# The National Republican.

VOL. XXV---NO. 194. WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1885. THREE CENTS.


## LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

NO DEFINITE ARRANGEMENT FOR ARBITRATING THE PENJDEH AFFAIR.

**Those Revelations of Iniquity—Spain's New Cabinet—The Riot at Waterford—Mortality From Cholera—An English Traveler Expelled.**

LONDON, July 13.—In the house of commons this afternoon Mr. Robert Bourke, under secretary for foreign affairs, stated in response to inquiries that nothing had yet been definitely arranged by the present government for an arbitration to determine whether the Russian attack on Penjdeh was consistent with Russian promises previously made to England.

Mr. Thomas Ryburn Buchanan, liberal member for Edinburgh city, asked whether it was true that the British intended to establish a cantonment near Candahar in Afghanistan.

Lorn Randolph Churchill, secretary for India, replied, "The honorable member seems to forget that Afghanistan is an independent state."

During the discussion of the army supplementary estimates Mr. W. H. Duvall, war secretary, on the vote for 35,000 men, explained that the government would continue in a state of preparation until the arrangement about to be considered with Russia was finally settled. There was, he said, no intention on the part of the government to call up additional men unless occasion arose.

SPAIN'S NEW CABINET.

MADRID, July 13.—Senor Villauerde has been appointed minister of the interior and Admiral Pezuela minister of marine. With these exceptions, the cabinet remains unchanged. The above appointments were made to fill the vacancies caused by the resignations of Senor Romero y Robledo and Senor Antequera y Bobadilla from the offices named.

AN ENGLISH TRAVELER EXPELLED.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 13.—The Chinese recently ordered the expulsion of the English traveler Dagleish from Yarkand. The governor, having acted hesitatingly in the execution of the order, has been punished, and Dagleish has been forcibly expelled from Yarkand by the Chinese authorities.

LONDON, July 14.—The *Times*, in an editorial, says that henceforth every native and English traveler who may visit Niagara will owe New York a debt of gratitude for opening the falls to the public.

FEARING RUSSIAN ANNEXATION.

LONDON, July 14.—A renewal of the report of the coming coronation of the czar as emperor of Central Asia produces anxiety in Central Asia. The courts of the Khans of Bokhara and Khiva are uneasy fearing Russian annexation. The general populace, prepared by Russian agents, hail the news, and hope that it will end in the freeing of the Mahometans from the Chinese yoke.

THE BRITISH FORCES IN EGYPT.

LONDON, July 13.—The Marquis of Hartington, ex-war minister, referred in the house to-day to the intention of the late government to evacuate the province of Dongola, in the Soudan, and expressed a wish to know whether the present government meant to continue the work of constructing the Nile railway.

Mr. Smith replied that the government would not abandon the railway behind the defending force, but that it had no intention of increasing the British forces in Egypt.

ORDERED TO PUNISH THE ANNAMITES.

PARIS, July 13.—The government has telegraphed Gen. de Courcy at Hue directing him to severely punish the Annamite officials who took part in the recent ambuscade, but to confine his action to the limits of his protectorate.

MORTALITY FROM CHOLERA.

MADRID, July 13.—The cholera has broken out in four places in the province of Jaen. Forty-two new cases were reported yesterday in that province, and eighteen deaths from the disease. The official reports show a total of 30,000 cases in Spain since the inception of the scourge up to last evening, and a total of 13,900 deaths. In the whole of Spain yesterday there were 1,197 new cases of cholera and 588 deaths.

There are cases of suspicious disease in Jaen, Segovia, and Burgos.

PARIS, July 13.—*La France* states that the rumors of an outbreak of cholera in the Basses Pyrenees are quite unconfirmed.

THE RIOT AT WATERFORD.

WATERFORD, IRELAND, July 13.—The anniversary of the battle of the Boyne yesterday caused a large increase in the usual Sunday number of drunken men to be seen on the streets last night. Among them were many of the soldiers belonging to the Welsh regiment doing garrison duty here. A number of citizens got into a drunken row with the soldiers, during which the latter bayoneted to death one of the former. This tragedy infuriated the people, and they fell upon such a fusillade upon the troops that the latter retreated in full flight into the barracks. The barrack buildings were besieged all night by the citizens, who, although they were unable to break in, smashed every window in the buildings. It is generally believed the soldiers began the row. The rage of the populace was so great this morning that it was deemed best to transfer the Welsh regiment to some other place. This was done immediately, and as the soldiers marched from the barracks to the railway station, surrounded by policemen, a mob followed them, hooting and stoning the soldiers.

THOSE REVELATIONS OF INIQUITY.

LONDON, July 13.—Right Hon. George Bentinck, conservative member for Whitehaven, asked the home department whether the *Pall Mall Gazette's* charges against the London police in connection with that paper's revelations of iniquity in the city were true.

Sir Richard Assheton Cross, home secretary, replied that if the facts were as stated by the *Gazette* the fullest inquiry would be made, and that he considered it his duty to endeavor to get to the bottom of the charges.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in an editorial commenting on the results of its revelations, declares that its "trumpet blast has roused the world." "No word was raised yesterday in the churches against us," continued the paper, "but all the forces of wickedness in high places are arrayed against us. The Hon. W. H. Smith and sons, possessing the monopoly of the stands on the railway system of England, have suppressed their sales of the *Pall Mall Gazette*. The Prince of Wales has stopped his paper. The Right Hon. Mr. Beaulinck is posing in parliament in the name of 'outraged morality,' and clamors for our extinction. The *Gazette* did not undertake this inquiry to unearth the vice of the great, but if we are driven to bay we will be compelled by the action of our assailants to speak out and spare not."

A mass meeting of women was held in Prince's Hall this afternoon to consider ways and means to protect young girls from the horrible pitfalls of London, as revealed by the *Pall Mall Gazette*. Mrs. Booth and other ladies made eloquent addresses. The meeting resolved that the laws on the subject should forthwith be made more efficient, denounced state regulation of vice, demanded the total repeal of the contagious diseases act, and that the age of consent be raised from 13 to 18. The meeting also voted to send copies of the record of its proceedings to the house of commons.

LAWLESSNESS IN PARIS STREETS.

PARIS, July 13.—There were three murders and five murderous assaults in the streets of this city last night.

ORANGE RIOTS.

BELFAST, July 13—The Orange celebration at Carrick Hill was the occasion of considerable rioting, during which several policemen were injured. Twenty arrests were made.

LONDON, July 13.—While the Orangemen of Rye House, Hertfordshire, were celebrating the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne yesterday they were attacked by a mob of Catholics, and a desperate fight occurred. Fence palings, table legs, and chairs were freely used by both sides, and many heads were broken. The police were powerless to suppress the riot. It was ultimately quelled by the priests.

## STRIKE TROUBLES.

**Threatening to Seize Water Works and Shut Off Water Supplies—Boycotting a Newspaper—Pinkerton Detectives on Duty—State Troops Called for Service.**

EAST SAGINAW, MICH., July 13.—Eighty-three of Pinkerton's detectives arrived here on an early train this morning, each armed with a Winchester rifle and two revolvers, and they have been sworn in. Half of them will go to Saginaw City, where one or two mills propose to start up. The mayor issued a proclamation this morning, in which he states that he has called upon the state and county authorities for aid, and he believes ample preparations have been made to insure safety of property. A similar proclamation has been issued by the mayor of Saginaw City. The strikers have threatened to seize the water works and shut off the supply, and a force of men, armed with rifles, has been sent to protect the works. The strikers are greatly incensed at the steps taken by the authorities and the presence of armed detectives.

LATER—The water works are now guarded by a detachment of company E, Michigan state troops, of this city. A large number of special policemen have been sworn in, and all gatherings on the streets have been prohibited. At a meeting of the strikers this forenoon State Representative Barry made an incendiary speech, and caused to be issued a circular boycotting the *Courier*, which, while conceding the right of the men to strike, has denounced all acts of violence, and criticised the authorities for not having acted more promptly. It is believed that there is an ample force now in the two cities to preserve order.

BAY CITY, MICH., July 13.—Several meetings were held yesterday in Madison Park. The tone of the remarks was much less rabid than on Saturday. About thirty Pinkerton detectives reached the city yesterday morning, which caused some excitement at the outset, but in the end served to quiet and allay any fear of trouble. They were under orders of the sheriff, and have kept in the background since coming here. All is quiet to-day. The strikers paraded the streets, but were orderly.

Miller Bros'. mill started up this morning without interference. Representative Barry, leader of the strikers, stated in the police station this noon that unless the Pinkerton men are removed he would not be responsible for good order.

MERIDEN, CONN., July 13.—Carpenter Bros., of New York, run a large quarry north of this city and employ 300 Poles, Hungarians, and Italians, who have been getting $1.10 per day. This morning they struck for $1.50 per day. Twenty of the Italians commenced work, when 250 strikers, armed with clubs and stones, drove them off. The foreman with revolvers succeeded in holding back the strikers until help arrived from this city.

CLEVELAND, July 13.—Strikers held a meeting in Newburg to-day. William J. Gorsuch, editor of a socialistic sheet in Chicago, was present, and made a speech. He advocated theft, arson, and murder, saying that the rich had no right to hold and keep property.

### Effects of "Wild West" and Whisky.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Charles Krause, a pretzel baker, visited the "Wild West" show last week. To-day, after numerous libations, he imagined himself upon the plains. Armed with a six-barreled revolver, he took his stand at thirty-second street and Allegheny avenue. As the people came out of the park he took a shot at them. Men, women, and children passed along the avenue, and Mr. Krause played away at them until the six barrels of the revolver were exhausted. Seeing a policeman he took to his heels and ran into his house. He there seemed determined to sell his life as dearly as possible. Before going upstairs he took a pop at his wife and fortunately missed her. Krause then intrenched himself in the second story back room, and dared any one to come in. The officers entered the house and walking upstairs found his man there and exchanged shots with him, after which a terrible struggle ensued. The policeman's clothes were torn, his hat was crushed, and he was in such a forlorn condition before subduing the man that he was compelled to hand him over to a brother officer, who finally lodged him in the station house. It was reported to-night that a gentleman named Allen who was visiting the park with his children had been shot in the leg by Krause.

### World's Exposition Plant Sold.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 13.—The World's Exposition plant, buildings, and machinery were sold at auction to-day for $175,000. They were bid in by Mr. Newman, but were probably purchased for the new exposition company.

President McCormick, of the New Exposition Company, says the purchase of the World's Exposition plant to-day closes the last loophole as to doubt of the reopening of the exposition, as it enables the new company on a definite basis and enables it to vigorously push forward the enterprise.

### An Indian Shot Dead.

DENVER, COL., July 13.—The *Tribune-Republican's* special from Durango, this state, says Bucpakin Charlie, son of a chief, shot dead a prominent Indian of his tribe named Kasimer. Each of the Indians was living on a farm upon which the government had built a house and barns, and they were doing considerable farming.

### A New Case of Plymouth Fever.

WILKES-BARRE, PA., July 13.—A new case of fever came to light at Plymouth yesterday in the person of an employe at the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad depot in that town.

### Condition of Mrs. Bayard.

WILMINGTON, DEL., July 13.—Mrs. Bayard's illness took a slightly favorable turn yesterday morning. This afternoon Dr. Negendank reports that she remains nearly the same as yesterday.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

—Guzman Barnevo, the most important of the bandits infesting Matanzas, Cuba, has surrendered at Colon.

—Richard H. Williams fell through a skylight in the Utica (N. Y.) City Bank and was killed.

—About 4,000 persons attended the reunion of the Knights of Cross at Lake View Point, on Onondaga lake, yesterday.

—Foreman Frederick J. Wallen, of steamer company No. 4, who was injured by a falling wall at Sunday night's fire at Albany, N. Y., died yesterday morning.

—The principal business block at Bagleys, Iowa, including the *Banner* printing office and the postoffice, was burned Sunday morning. Loss $14,000, insurance $7,500.

—The last point at issue in the long strike of the weavers in the falls of Schuylkill (Pa.) mill district has been finally adjusted, and all hands resumed work yesterday.

—For some weeks past trouble has been brewing between the brick manufacturers of Chicago and the men employed in the yards. One result is a decision to reduce wages.

—P. J. Bigelow shot D. E. Dempsey, a saloon keeper, at New Branford, Fla., on Saturday, for words spoken about Bigelow's wife. Dempsey lingered until Sunday night, when he died. Bigelow is in jail.

—Daniel Anderson, of Spotswood, N. J., while rowing on a small stream near that place on Sunday afternoon with his wife and four children, ran the boat on a snag. While he was attempting to get off the boat capsized and his two boys, 5 and 7, were drowned.

—The Mexican editors were entertained at New York yesterday morning by the Press Club, and then visited Mayor Grace at the city hall, where greetings were exchanged. A visit was made to the Brooklyn bridge and the produce exchange. Afterward a trip to Coney Island.

—Permission has been granted to the 13th battalion, of Hamilton, Ont., to attend the inauguration ceremonies at the Niagara International Park to-morrow. Lieut. Gov. Robinson and the members of his cabinet and Lieut. Col. Crowdat are among the prominent Canadians who will take part in the opening proceedings.

—Louis Riel's counsel announce that they will plead justification in behalf of Riel and the other prisoners. They will seek to establish that the half-breeds had substantial grievances, that they had asked the government time and again to have these grievances removed, and they were forced as a last resort to adopt rebellion.

—Gen. Wade Hampton publishes a long letter correcting errors in the recent articles of Gens. Johnston and Imboden touching the first battle of Manassas or Bull Run. Gen. Hampton shows that the Hampton Legion, 600 strong, which he commanded, arrested the victorious columns of Sherman and Keyes, who were driving the confederate forces back, and that the legion so delayed the federal advance as to enable confederate re-enforcements to be brought up.

## A MONTH ON THE MOUNTAIN.

MEDICAL SUMMARY OF GEN. GRANT'S PRESENT SITUATION.

**The Recent Remarkable Change Pronounced as One of the Strange Phases of Temporary Improvement that is Characteristic of Cancerous Diseases.**

MT. MCGREGOR, N. Y., July 13.—Gen. Grant has not been out of doors to-day nor has he been dressed, but the day has been one of remarkable ease. This morning he said to his physician that he felt very well; that he felt stronger and felt like going to work. The doctor was inclined to dissent, but during the forenoon the general wrote for nearly an hour. All his communications with Dr. Douglas to-day have been oral, his voice being quite distinct. His pulse is full, strong, and regular at 72 to-day, it being a better pulse than during most of his stay on the mountain.

The fitfully vicious disease of cancer has seldom developed a change so remarkable as that which marks the closing hours of Gen. Grant's first month on the mountain. On Saturday he was listless and indifferent to events and persons about him, and to-day he was frequently droll in his remarks and humorous in his sallies with those near him. Two days ago the application of cocaine was omitted and the presence of pain was a frequent reminder of the disease, while to-day, though still without the use of the cocaine, he has been comparatively free from pain.

This sudden change apparently for the better has caused earnest comment, and laymen are jumping to the conclusion that Gen. Grant will recover. The doctors, however, say that sharp revulsion from shadow to light in so brief a space of time is one of those changes that in themselves are evidence of cancer, and yet the record of the last two days has not been made without some surprise to the physicians in attendance. The medical summary of the situation as the patient closes his first month on Mount McGregor is not disheartening, though it deals only with cold facts so far as ascertained. All accidental infiltration seems to have subsided, and upon the outside of the neck, which was swollen even with the cheek when the patient came here, a casual observer would now note scarcely any enlargement. The modosities or knotted cancer lumps on the neck and lower edge of the cheek, if not less hard and large, have not developed within two weeks past. Such swelling as remains on the neck has less of the strained and painful appearance of two or three weeks ago. The affected parts inside look better, and the symptoms at these points are improved, while quite recently there has been a slight appearance of bloody sputa from the affected parts inside, after they had been cleansed closely at times of treatment, but this has changed, and now, though the parts cannot be said to be healing, there is observed a granular phase and less tendency to bloody sputa. No cocaine has been used in three days past, which is equivalent to saying that there is an abatement of pain and mucous secretions. The only discomfort now mentionable is that which has its seat in the main sore at the base of the tongue. Although there have been some disturbing symptoms in the nares within a week the patient is now able to close his lips and breath through the nasal passage. This was an impossibility at one time since the beginning of convalescence. The interior of the throat looks clearer, and in three days past has scarcely required professional treatment or attention, a gargle being used by the patient when it was desirable to clear the parts.

The physical consequences are: An increased disposition for food because it is more easily swallowed; the voice is clear and stronger; the patient rests more, and the appetite itself is better; the system assimilates food, and derives more strength therefrom, and the spirits of the sick man assist the treatment readily because of added buoyancy. The present remarkable change in Gen. Grant's condition is pronounced by Dr. Douglas as one of those strange phases of temporary improvement that is characteristic of cancerous diseases, and how long it may continue neither he nor any one can tell.

Dr. Shrady arrived this afternoon to relieve Dr. Douglas until the latter shall have obtained rest, without which a protracted respite seems imminent to him as a result of his constant vigil with Gen. Grant.

An engrossed copy of resolutions adopted at the recent meeting of Grand Army veterans at Round Lake, in response to the greetings of Gen. Grant, extended through Col. F. D. Grant in person, was presented to the general to-day by a committee consisting of the Rev. S. V. Leech, D. D., Col. G. A. Cantine, Gen. J. B. Carr, and Rev. J. E. King, D. D.

During this week special efforts will be made to secure perfect quiet for Gen. Grant in order to continue, if possible, the present favorable condition.

The day with Gen. Grant was one of quiet, without incident other than related. He retired for the night at 9 o'clock, Dr. Shrady remaining at the cottage, and all conditions indicating a restful night. The cottage was quiet at 11 o'clock.

### The Crop Outlook.

CHICAGO, July 13.—In reviewing its semi-monthly crop returns, the *Farmers' Review* tomorrow will say: Since our last crop report the winter wheat harvest has so far progressed as to remove any doubt of the outcome of this crop. Few recent reports show any improvement, and many show still further depreciation from former reports.

As to the spring wheat crop it is now approaching its most critical stage. The area is somewhat less than last year, and while giving unusual promise in some sections is reported thin and weedy in others. With favorable weather it will harvested it will make a good crop, but will not, as we think, come up to the estimates made by some parties. We see no reason to change our estimate of June 1, that the total wheat crop of this year will not exceed 520,000,000 bushels. The corn crop is holding its own well, and promises a full average crop. Oats promise, owing to increased acreage and fairly good condition, the largest crop ever harvested in the country, and the hay crop will not fall short of the average. Outside of winter wheat the crop outlook is encouraging.

### The Latest Tragedy in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, July 13.—The body of Howard Cooper, colored, who was hanged early this morning at Towson, remained suspended until a jury of inquest was summoned to-day. The verdict was that he came to his death by hanging at the hands of parties unknown. A large number of ladies visited the jail to-day to view the body. No effort has yet been made to discover who were the parties engaged in the lynching, nor is there manifested any disposition to know who they were. The friends of Miss Katie Gray, the victim of Cooper's brutality, are reticent. There appears to be a general feeling of relief that the tragedy is ended. The place of execution was not more than seventy-five yards from the jail, and the avengers of Miss Gray remained in the vicinity until the body had been thoroughly riddled with bullets to prevent the possibility of a miscarriage of their intention.

### Yarn Mill Burned.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Benjamin Schofield's yarn mill in West Manayunk was burned yesterday about noon, causing a loss of $200,000. The dam near by had run dry, and water was thrown upon the flames by buckets. The only thing possible was to stay the progress of the fire after it had spread to three three-story brick six room dwellings close by. The dwellings were destroyed. The occupants saved a portion of their furniture, the remainder being damaged or destroyed.

### Fortifications and Coast Defenses.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The board of fortifications and coast defenses held a private session to-day at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Secretary of War Endicott, Brig. Gen. S. V. Benet and Capt. Charles S. Smith, of the ordnance department; Brig. Gen. John Newton and Col. H. L. Abbott, of the engineer corps, United States army; Commanders W. T. Sampson and C. F. Goodrich, United States navy; Enoch Ludlow and Joseph Morgan, jr., who comprise the board, were present.

### A Rich Deposit of Mica.

READING, PA., July 13.—Considerable excitement was created at Sheridan, Lebanon county, this morning by the receipt of news from South Mountain, three miles distant, that a mine of mica had been discovered on the Joel Texter tract. A thirty-foot shaft has been sunk. A rich deposit of fine mica, worth from $3 to $9 a pound, was struck.

## CHEYENNES UNDER CONTROL.

**Finding the United States in Dead Earnest They Consent to Behave.**

The following telegram has been received at the Interior Department from Special Agent Armstrong now at Fort Reno, relative to the opening of the cattle trails through the Indian territory, and the threatened Indian trouble at the Cheyenne and Arapahoe agency:

"The herds stopped on the public land strip have been notified to move on. I think the trouble will cease, but it would be well to have a special agent of the Interior Department visit that section. There will be no trouble on the Indian reservations, but only on the public land north of the Pan Handle, where occupants have no right to be. The cattle were stopped on the strip by the United States authorities from Kansas. A special agent should be sent to go with herds over the trail to the state line. I think I had better wait here until these Indians (Cheyennes) are enrolled, and also to meet Gen. Sheridan, who will be here in a few days. Everything is quiet, and the Indians are willing to enroll and do whatever is required. I anticipate no trouble since they realize that the government is in earnest. They returned nine horses to-day said to have been stolen. The party I reported out will be in to-morrow. I think the cattlemen on the public land will claim protection under the animal industry bill."

UNITING THE TROOPS.

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 13.—The *Times'* Fort Leavenworth special states that Gen. Sheridan and Gen. Miles have left Chicago for Fort Reno via Caldwell, Kan. Twelve companies under Lieut. Col. Anderson, from the department of the Platte, have arrived at Wallace en route to Crossfield, the terminus of the Southern Kansas railroad, to re-enforce the troops already there. Six companies of the 6th infantry at Fort Douglas are also held in readiness to go to Crossfield under Lieut. Osborne. The united forces at the last named point will be under the command of Lieut. Col. Anderson.

EXCITEMENT INCREASING.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.—The Wichita, Kan., *Eagle's* special from the Indian territory this evening says the excitement is hourly increasing.

### United Hebrew Relief Association.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.—Delegates from the United Hebrew Relief Association of nearly all of the principal cities in the country assembled here to-day, under a call issued by the St. Louis Relief Association, for the purpose of forming a union of the Hebrew charities of the United States. The convention was called to order by Marcus Bernheimer, president of the local association, who delivered an address of welcome. Permanent organization was effected by the election of Marcus Bernheimer, of St. Louis, president; J. L. Isaacs, of New York, vice president; Albert Arstein, of St. Louis, secretary.

A resolution was adopted declaring in favor of forming the National Union of Hebrew Charities and stating the object of the association to be co-operation of the Hebrew Relief Associations of the United States in aid of the itinerant poor.

Messrs. S. Harse, of Louisville, S. Weill, of Milwaukee; J. Greenfelder, of Chicago; J. L. Isaacs, of New York; Albert Arstein, of St. Louis; Rev. Dr. J. K. Gutheim, of New Orleans; Rev. Dr. Schindler, of Boston, and Marcus Bernheimer, of St. Louis, were appointed a committee to draft a constitution and by-laws for the association.

### The Disaster on Lake Minnetonka.

ST. PAUL, July 13.—Divers and a large force of men have been engaged all day recovering the bodies of the ten people drowned in Lake Minnetonka last evening. In addition to the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rand, recovered this morning, the remains of Kate Goykendall have been found by Diver McDermot, clinging to a seat in the boat which was found lying in the mud under sixty feet of water. Frank Rand's body was brought up by grappling hooks about a hundred yards from the wreck. The divers report no more bodies in or about the boat, and say they can do no more on account of the deep mud into which they sink unless they cling to the boat. The programme now is to try dynamite and cannon firing over the surface of the lake. Capt. Burwell, in charge of the divers, has asked for artillery from Fort Snelling. It is proposed to use them to-night by the aid of big steamers and electric lights. Searching parties will work all night for fear the bodies will soon be buried beyond recovery under the mud drifted in by the strong current. Several cabins were sent to the scene of the disaster this afternoon and the bodies recovered were sent to Minneapolis.

### Tortured to Death.

RICHMOND, VA., July 13.—There has been considerable excitement for several days past in Henry county, in the vicinity of Martinsville, over the mystery involved in the death of Mrs. G. L. Stone, jr., who was found dead last Monday, and soon thereafter was buried. Suspicion of foul play being aroused the body was exhumed and a coroner's investigation began. An autopsy showed that the deceased was in a perfectly healthy condition. A large number of witnesses were examined, and on Saturday the coroner's jury rendered a verdict that Mrs. Stone came to her death from cruel and brutal treatment at the hands of her husband and his father, G. L. Stone, sr. Both father and son have been committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury. The evidence shows that the deceased was tortured to death by most shameful and unnatural treatment. The excitement over the crime continues, and no assault upon the jail and the lynching of the prisoners is threatened to-night.

### Fastest Boat in the World.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—No new steel steam yacht of this firm made a trial trip down the Delaware yesterday, as stated in certain newspapers this morning. Its an entire mistake," said one of the Messrs. Cramp this afternoon. "Our new iron steam yacht, which we claim will be the fastest boat in the world, made a trial trip down the river last Monday to Reedy Island and return, making 18 knots an hour. That was her trial trip. The boat has not left the wharf here since. To-morrow at noon we will take her around to New York on a trial trip. Possibly she may take part in the great ocean yacht race, but only as a looker on or a leader in the procession, or, in other words, we will not be allowed to compete because she carries 160 pounds of steam, and no yacht carrying more than 125 pounds of steam will be entered for that contest. Our new yacht will, however, go along with this race."

### Battling With the Flames.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 13.—Every able-bodied man in Alco, Jackson, and Tansboro, small villages in the lower part of Camden county, bordering on Burlington county, is out fighting forest and bog fires to-day. Last night they had a hard battle with the flames to prevent them from destroying Jackson, and this morning the fires bearing toward Medford. The tracts of cranberry bogs and cedar swamps where the fires are raging are located mostly in Eversham, Medford, and Shamong townships, in Burlington county, and is about ten miles long and four miles wide. The country around is filled with a dense smoke, which on Saturday night was blown as far as Camden. The damage is very large, but cannot be ascertained.

### Assassination in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, July 13.—A special from Horse Cave, Ky., says: George Johnson and William Slinker, while returning to their homes in Metcalf county Saturday, were fired upon from ambush by Wm. Clymer and Wm. Stokes. Slinker was fatally wounded and Johnson received serious injuries. The shooting grew out of a previous difficulty had in Horse Cave on that day.

### Death of Gen. Mercer.

WATERLOO, N. Y., July 13.—Gen. Myndert D. Mercer, president of the First National Bank, died here this evening of acute peritonitis after an illness of only a few days. He was a Democratic presidential elector in the late election, and was quartermaster general on Gov. Cleveland's staff, and held the same position under Gov. Hill. He leaves a family of two sons and two daughters. He was in his 55th year.

## CABLE CATCHES.

The international temperance conference will assemble in Antwerp on the 11th of September.

Russia has placed a sanitary commission at Granitza to inspect and disinfect trains entering Russia.

A dispatch from Athens says that Greece has abolished her consulates in Turkey, because the porte refused exequaturo to several Greek consuls.

Gen. Wolseley arrived in London from the Soudan yesterday. The Victoria railway station was crowded with soldiers, officers, and civilians. Gen. Wolseley was given an enthusiastic welcome.

The board of works of London cannot extend officially an invitation to the San Francisco fire brigade to visit London with their apparatus, yet the board say they would be pleased to see the San Francisco firemen, and would afford them every facility for examining the operations of the London fire department.

## MR. VILAS' HOME ROUTE.

**How a Superfluous Milwaukee Mail Service Was Restored.**

Postmaster General Vilas has written a letter to Postmaster Paul, of Milwaukee, in answer to a personal letter addressed to Mr. Vilas by Mr. Paul concerning the discontinuance of the Milwaukee and Grand Haven mail route. The letter throws some light upon the mysterious and sudden discontinuance of the route, and its re-establishment. Postmaster General Vilas says in the letter that the service from Milwaukee to Grand Haven was put on this year in pursuance of his personal direction, upon the petition of the chamber of commerce and prominent citizens of Milwaukee. Its discontinuance was ordered by the second assistant postmaster general. Mr. Vilas says, without remembrance of the fact that it had been recommended by him, and upon the representation of a division superintendent of the railway mail service east of Chicago; that it was not specially necessary for business convenience until the 1st of August, when the fruit season begins, and because special facilities had recently been provided by rail between Detroit and Milwaukee, which would give Milwaukee quite early communication. The second assistant, who acted under general orders from Mr. Vilas to diminish unnecessary cost of the transportation service, thought that something might be saved here. Mr. Vilas says that, as he has a little better understanding of the circumstances, he is satisfied the service is desirable now, and that a telegram had been sent by him for its restoration. This telegram was received on Wednesday, and the mail is now carried daily between Milwaukee and Grand Haven.

## THE MEDICAL CONVENTION.

**Difficulties Among the Physicians Appointed to Arrange for 1887.**

There has been considerable comment in medical circles throughout the country for some time past regarding the international medical congress, which is to be held here in 1887. The disturbance is caused by the expressed dissatisfaction of some physicians over what they claim to be excessive prominence given to eastern physicians in completing the arrangements for the congress. The dissatisfied members of the profession claim that there is also an attempt to keep new code men from participating in the congress.

At a recent meeting of the members of the medical profession in this city, who were reappointed by the new committee of the Medical Association in connection with the plan of organization for the congress, it was decided that there was no necessity for a change, and to decline the positions offered them under the new organization. The reason for this section was that the committee was properly constituted, and that the arrangements made so far were very satisfactory. The action of the committee will necessitate the appointment of other physicians to fill their places. The physicians of Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore have taken the same action. It is probable that the difficulty will be considered and amicably settled at a meeting of the Medical Association.

## CHANGES IN THE OFFICES.

**A Small List of Appointments to Begin the Week With.**

E. G. Pattie, of Maine, has been promoted from class 3 to class 4 in the office of the life saving service, and Mrs. Agnes C. Pepper, of Delaware, has been promoted from $900 to $1,000 in the bureau of statistics, both in the Treasury Department.

Virginia Democrats want to know why Mr. Lee, who was appointed postmaster at Newport News, was suspended. He was an elector on the Cleveland and Hendricks ticket, and he displaced Mr. Clay, a Mahone Republican.

Z. H. Halpin, of New York state, has been appointed postal agent at New York city. The place pays $2,500 a year.

The following fourth-class postmasters have been appointed: Charles F. Myers, vice Wm. H. Tumburn, at McKinsley's Mills, Carroll county, Md.; Emazetta Turman, vice E. G. Turman, Turman, Floyd county, Va., and Mrs. S. E. Hylton, vice Austin Hylton, Pax, Floyd county, Va.

Chairman Brown, of the Democrate state central committee of Maine, is in the city, and will call upon the President on Wednesday to urge again the appointment of Col. Morton as postmaster at Augusta, Me., to succeed Mr. Manley, whose commission expired in May last.

## REMOVALS ONLY FOR CAUSE.

**The President Said to Have Ended the Offensive Partisanship Foolishness.**

It is announced semi-officially that the President has directed the members of the Cabinet to discontinue the dismissal of employes except for just cause. The President, it is said, became suspicious of the unjust manner in which some removals for "offensive partisanship," so-called, were made, and he asked and received an explanation of the number of such cases which were brought to his personal attention. It is claimed, and generally believed, that the last order of the President is not a temporary one, but that it is the result of an objection from the New York and New England independents. Hereafter every case of "offensive partisanship" will be thoroughly sifted, and only in extreme cases will action be taken.

### Millions of Land Thrown Open.

Land Commissioner Sparks has rendered an important decision affirming the right of entry under the public land laws, and decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, of lands heretofore withdrawn by the voluntary action of the general land office for railroad indemnity purposes, where no requirements of law existed for making such withdrawals. The effect of this decision, if sustained by the Secretary of the Interior, will be to restore to entry under the homestead and other laws many million acres of public land which have been kept out of market for many years because claimed by railroad corporations. This decision was brought about by an inquiry from the receiver of the land office at Walla Walla, Washington territory, as to whether the Northern Pacific Railroad Company is entitled to the land regularly settled upon by one Miller, but which was by a change in the line of the above-mentioned road brought within its indemnity limits.

### The Virginia Democrats.

On the 29th instant the Virginia Democratic convention meets in Richmond to nominate a state ticket. Among the names mentioned in connection with the gubernatorial nomination are those of Fitz Lee, Paul, W. McKinney, Walter R. Staples, Holmes Conrad, John F. Massey, Arthur Cummings, James A. Walker, George C. Cabell, John T. Harris, John S. Barbour, S. H. Newberry, W. R. Aylett, and John L. Hurt. Hon. Jno. S. Barbour, as chairman of the state Democratic committee, will call the convention to order. It is expected that it will be in session two days. Mr. Barbour has, for "reasons conclusive to his mind" and he hopes "satisfactory to his friends," declined to allow his name to go before the convention.

### Business Failure in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, MD., July 13.—John C. Barkley, trading as Barkley & Co., coffee dealers, made a deed of trust for benefit of creditors to-day to Fielder & Stingluff, who gave bond for $300,000. Arthur Colburn, of Philadelphia, a special partner in the firm, having contributed $40,000, all of which is said to have been lost since the first of the year. The liabilities of the firm are estimated at $150,000, and the assets at nearly that amount. The concern succeeded Barkley & Hasson, who failed in 1881, compromising at 50 cents on the dollar.

### The Killer of a Tramp Exonerated.

DETROIT, MICH., July 13.—A special to the *Journal* from Novi says: An unknown tramp invaded the house of Wm. Jones last night and demanded lodging. On being refused he commenced to break the furniture and drove the family out of the house. Jones returned with a gun, with which he shot the tramp, killing him instantly. The prosecuting attorney refuses to prosecute Jones, entirely exonerating him from blame.

### Drowning of a West Point Cadet.

NEWBURG, N. Y., July 13.—Warwick McCray, a third class cadet at West Point from Pennsylvania, was drowned to-day while bathing. Two other cadets endeavored to rescue him.

## THE SPORTING WORLD.

POOR FIELDING AND WORSE UMPIRING GIVES LANCASTER ANOTHER GAME.

**The Virginias Also Get Knocked Out Yesterday—Scores of Games in Other Cities—Brighton Beach Races—To-Day's Racing—Programme at Long Branch and the Odds.**

LANCASTER, PA., July 13.—The Nationals were very unfortunate at all points to-day. Eight base hits, two of which were double baggers, yielded them but two runs, while the Lancasters got five runs from four hits. The umpire decided all close points strictly in favor of the Lancasters. Powell was twice declared out at first when he had plainly reached the base safely. The misfortune of these two decisions lies in the fact that in each instance Burch followed with a three-base hit that would have brought Powell home at once. One of Burch's hits was the longest ever seen here. Gagus pitched a great game, and was well supported by Cook. The score was as follows:

LANCASTER.

| | R. | B.H. | P.O. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Parker, l. f. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Oldfield, c. | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| Hilend, 2b. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| McTammany, c. f. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Goodman, 1b. | 1 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Donald, 3b. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Smith, r. f. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Tenney, s. s. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Deagle, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Totals | 5 | 4 | 27 | 18 | 4 |

NATIONALS.

| | R. | B.H. | P.O. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hoover c. f. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Powell, r. f. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Burch, l. f. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Knowles, 2b. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Morrissey, 1b. | 1 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| White, s. s. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Cook, c. | 1 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 3 |
| Gladmon, 3b. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Gagus, p. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 1 |
| Totals | 2 | 8 | 24 | 22 | 6 |

ISNINGS.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| National | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |
| Lancaster | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | —5 |

Earned runs—Lancaster, 2. Three-base hits—Burch, 2. Left on bases—Lancaster, 4; National, 9. Double plays—White and Morrissey. Struck out—Lancaster, 10; National, 6. Bases on balls—Lancaster, 3. Bases on errors—Lancaster, 2; National, 3. Passed balls—Oldfield, 2; Cook, 1. Wild pitches—Deagle, 1; Gagus, 1. Time—1 hour and 45 minutes. Umpire—Parks.

GAMES ELSEWHERE:

At Buffalo—

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Buffalo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —4 |
| Chicago | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | —6 |

Base hits—Buffalo, 12; Chicago, 9. Errors—Buffalo, 7