

THE GREELY REWARD.

A Bill Offering \$25,000 for Ascertaining the Expedition's Fate.

The Direct War Tax of the Southern States Discussed.

Speeches of Senators Lamar and George in Favor of the Educational Bill.

But Little Done in the House—Only Private Bills Considered.

THE SENATE. Mr. Palmer, on the committee on women's suffrage, reported favorably on a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to extend the right of suffrage to women.

Mr. Cockrell said this was the action of the committee. The minority of the committee would hereafter present their views.

Mr. Platt, from the committee on territories, reported favorably on a bill to amend the constitution of the inhabitants of the territory of Idaho, and the reorganization of the same into counties and representatives.

Mr. Tamm's resolution, offered Thursday, calling on the secretary of the treasury for information relating to the unpaid portion of the war tax of 1861, was agreed to by the yeas and nays.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Van Wyck, and after a verbal amendment by Mr. George, was agreed to as follows: Resolved, That the secretary of the interior be directed to furnish the senate copies of correspondence between the department of justice and the interior, as the present efficacy of the statute of March 3, 1867, empowering the president to direct military and military forces to be necessary to remove certain persons and obstructions from the public domain.

Mr. Platt gave the following conclusion of the morning business on Monday next he would ask unanimous consent to address the senate upon a bill to amend the constitution of the territory of Idaho, and the reorganization of the same into counties and representatives.

Mr. Miller, of California, called up, and the senate read three times a bill to amend the constitution of the territory of Idaho, and the reorganization of the same into counties and representatives.

Mr. Brown introduced a bill to require the payment in cash of \$50,000 appropriated for said state by an act to provide for the state of Georgia certain money to be paid to the state of Georgia common defense in 1877, approved March 3, 1883.

In introducing the bill, Mr. Brown said a bill was passed last year and received the signature of the president, but the money was not paid to the state of Georgia, and he would like to see the money paid to the state of Georgia.

Mr. Morgan said that several southern states were interested in the bill. He hoped the committee when acting on it would report a general bill to cover the whole subject. He would like to see the money paid to the state of Georgia.

Mr. Hoar thought that if the senator wanted the matter dealt with broadly the proper plan would be to introduce a bill on the subject. Whether these taxes should be wiped out altogether was a question that should be considered by itself without reference to the bill on the subject of Georgia, and would be a question not for the committee on claims, but for the finance committee.

Proceeding to the calendar of cases unopposed to the senate took up, read three times, and passed the following bill: The bill for the relief of the metropolitan police force of the District of Columbia.

The bill introduced by Mr. Dolph amending the revised statutes of the United States so as to authorize vessels to unload coal, rail, railroad, and other articles, like the bill introduced by Mr. Dolph, was read three times and passed.

Mr. Dolph explained that the permission accorded by this bill had become a necessary part of the commerce of Portland, Oregon, San Francisco, and other cities. It was a bill to amend the laws relating to the collection of duties on goods.

The hour of 2 o'clock having arrived the chair fell before the senate the education bill and Mr. Lamar addressed the senate in a clear and concise manner. He had given serious consideration, he said, to the constitutional question involved, and had no doubt of its being a part of the constitution. He would like to see the money paid to the state of Georgia.

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A TRAGIC EVENT.

A Father's Despair and Self-Inflicted Death—His Son's Final Rescue Too Late to Save His Parent.

The graphic occurrence that is described below is one of the most remarkable episodes in the domestic history of America. It is absolute truth which can readily be verified.

The inhabitants of the pleasant town of Cortland, N. Y., were shocked one morning by the announcement that Mr. Clinton Rindge, one of their most prominent citizens, had committed suicide. The news spread rapidly and aroused the entire neighborhood.

At first it seemed impossible that any one so quiet and domestic could do so rash a deed, and the inquiry was heard on every side as to the cause. The facts as developed on investigation proved to be as follows:

Mr. Rindge was domestic in his tastes and took the greatest enjoyment in the society of his children and pride in their development. And indeed he had good reason to be proud, for they gave promise of long lives of success and usefulness. But an evil day came. His youngest son, William, began to show signs of early decay. He felt unwell every day, and would sometimes sleep the entire afternoon if permitted to do so. His head pained him, not acutely, but with a dull, heavy feeling. There was a sinking sensation in the pit of his stomach. He lost all relish for food, and he tried manfully to overcome these feelings, but they seemed stronger than his will. He began to lose flesh rapidly. The father became alarmed and consulted physicians as to the cause of his son's illness, but they were unable to explain. Finally severe sorrow broke out on his arms and he was taken to Buffalo, where a painful operation was performed, resulting in the loss of much blood but affording little relief.

The young man returned home and a council of physicians was called. After an exhaustive examination they declared there was no hope of final recovery and that he must die within a few days. The father, in his agony which this announcement caused the father would not believe it. His mind failed to grasp its full meaning at first; then finally seemed to comprehend it, but the loss of his only son, the one who had been his life, was too great for him. He was seized by a knife and took his own life, preferring death rather than to survive his isolated son. At that time William Rindge was too weak to know what was transpiring. His face had turned black, and he had been seized by a knife and taken his own life, preferring death rather than to survive his isolated son.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

DYSPEPSIA.

Sedentary habits, mental worry, nervous excitement, excess or imprudence in eating or drinking, and various other causes, induce constipation, followed by general derangement of the liver, kidneys, and stomach, in which the disorder of each organ increases the infirmity of the others.

The immediate results are Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Full Breasts, Heartburn, Flatulence, Dizziness, Sick Headaches, failure of physical and mental vigor, distressing sense of weight and fullness in the stomach, and increased Costiveness, all of which are known under one head as Dyspepsia.

In every instance where this disease does not originate from scrofulous taint in the blood, AYER'S PILLS may be confidently relied upon to effect a cure. Those cases not amenable to the curative influence of AYER'S PILLS alone will certainly yield if the PILLS are aided by the powerful blood-purifying properties of AYER'S SASSAPARILLA.

Dyspepsia should know that the longer treatment of their malady is postponed, the more difficult of cure it becomes.

Ayer's Pills Never fail to relieve the bowels and promote their healthy and regular action, and thus cure Dyspepsia. Temporary palliatives do not permanent harm. The first activity into which the organ of the stomach is spurred by "bitters" and alcoholic stimulants, is inevitably followed by reaction that leaves the organ weaker than before.

"Costiveness, induced by my sedentary habits of life, became chronic; AYER'S PILLS afforded me speedy relief. Their occasional use has since kept me regular." HENRIETTA BURNETT, Newark, N. J.

"It was induced to try AYER'S PILLS as a remedy for Indigestion, Constipation, and Headache, from which I had long been a sufferer. I found their action easy, and obtained prompt relief. They have benefited me more than all the medicines ever before tried." M. V. WATSON, 123 State St., Chicago, Ill.

"They have entirely corrected the costiveness which I had long been a sufferer from. I have ever found. One dose will quickly move the bowels, and I feel fresh and vigorous." W. L. PAOR, Richmond, Va.

"A sufferer from Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, and Neuralgia for the last twenty years, I have found that AYER'S PILLS are more efficacious than any other medicine I have ever taken." P. R. HAYES, Seaside, Texas.

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THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

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