RECENT POLICE CHANGES.

The Honorable Discharges and the Rumpus They Have Stirred Up.

The Ages of Those Dismissed Compared With Those of the Recruits.

A Man Sixty-Two Years Old and an Alleged Ex-Confederate Among the Late Appointments.

Pensions and the Policeman's Fund—The Commissioners Petitioned.

"The commissioners have appointed a man as a policeman who is 62 years of age, and discharged others for old age who are much younger," said a gentleman to a REPUBLICAN reporter yesterday. Continuing, he said: "There is a growing suspicion also that things are not just what they should be at police headquarters touching the recent 'honorable discharge' of some of the members of the force, and delegations are besieging the commissioners in behalf of those whose heads have been chopped off so unceremoniously."

Section 389 of the law governing the metropolitan police says that "all the books of records of appointments and dismissals, accounts of treasurer, &c., shall be open to public inspection when not in actual use;" and in order to gratify the general public demand for information on this much discussed matter of "honorable discharges" and appointments in the force, a reporter sought and obtained permission to examine the records.

The new appointments made since the first of April were found to be as follows:

Names.	Age when appointed.	Date of appointment.	Present age.	Length of service.
			Age.	Years.
Walter F. Appleby, Maryland			57 years	
Thomas J. Anderson, Dist. Columbia			33 "	
E. B. Clarke, Pennsylvania			34 "	
John F. Cox, Dist. Columbia			62 "	
Bartholomew Diggins, Maryland			37 "	
Edward Elliott, Virginia			33 "	
W. F. Cassell, Dist. Columbia			34 "	
W. F. Falvey, New York			29 "	
L. B. Hathaway, Ohio			38 "	
Timothy Nugent, Ireland			39 "	
Matthew Malloy, Ireland			42 "	
Ernest A. Penney, Maine			32 "	
Edward Stahl, Germany			28 "	
Charles Berkley, D. C.	25	1863	45	20
J. V Grant, D. C.	28	1863	48	20
George Luskey, D. C.	24	1865	42	18
Adolph Miller, Germany	25	1871	38	12
James McGreevy, D. C.	31	1871	43	12
George Fields, England	39	1867	56	16
F. W. Pfaff, Germany	28	1870	41	13
G. A. Prather, Maryland	26	1875	44	8
M. W. Ryan, Ireland	30	1869	44	14
W. E. Ridgway, Maryland	40	1869	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. E. Skelley, Maryland	49	1867	56	16
Frank Tolson, D. C.	29	1871	52	12
Phil. Thompson, D. C.	40	1874	49	9
Z. R. Offutt, D. C.	26	1868	41	15
Harry Yeatman, Virginia	37	1866	54	17

The average ages of these fifteen men when appointed was 32 years, a much better average than the last appointments. It has been urged that good material is not as plentiful as some years ago, and by many it is supposed that the reason of this is because the law requires an applicant to have served honorably in the late rebellion on the union side. This is not the case. The applicant is required to have an honorable discharge from the United States army, navy, or marine corps. It is stated that enough good material could be easily procured from those who are natives of the district, and who have served in the last two named branches of the public service, and whose applications are on file.

The average age of the "honorably discharged" men is only 45 years, but three of them being over 50 years of age.

Many of them were terribly wounded while in the discharge of duty. Poor Phil. Thompson, the colored man, is totally blind and has to be led around like a child. Luskey had a ball put clear through his body, and has been in several deadly encounters while in the discharge of duty. All of these men are comparatively young, but nearly all have large families to support. They were discharged upon the report of a board consisting of three men—Dr. S. A. H. McKim, Capt. Vernon, and Lieut. Gessford—who have been attached to the force for twenty years, and whose ages average upward of 50 years.

They reported the time lost by each discharged man, what it was for, and what caused the sickness, or whatever it may have been that caused his absence from duty.

This committee, it is said, urged the commissioners to apply the police fund or part of it toward pensioning these men. They urged that Thompson be allowed $60 per month. It was also urged that the "honorably discharged" men be paid $500 or even $1,000 apiece, but the commissioners did not think the law would bear them out in doing this. The law on the subject can be found in section 364 for the government of the metropolitan police. It says:

Whenever any member of the police force in the actual discharge of his duty shall become actually disabled his necessary expenses during the time of such disability, on the certificate of a competent surgeon stating the manner, cause, and conditions of the injury, and approved by the board of police, may become a charge upon the policeman's fund. But the board may discontinue such allowance for any satisfactory reasons.

The fund now amounts to $22,000, and comes from fines, awards, and sale of stolen, unclaimed, and abandoned property. It is a fund absolutely lying idle, while the "honorably discharged" men, all of whose ailments were contracted while in the line of duty, have every prospect of starving after years of faithful service. Said one of them to the reporter, "They turn us out like old horses to die after having worked us for many long years."

It is understood that Phil. Thompson has been paid $100 out of the fund by the commissioners and some others $50 apiece.

The examining surgeons of the police force are Drs. Johnson Eliot, McKim, and Newman. All these are old men, and have been serving for many years. Maj. Dye, the superintendent of police, is an older man in years than any of the discharged men, so that many of the latter contend that old age should not count against anybody on the force unless all were served alike.

A member of one of the delegations that waited on the commissioners said to THE REPUBLICAN reporter: "The unfair action of the authorities in dismissing these men without trial, and in making no provision for their future out of the policeman's fund, together with the fact that one or two of the recent appointments are clearly illegal, will lead to the introduction of a bill in the next congress for the entire reorganization of the police force of the district, and we will do all in our power to secure its passage."

Maj. Dye said yesterday that himself and the commissioners had been governed in the matter of the discharges by the report of the board (McKim, Vernon, and Gessford) and the habits, record, and character of the men. He hoped that some arrangements would be made to meet such cases. It worked a hardship, he knew, and he was going to consult with the members of the force relative to some financial plan by which relief could be afforded.

It has been suggested by some that the present members of the force urge the commissioners to distribute at least half of the policeman's fund pro rata among the "honorably discharged" men in order to give them a start in life again.

A NATIONAL CONVENTION

Of Colored Men Called to Meet in This City Next September—Reasons Assigned Therefor.

The committee to make arrangements for a national convention of colored men to meet in Washington, D. C., during the month of September, 1883, met last evening at the city hall and issued the following call for a national convention of colored men:

To the colored men of the United States:

During a convention of the colored citizens of the District of Columbia, Col. P. H. Carson offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Whereas the political condition of a vast number of negroes in this country is such as to demand attention and careful consideration as to its improvement: Therefore be it

Resolved, That the president of this convention be, and he is hereby, requested to appoint a committee of twenty-five, to be composed of citizens of this district, such committee to make arrangements through correspondence with prominent colored men in the country for the holding of a national convention during the month of September, 1883, in this city, and that the chairman of this convention be a member ex officio of the committee.

In compliance with the above resolution, adopted by the colored people of the District of Columbia in convention assembled to celebrate the anniversary of their emancipation, this committee of its creation hereby issues the following call, which it believes should be and will be promptly answered by the colored men throughout the United States:

Seriously considering the undeniable and lamentable fact that the present condition of the colored people is insecure, and the future far more alarming, we deem it wise to call their serious attention to these very suggestive points and ask that they meet in national convention and give them their due consideration and action:

1. We are not given a fair remuneration for our labor in the south and not protected by law in securing even that trifling pittance for which we do toil.

2. We are not allowed fair and equal educational advantages in the public schools in most parts of the country.

3. Our civil rights are still infringed upon all over the country, notwithstanding the passage of the acts of congress for our protection in that particular.

4. That our political rights are now almost wholly ignored, and the voice of six and one half millions of people with peculiar interests at stake lost from the legislative halls of government.

5. That the colored men have given one million and a quarter of votes for the advancement and perpetuation of good and peaceful government ever since they have been enfranchised, and that the executive officers of the government have not in return given them protection and encouragement half commensurate with their power and fidelty to the government.

6. That according to the signs of the times the country is on the eve of a great political revolution, and it behooves us as a race to make our interests paramount to those of any party or sect; that it is our duty to unite and strike out some bold policy and line of action which will bring us nearer to the estate of full citizenship and power when this great revolution is over.

We therefore recommend to the colored people of the several states that they meet in state conventions some time prior to the month of September, 1883, and elect delegates to a national convention to be held in Washington, D. C., twenty-fourth day of September, 1883; and that the basis of representation be: Colored population—1 delegate to 25,000, giving to each state 3 representatives, provided it has a colored population of not less than 10,000, and in no case less than 1 delegate. The representation under this plan, according to the census of 1880, will be as follows: Alabama, 24; Georgia, 29; North Carolina, 22; South Carolina, 25; Virginia, 25; Mississippi, 26; Louisiana, 20; Tennessee and Texas, each 16; Kentucky, 11; Arkansas and Maryland, each 9; Missouri, 6; Florida, 5; Delaware, District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, and West Virginia, each 3; Pennsylvania and Ohio, each 4; California, Colorado, Nebraska, Connecticut, Iowa, Rhode Island, Maine, Michigan, Massachusetts, and Minnesota, each 1; in all 288.

Yours for the interests of the race,

Frederick Douglass, chairman,
James G. Gregory, secretary,
Arthur St. A. Smith, corresponding secretary,
P. H. Carson,
John F. Cook,
W. R. Laws, esq.,
George W. Williams,
Collins Crusor,
C. B. Fisher,
J. Brooks,
G. S. Boston,
Solomon G. Brown,
W. A. Talliaferro,
R. T Greener,
John M. Brown,
W. C. Chase,
John A. Gray,
W. M. H. Booker,
John W. Freeman,
Jerome A. Johnson,
James H. Smith,
R. J. Collins,
E. A. Atkinson,
J. F. N. Wilkinson,
Robert Laws,
Milton M. Holland,
Committee.

THE æsthetic movement in England has entirely died out, because—well because people think there is more good common sense in taking a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup than in carrying a lily.

ALEXANDRIA AFFAIRS.

Things are looking very lively at the Potomac Manufacturing company's works in this city. The new stack which they have been building is finished, and six charcoal fires are being put in place. Mr. Hadley, the superintendent of the works, has secured the services of some skilled iron workers from Sweden. The company will manufacture a superior quality of iron, such as can be used for boiler plate, ship plates, and fire boxes.

There are sixty men at work at Agnew & Co.'s shipyard and forty at the upper shipyard. Two schooners are being built at Agnew's and one at the upper yard.

At the last meeting of the common council there was a resolution offered to extend Prince street eastward 250 feet. This would encroach upon certain wharf rights apparently, and is the cause of much argument pro and con. as to the rights of the city and its powers to extend the east end of the streets into the docks. The right of the dock fronts has been disputed. It is claimed as soon as an attempt is made to extend Prince street, the city will be involved in a lawsuit.

A delegation of railway men from the Shenandoah Valley went over the Washington and Western railway on a tour of inspection yesterday. The Washington and Western railway is to be sold on the ninth of May.

Colvin, who shot Heflin at Catlett's station, and his three brother accomplices, have surrendered themselves, and been released on $1,000 bail each for future appearance. Heflin is still alive, and the chances are that he will recover.

A horse and wagon loaded with provisions, owned by J. Broders, commission merchant, jumped from the bridge over the outlet run of the canal yesterday, and fell fifteen feet. There was in the wagon the driver and a small boy, neither of whom were injured. The wagon was entirely demolished, and the horse received some bruises. The horse becoming frightened at an engine, caused the accident.

The grain market closes active with a fair demand for all kinds of grain. About 1,000 bushels of wheat sold at 112 to 116 for common, 118 to 120 for Fultz, and 122 for fair Lancaster, but we quote choice at 124. The receipts of corn have increased, and yesterday 4,100 bushels sold at 61 to 62 for white. No rye or oats reported.

The city of Alexandria manufactures its own gas, and has done so for twenty-five years. The price of gas has been $2.25 per 1,000 feet, and it is now quite certain that at the close of the present fiscal year the price will probably be reduced to $1.50 per 1,000 feet.

G. W. Clifford has withdrawn as a candidate for superintendent of police.

ABOUT those mosquitoes in Texas,
Says Sweet, they no longer vex us,
When the trouble is imminent
Use St. Jacobs Oil liniment,
Contented and happy it makes us.

MR. KER CONCLUDES.

Winding Up His Six Day's Speech With a Scorching Denunciation of the Defendants.

Counsel for Vaile, Miner, and Brady Offer to Submit Without Argument.

Mr. Ker continued his discourse upon the Bismarck-Tongue river route in the star route trial yesterday, beginning the seventh day of his address to the jury with a lively attack upon Miner and S. W. Dorsey. He also referred to John Dorsey's statement to Lounsberry, that the only wrong he had committed in the whole business had been in connection with this route. If it was not wrong to sign affidavits in blank to be used to defraud the government, he (Mr. Ker) did not know wrong from right.

When he had finished with this route, Mr. Ker thanked the jury for the patient attention with which they had followed him in the arduous task of reviewing the enormous mass of evidence. He also complimented Clerk Williams for the ability and watchfulness he had shown in marking and classifying, without a single inaccuracy, the voluminous official papers used in the case. He counseled the jury to allow no doubtful statement of counsel to go unchallenged. A summary was then made of the prominent points in the case. The fact that Brady had remained in Washington during the summer of 1879, while other public officials were enjoying their summer vacation, was quoted and commented upon as tending to show that his presence was caused by his desire to hurry through the corrupt orders before the close of the fiscal year.

As an evidence of the extent of the operations of the defendants, Mr. Ker said that for the service upon these nineteen routes they received yearly $468,404, and and their profit amounted to $142,651. These routes were originally let for $30,361, and finally increased so that the contractors received the enormous sum of $900,000 for the contract term. The total revenue from those routes in 1880, excluding the railway offices, aggregated $42,357. It was the government's claim that the routes had been expedited and increased without necessity and for a corrupt purpose.

The failure of the defense to cross-examine Walsh, after he had given his damaging testimony against them, was severely commented upon. A bitter attack upon Brady followed. His official orders were cited and his honesty was denied. He had held the key of the treasury, said Mr. Ker; he had been placed in office to stand between the treasury and these robbers, and he had proved false to his trust; proved to be a traitor. He had been a revenue inspector at a salary of $1,500, then second assistant postmaster general receiving $3,500 per annum, yet in 1880 he owned $240,000 worth of Chattanooga railway stocks, other stocks, five newspapers, and was living like a prince in Washington. A noble example to the youth of the country was this. Mr. Ker dwelt upon the importance of the case, and adjured the jury to stand up and do their duty like men, to repel any attempt at corruption. There never had been such a case; no such difficulties had been encountered by other prosecuting officers. They were fighting the wealthiest, most determined ring that had ever engaged in robbing the treasury. Mr. Ker closed with an earnest appeal to the jury to render a verdict of which they would never be ashamed, and for which they could not be reproached.

After a brief interval Mr. Henkle arose (by the peremptory direction of his clients, he said) and proposed to submit the case to the jury, so far as Vaile and Miner were concerned, under the instructions of the court. He had not consulted with the other counsel and did not know what course they would pursue.

Mr. Merrick. Of course the government has no objection to Vaile and Miner submitting their case.

Mr. Wilson. I submit mine.

The court. We have Brady, Vaile, and Miner.

Mr. Wilson. Of course this is subject to the condition that there will be no further argument.

The court (after a pause). Nobody has spoken for either of the Dorseys.

Mr. Davidge rose and said that he had not had an opportunity to confer with Mr. Ingersoll, who was absent. So far as he was concerned he concurred in the views of the other gentlemen. If necessary he would confer with Mr. Ingersoll, but if the government would not accept the offer there seemed to be no need.

Mr. Merrick. Do as you please, gentlemen, we have nothing to say.

Mr. Davidge presumed that there would be no further argument if the offer were accepted, and he would confer on the subject with Mr. Ingersoll.

The court. We shall hear from you Monday morning.

Adjourned until Monday.

There seems to be no doubt that the government will refuse to place a limit upon the argument in the manner proposed by the defense.

LADIES who are desirous of purchasing a handsome dress for summer should look in at the handsome windows of the avenue merchants, Taylor & Hufty.

"Shout the Glad Tidings."

Mrs. Thomas Atkinson, of No. 29 Ring street, Providence, R. I., joins the exultant multitude in glad praise and thanksgiving. Mrs. A. says:

"A few months ago I was taken severely ill and obliged to give up my accustomed household duties, and received medical treatment, and grew worse continually until I was confined to my bed, in spite of the doctor's prescriptions and the best advice that I could get. My sufferings were severe from the excruciating pains in my back, and my legs were badly swollen, attended with severe pains, which were supposed to be caused by the Rheumatism. A friend of mine who called to see me urged me to try Hunt's Remedy, stating that he knew of the wonderful cures of several parties who had taken this medicine, in cases which seemed very much like mine, excepting that they were in much worse condition than I was. I consented to try the remedy, and begun to take it as directed, and before I had finished taking one bottle the improvement in me was great, and it continued constantly, so that after I had taken less than three bottles I was able to resume my household duties and do my work easily, although I had been confined to the bed several weeks. The swelling of my limbs has disappeared, and the lameness and pains in my back are gone, all gone. For all of which, under the blessing of a kind Providence, I am indebted to Hunt's Remedy, and I believe that it is my duty and privilege to inform all who are suffering in like manner of the remarkable curative and restorative powers of this remedy, which I cheerfully recommend to all who are afflicted with Kidney Disease and Dropsy."

"NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL."

This motto was adopted some years ago for the wonderful Kidney medicine, Hunt's Remedy. It was a bold banner to carry, for Hunt's Remedy is recommended for some of the most fatal maladies—Bright's disease, and all kidney, liver, and urinary complaints. Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine, is indeed a positive cure, and really is "never known to fail."

WEST WASHINGTON.

During the fishing season a report concerning the condition of the water at Great Falls will be published each day as furnished by the Washington aqueduct office, Georgetown, using the following scale of measurement: Very turbid, 0 to 8; turbid, 8 to 15; slightly turbid, 15 to 22; clear, 22 to 36. Condition of the water Friday, April 27—At Great Falls, 4; at receiving reservoir, 4; at distributing reservoir, 36.

Arrived yesterday, schooners Charles A. Briggs and Gurney, light, to load coal for Fall river; Helen Bennett, light, to load coal; William L. Walker, light, to load coal for Boston.

The concluding performance for the benefit of Trinity school took place at Trinity school hall last night with a good attendance, the two entertainments yielding a handsome sum for the object. The performers were principally young ladies and gentlemen of the parish, who, under the efficient training of Brother Whelan, the principal of the school, rendered the parts assigned them in a manner highly creditable to themselve and their instructor. The programme consisted of the operetta of "Beauty and the Beast" and the melodrama of "Heir to the Throne," the parts being taken by Misses Sullivan, Kearney, Wetzel, Rosa Kearney, and Messrs. J. J. Spellman, W. H. Manogue, D. P. Morgan, J. A. Archer, T. Fullalove, W. Campbell, and Masters. J. J. Nolan, M. S. O'Donoghue, and J. E. Blair.

A MILITARY FUNERAL.

Impressive Obsequies of the Late Surgeon Gen. James C. Palmer

The funeral of Gen. James C. Palmer, late surgeon general, U. S. N., retired, took place from St. John's Protestant Episcopal church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The burial services of the Protestant Episcopal church were conducted in an impressive manner by the Rev. Dr. Leonard, rector of the church. After singing "Nearer My God to Thee" the casket was borne from the church by eight sailors, detailed from the ship Despatch, under the orders of Lieut. Wise, preceded by the pallbearers, who were Com. Patterson, Surgeon Gen. Wales, Admiral Rodgers, Surgeon Gen. Crane, Gen. Townsend, Admiral Stedman, Gen. Hamilton, Admiral W. R. Taylor, and Admiral Lee. On the casket was a sheaf of wheat, a floral sickle, the deceased officer's hat and sword, and two attendants bore a cross of calla lilies and a wreath of white roses.

The United States marine band headed the funeral cortege, and the following military organizations composed the escort: Two companies of United States marines, commanded by Capt. C. F. Williams and Lieuts. W. P. Spicer and R. Dickens, consisting of fifty-six men; one hundred men of the 24 artillery, under the command of Col. Langdon, assisted by Maj. Graves, Capts. Wilson and Howell, and Lieut. Eastman; a light battery, under the command of Lieut. Crawford, and the Washington Light Infantry, under the command of Col. Moore, and Capts. Ross and Goddard, Lieuts. Harrison, Cowie, and Duffey, with seventy-five men; eighteen mounted police, under Sergt. McCathran, and twelve foot police, under Lieut. Guy, the whole under Capt. Vernon. The entire command was under the personal supervision of Lieut. Comdr. McCalla, U. S. N. The funeral cortege moved out and along Connecticut avenue, and presented quite an impressive sight. The interment took place at Oak Hill cemetery.

LADIES and all sufferers from neuralgia hysteria, and all kindred complaints will find without a rival Brown's Iron Bitters.

LOCAL MENTION.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Read's Three-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure is the wonder of the nineteenth century, as no sick or nervous headache, neuralgia, or any acute pain can resist it more than two minutes, as can be proven by hundreds of Baltimore's best citizens. It's an outward application, and only costs 25 cents. Sold by all druggists and country stores. W. H. Read, proprietor, Baltimore and Light streets, Baltimore, Md. Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents.

P. S.

Also proprietor of Read's Grand Duchess Cologne—the finest cologne in the world.

"Alderney Dairy Wagons."

Fresh Alderney butter churned every morning, and delivered in ¼lb. "Ward" prints, at 50c. per lb. Also cottage cheese, 5c. per ball; buttermilk, 5c. per quart, and sweet milk, 5c. per quart.

A LITTLE rub with gentle hand,
Applying Read's Three-Minute Cure,
No headache on the earth will stand,
But vanish in an instant sure.

Thousands say it's a priceless boon
When headache racks the throbbing brain
In silent night or busy noon,
So easy thus to free the pain.

No dose is given; no stop to rest;
No doctor's bill, or bandaged brow.
This wondrous cure has many blessed,
They speak emptiures of it now.

Job Printing

Of every description executed neatly at the shortest notice at THE REPUBLICAN Job Rooms.

DON'T suffer a moment with neuralgia or headache when you can get Read's Three-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure for 25 cents.

THE highest cash prices paid for dresses and gents' clothing, watches, jewelry, &c. Call on or address Herzog, No. 393 Ninth street, near Pennsylvania avenue.

SEVEN doctors recommend Read's Three-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure as one of the wonders of the age.

READ'S 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
Read's 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
Read's 3-Minute headache and Neuralgia Cure.
Read's 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
Read's 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
Read's 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
Only 25 cents, or five for $1.
Only 25 cents, or five for $1.
Only 25 cents, or five for $1.
Only 25 cents, or five for $1.
This is the wonder of the nineteenth century.
This is the wonder of the nineteenth century.

Married.

WATT—FOWLER.—At the parsonage of Grace M. E church, on Thursday, April 26, 1883, by the Rev. Dr. Price, GEORGE WATT to CARRIE R. FOWLER, both of Washington, D. C.

Died.

BROWN.—April 26, after a long illness, of eight months' duration, which he bore with exemplary patience and fortitude, JOHN M. BROWN, aged 74 years and 2 months.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 1416 I street northwest, on Sunday afternoon, the 29th instant, at 2 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully requested to attend.

GURLEY.—On Friday, April 27, at 6:30 p. m., of diphtheria, SUSIE DINSMORE, only daughter of William B. and Elizabeth Gurley, aged 2 years and 8 months.

Funeral private.

FOSTER.—On Friday, April 27, at 2 p. m., of congestive chill, FRANKLIN A. FOSTER, formerly of Massachusetts, aged 72.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PATRICK.—On Thursday, April 26, 1883, CHARLES V. PATRICK, aged 34 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 1318 Caroline street, between T and U and Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets northwest, at 2 o'clock p. m., Saturday, the 28th instant.

PATRICK.—Thursday, 26th, instant, at 1:05 p. m., CHARLIE V. PATRICK.

Funeral at 2 o'clock p. m., Saturday, 28th instant, at 1318 Caroline street. Members of Meade Post, G. A. R., should be present.

GURLEY.—April 27, in Columbus, Ohio, of bronchial consumption, Mrs. DONNA MOZART TURNER aged 36 years.

Interment at Fenton, Mich.

WHEELER.—On Thursday, April 26, 1883, at 12 m., EMMA J. WHEELER, daughter of E. and the late M. E. Wheeler.

Funeral from residence of her sister, Mrs. McIntosh, 710 Rhode Island avenue, at 3 p. m., Saturday, 28th instant.

Undertakers.

W. R. SPEARE,
UNDERTAKER,
940 F Street Northwest.

Everything strictly first-class and on the most reasonable terms.

HENRY LEE'S SONS,
UNDERTAKERS,
332 Pennsylvania Avenue N. W.
Branch Offices: { 394 Pennsylvania avenue s. e. 498 Maryland avenue s. w.

Special Notices.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, MASONIC Temple, corner Ninth and F streets.—Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. Alex. Kent. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

THE STEAMER GEORGE LEARY HAVING made an arrangement with the California Lewis Opera Company, who go to Norfolk to-night, the time of leaving will be deferred until 11 p. m.
W. P. WELCH, Agent.

NOTICE.
TELEGRAMS BY TELEPHONE.
The National Capital Telephone Company has established a connection with the main office of the Western Union Telegraph Company in this city and arrangements have been completed whereby subscribers and customers of the Telephone Exchange may, under conditions provided, send telegrams by telephone direct to the Western Union Office. No additional charge is made for this service other than the regular telegraph rates.
Subscribers who desire to avail themselves of this service must first make arrangements with the Telephone Company to open a telegraph account with them. Particulars will be furnished on application.
WARREN CHOATE, Superintendent.
Office, No. 1429 New York avenue.

Special Notices.

THE GRADUATING EXERCISES OF THE WASHINGTON TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES will be held at the Congregational Church, corner Tenth and G streets, on TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 1, at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Dr. A. F. A. King, Mrs. Mary Clemmer, and Dr. J. T. Johnson. The public are cordially invited to attend.

NEW ISSUE OF STOCK.
EQUITABLE
Co-operative Building Association.
Subscription books are now open for the fifth issue. Monthly payments are $2.50 per share, $1,000 in full advanced on each share. At this date the total monthly savings on stock advanced to members paying for houses, pay off mortgages, &c., is $222,500.
Pamphlets and information will be furnished and subscriptions received by—

Thomas Somerville	318 13th st. n. w.
Dr. A. J. Schaffhirt	Cor. H and North Capitol st. n. w.
Jas. H. Saville	322 D st. n. w.
Dr. Robt. Reyburn jr	1321 F st. n. w.
Geo. W. Cahlear	Bureau of Engraving
H. H. Twombly	Government Printing Office
Chas. R. Bailey	Washington Gas Office
Benj. F. Fuller	Agricultural Department
Fred. W. Pratt	Cor. 9th and D sts. n. w.
Frank G. Middleton	National Metropolitan Bank
Hon. Ellis Spear	927 F st. n. w.
Ross A. Fish	Assessor's Office, 4½ st. n. w.
Geo. W. Harkness	1229 H st. n. w.
Lawrence Gardner	511 F st. n. w.
Geo. W. Fisher	Surgeon General's Office
J. Whit. Herron	Evening Star Office
D. Rittenhouse	Riggs & Co.
J. D. Free, jr., Stationer	F st. n. w

JNO. JOY EDISON, Secretary.
917 F street northwest.
Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

PREPARED BIRD FOOD, SEED, SAND, &c., Ely's Cream Balm, Holman's Pads, Pure Cod Liver Oil, 50 cents a pint, at
COUGHLIN'S.

POTOMAC STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
A DAILY LINE TO NORFOLK AND FORTRESS MONROE.
Beginning May 1, 1883, this Company will establish a DAILY LINE of steamers between WASHINGTON, D. C., and NORFOLK, VA., stopping at FORT MONROE, ALEXANDRIA, PINEY POINT, and POINT LOOKOUT going and returning.
The ever popular Palace Steamer GEORGE LEARY, with NEW BOILERS, NEW STATE ROOMS, NEW FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., thoroughly renovated and upholstered throughout, and the magnificent steamer EXCELSIOR will be placed upon this route, one of which will leave daily (Sunday excepted) at 3:30 p. m., SATURDAYS at 6, from Seventh street Wharf.
This Company having secured the connection with
THE BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE STEAMERS EXCLUSIVELY,
after the above date, all freight for points east can go only by the steamers of this line. For further particulars, apply at Company's Office, Seventh Street Wharf.
L. M. HUDGINS, Supt.
WM. P. WELCH, Agent.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN THE BEST COMPANIES, AND IN CASE OF LOSS YOU ARE PROMPTLY PAID.
Our Insurance Department embraces the Ætna, Hartford, Franklin, Springfield Fire and Marine, Howard and Home, of Baltimore; National, of Hartford; Royal and the London and Lancashire, of Liverpool.
HARRY C. TOWERS & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS, AND INSURANCE,
1420 F STREET.
Harry C. Towers, member of the Stock Exchange.

ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN—FURniture, carpeting, and general house furnishing goods. Cheap rents, small expense, and good business make cheap goods, and the purchaser gets the benefit. One-third cash, balance in weekly or monthly installments. At SMITH'S Installment House, 413 New Jersey avenue northwest. Call and be convinced.

PAIN IN THE BACK—FOR LADIES. A certain cure by health lift, under the direction of a lady. 1821 I street, from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.
Foreign mails for the week ending April 28 will close at this office as follows:
SATURDAY.—At 6:30 a. m. for Europe, per steamship City of Berlin, via Queenstown (letters for Germany and Scotland must be directed "per City of Berlin"); at 6:30 a. m. for Scotland direct, per steamship Bolivia, via Glasgow; at 8 a. m. for Belgium direct, per steamship Belgenland, via Antwerp; at 11 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Oder, via Southampton and Bremen; at 1:30 p. m. for Cuba and Porto Rico, per steamship Saratoga, via Havana.
Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Coptic, via San Francisco, close here April *23 at 7 p. m.
Mails for Australia, New Zealand, Sandwich and Fiji Islands, per steamship Australia, via San Francisco, close here April *23 at 7 p. m.
*The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the east arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.
HENRY G. PEARSON,
Postmaster.
POSTOFFICE, NEW YORK, April 20, 1883.

CHARLES CASE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR,
Room 16, No. 322 Four-and-a-half Street Northwest, Washington, D. C.
Will practice in all courts of record in the District.
Special attention to business in the Court of Claims, National Bank suits, and to preparation of briefs upon cases stated.
Refers, by express permission, to Hon. M. R. Waite, Chief Justice Supreme Court U. S.; Hon. A. Wylie, Associate Justice Supreme Court D. C.; Hon. H. McCulloch, ex-Secretary Treasury U. S.; Hon. John Jay Knox, Comptroller Currency; Citizens' National Bank, Washington, D. C.; Dillon & Swayne, Attorneys and Counselors, 197 Broadway, New York.

TRUNKS,
TRAVELING BAGS, SATCHELS,
POCKETBOOKS, LETTER CASES,
SHAWL STRAPS, &c., &c.,
In great variety at
TOPHAM'S POPULAR TRUNK AND HARNESS FACTORY,
1231 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
REPAIRING.—Trunks, Bags, &c., promptly and thoroughly repaired.

THE WEST WASHINGTON CONSERVatory of Music, J. P. Caulfield, musical director, principal, No. 1227 Thirty-first street, one door above the postoffice. Pupils received at any time.
H. D. COOKE, President.
F. S. BARBARIN, Secretary.

DENTIST.—HOWLAND DENTAL ASSOCIATION, No. 211 Four-and-a-half street, three doors north of Pennsylvania avenue, east side. Hereafter extractions under Nitrous Oxide, without pain, will be $1 for the first tooth and 50 cents each additional tooth at the same sitting. Extractions without gas, 50 cents each tooth. Best Artificial Teeth made, $7 per set. Gold and Amalgam Fillings from $1 to $5. All work warranted first class. Have administered Nitrous Oxide to over 30,000 patients. Old sets of artificial teeth repolished and made to look and feel like new for $5.

AIR PILLOWS, BAGS, ATOMIZERS, Douches, and other Rubber Goods at
COUGHLIN'S, Masonic Temple.

FRED'K SPRINGMANN, C. E. SPRINGMANN, Springmann Bros., Nos. 616, 618, 620 Maryland avenue southwest, are prepared to do all kinds of local express business, delivering to and from the railway depots and steamboat wharves. Handling furniture and heavy machinery our specialty. Orders solicited. We give our personal attention. Springmann Bros. References: S. S. Sheed, 409 Ninth and D northwest; Hayward & Hutchinson, Ninth, near D northwest; Manager W. U. Tel. Co.; Manager Nat. Tel. Co.; Nat. Rep. Pub. Co.; T. Toumey.

CHARLES CALVERT LANCASTER,
ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR,
OFFICE, 1313 F STREET.
Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, in the Courts of the District of Columbia, and the Executive Departments. Special attention to Claims and Collections.

WARNER'S KIDNEY CURE, MRS. Pinkham's Compound, Curealine, Cam's Corns Solvent, and all the new remedies at
COUGHLIN'S, Masonic Temple.

DR. H. O. CANDEE, VITAPATHIC Physician. I employ all the vast health resources of nature, scientifically applied through vital medicine. Food, water, air, heat, light, electricity, and vital magnetism. I treat all difficulties—hemorrhoids, malaria, all blood diseases, &c. Consultation free.
Office, 906 F street northwest, opposite Masonic Temple.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES, SPECIfics, Witch Hazel Oil, Tracheal Drops, Nestles, Mellins, Neaves, and other Infants' Food, at
COUGHLIN'S.

J. B. OLCOTT,
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES,
Rear of 1326 I street northwest.
Handsome Carriages for Calls, Receptions, &c., &c.
Connected with Telephone Exchange. Fine Horses and Turnouts always on hand and for sale. All orders promptly attended to.
Agent for Horse-Clipping Machine.

NOTICE TO HORSE OWNERS AND FEED DEALERS.
Pure clover, cut and delivered, at ..... $15.00 per ton.
Mixed clover and timothy, at ..... 16.50 "
Pure timothy, at ..... 18.00 "
All hay guaranteed as represented.
819 and 821 seventh street northwest.

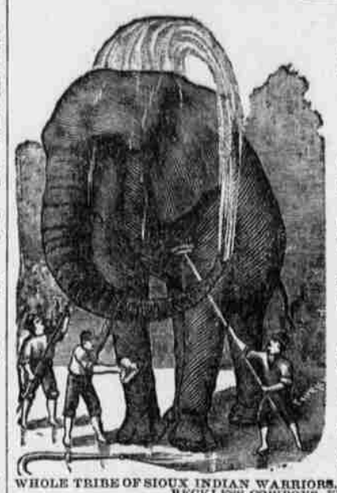
SANFORD'S, WEI DE MEYER'S, SAGE'S, Hartley's, and other Catarrh Cures at
COUGHLIN'S DRUG STORE.

EDW. H. THOMAS,
Attorney at Law,
Room No. 8, front room, above main entrance Warner Building, 916 F street northwest.

THE PRICE FOR MEALS AT THE NEW YORK AVENUE HOTEL will be reduced to $20 per month from the 15th of March, 1883.

Washington Gas-Light Co.,
Tenth Street, between D and E.
COKE! COKE!
CRUSHED AND ORDINARY.
PRICE OF GAS,
If paid at the Company's Office within SEVEN DAYS from rendition of the bill, $1.75 per 1,000 cubic feet.

BEST IN THE WIDE WORLD.
BENEATH THE BLUE SKIES.
BRIGHT AS SUNSHINE.
FRESH AS BREATH OF SPRING.
WASHINGTON, TWO DAYS, Wednesday and Thursday, MAY 9 & 10
Washington Athletic Park Grounds,
NINTH AND S STREETS.
2 ELABORATE PERFORMANCES EACH DAY { Doors open 1 and 7 COMMENCES 2 AND 8 P. M.
Barnum and London Shows!
Barnum, Bailey & Hutchinson, Sole Owners.
Not Merely an Exhibition, but an INSTITUTION of the Country.



JUMBO!
A TON HEAVIER THAN LAST YEAR, AND GROWN SIX INCHES TALLER.
THE BIGGEST BRUTE ALIVE.
29 TRAINED ELEPHANTS.
22 CAMELS AND DROMEDARIES.
And the Undoubted
TWO LARGEST MENAGERIES
Of every notable known animal recorded in natural history, besides a
MIGHTY COLLECTION OF LOOSE AND LED ANIMALS.
7 ALL-RO