The National Republican.

Daily (except Sunday) and Weekly.

Published by the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY, E. W. FOX, President and Manager.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5.

The National Republican proposes to publish a memorial edition in honor of Gen. Grant. It will contain, in addition to original matter, many selections from various sources, but it is especially desired that those of our readers who have facts not heretofore published, and which would be appropriate for such an occasion, will furnish them to us at an early day.

THE MEMORIAL EDITION.

A handsome, illustrated Grant memorial edition of The National Republican will be issued on Sunday morning next, the day after the funeral of the great captain in New York city. It will contain a large amount of matter that will have a permanent interest, matter whose value will increase with the lapse of years. Such a paper will be a welcome gift to be sent to friends at a distance. There is scarcely a home in the land where it would not be gladly received, and, after being read by the family, carefully laid away as a souvenir for the next generation. Orders for the memorial issue should be sent to or left at the business office of The Republican, Tenth and D streets. The price per single copy will be 5 cents.

A splendid cotton crop this year promises a partial offset for the wheat deficit.

Traction street car lines are slowly but surely forcing the horse as a motor into retirement.

It appears to have been officially determined that all Virginia Republicans are offensive partisans.

There had to be some killing at the election in Kentucky on Monday or the proceedings would have been irregular.

Even the President of the United States might, without any sacrifice of dignity, modify an order that is impossible of execution.

Pennsylvania papers ought to know better than to put the name of J. D. Cameron in the list of President Grant's secretaries of the navy.

Mugwumpian fidelity to the administration was expected to put the cold, sordid, calculating Democrats to shame, but it hasn't done any such thing.

Extremes meet when the refined and polished Hendricks and the rude Indian, Red Cloud, utter identical views on the great question of spoils and hossing.

The first assistant postmaster general has acquired such skill in bouncing country postmasters that he can keep six in the air at a time from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.

The influences of a good home are the best protection for girls or boys in England or elsewhere, and without this protection the laws of parliament will be of little avail.

Respect for Gen. Grant does not appear in attacks on his oldest son at this particular time. If Fred Grant must be abused the chastisement might well be deferred till after the funeral.

The New York Mugwumps have settled one of the great questions of the age by their able and erudite decision invalidating the claim of Tammany to a place inside the Democratic party.

It is hoped that the czar will not attribute the recent earthquake in Asiatic Russia to nihilistic dynamiters. And the nihilists need not flatter themselves that Providence has decided to co-operate with them.

Some of the Paris papers assert that President Grant sent congratulations to Emperor William on each of the successive victories of the German army in the Franco-Prussian war. The whole story is utterly, totally, and meanly false.

Lord Randolph Churchill evidently believes that the only way to reform the tory party is to raze the structure to the ground and build it anew. This plan would be successful if none of the old material were used in the new edifice.

It is both right and expedient for the government to exercise great vigilance in the detection of pension frauds. It ought not to be considered wrong or inexpedient to use equal care in behalf of those who are justly entitled to pensions, but are shut out by mere formalities.

"The President has no favors to ask of congressmen," says the Boston *Advertiser*. Of course not, and yet such a blunt way of stating a fact is not at all necessary, nor is it calculated to promote harmony between the legislative and executive departments of the government.

All the money in the world would be no compensation to Gen. Black for the suffering he has endured and must still endure by reason of wounds received in the service of his country. Decency should have forbidden such comments as have been made on his pension allowance.

The Rev. Dr. Leonard, Prohibition candidate for governor of Ohio, invites the personal attentions of the fool-killer when he asserts that "no Methodist can vote the Republican ticket and be true to his church." But most of the Ohio Methodists will vote as they pray—for the Republican ticket unscratched.

A Paris mob is a ferocious but cowardly animal. It usually selects unarmed victims, and prefers women and children to stalwart men as recipients of its diabolical attentions. The attack on a peaceful and orderly detachment of the Salvation Army in Paris the other day was unprovoked and inexcusable.

The Washington correspondent of Editor McClure's Democratic newspaper frankly concedes that "removals, or 'suspensions,' as they are more tenderly termed, are now being made every day by the dozen and by the score without any charges being filed against the incumbents." The Mugwumps do not incline to rise up and denounce this statement as a falsehood.

THE VIRGINIA SITUATION.

It is unlikely that extreme heat or intense activity will characterize the campaign in Virginia for some weeks to come, but there is already manifested an interest sufficiently deep to show that a great popular upheaval is billed for the latter part of September and the whole of October.

In the tickets, platforms, and antecedents of the opposing parties there are the conditions of a ready great campaign—a campaign of sense and reason, of appeals to the sober judgment of men rather than to their passions and prejudices. Personal abuse need not constitute a feature of this canvass, for each party has chosen as its leader a citizen of good repute.

On the other hand, the tickets, platforms, and antecedents of the two parties present conditions which may result in a campaign that will be great only in intensity of excitement. Each party has among its leading spirits gentlemen who have, in the past, been prominently identified with the other party. The old Democratic party, so to speak, having been split in twain is now distributed between the Democratic and Republican organizations. To a much less extent the old Republican party is similarly divided, a few of its members having gone over to the "Conservatives." The Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor was, not long ago, a coadjutor with many of the gentlemen who are now in the van of the Republican phalanx. All these peculiar circumstances are liable to present irritating complications, and discussion of great issues may degenerate into offensive personalities.

It happens, unfortunately, that a fair presentation of facts on the Republican side will be a terrible indictment of the opposition. We call this unfortunate, because it is a misfortune to any state to have a party capable of making such a record as has been made by the Democrats of Virginia in the last two years.

But for their appeal to the race issue in 1883 they would have been voted down. Say what they will, gloss it over as best they can, the Danville riot was a horrible massacre. It was probably made to order. It was certainly used just as it would have been if it had been deliberately planned. Truth compels the utterance of these things, but bourbon intolerance resents such utterances.

We say in all candor, and in strict fidelity to the facts of history, that the Democratic legislature elected under the influence of the Danville riot and its general utilization was a revolutionary body. Free government and such bodies cannot live in the same state. That legislature would have been impotent for evil if it had not trampled on law and decency in order to override the constitutional power of the governor. Having put out elected members and put in its own tools, it proceeded to the enactment of a law by which the Democracy of Virginia intend to hold on to power in spite of an adverse majority of votes.

All this will have to be stated on the stump and in the press; and, if there is a decided disinclination on the part of the bourbons to have their record exposed and their acts freely commented on, the campaign may work up to white heat.

The Democratic tactics of Mississippi, Louisiana, South Carolina, and several other states cannot be successfully employed in the Old Dominion, for the Virginia Republicans are not the kind of men to take bulldozing in good part. They mean to have perfect freedom of speech. They desire a fair campaign, an honest election, and peaceful acquiescence in the result. If this desire is not violently opposed there will be no trouble. But there will be any amount of trouble if there is any attempt to make the Mississippi plan a permanent feature of Virginia politics.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

The assertion that there was a reduction of the public debt to the extent of $8,662,790 during the first month of the new fiscal year is misleading. The amount stated was paid on account of interest, leaving the principal just where it was at the close of the last fiscal year.

Equally deceptive, although not intended to deceive, is the statement that the cash available for payment of the public debt is now $44,652,929, against $40,676,930 on July 1. This apparent increase is really a loss, because the balance for Aug. 1 includes $6,000,000 received from the New York Clearing House Association in exchange for a like amount of fractional silver coins.

The amount of net gold in the treasury is $126,098,595, an increase of nearly $6,000,000 since June 30. This increase came from the exchange of gold for fractional silver coins, as explained above.

The accumulation of silver certificates increases the net silver holdings, so that the silver dollars actually owned by the government now number 867,627,842, an increase of $3,745,656 for the month.

There is nothing especially alarming in these facts, nor do they indicate any unusual success in financeering. The silver dicker with the banks may eventually serve to get small coins into more general use, but its expediency, on general principles, may be fairly questioned.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

Some days ago The Republican was reproved by a Virginia contemporary for an intimation that lack of tolerance on the part of southern people was one reason why the tide of immigration did not set in that direction. The Republican did not state and does not think that the feeling referred to was or is universal, but its existence in sundry places is undeniable. There are many localities in the south where immigrants are not wanted and where natives have a hard time if they decline to fall in with the current of public sentiment.

The New York *Herald* is not at all disinclined to do full justice to the south and her people, which is precisely what The Republican aims to do. The *Herald* of the 4th instant says:

Southern newspapers continue to speak plainly about lawlessness in their respective neighborhoods. The Charleston *News and Courier*, instead of suppressing some stories of recent law breaking by alleged "gentlemen" in Laurens county, sent a special correspondent to the scene of the disturbances, printed all the details, commented severely upon all the offenders, particularly upon those of high social standing, and then put the blame where it belonged.

Here is what the Charleston *News and Courier* said editorially of the troubles in Laurens county:

Our correspondent was assured, and found reasons to believe, that public sentiment in Laurens county is strongly opposed to the condition of affairs which prevails there, and that the law-abiding people of the county appreciate the injury that must result to them if the impression obtains abroad that the county is not a safe place to live in. It is very significant, however, that the colored people of the county have so far absorbed that impression that large numbers of them have already moved away, and that it is necessary to banish emigration agents at the point of the pistol. It is time for the law-abiding citizens to declare and enforce their sentiments when colored laborers are afraid to work in the fields alone, and when white men are afraid to testify to crimes of which they have knowledge.

Although "public sentiment is strongly opposed" to the diabolism it goes on all the same. The colored people are moving away, emigration agents are banished by threats of death, and white men fear to testify to facts within their knowledge.

Gentlemen may cry peace, peace; but there is no peace, and there never will be, in this republic, so long as states are controlled and a great party brought into power by such means as those which are hinted at in the *News and Courier*.

To-day the New York *World* expects to "turn into the last thousand" of its $100,000 Bartholdi pedestal fund. In a few days there will be great rejoicing in the *World's* office, and Editor Pulitzer, having called the boys together, will ask them to join him in singing that good old hymn commencing—

"'Tis done, the great transaction's done.

The Grant funeral ceremonies began at Mount McGregor yesterday. To-day the remains will lie in state at the capitol in Albany. To-morrow and Friday they will lie in state at the city hall, New York, and on Saturday the temporary interment will take place at Riverside Park.

We desire to impress upon the minds of our readers that those of them who have interesting reminiscences of Gen. Grant will do the public a favor by writing them out and sending them to The Republican to be printed in the memorial edition next Sunday.

We again remind our patrons and the public generally that a carefully prepared report of the funeral ceremonies of Gen. Grant will be published in the illustrated memorial edition of The Republican next Sunday morning.

In the mild month of September the venerable Franz Josef of Austria will meet his brother of Russia, but the great kissing bout of two years ago cannot be repeated in the absence of Brother William of Germany.

Although the returns are not all in we think it highly probable that the Republicans were defeated in Kentucky on Monday. That state may be put down as naturally Democratic.

The Spanish people are emulating the cheerful example of Mark Tapley. The more gloomy the situation the jollier they get.

GOD OF THE THERMOMETER.

"By Jove, this hot weather is enervating," exclaimed Mars, as he wiped the perspiration from his brow. "I've lost all interest in the Russo-Angle tear."

"It doesn't affect me that way; I'm always up and doing in warm weather."

"Who in Hades are you, that you differ so much from the rest of the gods?"

"Why, I'm Mercury."—*Warren (O.) Tribune.*

A HEALTHY KICK FOR CLEVELAND.

The state official clique of Louisiana, headed by Senator Eustis, has formally forsworn President Cleveland, and organized a cabal of kickers, as the *Picayune* puts it. Senator Eustis demanded the immediate compliance of the President in filling the federal offices in Louisiana, and when Cleveland decided to consider the matter with care Senator Eustis shook the dust of the capital from his feet, hied himself off to Europe, and his followers are now amusing themselves as an organization of kickers. This is a decidedly healthy kick for Cleveland, and he is most fortunate in the foolish impulsiveness of the kickers. —*Philadelphia Times.*

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ABOUT PEOPLE.

Emile Zola is writing a new book; it will be called "L'Oeuvre."

Hon. B. B. Smalley, of Vermont, and Hon. T. W. Palmer, of Michigan, are at the Elliott.

Mr. McLane, United States minister to France, is passing the summer season at Saint Germain, near Paris.

Secretary Whitney did not return to Washington yesterday, and will be away until after the Grant funeral ceremonies.

Miss Iola and Lizzie Fabler, of South Washington, left Monday evening for a month's sojourn in the vicinity of Jamestown, N. Y.

Dr. Ferran, whose cholera vaccinations in Spain are attracting so much attention, is a native of Tortosa, and is about 40 years old.

M. Henri Rochefort is reported to be writing a five-act drama, the subject of which is based upon an incident in the Cuban revolution.

Mr. Crawford's "Mr. Isaacs" has just been published in Paris, with an introduction by M. Henri Nourrayé, a young writer on the *Debats*, who married an American girl.

Hon. D. S. Alexander, late fifth auditor, now practicing law in the city of Buffalo, N. Y., has been appointed an aid on the staff of Gen. W. S. Hancock for next Saturday.

Rev. Dr. Byron Sunderland will leave on Friday for New York. He will there witness the Grant obsequies, and thence proceed to the Catskill mountains, where he will spend several weeks. Rev. T. S. Childs will fill the pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church during Dr. Sunderland's absence.

Since Mr. Levi P. Morton gave up the house that he occupied at Paris, while he was our minister there, the municipal council has decided to remove the reduced statue of liberty, which was placed in the square in front of Mr. Morton's house. The statue will be placed on an island where the Grevelle bridge crosses the Seine.

The gentleman nominated to succeed Victor Hugo, in the French senate, is M. Sougeon, a former president of the Paris municipal council. M. Sougeon was an active republican in 1848, and was implicated in the insurrectionary movement of June 13, 1849. He fled to Brussels, where he lived until 1870. Since the war he has taken an active part in Parisian politics, but he is hardly prominent enough to succeed Victor Hugo.

President Grevy is building a magnificent private residence in the Avenue d'Iena, near the Trocadero. The house will be ready this winter, and its completion coincides with the close of the president's term of office. It is understood that M. Grevy will not again be a candidate, his great age and long public services giving him a right to retire to private life. In his new house quarters have been specially prepared for Mr. Wilson and his wife, who is M. Grevy's daughter.

RAILWAY DEBTS, EARNINGS, AND DIVIDENDS.

The annual compilation of railway statistics by Mr. Poor, though always so far behind time as to relate to a comparatively distant period, is nevertheless found instructive because it gives the only indication of the general condition of the entire railway system. The statement this year embraces 125,152 miles of road in operation, against 120,552 for the year 1883. It would be naturally expected that, on account of the addition of 4,600 miles of new road costing much less than the average of the older lines, a considerable decrease might appear in the average of capital account per mile in operation. But Mr. Poor's report makes the average of stock, bonds, and other debts, $61,337 per mile, against $62,030 per mile for the previous year. The increase in amount of stock reported, over $11,700 per mile for the new road added, is only moderate.

But the increase in the amount of bonds reported averages $36,500 per mile of new road, which leads at once to the conclusion that a considerable part of the new bonds must have been issued by old roads, either for construction, or to fund a previous floating debt, or to meet current expenditures and continue dividends. Evidently the new roads have not cost all the money represented by the new securities. It is evident, also, that a part of the new bonds was issued in place of floating debt, as the amount of "other debt" has decreased $24,238,689. The roads have certainly not been paying off debt, as a rule, from their earnings during the past year.

The gross earnings reported, $770,684,908, are the lowest per mile on record. In 1877 the average was only $6,381 per mile, and in 1878 only $6,207 per mile, but in 1884 it was only $6,158 per mile. Still the reduction since the palmy days of 1881 is not so great as many have imagined. It proves to be only $740 per mile of road operated, about 11 per cent. But the difference in net earnings is $662 per mile, nearly as much, and the net earnings are also the lowest on record. The comparison shows that the expenses were proportionately larger last year than before, and that the railroads were carrying a heavier traffic, but at lower rates than ever before. According to Mr. Poor, the average rate was only 1.124 cent per ton per mile, against 1.236 in 1883. This decrease, though barely an eighth of a cent per ton per mile, is enough to make a very important difference in the condition of the railroads. That alone accounts for a difference of 1½ per cent. in the dividends on all the stocks of all the railroads in the country.

The amount of dividends paid last year, according to Mr. Poor, was $93,244,855, which averages 2.47 per cent. on the entire stock outstanding. In 1883, the dividends paid amounted to $102,052,548, and averaged 2.75 per cent. of the stock outstanding. Nevertheless the dividends paid per mile of road operated are not the lowest on record, though the earnings, both gross and net, were lower than ever before. The average reported, $745 per mile, is substantially the same as in 1879, while the average reported last year, $846 per mile operated, was the same as in 1880. In 1881, $915 per mile, and in 1882, $907 per mile were paid, according to Mr. Poor's report. Comparing the dividends paid with the gross and net earnings, one is forced to conclude that some part of the increase in bonded debt went to continue the payment of dividends where they were not earned. In part, the dividends paid represented borrowed money, and the desire of managers to sustain the prices of stocks in speculation.—*New York Tribune.*

TWO CONFLICTING THEORIES.

The St. Louis *Republican* has started a discussion as to the cause of the aversion of immigrants settling in the southern states. It is inclined to think that the presence of the colored man is the great obstacle, and it takes a doleful view of the future of many localities in that section which it believes are destined to pass wholly into the possession of the negro. The cause which the *Republican* assigns is, perhaps, one of the least which prevents the south from getting its share of the steady flow of hardy immigrants from Europe to this country. A much greater reason is the backward state of society and the contempt for law and order in the south. The thrifty immigrant knows that in the western states and territories there are cheap lands plenty of railroads and school houses and churches, and, above all, the same social and political freedom to be found in the older states. Until the south can offer equal advantages it will have to do without outside additions to its population. The foreigner who has broken the ties which bound him to the old world is too sagacious to set up his household gods in a part of the new world where the conditions are less favorable than they were in the country from whence he came.—*Philadelphia Press.*

THE ROYAL BAVARIAN SPENDTHRIFT.

The recent private performances at the Munich Court Theater, which were witnessed by nobody except the king of Bavaria, cost $150,000, and it has been decided that steps must be at once taken to put an end to the king's extravagances, which are bearing heavily on the country at a time when its finances are by no means in a flourishing condition. The German emperor and Prince Bismarck will support the royal family in any measures which they may decide to adopt. The king has wasted the immense fortune with which he began his reign, and he is said to be in debt to the public treasury to the extent of $1,500,000.—*London Truth.*

GRANT IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

The memorial services by which Gen. Grant will to-day be honored in Westminster Abbey bear impressive witness to the change wrought by twenty years in the attitude of England toward this country. When the United States were racked by the shock and strain of civil war, the British aristocracy and its obsequious abettors in the professional and commercial classes viewed with undisguised complacency the attempt to wreck the Union. Yet now by the same molders of British public opinion a man who saved the Union is proclaimed worthy of distinction heretofore reserved for those who had made the name of England great.—*New York Sun, Aug. 4.*

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GROWING OLD.

Growing old! The pulse's measure
Keeps its even tenor still;
Eye and hand nor fail nor falter,
And the brain obeys the will;
Only by the whitening tresses,
And the deepening wrinkles told,
Youth has passed away like vapor;
Prime is gone, and I grow old.

Laughter hushes at my presence,
Gay young voices whisper lower,
If I dare to linger by it,
All the stream of life runs slower.
Though I love the mirth of children,
Though I prize youth's virgin gold,
What have I to do with either?
Time is telling—I grow old.

Not so dread the gloomy river
That I shrank from so of yore;
All my first of love and friendship
Gather on the further shore.
Were it not the best to join them
Ere I feel the blood run cold?
Ere I hear it said too harshly,
"Stand back from us—you are old!"
—*All the Year Round.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 4th, 1885.

We, the undersigned Banks and Bankers, being desirous of showing our respect to the memory of Gen. Grant, who, as General Commanding the Army and as President of the United States, resided during a considerable period in our city, hereby agree to close our respective places of business, as far as practicable, on SATURDAY, the 8th instant, the day set apart for the funeral of the illustrious deceased.

All persons having paper maturing on that day are respectfully requested to provide for it the day previous.

GEO. H. B. WHITE,
Cashier National Metropolitan Bank.
TOWERS & GREEN.
CORSON & MACARTNEY,
1419 F street.
BATEMAN & CO., 1411 F street.
CRANE, PARRIS & CO., 1311 F street.
BELL & CO., 1107 Pennsylvania avenue.
THOS. C. FEARSALL, Cashier Citizen's National Bank of Wash. City.
B. P. SNYDER,
President National Savings Bank.
RIGGS & CO.
B. P. SNYDER,
President National Safe Deposit Co.
W. LAIRD, Jr.,
Cashier Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank, Georgetown, D. C.
LEWIS JOHNSON & CO.
CHAS. S. BRADLEY,
Cashier National Bank of the Republic, of Washington.
A. B. RUFF,
Asst. Cashier Central National Bank, Washington City.
C. A. JAMES,
Cashier Bank of Washington.
H. C. SWAIM,
Cashier Second National Bank. •
au5-3t

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Notice is hereby given to remove all wires attached to roof of other part of the premises 1329 F st. N. W. within thirty (30) days from date. All wires not removed before Sept. 1, 1885, will be cut without further notice.
T. B. HARRISON.
Aug. 4, 1885. au4-5t

KIT CARSON POST, NO. 2, G. A. R., having resolved to attend the funeral obsequies of Gen. Grant in a body, all comrades of this or other posts desiring to join it are requested to inform the adjutant general of the department at headquarters any evening before Friday of this week of their intention, with view to securing the reduced transportation.
By order of the post commander:
CHARLES F. KEEFER,
au4-3t Acting Adjutant.

THE STEAMER ARMENIA WILL make a special trip to Lower Cedar Point SATURDAY, AUG. 8, leaving at 9 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. au4-3t

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE POTOMAC, G. A. R., August 3, 1885.
Special Orders, No. 7.
Comrades who propose attending the funeral of Gen. Grant, and who desire to go at the FIVE DOLLAR RATE, must report to the assistant adjutant general on or before THURSDAY, the 6th instant.
All Posts or comrades of this department going will report at these headquarters on FRIDAY, the 7th instant, at 7:30 p. m.
$6.50 tickets can be procured at these headquarters on Thursday and Friday evenings.
The assistant adjutant general will be at headquarters (9th and D streets) every evening until time of starting.
By command of
N. M. BROOKS,
Department Commander.
JOHN C. S. BURGER,
Assist. Adjutant General. au3-m,tu,th.

ANY PERSON SELLING GASOLINE or other vapor fluids representing them as Danforth's Fluid will be proceeded against according to law. Persons not receiving the genuine article will report to
DANFORTH FLUID COMPANY,
jy29-1m 703 9th st. N. W.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE OFFICE OF Mrs. Dr. Semmes, the well-known Chiropodist and Dermatologist, will be open all summer. 1222 F st. jy15-3m

H. A. SELIGSON,
1424 Penn. Av. N. W.,
Sells Virginia Claret (Norton's Seedling) at 80 CENTS A GALLON.
California and Ohio Wines. jel5-tf

H. O. CANDEE, VITAPATH PHYSICIAN.—I employ the best health resources of nature, scientifically applied through vital Nervaura, Electricity, Vegetable Remedies, Food, Water, Air, Heat, Light, Opera, Electric Vapor Baths, &c. I discard all Minerals, Opiates, Mercury, Quinine, Alcoholic Stimulants. I prepare all my own vegetable remedies. Consultation free. Call or send for testimonials of wonderful cures.
I treat all diseases acute or chronic. Office and reception parlors, 922 F st., bet. 9th and 10th sts., Washington, D. C.

AUCTION SALES.

BY THOMAS DOWLING, AUCTIONEER.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF BUILDING LOT ON VIRGINIA AVENUE, BETWEEN SEVENTEENTH AND EIGHTEENTH STS. NORTHWEST.
By virtue of a deed of trust dated January 3, 1878, recorded Lib. 877, f. 390, et seq., of the Land Records of the District of Columbia, I shall offer for sale at public auction, in front of the premises, on THURSDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 5:30 o'clock, p. m., original lot 4, in square 147, in the city of Washington.
Terms of sale—Indebtedness secured and expenses of sale in cash; balance at six, twelve, and eighteen months, with interest from day of sale, secured by deed of trust on the property. One hundred dollars deposit at time of sale. Conveyancing at purchaser's cost.
GEORGE R. HERRICK,
au3-m,th,9t Trustee.

BUSINESS CARDS.

AWNING MAKER—R. C. M. BURTON, 434 9th st. N. W. Reception Canopies and Decorations for rent. All kinds of Awnings, Tents, and Flags made.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS—JOHN E. BEALL, basement 1420 F st. N. W. Commissioner for every State and Territory. Telephone 344-2.

J. L. KERVAND, 1012 PA. AVE.—Engraving plate and 50 visiting cards, 80 cts.; 50 cards from same plate, 45 cts.; 100 cards printed from plate, 75 cts.

TRUNKS AND HARNESS—JAMES S. TOPHAM, 1231 Pa. ave. N. W.

PERSONAL.

ATTENTION GIRLS AND BOYS!—DO you want to learn to draw, but think you have no taste or talent for drawing, come to the National Academy of Fine Arts, 1741 N. Y. ave., cor. 18th st. Instructions free Saturday mornings for the month of August. Receptions free, Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. au4-3t

SUCCESS IN PHOTOGRAPHING CHILdren; quick method; sittings up to 5 p. m.; cabinets, $2.50 per dozen. LARDNER, 927 Pa. ave. (over Vogt's). au3-3t

10 PER CENT. REDUCTION UNTIL OCT. 1 at Vienna Optician Co., No. 609 Pa. ave. N. W.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS—Questions and answers in all subjects. Send 10 cents. IVY INSTITUTE, 800 K st. N. W. jy28-1m

JAS. RUTHERFORD, DEALER IN STAple and Fancy Groceries, 936 D st. N. W. Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. my11-1y

CLOCKS—ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND American, repaired by JAMES G. BATES, 638 Pa. ave. east; send postal and he will call; perfect work guaranteed. no10-1y

PERSONAL COMFORT.

DR. WHITE, FOOT SPECIALIST.

Corns, Bunions, Club and Inverted Nails, Vascular Excrescences, and all diseases of the feet treated at his establishment, 1116 Pennsylvania avenue (opposite Willard's Hotel). DR. WHITE'S twenty-fifth consecutive year of practice in Washington. (Baltimore establishment, 11 North Eutaw street). Office fee, $1 a sitting. Hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

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PAVEMENTS.
GRANOLITHIC, ARTIFICIAL STONE, ASPHALTUM, NEUCHATEL MASTIC, Streets, Sidewalks, Stables, Basement and Cellar Floors, or wherever a Solid, Smooth, and Durable Pavement or Floor is required.
Orders promptly attended to, and All Work Guaranteed for the Term of Five Years.
NOTICE.
All representations that the above work, as now performed by me, is an infringement of any rights of others, or that any court has so held, is incorrect.
I guarantee all patrons of my work against any claims or suits for damages.
H. L. CRANFORD,
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