THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

VOL. XXII.---NO. 272. WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1882. THREE CENTS

POLITICAL POINTS.

THE ELECTIONS TO OCCUR TO-DAY.

Ohio and West Virginia to Be Heard From—Assistant Democrats in the Norfolk District—Letters from Candidates—Scranton's District — Nominations.

Thus far seven members of the next Congress have been chosen, and they are all Republicans. They represent Oregon, Maine, and Vermont. To-day Ohio will elect 21 and West Virginia 4. In the present Congress, Ohio has 15 Republicans and 5 Democratic Representatives, and West Virginia has 3 Democrats. Each State gains one member under the new apportionment. To-day Ohio will elect also secretary of state, supreme judge, and a member of the board of public works. West Virginia will elect judge of the supreme court of appeals to fill a vacancy, and legislature. Its legislature last chosen was Democratic by 63 on joint ballot in a total membership of 109. In Ohio, for secretary of state, the Republicans have nominated Charles Townsend, the Democrats have named James W. Newman, the Greenbackers George L. Hafer, and the Prohibitionists Ferdinand Schumacher. The vote of the State for governor last year was: Foster, Republican, 512,735; Bookwalter, Democrat, 288,426; Ludlow, Prohibitionist, 16,597; Seitz, Greenbacker, 6,930. In West Virginia the Democrats have nominated A. C. Snyder for judge, and the Greenbackers Frank A. Guthrie. The vote of the State for President was: Garfield, 46,248; Hancock, 57,391; Weaver, 9,079. The candidates for Congress in the two States are as follows: R. denoting Republican, D. Democrat, G. Greenbacker, P. Prohibitionist, I. Independent.

OHIO.

1. Benj. Butterworth, R.; John F. Follett, D.
2. Amor Smith, jr., R.; Isaac M. Jordan, D.
3. Emanuel S. Stanitz, R.; Robert M. Murray, D.
4. Joseph S. Conrad, R.; Lot Ackerman, D.
5. Lovell B. Harris, R.; George E. Seney, D.
6. J. H. Brigham, R.; William D. Hill, D.
7. Henry L. Morey, R.; James E. Campbell, D.
8. J. Warren Keifer, R.; John H. Young, D.; A. Saunders Piatt, G.
9. James S. Robinson, R.; Thomas E. Powell, D.
10. Charles A. King, R.; Frank H. Hurd, D.; H. J. Rhodes, G.
11. John W. McCormick, R.; John P. Loedom, D.
12. A. Hart, R.; L. T. Neal, D.; Daniel Hill, P.
13. Henry C. Drinkle, R.; George L. Converse, D.; Thomas P. James, G.
14. Ruth A. Horr, R.; George W. Geddes, D.; John M. Bell, P.
15. Rufus R. Dawes, R.; Andrew J. Warner, D.
16. A. B. Clark, R.; Beriah Wilkins, D.; Wm. H. Brown, I. D.
17. Jona T. Updegraff, R.; Ross J. Alexander, D.
18. Wm. McKinley, jr., R.; Jona W. Wallace, D.
19. Ezra B. Taylor, R.; David S. Rockwell, D.
20. A. S. McClure, R.; D. R. Paige, D.; J. Odell, P.
21. Sylvester T. Everett, R.; Martin A. Foran, D.; William H. Doan, P.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1. N. Goff, R.; J. H. Good, D.; L. C. Shinn, G.
2. John W. Mason, R.; Wm. L. Wilson, D.; B. M. Kitchen, G.
3. E. L. Buttrick, R.; John E. Kenna, D.; D. D. L. Farnsworth; G.
4. George Loomis, R.; Eustace Gibson, D.

Defiant Mormons—The Registration.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 9.—The conference which adjourned yesterday was well attended. The talk was more bitter than usual. Mr. Cannon said that no power on earth nor in hell could check or prevent the onward march of the kingdom of God. He did not feel defiant, but that he must obey the Lord and be faithful to his commands, whatever penalties man might inflict. President Taylor said: "Any man or set of men who curtail or deprive us of our constitutional rights are tyrants and oppressors. We intend to lawfully contend for our rights, inch by inch." The board of education was restrained by an injunction from contracting for school books for the public schools which contain 40 per cent. of Mormon matter. The returns of the registration have been published, showing 34,930 names, four-sixths of these being of men, and three out of four Mormons.

Nominations for Congress.

Massachusetts—Eleventh district, Wilbur F. Whiting, of Ashburton, Greenbacker. The Hon. Leopold Morse, Democrat, and C. B. Heskell, independent Republican, decline to stand as candidates for Congress in the fifth and ninth districts respectively. Francis A. Peters, of Boston, was nominated by the Democrats of the third district for Congress.

Illinois—John F. Finerty, a prominent young Irish journalist of Chicago, received a call from 5,000 independent Democrats of the second Congressional district to run for Congress, which he accepted.

Exasperated Dezendorfites.

Special Dispatch to THE REPUBLICAN.

NORFOLK, VA., Oct. 9.—The Dezendorf cohorts were so exasperated at the drubbing they received at Suffolk to-day from Hon. J. M. Langston, whose speech was the success of the campaign, that they tried to raise a row on the train at Portsmouth for the purpose of driving him bodily out of town, but were prevented by the bold stand taken by the friends of Mr. Libbey. B.

Candidates' Letters.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The letters of Grover Cleveland and David B. Hill, the Democratic nominees for governor and lieutenant-governor, respectively, will be given to the public to-morrow morning. Mr. Cleveland's letter is half a column long, and relates to State affairs exclusively.

From Scranton's District.

WILKES-BARRE, PA., Oct. 9.—The labor party of Luzerne County is to be reorganized. The leaders have issued a call to-day for a convention to be held in this city Thursday, at which time they will nominate their own ticket.

Anthony Comstock's Raid.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Anthony Comstock raided the pool rooms in Long Island City this afternoon. At Kelly & Bliss's room he found the door bolted, but he and his special officers burst it in and captured the entire paraphernalia of the concern. John White & Co.'s establishment was entered and the implements seized. The establishments of Casey & Johnson and Lovell & Co. were also raided, and three men arrested. Mr. Comstock estimated the property seized by him to be valued at nearly $15,000. The raid was instigated by the Law and Order Society of Long Island, and the search warrants were granted by Judge Gilbert, of the superior court. In his raid on Kelly & Bliss's rooms Mr. Comstock had been hindered in his work by Coroner Robinson, but he pushed the coroner aside roughly. On this the coroner had him arrested, charging Comstock with threatening to shoot him, and trespassing on his premises to reach Kelly & Bliss. Comstock was taken before a justice of the peace and released on his own recognizance.

The Comet Splitting Again.

PHELPS, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Professor Brooks, of the Redhouse Observatory, detected great changes in the head of the comet this morning which were not seen during the observations of yesterday. The nucleus appeared greatly elongated and clearly split into two unequal parts. A small, crescent-shaped envelope was also being thrown off in front of the head.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The separation of the nucleus of Gould's comet into three parts was again seen this morning by H. C. Maine, of this city. This observation bears out his theory that the fragments revolve about a common center of gravity, alternately closing and separating. A separation was seen by Mr. Maine on September 30. By October 2 the parts had nearly closed up. On the 5th Mr. Barnard saw a second separation. Again the parts were partially closed together. On the 8th Professor Brooks saw a pear-shaped nucleus, and on the 9th Mr. Maine saw a separation. The separations thus occur in periods of about four days.

No Duel in Richmond.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 9.—Inquiries have been received here concerning the truth of a report circulated in the North that Messrs. Smith and Wise fought a duel to-day. There is no truth in the report so far as is known here. Both gentlemen were seen on the streets of Richmond to-day.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 9.—Although there have been vague rumors of a duel between George D. Wise and J. Ambler Smith, it is positively known here that no hostile meeting has taken place. Wise spoke at Chesterfield Court-House to-day, and Mr. Smith has been in Richmond ever since Friday night, when he had the difficulty with General Peyton Wise. The latter is also in the city. George D. Wise will be before the police court to-morrow to answer for threatening violence to Smith last Saturday. There is bad blood between the parties, and trouble may yet come out of it.

The Lively Land League.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The officers of the Irish National Land League have issued a circular to the public relative to the statement which has been made that the Land League is no longer in existence, emphatically protesting against it, and declaring the league to be in full life and strength. The circular closes as follows: "The statement having been made that the Land League no longer exists, calls for our emphatic protest. With Mr. Parnell and his colaborers at the head it will continue until its mission is accomplished. Let no friend of Ireland be misled. Let every one who has contributed to its advancement rally to its support. United and hopeful, its final triumph is assured. James Mooney, president; Lawrence Welsh, treasurer; John J. Hynes, secretary Central Council Irish National Land League of America."

Fatal Explosion.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Oct. 9.—An explosion occurred to-night in the hardware establishment of Jac Knoernschild. A small fire had started in the basement, and while three firemen were extinguishing the embers the explosion occurred. The firemen named Stolz, Brand, and Theiwen were terribly burned, Stolz fatally.

A STEAMER WRECKED.

The Herder Goes Ashore Near Cape Race—All Hands Saved.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Oct. 9.—The steamer Herder, of the Hamburg-American Line, ran ashore at the eastward head of Long Beach, about three miles west of Cape Race, at 2 o'clock this morning, during a dense fog. All the passengers and crew were landed without accident. The Herder was of about 3,500 tons burden. The passengers and crew will be brought here by a special steamer and cared for by the German consul. It is believed that the ship and cargo will be a total loss. The Herder, Captain Fleischhein, left New York on Tuesday last for Hamburg, via Plymouth and Cherbourg, with thirty-nine cabin and ninety-four steerage passengers, and a crew of about one hundred men. The cabin passengers were mostly Germans from New York and Western cities. The name of Mrs. Lena Leibhards, of Philadelphia, appears among them. Experienced fine weather up to yesterday evening, when a dense fog set in, and necessary precautions were taken to avoid, if possible, accidents liable to occur under such circumstances. Everything went on as usual, and no danger was apprehended until 2 o'clock this morning, when the ship suddenly ran ashore and before her officers were aware of her proximity to land, ran on the rocks immediately eastward of the head of Long Beach, about three miles west of Cape Race. The passengers and crew were all landed safely at daylight in the eight boats belonging to the ship, and are now being well cared for by the few families living near

THE SCENE OF THE WRECK.

The passengers and crew speak in the highest terms of Captain Tischbein and the officers, who were remarkably cool and self-possessed throughout. The baggage of the passengers and all the mails, consisting of seventy-six bags, were saved. The ship is certain to be a total wreck, but it is believed that some of the cargo will be saved in good condition. Parties just from the wreck report that the Herder lies across a small cove, with her starboard side completely under water. There is little probability of the hull breaking up so long as the wind continues from the present point (northwest), but should it veer any further to the westward a heavy sea would be sure to heave in and make it impossible to do anything worth while in the way of taking out cargo. As soon as intelligence of the disaster reached here the German consul, R. H. Prowse, esq., hired the steamer Neptune and dispatched her to the assistance of the shipwrecked people. She left for Cape Race at 6 o'clock this evening, taking a large supply of provisions, the consul having ascertained by telegraph that only a small portion of the ship's stores had been saved.

PURSER MAYER SAYS

the passengers were perfectly cool, and manifested no disposition to disregard orders. They are now in tents made of sails saved from the wreck, there being only two houses at Long Beach. The ship continues in the same position. Some fishing boats are around, but more out of curiosity than anything else, and no danger of an attempt to meddle with the cargo is apprehended. The valuables—silverware, three cases of specie, &c.—were saved this evening. Nothing remains on board now but the cabin furniture and cargo. The passengers and crew are expected to reach St. John's to-morrow evening.

The Murder Near Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Oct. 9.—Most active work is being done by the police under the stimulus of the heavy reward offered for the arrest of the murderer or murderers of A. W. Ross at Glendale. The most generally accepted theory is that the murder was committed by persons who knew Mr. Ross's habit of coming home by the late train on Saturday night, and that he was accustomed to alight from the train at the crossing near his home instead of riding on to the depot. His body was found within a hundred and fifty feet of the railroad, showing that he was attacked immediately after leaving the train. He was struck both from behind and in front. He had in his hand a small revolver which he had never begun to carry until two weeks ago. It was not cocked, and all the chambers were full, showing that he was attacked unawares. The robbery was done so hastily and incompletely as to show that the work was not done by professionals. No weapon was found with which it was thought the murder was committed. The wounds indicate that an iron rod or bar was used. There will be a meeting of the village council of Glendale to-night to offer a larger reward for the arrest of the murderer or murderers. The county commissioners to-day offered a reward of $2,000 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer. The Coal Exchange, of which Mr. Ross was a member, to-day voted to give to the widow the sum of $2,000.

An Awful Death.

PITTSBURG, PA., Oct. 9.—This morning Jacob Cecker, a young man in the employ of Bailey, Farrell &c.'s lead-pipe works, met with a peculiar and horrible accident, which resulted in his death. He was standing on a scaffolding cleaning the rust off a shaft, which was making 150 revolutions a minute, when by some means his right leg became entangled in a telephone wire, and, losing his balance, he grasped the shaft. In an instant he was whirled around with fearful rapidity, and the telephone wire wrapped around his leg until the limb was severed from the body, when he fell through a hatchway to the ground below. When picked up he was dead. His head was a shapeless mass and his leg was still dangling from the wire.

The Tariff Commission.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 9.—The Tariff Commission met here to-day at the Monongahela House. Among those who appeared before it were: John M. Stockdale, on the wool question; H. R. Hill, of East Liverpool, Ohio, pottery, and John F. Bellett, of Pittsburg, on the importance of sufficient protection to manganese ore and spiegeleisen. He hoped they would not be rated in the tariff at less than the proportion which their value has to the value of iron ore and of pig iron. Manganese ore would now be found in almost every State of the Union, and there were now in operation three blast furnaces for converting it into spiegeleisen. The commission then adjourned.

Yellow Fever Ravages.

PENSACOLA, FLA., Oct. 9.—Up to 1 p. m. to-day there have been twenty cases and three deaths from fever. The weather is damp and cloudy.

BROWNSVILLE, TEX., Oct. 9.—There are but few cases of yellow fever here now. No deaths occurred from it to-day. Some of the quarantine guards stationed on the river have been ordered to line the cordon thirty miles back. Dr. Murray is still out on the line. There is no change for the better in Camargo or Mier. The weather is hot.

Blew Out the Gas and Died.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Shortly before 12 o'clock last night Theodore Haske, aged 23 years, and William Husky, aged 25 years, applied for lodging at the Annex Hotel, Fulton street, Brooklyn. They were assigned to a room, and retired. A strong smell of gas was noticed this morning coming from their room, and the door was burst open. Both men were found dead. The gas was not turned off, and it is supposed they blew it out. They were both strangers in this city.

A Woman Murdered.

PETERSBURG, VA., Oct. 9.—Agnes Watkins and her lover, Phil Walker, colored, became involved in a quarrel at Bermuda Hundred, Chesterfield County, on Saturday night, during which the former was stabbed in the abdomen and killed. The difficulty was caused by the murdered woman spending twenty-five cents belonging to Walker without permission. The murderer made his escape.

Beer Going Up.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9—The beer-brewers of this city met this afternoon and decided that, in view of failure of the hop crop and the high price of barley, it would become necessary within the next two months to increase the price of beer by the barrel.

The Lo. Sessions's Bribery Case.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The Sessions's bribery case was moved this afternoon in the circuit court and court of oyer and terminer before Judge Osborne. Messrs. Sessions and Bradley were in court.

Base-Ball Games Yesterday.

At Pottsville, Pa.—Baltimore, 5; Anthracite, 4.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 3; Detroit, 3. Eleven innings. Game called on account of darkness.

At New York—Metropolitan, 7; Boston, 1.

Destroyed by Fire.

The court-house and contents at Altamont, Grundy County, Tennessee, was burned up Sunday night. Not a book or paper was saved.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

—Miss Fannie Parnell's remains are to be taken from Borden town to Boston, and placed in a vault until ready to be sent to Ireland for final interment.

—The receipts of the St. Louis fair last week will reach $105,000, against $77,000 last year. As a whole, it was the most successful fair ever held there.

—A boiler in the saw-mill of Young & Smith, near Shelbyville, Ind., exploded, instantly killing George Young, and fatally injuring his partner, Harry Smith.

—The bridge over the Rio Grande, belonging to the Mexican National Railway, which was carried away by the great flood, has been rebuilt, and is ready for trains.

—Terence McQuade, Michael Cooney, Patrick O. Crowe, and Luigi Chiesta, four New York murderers, were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment Monday.

—Governor Crittenden is reported to have said that he will grant no requisition for Frank James from any other State so long as a criminal charge remains against him in Missouri.

—George Gravett has been sentenced at Mount Holly, N. J., to five years at hard labor in the State prison for attempting to wreck a train on the Burlington and Mount Holly Railroad, on April 24 last.

—The training ship Portsmouth, the flagship of Commodore S. P. Luce, commanding the training squadron, arrived off Conanicut Park, Narragansett Bay, at a late hour Sunday night from Madeira, which group of islands she left September 9. All on board are well. She is en route to Gardiner's Bay, Long Island Sound, where she is ordered to report. She will shortly return here for the winter.

THAT CONSPIRACY.

WHAT CHIEF BROOKS HAS TO SAY.

He Does Not Believe that Mr. Berry Had Anything to Do with Salter and Ward—The Letters of Colonel Irish—Where Are They?

The case of Ward and Salter, charged with conspiracy to obtain government paper from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, a full account of which appeared in Monday's REPUBLICAN, was called before United States Commissioner C. S. Bundy at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. R. Coyle appeared for the government, Mr. Swett for Ward, and Mr. Williamson for Salter. Mr. Swett said he understood that $2,000 bail would be required for each defendant, and that he was not prepared, on behalf of his client, to furnish it then. Mr. Williamson made a similar statement. Mr. Swett said that he proposed to do all in his power to prevent the prisoners going to

THE BLACK HOLE OF CALCUTTA,

in which they were shut up from Saturday until this morning. There were some things about the case which he would comment upon at the proper time, not the least of which was the fact that they might have been arrested on Friday, immediately after the issuance of the warrant, instead of holding it off until Saturday night after the courts had closed. Commissioner Bundy said he would make out the commitment and place it in the marshal's hands; the latter might consent to allow time to procure bail. The commitment was then made out and the prisoners taken to the marshal's office. Efforts were made to procure bail, but were unsuccessful, and at 4 o'clock the defendants were taken to jail. The affidavit on which

THE ARRAIGNMENT WAS MADE

was as follows: "I, James J. Brooks, do, on information and belief, make oath and say that William H. Salter and William H. Ward did on the 6th day of September, 1882, and at divers other times, make certain criminal proposals to Elizabeth Thompson, also William A. Darling, employes or laborers in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, connected with the Treasury of the United States, that the said Elizabeth Thompson or Darling, either or both of them, would take and steal a sheet of the distinctive paper used by the Government of the United States upon which its stamps for internal revenue are printed, or upon which its currency is printed, or if they would take and steal a sheet of stamps or currency, finished and unfinished, and deliver the same to either or both of them, the said Salter and Ward, then in consideration of such service either Thompson or Darling, or both of them, should receive a certain money consideration, namely, $10 dollars, and, as a further reward, employment at a sum not less than $7 dollars per day. JAMES J. BROOKS.

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of October, A. D. 1882. C. S. BUNDY,

"United States Commissioner."

WHAT CHIEF BROOKS SAYS.

In an interview with a reporter of THE REPUBLICAN Chief Brooks, of the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department, said that as a result of his investigation of the alleged conspiracy against Colonel Irish, Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, he had become satisfied that Mr. Benjamin F. Berry, of Philadelphia, in whose interest Salter and Ward represented themselves as acting, was entirely ignorant of their attempt to bribe employes of the bureau, and had nothing whatever to do with it. He believed, he said, that Salter and Ward acted on their own volition, hoping to work up a strong case against Colonel Irish, with the natural expectation that if Mr. Berry succeeded in getting the position they would be well provided for. Mr. Berry's friends here say that although he is a candidate for the position of chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and is supported by leading Senators and Representatives, he has declined in every instance to even listen to the solicitation of employes of that bureau, who have shown a disposition to make statements hostile to Colonel Irish. It is stated that some of the letters which were stolen from Colonel Irish reflect severely upon the "Stalwarts" in connection with the assassination of President Garfield. These two worthies, Salter and Ward, it is also said, informed Mr. Berry that such letters were in their possession, but he absolutely refused to have anything to do with them or the letters.

DICKSON'S PROTEST.

He Wants the Investigation Taken Out of Interested Hands.

Foreman Dickson, of the late star-route jury, has sent the following communication to District Attorney Corkhill:

DEAR SIR: I am informed that you have been ordered by the Attorney-General to hand to H. H. Wells, esq., the affidavits that were filed by myself and others in your office, in which certain persons are charged with having tried to corrupt the jury in the star-route case. I am also informed that you have complied with this order. I write for the purpose of protesting against your action and that of the Attorney-General in this behalf. The most serious charges have been made against the agents of the Department of Justice—the creatures of the Attorney-General—and nothing could be more absurd than to allow that department to investigate these charges. The Attorney-General should be unwilling to investigate charges that so nearly touch his official conduct, and the fact that he wishes to take charge of the investigation is the best reason that he should not. The investigation might with equal propriety be left to the defendants or to their attorneys or to the persons charged with having offered the bribes or to the jurors suspected of having accepted them. The investigation should be made under the direction of the court before whom the case was tried and by the attorney for this District. It should be open as the day, and all parties should have not only an opportunity of being heard, but of hearing. For one, I demand that this investigation shall be taken out of interested hands. I am, sir, very respectfully yours, WILLIAM DICKSON.

EX-GOVERNOR H. H. WELLS,

the newly appointed special United States attorney who has been intrusted with the conduct of the investigation into the alleged star-route "jury-fixing" transactions, we engaged Monday morning in a careful study of the large number of affidavits already taken, and of the other evidence now in the possession of the government relating to the case. It is not likely that any legal proceedings will be instituted immediately.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY MOORE'S VIEWS.

Said a REPUBLICAN reporter to the efficient assistant district attorney, Charles S. Moore, yesterday: "Mr. Moore, what have you to say about the bribery investigation being taken out of your hands and turned over to the Department of Justice?"

"As I am indirectly an officer of the Department of Justice," replied Mr. Moore, "it would not be proper for me to say anything about the matter. The Attorney-General has a perfect right to designate whom he thinks proper to investigate the matter. As far as I am personally concerned I am pleased to be relieved of the work, as it was an arduous and responsible duty, and took a great deal of my time that ought to have been devoted to other matters."

Murder and Bank Robbery.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—A special dispatch from Waupaca, Wis., says: "A daring murder and bank robbery occurred here last night, the victim being H. C. Mead, a wealthy banker, who had been in business here for thirty years. He was an eccentric bachelor of 60, who slept in the bank and boarded at a hotel. To-day he failed to appear at breakfast or dinner. A messenger was sent to the bank and found it locked. Going to a back window he discovered the wire screen cut, the window let down from the top, and Mead lying in a pool of blood on the floor. Investigation showed the head and face horribly mangled with shot, as if both barrels of a double-barreled shot-gun had been discharged at him at short range. It is supposed the assassins shot him from the window while he was sitting at a table writing. The safe was unlocked and the assassins had carried off several thousand dollars in currency, gold, and bonds. The exact amount is not known. There is no clue to the murderers.

Mead was worth over $100,000. The bank was a one-story wooden building. The murdered man was not five feet from where his bed stands, the window was without bars, the sill being about five feet from the ground. In this room Mr. Mead slept and almost lived for twenty-five years. His peril was often mentioned to him, and his answer was he never harmed anyone in his life, and if his money was wanted it would not be necessary to kill him.

President Arthur's Movements.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The President remained at home during the morning. The only caller was Mr. Charles Miller. The conference with members of the Cabinet will take place during the day.

The President informs Mayor Green, of Boston, that he will be unable to visit the White Mountains during his visit there, as he must be in New York on Friday next, in conformity with previous engagements.

NEW YORK, October 9—President Arthur, with all the members of his Cabinet excepting Chandler, leave to-morrow evening for Boston. To-night he was visited by Congressmen Smith and Reed, Commissioner of Agriculture Loring, Surrogate Rollins, Assistant Postmaster-General Hatton and others.

John McLaughlin's Meanness.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 9.—John McLaughlin, a contractor, engaged twenty-five colored men at Washington, D. C., and brought them to Jersey City on Saturday last. Their custodian had promised to forward them to Cornwall, N. Y., where they were to be put to work on the new line of the New York Ontario and Western Railroad Company. Instead of carrying out his agreement McLaughlin went on a spree and paid no further attention to the men. They were without food or means to procure it. They were taken care of by the employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and to-day were forwarded to their destination by a brother of the derelict contractor.

Another Challenge.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—George Rooke has challenged James Elliott to fight for $1,000 a side and the American championship, the match to occur within one hundred miles of New Orleans within three months after signing articles.

VICTORY OF THE ICE.

Major Beebe's Story of the Fruitless Attempt to Reach Lieutenant Greeley.

Major William M. Beebe, who was detailed to take charge of stores intended for the relief of Lieutenant Greeley's expedition, located at Lady Franklin Bay, reported in person to General William B. Hazen, Chief Signal Officer, on Monday, and submitted quite a voluminous report of the events of the trip. The relief expedition sailed from St. John's on July 8, and on the 13th heavy ice packs were encountered near Cape Farewell, which continued on the 15th and 14th. Godhaven was reached on the 17th, where the death of Inspector Smith, of the Signal Service, was announced, which occurred on the 28th of May. The relief expedition left Godhaven Bay on July 20, and in the evening encountered a blinding snow storm and

PACKS OF IMPENETRABLE ICE.

On the 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, and 25th the vessel drifted helplessly with the currents. On the 29th Littleton Island was reached, whence the course was toward the southward on account of ice, and an anchorage made in Pandora Harbor, named by Sir Allen Young. Here bad weather was experienced, and our anchor was lost. On the 7th of August the vessel was again pushed to the northward, and on the 9th was again helpless twelve miles from Victoria's Head. Here, at one time, the vessel by reason of ice was raised bodily three feet. On the 10th of August, latitude 79° 20' was reached, the highest point to the north attained. Packs of ice continued to surround the vessel, and on the 12th the ship was on an even keel, and lifted three feet above the water level. The boiler was also found to be overstrained, on account of the pressure to get through the ice. The report continues to give a graphic daily history from the last date and until the return of the vessel to St. John's. Finding it impossible to do better the relief stores were landed on Littleton Island,

WELL SHELTERED, IN A CAVE,

with copies of records and with minute instructions how to find the stores. A whale-boat was left at Cape Isabella. Major Beebe says should Lieutenant Greeley reach LittleJohn Island next year he will undoubtedly find the stores.

[NOTE.—The death of Inspector Smith above announced is probably of Herr Karup Smith, the genial gentleman who for years has been the chief Danish official of the Greenland settlements, and whose official residence was at Godhaven, Lively Harbor, Island of Disco.—ED. REPUBLICAN.]

A PLEASANT WEDDING.

Marriage of Miss Fannie A. Proctor to Mr. Edward Stevens.

Memorial Church was crowded to its utmost capacity last evening to witness the nuptials of Miss Fannie A. Proctor, daughter of the late John C. Proctor, who was connected with the *Daily Chronicle* and the *Critic*, of this city, and Mr. Edward A. Stevens. The bridal party entered the church while the beautiful wedding march of Mendelssohn pealed forth from the organ, preceded by the ushers, George W. Atkinson, Will Way, John Hogan, and Henry Jenkins. The bridesmaid was Miss Desmond, and the groomsman, Mr. Proctor, brother of the bride. As they approached the chancel rail the parties separated, the bride and groom taking their places before the altar, and the rest of the party standing just to the right. The Rev. J. S. Butler read the beautiful wedding service of the Lutheran church, at the conclusion of which the party drove to the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Mary A. Proctor, No. 2112 Ninth street northwest, where the hosts of friends of the popular young couple called to pay their respects and to offer their congratulations. A magnificent supper was served, and all seemed to be in their happiest mood, the bride and groom being the center of attraction. By a strange coincidence, last night was the twenty-fourth anniversary of the marriage of Mrs. Proctor, mother of the bride. Among the many who called during the evening were the Misses Duplair, Misses Katie Lynch, Hattie Desmond, Alice Tuck, Sallie Mendenhall, Hattie Reynolds, Mrs. Charles Stevens and daughter, C. M. Buck, Charles B. Felton, Frank J. Wilson, J. T. Lloyd, G. Tyson, Mr. Crouch, and many others. The bride was attired in white nuns' veiling and brocaded cream satin, trimmed with Spanish lace, and wore diamond ornaments. The newly-married pair leave this morning for an extensive tour North.

DAVIS-SCHNEIDER.

Brilliant Wedding Ceremony at St. Paul's Lutheran Church.

There was a large brilliant assemblage at St. Paul's Lutheran Church to witness the marriage ceremonies of Mr. Harry E. Davis to Miss Ida L. Schneider, the daughter of the prominent merchant of that name. The chancel of the church was very handsomely decorated with flowers, the pulpit being completely covered with vines and foliage plants, and upon the reading-desk was a golden arrow (possibly the missile from the boy god's bow that pierced the heart of the handsome groom), from the of which an immense floral horseshoe, bearing upon its surface the initials of the happy pair. The staid little sanctuary was taxed to its utmost capacity to contain the many friends of the contracting parties. At 7:30 the bridal party entered the church, and as they passed up the aisle Mendelssohn's wedding march was rendered in most exquisite style by Mr. Charles Maguire, who presided at the organ. When they took their places at the altar Rev. Dr. Domer came forward, and, after a brief summary of the responsibilities and blessings of the married state, he proceeded with the brief but impressive service of his church, and in a trice the pair were made one. At the close of the ceremony the elated groom created a decided sensation among the many bachelors present by lifting the veil from the face of his lovely bride and imprinting a kiss upon her lips. The bride was attended by Miss Mollie Davis and Miss Carrie Schneider. The ushers were Messrs. Theodore Noyes, Burt Smith, Charles Hendley, and Miles Fuller. After leaving the church Mr. and Mrs. Davis were tendered a reception at the residence of G. A. Riggles, 911 Massachusetts avenue, where hosts of friends assembled to wish them a long life of prosperity and happiness. The happy couple left for Wilkes-Barre, Pa., where Mr. Davis has accepted a prominent position in the Wilkes-Barre Academy.

The Thursby Concert.

The grand concert announced for this evening at Lincoln Hall promises to be one of the musical events of the season. The sale of secured seats has been very large, and there is every indication that the fair cantatrice will meet with a cordial reception. The following brilliant programme will be presented: Part I.—Piano solo, Marche Marocaine, Air Guerrier des Turques, Signor G. Morosini; aria, "In questa tomba," Beethoven, Miss Emily Winant; harp fantasie, "Danse des Fées," Parish Alvars, Miss Maud Morgan; grand scena and the jewel song from "Faust," Gounod, Miss Emma Thursby; buffo aria, Ricci, Signor Ferranti; a Swedish melody, à coquette, "Mazourka, Chopin, (arranged for the voice by Mme. Viardot, and first time in Washington), Miss Emma Thursby. Part II.—Grand piano solo, "Polka de Concert," Signor G. Morosini; song, "Where the Lindens Bloom," Dudley Buck, Miss Emily Winant; harp solo, "Ayr Hyd y Nos," Davies, Miss Maud Morgan; "Tarantelle," Bizet (first time in Washington), Miss Emma Thursby; aria buffo, "Mora," Giorza, Signor Ferranti; duetto, "Mephistopheles," Boito, Miss Emma Thursby and Miss Emily Winant.

Two Hundred People Ducked.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 9.—Yesterday, at a baptizing near Canton, a bridge fell into a river and precipitated two hundred spectators into the water. No lives were lost, but quite a number of legs and arms were broken.

Deaths of Prominent People.

Hon. John Murdock, a well-known lawyer and Democratic politician of Elmira, N. Y., of apoplexy, aged 50 years.

Patrick H. Sullivan, captain of police of Rochester, N. Y., aged 45 years.

CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

R. K. STOREY, of New York, is a guest at the St. James.

E. S. HALL, of Philadelphia, is registered at the St. Marc.

HON. GIBSON ATHERTON, of Newark, Ohio, is a guest at the National.

JUDGE WILLIAM J. ROBERTSON, of Charlottesville, Va., is stopping at the National.

JOHN W. GUITEAU is in town, but avoiding newspaper men as he would the plague.

LIEUTENANT HENRY KIRBY, Tenth Infantry, of the class of '77, is at the Ebbitt House.

HON. F. W. HUDEKOPER, the postmaster of Philadelphia, is registered at the Riggs.

L. R. PAIGE, of Richmond, and A. D. Payne, of Warrenton, Va., have rooms at the Riggs.

GENERAL RUFUS INGALLS, Quartermaster-General U. S. A., is registered at the Arlington.

MISS THURSBY, the queen of the concert stage, and Miss Alice Thursby are at the Arlington.

JAMES ELVERSON, the publisher of the Philadelphia *Saturday Night*, is a guest at the Riggs.

RASTUS L. RANSOM, the law partner of President Arthur, is in the city and stopping at the Riggs.

A. Q. KEASBY, of Newark, N. J.; James A. Weidersham, of Philadelphia, and E. D. Willis, of New York, are at the Ebbitt House.

HON. W. P. CANADAY, of North Carolina, is located at the Riggs. He gives most encouraging news of the political outlook in his State.

LEWIS P. NONOS, the Jeannette hero, has received a brief leave from attendance on the court of inquiry in session here, and will leave to-morrow or Thursday for a visit to his home at Fall River, Mass.

THE Hon. John Ambler Smith arrived in town last night and was called upon by a REPUBLICAN reporter. He declined to say anything anent the rumors of a duel between himself and George D. Wise, the Bourbon candidate for Congress in the Richmond district.

LIEUTENANT ROBERT M. BERRY, U. S. N., the commander of the ill-fated Rodgers, and the hero of the long tramp across the rock-bound, snowy wastes of Northern Siberia, returned to the Ebbitt late Sunday night from his visit to his home at Pendleton, Ky.

A LOCAL BUDGET

BY "THE REPUBLICAN'S" REPORTERS

A Visit to the Washington Asylum by Commissioner West—The Garfield Fair Boom—The Regatta Prizes Presented—Two Brilliant Weddings.

At the invitation of Commissioner West a representative of THE REPUBLICAN Monday accompanied that gentleman on a visit to the Washington Asylum. On the way out the Commissioner said that he intended to thoroughly acquaint himself with the practical workings of that institution, and if any reforms were needed they would be applied. No word of warning to Mr. Stoutenbergh, the commissioner, was given of the intended visit save a telephone message at the time of starting. Arrived at the asylum Mr. Stoutenbergh first showed the visitors over the grounds. THE REPUBLICAN men found that good crops were being raised on ground which had formerly been a waste place, when it was a portion of the old magazine grounds. It was a wonder

WHAT WAS DONE WITH ALL THE VEGETABLES

raised, as it seemed there were altogether too many to be consumed by the inmates of the asylum. Everything seemed to be in excellent condition. Then the stables, the blacksmith shop, and the stock were examined, and it was found that there were nine horses, seven cows, and fifty-two hogs, the latter being thoroughbreds. Then a walk was taken to the old magazine, No. 2, which has been fitted up as a ward for aged colored men. There were sixteen in this ward, and they appeared contented. One old fat darkey to whom General West gave a quarter to buy tobacco with hopped himself in a comical manner as he poured out his thanks. The work-house was next visited, and it was then discovered where all the little darkeys who sleep in dry-goods boxes and ash-barrels

GO FOR A VACATION.

The young rascals presented a funny appearance in their striped suits, each being a mile too big for the diminutive wearer. General West was determined to make a thorough examination, however, and was rewarded by finding the second largest female departments. In this connection it may be said that the placing of an iron staircase in the south wing where the female prisoners are confined, and to be exclusively for their use, is under consideration. The hospital was directly in the way of the return to the almshouse, and Dr. Harrison did the honors in showing the visitors through the different wards. Here is where improvement might properly be made, the necessity of another ward similar to that now occupied by the white females being greatly felt. Though there are now but fifty-seven inmates in the hospital the number will rapidly increase as the cold weather approaches, and the want of accommodation will be plainly experienced.

THE ALMSHOUSE

was last inspected, and a close inquiry was made into every department, even the kitchen, the bake-shop, and the wash-rooms being visited. "Old Betsy," who has charge of the cooking, is a character. She was taken to the asylum thirty-five years ago in a wheelbarrow drunk, and she has never been outside the grounds since. General West seemed to take a deep interest in the almshouse, and made careful inquiries as to the treatment of the inmates, their food, the sanitary regulations, and every matter concerning the comfort of the unfortunates who are compelled to make their home there. Everything appeared to be in a satisfactory condition, and the examination was one of considerable interest. As we entered the carriage to return the Reform School could be seen in the distance, and the subject of

A REFORMATORY FOR GIRLS

was discussed during the ride back. This has been agitated in THE REPUBLICAN for a long time. Its necessity is apparent to every one, but how to start it