The National Republican.

VOL. XXVI.---NO. 282. WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1886. THREE CENTS.

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THE OFF YEAR.

Unexpected Losses and Gains in All Sections.

Large Plurality for Hewitt in New York City.

ROOSEVELT COMES OUT THIRD IN THE MAYORALTY CONTEST.

Republican Congressmen Fall Behind in Supposed Safe Districts.

VIRGINIA TURNS THE TABLES ON THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

McKenna Returned from the Sixth Maryland District.

The Next House Will Stand About as the Present.

Seldom indeed is the hour of 2 o'clock in the morning of the first Wednesday in November reached with as meager returns at hand as those of to-day. More especially is this notable as yesterday's polling decided the complexion of the fifteth Congress, and at the hour of going to press it is absolutely hazardous to express an opinion as to the constitution of the next House of Representatives, though it is probable that the Democrats will hold it by a majority not far short of that in the present House.

Politically regarded the result is one made up of surprises for both of the prominent parties, and indicates that the elements of labor and prohibition will have to be more closely consulted in the future.

Partial returns from thirty-four states show a considerable decrease from the total vote of 1884. The solid south preserves its Democratic prestige, except in Virginia, where an honest count seems to have supplemented the awakened interest of the people, and won to the Republican interest the first, fifth, ninth, and tenth districts, making the Republican delegation five instead of two representatives.

In New York state the twenty-third, twenty-fourth, and twenty-eighth districts have been gained by the Republicans, and the eighteenth lost. Massachusetts is as great a disappointment on one hand as Virginia on the other, for while the Republicans gain by the election of Mr. Lodge over the sitting member, Mr. Lovering, in the sixth, they lose the third and tenth by the defeat of Mr. Ranney by Mr. Morse, and of Mr. Rice by Mr. Russell.

From Minnesota conflicting reports have been received. The indications are that the Democratic state ticket has been successful, and that three congressional districts have been lost to the Republicans. In the first Connecticut district Mr. Vance defeats Mr. Buck, the present Republican representative, and Democratic gains are claimed in the tenth Tennessee, the fourth Wisconsin, the first New Hampshire, and the fifth Missouri. The claim is made that Mr. Morrison has beaten in the eighteenth Illinois; and in the third district of the same state it seems as though Mr. Mason (Rep.) is to displace Mr. Ward, by whom he was beaten two years ago. In Ohio a Republican gain of 4 is claimed.

By the election of Republican legislatures in New York and Connecticut the continuance of Senators Miller and Hawley in the positions they honor is assured.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, NOV. 2.—The election in New York to day is for a judge of the court of appeals, for members of the legislature, and for thirty-four congressmen. The nominees for the judgeship are Judge Charles Daniels, of Buffalo, Republican; Rufus W. Peckham, of Albany, Democrat, and William J. Gaynor, Prohibitionist. The contest is between the two first named, almost nothing being heard of the Prohibitionist candidate. There has been little campaign work done for either Daniels or Peckham. Both are recognized as eminently worthy of the position, but it is believed that Judge Daniels, who has long been prominent on the supreme court bench, will attract many Democratic votes. The *World* has practically supported him, mainly because it considered Peckham an anti-Hill nomination. The vote for judge will be compared with the gubernatorial vote of last year. The state voted also upon the question whether a convention for revising the constitution should be held. A majority of all the votes cast at the election is required for an affirmative decision.

NEW YORK, NOV. 2.—Ten thousand people watched the returns thrown in stereopticon views in Madison square to-night. The Republican headquarters were crowded with anxious partisans. The Democratic headquarters were closed. Mr. Hewitt was seen at the Fifth Avenue Hotel early in the evening. He was confident that he was elected.

The city returns, with the exception of one election district, shows the following vote: Roosevelt, 60,362; Hewitt, 90,226; George, 67,674; Wardwell, 534.

When late tonight it was made known at the headquarters of the Central Labor Union that Henry George was defeated the crowd there assembled gave voice to expressions of disdain. Henry George came into the hall at 11 o'clock, and amounting a table addressed his supporters, saying that he felt prouder than if he held in his hand official returns making him President of the United States. His devotion to the great cause was shown and he felt certain that under a fair count of the ballots he would be the next mayor of New York. "If the official returns do not give me that office," he said, "it is because of the money and intimidation used and of the rum shops of state and national administrations, of an unscrupulous press, the unreasonable fear of the ignorant rich, and the degradation of the miserable poor."

"What we sought we accomplished by bringing principle into politics," he went on to say. "I congratulate you on the greatest of victories that we have won. Thank God we have demonstrated the political power of labor. Never again will the politicians look upon the labor movement with contempt. You men who have worked night and day without a penny know under what disadvantages this struggle has been made. You know what enthusiasm has enabled us to do. If this is the beginning, what will be the end? I thank you from the bottom of my heart for I feel prouder tonight you had given me the highest office in the land."

Mr. Hewitt dropped in at the New Amsterdam club late last night and was at once surrounded by friends and overwhelmed with congratulations. To a United Press reporter he said, "I do not regard my election as a personal victory, but as the triumph of good sense of the people over the theories of wild visionaries. The result demonstrates that the educated people can be relied upon to give a righteous verdict when a question involving their best interests is submitted to their judgment. It seems to me a pity that Mr. Roosevelt, jr., for whom I have so high esteem, was drawn into the race. The issue was a problem represented by Mr. George, against the principles of Democratic government, represented by myself. It is the fashion for successful candidates to outline their intentions and season them with promises, but I prefer to be judged by what I do. This I will say, however, that, if Mr. Roosevelt has any reforms at heart, or if Mr. George can make any suggestions tending to ameliorate the condition of the workingman I shall be happy to give them my serious attention."

The Democrats elect twenty assembly men in this city and the Republicans four, a Republican loss of two. In King's the Republicans elect three and the Democrats nine, a Republican gain of one.

The present assembly consists of 77 Republicans and 51 Democrats.

The Kings county board of supervisors will stand Democrats, 10; Republicans, 7.

Two hundred and sixty-six districts in Brooklyn give Peckham 53,032; Daniels, 41,559.

Returns from over 230 districts outside of New York and Kings counties shows that Daniels is getting about 83 per cent. of the vote of Davenport last year, while Peckham is getting about 80 per cent. of the vote given to Hill.

Seven hundred and thirty-three election districts outside of New York and Kings counties give Peckham 59,813, Daniels 80,630. The same districts last year gave Hill 71,820, Davenport 92,938.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The congressional delegation of New York state, so far as reported, is as follows: 1st district, Perry Belmont, Democrat; 2d, Felix Campbell, Democrat; 3d, S. V. White, Republican; 4th, P. P. Mahoney, Democrat; 5th, J. M. Biles, Democrat; 6th, A. J. Cummings, Democrat; 7th, Lloyd Bryce, Democrat; 8th, T. J. Campbell, Democrat; 9th, S. S. Cox, Democrat; 10th, F. H. Spinola, Democrat; 11th, W. R. Merriman, Democrat; 12th, W. H. Cochran, Democrat; 13th,——Vedder, Democrat; 14th, W. G. Stahlnecker, Democrat; 15th, Henry Bacon, Democrat (probably); 16th, J. H. Ketcham, Republican; 17th, S. T. Hopkins, Republican; 18th, H. G. Burleigh, Republican; 19th, N. Kale, Democrat, (gain probably); 20th, George West, Republican; 21st, John H. Moffat, Republican; 22d, A. X. Parker, Republican; 23d, J. S. Sherman, Republican, (gain); 24th, David Wilber, Republican, (gain); 25th, Frank Hiscock, Republican; 26th, Milton Deland, Republican; 27th, N. M. Nutting, Republican; 28th, T. S. Flood, Republican (gain); 29th, Ira Davenport, Republican; 30th, C. S. Baker, Republican; 31st, J. G. Sawyer, Republican; 32d, J. M. Farquahar, Republican; 33d, J. P. Weber, Republican; 34th, W. G. Laidlaw, Republican.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The following is the city vote for judge of the court of appeals: Daniels, 77,357; Peckham, 129,931; Gaynor, 719. The returns from ten election districts are missing.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Syracuse city complete gives Daniels 5,780; Peckham, 3,761.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The probabilities are that the Democrats carry the county and elect the entire ticket, including Kane over Swinburne for Congress.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The election in Pennsylvania was for a governor, lieutenant governor, auditor general, secretary of internal affairs, and twenty eight congressmen. One of the latter is to be selected by the vote of the state at large, the other twenty-seven by districts. Twenty-five members of the state senate, one-fourth of that body, and all the members of the lower house of the legislature, 201 in number, are to be elected. The new legislature will elect a United States senator to succeed Senator John I. Mitchell, whose term will expire March 4, 1887.

The Republicans have a majority of 91 on joint ballot in the present legislature. The candidates for governor are James A. Beaver, Republican; Chauncey F. Black, Democrat; Charles S. Wolfe, Prohibition; Robert J. Haughton, Greenback-Labor.

PITTSBURG, NOV. 2.—Allegheny county returns are badly mixed, owing to an unusual number of ballots to be counted. Indications, however, are that the entire Republican state and county tickets, with the exception possibly of judge of common pleas court, are elected by a large majority. John Dalzell and Thomas Bayne, Republicans, for congress in the twenty-second and twenty-third districts, are elected by good majorities.

Twenty-second district, John Dalzell (Rep.), 2,500 plurality.

Twenty-third district, Thomas M. Bayne (Rep.) 7,000 plurality.

Republicans elect both senators and twelve representatives; Democrats elect two representatives. Majority cannot now be given.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Figures on the state ticket come in slowly, but show an invariable gain for Beaver (Rep.), for governor. His plurality in this city will not fall below 25,000. The other candidates on the state ticket are well up with the head.

Bingham (Rep.), is elected to Congress in the first district; O'Neill (Rep.), in the second; Randall (Dem.), in the third; Kelly (Rep.), in the fourth; Harmer (Rep.) in the fifth; Ermentrout (Dem.), in the eighth; Helsland (Rep.), in the ninth; Sowden (Dem.), in the tenth; Buckalew (Dem.), in the eleventh; Bound (Rep.), in the fifteenth; Maish (Dem.), in the nineteenth; Dalzell (Rep.), in the twenty-second, and Bayne (Rep.), in the twenty-third.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—At 2 a. m. only thirty-eight out of the two hundred and seventy-seven towns in the state have been heard from. These show a net gain for Beaver (Rep.) of 57,253. This gives Beaver over Pattison's plurality of 1892, and gives Beaver a plurality in this state of 17,631. The counties yet to be heard from will increase this largely. Beaver's plurality will reach close upon 40,000.

ERIE, PA., Nov. 2.—The election board of the first precinct third ward, counted the votes of the soldier inmates of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home of this city to-day, and the decision was sustained by the county judge. W. A. Galbraith.

The following congressmen are elected: Sixth district, Darlington, Republican; seventh, Yardley, Republican; thirteenth, Brumm, Republican-Greenback; sixteenth, Kreidler, Democrat; eighteenth, Atkinson, Republican; twenty-first, McCullough, Republican; 25th, Moffett, Republican; 26th, Roberts, Republican; 27th Scott, Democrat.

Congressman-at-large—Edward S. Osborne (Rep.) 83,555; Maxwell Stevenson (Dem.) 64,021; John M. Palmer (Pro.) 3,738; Clark Thompson (Greenback-Labor) 169.

First district, Kerr (Dem.) 18,136; Ryan (Dem.) 11,815; Lane (Pro.) 357.

Second district, O'Neill (Rep.) 15,157; Beasley (Dem.) 9,825; Grim (Pro.) 512.

Third district, Randall (Dem.), 11,432; Haldeman, 1,153; Wallace, 131.

Fourth district, Kelly (Rep.), 25,319; Laverty (Dem.), 13,969; Arrison (Pro.), 1,088.

Fifth district, Harmer (Rep.), 25,413; Smith (Dem.), 14,366; Magee (Pro.), 937; Herwig (Labor), 4,137.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, MASS. NOV. 2.—One hundred and seventy-five cities and towns given Ames for governor 77,782; Andrew 76,507. Twenty towns and the city of Worcester give Russell 1,990 plurality and insures his election.

The vote for governor is very close, and indications favor Ames (Rep.) The *Boston Transcript* claims his election by 1,000 majority.

In the ninth district 22 towns give Ely (Rep.) for congress, 6,228; Burnett (Dem.), 6,088; and Lowe (Pro.), 411. There are 10 towns to hear from.

A Worcester special reports that John F. Russell is elected to Congress in the tenth district over W. W. Rice. Patrick A. Collins is elected to Congress in the fourth district, and Lodge (Rep.) is undoubtedly elected in the sixth district over Lovering. In the ninth district the vote is very close and Burnett is close, and the result is uncertain. One hundred and thirty-six towns and cities give Ames 54,974 and Andrew 52,495.

The Democratic vote in Boston shows gains over the last election.

It looks as though Lodge had carried the sixth district over Lovering by 7,000 majority.

Leopold Morse claims his election to Congress in the third district.

BOSTON, Nov. 3, 1 a. m.—It is now conceded that Ames and Bracket (Rep.) have been elected by at least 5,000 plurality, which is likely to be increased by complete returns.

The following congressmen have been elected: First district, Davis, Republican; second, Long, Republican; third, Moroe, Democrat; fourth, Collins, Democrat; fifth, Hayden, Republican; sixth, Lodge, Republican; seventh, Cogswell, Republican; eighth, Russell, Republican; ninth, Burnett, Democrat; tenth, Russell, Republican; eleventh, Whiting, Republican; twelfth, Rockwell, Republican. The legislature is Republican.

NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—The campaign in this state has been presented with vigor by the Republicans and Democrats. The prohibitionists devoted their work mainly to the assembly districts in the southern portion of the state, and they only claim they will elect some members of the state assembly there, though they have a full congressional and legislative ticket in the field. The only state officer to be elected this year is a governor. The Republican standard bearer is ex-Congressman Benjamin F. Howey, of Warren county. The Democratic candidate is ex-Judge Robert Green, of Union county, now representing the third congressional district. The prohibition candidate is Gen. Clinton B. Fisk. The two leading parties have devoted their efforts to securing control of the next legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Wm. J. Sewell (Republican). Last year the state senate was composed of 21 Republicans and 8 Democrats, and the house of assembly of 51 Republicans and 29 Democrats, giving the Republicans a majority of 7 on a joint ballot. Nine Republicans and four Democratic senators hold over. Although the contest on the legislative ticket will be a warm one, it is believed that the Republicans will retain control of both branches. The Republicans now have 4 of the 7 congressmen.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 2.—Keane, for Congress, will probably have a majority of 350 in Union county over McMahan (Democrat). Matthews (Democrat) has been elected in the first assembly district over Hoy (labor) by 5?? Corbin (Republican) in the second assembly district gains in the township, and will probably have a majority over Morgan (Democrat) of 150. Chamberlain (Republican) has been re-elected in the third assembly district by 800. Green (Democrat) for governor, is estimated to have 250 majority.

NEWARK, NOV. 2.—Newark city gives for governor: Hawley (Rep.), 10,149; Greene (Dem.), 11,067; Fisk (Pro.), 1,337. For Congress: Lehlbach (Rep.), 9,526; Haines (Dem), 8,641; Beekmeyer (Labor), 3,343; Anderson (Pro.), 1,125. The county will probably give Howey (Rep.) for governor 550 majority, and send Lehlbach to Congress.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Princeton gives Howey, for governor, 37 majority; Bushnell (Rep.), for Congress, 72; Roe (Rep.), for senator, 52, and Hutchinson (Rep.), for assembly, 72. This is received by wires. The election passed off quietly, with Republican gains.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Howey's majority in Mercer county is 600; Roe (Rep.) has a majority for senator of 400; Buchanan, for Congress, has a majority of 1,100. Hutchinson (Republican) and Scudder and Walter (Democrats) are elected to the assembly. There is a Democratic gain of 1 in Hunterdon county. Green has an estimated majority of 1,200.

Arnwine and Wolverton, Democrats, are re-elected to the assembly by reduced majorities.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 2.—Latest and complete returns give Green about 487 plurality in this county. Keen has a plurality over McMahon of about 150. Tenbosek (Rep.) in the first district, Tenor Vandenberge (Rep.) in the third district, and Mulvey (Dem.) in the second district have been elected to the assembly. The Prohibitionists polled 250 votes in the city, and 490 in the county.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—The indications are that the Republicans will retain control of both branches of the legislature. The majority of Robert S. Green, the Democratic candidate for governor, is estimated at from 3,000 to 5,000.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Nov. 2.—Green (Dem.) has 1,770 plurality over Pidcock. For Congress the vote is very close. The county may go for Van Blarcom (Rep). Mutchler and Baird (Democrats) are elected to the legislature.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 2.—The Republicans have elected ex-Speaker Sherman B. Ovlatt to the assembly in the second district of Monmouth county and Grover Lafburrow in the third district. These two districts are gains. William S. Throckmorton (Dem.) was re elected in the first district. The majority for Greene, the Democratic candidate for governor, in the county falls considerably below the usual majority of his party.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Phelps (Rep.) for Congress in the fifth district has been elected by 2,000 majority.

George Law (Rep.) for assembly carries Passaic county by from 600 to 700 majority. S. C. Brown (Rep.) and Eugene Emery have been elected to the assembly.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—The Republican state committee are very hopeful that Howey will be elected. His gains are very great. Monmouth is now claimed by 150 majority, and the committee say that if Essex does not go too strongly Democratic they will elect Howey. The Republicans have elected two out of three assemblymen in Monmouth, and have made gains in Cape May and Camden counties. The election of Kean (Rep.) over McMahon (Dem.) is conceded, and Van Blarcom (Rep.) has defeated Pidcock (Dem.) by a large majority.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, DEL., NOV. 2.—Delaware elects a governor, congressman, legislature (excepting three hold-over members of the state senate), and county officers. There are two complete tickets—Democratic and Temperance Reform. The Republicans are taking no part as a party beyond running an assessor in one of the Wilmington districts. There is also a fusion complete holding Democratic legislative and county ticket in Sussex, and bolting Democratic candidate for sheriff and coroner in this county. The campaign has been decidedly quiet, the chief question here being who shall be sheriff.

WILMINGTON, DEL., NOV. 2.—Eleven precincts indicate that the city has gone Democratic by 250,000. For judges for governor over Hoffecker (Prohibitionist).

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 2.—Complete returns from the first congressional district give Spooner (Rep.), 3,457; Lapham (Dem.), 2,337; Howard (Pro.), 746.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 2.—There is no election in the second Rhode Island congressional district. Bradley (Dem.) probably wins.

(Rep.) 4,849, Chase (Pro.) 852; Scott, 131.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

BOSTON, NOV. 2.—Returns from nearly one-third of the towns in New Hampshire show a Republican loss of about 200 on the popular vote as compared with that of 1884. The indications are that there is no choice for governor by the people.

Eighty-six towns in New Hampshire give Sawyer (Rep.) 10,437, Cogswell (Dem.) 10,385, Wentworth (Pro.) 555; Democratic gain 351.

CONCORD, N. H., NOV. 2.—Returns from nearly one-third of the towns in the state show a Republican loss in the popular vote of about 200 as compared with the vote of 1884. This does not include the small towns (Rep.) in the northern part of the state, where the Republican losses are expected. The indications now are that there is no choice for governor by the people; that McKenney (Dem.) is elected to Congress in the first district and Gallinger (Rep.) in the second, and that the Republicans have carried the legislature.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 2.—One hundred and fifty-five towns are heard from with the following: Sawyer (Rep.), 20,861; Cogswell (Dem.), 20,690; Wentworth (Pro.), 1,236; scattering 494.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, CONN., NOV. 2.—Connecticut voted to day for the entire state ticket, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, and comptroller. Four tickets are in the field. In case of failure of any one to secure a majority, the election goes to the legislature. In lieu this happened, and a Republican legislature chose the present Republican officers. The tickets are Democratic, Republican, Prohibition, headed by S. R. Forbes, and Labor, by H. C. Baker.

Last year the senate stood 13 Republicans to 11 Democrats; Republicans have 120 on joint ballot 15. The legislature elected this time will convene on Wednesday, Jan. 4. It will elect a United States senator, Gen. Joseph H. Hawley's term expiring in March. This session will be the last session of the biennial amendment providing for biennial sessions.

HARTFORD, CONN., NOV. 2.—Sixty-six towns give the Republican ticket 15,902; Democratic, 16,545; Prohibition, 1,438; Labor, 257.

The legislature is Republican so far, 57 to 46 Democrats.

Vance (Dem.) is elected to Congress from the first district.

In the fifth congressional district Vance (Dem.) defeats Buck (Rep.) owing to the Prohibition vote which is drawn from the Republicans. Hartford gives Cleveland 4,665; to Lounsbury 3,789 for governor, a Democratic plurality of 876. For Congress, John R. Buck (Rep.) has 4,100 to 4,421 for Vance.

HARTFORD, CONN., NOV. 2.—Fifty towns give Lounsbury (Rep.), for governor, 11,893; Cleveland (Dem.), 12,138; Fisk (Pro.), 1,337; Beardsley (Labor), 295. This is a gain for Cleveland over 1884 of about 900, but the Prohibition vote gains 640.

Cleveland in these 50 towns lacks 570 of a majority.

Fifty-three towns show a net Republican gain of 2 in the lower house of the legislature.

HARTFORD, CONN., NOV. 2.—Apparently there is no election of a governor by the people. The legislature is probably Republican by from twenty to thirty majority, thus insuring the re-election of Hawley to the Senate and the election of the state ticket. Ninety towns, including the large Democratic towns of Hartford and New Haven, leave Cleveland (Dem.), for governor, 300 short of the necessary majority.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, NOV. 2.—To-day's election in this city shows a large falling off from the presidential vote two years ago. The vote of the entire city was then 63,355, while to-day it was only 45,517 or 17,838 less than the presidential vote. This can be accounted for in the fact that a large number of Republicans refrained from voting because they had no regular candidates and took no interest in the success of those who were presented for their suffrage. The Democratic vote in Baltimore in 1884 was 27,585, while to-day the vote for the only straight out Republican was only 1,645. In the third district there was no Republican candidate, and in the fourth district the mass of that party would not support Mr. Findlay, the independent Democrat, who had been indorsed by some of the leaders. The great mass of Republicans demanded straightout nominations, and in the beginning of the campaign declared their intention to vote for no other candidates, to which they adhered, as is shown by the small vote received by Mr. Findlay. So little interest was manifested that after the poll of the Democratic vote the polling places were almost entirely deserted, and but for the police guards would scarcely have been noticed. The Republicans hope for Congress in 1881 in the fourth district was 14,324, while to-day the entire opposition vote to the Democratic candidate was 10,471.

The returns received from the districts out of the city indicate the election of Charles H. Gibson, Democrat, in the first district; Dr. Frank T. Shaw, Democrat, in the second; Barnes Compton, Democrat, in the fifth, and Louis E. McComas, Republican, in the sixth. This will leave the Maryland delegation the same as in the present Congress, and except in the city of Baltimore all the members are re-elected. The re-election of Mr. McComas will be by a reduced majority.

Returns from the out of town districts are coming in slowly, and none are completed at midnight. As far as received they indicate an unusually light vote and a considerable falling off in the Democratic majorities. Gibson carries the first district by about 1,300 against 2,100 in 1884. Shaw will have about 2,000 majority in the second and Compton about 1,500 in the fifth. The sixth district is exceedingly close, and McComas, Republican, will be returned, but by not more than 200 majority.

HAGERSTOWN, MD., NOV. 2.—Entire district, with the exception of Garrett county, which will go Republican by small majority, elects McComas by 500.

MCCOMAS ELECTED.

HAGERSTOWN, MD., NOV. 2.—NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C.: I am elected by about 250 plurality. L. E. MCCOMAS.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, W. VA., NOV. 2.—The meager returns at this hour indicate the re-election of Goff (Rep.) in the first congressional district by increased majority.

WHEELING, W. VA., NOV. 2.—The entire Republican ticket in Berkeley county is elected. Flick, for Congress, is running ahead of his ticket.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, VA., NOV. 2.—By the election in this state the entire congressional delegation is to be chosen, but no state officers of any kind are to be elected. Of the ten representatives in the present Congress eight are Democrats and two Republicans. The feature of the campaign just concluded has been unusual apathy in most of the districts. In all districts except the fifth, sixth, and seventh, the fight is a square one between Democrats and Republicans. In the three districts named, which are overwhelmingly Democratic, the Independents are in the field. In this (the third) district, up to Saturday last, the canvass had been quite lively, as the fight was a triangular one between Democrats, Republicans, and the Reform Labor party, each having a candidate. But, owing to the withdrawal at the last hour of the Labor candidate, Wm. H. Mullen, the contest was narrowed down to the Hon. George D. Wise (incumbent) and ex-Judge Edmund Waddill, Republican. Mullen and his adherents almost unanimously supporting the Democratic nominee.

The vote of this city is, George D. Wise (Dem.), 7,447; Edmund Waddell (Rep.), 5,310—Wise's majority, 2,107, a Democratic gain of 267 over the last congressional vote, with which comparisons for this election are made. In Manchester Wise has a majority of 212, a Democratic loss of 41. But few returns have yet been received from counties in this (the third) district.

The vote of Petersburg for W. E. Gaines (Rep.), for Congress from the fourth district, is 1,786; Mann Page (Dem.), 1,375—Gaines's majority, 411. This is one of the black districts, and gives a heavy Republican majority. Gaines's election is certain.

In the fifth district Brown (Rep.), for Congress, has probably carried Henry county by 1,100 and Patrick county by about 800. If so, the Republicans gain about 1,700. If this is maintained in the district, a Republican will be elected. This district elected a Democrat in 1884 by a majority of 2,488.

STAUNTON, VA., NOV. 2.—Heavy Republican gains are reported from five counties of this district. Indications point to the election of Yost (Rep.).

Staunton and eight county precincts give Baumgardner (Dem.) 83 majority, a Republican gain of 411. Rockbridge county is conceded to Yost (Rep.) by 200 majority, a Republican gain of 266.

Alleghany, with two precincts to hear from, gives Yost (Rep.) 301 majority. Full returns will not alter the result. The Republican gain is 935. The Democratic majority in 1884 was 268. The Republicans claim 400. The Democratic majority in 1884 was 64. In Augusta and Staunton Baumgardner's majority is 1,218, with eight precincts to hear from. These will not increase his majority to over 500—a Republican gain of 678. News from other counties show heavy Republican gains. Yost can hardly be defeated.

RICHMOND, VA., NOV. 2.—Returns from numerous points in the state indicate a falling off in the vote since the last election. Republican gains are reported in every direction. In the fifth district Mr. Brown (Rep.) made a fight and has defeated Hon. George C. Cabell, Democratic incumbent, in the ninth Henry Bowen (Rep.) is opposed to R. R. Henry (Dem.). the indications to night point to the election of Bowen without doubt. The Democratic majority in the district at the last election was 1,194. In the tenth district Yost (Rep.) has greatly reduced the Democratic majority, George E. Bowen (Rep.), in the second district, and Wm. E. Cameron, in the fourth, are elected by heavy majorities. The contest in the first district between Thomas Croxton, Democratic incumbent, and T. H. B. Browne (Rep.) is also close, but nothing positive can be stated tonight. In the sixth district heavy gains are reported for Samuel I. Hopkins (Labor Rep.) over Samuel G. Griffin (Dem.). C. T. O'Ferrall, Democratic incumbent, in the seventh district and W. H. F. Lee (Rep.) in the eighth are elected beyond doubt by large majorities. In this, the third district, Wise's majority will will approximate 1,500. It appears to-night that the Virginia delegation in the next Congress will stand 6 Democrats and 4 Republicans.

WINCHESTER, VA., NOV. 2.—Winchester gives 110 majority for Roller.

Clarke county will give O'Ferrall over 550 majority.

O'Ferrall's majority in Frederick county is estimated at 500.

HARRISONBURG, VA., NOV. 2.—Ten out of 24 precincts in this (Rockingham) county give Roller (independent) 275 majority over O'Ferrall (Democrat), a gain of 407 over the gubernatorial vote of last fall. Mt. Jackson, Shenandoah county, gives Roller 73 majority; Winchester, Frederick county, gives Roller 166 majority; Milnes, Page county, gives Roller 92 majority; Shenandoah county, Newmarket, gives O'Ferrall 19 majority; Strosburg, O'Ferrall 178 majority; Woodstock, O'Ferrall 115 majority; Warren county, Front Royal, gives O'Ferrall 270 majority; Cedarville, O'Ferrall 48.

DANVILLE, VA., NOV. 2.—Returns from this district are estimated to show a Democratic majority of the polling places. Returns from 11 precincts show a net Republican gain of 24 over last year.

DES MOINES, IOWA, NOV. 3.—The *State Register* at midnight on returns so far received estimate the Republican majority on the state ticket 8,500. Its returns indicate the election of Gear (Rep.) to Congress in the first district by 270, and the election of Hepburn (Rep.) in the second district by 1,000 plurality. The election of Henderson (Rep.) in the third, Fuller (Rep.) in the fourth and Kerr (Rep.) in the fifth seem to be beyond doubt. The sixth district is close, with indications in favor of Bonnell (Rep.) In the seventh Conger (Rep.) has 1,500 majority. The eighth district is close and uncertain. The *Register* claims the election of Hepburn (Rep.) in the second, Bonnell (Rep.) in the tenth, and Struble in the eleventh. The Republican state committee's figures are about the same as the *Register's*.

The Democratic state committee have furnished the following: Our returns are very meager. Thirty precincts show net Democratic gains of 270. The same ratio will carry the state by 6,000 to 8,000 for the Democrats. We claim the election of Weaver, Hayes, and Hall. We have nothing from the ninth or fifth. In the eighth Anderson is making tremendous gains, and reports indicate his election.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., NOV. 2.—The Labor party is cutting a big figure, and in some of the Democratic strongholds the vote of the Democrats has been divided by the new party. The vote on the congressional candidates in this district will be probably even with the chances about even between Black (Dem.) and Brown (Rep.). The defection from the old parties to the Labor party is strongest in the Polish sections, which formerly gave the Democrats a handsome majority. The Labor party has made a strong fight and will probably exceed 20,000. The legislature is Republican, with a reduced majority on joint ballot. The Labor party has elected from ten to twelve members of the legislature and their leaders claim they have enough to hold the balance of power in the matter of the selection of a United States senator. The congressional delegation will be: First district, L. B. Cassell, (Rep.); second, Richard Guenther, (Rep.), a Republican gain; third, A. M. Le'o'ele, (Rep.); fourth, Henry Smith (Labor), a Republican loss; fifth, Thomas Hudd, (Dem.); sixth, C. B. Clark (Rep.); seventh: O. B. Thomas (Rep.); eighth, W. T. Price (Rep.), and ninth, Isaac Stephenson, (Rep.).

KENTUCKY.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—The *Times's* Cincinnati special says: Speaker Carlisle, although probably re-elected, was beaten in Covington by about 1,000, having carried the town two years ago by about 900. He also failed to carry Newport, his vote falling off very largely.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 2.—The election was quiet throughout the state. The Democratic candidates are generally elected for the board of equalization. A light vote was polled.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Speaker Carlisle's majority in Congress in Kentucky will probably not exceed 1,500 from present indications. Campbell and Kenton counties, in one of which he lives, and which adjoin, have gone 2,000 against him. The district usually averages 3,500 to 5,000 Democratic.

TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., NOV. 2.—The election in this state to day was for gubernatorial, legislative, and congressional candidates. The Democrats and Republicans have full tickets in every district in the state. The Greenbackers and Prohibitionists made no nominations. Hon. R. L. Taylor, ex-United States pension agent at Knoxville, is the Democratic nominee for governor, and his brother, Hon. A. A. Taylor, is the Republican nominee. Ten congressmen are to be elected, and a list canvass has been made in every district. Special significance attaches to the legislature, from the fact that the question whether a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture of liquor in the state shall be submitted to a vote of the people will come before it, and a United States senator is to be elected to succeed ex-Senator Howell E. Jackson, who resigned to accept the United States circuit judgeship.

Much interest is centered in the contest between James Phelan, Democrat, and Zach Taylor, Republican candidate for Congress, Taylor is the present incumbent. Phelan was nominated by the Democrats in opposition to the preferences of United States Senator Harris, hence the great interest manifested. He is quite young, and is proprietor of the Memphis *Avalanche*.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., NOV. 2.—An unusually small vote was polled in this part of the state. L. C. Houk (Rep.) is re-elected to Congress in this (the second) district by about 6,000 majority over S. C. Heiskill (Dem). Houk's majority two years ago was 10,000. In the first Tennessee district R. R. Butler (Rep.) is elected over James White (Dem.) by a thousand majority—a Democratic gain of a thousand in the district. These are the only districts in Tennessee electing Republican congressmen.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., NOV. 2.—A large vote was polled in east Tennessee for an off year, and the indications point to a Republican majority here of fully 20,000. Democratic advices from Nashville claim the election of Bob Taylor, Democrat, for governor, by 15,000. John R. Neal, Democrat, for Congress, is doubtless re-elected by 800 majority over Gen. J. T. Wilder, Republican. Rhea county, Neal's home, gave a Republican gain of nearly 300 or 400 Republican majority.

Hamilton county, including Chattanooga, Wilder's home, with four county districts to hear from, gives 1,015 Republican majority, Marion county 296, and Bradley county 553 Republican majority. In White county, a Democratic stronghold, and ex-Congressman Jobbin's home, the Republicans made gains. Throughout the Cumberland section they will yield usual Democratic vote. In four Republican counties the majority will be increased, due to the influence of the Knoxville Republican. Senator John Nichols, Republican, runs as an independent and is a leading Knight of Labor. In the sixth C. R. Jones, independent Democrat, is a Knight of Labor. In the first district Barnett, independent Democrat, is opposed by Hackworth, Republican. In the second district, which is a largely Republican district, two colored men, O'Hara and Abbott, are in the field as Republicans, and Simmons is the Democratic candidate.

RALEIGH, N. C., NOV. 2.—Rowland (Dem.) is elected to Congress in the fifth district by a heavy majority. The state returns come in slowly, but they all indicate Democratic gains. Wilson (Dem.), gains 1,200 in Cumberland. Simmons (Dem.), gains about 1,200. No returns have been received from the third district, but McClammy (Dem.) has no opposition. In the fourth district Nichols (Ind.) is making gains on Graham (Dem.) at many points. In the fifth district Reid (Dem.) is making gains on Brower (Rep.).

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, S. C., NOV. 2.—The general election in this state was uninteresting. The Democrats nominated a full state ticket, to which there was no opposition. Seven congressmen are to be elected. The only interest is in the seventh district, where Elliott (Dem.) runs against Smalls (colored Rep.). The only special feature is the effort of representatives of the so-called Labor movement to obtain control of the legislature, the ostensible object is the establishment of the agricultural college, abolition of free tuition in the South Carolina College, and the reorganization of the penitentiary system.

CHARLESTON, S. C., NOV. 2.—The only interest in the election in this state is centered in the independent nominations for the legislature and county offices. The contest lies between Elliott (Dem) and Smalls (Rep.) for the seventh or black district. There are no indications yet as to the result of the local fight in Berkley county, but all reports from three or four city precincts which show that a great deal of scratching was done on the Republican ticket. It is impossible to give anything reliable as to the result.

NEVADA.

VIRGINIA CITY, NEV., NOV. 2.—Returns are coming in slowly, but enough is known to warrant the statement that the Democratic ticket will be elected, including the legislative ticket. This gives the Republicans the next United States senator to succeed James G. Fair.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, NEB., NOV. 2.—Not over 9,000 votes were polled here. The Republican state ticket is in jeopardy by from 250 to 500 votes. James Laird present member of Congress from the second district, and G. W. E. Dorsey, congressman from the third district, both Republicans, have been re-elected. In this district Dorsey led the ticket, and the congressman is still in doubt. John A. McShane (Dem.) receives, according to the best estimates at this hour, a majority of between 3,300 and 3,500 in this (Douglas) county. In Lancaster county, however, Church Howe (Rep.) made a strong run. No definite reports have yet been received from other counties of this district.

OMAHA, NEB., NOV. 2.—Returns from Nebraska are very slow, owing to heavy snowing. Returns from five precincts in the first district show that McShane (Dem) for Congress, is running ahead of his ticket.

DAKOTA.

CHICAGO, NOV. 2.—A few returns from Dakota indicate stormy weather and a light vote. Gifford (Rep.), for delegate, is doubtless elected over M. H. Day (Dem).

WYOMING.

CHEYENNE, WYO., NOV. 2.—Joseph M. Carey is re-elected delegate to Congress without opposition, the Democrats generally voting for him.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

PORTLAND, OREG., NOV. 2.—In