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Daily (except Sunday) and Weekly.

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THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY,
E. W. FOX, PRESIDENT AND MANAGER.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23

Amusements.

NATIONAL—Thatcher, Primrose & West.
ALBAUGH'S—"Rene."
KERNAN'S—Marinelli and specialties.
BIJOU—Wilbur Opera Company.
THE MANASSAS PANORAMA—15th st. & Ohio av

Plan of Relief.

Let the United States treasury loan one hundred million dollars, at two per cent. per annum interest, taking one hundred million dollars of United States bonds, at their par value, as security.

New York Republican Platform.

3. We adhere firmly to the American policy, under whose operation unexampled prosperity and thrift have blessed the land, and hold that any changes to be made in the tariff laws should be made by the friends of those laws, and in the interest of protection of labor on our own soil and of home markets, not by or in the interest of free trade propagandists not for the benefit of foreign producers and foreign labor. National taxation should be so adjusted as to raise revenue sufficient for an economic and wise administration of the government, for the payment of the public debt, for the development of national resources, and for national defense; but any reduction should be so made as not to impair the prosperity of home industries. American markets must be preserved to the products of American labor and capital, and protected from foreign encroachments.

Relieve the People Now.

President Cleveland has announced the programme for his trip to the west and south. According to the published statement the President will leave Washington on the 30th instant, visiting many of the principal cities of the country in and near the great valley of the Mississippi.

There is no doubt of the fact that President Cleveland will receive a hearty welcome, for the section which he visits is noted for its hospitality, and the high office which Mr. Cleveland holds will insure respect joined to cordiality.

On this tour the President will pass through most of the states which contribute so largely to the wealth of the country by their immense productions of the great agricultural staples of the country—wheat, corn, cotton, and tobacco. Everywhere the President will find that while these states are rich in the immensity of their resources they are poor in the medium of exchange—money—by which their riches are available.

President Cleveland can easily remove this poverty and he is the only man who can. Nearly $400,000,000 in currency is locked up in the vaults of the treasury, and it is this gorge of money which now threatens the prosperity of the country—threatens to place the producers of the country—the men whose toil wins from the earth the riches contained in its bosom—into the hands of merciless speculators.

President Cleveland holds the highest and proudest position attainable by any man. He is President of a nation of 60,000,000 free people, and as President is invested by law with great power to be exercised for the benefit of the people.

Before starting upon this trip President Cleveland should exercise some of those powers, both ordinary and extraordinary. For instance, the law authorizes the investment of not more than $4,000,000 nor less than $2,000,000 every month in the purchase of silver bullion, and directs its coinage into currency. For the thirty months that President Cleveland has been President only the minimum quantity has been purchased and coined. He could order that hereafter the maximum sum, $4,000,000, should be expended. He could even do better than that. He might order that the sum necessary to bring the average purchase for his thirty months' service up to the maximum should be expended. That would be $60,000,000.

The national banks of the United States have over $200,000,000 of the bonds of the United States deposited in the treasury to "secure circulation." The lowest official price fixed upon any of these bonds is 108 4-10 dollars for each $100, and the banks hold but 90 per cent. of the par value in currency. As the bonds are being purchased at these figures, they are certainly a safe security for their par value, and there are now $75,000,000 in silver coin in the treasury against which no certificates have been issued. Let the Secretary of the Treasury deposit in each bank enough either of these silver dollars, or the certificates representing them, to make up the difference between the value of the currency issued and the par value of the bonds. This would put over $30,000,000 in circulation, and some of it would go into every city and town where a national bank is established. Every section of the country would be benefited.

Still more could be done. The Secretary might be directed to publish another circular, saying, in substance, that money to the amount of one hundred million dollars would be loaned at 2 per cent. per annum interest to parties depositing United States bonds of the par value of $100,000,000.

With these methods of relief adopted there would be an abundance of money in the country. All danger of a financial crisis would pass away. The producers would be relieved from all fear of becoming the prey of speculators, and the President would meet none but the brightest of faces on his tour.

There is another reason why these measures should be adopted. The people of the country have faith in the honesty and good motives of President Cleveland. It is now well known that in politics he belongs to that class which calls itself "revenue reformers," and which believes that the American system of protection should be changed.

It is an undoubted fact that these revenue reformers and free traders have entered into a gigantic conspiracy to destroy the tariff by every possible way, preventing the paying out of the surplus in the treasury, so that they may declare that the financial ruin, which shall surely follow this unnatural accumulation, was the legitimate result of the present tariff system.

No one for an instant thinks that the President is a party to this conspiracy, but the reckless political gamblers who are engaged in it are his political friends, and some of them he trusted political counsellors. They are gambling on the chances of ruining the country to secure their own preferment.

President Cleveland is in a condition to foil these efforts, and he should avail himself of it. The methods are easy. The people and Congress will indorse any or all the methods suggested, and that indorsement is all the President can ask. And we again repeat that an extra session of Congress should be called not later than the 1st of November.

A NUMBER of New York business men expressed their views yesterday as to the financial condition, and from their expressions we select the following:

John B. Claflin, of H. B. Claflin & Co., says:

It would be disgraceful if the prosperity of the country should create a panic, all danger of which can be easily averted by prompt and wise action of the government.

Isador Straus, of the firm of L. Straus & Sons, said:

If this stringency continues any length of time it will be serious, because the tightness of money here will compel country banks to withdraw accommodation from their customers. Aside from that, the newspaper accounts telegraphed all over the country about the stringency here will frighten sections where money is not stringent into hoarding it.

John F. Talmage, of Messrs. Dan Talmage's Sons, said:

Money is tight, exceedingly tight, and, so far as we can learn, it is not exceptional, but universal. This condition of affairs is doubtless tending to greatly restrict business and retard operations which might just now partake of the exhilarating features of a "boom." In my intercourse with men I hear all sorts of expressions in regard to what the government ought to do.

FROM a letter of John S. Swan, an ex-confederate soldier of Charleston, W. Va., in regard to the Wheeling battle flag incident, we take the following:

Free raw material is the policy of New York and her President, Mr. Cleveland. Free raw material means ruin for five southern states.

No money for the improvement of the rivers of the great west is the policy of New York and her President, Mr. Cleveland. This is ruin for the commerce of the great west.

The tax on tobacco is the policy of New York and her President, Mr Cleveland. It is not the policy of the tobacco growing states.

Silver and silver coinage is the policy of the south and west. It is not the policy of Mr. Cleveland and the bankers, brokers, bondholders, usurers, and the money kings of New York and the east.

The south is beginning to understand the domination of importing New York and the free raw material policy of Mr. Cleveland and the manufacturing east, and the sooner they understand it the better.

JAY GOULD has a grandson. We hope he will resist the temptation to water it.—*Alta Californian.*

We will bet on young Kyngdon beating his grandfather at that game, and that he has made the old man acknowledge it before this.—*Greensboro North State.*

That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the prophet three thousand years ago: "He that watereth shall be watered also himself." Prov. xi:25.—*Henderson (N. C.) Times.*

"From the fullness of the heart the mouth speaketh." It is evident that the editors of all the papers quoted have been there.

THE seven principal banks of Europe, including the Bank of England, the Bank of France, and the Imperial Bank of Germany, held last week $546,619,000 gold as against $595,289,000 at the same time last year. This was a falling off of $48,670,000. They also held $457,993,000 in silver against $428,167,000 one year ago, a gain of $29,826,000. And yet the momometalists tell us the silver of the whole world is to be sent here because the United States uses the double standard and says 412 grains of silver is "a dollar."

DISTRICT ASSEMBLY 66, Knights of Labor, has issued a circular setting forth the facts that E. E. Jackson, the Democratic candidate for governor of Maryland, who poses as the friend of labor, has been its persistent enemy. The assembly proves its charges and calls upon all laboring men to unite in the effort to defeat Mr. Jackson.

THE New Orleans *States* thus speaks of the author of the "New South:"

There is no more ambitious ass to be found anywhere than the pompous and conceited bubble who runs the Atlanta *Constitution.* We refer without permission to Mr. Henry Grady.

The Corsicanan.

[N. Y. Sun.]

Our esteemed Texas contemporary, the Corsicana *Evening Journal*, publishes this surprising notice of a statesman who has been regarded as the Lone Star of the Lone Star state:

Mr. Mills is a native and resident of Virginia, a man who, for the sake of office only, owns a house and lot in our little city, and pays us a visit once a year. With his grip in hand he puts up at the Commercial Hotel, loafs around just long enough to get elected, then skips for his Virginia home and Washington. As a carpet-bagger we put him against any man in Uncle Sam's land.

This is a severe and exaggerated description. Mr. Mills is not to be held up to cousure as a carpet bagger simply because he is a native of Virginia elected to office from Texas. If he is for any considerable time in the year a resident in Virginia we may be sure that his presence is explained by his wish to convert the Virginia Democrats, who are strong protectionists, to his own tariff-trampling views. He would probably have to reside in Virginia several thousand years before he secured many converts, but because he now devotes what time he can find to the calling of a free-trade missionary among the protectionists of the Old Dominion, is it for any true Texan to gird at him and call him carpet-bagger? Texans respect bravery, and what could be braver than for Mr. Mills to pitch his tent among the Virginia Democrats after denouncing them in his sharpest cayenne language?

It appears from the "Congressional Directory" of the forty-ninth Congress that Mr. Mills's heart is still true to Corsicana, no matter where he was born or whither he may roam. Here is all the biography with which he enriches that publication:

Roger Q. Mills, of Corsicana, was elected to the forty-third, forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh, and forty-eighth Congresses, and was re-elected to the forty-ninth as a Democrat, receiving 22,333 votes, against 9,049 votes for Osterhout, Republican.

No reference to his Virginia birth; simply "Roger Q. Mills, of Corsicana," a style and title as honorable, if not yet as illustrious, as Don Quixote de la Mancha. If, like that good knight, Mr. Mills wanders in search of adventures and fights with flocks of protected sheep, shall he not have honor for his daring, pity for his generous illusions, and wonder for his sublimity of self-belief? Suppose he sometimes skips from Navarra county to Virginia and elsewhere, is it a thing to condemn? He has always been a flighty statesman. And now, when his heart is set upon the chairmanship of the ways and means committee, it is natural that his geographical distribution should be widened.

Not Knights of Labor.

EDITOR NATIONAL REPUBLICAN: In yesterday morning's edition appears an article concerning what is alluded to as L. A. 4026 and its patronage of an unfair printing office. I am directed to inform you that there is no such L. A. as 4026 in the order of the K. of L. The body of men so styling themselves are not Knights of Labor, and no action of theirs should be taken as indicative of the opinions or methods of the Knights.

H. G. THADEN,
Secretary D. A. 66, K. of L.

GATHERING IN NUMBERS

To Give Hon. Frederick Douglass a Hearty Welcome Home.

An audience numbering about 2,000 persons gathered at the A. M. E. Metropolitan Church, on M street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, last evening to welcome home Hon. Frederick Douglass upon his return from abroad. Rev. T. G. Stewart, pastor of the church, presided and introduced Mr. Montgomery, who delivered an address in which he welcomed Mr. Douglass, and spoke of him in eulogistic terms. Rev. Walter H. Brooks, pastor of the Nineteenth Street Baptist Church, read an original poem of great merit, after which James A. Handy added further words of welcome.

Mr. Douglass was then introduced, and after thanking his audience for his cordial reception referred to his trip abroad.

"While I was in Europe," he said, "I never heard a word or saw a gesture which indicated a slight to me on account of the color of my skin." He spoke of the question of home rule for Ireland, and said that while he was in favor of home rule he thought that the liberty of a people could be best preserved by great governments, and he did not think favorably of Ireland's entire independence. He spoke humorously of his meeting with Americans abroad. "The Americans over there," he said, "Are the most delightful people you can think of when you meet them. When I would be recognized by one of them they come up with a cordial, 'How are you, how are you,' and shake my hand, inquire when I got over, and be most pleasant. If I would meet one of them on the avenue," he concluded with a chuckle, "they would never know me." While in England Mr. Douglass visited Miss Richardson, a lady of 80 years, who aided him upon his escape from slavery to cross the ocean forty-two years ago.

At the end of the meeting Rev. Mr. Stewart arose and said that while nominations were being made for the campaign of 1888 he wished to place a ticket in the field. He didn't know how other people would like it, but was sure it was a good one. He would nominate Robert T. Lincoln for President and Frederick Douglass for Vice President. The nomination was loudly applauded. The committee on reception and others to the number of fifty then repaired to the lecture room of the church, where a banquet was served.

The Late Archibald Campbell.

We live in such feverish days—the men of to-day crowding out the men of yesterday—that we often overlook past services to the nation. Energy is to be commended when expended in high and honorable callings, but that energy which forgets our nation's "yesterdays" and the men who rendered service to that nation is neither to be commended nor justified.

We are painfully reminded of this forgetfulness in the death of the late Archibald Campbell, who for so many years was a leading and honored citizen of Washington, and who for the greater portion of his life filled so large a space in public affairs. Time was in Washington when the death of such a man would be regarded as a public calamity, and all due honors paid to his memory. Yet he passes to his last rest and the "men of to-day" know not that earth is receiving the remains of one who rendered great service to the republic, and who was honored by the esteem and friendship of the leading men of the past generation.

Mr. Campbell was the son of Archibald Campbell, of Albany, and was born in that city in 1813. He entered the Military Academy at West Point in 1831, and graduated in the class of 1835. Having been appointed a lieutenant of the 6th infantry, he joined his regiment in the west, which was soon thereafter ordered to the Texas frontier, where Gen. Gaines commanded the United States forces, then acting as an army of observation. He was appointed by Gen Gaines one of his aides, in which capacity he remained until his resignation from the army. He was subsequently engaged in the survey of the Cherokee country, the improvements of the Ohio river, and in various other civil employments.

In 1845 Gov. Marcy, then Secretary of War, appointed Mr. Campbell his private secretary, and, on the death of Gen. Parker, appointed him chief clerk of the War Department. This office he held for several years and performed its duties with credit and ability, acting on several occasions as Secretary of War during the absence of the head of the department.

In 1856 a commission was appointed by the British government and that of the United States to settle and mark out the boundary line between their respective countries, from the crest of the Rocky mountains to the Pacific ocean. President Pierce appointed Mr. Campbell commissioner on the part of the United States, Mr. Marcy being then Secretary of State. Gen. Parke, then a lieutenant of engineers, was chief astronomer of the survey. The final settlement of this boundary led to a serious, and at one time, threatening controversy between the two countries. The island of San Juan, near the mouth of Puget Sound, embracing an area equal to that of the state of Rhode Island, was the prize involved in the contest. This island possessed not only great prospective value for agricultural and commercial purposes, but was in a military point of view of incalculable importance. The masterly defense of our title to the island by Mr. Campbell, in his correspondence with the British commissioners, and in his reports to the State Department, was admitted to be largely instrumental in establishing the rights of this country to the disputed territory, such right being finally confirmed by the emperor of Germany, to whom, as arbiter, the question was submitted. For his services in this matter Mr. Campbell received the commendation of his government, as well as that of Mr. Bancroft, the minister at Berlin, who presented the case on the part of the United States to the referee.

Several years later, it having been decided to complete the demarkation of the boundary between the British dominions and the United States, another joint commission was ordered for this purpose, and President Grant selected Mr. Campbell as commissioner on the part of this country, Mr. Fish being then Secretary of State. This commission traced and marked out the boundary on the forty-ninth parallel of latitude, as designated by treaty, from the Lake of the Woods to the crest of the Rocky mountains, thus completing the entire boundary from the lakes to the Pacific ocean.

For the last few years Mr. Campbell has been in failing health, and has lived in retirement at his home in Washington. In his domestic and private life he was pure and affectionate, genial and generous, and warm and true in his friendships. He was greatly beloved by his family and relatives, by the older officers of the army, and by a large circle of friends. He married Miss Harrod, of New Orleans, who, with his son, Capt. Charles H. Campbell, and his daughter, Mrs. Charlton, survive him.

Emigration from Greece.

Consul Moffitt at Athens reports to the State Department that within the past few weeks many applications have been made to him by young men for transportation to America. The report has somehow got abroad that there is a demand in America for Greek laborers, that money is to be had in abundance, and that the American government will furnish transportation. Mr. Moffitt has tried in vain to discover the source of this delusion.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENTS of Justice and State, the 22d instant, about 2:30 p. m., three papers in Chinese characters, with translation. Reward if delivered Chief Clerk, State Department. 9-23

A DOLLAR SAVED IS ONE MADE. HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR GENTLEMEN'S AND LADIES' CAST-OFF CLOTHING. Orders from those who have any for sale, addressed REGULATOR CLOTHING COMPANY, No. 1247 Eleventh Street Southeast, Will Meet with Prompt Attention.

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REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE,
1321 F STREET N. W.,
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Money constantly on hand to loan at reasonable rates on undoubted real estate security. Pneumatic Gun Carriage stock bought and sold. aug1-tf

LASKEY'S CAN OFFICE,
No. 361 PENNA AVE, N. W,
Money Loaned on Gold and Silver Watches Diamonds, Jewelry, Pistols, Guns, Mechanical Tools, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT
Unredeemed Pledges for Sale.

SPECIALTIES.

****

We are having a big run on our $1.35 Derby Hats. They have created quite a stir in the hat trade here. Some hatters imagine they cost us more money, and therefore we must be selling them below cost. Nothing of the kind. We make a LEGITIMATE profit on everything we sell, but we buy hats in such enormous quantities that we can buy to better advantage than the ordinary retailer, and, as we are content with a REASONABLE profit on the goods we sell, we can afford to sell a GLEAR FUR DERBY, well trimmed, and in all the popular blocks, such as the "Dunlap," "Youman," "Knox," and "Miller" blocks, at $1.35 each. They come in black and in the different shades of brown. We venture to say these hats cannot be duplicated hereabouts for less than $2.50 each.

Our now well-known $3.67 grade of shoes for gentlemen will bear off the palm when placed along side of and compared with any $5 shoes to be found outside of our house. We have them in every style and in every size and width; good, honest work, fine calf, and for fit and finish finds no superior on the market AT ANY PRICE.

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Saks & Company,

OUTFITTERS,

Seventh and Market Space.

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HENRY F. MILLER PIANOS—GRAND Square, and Upright. The most beautiful and perfect piano made.
JNO. F. ELLIS & CO.,
937 Pa. ave., n. w., near 10th st.

MASON & HAMLIN UPRIGHT PIANOS, with improved method of stringing.
JNO. F. ELLIS & CO.,
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BEHR BROS.' UPRIGHT PIANOS, WITH damper attachment and other improvements, by which the piano can be rendered almost silent; invaluable for those who wish to practice without disturbing their family or neighbor.
JNO. F. ELLIS & CO.,
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GUILD SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS; the best medium grade piano made.
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PIANOS IN GOOD PLAYING ORDER, $25, payable $5 per month.
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PIANOS, SQUARE, UPRIGHT, AND Grand, at moderate prices and easy terms; old instruments taken in payment for new.
JNO. F. ELLIS & CO.,
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DECKER BROS' SQUARE GRAND PIANO, with stool and cover, at a bargain.
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WEBER SQUARE PIANO, IN GOOD CONdition, with stool and cover, at a bargain.
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BRADBURY SQUARE PIANO, IN GOOD condition, with stool and cover, at a bargain.
JNO. F. ELLIS & CO.,
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HAINES BROS.' SQUARE PIANO, IN good condition, with stool and cover, at a bargain.
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WEBER BABY GRAND PIANO, IN GOOD condition, with stool, at a bargain.
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NEW PIANOS, SQUARE, UPRIGHT, AND grand, at moderate prices and easy terms. Old instruments taken in part payment for new.
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937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.

PERSONAL.

DRAWING AND PAINTING—NATIONAL Academy of Fine Arts, 804 E st., presided over by Mrs. Imogene R. Morrell, who has had 12 medals and studied 15 years in Europe with the most celebrated artists. To prevent children forming careless habits of drawing, they will be received Saturdays at 4 years of age and upward, for almost nothing. Thorough instruction in every branch of art, from drawing of all kinds to portrait and historical painting. Evening classes for ladies and gentlemen Mondays and Wednesdays at 7 o'clock. sep23-8t

A LADY WISHES THE LOAN OF $30 from some gentleman. MRS. MASON, Republican Office. sep23-3t

MONEY, FROM $500 TO $1,000, TO LOAN as first mortgage on first-class real estate at 6 per cent. interest. Address "MONEY," Republican Office. sep22-3t

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES AND PRIvate lessons for ladies and gentlemen. The professors are forming classes and giving private instructions at 1409 New York avenue: English, French, German, Italian, and other courses of study from early morning hour to 10 p. m. Terms more moderate than elsewhere. Readings—Oratorical, dramatic, and humoristic; also, a description of Paris (in French and English), Vienna (in German and English), Rome (in Italian and English.) A ticket for thirty readings, $5. See the professor or write to him. Families and schools can obtain visiting and resident teachers. sep13-1m

IF YOU WANT A CLEAN, EASY-RUNNING bicycle, tricycle, tandem or sociable, call at 1206 Pa. ave., where a large stock of machines are constantly on hand, and can be hired by the hour, day, or week. THE SMITH NATIONAL CYCLE MFG. CO. sep14-2w

SCHOOL BOOK EXCHANGE — LARGE stock new, shelf-worn, and second hand; also, school supplies; 1227 32d st. and 716 K st. N. W. CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF BOOKS. sep7-1m

WANTED—TRY OUR BUTTERINE AT 20 cents per pound: doesn't get rancid; keeps better than butter; satisfaction assured or money returned. STALLS 349, 350, and 351 CENTER MARKET. 5-aug12-tf

HOSIERY.

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To-day we present some specialties from our hosiery department, and earnestly recommend you to consult these quotations and then examine the goods.

CHILDREN'S HOSE.

A line of fast black stockings, all white feet, with double knees, excellent for school wear.

PRICES.

6s	25 cents.
6½s	27 "
7s	30 "
7½s	32 "
8s	35 "
8½s	38 "
9s	42 "
9½s	45 "

We have a full assortment of children's 25 cent stockings.

LADIES' HOSE.

At 25 cents per pair we offer full, regular-made goods, with double heel and toes, in unbleached, striped, black, brown, blue, and all the mode shades. These stockings are a superior value.

At 50 cents per pair we are selling a fine black stocking, in all sizes, which we guarantee a fast color. When we say we guarantee them we mean that if they stain, or if the color washes out, we will gladly refund the money. Fifty cents is the price.

MISSES' HOSE.

We open to-day a special line of misses' ribbed hose, in sizes 8, 8½, and 9, at 25 cents per pair.

GENTS' HOSE.

We offer a full line of gents' hose, in fancy stripes and solid colors, at 25 cents per pair, and we warrant them worth 35 cents.

****

The Bon Marche

316-318 Seventh St. N. W.

FALL MILLINERY.

It seems as if we must admit that the fall season has really opened. At least, the temperature has lost a good deal of its mustard seasoning. You will very speedily be compelled to lay aside the light straws, with their mull and gauzes and fancy flowers; for neat and tasteful as summer fashion was, cool weather calls for closer head covering and appropriate trimmings of a heavier texture.

We are positioned to show you what fashion has invented for the fall season of 1887.

Every day we are receiving shapes in straw and felt goods—novelties and accepted models of beauty in Hats and Bonnets. On Saturday we opened a line of superb feathers, tips, wings, &c., in numberless variety, high-priced, medium quality, and the moderate cost. All that the ribbon manufacturers have to offer that is new we have either received or are receiving daily; and in satins, glace velvets, and all the weightier textures our buyers have purchased with liberality and commendable judgment.

You are, therefore, invited to inspect our lines of millinery specialties. You may not be ready to order just yet, but we can show you new goods that will delight your eye and may possibly just strike your fancy.

The Bon Marche,

316-318 Seventh St. N. W.

SPECIAL NOTICES

☞ STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Gold Mining Company for the election of a board of directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at No. 629 F st. N. W. MONDAY, OCT. 3, 1887.
Polls will be open from 12 m. to 5 p. m.
Transfer books closed Sept. 24, 12 m.
se23-9t W. S. ODELL, Secretary.

☞ THE MEDICAL, PHARMACEUTICAL and Dental Departments of Howard University will open Oct. 3, at 8 p. m. Address will be delivered by Prof. Robert Reyburn, to which the profession and public are invited. Medical and dental clinics will be held regularly.
For circular, address
C. B. PURVIS, M. D.,
se10-to o5 Secretary, 1118 13th st. N. W.

☞ MANICURE, 50 CENTS; CORNS, 25, at Drs. Kenisons, 418 12th st. Open day and evening. se7

☞ FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

If you want the CHEAPEST, CLEANEST, and MOST ECONOMICAL FUEL, buy Washington Gas Company's COKE.
JOHNSON BROTHERS,
au17-tf Sole Agents.

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PELHAM, REID & STEVENSON,
52 Corcoran Building, Washington, D. C.
For sale at Brentano's, on Pennsylvania avenue. au3-tf

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A PORTER in a store or as waiter in a private family or boarding house; good reference; apply 1735 34th street, West Washington. 1-26

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WANTED—A GOOD, RELIABLE COOK, washer, and ironer, at 312 Ind. ave., N. E. 2-24

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WANTED—A GIRL EITHER TO ASSIST in or to do general housework, including washing, &c.; 2 adults and 2 children; must stay at night, and furnish reference. Apply at 1429 11th st. N. W. 2-23

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WANTED—A HOUSE (6 OR 7 ROOMS); first-class conditions; all improvements; not far from Treasury; rent not to exceed $40. Address TREASURY, Republican Office 3-24

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FOR SALE

SALE OF LANDS DELINQUENT FOR taxes—All land in the adjoining county of Alexandria, opposite this city, upon which back taxes are due, will be sold on Monday next, the 26th inst., at the county court house. Treasurer W. C. Wibert will be at the county clerk's office, in Alexandria city, to give information concerning the same on the 23d and 27th inst. Many valuable tracts will be sold. se23-3t

FOR SALE—A SOLID WALNUT MARBLE-top chamber suite for $20, including springs. 804 9th st. N. W. 8-26

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