The National Republican

Daily (except Sunday) and Weekly.

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1884.

IF the dry season holds on a few days longer the National Jockey club will vote its thanks to the weather clerk and a kind Providence.

WHEN that great-hearted man, W. H. Vanderbilt, kills a fresh bull every morning for his breakfast he gives the horns and hoofs to the poor. He is nothing if not generous.

SINCE Germany put an embargo on American pork William H. Vanderbilt has not crossed the borders of Kaiser William's empire. He probably looked upon the prohibition as a personal affront.

HAVING figured out republican defeat in Vermont, Maine, and Ohio, and republican losses in West Virginia, where the democratic majority is cut down 8,000, the bourbon leaders are joyously looking forward to similar achievements in other states in November. If they are in good luck they may carry Kentucky, Arkansas, Texas, Alabama, Georgia, and Mississippi two weeks from to-day.

GEN. BEN. BUTTERWORTH, member-elect of congress from the Cincinnati district, returned to his desk yesterday. Gen. Butterworth made a most gallant fight and won a splendid victory in a district that was believed by the democrats to be safe from republican assault. Of the congressmen-elect from Ohio Gen. Butterworth and Maj. McKinley had the hardest fights to make, and they both won by sweeping majorities. They will be leaders of the next house.

ALL republicans temporarily residing in Washington who are entitled to vote in any of the states should make provision for low rates home before the last moment. They should lose no time in going to their respective state associations and register. Those from states that have no associations can register at the Workingmen's National Blaine and Logan club at Clan-na-Gael hall, on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Four-and-a-half streets. The only certainty of obtaining reduced rates on railroads is to attend to the ceremony of registration at once.

EVERYTHING points to a brilliant and successful fall meeting under the auspices of the National Jockey club. Their opening at Ivy City to-day will no doubt be signalized by a large and fashionable gathering. Washington is a traditional center, and it may be relied upon the beauty and fashion of the country capital will rally in great force to keep up the local reputation for appreciation of the gallant struggles of the thoroughbreds of the equine family. Let us hope that the weather clerk will not allow the rain to spoil gay costumes and mar the sport of kings.

DEMOCRATIC managers and newspapers are sounding the alarming and sensational discovery that Gen. Butler is the Judas Iscariot of American politics, and that he has basely betrayed the workingmen and greenbackers. The awful exposure is made by "Gen." W. H. Parsons. Gen. Butler, on being interviewed on the subject, characterizes Gen. Parsons as a beat and a fraud, who has been after him for money with which to "organize" Maryland, and with whom he refused to establish relations on account of his worthlessness and unreliability. Go it Butler. Go it Parsons. Go it democrats.

DISGUSTED Ohio democrats are talking of getting up a fusion electoral ticket in that state, with an equal number of Butler and Cleveland men on the ticket. They are also discussing the feasibility of buying Butler off, and inducing him to withdraw on the eve of election. Of the two men Cleveland is much the cheaper, and if there is any buying to be done negotiations should begin in that direction. We are not in Gen. Butler's confidence, but we venture the prediction that he will be in the field on election day, and also that the schemers will fail in their efforts to form an oil-and-water ticket in Ohio.

AN eccentric person from Elmira by the name of Boone committed a fistic assault upon Gov. Cleveland yesterday because the latter would not pardon the assailant's brother-in-law. The most extraordinary phase of the matter is the statement that Gov. Cleveland refused to pardon a convict, the pardon bureau at Albany having done a land-office business since July, but we are assured that he did refuse to release and enfranchise Boone's relative, and the assault lends an air of truth to the assertion. The man Boone struck at the governor, but he was dragged away before any damage was done, though, for that matter, the governor could easily have handled the fellow, for he is a big, powerful man. We are sincerely thankful the assault was not serious. The country has suffered enough on account of cranks, and whenever any of the genus become troublesome they should be put where they can do no further harm. It is to be hoped that the governor of New York may be spared further collision with cranks.

A Note of Congratulation.

The republican national committee congratulates the country on the glorious victories already won, and predicts that a greater victory is close at hand. The address of the republican committee is in sharp contrast with the labored effort of the democratic committee. The latter fairly reeked with falsehood and vilification, and appealed to the prejudices and ignorance of the people. The republican committee once more emphasizes the importance of the policy of protection under which the country has gained twice as much in twenty years as it had acquired in its entire previous history, and under whose operation the wages of American labor has been lifted 62 per cent. above the scale in England.

"The people see," says the committee, "what business stagnation the 'first firm step toward free trade' has caused within the past year. Nine months ago, flushed with victory and boasting of certain success, the democratic party made no secret of its blind adherence to British theories of free trade. Now neither a deceitful platform nor a dumb candidate avails to check the stampede from that party, for its voters know that protection has made the rewards of labor greater here than in any other land on earth."

There is truth and philosophy in the passage quoted above, and there is comfort in a knowledge that the Ohio ratio of gain in other states foreshadows an increase of 700,000 in the republican national vote and the largest popular majority for Blaine and Logan ever given to any presidential candidate.

The School Book Corner.

Since the district commissioners insist on doing the public business in secret—for what purpose no man knoweth—it is not surprising that other officials should now and then make private arrangements that are not entirely for the public good. The brilliant detective who has just unearthed the school book corner has apparently not pursued his investigations so far as to be able to give the reasons why Mr. Ballantyne was given a monopoly of the trade in certain books, and the interested public, which is compelled to pay handsomely for the privilege, is left to guess it. Under the circumstances the public will not be blamed for guessing that an arrangement made in secret for taking money out of its pocket was made largely for the profit of the parties making it.

As Mr. Ballantyne is a business man and good citizen, he cannot be blamed for making all the profit he can. If he has taken advantage of an opportunity to organize a monopoly in his own interest he has only done what a good many other people are doing these days when they can, and doubtless others would have done it if he hadn't. But Mr. Ballantyne will not expect us to believe that he was given this advantage as a gratuity, without his positive assurance to that effect. We therefore beg to ask, in the name of every person in the district who has to buy school books, "What did it cost? With whom was the arrangement made, and for whose benefit?"

There is perhaps no business in the world in which there is so much profit as in school books. The first actual cost is but a trifle in comparison with what is received for them. Few of those used in the lower grades cost as much for type-setting and white paper as a copy of THE REPUBLICAN, which is sold for 2 cents. They are printed by the hundreds of thousands, so that the actual cost is at least reduced to the white paper and the binding. They are sold to final purchasers at a price several hundred per cent. above first cost, and the profit is divided between the publisher and the various parties through whose hands they pass before they reach the school room. If the publisher can make arrangements direct with the persons who control things the profit is very handsome, and, not being a hog or a Vanderbilt, he is always willing to divide, if not required to divide with too many. The publisher therefore stands in the relation of a tempter to all school officials. In the first place, he wants his particular variety of school books used, and he can afford to pay to get them used. Having got them into use, it is to his advantage to get them changed, so that the old and only partially worn books shall not descend from the elder to the younger members of a family, but that an entire new outfit shall be necessary each term if possible. He can afford to pay for this.

Somebody seems to be making a handsome thing in this matter, for which the rest of us have to pay a handsome price. We think we are therefore entitled to know all about it. Mr. Ballantyne seems to be in a position to give us a great deal of very desirable information. Let us have it.

And then, Messrs. Commissioners, and all others in authority, let us have an end of doing public business in secret. There is a suspicion about it that is not at all to your credit.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

SECRETARY LINCOLN has gone to Illinois.

HON. SIMON CAMERON has been visiting Hon. Charles A. Dana at Glen Island, Long Island.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY COON is acting secretary of the treasury in the absence of Secretary Gresham.

MISS MAUD HOWE, daughter of Julia Ward Howe, will spend most of the coming winter in this city.

JUDGE FRENCH, assistant secretary of the treasury, has returned to Washington from a short visit to Boston.

MISS MAGGIE TEALL, a granddaughter of the late Gen. Sumner, U. S. A., is to be married next month to Mr. Nesbitt, an English gentleman.

EX-SENATOR P. S. B. PINCHBACK, surveyor of the port of New Orleans, has returned home from the north, where he spent the past summer.

GEN. FREDERICK A. STARRING, ex-consul general to Paris, and Mrs. Starring arrived at the Arlington yesterday from Baltimore to remain for a few days.

SENATOR JAMES G. FAIR, of Nevada, arrived in New York last Saturday from Europe, where he has been since last spring. He will remain in New York several days yet.

GEN. WILLIAM S. HARNEY, who is the oldest officer in the army in years and length of service, is said to be also the richest. His establishment at St. Louis is said to be princely.

MAJ. WILLIAM MCKEE DUNN, JR., U. S. A., aide-de-camp to Maj. Gen. Pope, is now in Chicago, and is expected here in a day or two. He is the son of Gen. Dunn, U. S. A., of this city.

CAPT. GEORGE M. WHEELER, of the corps of engineers, the well-known explorer, returned to his home here last week with Mrs. Wheeler, and is much improved in health, though not yet well.

RUSKIN hates mowing and other agricultural machines, and in deference to this dislike a neighbor named Goodison, in the Lake country, had a field next Ruskin's home mowed with scythes.

A BUST of Mark Twain, by Karl Gerhardt, who has been located in Paris for a number of years, has just been put in bronze at Philadelphia. It is said to be a speaking likeness, but does not stammer.

LIEUT. ROGERS H. GALT, U. S. N., who is now with his wife visiting relatives at Norfolk, will be ordered soon to duty at the Midvale iron works, near Philadelphia, to inspect the steel manufactured for the new cruisers.

W. F. ALLEN, of New York, the well-known scientist and mathematician who devised the new system of time on which all railway trains in the United States are now run, arrived at the Ebbitt house yesterday.

GEN. JOHN NEWTON, chief of engineers, U. S. A., and Mrs. Newton arrived at San Francisco last Tuesday from Washington. Gen. Newton is making an official inspection of the engineering operations in progress on the Pacific coast.

BRIG. GEN. OLIVER O. HOWARD, U. S. A., arrived at New York Sunday from Europe, where he has been for the past six months. His station is at Omaha, where, during his absence, the department of the Platte has been temporarily commanded by Gen. John Gibbon.

GEN. EDWARD F. BROWN, of Dayton, Ohio, member of the board of commissioners of the volunteer soldiers' homes, arrived at the Riggs house last night. He was for a number of years the governor of the home at Dayton, and is now on route to Hampton to take part in the investigation of affairs at the home there.

AMUSEMENTS.

"MY LIFE."

At the National last evening Harry Meredith's melodrama, "My Life," was presented, with Mme. Janauschek in the leading roles. In this new departure the great tragedienne has imitated the experiment of entertaining the public at its own expense, instead of, as in the past, educating it at hers. The play is fairly good, even in its worst scenes, but the last three acts are sufficient to insure its success for the full span of seasons that the public accord to even the best melodramatic effort. The plot of "My Life," while it is built up from the usual improbable events that enter into one of Miss Braddon's novels of English life, is well sustained, and the author has maintained a degree of intensity and unity, especially in the last three acts, that he would have done well to have observed in the prologue and first act. As Mico, the grisette, and Leben, the blind woman, Mme. Janauschek gives a touching picture, artistic in every detail and full of tender pathos. Then, as Circe Encore, she presents a sharply-defined contrast, even more striking than her Horiense in "Chesney Wold." One is the pure woman exalted by suffering, with a heart overflowing with tender love for the child she has devoted her life to; the other the painted *deslirep*, a Parisian vixen who offends in speech, action, and dress. To these characters so widely apart she imparts a strength, and to each gives a distinct personality that lifts them far beyond the narrow limits of the play. They are the creations that implant vitality into what would otherwise be a somewhat commonplace production.

The support has been well selected, and the stage settings are particularly good, especially the attic in the Rue St. Luce and the hall at Moorland castle. The costumes of Mme. Janauschek are of American manufacture, and fairly rival the best efforts of Worth. The dress worn in the second act is almost barbaric in its brilliant hues, and the striking effect of this toilet was intensified by the many magnificent diamonds that were worn with it.

"My Life" will be continued during the week and at the Wedesday and Saturday matinees.

SOTHERN.

Last evening Mr. Edward Sothern began a week's engagement at Ford's, appearing as Jack Singleton in the comedietta, "Aunt's Advice," and as Leveret in H. G. Byron's drama, "Old Soldier." Mr. Sothern has rapidly advanced as an actor, and frequently exhibits flashes of that peculiar and eccentric genius which his father was so famous for. His company is far above the average, and gave a pleasant surprise by the artistic way in which they handled their respective roles. Miss Lizzie Geremy and Mr. Charles Frew fairly divided the honors with the star, the latter making a decided hit in the character of Cosdy. The same bill will be maintained until Saturday, when the roaring farce-comedy "Crushed; or, Whose Are They?" will be presented at the matinee and evening performances.

THE ST. CECILIA QUARTETTE.

The first concert of the season took place at the Congregational church last night, and the large auditorium was filled with a brilliant and enthusiastic audience. The programme was furnished by the St. Cecilia quartette, which is now composed of Misses Ewan, Detweiler, and Jessie Harvey and Mrs. Mills, under the direction of Dr. J. W. Bischoff. The idea of a vocal quartette of ladies was a novel one, for it is rarely that four female voices can be found which will blend together so as to make full and perfect harmony. That result has, however, been attained in the St. Cecilia quartette, and the various numbers in which the ladies all appeared were all executed with a precision of time and tune and a delicacy of phrasing that fully deserved the enthusiastic applause they received. Perhaps the careful training and practice to which the quartette has been subjected were best shown in the Chant by Rhodes and the "Soldier's Farewell," although the number which most captivated the audience was Caldicott's "Humpty Dumpty."

Each lady sang a solo, their selections being as follows: Miss Harvey, "Going to Market," by Diehl; Miss Ewan, "Dame Nightingale;" "My Darling was so Fair," and "I Must sing," [illegible] Mrs. Mills, "Sweet [illegible] at the Window," by Hutchinson, and Miss Detweiler, "Signal," by Schira. Each soloist was encored, but Mrs. Mills alone responded and that was in obedience to the emphatic desire of the audience, who would not be satisfied until she repeated the last stanza of her song. Dr. Bischoff played a Fantasia on Themes, from "Faust," on the organ, and for an encore a dainty "Minuet." He also performed the task of accompanist, bringing out the full rich tone of the Weber grand piano, but supporting and sustaining the soloist without overpowering her voice.

The concert was one of the most enjoyable that has been given by the St. Cecilias, and the ladies are certainly entitled to great credit for the perfection which they have acquired. It is doubtful if there is another similar organization in the country, and it would be difficult to find one that could compete with this, which merits especial favor, as its members are all residents of this city. It is to be hoped that the success of this concert will induce the quartette to give others during the season.

"LOVE AND LAUGHTER."

The Unhappy Controversy Between Col. Joyce and Ella Wheeler Ended.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1884—COL. JOHN A. JOYCE—*My Dear Sir:* Your letter of the 16th instant requesting a statement of my recollections about the origin of the poem "Love and Laughter" is received.

I had hoped to remain in obscurity and escape from taking sides in this controversy, which has apparently assumed national proportions, and it is with reluctance that I comply with your request.

I think it was in the autumn of 1868 that I met you in the wine room of the Galt house, in Louisville, in company with George Francis Train, Sojourner Truth, and the author of "Beautiful Snow"—the name of the latter has escaped my memory. It was suggested that the place was not a proper one for ladies, so we adjourned to the hotel drawing room, where we were met by George D. Prentice, Henry Watterson, Gen. Phil Sheridan, and a lady who was presented to us as Miss Wheeler, Gen. Sheridan, I remember, was greatly impressed with the author of "Beautiful Snow"—why can not I remember her name?—and was vigorous in his denunciation of the "wretch" who was laboring to deprive her of the credit of the authorship. You remarked that metaphysicians had discovered that "two souls with but a single thought" might exist in literature as well as in love, and to demonstrate this it was only necessary for two persons to get into complete rapport, and while in this condition for both to write at the same time and on the same thing. Miss Wheeler fell in with this opinion, or, as you expressed it, "tumbled to your racket," and volunteered to join you in an experimental test. As no one had writing paper, you drew from your side pocket four old envelopes. I remember you modestly called attention to the fact that they contained respectively complimentary letters from John Bright, Victor Hugo, Alfred Tennyson, and Henri Rochefort. You also took one from Gladstone, but for prudential reasons withheld it. Nothing further was needed but to secure that communion of thought which was essential to success, and you enjoined us to keep perfectly quiet, while you proceeded to turn down the gas in order to secure what you called a "dim, religious light." You then requested Miss Wheeler to place her left hand in yours and to lay her head gently on your shoulder while your right arm tenderly encircled her waist. She coquetishly "giggled" at this, whereupon Watterson suggested that "Love and Laughter" would be an appropriate theme, to which you both nodded assent. I next noticed that on the countenance of each appeared a gleam of ecstatic light, something akin to the glow which marks the first gush of youthful love. I seized the pencil and the old envelopes and immediately you both began to recite in alternate lines the poem which has caused so much newspaper controversy, and I set down as it fell from your lips, and, singularly, the penmanship, although made by me, was not mine, for the lines recited by you appeared in your bold, manly chirography, while the lines recited by Miss W. appeared in the graceful, petite penmanship which is characteristic of young ladies.

It thus appears that you are in part both right and both wrong. The poem was a joint inspiration, the result of peculiar psychological conditions, and it is just at strange that each of you should have believed himself or herself to be the author. Before closing, I must not omit to state that the general insisted on "baptizing the poem" with a bottle of "Ike Cook's Imperial," at that time a favorite brand of native champagne. Hoping this will end all further controversy, I remain, truthfully, yours, ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

Yellow Fever, Cholera, and Smallpox.

The surgeon general of the marine hospital service has received reports showing that yellow fever still exists in Guaymas, and that cholera prevails in Newchang and Calcutta. At the latter place, however, the death rate is much lower than for many years previous, and smallpox has almost entirely disappeared.

AN ADDRESS TO THE NATION.

The Republican National Committee Review the Results in Vermont, Maine, and Ohio.

The republican national committee has issued the following address:

The republican national committee hails in the glorious victories already won a sure omen of the greater victory that is close at hand. Vermont is still the stanchest northern state. Maine, captured in 1880, retakes standing a plurality of 20,000, a gain of 15 per cent. of its entire vote. West Virginia, in place of 11,000 plurality for Hancock, now falls below 3,000, a republican gain of 7 per cent., which kindles hope that the 150 votes or a solid south may be broken in November. But the result in Ohio is a revolution and a prophecy. Only a year ago democratic by 12,000, and two years ago by 19,000 plurality, Ohio now gives 12,000 plurality for the lowest republican state candidate, and on national issues 19,000 for the republican congressmen. Holding the state and local offices, and the whole machinery of elections, the democrats scattered corruption money with lavish hand, colonized voters, imported professional repeaters, and, in spite of the most strenuous efforts to enforce the law against them, cast many thousand fraudulent votes. Because of this power they had chosen to stake all upon that state, declared that it would foreshadow the result in November, and were strangely certain of success. They filled the air with slanders. Local issues led many voters to disregard national questions. Against such odds the magnificent victory is a prophecy of 40,000 plurality for Blaine and Logan in November. With the ratio of gain in other states it foreshadows an increase of 700,000 in the republican national vote, and the largest popular majority ever given to any candidate.

These victories show the determination of the people that as Lincoln, Grant, and Garfield were slandered in vain, so the foremost statesman of to-day shall not be driven from the people's work by the tongue of malice.

They show that the republican party, which was the first to resist and uproot the dogma of "perpetual allegiance" to a foreign power, is chosen by the nation to defend all rights of American citizens abroad.

They show that, so long as the democratic party rests all hope of success upon a denial of free suffrage to southern states, it will ask in vain the confidence of any state when a free vote is recorded by an honest count.

They show that the people will not abandon the protection of American industry, under which the country has gained twice as much in twenty years as it had gained in all its previous history—the protection of American labor, which has lifted wages 62 per cent. higher here than in England. The people see what stagnation a democratic "first firm step toward free trade" has caused within the past year. Nine months ago, flushed with victory and boasting of certain success, the democratic party made no secret of its blind adherence to British theories of free trade. Now neither a deceitful platform nor a dumb candidate avails to check the stampede from that party. For its voters know that protection has made the rewards of labor greater here than in any other land on earth.

The national committee appeals to the people to make the victory decisive. It is no time for over-confidence, or for neglect of any proper effort. Bare success is not enough. It is time to put an end to the agitation by which the democratic party prostrates business every four years. Put an end to the hope that the nation can be ruled by shotguns in sixteen states and frauds in two. Put an end to the vilification of the foremost champions of American ideas by men who do not dare to meet vital issues of national policy. Make the principles proclaimed by our matchless leader—"Peace with the world, commercial expansion in every practicable direction, encouragement of every form of American industry, protection to every citizen, native or naturalized, at home or abroad"—not only triumphant, but so overwhelmingly triumphant that the splendid prosperity which they promote shall not again be interrupted by the struggles of obsolete theories and foreign interests for the mastery on this continent. The grandest part of the grandest history ever made by any nation is the work of the republican party. It rests with you, republicans of the nation, to carry forward the work which you and your fathers have begun, and to which so many brave and faithful men have given precious lives, that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall be maintained in the land.

THE OLD MAN DIDN'T MARRY

Because His Sons Made a Most Unusual Fuss About It.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Col. Ezra Taylor, the old commander of the famous Taylor's battery, of this city, had a narrow escape from matrimony to-day. He made a gallant fight, however, and was only defeated by odds of two to one. The colonel is now 64 years of age, has been a widower for ten years, most of which time he has been in feeble health, an old wound received during the war causing him a good deal of trouble. He has a goodly property, lives quietly at his ease, and his neighbors and even his two grown sons had no suspicion that he ever intended to marry again until his name and that of Mrs. Anna Fitzgerald appeared together to-day in the list of marriage licenses. Mrs. Fitzgerald is a dashing widow, a good many years his junior. She has been known to the family all her life, and her character is irreproachable. But, nevertheless, the sons had no wish to have her for a stepmother, fearing probably that in that position she would lessen their share of the old man's estate. When the older one saw the announcement of the marriage in the papers, he hurried over to his father's residence to ask what it meant. "It means," replied the old soldier, "that I am going to be married." The son pleaded with the father that such conduct was worse than folly, but the old man closed the interview by repeating his determination to wed the widow. In the meanwhile the other son got wind of the affair, and paid his father a visit. They locked themselves in the sitting room without effect. Col. Taylor ordered his horse and buggy to drive to the depot, where it was understood that he would meet Mrs. Fitzgerald, and to prevent him from going his son shot and killed the horse. After some delay Col. Taylor gathered his grip and made for a street car, but did not arrive at the depot until the train had gone. He then returned home, but insisted that he would take the next train and join his intended in Michigan. The sons then resorted to the law, and had the old soldier arraigned in court to test the question of his sanity. After hearing all the evidence that could be produced the court declared him sane. Nothing was left to the sons therefore but to argue the matter, and this they began at once and kept it up with such success that the old man is believed to have decided not to marry.

The widow, it appears, is not in Michigan, as he claimed at first, but at Toronto, Canada, where she went to await his arrival. Some of the friends fear the old man may yet meet her, but the members of the family, including the sons, consider the matter settled, and some one is understood to have written to the widow a notice that the affair is off.

The Tallapoosa Raised.

Lieut. Commander Hitchcock telegraphed the secretary of the navy that the Tallapoosa floated at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and is at anchor near the light house. He hopes to take her to New York Wednesday.

PERSONAL.

PRIVATE LESSONS GIVEN IN THE common English branches, including penmanship and composition, by a young lady of experience. Address MISS BLANK, Box 240, City P. O. 4

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We have done business with this firm for several years, and always found them reliable. The Buffalo papers speak of their integrity and success in highest terms. Their chief system of treatment is commended by the most eminent physicians.—Lafayette (Ind.) Sunday Times.

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As we understand you are especially interested we beg to call your attention to the following music, which will not only help, but will contribute very materially, to the success of your side:

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES, ATTENTION!—Members will assemble at foot of Capitol WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7:30, to take part in the welcome to Hon. Ben Butterworth. E. A. ADAMS, M. D. President. oc21-2t

REPUBLICANS, ATTENTION!

The Republican State Associations and Local Republican Clubs of the City of Washington are cordially invited to participate in a serenade to be tendered to Major Ben. Butterworth, Representatives from the First Congressional District of Ohio, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, NEXT, OCT. 22, at the Arlington Hotel.

The members of all State and Local Republican organizations in the city, without further invitation, will assemble at the Peace Monument, on Pennsylvania avenue, at 7:30 p. m. sharp.

The line of march will be formed at this point, and proceed by the way of Pennsylvania avenue, to the Arlington, accompanied by the Marine band.

By order of the Committee on Invitation.

H. A. CORAUGH, D. J. EVANS, J. W. STARR.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE WASHINGTON Continentals, uniformed and ununiformed, will assemble at the armory, corner Seventh and D streets, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 22, at 7:30 p. m., to participate in a complimentary serenade to be tendered Col. George P. Emmons by the Corps. By order W. E. CLAPP, Captain and Acting Commandant.

W. E. MOSES, Lieut. and Adjt. 11

THE NATIONAL HOMŒOPATHIC Hospital Association will, on WEDNESDAY, the 22d instant, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., hold a social reunion at Masonic Temple to celebrate the third anniversary of its organization. The friends of Homœopathy are cordially invited to attend. A. S. PRATT, President. oc21-2t

THE MEMBERS OF SYRACUSIANS Lodge, No. 10, K. of P., will meet at their Castle Hall on TUESDAY, at 9 a. m., to attend the funeral of their late brother P. C. Frank Darley. Services at the house, 321 Missouri ave., at 10 o'clock. Sister Lodges invited to attend. oc21-1t

A MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the "Wenjell Pneumatic Clock Company of the District of Columbia," for the election of officers and other purposes, will be held at 1320 F street northwest, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21, at 7 o'clock p. m. A. R. KELLY, Sec'y. oc21-2t

ALL JERSEYMEN INTERESTED in the election of all the Republican candidates are requested to meet at St. Gaudens Hall, 510 Eleventh street northwest, on THURSDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of contributing to the campaign fund of the state.

By order of State Executive Committee oc21-3t* D. S. BLUE, Treasurer.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Letters for Europe need not be specially directed for dispatch by any particular steamer in order to secure speedy delivery at destination, as all Trans-Atlantic mails are forwarded by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending OCT. 25 will close (PROMPT) in all cases at this office as follows:

WEDNESDAY.—At 4 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Alaunia, via Queenstown (letters for Germany and France must be directed "per Alaunia") at 4 a. m. for Germany, &c., per steamship Elder, via Southampton and Bremen (letters for Great Britain and other European Countries must be directed "per Elder") at 4 a. m. for France direct, per steamship Amerique via Havre.

THURSDAY.—At 4 a. m. for Europe, steamship Celtic, via Queenstown (letters for Germany and France must be directed "per Celtic") at 5 a. m. for Germany, France, &c., per steamship Wisconsin, via Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Hamburg (letters for Great Britain and other European Countries must be directed "per Wisconsin") at 5 a. m. for Nassau, N. P., and Santiago, Cuba, per steamship Cienfuegos; at 1:30 p. m. for Cuba and Porto Rico, via Havana; and for Campeche, Chiapas, Tabasco, and Yucatan, Mexico, per steamship City of Puebla (letters for other Mexican States must be directed "per City of Puebla") at 7:30 p. m. for Truxillo and Honduras, per steamship S. & J. Dore, via New Orleans.

FRIDAY.—At 11:30 a. m. for Jamaica, Savanilla, etc., per steamship Alisa; at 4 p. m. for Aux Cayes, per steamship Haiti.

SATURDAY.—At 6 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Alaska, via Queenstown (letters for Germany, &c., must be directed "per Alaska") at 6 a. m. for Germany, &c., per steamship Werra, via Southampton and Bremen (letters for Great Britain and other European Countries must be directed "per Werra") at 7:30 a. m. for Belgian direct, per steamship Nederland, via Antwerp; at 7:30 a. m. for Scotland direct, per steamship Bolivia, via Glasgow; at 9:30 a. m. for the Netherlands direct, per steamship W. A. Scholten, via Rotterdam; at 9:30 a. m. for Newfoundland, per steamship Miranda; at 10:30 a. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per steams Bolivar and Guayana; at 1:30 p. m. for Cuba, Porto Rico, and Nassau, N. P., per steamship Niagara, via Havana; at 3 p. m. for the Windward Islands, per steamship Barracouta.

SUNDAY.—At 7:30 p. m. for Greytown and Limon, per steamship Lucy P. Miller, via New Orleans.

Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Geodric (via San Francisco) close here Oct. *23 at 7 p. m. Mails for Australia, New Zealand, Sandwich and Fiji Islands, per steamship Australia (via San Francisco), close here Nov. *15 at 7 p. m. (or on arrival of New York steamship City of Chicago with British mails for Australia.

*The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Special rates apply. Mails from the East arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

HENRY G. PEARSON, Postmaster.

POSTOFFICE, NEW YORK, Oct. 17, 1884.

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCT. 1, 1884.

I have this day taken charge of store 307 Seventh street northwest, between D street and Louisiana avenue, and will be pleased to see my friends and the public generally.

oct-1m LOUIS KAUFMAN, Agent.

DR. H. O. CANDEE, THE VITOpathic Magnetic and Electric Physician, has returned from his summer vacation, and is ready to receive patients. I would also call the attention of the public to some of the testimonials which I have at my office, which surpass any ever presented heretofore. Call on or send for testimonials of wonderful cures by DR. CANDEE, 922 F st. n. w., Washington, D. C. 11

THE GLOBE

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MAGNIFICENT SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE CONTAINED IN DWELLING NO. 1408 H STREET NORTHWEST, LATELY OCCUPIED BY THE CHINESE LEGATION, EMBRACING MAGNIFICENT DIVAN CENTER PIECE, HAND-SOME SILK TAPESTRY PARLOR SUITE, RAW SILK EASY CHAIRS, M. T. TABLES, GILT FRAME FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, MAGNIFICENT LAMBREQUINS, LACE CURTAINS, ELEGANT PERR WALNUT CHAMBER SUITS, WALNUT CHIFFONIERE, WALNUT WARDROBES, MAHOGANY DRESSING CASES, VERY FINE BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, WASHSTANDS, CHAIRS, HAIR AND OTHER MATTRESSES, FEATHER PILLOWS AND BOLSTERS, SPRINGS, LEATHER-COVERED DINING SUITE, WALNUT MARBLE-TOP MIRROR BACK SIDEBOARDS, WALNUT CARVING TABLE, EXTRA FINE HALL SET, ENGRAVING, WATER COLORS, EASELS, PEDESTALS, CHINA AND GLASSWARE, VELVETS, TAPESTRIES, BODY AND OTHER CARPETS, RUGS, KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c., AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 22, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell at the above named dwelling the entire household furniture, &c., contained therein, being only partly enumerated above, to which we respectfully call the attention of parties in search of fine goods.

House open for inspection early on day of sale. oc20-2t

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Hinsdale City, adjoining beautiful Garden City—the "loveliest village of the plain"—and Creedmoor Rifle Range. Now selling thousand building lots, surrounding Hinsdale depot, $190 each, selling on monthly payments of $5 per lot; four lots, $10 per month. Prices advanced $5 per lot monthly until present prices are at least doubled. Cottages $10 monthly for each $1,000 of cost. Nuisances and shanties prohibited; no malaria, chills, fevers; healthiest climate, soil, drives, and surroundings unsurpassed. Building optional with purchaser; fair dealing guaranteed; nothing overcolored. Buy for investment, residence, or summer home. New York will be

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Property around it is rapidly increasing in value and must continue to do so. You enter no uncertain venture by investing in Hinsdale. Price, are low compared with all other New York surrounding; increase certain; prospective value greater than any property equidistant. Hinsdale is 13 miles from New York—35 minutes rail, and 5 minutes additional by Brooklyn bridge or ferry; and the commutation averages 40 cents per trip. It is the main line of the Long Island Railroad, and is the junction for both Garden City and Creedmoor Rifle Ranges. Improvements proposed, &c., will render Hinsdale an attractive place of abode. Agents wanted of either sex. Circulars, &c., of

R. WILSON, Attorney, 865 Broadway, New York.

IMPORTANT TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

Having perfected arrangements for the purchase of "DRAWBACK CERTIFICATES," receivable in payment of SPECIAL TAXES and GENERAL TAXES due previous to 1882, all parties interested in the settlement of Taxes can SAVE A DISCOUNT by calling upon

WILLIAM DICKSON, 224 4½ Street Northwest, oc14-1m Above Columbia Building.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN IS ISSUED every Thursday. Single copies can be had in wrappers ready for mailing. Subscription price, $1.25 per year.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

BY AN EXPERIENCED WHITE WOMAN—situation as cook or laundress. Call at 1407 B st. N. W. 1-22

WANTED—BY AN ELDERLY AND healthy woman from Switzerland a situation in a German-speaking family for general housework, cooking, and washing; best references. Please call at 806 H st. N. W. 1-22

BY A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WHO understands cutting and fitting—Work by the day or to take home. Address B. W., 1813 8th st. N. W. 1-22

BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED WOMAN—A place as chambermaid and seamstress in private family; can give references. 1420 L st. 1-22

SITUATION WANTED BY A WHITE MAN, respectable and reliable; not hard up, but wants a situation at anything will work very cheap if not too laborious. Address HENRY, Republican Office. 1-22

BY A RESPECTABLE WHITE GIRL—A situation as nurse to a child 3 or more years old best of references. Address MARY Republican Office. 1-21

BY A YOUNG MAN—A SITUATION AS hotel waiter or porter; has had 12 years' experience, and can give references. Address D. S., 620 Mass. av. N. E. 1-21

BY A LADY—GENTLEMEN'S WASHING in large or small qu