. V. N. HUYCK, No. 1305 Pennsylvania avenue, o