The National Republican.

VOL. XXIII.---NO. 50. WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24, 1883. THREE CENTS

SELECTING SENATORS.

McPherson, Kenna, and Coke to be Seated in the Upper House.

Ferry's Alleged Combination with the Michigan Greenbackers.

Windom Still Lacking a Few Votes--New Candidates in Nebraska.

The Printing of Ben Butler's Message--Gov. Pattison's Appointments.

BOTH SIDES STICKING IN MICHIGAN.

Special Dispatch.

LANSING, MICH., Jan. 23.—Only one ballot was taken to-day, and a light vote was developed. Ferry, 43; Stout, 42; Hanchett, 6; Willits, 5; Burrows, 4; Cutchum, Lacey, and Hannah, each 2; Rich, Palmer, Jay, Stockbridge, McMillan, Blair, Baldwin, H. M. Duffield, and Victory P. Collier, each 1. The determination of the Ferry men to stick is evinced by the fact that they this morning began the publication of a paper called the *Daily Observer*, published here and edited by Ferry's committee and designed for distribution among the members, to the state press, and in the lobby with the idea of breaking down all opposition to Ferry. The opposition is equally determined, and there are no signs of further disintegration in any quarters. A long siege is more probable now than it was last week.

There is great excitement in the ranks of the anti-Ferry republicans to-night over the discovery of an alleged plot by which greenback votes are said to have been bargained for to help elect Ferry. The consideration is said to be Mr. Ferry's pledge, already obtained or to be obtained, that he will sign a paper avowing his position on the silver question, and to be substantially the same he formerly held in the halls of congress. How much truth there is in all this it is impossible to say, but the opposition are greatly excited and are fortifying to meet it. The chairman of the Ferry managers, however, denies in toto the whole thing, and asserts there is not a shadow of truth in it.

By Associated Press.

DETROIT, Jan 23.—The opening ballot in the legislature for senator to-day stood: Ferry, 43; Stout, 42; scattering, 24 for fourteen different candidates.

M'PHERSON ALL RIGHT IN NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 23.—Both the house and senate voted separately on the United States senatorship question this morning. In the house Dr. Chattle, the prohibitionist of Monmouth county, who nominated Senator McPherson last night in the joint democratic caucus, nominated him again while Parsons, republican, of Essex, nominated the republican caucus nominee, ex-Senator Hobart, of Passaic, and Cator, the anti monopolist, of Hudson, nominated Secretary Frelinghuysen. Upon the call of the roll, six democratic members voted blank—Messrs. Chapman, Clarke, Flynn, Jernee, Hill, and Kelly. Speaker O'Connor ordered the reading of the law governing the action of members of the legislature in the matter of the election of a United States senator. It makes it obligatory upon all members to vote for some candidate. After the reading the speaker stated that the roll would be called until all members voted for some one. This had the desired effect, as on the next roll call the six recalcitrant members, together with the entire democratic membership, voted for McPherson, giving him 33 votes against 24 for Hobart. There were two democratic absentees—Messrs. Murphy, of Essex, and Ross, of Sussex—but they are strong McPherson men, and were absent on account of sickness. In the senate McPherson received the full democratic vote of 9 against 12 for Hobart. This gives him 42 votes without counting the votes of the two sick members, which is one more than required to elect. The election will take place in joint meeting to-morrow at noon, after which Senator McPherson will leave for Washington.

KENNA ELECTED SENATOR.

WHEELING, W. VA., Jan. 23.—The election for United States senator took place in the two houses of the legislature this forenoon, with the following result: Senate—John E. Kenna (democrat), 17; George E. Loomis (republican), 7; John T. Jarney (greenbacker), 2. House—Kenna, 36; Loomis, 21; Jarney, 3. The result will be declared in joint session to-morrow at noon.

WINDOM NOT ELECTED YET.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 23.—One ballot for United States senator was taken to-day and resulted: Windom, 51; Wilson, 34; Cole, 18; Dunnell, 10; Hubbard, 11; Kindred, 5; Farmer, 3; Stark, 4; Davis, 5; Gilman, 1; Boyer, 1, and Case, 1. Total, 144.

THE BALLOT FOR NEBRASKA'S SENATOR.

LINCOLN, NEB., Jan. 23.—The eighth ballot for United States senator resulted: Boyd, 22; Conger, 22; Millard, 16; Thayer, 14; Saunders, 13; Manderson, 8; Morton, 4; Crounse, 2; Lake, 2; Dorsey, 2; Stickel, 1; scattering, 5.

PLUMB'S VOTE FOR SENATOR.

TOPEKA, Jan. 23.—A vote for United States senator in the senate resulted in all but one senator voting for Preston B. Plumb. The vote in the house stood: Plumb, 89; Martin, 20, Bayne, 11.

THE COLORADO SENATORSHIP.

DENVER, Jan. 23.—The senatorial problem continues unsolved. The last ballot in caucus to-night was: Pitkin, 17; Hamill, 12; Routt, 2; Tabor, 17; Bowen, 5; scattering, 1.

SENATOR COKE RE-ELECTED.

GALVESTON, TEX., Jan. 23.—The *News* Austin special says the legislature has re-elected Hon. Richard Coke to the United States senate.

GOV. PATTISON'S APPOINTMENTS.

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 23.—William H. Smith, of the Philadelphia *Evening Star*, and at present a member of the gas trust, was nominated by the governor to-day to succeed David H. Lane as recorder of Philadelphia. The nomination of James P. Lindsey for harbormaster of Philadelphia was confirmed by the senate to-day.

BEN BUTLER'S MESSAGE.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—The house this afternoon, by a vote of 97 to 95, rejected the resolution providing for the printing and issuing of 10,000 extra copies of Gov. Butler's inaugural address.

Robbery and Murder of Seven Men.

CARSON, NEV., Jan. 23.—Intelligence was received here last night that on Friday last a horrible murder was committed at Gold Mountain, Esmeralda county, a place about thirty miles from Candelaria. It is said that five men rode into a camp, entering the store of a Sclavonian named Clidsirck, and without a word of warning began firing at the proprietor and his assistants. The firing lasted for two or three minutes, resulting in the death of Clidsirck and his clerk, the severe wounding of another assistant, and the death of two of the robbers. The latter had the appearance of cowboys. The store was ransacked by the surviving robbers, the booty amounting to considerable. The wounded men crawled a distance of eight miles and gave the alarm. A posse of men started for the scene of the atrocity, but before they arrived there the three surviving scoundrels had been at Silver Peak camp, thirty miles from Gold Mountain, where they entered another store, killing the proprietor and his two clerks, the names of whom are yet unknown. There they also got off with a sum of money and other valuables. These robbers are well mounted and armed. Further details are not yet to be obtained. That section of country is being secured for them by determined men, who will make short work of the robbers if they are caught.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The following dispatch from Candelaria, Nev., puts a different face on the robberies reported from Carson City: "John Chiatovich's grocery at Silver Peak, Nev., was attackd on the night of the 21st instant by two men named Rockwell and Tex. The robbers were repulsed by the inmates of the store, who sustained no injuries. They were then pursued by Indians and killed next day at Tule canyon, about sixty miles south of Silver Peak. There was no disturbance at Gold Mountain as far as known. Rockwell was a son of the notorious Porter Rockwell, of Utah. Tex has always had the reputation of being a cowboy.

GUSTAVE DORE IS DEAD.

The Great French Artist No More—Deaths of a Number of Prominent People.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Gustave Dore, the well-known painter and designer, is dead. M. Dore caught a cold on Friday while returning to his residence from a soiree. On Saturday inflammation of the throat set in, and despite every effort it was impossible to arrest its progress. He expired at 12:30 p. m. to-day.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 21, 1882.—Hon. M. S. Tennochy, who during the last ten years has filled various important public offices in Hong Kong with high credit, died suddenly on Dec. 12.

SPRINGFILD, MASS., Jan. 23.—Charles Delano, a prominent lawyer and citizen and member of congress from 1858 to 1862, died at Northampton this morning.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Alonzo Crittenden, Ph. D., president of the Packer Collegiate institute, died this morning. He was 80 years old, and began life as a teacher in the Albany Female academy. In 1846 he became president of the Packer institute, and held the position up to the time of his death. Prof. Crittendon graduated from Union college in 1824. He had been suffering from nervous prostration for several months past, which, with other ailments, tended to hasten his death.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Dr. Edward H. Knight, the author of Knight's American mechanical dictionary and other literary works, died last night at his home in Bellefontaine, Ohio.

NEWARK, Jan. 23.—Peter Ballantine, head of the firm of P. Ballantine & Co., brewers, died to-day.

PROMPT AND DECISIVE.

How the Pupils of a Military Academy Were Treated for Insubordination.

CHESTER, PA., Jan. 23.—A committee of the corps of cadets of the Pennsylvania military academy of this place were refused permission to attend a theatrical performance last night, in compliance of a well-known regulation of the institution, whereupon a discontented band of thirty-seven cadets, while being called to prayers, ran into the town in undress uniform and without overcoats. The academic staff was convened and the adjutant, with two officers, was sent to the theater with an official order, which was read there. It reduces the offending cadet officers to the ranks and suspends the entire number from the academy, forbids their presence on the academic grounds for any purpose, and they are ordered to report at once to their homes in various parts of the country, whither a telegraphic report of the situation will precede them.

The discipline was sharp and prompt. This morning at 6 o'clock the order relating to the delinquents was published, followed by another appointing deserving cadets to the various military offices made vacant thereby. These cadets took the places assigned them, and both in studies and military exercises everything passed on as though nothing extraordinary had happened. An almost universal feeling prevails among the cadets, both inside and outside the institution, that their experience has cost more than it was worth. The insubordinate cadets secured lodgings in different parts of the city.

Twenty-Six Bodies Recovered.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The latest news from the scene of the gunpowder explosion, Berkeley, is to the effect that the number of bodies recovered from the ruins is twenty-six. So far as known, this number includes all that were killed. The coroner's jury made an investigation, and rendered a verdict that the victims came to their deaths by a powder explosion, the cause of which was unknown.

Terrific Storm and a New Comet.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 23.—Dispatches from Tampico state that a terrific storm prevailed there on Saturday. The German bark Meta put to sea for safety. Yesterday the bodies of two of her crew were washed ashore. The vessel is supposed to have been lost.

The Puebla observatory discovered a new comet near Jupiter on Sunday at 6:40 in the evening.

Is He Dead?

TORONTO, ONT., Jan. 23.—Joseph Hiscock, who has been troubled with insomnia for some weeks, yesterday told his wife he was going into a trance for three days and nights, and shortly afterward he, to all appearances, died. His body is kept in a warm room and carefully watched by his family until the time of the trance expires. The doctors pronounced the man dead.

Smallpox in Virginia.

LYNCHBURG, VA., Jan. 23.—There is considerable increase in the number of cases of smallpox at Salem reported by Mayor Logan, and intelligence from other sources represents that a feeling of great despondency pervades the community. Liberty and Christiansburg are quarantined against the town and business is demoralized.

The Steamship Oregon O. K.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, states that there is no truth whatever in the reported foundering of the steamship Oregon. The steamship arrived there in safety last night.

Two Men Hanged.

TRALEE, Jan. 23.—Poff and Barrett were hanged at 8 o'clock this morning for the murder of Thomas Brown, near Castle Island. They protested their innocence until the last moment.

CABLE CATCHES.

The Rothschilds invite subscriptions to a £4,000,000 4½ per cent. Brazilian loan at 89.

The Berlin correspondent of the London *Morning Post* states the cost of realizing the proposal of the bimetallists to recoin the silver of Germany is estimated at 20,000,000 marks.

Returns of the French vintage for the year 1882 show a decrease of three and a quarter millions hectolitres as compared with those of 1881, and sixteen millions hectolitres as compared with the average of the last ten years.

The *Fremdenblatt*, the organ of the Austrian foreign office at Vienna, says: "The visit to Vienna of M. De Giers, the Russian foreign minister, is simply intended to strengthen the friendly relations already existing between Austria and Russia, without attempting to effect fresh political combinations."

The Paris correspondent of the London *Standard* says: "President Grevy seems to have been affected by the recent scare. A guard has been stationed at the garden entrance of the Elysee. The bulging of their cartridge boxes denotes the presence of ball cartridges. A subscription has been opened in behalf of the families of the condemned anarchists."

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says: "There was a kind of Panic on the Bourse Monday. The events following Prince Napoleon's manifesto, the restlessness in the chamber of deputies, the uncertainty of the fate of the government bills, and the newspaper denunciations have disturbed the public mind and created disquietude among the propertied class. The holders of rentes and other securities have thrown them on the market from fear that revolutionary measures may depreciate them."

FRANCE UPSET AGAIN.

Eugenie's Appearance in Paris Creates Great Uneasiness.

The Bonapartists Flocking to See Her--A Cabinet Crisis.

Description of the Duclerc Ministry--Anarchy Again Probable.

Gambetta's Death Said to Have Caused a General Disruption—The Result.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A Paris special gives the following additional details of the arrival of the ex-Empress Eugenie in that city: Eugenie announces that she ignores the republic, and comes to display her sympathy with Prince Jerome in his incarceration. Her adherents claim that her presence means a demonstration in behalf of the name and family of Napoleon. She has not appeared in public, but she is known to be surrounded by active and pronounced Bonapartists, some of whom, however, regard her visit just now as most important. Eugenie's presence in the city has provoked not alone surprise, but in many quarters fears are felt for the safety of the republic.

It is thought that this inopportune visit of Eugenie, on the eve of a discussion as to the necessity of banishing princes from France, will provoke the moderate republicans in the chamber of deputies to vote for M. Floquet's bill. On the other hand, it is rumored that Eugenie's defiance of the government will result in a strong rising of Bonapartist adherents. Executive measures have been taken to repress any demonstration by either of the factions, whose leaders have an eye to the throne of France, and the dispoiling of the republic. There has been no popular approval of Eugenie's visit, but her presence is a topic almost as exciting as the arrest, a few days ago, of Prince Jerome. It is said that Eugenie was cognizant of the manifesto.

The ex-empress received a number of friends to-day and entertained Princess Mathilde.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A Paris telegram says that the evening papers state that the ex-Empress Eugenie is said to declare that the object of her visit to Paris is to mark her sympathy with Prince Napoleon and her approval of his manifesto as a real expression of Napoleonic principles. It may be observed that this is rather doubtful, considering the well known coolness between the ex-empress and the prince.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—A dispatch from Paris to the *Daily Telegraph* says the ex-Empress Eugenie wishes it distinctly understood that her presence in France at the present juncture must not be interpreted as having any political significance. M. De Cassagnac writing in the *Pays* says: "The empress, with chivalrous generosity, has forgotten Prince Jerome's past—his revolts, intrigues, and ambitions—and has merely considered that her place was where the name of Napoleon was being persecuted. This step by the admirable noblewoman is perfectly natural and logical." A dispatch from Paris to the *Daily News* says: "It is certain that a ministerial crisis is imminent. The idea of having Prince Jerome tried by the senate appears to have been abandoned. Prince Jerome wanted to see a whole troop of friends under the pretext that they were his counsel. The Juge d'Instruction has allowed M. Jolibois, Bonapartist member of the chamber of deputies, to act as his counsel also, making three advocates, but he has intimated that this will be the last. The police have made a search in the office of the *Petit Caporal* for the manuscript of an article which appeared in that paper urging the imperialists to be active and pressing in proclaiming Prince Victor emperor of France."

LONDON, Jan. 24.—A dispatch from Paris says: It is hardly possible to overrate the dangerous character the ministerial crisis has assumed. There were three cabinet councils on Tuesday. When the news came that the special committee showed a majority against the government, Gen. Billot, minister of war, and Admiral Jaureguiberry, minister of marine, again resigned. President Grevy urged them not to resign. He said: "You are a soldier, and you a sailor. I am quite sure you would never desert your posts under fire, but if you retire now and leave me without a cabinet that would be desertion."

A dispatch from Paris says: Late yesterday evening it was announced that all the ministers, except MM. Duclerc, Billot, and Jaurreguiberry, have resigned. In case the present cabinet is definitely overturned, a Freycinet-Floquet ministry is spoken of.

A dispatch from Paris to the *Standard* says that ex-Empress Eugenie will probable leave Paris on Wednesday.

A dispatch from Paris says: At the third cabinet council held at 9 o'clock last evening matters were left practically unsettled. The cabinet will reach a decision this morning.

A dispatch from Paris says the Duclerc cabinet is virtually defunct. The political panic is unabated, and fund holders are throwing their stocks on the market. The want of a guiding star is universally felt. The possibility of a military pronunciamiento is freely talked of. Throughout the bourgeois class there is a reaction against a regime of doctors and journalists and a yearning for a saving sword. It is certain that the chambers will adopt M. Floquet's proposal. Gambetta's death has thrown the whole working machine of Franch out of gear.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—A Paris dispatch to the *Morning Telegraph* says the differences in the cabinet arise from the discussion of the third clause in the government expulsion bill, allowing the government to place the Orleans princes, now in active service, on the retired list. It is understood that Gen. Billot, minister of war, refuses his adhesion, while it is affirmed that other members of the cabinet favor M. Ballue's more stringent amendment decreeing the immediate cashiering of the princes. The latter's harsh enactment is the stumbling block over which the ministry promises to break up before long.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* telegraphs Tuesday night: The ex-Empress Eugenie is staying at the Hotel du Rhin, in the very apartments occupied by Napoleon before his election as president. To an interviewer she said: "I have come to France, using my right to testify to a Napoleon prisoner my sympathies and forgetfulness of all past discords. I also come to comfort the Princess Mathilde. What I am doing is only a family affair. I will make no political manifestation in presence of a government of which I know nothing."

The correspondent adds that the rooms at the hotel are taken for a week in the name of the Countess Pierrefond. Many leading Bonapartists flock to the Hotel du Rhin. I hear at the last moment that both Eugenie and the Princess Mathilde have received polite hints that they would do well to betake themselves out of the country.

FRENCH PRETENDERS.

The magistracy bill was taken up in the chamber of deputies to-day. After M. Clemenceau had spoken in defense of the system of election, the sitting of the chamber was adjourned to await the return of M. Deves, minister of justice, from the cabinet meeting at the Elysee. The Bonapartists deny that it is intended that any of them shall resign in order to create a vacancy in the chamber of deputies to be contested for by Prince Jerome. After the cabinet council at the Elysee was concluded most of the ministers returned to the chamber of deputies. Another council will be held to-morrow to devise measures for solving the existing difficulties.

Another Account of the Train Robbery.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, Jan. 23.—The following is another account of the attempt of robbery of a Central Pacific railway train: At 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning an attempt was made to rob the Central Pacific express car at Montella, a wood and water station just over the Nevada line. Six or eight robbers ordered the engineer of the west bound train to move on, and then took possession of the east bound train. One man guarded the engineer while the others watched the passenger cars and attempted to enter the express car. Ross, the express messenger, kept his doors fastened, and fired upon the highwaymen, who smashed in the panels of the doors and built a fire under the car to burn Ross out, but failed. Ross was badly wounded in the left hand. The conductor and brakeman were imprisoned in a tank house. The robbers secured only $10, which they took from the conductor. The train was delayed nearly two hours. Twenty men left Elko on a special train to track the robbers.

ALL ACCOUNTED FOR.

The Dead of the Southern Pacific Railway Disaster—A Thrilling Discovery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—A dispatch from Los Angeles states that yesterday afternoon Dr. Ross commenced the work of carefully examining, for the first time, the bodies which had been picked up at the wreck, the word "bodies" as here used signifying portions of the human form, in many instances handfuls of whitened bits of bones being all that remained of what had been a human form. Dr. Ross made a thrilling discovery. Some of the boxes in which had been placed what was supposed to have been human remains, contained charred and cooked flesh, either of beef or mutton. After a careful examination he concluded that six of the supposed bodies possibly contained no human remains, and of one other they were in such doubt that he and Dr. Krutz this evening made an examination of all the supposed remains, which resulted in their pronouncing absolutely that seven more were not of human flesh. A duplicate chart of the passengers and sleepers shows that every one who took passage is accounted for. The remains of Charles R. Pierson, Wright, the porter, and Ferdinand Baumford and Thomas Kegar, the two discharged soldiers, were readily identified, as their bodies were not disfigured or mutilated. The remains of Col. Larrabee, Miss M. E. Squires, Mrs. Downey, and Lawrence, the porter of the through sleeper, have been positively identified, and enough has been brought to light to identify the remains of L. Wetherell and H. A. Oliver. These, added to the recognized remains of Mr. Schlinghyde, who boarded the doomed train at Fresno, make the number of dead accounted for twelve. Two bodies still remain unrecognized. The clues for their identification are so slight that it is possible they never will be known. These remains may be those of the tramps who were stealing a ride on the train. At all events every one on the chart of the sleepers has been accounted for as either living or dead. The supposed bodies of seven persons have been pronounced burned flesh and bones of other than human forms, and what strengthens this position taken by the medical men is the fact that the remains which were pronounced those of human forms were taken from the ruins of the express and baggage cars.

MERRY MONTREAL.

Winter Sports in the Canadian Capital—The Ice Palace—Cold Weather.

MONTREAL, Jan. 23.—Montreal is genuinely *en fete* with grand prospects of an increasing display until the end of the week. Probably in her history she has never been invaded to the same extent as at present by strangers from all parts of the United States and Canada, who have taken up their quarters here for the grand carnival week. There is little more than standing room in the hotels for guests, while the private dwellings which have been thrown open are swarming with visitors unable to obtain accommodation elsewhere. The opening weather is all that could be desired for Canadian winter sports and the outlook for its continuance is highly encouraging. The gay tournament is now fairly launched, although the more formal ceremonies in connection with the inauguration will not occur until to-morrow.

The annual excursion of the Contractors' society, although not strictly on the programme, was the first event this morning to draw the people out and set them on the qui vive. In the procession which proceeded to the country for a drive were about two hundred well-appointed sleighs, handsomely decorated and drawn mostly by four fine horses. After dinner at a popular hotel ten miles distant the company returned in the afternoon and made a grand entry into the city. The next enlivening feature was the students of the universities as well as the senior colleges turning out en mass and proceeding through the streets singing their inspiring songs and catches. French martial refrains, with the Marseillaise occasionally introduced, were a decided novelty to American visitors, who scarcely expected to hear in this English city so many hundred youths singing in a foreign tongue. The first event in order on the programme was a grand curling bonspiel, in which the sons of "Auld Reekie" revel. A large number of spectators were attracted to the rinks which are situated in one of the basins in the harbor, and although the biting wind, sweeping off the ice-bound St. Lawrence was extremely cold, they remained three hours watching the play with intense interest. It was a decided exhibition of endurance, which nothing but an enthusiastic love of the sport would warrant. The assembly of curlers is the largest and finest ever collected together in the Dominion. In addition to the principal clubs of Canada, those of the eastern states are competing numerously.

What the Pennsylvania Legislators Want.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 23.—In the senate today the following house concurrent resolutions were concurred in: That the house of representatives, the senate concurring, witness with satisfaction the disposition of congress to inaugurate needed reforms in obedience to the will of the people, as evinced in the passage of the bill to reform the civil service, and that the action of the senate and house of representatives in passing said bill and the President in giving the same his sanction has our indorsement and approval.

That we cordially indorse the action of the house of representatives of the United States in passing the bill for the increase of pensions for the soldiers of the union who lost an arm or leg in the war for the preservation of the union; also, that we respectfully request our senators at Washington to advocate and vote for the passage of the said bill through the senate of the United States.

Killed Her Three Children.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 23.—A terrible tragedy occurred here at noon to-day. The wife of John Zinbrick, a laborer, living in Sixth, killed her three children—the eldest of whom was 7 years of age, and the youngest 18 months—in a most brutal manner, literally cutting them to pieces and disemboweling them. The attention of the neighbors was attracted to the scene by the woman's attempt to hang herself in an outhouse. They cut her down and brought her into the house, where the horrible spectacle was discovered. Mrs. Zimbrick was at once arrested. She took her arrest very calmly, stating that she had read in the good book that it was right to sacrifice children. She is doubtless suffering from religious insanity.

Wants to Marry the Baby.

MADRID, Jan. 23.—At a court reception today King Alphonso announced that he had received from Prince Louis Ferdinand, of Bavaria, a formal demand for the hand of the infanta Marie Della Paz.

Starving to Death in Ireland.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Reports have reached Sligo, Ireland, of deaths by starvation in the island of Innismurray off the coast of the county Sligo.

TWENTY-TWO MEN PERISHED.

Terrible Details of the Disaster in the Australian Mines.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The Sydney, N. S. W., *Herald* has the following details of the disaster at the Australasian mine on Dec. 12. The accident occurred at 5:30 a. m., in the drift from No. 2 shaft, which unexpectedly broke into the old workings of No. 1 shaft. The water rushed in with great force, and in a few minutes the lower levels were flooded, and the water had risen thirty feet in the shaft. The men employed at this point fled for their lives along the drift to the station, where twelve reached the cage and were hoisted to the surface. Twenty-seven men in another part of the new workings were unable to reach the shaft, and their only hope was that they might be able to reach and ascend distant winzes leading to the upper level. The scene at the top of the shaft was pitiful, mothers, wives, children, and friends being gathered there waiting almost without hope for news from below. The pumps, throwing 44,000 gallons per hour, were at once started, and all the miners in the district assembled to lend assistance. The body of water was so great that the pumps lowered it very slowly, and a diver was sent for to attempt to penetrate the mine to learn the fate of those below, but the project was found impracticable. On the afternoon of the thirteenth the water was only breast high in the drift where the men were supposed to be, and an attempt was made to reach them by wading, but the vitiated air drove back the relief party. Several similar attempts were made during the night, and at about 7 o'clock on the morning of the fourteenth two searchers came up the shaft cheering, and reporting that near winzes No. 11 they heard the words: "Its all right; we are all right." At about 6 o'clock in the evening word came up the shaft that the lost were found.

The news spread like wildfire, and the whole neighborhood flocked to the shaft. Tanks were improvised as carriages, in which to raise the men to the surface, and a half hour later John Manly was brought up alive. He had been caught by going to warn his comrades of danger when he might have escaped. Soon four others were brought up all greatly exhausted, but they are now in a fair way to recover. The cage rose again when the terrible truth was learned that twenty-two men remaining in the mine had perished. The whole party had been caught in the drift, the water rising so high that only by clinging to the timbers could they keep their chins above it. One by one during the sixty hours' struggle they had dropped off exhausted, and were drowned in the flood, the strongest only being able to hold on until relief came. The bodies were found scattered about on the floor of the drift. The victims were interred on the sixteenth, business being generally suspended that day. A liberal subscription has been taken up for the families of the dead miners.

BURNING BUILDINGS.

A Schoolhouse, Villa, Mill, Theater, and Other Structures Destroyed.

DUBUQUE, IOWA, Jan. 23.—The East Side school-house, at Independence, was burned to the ground yesterday morning. The children escaped without accident. The building cost $23,000, and was well insured.

ANDERSON, IND., Jan. 23.—The planing-mill of Nathan Armstrong was burned yesterday. The loss is $25,000, against which there is no insurance.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 23.—A villa on Bellevue avenue, owned by John G. Weaver, proprietor of the Ocean house, was burned this morning. The fire caught from the steam radiators. The loss on the house is $25,000 and on furniture $10,000; insured for $20,000. Silver, diamonds, and a large amount of jewelry were destroyed.

MACON, GA., Jan. 23.—A special to the *Telegraph and Messenger* from Cochran, Ga., states that a fire this morning at 4 o'clock consumed the stores occupied by Beacham & Bro. (bar), Stokes & Thomas (confectioners), J. B. Carroll & Co. (drugs), E. Wesser (grocery), B. B. Pounds (butcher and grocer), T. D. & P. P. Walker (drugs), W. Baker (bar) and J. McKoff (dry goods). McKoff and Messrs. Walker saved a large part of their stock in a damaged condition. The loss on buildings is estimated at $10,000 and on stock at $30,000. All the parties held policies in a Florida company, but the amounts have not been ascertained. The origin of the fire is not known, but is supposed to have been incendiary.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 23.—A destructive fire occurred Sunday at the town of Hertford, N. C., consuming one entire block, except one house that was pulled down to prevent the further spread of the flames. Ten houses were destroyed, mostly stores, immediately in front of the courthouse. There is but little insurance.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23.—The theater in Mitan, capital of the government of Courland, has been burned. No performance was going on at that time the fire broke out, and there was no loss of life.

Fifteen Men Killed.

WHEELING, W.VA., Jan. 23.—A special from Keyser, W. Va., to the *Intelligencer* says: "One of the most terrible railway accidents that ever occurred in this part of the country happened on the George's Creek and Cumberland railway, running from Cumberland to Lonaconing. To-day three coal trains, consisting of three locomotives, fifty-two hoppers, and seventeen gondolas, all loaded, started from Cumberland about 2 o'clock this afternoon. All were coupled together, one engine in front, another in the middle, and another in the rear, this being the safest way to get down the grades this bad weather. In going down one of the steep grades, about ten miles from Cumberland, the trains became unmanageable and started down at a fearful rate of speed. On a trestle work the front engine flew the track, dragging all the men, cars, and locomotives after it, and rolled down a steep hill, a hundred feet, to the tracks of the Eckhart branch of the Cumberland and Pennsylvania railway. Seven dead bodies were found in the wreck. Each train consisted of a conductor and two brakemen and a fireman and engineer, a total of fifteen, not one of whom can be found alive. The correspondent is unable to give the names of the killed."

Ohio Republicans in Council.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Jan. 23.—A republican conference, preliminary to the meeting of the republican state committee, was held tonight. Addresses were made by Gov. Foster, Gov. Noyes, Gen. Grosvenor, and others. The tenor of the remarks was that personal ambitious should be temporarily laid aside in order to secure the success of the party at the next election. Stress was laid on the necessity of carrying the next legislature as an important factor of success in 1884. A letter was read from Senator Sherman against the liquor traffic as an issue. A resolution was adopted to devote two days to the next state convention, which it is thought will be held early.

Didn't Know It Was Loaded.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—John Shay, an Irishman, arrived here from St. Louis to-day. He reported to the police that on the train on the Erie road on which he was a passenger a black whiskered man made friends with him and gave him brandy to drink. Shay fell asleep and when he awoke in Jersey City his valise with $275, all his savings, was gone as well as his overcoat. He was compelled to ask the police for lodgings for the night, while word was sent to his brother in Boston of his plight.

Edwin Booth's Splendid Success.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—Mr. Edwin Booth appeared here to-night as King Lear for the first time during his engagement at the Residenz theater. The performance was a splendid success, Mr. Booth being called before the curtain eighteen times.

"IT'S A COLD DAY."

A Familiar Expression Used Yesterday in Various Parts of the Country.

The Thermometer Twenty Degrees Below Zero in Chicago.

And Only Forty-Seven Degrees Below Just Across the British Border.

The Coldest Wave Known in a Long Lifetime—Special Weather Bulletin.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The temperature is rising slowly in the northwest. A high northwest wind is reported at Keywest, Fla. The following temperatures are reported: Milwaukee, Wis., 20° below zero; St. Paul, Minn., 26° below zero; Bismarck, Dak., 16° below zero; La Crosse, Wis., 21° below zero; Chicago, Ill., 14° below zero; Rochester, N. Y., 4° below zero; Buffalo, N. Y., 1° above zero; Oswego, N. Y., 8° above zero; Albany, N. Y., 4° above zero; Boston, Mass., 5° above zero. The lowest temperate at New York city yesterday was 3° above zero, a fall of 13° in the past twenty-four hours and the lowest of the season.

TWENTY DEGREES BELOW ZERO.

CHICAGO, ILL., Jan. 23.—The weather as yet shows no signs of moderating. The temperature at 8 o'clock a. m. was 20° below zero. The area of cold seems to have its center over Lake Michigan. Its western edge rests on the Missouri river and its northern boundary is unknown. Throughout this region the temperature has for two days been of extraordinary severity, the thermometer ranging from 10° at Chicago to 60° below zero, the latter at Winnepeg last night. No loss of life from freezing is reported but great suffering is experienced by those who are necessarily exposed. The railway embargo is general. Trains are running hours behind schedule time. Dispatches received at 4 o'clock this morning from points on the western extremity of the cold belt indicate a rising temperature accompanied by snow.

DUBUQUE, Jan. 23.—Yesterday morning, at 7 o'clock, the thermometer registered 27 degrees below zero, the lowest point reached in this city, according to the record in the signal service office, since February 5, 1875. No trains arrived here up to a late hour yesterday, except one from St. Paul. Most of the roads did not send any trains out. The wind, however, has gone down, and the weather has moderated somewhat, the thermometer now, indicating 12 degrees below zero.

JAMAICA, L. I., Jan. 23.—The cold wave which reached here late yesterday has brought with it the coldest weather experienced on the island this winter. At midnight the mercury stood at zero, while at 3 o'clock this morning it was four degrees below zero, at which point it remained until the sun was well up.

WINNEPEG, Jan. 23.—The temperature here is 46 degrees below zero, the lowest on record.

ADAMS, N. Y., Jan. 23.—The severest snowstorm for years has prevailed here since Saturday. It is now snowing furiously. Highways and railways are blocked and travel abandoned.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Jan. 23.—The temperature touched the lowest point, 5° below zero, during the night, and is now slowly moderating.

TORONTO, ONT., Jan. 23.—Reports from various parts of Canada represent the cold spell as the severest of the season, the thermometer ranging from zero to 35° below.

SPECIAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

The chief signal officer of the army furnishes the following special bulletin to the press: The barometer is highest in Georgia and lowest in Dakota. Occasional light snow has fallen in the northwest and lake region; elsewhere fair weather has prevailed. Southerly winds are reported west of the Mississippi river and in the lake region, and southwesterly in the Atlantic coast states. The temperature has remained nearly stationary in the Atlantic coast states, and rising in all the other states. A warm wave central in Colorado and Wyoming will move slowly to the eastward.

The Dead German Prince.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—A requiem service for Prince Charles was held in the marble hall of the palace at 8 o'clock this evening. The emperor and empress and the remainder of the royal family and several foreign princes were present. Pastor Koegel to-day delivered the funeral oration in the cathedral, where a choral service was performed. The staff officers of the artillery kept guard over the body. The remains were removed at 11 o'clock this evening to the cathedral. The coffin was placed in a hearse, which was drawn by six horses. Royal equerries rode on either side, and the body servants and footmen of the deceased escorted the hearse on foot. State carriages followed, containing Prince Leopold, the Grand Duke of Oldenburg, Crown Prince Frederick William, and other dignitaries. The procession passed almost silently through the dense crowds which lined the streets. Pastor Koegel received the remains at the cathedral.

Ex-Gov. St. John to be Received.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—Arrangements are being made by a committee of prominent gentlemen, among whom are ex-Gov. Long, Hon. Robert K. Bishop, Lieut.-Gov. Ames, Hon. E. S. Tobey, and Hon. Robert Treat Paine, jr., for a public reception to ex-Gov. St. John, of Kansas, on February 22, at the Massachusetts charitable mechanics exposition building. There is to be a children's entertainment in the afternoon, for which 10,000 tickets are to be issued. The various temperance organizations of the state will be largely represented.

Committed Suicide.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Rollin Phelps, an operator in a photo-copying house, committed suicide this morning by taking cyanide of potash, a powerful poison. The cause for the deed is ascribed to dissipation and despondency.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

—The judiciary committee of the Maine house will soon report a bill re-establishing the death penalty for murder in that state.

—The cinder tank at the Cedar Point furnace at Port Henry, N. Y., exploded last night, instantly killing Charles Somers and injuring John McMullen.

—The grand jury of New York yesterday refused to indict John H. Moore, the ferrymaster at the Grand street ferry, who is accused of systematically embezzling money belonging to the ferry company.

—Ida Arnold, a daughter of Robert and Emma Arnold, of Easton, Pa., aged 14 months, was accidently burned to death by her clothing taking fire from the kitchen stove during the temporary absence of her mother.

—James Labort, a laborer living near Manor, L. I., while returning home after selling a load of straw, was frozen to death, his horse reaching the stable with his master frozen stiff and the reins still graped in the dead man's hands.

—The grand jury of New York has dismissed the complaint in the case of Frank Ramsdell, who on Nov. 12 shot and killed James J. Jordan alias Slim Jim, a noted confidence operator. The evidence at the inquest showed that the shooting was done in self-defence.

—A carriage containing Edward Dewaltz, a tinsmith of Blackwoodtown, N. J., and a young man employed by him as an apprentice, was struck by an express train on the Camden and Atlantic railway at Kirkwood station. The vehicle was demolished, and Dewaltz was killed and his apprentice seriously injured.

—R. L. Shurter, agent and operator for the Ontario and Western railway at Fallsburg, Sullivan county, N. Y., while in the act of entering the depot to see the fires, yesterday morning, was shot through the lungs by a burglar, who escaped. Shurter recovered consciousness about half an hour afterward and crawled to his boarding place, across the track. His recovery is doubtful.