THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

Daily (except Sunday) and Weekly.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE DAILY is served to subscribers by carrier for FIFTY CENTS A MONTH.

By mail, postage prepaid, one year..... $5 00
Six months..... 2 50
Three months..... 1 50
One month..... 50
Foreign and Consular Edition (free of postage), per year..... $3 00

Payable invariably in advance.
Saturday's Edition, by carrier and by mail, $1.50 one year, in advance.

THE WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.
Only $1 for Two Years—1887 and 1888.
which includes the contest of the next Presidential Election.

Single copies for one year..... 75c
Clubs of ten for one year or clubs of five for two years..... $5 00
Extra copy mailed free to party securing the club. Postage paid.

Information of all sorts obtained, when possible, from subscribers without charge upon application.
Rejected manuscripts cannot be returned.
Remittances other than by postal money orders, bank drafts, or checks to the order of the National Republican Company always at sender's risk.
No receipts for subscriptions returned. The date on the wrapper shows when subscription expires.
Advertisers who have not made or renewed time contracts will be charged monthly card rates.
All requests for courtesies from railroads, places of amusement, or business orders are not authorized unless signed by the undersigned.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY,
E. W. FOX, PRESIDENT AND MANAGER.

MONDAY, JANUARY 30.

Amusements.

NATIONAL—Mrs. James Brown Potter.
ALBAUGH'S—Robert Downing.
KERNAN'S—Rentz-Santley Company.
HARRIS'—"On the Frontier."
THE MESSIAH PANORAMA—15th st. & Ohio av.

A reunion of the surviving members of the thirty-fourth Congress who voted for the Hon. Nathaniel P. Banks for speaker will be held at the beautiful home of the Republican National League on Wednesday, Feb. 1. The League has placed its entire building at the disposal of these veteran Republicans for the occasion. In the evening, commencing at 7:30 a public reception will be given to their friends, and the doors thrown open to invited guests. Members of the League will please attend without further notice. Republican members of Congress not members of the League are cordially invited and will be admitted without cards.

E. F. BEALE, President.
EDWARD B. FOX, Secretary.

A WEEKLY paper published in this city gravely announces that "ex-Justice Nelson, of the United States Supreme Court, who is now engaged in delivering a course of lectures to a large college here," has delivered an opinion, "extra judicial, it is true," in which he says the Blair bill is clearly unconstitutional, "and, from what he knew of the present justices of the Supreme Court, with whom he still held intimate relations," if called upon to do so, that august body would unanimously deny its constitutionality. Inasmuch as ex-Justice Nelson died in December, 1883, six years before Mr. Blair entered the Senate, it is not at all probable that the "extra judicial opinion" has been delivered. The intimation in the article alluded to that all the justices of the Supreme Court are spiritualists, and in the habit of attending seances to converse with their dead associate, is not believed to be true. Besides which, it will take more than the opinion of a dead justice to beat the Blair bill.

Divided Democracy.

The inaugural address of President Cleveland in direct, unequivocal language favored protection to American industry. In the early days of the administration Samuel J. Randall was a power, and continued so until the President became satisfied that three-fourths of the Democracy believed in a "tariff for revenue only." Then it was that Mr. Carlisle, Col. Morrison, Watterson, and other free trade saints were invited to cross their legs under the President's mahogany, in the kitchen parlor of Samuel J. Randall, Gen. Slocum, Wm. H. Barnum, and the Guard of Democracy.

The President, as a politician, was sagacious in making the exchange of counselors if he desired the nomination for a second term. It is true his acts may seem inconsistent, but the Democracy elected him and he desired to represent the Democracy, and this was the first opportunity that he had to learn in national affairs the real sentiments of the majority. The platform was a delusion, a fraud, and Janus-faced. In his inaugural address he flopped with the Randall wing, but as an aspirant for the succession he must act with the majority or restrain his ambition to a single term.

The Randallites favor such an adjustment of our customs laws as will give moderate incidental protection to American industries and the repeal of the internal revenue laws. The President, in his last message, turned his back upon them and their sentiments and advocated practical free trade and the maintenance of the internal revenue war taxes. In addition to this his administration of the Treasury Department has well-nigh bankrupted the country by contraction of the currency. The President did not estimate this last condition of sufficient importance to even allude to it in his message.

A caucus has recently been held and an understanding arrived at between Randall, Dana, and Gov. Hill to select a candidate for the Presidency in accord with their views. The friends of these gentlemen declare that they hold the vantage ground in the contest.

They say, while it is true that New York city is the headquarters of free trade Mugwumps and free trade Democrats, it is also true that the Empire State is by far the largest manufacturing state in the Union; that the people of the southern states favor a repeal of the internal revenue laws in preference to a change in the tariff laws, and would prefer to strike hands with the protection Democracy in such a contest rather than to rally under the banner of free trade and internal revenue taxation.

This condition of affairs therefore constitutes a divided Democracy. The battle has already commenced. The administration has won a very great victory in Pennsylvania under the lead of Congressman Scott. In the state of New York, as against Gov. Hill, it was a drawn battle. In North Carolina and Georgia Senators Vance and Brown have declared against the policy of the President. In Virginia Senator Barbour was elected on a platform in direct opposition to the declarations of the President, and would to-day be in open revolt but for the federal patronage which he was permitted to control to carry the state.

The labor vote has been lost to the Democracy by the shameful treatment of the wage worker, the wood carver Toobe, against the conscience of the members of the House of both parties, but under the whip and spur of the administration and Speaker Carlisle. Carlisle himself, wounded in health and sick in body, has retired from the contest to recuperate, but his power as a leader has been reduced to third class.

The Democratic members of the House of Representatives know the situation, and are wandering around like a herd of cattle on the prairie without even a bell cow for a leader. Thus endeth the first lesson.

Repeal the Internal Revenue Laws.

We have positive assurances from many leading Democrats in Virginia, West Virginia, and North Carolina that they will unite cordially with the Republicans on the industrial issues between the two parties. In a letter just received from one of the most prominent gentlemen of North Carolina appears the following statement:

If the leaders of the Republican party pledge themselves unequivocally to the repeal of the internal revenue system I am ready to go with them, horse, foot, and dragoons. If the necessities of the government are such that all cannot go at once, then let tobacco and fruit brandy be relieved at once, and whisky afterward. I am cultivating my powers of physical endurance, so that, if necessary, I can take an active part in the campaign next fall with grace enough, and, so far as I can see, we can hope for no help save from the Republicans.

It will be remembered that about ten days ago the North Carolina Democratic state executive committee appeared before the ways and means committee of the House to urge upon it some action looking to the immediate repeal of the internal revenue system. At a meeting of the North Carolina committee, held at the Metropolitan Hotel previous to its appearance before the ways and means committee, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That this committee representing the Democratic party of North Carolina, to urge the repeal of the internal revenue taxes and a modification of the tariff laws, shall present to members of the committee of ways and means of the House of Representatives of Congress the resolution of the state Democratic executive committee of North Carolina, adopted at its meeting last October, and under which this committee is acting, and shall also present to members of the committee of ways and means the resolutions of the Democratic party of North Carolina, adopted by the last state convention of our party in regard to the internal revenue laws.

Resolved, That this committee shall address to the committee of ways and means every argument, statement, appeal, and fact that can possibly impress the committee of ways and means and the House of Representatives of the United States with the propriety, duty, and necessity for the public welfare of North Carolina of an absolute, total, and immediate repeal of all internal revenue laws and abolition of the entire system of collecting internal revenue.

In an address before the ways and means committee Col. Paul B. Means read the following resolution, adopted by the Democrats in the North Carolina legislature 1883:

If Congress should deem it impracticable to modify the present tariff, and at the same time abolish the internal revenue taxes, as the less of the two evils we prefer the retention of the former and the abolition of the latter.

Mr. J. C. Buxton confessed that the fifth district was lost in the last election on account of the failure of the Democrats to do anything about repealing the internal revenue, and said that if Congress failed to do anything now that his people would have to give up, and his district would be hopelessly Republican. It follows, too, that if the fifth district is hopelessly Republican the Democrats cannot carry the state for anything.

C. M. Busbee and others spoke in the same strain.

What more is needed to convince Republicans that the true policy of the party is to follow close in the wake of Sherman, Frye, McKinley, and Reed in demanding the immediate repeal of the internal revenue laws? The people of all sections demand it, and it must be done.

A Misnomer.

Mr. Ballard Smith has left the domain of the interviewer and invaded the pages of the *North American Review* with an article which he calls "The political effect of the message." The title is a misnomer, for Mr. Smith does not tell what the "effect of the message" has been, but what he hopes it will be.

When Mr. Smith is not enacting the role of a false prophet he is sometimes fulfilling that of falsifier, particularly as in his attempt to make out that Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, is one of the free trade gang by quoting the following from him:

The Republican leaders seem as hopelessly divided now as were the Democratic leaders four years ago. "I know of no intelligent protectionist or Republican," said Senator Aldrich, "who is not in favor of reducing the annual revenue to such a sum as shall be required to meet the current expenses and the maturing obligations of the government."

This is no more indicative that Senator Aldrich belongs to the free traders than it is that he is a believer in the Koran or the Book of Mormon. Every man of ordinary intelligence is in favor of "reducing the annual revenue," because it is greatly in excess of the needs of the government. Senator Sherman and Senator Brown have both spoken in favor of this reduction, but there is no mistaking them for free traders.

Mr. Smith occasionally indulges himself in reminiscenses, as in the following, when he says:

Robert Toombs, impulsive always, and misguided through a fateful period, but always a pure patriot at heart, was addressing a gathering of his fellow-citizens after the disastrous result of the election of 1872. "They say," he cried, "that the Democratic party is dead. When you come back from the funeral, my friends, take off your habiliments of mourning, for you will need them at the death bed of the republic!" A partisan and hostile postmaster in the city of New York in 1881 would have brought about the defeat of the Democratic party.

There are some people, perhaps a majority of them in the country, who will not admit that Robert Toombs was "always a pure patriot at heart," particularly when he was advocating secession or heading a brigade of rebel soldiers, though there are very few but what will agree with Mr. Smith in the statement that Mr. Pearson, the postmaster of New York, sold his party out, and will add that he is now enjoying the reward of his treachery.

Speaking of Mr. Wm. L. Scott as a revenue reformer, Mr. Smith says:

Upon his counsel and information the President largely relied in preparing his message, and Mr. Scott, as a member of the committee on ways and means, will assist in making the bill to largely reduce tariff duties.

A little time is devoted to the Hon. Wm. H. Barnum, that celebrated mule trader who has been for some years chairman of the Democratic Central Committee, and he is taken to task for his refusal to indorse free trade ideas in the campaign of 1880. His downfall is suggested in the closing paragraph, which is as follows:

One thing, however, is supremely necessary. A protectionist should not again be chairman of the National Democratic Committee. The President has not only given the party an issue, he has furnished it a leader, and he and his friends will doubtless see to it that the party is not again handicapped by its lieutenants.

Altogether Mr. Smith is amusing, if not instructive, but he should change the title of his article.

Low Demagogy.

Friday is the only day of the week the House of Representatives has set apart for the consideration of bills for the relief of private citizens, a vast throng of whom are now, as they for a long time have been, beseeching Congress for the relief sadly needed—now more urgently than ever.

Eight Fridays of the present session have come and gone, and two private bills have been passed.

The eighth Friday was frittered away by Democratic members in wrestling over a point of order with a view to break a ruling made by the Democratic Speaker at the beginning of the session, and when the House adjourned—not a single bill having been passed—it did so upon the motion of a Democratic member until Monday, the arduous labor attendant the discussion of the point of order requiring the peace and rest of Saturday and Sunday for the recuperation of the distinguished debaters' exhausted energies. So much for the zeal of the House of Representatives for the private citizen under its Democratic domination. Truly its indifference is making mourn several thousand men, women, and children, young and old.

Did Mr. Stone, of Kentucky, chairman of the committee on war claims, utter the exact truth when he said: "This being Friday, the only day in the week that is given to the consideration of private claims, it was announced to me on the floor this morning by a prominent member of the House that the consideration of claims was not to be entertained by the fiftieth Congress!"

If this is true of course private claimants will have to wait. The Democrats consider it more important to have small appropriations and no war claims passed than to be honest and pay the long overdue debts of the government. The people understand and despise such demagogy.

It is hard to believe that any large number of the southern people hold to the opinion expressed in the following article:

There has never been any statesman in Dixie in the Republican party. It has never had sense enough to acknowledge that the southern people committed no crime whatever in engaging in a defensive war to establish what they conscientiously held to be the true construction of the federal constitution.

Yet this is from the Richmond *Dispatch*, one of the leading Democratic papers of Virginia. The NATIONAL REPUBLICAN will be accused of "waving the bloody shirt" for calling attention to this article which says that the southern people committed no crime whatever when they engaged in rebellion—endeavored to destroy the Union, and caused the death of a million men. There is a deep settled conviction in the minds of most men that this was a crime called "treason," and ranked as the highest in the calendar of crime, because, as in this instance, it generally includes murder and arson. The trouble with the Republican party has been that it too easily forgot the magnitude of the crime.

A Quiet Movement.

[Correspondence Brooklyn Standard-Union.]

There is a quiet movement on foot to bring Congressman Goff, of West Virginia, to the front as a vice presidential candidate on the Republican ticket. I met Editor Fox, of the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, at the white house a little while ago, and while the ladies smiled and talked society and personal gossip he talked politics.

"We are going to carry Virginia sure," he said, talking of the coming campaign. "The Virginians are protectionists and getting more thoroughly that way every day. There are several southern states where we are in a fair way of success, but this is especially true of Virginia."

"What other states?" I asked.

"Oh, North Carolina, Alabama, and Tennessee, and, if they nominate Goff, West Virginia sure."

"Goff?"

"Yes, Goff. Congressman Goff, of West Virginia."

"Tell me more about this," I said, as I got him further into the corner and the silks and satins and laces and diamonds and gold lace swept by, kaleidoscopic and dazzling.

"Well, its very simple," he said, "Mr. Goff is the most available candidate for second place that we have. He is a native of Virginia, a resident of West Virginia, a man of ability, with German blood in his veins, an ex-Union soldier, an ex-Secretary of the Navy, a member of three Congresses, a man of means and a man of brains. He would add very much strength to the ticket, no matter who might be at the head of it. His nomination would insure us Virginia and West Virginia, and as he is from the section south of the Ohio he would strengthen the ticket generally, and especially in the south, where we want to make a break in the Democratic solidity."

[Mount Vernon (Ohio) Republican.]

The suggestion of the name of Gen. Nathan Goff, jr., of West Virginia, as a candidate for the vice presidency on the Republican ticket is a good one. The general is eminently suited and qualified for the position, and would command a heavy vote and an enthusiastic support. The general is a magnificent fellow, a charming speaker, and, all in all, was built especially for the position. Sherman and Goff! That would both look and read well.

[Statesville (N. C.) Mail.]

Considering Gen. Goff's geographical and political position in connection with the urgent need of reclaiming from Democratic rule the states of Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky, and Tennessee, we are bound to admit that he is the most available man for the second place on the Republican national ticket in 1888.

Dinner of the Gridiron Club.

The regular monthly dinner of the Gridiron Club was given last Saturday night at Welcker's, with the following guests present: Senators Frye, Vance, Spooner, Commissioner Webb, Representatives Long, Breckinridge of Arkansas; Allen, of Massachusetts; Felton, Collins, Mason, and Henry Watterson, Stilson Hutchins, Capt. L. N. Burrit, Gen. Sawtelle, Frank R. Stockton, George W. Boyd and Mr. Postlethwait, of the Pennsylvania railroad; John Hay, Henry Strong, and Messrs. Monroe and Amlin.

Paine's Celery Compound

For The Nervous
The Debilitated
The Aged

CURES Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, and all affections of the Kidneys.

AS A NERVE TONIC, It Strengthens and Quiets the Nerves.

AS AN ALTERATIVE, It Purifies and Enriches the Blood.

AS A LAXATIVE, It acts mildly, but surely, on the Bowels.

AS A DIURETIC, It Regulates the Kidneys and Cures their Diseases.

Recommended by professional and business men. Price $1.00. Sold by druggists. Send for circulars.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors.
BURLINGTON, VT.

Alexandria Matters.

Messrs. J. and H. Aetcherson, of this city, have received the contract for refitting the machinery of the National Press Brick Company near this city preparatory for spring use. This firm is one of the few successful enterprises of recent date started in this city.

The official report of captain of police of this city shows that during the year 1887 there were 1,562 arrests made.

Mr. M. B. Perry and N. H. Matters, who have been on an extended pleasure trip through the north, have returned to this city.

Mr. Willie P. French has returned from Old Point Comfort, where he has been for the benefit of his health.

Mr. Martin J. Power, delivery clerk in the postoffice of this city, died at his homeon North Washington street Saturday last at 12 a. m. in the 43d year of his age. Mr. Power has been sick for some time past and his death has been expected.

Miss McAboy, of Pittsburg, Pa., who has been visiting Miss Blanche Alexander, of this city, has returned to her home. Miss M. made many friends during her stay, who will regret to learn of her departure.

Mr. Seymour's Lecture.

The audience at Mr. Charles G. Seymour's illustrated lecture in Albaugh's Opera House last night was not so large as it would have been under more favorable weather; but those who did attend enjoyed a very intelligent discourse upon "Queen Catharine of Russia," amply illustrated by some sixty superb stereopticon views.

What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

1888 January 23. 1888

On Monday, Jan. 23, we will commence a sale of all Remnants and Odds and Ends in every department, the prices placed upon same is fully one-third less than regular price.

Sale to continue throughout the week.

****

Department No. 1.

		Former Price.	Now.
1 Lot Swiss Curtains		$30.00	$20.00
1 " " "		25.00	18.00
1 " " "		22.00	15.00
1 " " "		18.00	12.00
1 " " "		15.00	10.00
1 " Madras "		10.00	6.00
1 " " "		8.00	5.00
1 "Nott'gh'm"		9.00	6.00
1 " " "		7.50	5.00
1 " " "		6.50	4.00
1 " " "		5.00	3.75

All Remnants of Upholstery Goods, Plushes, Sateens, Cretonnes, Tapestries, &c., marked from 25 to 50 per cent. less than regular price. Odd pairs Chenille and Turcoman Curtains at one-half price.

Department No. 2.

Smyrna, Axminster, Moquette, and Tapestry Rugs.

All $6.50	Smyrna	Rugs	$5.00
" 4.50	"	"	3.35
" 3.50	"	"	2.45
" 2.50	"	"	1.65
" 1.50	"	"	88
" 7.00	Axminster	"	3.90
" 4.50	"	"	2.75
" 3.50	Moquette	"	2.10
" 2.50	Tapestry	"	1.50
" 2.00	"	"	1.20
" 1.50	"	"	90

30 Remnants Best All-wool Ingrain Carpet, ranging from 10 to 18 yards at 50c per yard; from 18 to 30 yards, at 55c per yard.

Department No. 3.

In this Department will be found remnants and odd prices of Tapestry and Body Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes, and Wiltons, and Misfit Rugs and Art Squares, the prices for same for one week will be as follows:

Best Tapestry, 15 to 38 yards, 65c per yard.
Best Body Brussels, 10 to 40 yards, 90c per yard.
Second quality Body Brussels, 12 to 35 yards, 75c per yard.
Best Wilton Velvet, 15 to 35 yards, $1 per yard.
Best Moquette, 15 to 35 yards, $1.10 per yard.
Best All-wool Art Squares at 75c a square yard.
25 Misfit Rugs, Tapestry, and Body Brussels at nearly one-half price.

Not one article contained in the above list but what is good value at 50 per cent. more than advertised price.

Julius Lansburgh

315 7th St. N. W.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PIANOS MOVED WITH SAFETY AND dispatch. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18.

PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED BY competent workmen at moderate prices. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18.

GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANOS for rent for concerts; charges very moderate. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.—WE HAVE NOW in our warerooms a number of square pianos, Steinways, Chickering, Weber, Wood's, Emerson, and others, which we will sell at great bargains for cash, or on easy installments at an advanced price; please call and see them. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18.

THE HENRY F. MILLER PIANOS—THE most beautiful and durable in the world; "tone perfectly delicious," the exclamation of one of our lady customers. See them—hear them. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18.

UPRIGHT PIANOS—A COMPLETE STOCK; low for cash, or on easy terms. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18.

ORGANS—A LARGE AND COMPLETE stock—Mason & Hamlin, Smith American, and Packard Orchestral, at very moderate prices. Great bargains for cash; also sold on easy terms to reliable parties. JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pa. ave., near 10th st.
Telephone No. 18. ja28-10t

Fulton's Book!

Why Priests Should Wed

Will strike Washington next week.

It will be on sale but two days. Rome has tried to crush the book, and its author,

Justin D. Fulton, D. D.,

But the book is published, and contains the most startling revelations of any book published during the century.

It tells the truth about the priests and nuns. It calls things by their true names without obscenity. It strikes a crushing blow at

AURICULAR CONFESSION

—AND THE—

CELIBACY OF THE CLERGY.

Owing to the First Congregational Society not opening their auditorium we are obliged to put the book on sale instead of presenting it with lecture tickets.

The notoriety gained by this book while in the hands of a publishing house that refused to publish it has created a demand for it almost impossible to fill.

28,000 BOOKS

Were sold during the two days they were on sale in BOSTON.

ROME

Cannot influence all the halls in this country and that grand colossus of Protestantism.

FULTON

Will be heard from one end of the country to the other.

How and where can you get this book?

FULTON'S BOOK
On Sale
—AT—
BRENTANO'S,
MONDAY and TUESDAY ONLY.

Candles for Candlemas.

Pure Beeswax Candles for Church purposes in 6-pound Cartoons, at 35 cents per pound.

Pure White Wax Candles.
Pure Sperm Candles.
Imperial or Church Candles.
Superior Paraffine Candles.

Fancy Candles in all colors and sizes.

Geo. R. Kennedy & Son

1209 F Street Northwest.

Champagnes and Imported Cigars at New York prices.

Sole proprietors of the celebrated "White Swan" Spring Wheat Flour; "Victor" Winter Wheat Flour.

REDUCED PRICES.

THE BALANCE OF SEALSKIN AND PLUSH SACQUES,
VISITES,
AND JACKETS
will be sold at
REDUCED PRICES.

All garments marked in Plain Figures at Closing-out price.

These are genuine reductions. Call and be convinced.

Willett & Ruoff,
HATTERS AND FURRIERS,
905 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT of Columbia, the — day of January, A. D. 1888.

Jennie A. Smith
vs. Equity No. 10,824.
Edward A. Smith

And now, to wit, Jan. 13, 1888, on motion of the plaintiff by Wm. A. Cook, her solicitor, *it is ordered*, That the defendant cause his appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default, and that notice hereof be published once a week for three successive weeks in the Washington Law Reporter and the National Republican. The object of this suit is to obtain a divorce on the ground of non-support and desertion.

WM. M. MERRICK, A. J.

A true copy. Test:
[SEAL.] R. J. MEIGS, Clerk,
By L. P. WILLIAMS, Asst. Clerk.
ja17-m3t

PRICES FOR THE HOLIDAYS AND WINTER MONTHS:

Per Gallon.		Per Gallon.	
Sweet Catawba	90c	Claret, Cal.	$1 00
Angelica, Cal.	$1 50	Burgundy, "	1 50
Muscatel, "	1 50	Brandy, "	4 00
Malaga, "	2 00	Hock, "	1 00
Sherry, "	1 50	Norton's Va. Cl't	1 50
Port, "	1 50	Dry Catawba, sour	50c

Prompt attention given to orders by mail and telephone. Large assortment of French, German, and other Foreign Wines and Cordials at H. A. SELIGSON'S Wholesale Store, 1309 Penn. ave. N. W.

Telephone, 1142.
Wholesale Agent for the celebrated TRIMBLE WHISKIES—the purest in the market.
dec18-m w1am

OPIUM AND WHISKY HABITS cured at home without pain; book of particulars sent free. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICES

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE—MRS. MAY Coy's class in mental healing will open at the Riggs House on MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 30, AT 8 P. M.
The course will consist of twelve lectures.
Tuition, $10; husband and wife entering class, one tuition.
Students from any other school will be admitted at half rate. ja30-3t

OFFICE OF GEORGE'S CREEK COAL AND IRON COMPANY, BALTIMORE, Jan. 10, 1888.—A general meeting of stockholders of this company will be held at their offices, Nos. 20 and 21 Chamber of Commerce, Baltimore, on TUESDAY, JAN. 31, from 1 to 2 o'clock, for the Election of Nine Directors and such other business as may come before the meeting. CHARLES W. MILLER, Treasurer.
ja24-10,f,m,3t

CORS ENLEVES
SANS DOULEUR.
Durillons mauvais ongles, engelures, seignes avec succes, par le DOCTEUR WHITE, Chiropediste, Numero 1416 Pa. ave., vis-a-vis le Willard's Hotel. Pour soins donnes chezlui, $1; a domicil, $3. Le DOCTEUR WHITE, est establi a Washington depuis 1861.

UNTIL MARCH 15, BEAUTIFUL wall paper, 7c per piece; best white ingrain wall paper, 10c per piece; gold wall papers for 12½c, 15, and 20c, at MAHONEY'S, 313-315 Pa. ave, Capitol Hill. Remember only until March 15. ja21-3mal5

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
If you want the CHEAPEST, CLEANEST, and MOST ECONOMICAL FUEL, buy Washington Gas Company's COKE.
JOHNSON BROTHERS,
au17-tf Sole Agents.

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE Washington Gaslight Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the choice of directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, FEB. 6, 1888. Polls open from 12 o'clock m. to 1 p. m. CHAS. B. BAILEY,
ja30-6t Secretary.

MOUNT VERNON AVENUE ASSOCIATION.

EXECUTIVE BOARD.

Washington—Messrs. E. W. Fox, Jeff Chandler, Wm. E. Clarke, Wm. M. Galt, Henry A. Willard.

Alexandria county—Messrs. Frank Hume, Harrison Hatch, F. R. Windsor, Jackson E. Sickles, Dr. G. Wythe Cooke.

Alexandria city—D. A. Windsor, Park Agnew, Robert Portner, F. A. Reed, and J. T. Beckham.

Fairfax county—Warrington Gillingham, Nathan W. Pearson, Maj. George Johnson, Walter Walton, and Stacey Snowden.

OFFICERS.

HON. JOHN B. SMOOT, Mayor of Alexandria, President.

HON. HENRY A. WILLARD, Washington, D. C., Vice President.

HON. M. B. HARLOW, Alexandria, Va., Treasurer.

HON. E. W. FOX, NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, Washington, D. C., Corresponding Secretary.

PERMANENT COMMITTEES.

On Charter, Legislation, and Permanent Organization—Messrs. E. W. Fox, Jeff Chandler, J. E. Sickles, F. A. Reed, N. W. Pearson, Stacey Snowden, J. T. Beckham, and W. E. Clarke.

On Right of Way and Permanent Location of Mount Vernon Avenue—Messrs. F. R. Windsor, Park Agnew, E. W. Fox, W. E. Clarke, Frank Hume, George Johnson, F. A. Reed, and W. Gillingham.

On Ways, Means, and Finance—Messrs. Frank Hume, W. M. Galt, Dr. G. Wythe Cooke, D. A. Windsor, Robert Portner, Harrison Hatch, and W. Walton.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEwriter on the caligraph; wages $1 per day to start with. Address BOX, Republican Office. 2-1

WANTED—A BOY OR GIRL WILLING to be useful about a house. Inquire at 452 M st. N. W. 2-1

WANTED—TWO GOOD MEN (NOT MORE) both in appearance and capacity, for special work; liberal allowances and steady work. Address "REVIEW," Republican Office. 2-1

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—AN ARTIST TO DESIGN ORIGinal sketches. Address "ARTIST," Republican Office. 5-tf

FOR RENT—ROOMS

FOR RENT—A HANDSOMELY FURnished parlor suite of rooms with board, at 134 B st. N. E.; folding bed in front room if desired; also other pleasant rooms. 7-1

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms suitable for housekeeping; hot and cold water in bath room, same floor; gas and heat; no children; 430 K st. N. W. 7-1

FOR RENT—FURNISHED, 1234 13TH ST. N. W., front de 3d story front room; private family; terms moderate; references exchanged; berdics pass the door. 7-30

FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED parlor; folding bed, furnace heat, and open fire; convenient to cars, herdics, and departments. 1715 G st. N. W. 7-30

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED AND FURnished rooms; communicating; bath room on same floor; hot and cold water in rooms; central location and convenient to cars; references exchanged. 606 6th st. N. W. 7-1

FOR RENT—FINELY FURNISHED SINgle rooms by day, week, or month; 50c per day; reduced rates per week or month; centrally located. 622 Pa. ave., opposite Metropolitan Hotel. 7-31

FOR RENT—HANDSOME APARTMENTS in the beautiful new house, No. 916 15th st., opposite McPherson Square. 7-de28tf

FOR RENT—LARGE PARLOR, ALSO furnished or unfurnished rooms; furnace heat and open fires; convenient to cars, herdics, and departments; excellent location; call after 4 p. m. 1715 G st. N. W. 7 tf

FOR RENT—HOUSES

FOR RENT OR LEASE—FURNISHED OR unfurnished on moderate terms, the large and commodious house northeast corner of 17th and Corcoran sts. N. W.; well adapted for a large private family or a family hotel, containing about 19 rooms. Apply on the premises, 1617 17th st. N. W. ja30-1m

FOR RENT—492 MAINE AVE.—11 ROOMS; modern improvements; press brick; bay window. Inquire GEO. WHITE, 492 Maine ave. 6 3

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—1-HORSE COUPE AND SINGLE harness. Apply 1327 Defrees st., bet. N. Cap. and 1st and H and I sts. N. W. 8-1

FOR SALE—A FINE SIBERIAN WOLF skin Arctic coat, black as coal, lined with corded silk, costing $160 in St. Petersburg. Call at room 58, St. Cloud Building, 9th and F sts. 8-31

FOR SALE—A 12-ROOM BRICK HOUSE and 2-story brick stable in rear, on Q st., bet. 13th and 14th sts. N. W.; price, if purchased at once, $7,500. CHARLES W. HANDY, 921 F st. N. W. 8-31

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE WASHINGTON CRITIC!

ONE THOUSAND
COLUMNS OF MATTER FOR 35 CTS.

The WASHINGTON CRITIC is now recognized as the brightest paper ever published in Washington.

The stockholders of the new CRITIC COMPANY include many of the leading business men and citizens of the National Capital.

The CRITIC is an independent evening newspaper, containing the Telegraphic, Congressional, Departmental, Political, Personal, Social, Local, and General News and Gossip of the day.

It is devoted to the interests and general welfare of Washington and the District of Columbia.

The CRITIC is handsomely printed in new, clear type, in an attractive style, of four pages, 32 columns, except on Saturdays, when it is issued in a double-sheet of 64 columns. The CRITIC is promptly delivered by carriers at 35 cents per month; by mail, at 50 cents per month, or $5 per year. Single copies, 2 cents. Published by The Washington Critic Co.

HALLET KILBOURN, Pres't.
Office, 941 D Street, Post Building.

CIRCULATION OFFICE:
CAPITAL NEWS AGENCY,
JOHN P. COFFIN, Manager,)
407 Tenth st. N. W., where all orders or communications regarding delivery should be addressed.

PHOTO-ENGRAVING.

Having recently fitted up a PHOTO-ENGRAVING ESTABLISHMENT in connection with my patent process I am prepared to furnish ILLUSTRATIONS FOR NEWSPAPERS AT SHORT NOTICE.

MAURICE JOYCE,
618 Eleventh Street Northwest.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER,

COMMENCING MONDAY, JAN. 30,

MRS. POTTER,

Supported by Mr. KYRLE BELLEW, by courtesy of Mr. H. E. Abbey, Wallack's Theater; Mr. HENRY LEE, and a carefully selected Company, under the personal management of Mr. H. C. MINER.

Monday, Tuesday, and Saturday Evenings and Wednesday Matinee,
LOYAL LOVE.

Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday Evenings and Saturday Matinee,
ROMEO AND JULIET.

Prices.....25c., 50c., $1, and $1.50
Next Week—NATIONAL OPERA.

ALBAUGH'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

EVERY EVENING,
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
THE ELITE TRAGIC EVENT.
Spartacus lives again.—N. Y. World,
America's Brilliant Young Tragedian,
ROBERT DOWNING,
Under the management of
MR. JOSEPH H. MACK,
In the grandest production ever given of Forrest and McCullough's greatest success,
SPARTACUS, THE GLADIATOR,
Which will be presented here
IN ALL ITS MAGNITUDE,
As seen during the memorable engagement at the Star Theater, New York.
Next Week—ROBERT B. MANTELL.

HARRIS'S BIJOU THEATER.

WEEK JANUARY 30,
2—PERFORMANCES DAILY.—2
SARAH VON LEER and JAMES M. HARDY,
In the Thrilling and Picturesque Melodrama,
ON THE FRONTIER,
Comedy, Pathos, Songs and Dances, 50 people on the stage 50. Unique Costumes, Beautiful Scenery, a Great Battle Scene.
NEXT WEEK—EDMUND COLLIER.

KERNAN'S WASHINGTON THEATER
Admission 15, 25 and 50c. Mat. 10 and 25c.
Matinees Mon., Tues., Thurs., and Sat.
THE FAMOUS RENTZ-SANTLEY CO.
ADAM AND EVE.
EXTRA ATTRACTION.
The Famous Wrestler,
MATSADA SORAKICHI, The Jap.
A purse of $50 to any local wrestler whom the Jap falls to throw in 30 minutes.

CHALK TALK.
An evening with the artist, George Little.
For the benefit of the
PENSOARA FREE KINDERGARTEN,
TUESDAY, JAN. 31, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in the lecture room of All Souls' Church, 14th and L. Art students and teachers are advised to bring pencil and paper to obtain the full benefit of this entertainment, which is equally amusing to large and small. Tickets at Metzerott's Music Store. Admission 25c. ja30-