The National Republican

Published daily except Sundays by

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY.

Served to subscribers by carrier at Twelve Cents a week, or Fifty Cents a month.

By mail, postage prepaid, one year $6 00
Six months 3 00
Three months 1 50
One month 50

Payable invariably in advance.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN is an eight-page paper filled with the news of Washington, with all the news of the capital. Price—$1 a year, postage included; one copy, $1.25.

CLUB RATES FOR THE CAPITAL PAPERS: We are prepared to receive subscriptions for the Daily and Weekly editions of this paper, and the Daily and Weekly editions of the Chronicle, including Sunday editions, at the following rates: Daily and Sunday, one year, $12; Daily, without Sunday, one year, $10; Weekly, one year, $4. Specimen copies free. Subscriptions must be paid in advance. Remittances should be made by postal money order, or by bank draft, or by checks payable to the order of the National Republican Co.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CO.,
Washington, D. C.

Entered at the Postoffice at Washington, D. C., as second-class matter.

WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 17, 1884.

The next number of THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN *will be one of unusual interest. Orders for it will be filled on usual terms. Single copies, in wrappers, three cents per copy. Twenty-five copies or more sent by mail to one address, at the rate of two dollars and a half per hundred, including postage.*

THE cobblestone pavements must go.

THE tariff issue is playing havoc with the prospects of Randolph Tucker, the Virginia free trader.

THE Brush-Swan infernal machines are still in operation, Messrs. Commissioners. Are you never going to do anything about it?

OUR base ball club seems to have run up against a snag. More care should have been exercised in the selection of an umpire. A few good ball players are also needed.

THE foreign residents of Shanghai, in mass meeting yesterday, protested against the desultory warfare waged by France against China as utterly destructive to commerce.

CHAIRMAN BARNUM is in Wisconsin looking for funds to use in Ohio. This is inspiring news for the hungry fellows in Cincinnati who train in "John R. McLean's crowd."

IF the dazzling light from those reflectors could be turned on the stock books of the Brush-Swan Electric Lighting company, the transient powers that be might find a way to abate the nuisance that has been complained of.

THE commissioners' reply to the business men who asked that portions of Sixth and C streets be made passable was a trifle lame. The cobble stone nuisance can be removed and good pavement put in its place if the commissioners will only bestir themselves and go about the matter as though they intended to accomplish it.

THE movement of mail between Mexico and the United States will be greatly facilitated under the new arrangement that has just been agreed upon by the powers of the two governments. A number of important changes will be made when the new system goes into effect which cannot fail to exert a beneficial influence upon the two countries and greatly increase the interchange of letters and newspapers.

THE President is in no hurry to appoint a secretary of the treasury. In the capable hands of Mr. Coon the department is safe, and the President's confidence in that gentleman's integrity, prudence, and judgment is shared by the country. Possibly it is the President's purpose to continue him at the head of the department for the remaining six months of his administration. Should such an appointment be made it would be exceedingly popular.

IN appealing to the cupidity of his auditors Mr. Hendricks shows that he knows the ruling instincts of the democratic party. He lingers long and longingly on that branch of his theme wherein he discusses the "$400,000,000 surplus in the national treasury," and tells of the good that $400,000,000 would do the democrats if they could only get at it. The democrats would unquestionably make quick work of that surplus if they had the power, and it is to avert any such calamity that the honest voters of the country propose to sit down on Cleveland and Hendricks in November.

"WANT to make your flesh crawl," said the Fat Boy. On this tack the independent scavengers have been beating since the nomination of Mr. Blaine. At first with knowing look and bated breath, they intimated that they could a "tale unfold" which would make *the flesh crawl.* Well the "Ancient Mariner," with skinny finger, eyeball starting from socket, and hair on end, has told his story, and the text was Mulligan—the same dear old Mulligan. Well the flesh has commenced crawling, but it is on the democratic carcass, and as the voters turn away their nostrils from the foul stench they cry, "It's the same confounded carrion, let's bury it." And next November they will.

A CORRESPONDENT of THE REPUBLICAN, writing from Chicago, says:

Would you please give the number of saloons there are in Washington. Mr. Daniel, the prohibition candidate for vice president, has said that there were two thousand saloons running night and day without cessation right under the shadow of the capitol. I am a temperance man, but when I see a man seek aggrandisement at the expense of everything that is honorable, I can never work for such a man.

There are five hundred and eighty-eight licensed saloons in this city. Mr. Daniel's statement that the saloons are running night and day is erroneous, as there are not twenty saloons in the district running after midnight. If there are two thousand saloons running here night and day Mr. Daniel would aid his party and the revenues of this city by locating them.

Mr. Blaine's Traducers.

In that last Mulligan budget is the letter bearing the date of Oct. 24, 1871, which the redoubtable Mulligan swore had been suppressed by Mr. Blaine, and which the New York *Times* and other democratic organs of purity have been calling on him to produce or stand convicted of having made way with a letter that would establish his official dishonesty. In vain did Mr. Blaine protest that the letter was not in his possession, and that it was not in the bundle wrested from the trembling wretch who came down from Boston to blackmail him in the name of Warren Fisher, jr. The organs of purity knew better. They published volumes to show he lied, and that their unsupported assertion to that effect was proof conclusive of his guilt.

For eight years Fisher and Mulligan have allowed the lie to circulate undenied, although they had the letter in their hands. In producing it at this late day the precious pair make public confession to the charge of being liars and slanderers. By their failure to tell the truth and exonerate Mr. Blaine from the unjust accusation affecting his honor they fathered the base slander and assumed the responsibility for its being.

And what is this terrible letter? It is a manly letter to Warren Fisher, demanding of him the fulfillment of his contract in order that the writer might thereby save his business credit, which had been pledged on his faith in the Boston sharper's promises. It is a compromising letter, sure enough, but the party compromised is Warren Fisher, not James G. Blaine. It seems almost incredible that a man of Fisher's undoubted cunning should have allowed it to go out after having suppressed it for so long a time. He must have been carried away by his hatred for Mr. Blaine or lost to his own shame.

Now, will the organs of purity that have been bearing false witness against Mr. Blaine all these years have the manliness to apologize to him for the wrong they have attempted to do him? Probably not. They will apologize by lying with redoubled industry. That is the way organs of immaculate purity make reparation usually.

Concerning Those Letters.

It is quite evident that Warren Fisher is holding back more of the correspondence that passed between himself and Mr. Blaine. Why does he not give it all to the public? Is he afraid? The letters last published show him to have been a sharper and a man without honor. Blaine's letters to him are nearly all appeals to him to comply with the terms of the contract entered into for the payment of commissions for the disposal of railroad bonds. Mr. Blaine placed the bonds, but could not for a long while get his pay, and the correspondence relates in a large part to this phase of the transaction.

It may be urged with some force that it was not in good taste for Mr. Blaine to have acted in the capacity of a broker, and as a matter of fact that is all there is of the whole matter. It is always best for public men to steer clear of outside business, but how many are there who observe this rule? Strict adherence to such a line of conduct would prevent members of congress from engaging in the practice of the law, and from making investments in any kind of securities that are liable to be influenced in value by legislation. They could not buy government bonds even, for the value of their holdings might be affected by legislation in which they had a hand. They would be debarred from buying or selling wheat or corn or flour or iron, or any of the thousand and one staple products of the field and workshop, for are not the values of all such commodities dependent in a measure on legislation regulating or failing to regulate rates of transportation on railroads?

There is reason in all things. It would have been better for Mr. Blaine in money and reputation if he had never seen the Fisher-Mulligan gang of stock wolves, but there was nothing in his dealings with them that is not "entirely consistent with the most scrupulous integrity and honor," to use Mr. Blaine's own words. He saw a good business opening, and, as anyman would have been apt to do under similar circumstances, he took advantage of the opportunity presented to make a fortune. Instead of bettering his fortunes, he lost his correspondence, and that of his friends, and put his reputation in the hands of men who have proved themselves little better than common confidence operators and blackmailers.

Placing the very worst construction on the Blaine-Fisher-Caldwell correspondence that is possible in fairness to all parties, Mr. Blaine was guilty of making a business mistake and of reposing confidence in persons who were unworthy the fellowship of honest, self-respecting men. That he was dishonest or that he made corrupt use of his high office no reasoning man, not blinded by personal hate or political prejudice, now believes. His innocence on this count of the indictment is clearly and indisputably established. The last batch of the "Mulligan letters" removes every lingering doubt.

Warren Fisher should produce another lot of letters. Mr. Blaine needs them in his business.

A Revolution in the South.

Only two of the representatives in congress from Louisiana now serving will be returned, viz, Messrs. Kellogg and Blanchard. The delegation was solidly for free trade and the Morrison bill last winter, with the exception of the republican member, Mr. Kellogg, and the sentiment of the state has forced the retirement of the others. Louisiana is for protection, and upon that point it is in harmony with the republican party. It should wheel in line and cast its electoral vote for Blaine and Logan.

The material interests of Alabama, Georgia, East Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia, as well as Louisiana, will suffer in the event of democratic success. The ruling elements of the population of these states are bound by loyalty to the traditions of a democratic party that existed in the remote past, and they find it difficult to break away and form new alliances. The leaven of self interest is working, however, and time and the development of the country will effect wonderful changes. It is too much to expect a revolution in the political complexion of bourbon-ridden communities, districts, or states in an hour, but day is breaking in the south. The white vote is splitting up in other southern states besides Virginia, and the result will be for the general good.

The south has been opposed to protecting American industries mainly because it had no industries of its own to protect. Every cotton mill that is built, every rolling mill that is established, every blast furnace that is started, every new coal vein that is opened, and every iron field that is discovered will add to the number of converts to republican ideas of progressive enlightenment. The shrewdest minds of the south have grasped the situation and are taking the lead. The revolution that is going on in Louisiana is local in its essential features. The imperilled sugar interest has overthrown the free traders of the Pelican state. Imperilled industrial interests will accomplish similar results in other southern states. Free trade and democracy are one and inseparable. Take one from the other and there is nothing left of either. Protection is the half-way house between the two parties in the south. Progressive democrats are looking that way longingly, and thousands of them are in motion already. The procession is getting longer and bigger every day.

IT is supposed that one subject which will engage the attention of the three emperors and their ministers at the conference which they are now holding will be their enormous armies and how to reduce them without danger. If they come over to this country and study our institutions for a few weeks they would see how it can be done very easily.

WASHINGTON'S SKULL.

Revival of the Story That It Was Stolen by French Man-of-Wars Men.

On the 17th of April, 1814, considerable excitement was caused in this country by a rumor that the skull of Washington had been stolen. The story at the time was that the officers of a French gunboat, thought to be "L'Empereur," which was anchored in the Potomac, near Mount Vernon, had stolen the skull. The story was circulated by a negro, who came to Washington the next day. He said that he had seen the French officers leave the ship and go to the tomb of Washington where they remained some time. He did not dare to go near, he said, but could hear them at work, as if forcing an entrance to the tomb. They remained a long time, and when they left one of them carried a package in his arms. A partial investigation of the story was made by some interested parties, and a skull was found in the casket, which is said to have been identified as Washington's. The result of the investigation was never made public, although some of the facts discovered leaked out.

The officers of the French gunboat denied the story, and explained their presence on shore by stating that they were simply looking at the tomb, and that the package they carried was a lantern. This was given as the officers' story, although it was believed that they never made such a statement.

There were some people who believed the negro's story, and among them was Henry Lamb, who resided near Mount Vernon, and who died a few days since. To his dying day he asserted that the vault containing Washington's remains had been violated and the skull carried away to France, where it was sold to a firm of phrenologists. He said that the desecration was committed by the sailors of a French ship anchored in the Potomac, near Mount Vernon; that the skull which was taken away was replaced by that of a negro servant of Col. Fairfax.

Mr. Nicholas Callan, one of the oldest inhabitants, remembers the excitement occasioned by the rumor, although he was quite young at the time. "In 1837," said Mr. Callan, "the matter was referred to in congress by a member from North Carolina in opposing a bill making appropriations for the diplomatic service. This member, probably Mr. Burgess, made quite an elaborate speech on the subject, but the Virginia members denied the statement. Some of the legislators called for an investigation, but the matter died out in a short time, and was not revived until the death of Mr. Lamb." Mr. Callan does not believe the story, and regards it as a fabrication, invented to create a sensation.

CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY.

The Curious Complications Resulting from a Quarrel Among Contractors.

John J. Shipman has brought a suit at law by his attorney, W. Willoughby, against Wm. Fletcher, Jonathan Magarity, and James W. Magarity, claiming $30,000 damages for a conspiracy gotten up by the defendants to injure him. All the parties are residents of Fairfax county, Va., but contractors doing business in this city. The ground of complaint is that last January the defendants procured James W. Magarity to appear before Justice Taylor, at Fairfax court house, and charged Shipman with having, on Dec. 21, 1883, at the court house at Warrenton, Va., in the cause of Magarity vs. Shipman, which was on trial, committed perjury. The magistrate issued his warrant; Shipman was arrested and required to give security to await the action of the grand jury. Subsequently the warrant was remanded and the case taken before Justice Oliver, Peter Farley, John Cunningham, and John Lynch, ordinary seamen. They are charged with riotous conduct at Baltimore and assaulting an officer. The detail of the court is Commodore W. T. Truxton, Capt. Henry Wilson, Commanders C. H. Schoonmaker, Jas. D. Graham, Wm. B. Hoff, Major Chas. Forney, marine corps; Lieut. E. H. Taunt, Capt. R. W. Huntington, marine corps, judge advocate.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$50 REWARD—A DIAMOND RING, on Tuesday, between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m. Return to Chief Clerk, Money Order Division, General Postoffice Department. 9-17.

THE GENTLEMAN THAT WAS SEEN to pick up the solitaire diamond ring in front of the Metropolitan Hotel last evening will return the same to hotel office, receive $50 reward, and no questions asked. 9-17

LOST.—THE STEM-WINDER OF A GOLD watch. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to 1134 8th st. N. W. 9-18

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NEW TURKISH BATH (DR. BOVEE'S), 1417 G st., opposite Riggs House. Large pool, good ventilation. Ladies, Monday and Friday. Lot open Sunday. Open from 8 a. m. till 9:30 p. m.; Saturday, 12 p. m. Baths, $1; 6 tickets, $4.50. ap6 DR. H. L. BOVEE, Electrician.

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As we understand you are especially interested we beg to call your attention to the following music, which will not only help, but will contribute very materially, to the success of your meetings:

"WE'LL FOLLOW WHERE THE WHITE PLUME WAVES."

A beautiful song and chorus, price 30c; arranged as a march for the piano, 30c; arranged for military band, 50c net.

"HON. JAMES G. BLAINE'S QUICK MARCH TO THE WHITE HOUSE."

For the piano, price 40c; arranged for military band, price 50c net. The military band arrangement can be played by eight or more men.

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"LA PETITE" SILK UMBRELLAS.

B. H. STINEMETZ & SON,

HATTERS AND FURRIERS,

1237 PENNA. AVENUE.

The Cruise of the Corwin.

Capt. Healy, commanding the revenue steamer Corwin, has made a report to the treasury department regarding the cruise of that vessel in Alaskan waters to St. Michael's, Galawin bay, Kingo, and St. Lawrence islands. He says the villages on St. Lawrence island are not inhabited at present, with the exception of the one on the northwest end of the island. His visits to these villages was not very pleasant owing to the still decaying bodies of the former residents. Capt. Healy speaks of his efforts to prevent the smuggling of liquor and breech-loading arms to the natives at Point hope in exchange for whalebone, and suggests that the collector of customs at San Francisco be instructed to limit the allowance of those articles to each whaler. The Corwin will proceed to the Arctic as far north as the ice will permit and pick up the boat expedition at Herschel Island and Lieut. Ray at Point Hope, detailed to those points to prevent illicit trade during the absence of the steamer.

Still They Come.

During the month of August there arrived in the customs districts of Baltimore, Boston, Detroit, Huron, Minnesota, New Orleans, New York, Passamaquoddy, Philadelphia, and San Francisco 47,687 passengers, of whom 33,148 were immigrants, 10,572 citizens of the United States returned from abroad, and 4,517 aliens not intending to remain in the United States. Of the immigrants 5,663 came from England and Wales, 3,924 from Ireland, 10,663 from Germany, 1,971 from Norway, 1,393 from Prussia, 1,872 from Sweden, and 3,168 from the Dominion of Canada. The number of immigrants who arrived in the United States during the month of August, 1883, was 38,988. The total number of immigrants who arrived in the United States during the eight months ended August 31, 1884, was 346,688, as compared with 406,453 arrivals during the same period of the year 1883.

The New Department Building.

In his annual report to Secretary Lincoln Col. Casey states that the operations upon the new war, state, and navy department building embraced the completion of the approaches of the north wing, and also clearing of the site, principal excavation, and commencement of foundations for the west and center wings and the collection of building materials and machinery for these wings. The cost of the north wing was $1,012,094.92. Total estimates of cost of west and center wings, $2,447,272.88. Total appropriated to July 1, 1884, $913,178.61; appropriation still required, $1,598,766.67; appropriation asked for fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, $500,000.

Postoffice Envelopes.

The postmaster general yesterday awarded the contract for furnishing to the postoffice department for the remainder of the fiscal year the class of envelopes known as "free" envelopes, which are used for official business only, to the Morgan Envelope company, of Hartford, Conn., they being the lowest bidders. This new contract was made necessary by the annulment a few days ago of the original contract for these supplies with another firm, it having been found that the envelopes furnished were not up to sample.

Amusements.

Mr. George W. Heath, business representative of Atkinson's Comedy company, which will open at the National in "Peck's Bad Boy," next Monday evening, was in this city yesterday. He says that it is the best company yet, and that it has captured Baltimore this week.

A Tender Conscience.

The United States treasurer yesterday received a conscience contribution of $5 in an envelope postmarked Springfield, Mass.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

SECRETARY TELLER has returned to Washington.

MRS. THOMAS A. HENDRICKS is a native of Washington county, Pa.

FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL FRANK HATTON has gone to Dayton, Ohio.

MAJ. WILLIAM ARTHUR, paymaster, U. S. A., the brother of President Arthur, is at the Ebbitt house.

SECRETARY CHANDLER arrived here Monday night from New York, and was on duty at the navy department yesterday.

MR. OTTO DECKER, the best known paymaster's clerk in the whole army for the past twenty-five years, is at the Ebbitt.

GEN. W. B. HAZEN, chief signal officer of the army, arrived here Monday night from New York, and was on duty yesterday at the signal office.

CHIEF JUSTICE D. K. CARTER, of the supreme court of this district, who has been at Ocean Grove for some time past, returned to the city last evening.

PROF. JAMES DEWAR, of Cambridge university, England, who has been here for several days, leaves this morning for Pittsburg to make a scientific study of the oil region of northwestern Pennsylvania. He is a member of the British Royal Academy of Sciences, and attended its recent meeting at Montreal, and was a delegate to the electric convention at Philadelphia.

MR. TOMPKINS C. GREY, who has for some time past done newspaper work in this city, will leave here to-day for Philadelphia to take a position as news editor of the *Press* of that city. Mr. Grey, who is a veteran soldier of the rebellion, as well as a veteran in journalism here, was years ago the city editor of the *Express*, and afterward managing editor of the *Daily Chronicle* under Col. Forney's regime.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO OHIO VOTERS—ALL members of the Ohio Republican Association who desire to secure reduced rates of transportation must call at Col. J. C. Ford's office, Room No. 23 Le Droit Building, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, the 16th, 17th, and 18th, instant, between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock p. m., and get their certificates. The transportation committee will be in attendance at those hours. Please be prompt. By order of the Transportation Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16, 1884. se17-2t

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE District of Columbia, in Equity Court for said District: Andrew J. Joyce vs. Mary White, Administratrix, et al.—In Equity No. 2597. The trustees in the above entitled cause, having reported to the court that they have made sales of lot five (5) and part of lot four (4) in square 1050, and part of lot one (1) in square 876, it is this 9th day of September, A. D. 1884 adjudged, ordered, and decreed, that said sales be and they are hereby ratified and confirmed; and, also, that said report be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT. Provided a copy of this order be inserted in the "Washington Law Reporter," and "THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN," two papers printed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, once in each three successive weeks before the 15th of October next. The report states the amount of sales to be $2,000. CHARLES P. JAMES, Justice, &c.

A true copy—Test: R. J. METTS, Clerk.
By M. A. CLANCY, Assistant Clerk.
se10-1w4w

WHEREAS, THE MILLERS OF Georgetown, D. C., have in the past, and are now, using old, filthy, and sour barrels for packing flour, thus grossly violating all sanitary laws, while irreparable damage is done the trade of cooperage; and

Whereas of these millers the firms of Herr & Cissel and D. F. Robinson have seen fit to add insult to injury by contemptuous treatment of a committee appointed by the organized labor of this District: Therefore, be it

Resolved by D. A. 66, K. of L., in regular session assembled, That all Knights of Labor within this jurisdiction be ordered to boycott all the different brands of flour manufactured by the above named millers, and that all wage-earners in the District of Columbia be requested to join in this boycott, such action to be continued until otherwise ordered by this D. A.

Among the brands are the following: The Herrwood, the Bindapest, the Cook's Delight, A. G. Herr's Best Family Flour, the Great Wedge Process, the Delightful Roller Process, Try Me, and the Rising Sun.

By order of D. A. 66, K. of L. se16-3t*

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Letters for Europe need not be specially directed for dispatch by any particular steamer in order to secure speedy delivery at destination, as all Trans-Atlantic mails are forwarded by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending SEPT. 20, will close (PROMPTLY in all cases) at this office as follows:

THURSDAY.—At 11:30 a. m. for Jamaica, Greytown, and Limon, per steamship Antilles; at 12 m. for Europe, per steamship City of Chester; viâ Queenstown (letters for Germany and France must be directed "per City of Chester"); at 12 m. for Germany, France, &c., per steamship Suevia, via Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Hamburg (letters for Great Britain and other European countries must be directed "per Suevia"); at 1 p. m. for Havana, per steamship Orinoco; at 1:30 p. m. for Cuba and Porto Rico, per steamship City of Puebla, via Havana (letters for Mexico must be directed "per City of Puebla"); at 3 p. m. for Aspinwall, per steamship Labrador, via Havre.

FRIDAY.—At 9 a. m. for Newfoundland and St. Pierre-Miquelon, via Halifax; at 7:30 p. m. for Truxillo and Honduras, per steamship S. & J. Otery, via New Orleans.

SATURDAY.—At 2:30 a. m. for Ireland, per steamship Arizona, viâ Queenstown (letters for Great Britain and other European countries must be directed "per Arizona"); at 2:30 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Elder, via Southampton and Bremen (letters for Ireland must be directed "per Elder"); at 4 a. m. for Scotland direct, per steamship Devonia, via Glasgow; at 4 a. m. for Belgium direct, per steamship Pennland, via Antwerp; at 10 a. m. for Central America and the South Pacific Ports, per steamship Colon, via Aspinwall (letters for Mexico must be direct "per Colon"); at 10:30 a. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per steamship Glenfyne; at 1:30 p. m. for Cuba and Porto Rico, per steamship Newport, via Havana; at 1:30 p. m. for Europe, per steamship Celtic, via Queenstown; at 3 p. m. for the Netherlands direct, per steamship Maas dam, via Rotterdam.

SUNDAY.—At 7:30 p. m. for Honduras and Livingston, per steamship City of Dallas, via New Orleans.

Mails for China and Japan, per steamship San Pablo (via San Francisco) close here Sept. *18 at 7 p. m. Mails for Australia, New Zealand, Sandwich and Fiji Islands, per steamship Zealandia, per steamship Arizona, close here Sept. *20 at 7 p. m. (or on arrival at New York of steamship Germanic, with British mails for Australia).

*The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

HENRY G. PEARSON, Postmaster.

POSTOFFICE, New York, Sept. 12, 1884.

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DR. H. O. CANDEE, THE VITOpathic Magnetic and Electric Physician, has returned from his summer vacation, and is ready to receive patients. I would also call the attention of the public to some of the testimonials which I have at my office, which surpass any ever heretofore presented to the world. Call or send for testimonials of wonderful cures by Dr. CANDEE, 922 F st. n. w., Washington, D. C. if

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AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and to me directed, I will sell at public sale, for cash, in front of the Court House door of the said District, on MONDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 12 o'clock m., all the right, title, claim, and interest of the defendant in and to the following described property, to wit:

Lot number three (3), in John C. Harkness and others' subdivision of square number five hundred and ten (510), in the city of Washington, to satisfy execution number 23,200 at law, in favor of Hannah Etta Green against William H. Rollidge. CLAYTON McMICHAEL,
U. S. Marshal.

THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer. se2-2t

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To be sold at

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Without Limit, to Close the Entire Stock,

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, SEPT. 17 AND 18, AT 10 O'CLOCK SHARP,

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COACH, CARRYALL, EXPRESS, BUGGY, TRUCK, SINGLE, AND DOUBLE HARNESS,

Some of them finest goods made.

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THOMAS DOWLING,
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A FULL LINE OF HOSIERY and NECKWEAR just received.

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THOMPSON'S SHIRT FACTORY,

CHAS. HYATT, PROPRIETOR.

816 F Street, Opposite Patent Office.

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BY A COLORED WOMAN—A PLACE TO cook. Please call at 1325 G st. N. W. 1-18

BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG COLored boy—A situation as bell boy in a hotel; good references. Address 1003 U st. N. W. 1-17

BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN—A PLACE in a private family as a waiter; willing to make himself generally useful. Apply at No. 1512 12th st. N. W. 1-17

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL (GERman) for cooking and to do general housework in a small family; must have first-class references. Apply at 804 10th st. N. W. 2-18

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good references required. Apply after 6 p. m. at 703 K st. N. W. 2-17

WANTED—ROOMS.

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BY A LADY—A FURNISHED ROOM, with parlor, between 9 and G sts. Address A. M. L., Republican Office. 4-18

ROOMS AND BOARD—BY TWO SINGLE gentlemen, by Oct. 1, in private family; price not to exceed $60 per month. Address C. and R., Republican Office. 4-18

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OCT. 1—THREE OR 4 UNFURNISHED rooms, with private family; in first-class neighborhood; with or without board. Address Lock Box 20, postoffice. 4-17

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

BOUNTY LAND WARRANT FOR 160 acres, or two land warrants for 80 acres each, or one warrant for 120 acres, and one for 40 acres. Address, stating lowest price, CHAS. FLINT, the National Tribune, 615 15th st. N. W. 5-se17-1m

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DANFORTH ILLUMINATING FLUID and Manufacturing Company—Business office, 936 F st., Washington, D. C.; license or sell town, county, or state rights. See advertisement on second page. 5-my9-tf

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DERMATOLOGY.

If you have pimples, blackheads, liver spots, freckles, sallowness, deep pores, redness, oiliness, and enlarged veins of the nose; thin, harsh, dry, dead, and discolored complexion; hair; baldness, scaly scalp, tetter; scant, irregular eye brows and lashes; any rash humor, eruption, blood or skin disease; any cutaneous hair or complexion blemish, consult DR. J. VAN DYCK, Dermatologist, at once. Office, No. 22 Grant Place, between Ninth and Tenth and G and H sts. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Sundays, 9 to 2.

WANTED—TO ANNOUNCE THAT JOHN R. Bond, Bateman & Co.'s Bank, 1411 F st. N. W., is a Commissioner of Deeds for every State and Territory, United States Commissioner, Examiner, and Notary Public; always in office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

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