THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

VOL. XXII.---NO. 264. WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1882. THREE CENTS.

POLITICAL POINTS.

MORE NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

Close of the Woman Suffrage Convention—Minnesota Republicans—National Liberal League—Oregon Senatorship—Tammany Satisfied—Folger Will Accept.

OMAHA, NEB., Sept. 29.—The National Woman's Suffrage Convention held its closing public services yesterday. Speeches were made by Miss Phœbe Cousins, Miss Anthony, Mrs. Shattuck, of Boston, and Madame Neyman, of New York. At the close of the evening meeting in the Opera House, which was crowded, a reception was held, and was attended by a throng of people. There has been a lively interest in the suffrage movement here, and the meetings have been spirited and ably conducted. Resolutions were adopted thanking Congress for the appointment of a woman's suffrage committee in each House; thanking Senators Lapham, Ferry, Blair, and Anthony for their report in favor of an impartial suffrage amendment to the Constitution of the United States; declaring that it is the paramount duty of Congress to submit a sixteenth amendment, which shall secure the enfranchisement of women; that the association should labor for the submission of this amendment to the National Constitution; also, prohibiting States from disfranchising on the ground of sex; declaring that the action of the State conventions of the Republicans in Kansas and Indiana, the Democrats in Massachusetts, and the Prohibitionists in Chicago indicate a recognition of the strength of our platform and the near approach of the full recognition of woman's political rights; that it is the duty of the legislatures of Iowa, Oregon, and Indiana to ratify the woman's suffrage amendments, and that the enlargment of woman's political freedom in Iceland, Scotland, India, and Russia are encouraging signs.

THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS WERE ELECTED:

President, Elizabeth Cady Stanton; vice-presidents-at-large, Matilda Joslyn Gage and Phœbe W. Cousins, Missouri; Olympia Brown, Wisconsin; vice-presidents, Helen Martin, Arkansas; Laura DeForce Gordon, California; Alida C. Averys, Colorado; Esther A. Jewitt, Connecticut; Mary A. Stewart, Delaware; Belva A. Lockwood, District of Columbia; Marietta V. Bones, Dakota; Elizabeth Boynton Herbert, Illinois; Helen M. Gougar, Indiana; Jane C. McKinney, Iowa; Sarah A. Brown, Kansas; Sallie Clay Bennett, Kentucky; Elizabeth L. Saxon, Louisiana; Ellen F. Foster, Maine; Rebecca Williams, Indiana; Harriette H. Shattuck, Massachusetts; Fannie Holden Fowler, Michigan; Sarah Burger Stearns, Minnesota; Virginia L. Minor, Missouri; Clara Bewick Colby, Nebraska; Hannah R. Clapp, Nevada; Eliza J. C. Gilbert, New Hampshire; Cornelia C. Hussey, New Jersey; Tilde D. Blake, New York; Sarah A. Williams, Ohio; Abigail Scott Duniway, Oregon; Matilda Hindman, Pennsylvania; Anna E. Aldrich, Rhode Island; Elizabeth Arcey Meriwether, Tennessee; Jennie Beachamp, Texas; Emmeline B. Wells, Utah; Lydia Putnam, Vermont; Sally Holly, Virginia; Abbie H. Stuart, Washington Territory; Laura Ross Wolcott, Wisconsin; Mary B. Post, Wyoming.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

May Wright Sewell, Indiana, chairman; Buel D. McClung, Alabama; Louise M. Oliver, Arkansas; Sarah L. Knox, Goodrich, Cal.; Isabella Beecher Hooker, Connecticut; Harriet Purvis and Caroline B. Winslow, District of Columbia; Louisa Gage Carpenter and Rev. Eliza F. Wilkes, Dakota; Sarah E. Lutes and Annie C. Waite, Kansas; Mary B. Clay, Kentucky; Harriet E. Keating, M. D., Louisiana; Charlotte A. Thomas, Maine; Harriet H. Robison, Massachusetts; Cordelia A. Briggs, Michigan; Annie Irvine, Missouri; Jennie J. Holmes, Nebraska; Mrs. Yocum, Nebraska; Marilla M. Ricker, New Hampshire; Mary Powers Filley, New Hampshire; Rev. Phœbe A. Manaford, Novia Scotia; Clemence Lozier, M. D., New York; Clara Nieman, New York; Augusta Lilienthal, New York; Helen M. Loder, New York; Martha M. Brown, Ohio; M. Adeline Thompson, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Julia Foster, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth L. Hinckley, Rhode Island; Oma Langhone, Virginia; Mrs. A. J. Paddock, Utah; Sarah A. Richards, Mississippi; recording secretaries, Ellen H. Sheldon, District of Columbia; Julia T. Foster, Pennsylvania; E. Pearl Adams, Illinois; corresponding secretary, Rachael G. Foster, Pennsylvania; foreign corresponding secretaries, Caroline A. Briggs, England; Lydia E. Becker, England; Madame De Baran, Paris; Ellen Clark Sargent, Germany; treasurer, Jane F. Shafford, District of Columbia; auditors, Ruth and W. F. Dennison, District of Columbia.

National Liberal League.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 29.—The sixth annual convention of the National Liberal League met here this morning. First Vice-President Mrs. Juliet Severance, of Milwaukee, took the chair. About thirty delegates were in attendance. No regular programme for the morning session having been arranged, impromptu addresses were called for. W. T. Doty spoke in behalf of a secular benevolent association. A. B. Severance sketched the history of the Sunday law movement in Milwaukee. W. H. Hall, of New Burnside, Ill., reviewed the history of liberalism. E. H. Longley, of St. Louis, spoke in the same strain, and N. D. Moore, of Adrian, Mich., arraigned the prohibitionists and the church.

AT THE AFTERNOON SESSION

President T. B. Wakeman presided and made quite a long address, setting forth the objects and purposes of the league, saying there would emanate from the movement inaugurated by the Liberal League a new religion which would take within it all the people under the influence of public good. Business committees were then appointed. The question of the advisability of the league taking political action was made the order of the day for to-morrow. The proposition to organize a benevolent association was discussed and finally referred to a committee to report a plan. At the night session addresses were delivered by ex-Rev. George Chainey, of New York, on "This World," and by Mrs. Juliet Severance, of Milwaukee, on "Woman Suffrage."

Nominations for Congress.

New York—Twenty-fourth district, Newton W. Nutting, Republican.

Illinois—First district, A. J. Grover, Anti-Monopoly; second district, J. J. Alpeler, Anti-Monopoly; third district, W. P. Black, Anti-Monopoly; fourth district, Christopher Meyer, Anti-Monopoly.

Pennsylvania—Seventeenth district, Dr. W. D. Hall, Independent Republican; sixth district, the Republican conferees failed to agree. The ballots were a tie between Congressman Ward and J. I. Everhart.

Kentucky—Seventh district, Rev. J. W. Asbury (colored), Republican.

Massachusetts—Sixth district—no nomination by the Republican convention. The vote stood: Lodge, 13; Davis, 27; Converse, 20; Frost, 35. Fourth district—The Democratic Congressional Convention has been in session all night, but no nominations have been made, the time having been occupied in settling contested delegations. There are three factions supporting respectively Hon. P. A. Collins, Hon. T. J. Dacey, and Joseph H. O'Neil. A bitter fight and bolting is expected, and it is stated that if Collins does not receive the nomination he will run independently. A formal ballot resulted as follows: Whole number of votes 142; Collins, 66; Dacey, 26; O'Neil, 49; Wendell Phillips, 1. The second formal ballot resulted as follows: Whole number of votes 141 necessary for a choice 71; Collins, 69; O'Neil, 46; Dacey, 26.

Hon. Louis E. McComas.

Hon. L. E. McComas, Republican nominee for Congress in the sixth Maryland district, was in the city yesterday. He will commence on Monday a vigorous campaign throughout his district. His competitor has not yet been nominated by the Bourbons. It is probable that Montgomery Blair will be the nominee, although Douglas, Baughman, Walsh, and others are mentioned. Mr. McComas was elected in this district six years ago, but counted out by the Democrats, who gave the election to Walsh by a majority of fourteen, through barefaced frauds perpetrated by young Democrats from Washington and Georgetown. Mr. McComas is an attorney-at-law at Hagerstown, Md. He is about 35 years of age, medium height, dark complexion, an intelligent face, keen black eye, and quick movements. He is said to be extremely popular in the Western part of the State, and is an excellent stump-speaker. He will doubtless succeed Mr. Urner.

From Mississippi.

A prominent Mississippi Republican writes us as follows: "I see statements going the rounds of the papers as given out from Washington that H. C. Carter as a candidate for Congress is making some headway in this district. I want to say that Carter has no following, and I do not believe will average ten votes to the county, if he does five. His candidacy only means an excuse for ballot-box stuffing. The Bourbons have no hopes of electing Manning on a free ballot and a fair count. They are afraid to risk stuffing Chalmers out without some pretext, consequently they keep Carter in the race and will count a large vote for him and claim that the Republicans are divided. Chalmers is making a splendid canvass and standing solidly by the Administration, and if we can secure a count his election is an assured fact by not less than 3,000, and may reach 5,000."

Mr. Folger Will Accept.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 29.—The *Argus* to-morrow morning will say: An *Argus* reporter yesterday called on Mr. John F. Smyth and had with him for publication this interview:

Reporter—Mr. Smyth, I see that some of the papers are speculating on whether Mr. Folger will decline the nomination for governor, and some of them are urging him to do so. Have you any knowledge on the subject, or whether he is likely to decline the nomination?

Mr. Smyth—You can say that I have no reason to suppose Mr. Folger will decline the nomination, and every reason in the world to conclude that he will accept it.

Election Supervisors Held for Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Edward Lonergan and Frank Johnson, United States supervisors, were given a further hearing by United States Commissioner Gibbons this afternoon upon the charge of making fraudulent returns of voters in the fourth ward of this city. Evidence was adduced to show that out of thirty-two persons returned as living in one house only three were found there; that but two voters lived in another house where twenty had been registered; that in another only six of twenty registered had been found, and that in still another house there lived but eleven voters out of thirty-six returned. The prisoners were held to answer at the next term of the United States district court.

California Prohibitionists.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The State Prohibition convention met here yesterday. To-day it became evident that a majority desired to nominate a straight ticket, and about forty delegates who were opposed to that course withdrew. The convention this afternoon nominated Dr. R. H. McDaraid, of San Francisco, for governor, and William Sims, of Yola County, for lieutenant-governor.

Minnesota Republicans.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Sept. 29.—The Republican State Central Committee yesterday decided not to call a convention, but in view of the apparently unanimous desires of the Republican party of the State that Judge James Gilfillan should be re-elected chief justice, the committee passed a resolution nominating him for that office. This is the only State office to be voted for this fall.

Tammany Is Satisfied.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Tammany Hall had a meeting to-night at which the candidates on the State ticket were fully indorsed. The monopoly question was fully discussed, and the invitation of the county Democracy to aid in arranging a mass-meeting was adopted. The resolutions closed with a request for local harmony in nominations.

The Anti-Monopolists.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—The anti-Monopolists adopted resolutions in favor of abolishing all monopoly in land, the purchase by the government of inventions, and the submission of prohibition and woman suffrage questions to the people. A full Congressional ticket for Cook County was nominated.

The Oregon Senatorship.

Special Dispatch to THE REPUBLICAN:

SALEM, OREG., Sept. 29.—The ballot for Senator stood as follows: Ex-Senator Mitchell, 42; Judge Prim, 29; Henry Dalley, 18; scattering, 2.

The Old Testament Revision.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The American Bible Revision Committee, or that branch of the committee known as the Old Testament Committee, met to-day in private session at the Bible House. The work of revision, it was reported, had progressed to psalms, which have already been revised four times—twice in this country and twice in England. The songs on Solomon will come next, followed by Ecclesiastes, which will all but complete the work and will take about a year yet to accomplish. Professor Meade, of Virginia; Dr. Hare of Philadelphia; Dr. Packard, of the Episcopal Theological Seminary of Virginia, and Dr. Donaul, of Brooklyn, were present with suggestions as to the best way to advance the work. About nine clergymen are now engaged on it.

Base-Ball Matters and Games.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—It is stated on the best authority that the Chicago Base-Ball Club will refuse to recognize the validity of the agreement with the Providence Club to play nine games after the close of the season to decide the championship, on the ground that the agreement was entered into on the understanding that the Worcester proposed to drop out without completing its schedule. The Worcesters having concluded, however, to play its series out, the championship has been decided in the regular way in favor of the Chicagos, and further games are unnecessary.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; Athletic, of Philadelphia, 12.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; Detroit, 0.

At Worcester—Troy, 10; Worcester 7.

Like Garfield's Wound.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Sept. 29.—John Launon, who, on July 29, was shot in the back while attempting to escape from Special Policeman Yeager, died this afternoon in the hospital. The deceased was arrested on suspicion of the larceny of a lot of brooms. The officer fired several shots at him, one of which took effect in his back, causing a wound pronounced by physicians as similar to that of President Garfield. Some of the best surgeons in the city have have had charge of the case, among them Dr. Agnew, who was one of the attendants on the late President.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

—The London *Times* says it understands that Admiral Seymour is personally unwilling to accept elevation to the peerage.

—The floods in the Tyrol have reduced hundreds of wealthy land owners to poverty. The laboring class is in terrible distress.

—Four members of the Massachusetts Bicycle Club Thursday made a ride of 116 miles, which is the largest bicycle ride ever accomplished in this country.

—Thomas Riley, the well-known swimmer, was discharged yesterday in the criminal court Boston, where he had been on trial for alleged larceny of a $1,000 bond.

—Public meetings are being held in Washington County, New York, by the advocates of woman suffrage, Mrs. Lillie Devereaux Blake being the leading speaker.

—The Worcester, Mass., musical festival was brought to an end yesterday by a remarkably fine performance of "The Messiah." The festival has been most satisfactory.

—William Sheldon, aged 8 years, residing on a canal-boat lying at the foot of Henderson street, Jersey City, was drowned yesterday while bathing. The body was recovered.

—Pending the contest over the will of the late John C. Hamilton, of New York, the surrogate has appointed William C. Hamilton temporary administrator, requiring him to give $20,000 bonds.

—Samuel Baker, indicted at Somerville, N. J., for shooting A. T. E. Schenck, because the latter eloped with the former's daughter, was found guilty of assault and battery. Sentence was deferred.

—The city insane asylum of New Orleans has been abolished, and 135 of its inmates, in charge of a large number of attendants, left last evening by the steamer Gay for the insane asylum at Jackson, La.

—James H. Elliott, the New York lawyer who was charged with burglariously entering the house of Emmeline Laurent and stealing a deed while she lay in bed attempting suicide by starvation, was discharged to-day.

—Advices from Presburg, Austria, report the occurrence of anti-Jewish riots at that place. The mob broke the windows of many houses occupied by Jews. The military finally restored order after making forty arrests. The military are confined to their barracks.

—J. Robert Ricuff, who is held for the murder of W. F. Facklor, and L. M. T. McClung, held as accessory before and after the fact, were before Judge Miltenberger, in New Orleans, yesterday. Ricuff was remanded without bail, and McClung's bail was fixed at $15,000.

—The examination at Annapolis, Md., of naval cadets of the class of 1880 for promotion to midshipmen concluded yesterday. Harry K. Hines, of Kentucky, reported for examination as naval cadet. Samuel E. Darby, of Arkansas, passed a successful examination, and has been admitted as naval cadet.

Stephen J. Meaney, correspondent of the New York *Star*, arrived in Queenstown, en route to the United States, and was visited by a deputation from County Clare. He said "he was going to return to America, and present his case to the United States government, but he would be back and fight it out before Christmas."

CABLE CHRONICLES

FROM EGYPT AND OTHER PLACES.

Results of the Explosion and Fire in Cairo—Arab Vengeance—Plundering the Jews in Austria—Stanley and His African Explorations—Other News.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The *Times* says it has been decided to retain 12,000 men in Egypt to consolidate the work for which the suppression of Arabi Pasha does little more than clear the way. At Cairo the explosions at the railway station continued at brief intervals for over three hours. By the energetic efforts of the military the fire was prevented from spreading. The passenger station was saved, but all the freight sheds, containing ten days' provision for the army and about 200 trucks of ammunition, were destroyed. Five men were killed and twenty wounded. The fire was of incendiary origin. Subsequent to the first explosion two Arabs were seized in the act of firing trucks; a third escaped. The fire began among the ammunition captured from the Egyptians. Some accounts attribute it to an accidental blow on a percussion shell while the military were removing the ammunition. It appears clear that the Arabs endeavored to spread, if they did not cause the fire. The traffic of the railway will not suffer serious interruption. Troops patrolled the streets last night.

The government has telegraphed to Cairo ordering that an investigation be made into the cause of the explosion which occurred there yesterday, and that the result of the inquiry be promptly reported.

The transport Carthage has arrived at Portsmouth with 11 officers and 101 men wounded at Tel-el-Kebir on board. Five others who had been wounded died on the voyage.

The London *Daily Telegraph* has the following dispatch from Cairo: It is estimated that fifteen days' supplies for 25,000 men were destroyed in the fire caused by the explosion here yesterday. The court of inquiry ordered by the government is now sitting.

Shortly after the explosion in Cairo, an Arab was caught throwing a can of petroleum into a burning wagon. Another was seen lighting a fire under the train, and a third was arrested for inciting the natives to massacre.

Why Stanley Went to Brussels.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—One of the objects of Mr. Henry M. Stanley's journey to Brussels is to endeavor to secure for the International African Association the portion of the territory of King Batckes which was ceded to France, owing to the energy of the Frenchman Debiazza, who arrived on the spot just before Mr. Stanley. France has not yet ratified the treaty with the King.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Paris says: By the treaty with King Batckes France is expected to gain control of the Congo country. King Leopold, in a letter to M. De Lesseps, has recognized this as an accomplished fact. The French papers represent Mr. Stanley as having tried to supplant the French, and demand the immediate ratification of the treaty.

Plundering the Jews.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The *Daily News* has the following dispatch from Vienna: "The rioters in Pressburg declared that what they had done was merely a prelude to what was coming. The shops and warehouses of the Jews were forced open and plundered. The rioters offered the military an obstinate resistance, some of them seizing the soldiers' bayonets with their hands. Similar excesses were committed in the neighboring town of Blumenthal, where thirty persons were arrested. Several hundred Jews have fled to Vienna."

EPIDEMIC NOTES.

Ravages of the Yellow Fever, Cholera, and Other Diseases.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 29.—A telegram from Tehuantepec says there is no occasion for great alarm on account of the cholera; that it is not of the Asiatic type, and that it is confined to Tuxtla.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—An official telegram received at Madrid says that cholera has ceased in Japan, but at Manila, in the Philippene Islands, on Thursday, there were twenty deaths from the epidemic.

JACKSON, MISS., Sept. 29.—Dr. Wirt Johnson, secretary of the State board of health, has reliable information from Wesson, Miss., that there is no yellow fever there and no foundation for a report of it.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the *Picayune* from Pensacola reports fifty-two new cases and eleven deaths. The total cases to date are 731, and deaths 75.

High Church Practices.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—It is considered almost certain that the Rev. Father Ritchie, the extreme ritualistic pastor of the Episcopal Church of the Ascension of this city, will be called to account for his high church practices. The corner-stone of the new church was laid to-day in high ritualistic form, high mass being celebrated with all the forms of the Church of Rome, except that the mass was sung in English. Bishop McLaren was not present, and at the laying of the corner-stone Father Ritchie referred to the fact in rather curt terms. He said that the absence of the Bishop was regretted. The parishioners were about to lay the corner-stone, in accordance with their tenets, and he trusted that they would not swerve from them. Rev. Father Dorset would solemnize the event, however, and it was particularly fitting that he should do so, as he was the first rector of the parish, and was priest of the church when the speaker was a student at college, and when their beloved bishop had not emerged from the darkness of Calvinism.

Trotting Races at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, PA., Sept. 29.—The exposition races to-day were fairly attended. The track was heavy but the weather fine. 2:30 class—purse $500; Crownpoint Maid, 1, 1, 1; Sunshine, 2, 2, 5; Tony Newell, 3, 3, 3; Busby, 4, 4, 4; Stranger, 5, 5, 2; Allegheny Boy, 7, 6, 6; Mercutio, 6, 7, 7. Time, 2:39, 2:40½, 2:39.

2:35 class—purse $500; Reville, 1; Judge Davis, 2; Blue Bird, 3; Rufus H., 4; Brick, 5. Time, 2:41¾.

Running race—mile heats; Fairy Queen won the first, Terpolette second, and Virginia third heat. Time, 1:55. Owing to darkness, the race was not concluded.

A Fatal Runaway.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 29.—While Assemblyman Asa J. Parker, jr., accompanied by his wife and two other ladies, was driving a spirited team today the horses ran away. Mr. Parker was thrown out of the carriage and had his leg broken, and it is feared that his skull is fractured. The horses kept on until they ran against a tree, throwing out the three lady occupants of the vehicle, one of whom, Mrs. Lewis Rathbone, wife of a prominent retired manufacturer of this city, was instantly killed. Mrs. Parker and Mrs. C. H. Strong, of Savannah, Ga., sisters-in-law of Mrs. Parker, were slightly injured.

The Bonnet Carre Crevasse.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 29.—A Baton Rouge special to the *Picayune* says: "Acting on requests of the city council of New Orleans, Governor McEnery has approved of an additional allotment of $10,000 for closing the Bonnet Carre Crevasse. This insures the closing of the crevasse, and will restore clear salt water to Lake Pontchartrain instead of the muddy Mississippi River water which has filled it for several years. The watering places along Mississippi Sound will also greatly benefit by the change of the water.

A Car Goes Through a Bridge.

FORTERIE, ONT., Sept. 29.—At 5:30 o'clock this evening the dummy car used for conveying passengers over the international bridge between here and Black Rock (a suburb of Buffalo) fell through the open draw into the Niagara River, a distance of twenty-five feet. Engineer Bohn, of the dummy, and Edwin Hershey, and The Reeve, of Bertie, Ont., were killed. Mrs. Parmlee, of Black Rock, Captain Haggart, the dummy car conductor, and a lady whose name is unknown, were seriously injured.

The Veterans' Reunion.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA, Sept. 29.—The second day of the reunion of the Veterans of Southern Iowa and Northern Missouri opened auspiciously with over 3,000 in camp. This morning a grand procession took place. There are 20,000 strangers in the city from the surrounding country, and the streets are thronged. This afternoon a sham battle took place. The camp breaks up to-morrow evening.

Tried to Lynch a Cashier.

BONANZA, COL., Sept. 29.—A. G. Adams, cashier of the Bonanza Exchange Bank, which suspended a few days ago, was arrested, and an attempt to lynch him was made, but prevented by some law-abiding citizens.

TARIFF COMMISSION.

Meeting in Baltimore—The Number of Miles Traveled and Work Done.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 29.—Eight of the nine Tariff Commissioners arrived here this morning. A brief morning session was held, but no witnesses being present a recess was taken until 2 o'clock, at which time the interests of the manufacturers of chemicals and fertilizers containing sulphuric or muriatic acids were represented by R. W. S. Rasin, of Baltimore.

Silas L. Loomis, of Fernandina, Fla., presented the claims of manufacturers of palmetto fiber to protection under the tariff. He said that it had been found by experiment that the fiber made from the palmetto could be used in the making of matting, brushes, carpets, hats, and cloth. He asked that the bamboo and rattan and cocoa fibers that are now on the free list be taxed at from 1 cent per pound of the raw material to 4 cents when partially worked into rope or fiber. He used a machine by which a ton of palmetto fiber was produced daily. It competed with jute, hemp, tampico, and almost all of those foreign fibers coming from the palmetto family.

Emil C. Carl, of Baltimore, importer of vinegar, presented arguments for the reduction of the duty on vinegar to six cents per gallon.

Philip Sinss, of Baltimore, importer of glazers' diamonds, made argument that the finished tool be taken from the free-list and taxed.

S. E. Chamberlin, of Baltimore, special agent of the Treasury, made a long statement on the sugar question—as to its artificial decolorization to defraud the revenue—and recommended the polariscope test.

Henry McShane, iron, brass, and bell founder, of Baltimore, New York, and Brooklyn, read a paper commending the policy of protection favoring the maintenance of the existing duty on pig-iron, but objecting to the duty on copper, because American copper is cheaper abroad than at home, and the profits of copper mining are enormous. He recommended a duty of a dollar or a dollar and a half a ton on iron ore.

The Commission adjourned till to-morrow. Since the Commission left Long Branch, five weeks ago, it has traveled 5,200 miles, has passed through twenty States, visited twenty-two cities, and heard the statements of about 150 persons. The testimony taken will fill at least a thousand printed pages. It is being got out as rapidly as possible at the Government Printing Office, and will be in the hands of the Commission during the executive session in New York, after the close of its public hearings on the 16th October.

A POISONER

Who Wanted to Get Rid of His Whole Family—His Arrest.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—The twenty-first district police have arrested W. G. Whittaker, residing in Paschalville, near the city limits, charged with poisoning his wife, Jennie, aged 44 years, and his children—Wayson, aged 24; Mary, 19; Eve, 15; Sarah, 20; Bertha, 8, and Willie 2 years. A boarder named Wayson Cooper, 19 years old, was also poisoned. Some of the sufferers are in a critical condition. It is alleged that Whittaker placed arsenic in a bucket of water, with which the tea was made.

Whittaker and his family came here from Baltimore about eight years ago. He and his wife led a quarrelsome life, and recently they separated. A member of the family after returning from the pump with a bucket of water, about 6 o'clock Thursday evening, remarked that her father was in the alley adjoining the house. The water was left standing on the rear porch, and some time afterward part of it was used in making tea, which the family drank at supper. About midnight the mother commenced vomiting, and was soon followed by the other members of the family. Some of the sufferers were thought to be in a critical condition, but to-night they are all very much improved, and it is thought all will recover. The son declares that his father, while in a saloon on Seventy-first street on Thursday evening, remarked that he had fixed the old woman. Whittaker, who is locked up in the station-house, says he was in the city on Thursday evening, and denies being near Paschalville at the time charged. He will have a hearing to-morrow.

A BRAVE DETECTIVE.

He Follows a Bank Robber into the Wilderness and Captures Him.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—A Chicago special to an evening paper says: "Pat J. Dunkle, of Des Moines, Iowa, formerly traveling salesman for Wannamaker, of Philadelphia, the mysterious fourth and last of the Kewanee Bank robbers, has just been captured on the plains near Battle Mount, Montana, by Detective Pinkerton, and $1,500 in cash recovered. He is the short, thickset man who so cruelly maltreated Miss Palmer, assistant to Cashier Pratt. His share of the plunder was $4,000. The detective tracked him to Des Moines, St. Paul, Sioux City, Fort Dodge, Billings, and Miles City, Montana, following all his sudden changes, and finally purchased a horse at the end of the Northern Pacific Railroad and pursued Dunkle 300 miles on horseback into the wilderness, overtaking him eventually on the plains, both armed to the teeth. The detective succeeded in getting the drop on Dunkle, and ordered him to throw up his hands. Dunkle obeyed and submitted to being handcuffed. The detective returned with his prisoner to Battle Mount, sold both horses, and the two will arrive here on Sunday. Dunkle is 25 years old and lived in Des Moines, Iowa, where his father for many years was a merchant and occupied eminent social position. Young Dunkle was highly esteemed, and never before known to be engaged in any questionable business.

LABOR'S LAMENT.

Iron Mills to Be Put in Motion—The Workingmen Win—Strikes.

WHEELING, W. VA., Sept. 29.—As a sequel to the developments of last evening, when the Laughlin Nail Company signed the scale, the remainder of the mills to-day, after a meeting of manufacturers, followed suit, and all signed the scale. By Monday all the iron mills in this district will be in full operation. This settles the long strike of four months, and the workmen and all concerned are consequently jubilant.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The horse-shoers will strike on Monday against the using of the ready-made shoes.

A Teller Sentenced.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 29.—In the court of common pleas this afternoon Henry J. Hall, late teller of the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, pleaded *non contendere* to one of four indictments for embezzlement, and was sentenced to five years in State prison. The amount of the embezzlement was about 921,000. The other indictments were nolle prossed.

Acquittal of a Serious Charge.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—The jury in the case of Ella Devlin, aged 13 years, on trial charged with having caused the death of Mary Morris, aged 9 years, by kicking her in the abdomen during a quarrel on the 19th instant, rendered a verdict this evening of not guilty.

Brighton Beach Races.

BRIGHTON BEACH, Sept. 29.—The winners to-day were Meduse, Little Dan, Harry Manu, Ida B., and Buster.

CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

HON. H. S. WELLS, of Michigan, is at the National.

H. HOWSON, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the Ebbitt.

JUDGE L. L. LEWIS, of Virginia, is a guest at the National.

GENERAL WILLIAM M. TAYLOR, of Chicago, is at the Riggs.

W. R. CORKE, of Cincinnati, is a guest at the Arlington.

WILLIAM H. WHITE, of New York, is registered at the Ebbitt.

E. C. JOHNSON, of Evansville, Ind., is at the Metropolitan.

COMMODORE JAMES D. MURRAY, wife, and son, U. S. N., are at the Ebbitt.

COL. ALBERT ORDWAY and family have apartments at the Arlington.

W. B. CHAPMAN, the Belgian consul at San Francisco, is quartered at the Riggs.

HON. S. BETHEL and Guy Bethel, of London, England, have rooms at the Arlington.

GENERAL THOMAS O. OSBORN, the United States Minister to the Argentine Republic, is domiciled at the Riggs.

MR. E. H. MERRITT, U. S. N., at present stationed at New York, is visiting the city, stopping at his former residence, H street northwest.

MRS. E. M. LASH and her daughter, Miss Chattie, of Little Rock, Ark., who have been visiting friends in Virginia and the Capital, left yesterday morning for West Virginia, where they will make a short stay with old-time friends, before returning home.

VIRGINIA BOURBONS.

THEY DIE HARD, BUT THEY MUST DIE.

Governor Cameron Puts the Live and Progressive Party of the Old Dominion in Charge of the State Medical College—A Grand "Kick."

Special Dispatch to THE REPUBLICAN.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 29.—Ever since the party of progress in this State came into possession of the State offices the Bourbon element has made a determined fight against giving up the positions bestowed upon them by the Democratic party. To-day the authority of the governor of the State was resisted by the officers of the Medical College of Virginia. Governor Cameron a few days ago appointed a new board of visitors for the college which is located in this city, thereby summarily displacing the old board. This action created much excitement and indignation in medical circles, and is being severely criticised by the press and public. The old board, however, upon the best legal advice, determined to hold on, claiming that the governor, under the law, had no right to remove them; that he could only fill vacancies, and that no vacancies existed. To-day at noon, after being commissioned, the new board proceeded to the Medical College for the purpose of meeting and organizing, but they were denied admittance to the building by Dr. J. B. McCaw, dean of the faculty, who refused to recognize their right or authority. They thereupon

HELD A MEETING IN THE COLLEGE YARD,

and elected Lieutenant-Governor John F. Lewis president and Dr. Lewis Wheat secretary. The demand for admittance was renewed and insisted upon by President Lewis, when the policemen, who were present, at the instance of the faculty took him into custody and proceeded to the first police station, accompanied by the remaining members of the new board. When the parties were brought before the chief of police no one appeared against them, and he promptly dismissed the matter, as there had been no violence or breach of the peace. The board

THEN WENT TO FORD'S HOTEL,

where after a few moments of informal conference it adjourned until 4 p. m., at which hour it reassembled. After an interchange of opinions the desire seemed general to temporize and overlook the indignity offered the board, in view of the public good resulting from the full operation of the college in all its departments. Expressions of opinion indicated also a desire to divest the matter of all political significance as far as possible. At 5:30 p. m. a committee was appointed to lay the matter before the governor, and the board then went into secret session. Upon the return of the

COMMITTEE FROM THE GOVERNOR

it submitted a preamble setting forth the occurrences of to-day, together with a resolution notifying each member of the faculty of the Medical College of Virginia that this board will proceed to-morrow at 4 p. m. to consider whether each of them (the faculty) shall not, for his participation in the illegal proceedings above mentioned, be removed from his position as professor in said college. The resolution was adopted, and the board adjourned until 11 a. m. to-morrow. It is expected that State Attorney-General Blair will be instructed to-morrow to take such legal steps as may be deemed necessary to secure to the new board the property, &c., of the Medical College, and give them control of the same.

Lieutenant-Governor Lewis, president of the new board, has not notified the police and faculty that he will hold them responsible under the law for indignity and illegal arrest. He says he has not and will not pay what he will do in the premises.

The Negro Miser and Preacher.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Bethel Church, on Sixth street above Lombard, was uncomfortably crowded this morning at the funeral services held over the remains of Joshua P. B. Eddy, the late colored minister and miser. The service lasted more than two hours, after which the body was taken to Olive Cemetery for interment. A grand-niece of the deceased has just filed a caveat against the probate of his will. His estate is valued at $150,000.

Trotting at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 29.—Last day of the fall meeting at Island Park. 2:29 class—purse $800. King Almont, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1; Ewing, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3; St. Cloud, 2, 2, 3, 4, 2; Brutus, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4. Time, 2:29½, 2:25¼, 2:26¾, 2:29, 2:26½. 2:18 class—purse, $800. Alley, 2, 1, 1, 1; Humboldt, 1, 2, 2, 2. Time, 2:27½, 2:30, 2:29, 2:30. Special race—purse, $1,000. Red Cross, 1, 1, 1; Prospect Maid, 2, 2, 2; Clemmie G., 3, 3, 3. Time, 2:26, 2:27, 2:24¼.

A. J. Cassat's Successor.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—The board of directors of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company held a meeting to-day, at which the resignation of A. J. Cassat, as vice-president and director, was accepted. Frank Thomson was elected to fill the vacancy, and Charles E. Pugh was chosen general manager.

Star-Route Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—The jury in the star-route prosecutions in the United States district court reported this morning that they had been unable to agree upon a verdict. The jury returned a sealed verdict to-night. Judge Butler was telegraphed for, but replied that he would receive it to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock.

A Bloodless Duel.

GALVESTON, Sept. 29.—A dispatch from Houston to the *News* says: "Two gentlemen with their seconds repaired to the Fair Grounds about daybreak this morning for the purpose of fighting a duel. Four shots were exchanged without damage and the parties withdrew."

Four-Oared Race.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 29.—The race in four-oared lapstreaks between the Griswold crew and the Riley-Ferguson crew took place on the harbor to-day. The Griswald crew won easily.

A Challenge From Wallace Ross.

ST. JOHN'S, N. B., Sept. 29.—Wallace Ross publishes a challenge offering to row Conley, of Halifax, for $1,000 a side on the Kennebaccasis River, St. John's harbor, within four weeks.

The Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 29.—The winners to-day were Olivette, Boatman, Apollo, and Aleck Ament.

Disasters at Sea.

The schooner Etiwan, eighty-five tons, from Bull River for Charleston, with a cargo of phosphate rock, sprung a leak and sank off Charleston bar. The crew were saved. The vessel and cargo will be nearly a total loss.

The Baker Salvage Company, of Norfolk, have sent a wrecking tug to the assistance of the steamer Damuji, which went ashore on Currituck beach at 1:30 yesterday morning during a heavy storm. The steamer was bound from New York to Cienfuegos. All on board were saved, and the only damage done was the staving in of the after-house.

The Spanish steamer Mannelita y Maria, with provisions, bound from New York to Porto Rico, broke her bilge pipes when off Atlantic City yesterday, and put into Chester, Pa.

Deaths of Prominent People.

In Philadelphia—General George C. Wynkoop, a veteran of the Mexican war; apoplexy; aged 75 years.

In Philadelphia—Dr. E. D. Miles, a dentist at the hospital, from the effects of morphine, aged 65 years.

William S. Whitney, a well-known insurance broker of Boston, by a fall from the window of his room in the fifth story, corner of Ashburton Place and Somerset street.

H. C. Lays, a druggist, of Whitestone, La., of blood poisoning. Before sickness he weighed 200 pounds, and was reduced to a mere skeleton.

The Duchess of Parma died of child-birth at Bearritz.

Mrs. Burdack, sister of General Sherman, at Newport, R. I.

Business Failures.

The failures for the last seven days reported to R. G. Dunn & Co., of the Mercantile Agency of New York, number 120, of which 109 occurred in the country and 11 in New York city.

Gorton, Chapman & Co., dealers in millinery goods in New York, have failed.

Tamlace & Son, shippers and merchants of Manchester, Calcutta, and