The National Republican.

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SAVED BY SUPERSTITION.

THE CZAR WARNED BY SOOTHSAYERS NOT TO ENGAGE IN WAR.

Because of This Fear Prince Ferdinand's Reign in Bulgaria Is Prolonged—Germany to Decide Whether War Shall Be Declared.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The czar, it has been understood, has a superstitious horror of war, and it is to this circumstance that Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, owes the prolongation of his reign, at least so say the political gossips. The emperor of all the Russia shas been warned by some o fthe modern soothsayers, upon whose utterances he seems to place reliance, that he and his reign will come to an end during a war, and he dreads the beginning of hostilities. The fate of the present Bulgarian regime may be said to depend upon Germany, and the existing condition of things will, it is believed, indure until the meeting of the Czar and the Emperor William at Stettin, or, more accurately speaking, until the date fixed for that meeting, for there is strong doubt of its ever taking place. Meanwhile the czar's desire to prolong peace as long as possible postpones a crisis which even his inaction cannot defer much longer. The diplomatic agents of Italy, Austria, and England in Bulgaria show a significant degree of fraternization, while Turkey remains inactive to the point of stupidity. A decisive bction by Germany would precipitate the crisis.

The hotels at Liverpool are crowded with Americans returning from European trips and awaiting passage for New York. The number of these pilgrims is unprecedented. Many have difficulty in securing accommodations. This was especially the case last Friday.

The managers of the Midland railway are likely to suffer for their suspension of the block signal system on the day of the Doncaster races, which led to the terrible accident involving the loss of over a score of lives. The block system is rigorously insisted upon by the English authorities, and the public have been horrified by the thought that it is likely to be suspended at the caprice of local managers, especially on days of heavy traffic when the most need for its protection from accident exists. The affair has caused a great sensation.

Mr. Dillon, in an interview to-day, said that it was impossible to deny the gravity of the agitation. The most disturbed district was South Galway, where a new agent had been appointed, who displayed great activity, and trouble might be expected there. The outlook for the coming winter was a gloomy one. Mr. Balfour was apparently determined to get all the nationalist leaders into the clutches of the law, and he (Dillon) would not be surprised if in a month or two the majority of the leaders, including himself, were found picking oakum. Mr. Balfour has been in Dublin consulting with the magistrates. That looked like action, but Mr. Balfour always startled them by hurling proclamations into their midst and then flying from the country immediately, being apprehensive, perhaps, for his own safety. The government's persistence in enforcing the coercion act would be certain to lead to trouble. He was positive that if the land commissioners gave only inadequate judicial reductions the Salisbury cabinet would find themselves face to face with a condition of things unparalleled in the history of Ireland. The commissioners in the past two years had been just, but there was every reason to fear the result of the later tory appointments. In that respect there was much danger in the situation.

The sale of the Oriental railways to the Ottoman bank syndicate has been concluded, subject to an adjustment between Baron Hirsche and the porte.

A nationalist meeting was held at Bandon to-day. The government reporter was not molested, but the representatives of the Cork *Constitution* and *Illustrated London News* were roughly handled.

A party of Orangemen while passing through Green Castle, a town near Belfast, last night, had an encounter with nationalist residents. The policemen who tried to quell the disturbance were stoned and driven away. The local authorities being unable to restore order, sent a dispatch to this city asking for aid, and a force of police was accordingly sent to Green Castle. The arrival of the reinforcements had the effect of awing the rioters, and peace was soon established. Ten of the principal participants in the affray were arrested.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Shanghai says: "The American-Chinese bank syndicate have accepted Li Hung Chang's conditions. An American official will depart for China immediately to complete arrangements. The bank will probably be started in Shanghai and Tientsin, and branches will be opened in Philadelphia and London in the spring."

FRANCE'S NEED FOR WARRIORS.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Gen. Boulanger, after the maneuvers of his command, urged the necessity of a wider exercise of offensive tactics proper to the French army. He says there is more need than ever of the qualities of a warrior, for the hour had not come for the disarmament of the people of old Europe.

It is madness to believe it a crime to say it, for it points to peace at any price as the goal to which our country should aspire—and our enemies—who often appraise us at our real value better than we do ourselves know well that we have not got as far as that. More than this, we must continue the work. It is for France.

CARDINAL GIBBONS AT HOME.

He Is Pleased at Officials Recognizing Divine Providence.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 18.—Cardinal Gibbons returned from Philadelphia late last night. This morning he confirmed a class of over 120 at St. Ignatius Church. The cardinal addressed the children on the signs of the Holy Ghost as given to them and its bearing upon their after life. He said it gave him much pleasure to see the President of the United States and other men of high office in the government recognize at the Philadelphia celebration the element of Divine Providence in the affairs of this government, and the necessity of having reference at all times to the hand of God in ruling the destinies of nations.

Gambling in Clubs Not a Crime.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Fifty-eight colored men were arraigned in Jefferson Market court this morning for gambling in the Criterion and Caterers' Clubs. Justice Gorman discharged them saying they had as much right to gamble in their own rooms as the Union League and Manhattan Club members.

A Skin Race Meeting.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—The West Side race meeting, run by Bookmakers Winters & Brockway, has ended in disgrace and the managers have fled, leaving several unpaid bills behind them. They owe horsemen $8,000 for purses and other debts outside of double that amount. Brockway & Winters have been ruled off all tracks.

The Hendricks Club Serenade.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.—At a meeting of the Hendricks Club this afternoon it was decided to invite the Iroquois Club, of Chicago, to participate with them in their serenade and reception to President Cleveland on the occasion of his visit to this city early in October.

A Negro Murderer Lynched.

REEDS, ALA., Sept. 18.—A mob took Monroe Johnson, a negro who murdered Mrs. John Foster, from the police last night and hanged him to a tree. His body was riddled with bullets as it swung from the tree.

Culmination of a Newspaper Row.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 18.—At Mount Pleasant to-day R. R. Royal shot T. P. Gaillard, and the latter shot R. M. Royal, a brother of R. R. Neither are fatally injured. A newspaper row caused the trouble.

Business Houses Burned.

ASHLAND, ILL., Sept. 18.—A number of business houses were destroyed by fire last evening. Loss, $80,000.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

They Will Entertain no Sympathy for the Condemned Anarchists.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—George A. Schilling, of Chicago, was present at the Central Labor Union's meeting to-day, and was desirous of presenting the case of the condemned anarchists to the body with the view of enlisting the union's labors in behalf of the convicted, but interior disputes prevented the visitor from carrying out his mission. The schism between the progressive labor party (socialists) and the George people broke out, and caused a great uproar. Matthew Barr, of the Tin Sheet and Iron Workers, presided. There were about 200 delegates present at roll call.

Mr. Schilling was a "special guest." Before the meeting an open letter signed by a dozen representative labor organization men, including Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Trades, and James E. Quinn, master workman of D. A. 49, K. of L., expressing sympathy with the condemned, was prepared. Delegate Johnson, of the Industrial League, arose, after the transaction of some routine business, and stated that a committee of one from Chicago desired to be heard on a matter of great importance to the working people of the entire country. Before Johnson got through another delegate claimed that a resolution that was in the regular order had been overlooked. Mr. Johnson withdrew temporarily, and the socialists were dumbfounded to hear Coughlin, of the progressive painters, offer a resolution to the effect that the Central Labor Union should refuse to allow its name to be used by any political body.

The socialists felt the blow aimed at them, and the Georgeites cheered wildly. Disturbance reigned for nearly ten minutes, when a motion to table the motion was declared lost, amid vigorous opposition. Mr. Emrich, of the Furniture Makers' Union, at last got the floor and shouted that the delegates ought to be glad that a political party that would take up the principles of the Central Labor Union had been found. Hugh Whorisky made a row by moving the previous question, and Emrich called him a coward for so doing. "Your position will not stand debate," cried Emrich.

The resolution was adopted by 52 to 44; whereupon the defeated progressives set up a cheer of defiance. Equally hearty cheers for the United Labor party were given in response, and the meeting adjourned without offering a chance to Schilling to be heard.

Mr. Schilling afterward said that he was not discouraged by the rumpus, as he had been assured that all the delegates were in accord with his mission—that of "obtaining justice for our friends in Chicago." Capt. Black, Schilling added, will come to New York from Ottawa on Tuesday, and "we shall then have a conference with Gen. Fryor and another gentleman whose name I am not at liberty to give."

DEMAND A RECOGNITION.

The Base Ball Brotherhood Threaten Trouble.

PITTSBURG, PA., Sept. 18.—At an interview with a reporter to-night, John Ward, of the New York Base Ball Club, and president of the Botherhood of National League Ball Players, stated that President Young and his colleagues had so far refused to recognize the brotherhood. They were willing to confer with a committee of League players, but not a delegation from any brotherhood.

"If this resolve is persisted in," said he, "there will be trouble. The brotherhood has come to stay, and not one of us will sign a contract until a delegation from our organization confers with the representatives of the National League. They must recognize us as an organization. President Young and others took upon us as something weak, but they will find out their mistake if a conflict takes place."

"If the League steadfastly refuses to recognize your brotherhood and none of you sign, will another organization be formed?"

Mr. Ward stated as he replied: "I am not at liberty to say what we will do. Let me say, however, that there is plenty of money at our disposal to organize any association or league. We know of any amount of capitalists who want to invest their money in base ball. I will go further and say that we will be recognized as an organization, and we will all play next year whether the League people like it or not."

In regard to the sudden reinstatement of Radbourn by the Boston management, Ward said that if the botherhood had not existed "Rad" might have yet been without work and without salary. He stated further that the union meant to respect the reserve rule, but would not tolerate a system by which honest players can be cast aside for weeks without pay simply because they are not playing as well as the club's directors would like to see them.

A Mysterious Death.

CORRY, PA., Sept. 18—Two laborers on the Johnson farm, just east of the city limits, while clearing brush, came upon the dead body of an elderly man. It had evidently lain there for some days. The body was clothed in a suit of dark blue, with a heavy overcoat. A long dark beard was buttoned into the vest. Some animal had pulled off one arm and eaten the flesh, the bones lying near by. A silver half dollar and some letters found on the body showed that the dead man was G. R. Brundage, a former resident of Corry. The coroner's jury are now investigating the matter.

Virginia Republicans Have Hope.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 18.—The Democratic press of the state is to-day calling loudly upon the state executive committee to prepare a response to the charges issued by the Republican committee against the Bourbon state administration, which proves that there is good ground for the hope of a grand victory in the coming state canvass by the Republicans. It is generally conceded that the Knights of Labor will vote against the Democrats throughout the state.

Telegraphers Will Support George.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—About 200 telegraph operators, linemen, and others engaged in the electrical business met under the auspices of the Henry George party to-day. Addresses were made by George McGlynn and others. The telegraphers agreed to support the United Labor party.

Enforcing Military Discipline.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 18.—Lieut. Gov. Bryan, acting governor, has confirmed the court martial sentencing Wm. G. Patterson, of the Louisville Legion, to ninety days' imprisonment and a fine of $100 for deserting during the Rowan county troubles.

A Revenue Officer Suicides.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 18.—Capt. J. B. Mullett, officer in the United States revenue marine service, committed suicide here to-day by shooting himself in the head. Moroseness due to ill health is supposed to be the cause of the deed.

Munchrath Guilty of Manslaughter.

SIOUX CITY, IOWA, Sept. 18.—The jury in the Haddock murder case has found the defendant, Fred. Munchrath, jr., guilty of manslaughter. The penalty is eight years. Sentence will be pronounced Sept. 26.

Shot by a Burglar.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—George Crook was shot, but not seriously wounded, by a burglar, whom he found in his house last night, and whom he attempted to arrest. The burglar escaped.

Street Car Men May Strike.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—The West Side street car drivers have decided to strike Thursday morning if their demand for 22 cents an hour is not granted by Wednesday evening.

The Socialist Campaign.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The Socialist party has decided to send speakers through the state during the campaign to gather provincial citizens in the movement.

Gov. Ames at Home.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Gov. Ames and party returned from Philadelphia at 10 o'clock this morning, and were escorted to the state house by the city militia.

A Big Brick Yard Fire.

KEYPORT, N. J., Sept. 18.—Fire at Lorillard's union brick yards to-day, caused a loss of $60,000 worth of machinery.

INCORRECT ON ITS FACE.

WHAT SECRETARY BAYARD SAYS OF THE ALASKA DISPATCH.

The State Department Has No Officer in That Place—The President Has Not Ordered the Release of Any of the Vessels.

With regard to the statements published yesterday alleging that Secretary Bayard had telegraphed "his officers" in Alaska to release the seized sealers, and that the order had not been executed because the Alaskan official was not sure of the authenticity of the order, Secretary Bayard said last night that the dispatch showed its incorrectness on its face. Alaska is a part of the United States, and consequently the State Department has no officers whatever there as it had in foreign countries. All its knowledge of Alaskan affairs comes through other departments of the government. The Secretary of State would give no order to an Alaskan official nor receive information from one except through the head of another department.

With reference to that part of the dispatch, and of other dispatches which allege that the release of the seized sealers had been ordered, the Secretary made the following explicit denial of any knowledge of any such order:

"There has been to my knowledge no order issued by the President for the release of any of the vessels seized this year, simply because we have no knowledge of the circumstances under which the vessels were seized, and we only know that they are in the hands of the court, and therefore will be dealt with according to law. There were three cases last year in which the President saw fit to order the release of three vessels seized in August, 1886, but those are the only cases I know of in which vessels were ordered released. That occurred last year, and the facts were made public at the time."

The Secretary was somewhat annoyed at the criticism which had been made upon his course with regard to the fisheries question, and particularly with reference to the commission for a settlement. He said he had made a proposal to Great Britain for a settlement, and that proposal had been made public some time ago. He did not think the mere machinery by which an agreement was reached on the basis of his proposal of particular importance. He could not hasten the publication of the correspondence which has since taken place. It would all be laid before Congress in due time and be made public, and would show that his efforts had been to obtain an honorable and fair settlement of the question.

A PROMINENT MAN DEAD.

New Hampshire's Oldest Ex-Senator Departs This Life.

Ex-Senator Joseph Cilley, of New Hampshire, whose death is announced at the age of 96, was appointed to succeed Senator Levi previously Secretary of the Navy and Secretary of the Treasury in the Cabinets of Presidents Jackson and Van Buren, who had resigned from the Senate to accept the appointment of Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, in which position he died. Mr. Cilley served in the Senate from June 13, 1840, to March 3, 1847, and was succeeded by Senator John P. Hale. Congressman Jonathan Cilley, killed in the memorable duel with Congressman Graves, of Kentucky, fought at Bladensburg, near Washington, Feb. 24, 1838, was his brother. The duel was fought with rifles at eighty yards, and Cilley fell mortally wounded at the third fire. Mr. Graves served in Congress from 1836 to 1841, and died at Louisville Sept. 27, 1846.

Simon Cameron is now the oldest surviving ex-senator. He was born in 1799, and is followed by ex-Senator James Bradbury, of Maine, born in 1805; Jefferson Davis, born in 1808, and Hannibal Hamlin, born in 1809. Mr. Cameron served in the Senate with Messrs. Cilley, Bradbury, Jefferson Davis, and Hamlin.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

A Large Meeting in Boston—Address by Chief Arthur.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—A union meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was held at the Boston Theater this afternoon. Lieut.-Gov. Brackett and N. H. Taylor made addresses, after which Grand Chief Arthur was introduced. He spoke of the beneficial features of the order, and said by it the roads were able to obtain better men. It aimed to secure society, and though it did not claim it the brotherhood was as good a temperance society as there was in existence. Many a man had been saved by its influence. Its insurance feature was particularly good, and had already paid $2,159,000 to widows and orphans. In ten years he had not met a manager who seriously opposed the brotherhood. He told of the organization and service of the grievance committees, of which there is one on every road. Strikes are discouraged, as there is seldom a case where an amicable agreement cannot be reached. Letters were read by him from several prominent citizens approving the order.

IRISH TYRANNY.

Bloody Balfour Denounced by New York Nationalists.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—An enthusiastic body of Irish National Leaguers met to-day to reorganize the once flourishing twenty-third ward branch of the organization. All of the speakers condemned in the strongest language the action of Balfour in suppressing free speech in Ireland, and predicted that the time was not far distant when his tyrannical career would be ended. Several members were enrolled, and committees were appointed to wait on all those in the district who were known to favor liberty in Ireland.

Determined efforts are now being made to revive the league, which has been practically dead during the past year. To this end the municipal council has called together most of the leading Irishmen of the city, and, after a conference which lasted three days, has issued a manifesto, which is expected to awaken all the old-time enthusiasm.

Odeon Hall Temperance Meeting.

The attendance at Odeon Hall meeting last evening was large, and the proceedings of more than usual interest. It was presided over by James C. Lee, chief Templar of Perseverance Lodge, who made several brief addresses, strong, persuasive, and effective. Addresses of a very earnest and encouraging character were made also by Mr. Clements and Metchner. Very effective recitations were given by little Josie Lee, of Perseverance Lodge, and Mr. Bergman, of Columbia Lodge. The singing at the Odeon Hall meetings is led by Mr. Boyd, of Minnehaha Lodge. Miss Moberly presiding at the organ. Miss Josie Lee was organist last evening. Thirteen persons signed the pledge. Messrs Williams, Bittings, and Clements, leading members in the Minerva Club, under which auspices the Odeon Hall meetings are kept up, have reasons for congratulating themselves and the cause of temperance reform for the good work being done there from week to week.

No Complications Likely to Result.

Secretary Bayard said last night that he did not believe any international complications could result from the conviction of Cirilo Pouble by the Cuban authorities. Pouble was a Cuban who returned to that island immediately after obtaining his naturalization papers, and was arrested for insurrectionary conduct during the administration of President Arthur. His case had been diligently watched under the direction of the Department of State by the United States consul general to Cuba, he had excellent counsel, and all the United States could do was to see that he obtained justice under the laws of Spain.

Run Over by an Ice Wagon.

Harry Chism, a 13-year old white boy, fell under a wheel of an ice wagon yesterday morning at the corner of Eleventh and W streets northwest and his right leg was broken near the knee joint.

FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

The Project Meeting With Encouraging Success.

The movement for the establishment of a free circulating library, with reading rooms, in a library building similar to those in other large cities, is meeting with generous co-operation from the business men of Washington.

The committee is composed of the following well-known citizens: B. H. Warner (chairman), E. Francis Riggs (treasurer), W. W. Burdette, Samuel E. Wheatley, S. W. Woodward, George Ryneal, jr., James L. Barbour, Isaac Childs, Bushrod Robinson, Lawrence Sands, Crosby S. Noyes, Wm. M. Galt, George C. Gorham, Thomas J. Fisher, E. W. Fox, James E. Fitch, M. G. Emery, Thomas Wilson, H. H. Warde, J. W. Considine, E. W. Oyster, John T. Suter, Thomas S. Denham, J. B. Murray, and M. J. Curry.

Maj. D. W. Rhodes has been appointed to solicit subscriptions. He has already obtained subscriptions to the amount of over $5,000 in sums varying from $1,000 to $5, and it is hoped that the required amount of twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars will be raised during the next few months.

There ought to be a free public library in this city accessible after the working hours of the day are over.

At present there is not one such library in Washington. The use of the books in the congressional library is indeed free to readers during the hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., but these hours are those when most people are at work, and to them the privileges of the congressional library are unavailable.

The following is a list of the subscribers to the free public library fund: W. W. Corcoran, E. Francis Riggs, B. H. Warner, Lawrence Sands, Leland Stanford, James E. Fitch, George Truesdell, Crosby S. Noyes, S. E. Wheatley, George Hearst, Philetus Sawyer, W. C. Whitney, Woodward & Lothrop, W. W. Burdette, B. Robinson, George Ryneal, jr., M. G. Emery, Columbia Typographical Union, Carpenters and Joiners' Union, Samuel Shellabarger, Corson & Macartney, John Lynch, James L. Barbour, Thomas E. Waggaman, Calderon Carlisle, Thomas J. Fisher, C. C. Willard, A. Lisner, Henry Adams, George W. Cochran, Wash. B. Williams, A. P. Brown, J. H. McKenney, N. I. Lincoln, J. C. B. Davis, F. P. B. Sands, Saks & Co., Wm. C. Endicott, Nathl. Wilson, H. S. Cummins, Mrs. S. E. Jewett, Lansburgh & Bro., J. W. Powell, Woodbury Blair, N. W. Burchell, M. W. Beveridge, G. G. Cornwell & Son, Norris Peters, W. H. Hoeke, Geo. W. Knox, Frank Hume, Henry Beard, Green B. Raum, W. B. Webb, W. V. Marmion, G. L. Magruder, W. S. Roose, John H. Magruder, Geo. J. Johnson, Thos. D. Singleton, A. F. Childs, L. H. Schneider's Sons, A. Sailor, Jr., H. J. Gray, P. T. Dodge, Geo. W. F. Swaltzell, John A. Milburn, C. C. Bryan.

Additional subscriptions will be published from time to time as secured.

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

The Board of Visitors Submit Their Annual Report.

The board of visitors to the government Hospital for the Insane made their thirty-third annual report on Saturday to the Secretary of the Interior.

According to the report the number of inmates in the hospital on June 30, 1886, was 1,267, of that number 966 being males and 301 females. During the subsequent year 268 were admitted, 141 were discharged, and 92 died. There remained in the hospital on June 30, 1887, 1,302 patients, 98 of them being colored. The death rate for the year was 6 per cent. of the whole number under treatment.

The action of the District commissioners in providing for their imbeciles elsewhere will relieve the overcrowded condition of the hospital.

The estimates for the fiscal year of 1888-'9 are as follows: Current expenses, $230,500; general repairs and improvements, $20,000; special improvements, namely, an infirmary building, $30,000; water tank and connections, stand pipe and fire escapes, $4,500; tower clock, $750; cement floor and finishing rooms in basement of dining hall, $1,200; porter's lodge at lower entrance, $1,200.

The report is signed by the board, which consists of Dr. J. M. Toner, president; James C. Welling, Admiral John J. Almy, U. S. N., Mrs. A. M. Gangewer, Mrs. Amelia J. Rowland, Wm. A. Maury, Dr. John Moore, U. S. A., Surgeon General F. M. Gunnell, U. S. N., Rev. B. Sunderland, and Dr. W. W. Godding, superintendent and ex officio secretary of the board.

Condemning the Murderers.

At a meeting at the T. M. Healy Branch, I. N. L., held last night, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas the murder of innocent men and children at Mitchelstown, followed by a bloodthirsty police, under the orders of the tory government and Dublin castle, arouses in the hearts of all free men the strongest indignation against the barbarous rule that is responsible for such murderous outrages on an industrious and patiently suffering people; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the T. M. Healy Branch, I. N. L., feel the deepest sorrow to the relatives and friends of the martyred ones, and hope that their blood has not been shed in vain, but that it is the harbinger of the downfall of such cursed and tyrannical rule in that long-suffering island.

Resolved, That we, the Irish-American citizens of the District of Columbia, show our detestation and horror of such indefensible outrages by redoubling our efforts for the overthrow of the tory government of England, and the consequent freedom of Ireland from her long and severe bondage.

Resolved, That the thanks of this branch of the Irish National League are due to the noble and patriotic Dillon, Condon, and O'Brien, for their fearless conduct on that occasion; also, to Messrs. Labouchere, Brunner, and Eldi.

Perseverance Lodge of Good Templars.

This active and prosperous lodge, Grand Chepain J. C. Lee, chief templar, had a very pleasant meeting in its beautiful home, Kiks' Hall, last Saturday evening. In its new business first arrangements were made for a literary and musical entertainment to replenish the lodge burial fund. Good of the order, conducted by Brother A. H. Frear, brought out an interesting programme as follows: An inspiring vocal solo by Sister Molly Phillips; recitation by Brother Mace, of George W. Salter Lodge; address by Brother Hatch, of Virginia; recitation by Sister Josie Lee, a solo by Carrie Brookfield, pianist; remarks by Brother Nye, of D. P. Holloway Lodge; remarks by Brother Hubbard, reading and remarks, particular clever, by Brother Moriarty; timely remarks by Grand Chief Templar Whitney, remarks by Bros. Williams and Johnson, remarks by Chief Templar Cole, of Friendship Lodge, and Brother Hodges, of Clements Lodge, and a happy address by Chief Templar Lee.

Husbands in the Penitentiary.

Sarah I. Carrigan, by her attorney, Mr. E. B. Hay, has petitioned for divorce from her husband, Daniel Carrigan, on the ground of illtreatment, intemperance, and desertion. It will be remembered that in June, 1884, Carrigan plead guilty to certain navy fraud cases and was sent to the penitentiary at Albany for six years, where he is still confined. Col. Wm. A. Cook, as solicitor for Maria Louisa Beach, has petitioned for divorce from her husband, Silas Beach. They were married in Alexandria, Va., March 26, 1863, and lived together until 1877, when her husband was convicted of killing Henry Jones and sent to the Richmond penitentiary for fifteen years, but was subsequently pardoned and returned to her home in this city and remained until 1882, when he deserted her. The third case was that of Annie E. Smart against Edwin L. Smart. The papers had been withdrawn from the files, but the charge is supposed to have been desertion.

Shot Shorter in the Shoulder.

Andrew Marley, a colored boy, accidentally shot a companion named Richard Shorter in the right shoulder yesterday afternoon at the corner of Delaware avenue and G street southwest. Marley was arrested. The boy claimed that he was showing a pistol to Shorter at the time, when it was exploded in the handling.

A Cyclone Reported.

The signal office states that a cyclone of slight but increasing energy was reported southwest of western Cuba, moving westward, on Friday afternoon, and Saturday morning as moving northward in the gulf, and is now apparently approaching the western gulf coast.

Discontinuing a Naval Station.

It is said that the department has decided to discontinue the naval station at City Point, Va., and transfer the officers to the Norfolk yard.

JUSTICE SAMUEL F. MILLER.

Who Delivered the Memorial Oration at the Centennial, Philadelphia.

Samuel F. Miller was born in Kentucky April 5, 1816. He is an illustration and embodiment of the proverbial healthfulness and longevity of studious men who have no bad habits. The first twelve years of

his life were spent on a farm, and there he underwent all the hardships and toil incident to a life of this kind. At an early age he was sent to an academy in Richmond for a year or two, and then by mere accident he got a chance to study medicine. After graduating and receiving his diploma, he began the practice of his profession. For eight years he was a country practitioner, and then he made up his mind to become a lawyer. He had a wife and two children before he decided to change his original occupation. He was more successful in law than in medicine, having judged wisely as to his natural aptitudes. Several years after being admitted to the bar, Miller removed to Keokuk, Iowa, where he took an active part in politics. He was an enthusiastic admirer of Henry Clay, and considers him and Alexander Hamilton the two greatest statesmen America has produced. In 1862 Miller was nominated by President Lincoln to be a Justice of the Supreme Court. His nomination went over to the Senate at 9 o'clock in the evening before the final adjournment, and he was instantly confirmed by a unanimous vote without reference to a committee.

Justice Miller has a ruddy, healthful countenance, and is wonderfully well preserved. His step is light and springy, his eyesight only slightly impaired, and every faculty is as alert as when he was in the prime of life. He is yet a fine pedestrain, and every fair day during the sittings of the court he walks to the capitol and back, a distance of nearly six miles.

Star of Hope Juvenile Temple.

This wide awake and growing temple of 135 members "is a star of hope, indeed, in the belt of our Good Templar Orien," as was remarked by a visitor at the temple meeting yesterday evening. Two new members were initiated, a benefit concert was arranged for, and assistant superintendent, Mrs. Gruber, exhibited a new form of silk badge, which received the unanimous approval of the little folks. Superintendent George Bollinger is meeting gratifying success in his important work. The good of the order, conducted by Guy Mellon, abbreviated somewhat by night coming on, brought out some excellent recitations by Bessie Newbold, Eva Mathewson, Carrie Zea, and Edith Perkins; some charming music by Eva Mathewson, and remarks by Superintendent Bollinger and Grand Superintendent Russell.

Back from the Centennial.

The District militia who attended the centennial at Philadelphia have all returned home much pleased with their trip. During their stay they were well entertained, and though the boys say it themselves they feel highly complimented by the cheers given them while taking part in the parade. The National Guard are ready and willing to take partin the reception tendered ex-Gov. Shepherd. The uniforms for the militia have arrived, and will shortly be distributed to the various commands. Word has been received that Gen. Ordway is fast recovering from the effects of the injuries he received by being thrown out of his carriage.

PERSONALITIES.

MR. H. MARINELLI is registered at the National.

EX-SENATOR WHITTHORNE, of Tennessee, is in the city.

COL. A. H. R. DAWSON, of Alaska, is at the Metropolitan.

HON. B. B. SMALLEY, of Vermont, is at the Ebbitt House.

BARON N. KORFF, of St. Petersburg, is registered at the Arlington.

A. B. TYNLETT and wife, of this city, are at the Hygeia, Old Point.

SECRETARY WHITNEY is expected at the Navy Department to-morrow.

CHIEF ENGINEER C. J. MCCONNELL, U. S. N., is registered at Willard's.

HON. JOHN W. DANIEL, of Virginia, is stopping at the Metropolitan.

MR. AND MRS. B. F. WORRELL, of New York, are stopping at the National.

GEN. RICKETTS's condition has not changed for the better, and he is quite ill.

MR. CHARLES C. GLOVER has been called to Georgia by the death of his mother.

HON. GEORGE BANCROFT will celebrate on Oct. 4, at Newport, his 87th birthday.

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT RENNET, Jr., of Baltimore, are guests at the National.

MR. AND MRS. L. J. COWGILL, of Pasadena, Cal., are registered at the Metropolitan.

GOV. FORAKER passed through the city Saturday evening on his way back to Ohio.

REAR ADMIRAL J. R. M. MULLANY, U. S. N. retired, died at Bryn Maw, Pa. yesterday.

EX-REPRESENTATIVE C. H. CARTER, of Waterbury, Conn., died suddenly yesterday, aged 61.

REV. M. F. KELLY, a popular Catholic priest of Connecticut, died at Bridgeport yesterday, aged 45.

MR. E. T. R. WILDE, of London, England, and Messrs. E. L. Giddings and Charles I. Giddings, of Boston, are at Wormley's.

MR. J. M. CURRIE, of Jacksonville, Fla., was last Friday presented by his friends with a cane, not as handsome as expensive.

MESSRS. WM. REDMOND, Frank Redmond, Frank Torrence, and Mrs. Thomas Barry, of the "Rene" Company, are at the National.

MR. LOUIS P. SHEBOLD, formerly of the REPUBLICAN, has been doing some good work for the Denver *News*, for which his paper compliments him editorially.

MESSRS. J. COLES, W. T. COLES, and H. E. Coles, of London, England, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kennedy, jr., and wife, of Toronto, registered yesterday at the Riggs.

MISS EMMA SHEBOLD, daughter of Prof. Shebold, of East Washington, left yesterday for Montgomery county, Md., where she proposes to enjoy a few weeks' vacation with her cousin, Miss Annie Miller.

JUNIOR VICE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF EDGAR ALLAN, is in the city at the National, on his way home from Philadelphia, where he has been representing the national headquarters of the Grand Army of the Republic in the absence of Gen. Lucius Fairchild, commander-in-chief, who could not attend the centennial celebration.

CAPT. S. E. THOMASSON, of the "Logan Camp Guard, company D, 4th battalion, D. C., N. G., left last evening at 5:30 o'clock en route to for Chicago to attend the encampment of the union ex-prisoners of war which convenes Thursday, 22d instant. While in Chicago the captain will pay the respects of Logan camp No. 2,8, V., to Gen. G. B. Abbott, the newly elected commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans. He will also make arrangements for a uniform for the Guard while away.

CAUSE OF THE DEFEATS.

WHY THE WASHINGTON CLUB FAILS TO PLAY GOOD BALL.

Laxity of Management—Too Much Freedom for the Players and Too Much John Barleycorn—First Day of the Louisville Races—Entries for To-Day.

A losing base ball club, in the majority of cases, is the subject of harsh and, at times, unjust criticism, but the home team certainly cannot claim that this has been their fate during the present season. Should, however, the word of Mr. Gaffney be taken as authority, such would appear to be the case, as he at all times attributes the fact of the club's ill success to the so-called "roasting" given the Washingtons by the local press in general and the REPUBLICAN in particular. How misleading this statement may be can be ascertained by scanning the files of the leading papers of the city. Praise was given to the Statesmen when they deserved and were entitled to it, and censure meted out when their faults were sufficiently glaring to entitle them to it. Had the good advice been followed and strict discipline prevailed that the REPUBLICAN repeatedly suggested was necessary to be observed with some of the players of the Washington team, no such state of affairs as exists at the present time would have prevailed, to the disgust of all honest lovers of the national pastime. Partial and unwise management has been permitted, and the results likey to follow such a course have overtaken the club with disastrous effect. Frequent blundering in the personnel of the team has occasioned derisive complaints from patrons of the game, which conservative and wise council have been disregarded by the manager which, if heeded, might have been productive of better results.

As the season is now almost at an end it is, of course, useless to point out the weaknesses and faults of the management to the public, but the lesson taught those interested in the Washington club under Mr. Gaffney's administration, should certainly not soon be forgotten, and, hereafter, men lacking experience should not be given an opportunity to ruin base ball in the best city, for its population, in the country.

What is needed most is a manager with firmness and positiveness, one who can and will demand that the players shall give their best services to their club, be temperate and not spend their time in wanton dissipation, unfit themselves for work and to the detriment of their employers. That the Statesmen have been permitted to run loose, and roam at their own sweet will under their present manager, cannot truthfully be denied. Actions speak louder than words, and in this respect it has already been shown that the actions of certain men in the Washington club have been anything but complimentary to the team or those fellow players, few in number, who are sober, steady, and work hard for the club's success. Grievous faults and follies have been overlooked, men suspended and then restored, so that, at last, the public have become convinced that the patrons of the game are not so much catered to as are the men's appetites for liquor and to carouse. Little wonder then that base ball will sink into obscurity if so little regard is paid to the multitude who support it. That the individual members of the Washington Club are to blame for this state of affairs is true to some extent. At the same time it might have been different had there been a man at the helm with firm hand and determined mind, cool and fearless, who could have controlled the players and kept them in subjection. As it now is the players boss the manager.

During the past week the Statesmen have done about as well as was expected of them—they lost every game they played. Luckily there were no games to play off or there would have lost more. That they will do any better during the present week is questionable, and those who still feel interest enough to scan the bulletin board will, no doubt, be prepared for another week's bad work. It is believed that Indianapolis will have no trouble in wolloping them now. The Statesmen play in Chicago to-day, Tuesday, and Wednesday, and in Indianapolis the remaining three days of the week.

The following tables show the respective standing of the clubs in the League and Association:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Boston.	Chicago.	Detroit.	Indianapolis.	New York.	Philadelphia.	Pittsburg.	Washington.	Games won.
Boston	...	6	7	10	6	9	11	9	58
Chicago	7	...	10	8	11	12	5	8	61
Detroit	11	8	...	10	8	10	11	13	71
Indianapolis	5	4	2	...	3	1	7	9	31
New York	6	7	9	7	...	7	9	10	60
Philadelphia	6	6	17	7	7	...	9	11	63
Pittsburg	7	6	2	11	6	6	...	9	47
Washington	4	7	4	5	7	3	9	...	39
Games lost	48	43	38	76	48	48	61	67	429

SUMMARY.

	W.	L.	Per Ct.		W.	L.	Per Ct.
Detroit	71	38	.651	Boston	57	48	.517
Chicago	61	43	.583	Pittsburg	47	61	.435
Philadelphia	62	43	.593	Washington	39	67	.368
New York	60	48	.555	Indianapolis	31	76	.291

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Athletic.	Baltimore.	Brooklyn.	Cincinnati.	Cleveland.	Louisville.	Metro.	St. Louis.	Won.
Athletic	...	3	5	9	14	8	9	8	56
Baltimore	10	...	6	11	17	7	7	6	64
Brooklyn	8	8	...	8	12	8	7	4	55
Cincinnati	11	9	13	...	13	5	15	6	72