THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

DAILY, WEEKLY, AND SUNDAY.

THE DAILY is served to subscribers by carrier for 50 cents a month; including Sunday edition, 60 cents.

By mail, postage prepaid, one year..... $6 00
Six months..... 3 00
Three months..... 1 50
One month..... 50
Sunday edition, one year..... 1 00
Foreign and Consular Edition (free of postage), per year..... 2 00
Payable invariably in advance.

THE WEEKLY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN,

Only $1 for Two Years—1888 and 1889,

Which includes the contest of the next Presidential Election.

Single copies for one year..... 75c
Clubs of ten for one year or clubs of five for two years..... $5 00
Extra copy mailed free to party securing the club. Postage paid.

Information of all sorts obtained, when possible, for subscribers without charge upon application.
Rejected manuscripts cannot be returned.
Remittances other than by postal money orders, bank drafts or checks to the order of the National Republican Company always at sender's risk.
No receipts for subscriptions returned. The date on the wrapper shows when subscription expires.
Advertisers who have yet made no fixed time contracts will be charged monthly card rates.
☞ All requests for courtesies from railroads, places of amusement, or business orders are not authorized unless signed by the undersigned.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY.
E. W. FOX, PRESIDENT AND MANAGER.

SATURDAY, MAY 5.

Amusements.

NATIONAL—Keene.
ALBAUGH'S—McCaull Opera Company.
KERNAN'S—Weston Bros.
BIJOU—"One of the Finest."

THE brightest, best, newsiest, and most thorough newspaper in Washington is the Sunday NATIONAL REPUBLICAN. All the news and special features. Three cents.

THE harmony of the New Jersey Democratic convention was so thick you could cut it with a butter knife. It was not a butter knife, however, that was used on Senator Blodgett, but a very keen instrument, sharp enough to penetrate the vitals. The friends of Leon Abbett held the handle of this knife.

THE Republicans of the third North Carolina district have nominated Mr. O. S. Robinson as their candidate for Congress. Mr. Robinson is a young man of great popularity and fine ability, and the probabilities are strongly in favor of his election. Maj. McClammy, the present Democratic representative from the third district, will not be renominated, the Hon. Wharton Green having received a majority of the delegates. Mr. Robinson will be a strong addition to the Republican side of the fifty-first Congress, as he is a trained lawyer and debater.

IS IT not a good deal like whistling against the wind for the Indiana Democratic Association of the District to give Senator Voorhees a reception because of "his masterly arraignment and exposure of Senator Ingalls?" We suggest to the members of the I. D. A. that they forbear. It would be a kindness which the distinguished senator would no doubt greatly appreciate if they would make the best reference possible to this subject for some time to come. We fear Senator Voorhees is not possessed of that exuberant and triumphant feeling of delight which usually takes possession of a man who is a fit subject for public congratulations and a reception. With him it is a case of "the less said abs nt it the better."

SENATOR MATT RANSOM has been down in North Carolina looking after his chances for re-election. This is the privilege of every great statesman, but he would probably save money fulfilling the immediate duties of his office, and come nearer endearing himself to a great many waiting, expectant, and long suffering people, if he would give his attention to some of the business before the committee of which he is chairman. A subject before Congress of great importance is that of private land claims, the adjudication of which ought not to be any longer delayed. Senator Ransom has had a bill relating to this subject since the 19th of February, and has not yet given the least indication that he is going to take it up. Why all this delay in a matter wherein there has already been so much delay and by which so much injustice has been worked?

A CONFERENCE of leading Republicans in the city of Norfolk, Va., was held on Thursday and it was determined not to put any Republican ticket in nomination for city offices. The Republicans have a large majority of the voters of the city, but under the infamous McCormick election law the entire machinery of the elections is in the hands of the Democrats. At a late primary election between the two Democratic factions, it has been proven beyond question that the faction in charge of the polls swindled the others out of the election. With the undisputed fact staring them in the face that the Democrats did not hesitate to swindle each other, the Republicans deemed it folly to go to the expense and trouble of a contest, with the full knowledge in advance that under no circumstances would they be permitted to win. The conclusion was a wise one, but it is a sad commentary on the condition of affairs in Virginia.

A Democratic Kick.

The Mills dark lantern crowd are getting very uneasy. They traded with the Virginia, Alabama, and Tennessee members on the free ore and coal question, with the Louisiana members on sugar, with South Carolina on rice, and with various other members on various questions, that they might strike down American industries in Republican states.

But the Democrats have been bearing from home. Free wool, free salt, and free lumber, with an average tax of $1.10 on the mouth of every individual from the sucking babe to the tottering grandsire for the benefit of a few score sugar planters in Louisiana and *six votes for the Mills bill*, is not sitting well on the average Democratic stomach. The commonality are retching and the members are kicking. They say, "We cannot sacrifice ourselves, and this bill means political death to us."

The result is the call for a Democratic caucus next week to agree upon what amendments shall be accepted in the committee. It is proposed to bind every Democrat to abide the decision of the caucus—to tie them all hand and foot and lay them on the altar of free trade.

It is to be hoped that this plan will succeed. It is very desirable that when a Republican President is inaugurated on the 4th of March next, *as we will be*, that he will have a House of Representatives with the majority in full accord with his views. That Republican President will be in favor of the American system of protection. The platform on which he is elected will declare unmistakably in favor of that system, and no method could be devised which would more surely make the House Republican than the plan proposed in this caucus.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN extends its hearty good wishes for the success of the caucus, and is not shedding any tears over the fate of the Democrats who represent protection districts, and are being forced by executive patronage and the party lash to sacrifice the interest of their constituents and their own convictions and manhood. It lifts them a pleasant "good by."

The Pope and Ireland.

The action of the pope in regard to the situation in Ireland is evoking much comment. He has pronounced against the plan of campaign, and directed the children of the church to no longer follow their political leaders in carrying it out.

This action bodes serious results. The Irish people, more especially the humbler class, are most obedient sons of the church, but these same people are the most intense in their hatred of English rule and the desire for a home government.

The struggle between the feelings of devotion to the church and loyalty to Ireland will be a hard one, with the probabilities in favor of disobedience to the order of the supreme pontiff.

There is a widespread belief that some arrangement has been made by the pontifical court with the English ministry through which some benefit is to accrue to Rome, and should this be established by anything like satisfactory evidence there will be no question or doubt as to the action of the Irish. They will not obey the order, even if the bishops to whom it is directed should issue it.

Pope Leo has established the reputation of being one of the wisest men who has sat upon the throne of St. Peter, but in disposing of this question there seems to be a danger to the church of which he is the head.

A NEW spiritualistic sensation comes from the Pacific coast. It will be readily remembered that the Queen of the Pacific, the finest ocean steamer running along the coast between San Francisco and San Diego, sank at Fort Hartford a few mornings since. A leak was discovered about 1 o'clock in the morning, when she was about fifteen miles from port, and the hold began to fill rapidly. By keeping the pumps at work to their full capacity, and by putting the vessel to her highest speed the pier at Fort Hartford was reached in time for the two hundred passengers to disembark before she went down. It was a fearful run, and the escape one of the narrowest and most wonderful on record. Divers have made careful examination of the hull of the sunken steamer, and they did not find a break from stem to stern. But they did find the coal port open, which is below the water line, and which could not have been opened except by some human agency. The captain says the door was bolted down securely, and that it could not have been removed except by some one of the crew or passengers. But the strangest, though not the most improbable feature of the story is that a lot of spiritualists, slate writers, and others of that class, in San Francisco had been for some time predicting that the Queen of the Pacific would go down on this trip. These predictions were sent out in all directions and persistently repeated. It is the belief of the captain and the agent, that in order to verify these evil prophecies, these people engaged some one to open the coal port of the Pacific Queen. This is appalling, and it is to be hoped that upon a close examination which is to be made, some other explanation of the disaster will be found, but the revelations recently made in the Diesde Barr case in New York leave no doubt that there is a class of infamous conspirators throughout the country who would resort to almost any species of rascality under the cloak of spiritualism to carry a point. The "science of spiritualism," as it is sometimes called by those who believe in it, offers many conveniences to those who practice deceptions on the public. Its ways are dark, mysterious, and crooked. Nothing can be completely demonstrated against it, for the reason that the people behind these fraudulent representations are always ready to jump back in the dark and take advantage of the secrecy that is an essential part of their vocation. There is always a ready excuse for every exposure, but it is a noteworthy fact that every time a spiritualistic humbug is run down every other socalled spiritualist is driven to it of anger and indignation. One of the New York papers exposed a nest of mediums in that city about two years ago, the exposure being absolute and undeniable, and yet that journal was flooded with letters from spiritualists throughout the country protesting against the method it adopted of making the raid and detecting the impostors. Notwithstanding the astounding revelations of fraud, deceit, and grand larceny made in the Diesde Barr examination, the court room was crowded every day with spiritualists, who sympathized with the prisoners to such an extent that they were ready to applaud every pert or impudent reply made by the blustering Mme. Diesde Barr while she was on the witness stand. If it were discovered that the San Francisco spirit wrappers, mediums, slate writers, and workers in the dark generally had really caused the disaster to the Queen of the Pacific we presume there would be widespread indignation among those who follow the same vocation.

WE have now arrived at the season when the young girl is in her greatest glory. The young girl revels in lilacs, spring dresses, and sunshine. At no time is she so happy as when she can have these in abundance; at no other time is she so beautiful, and at no other time is she so ready and charming a victim to the amatory advances of the opposite sex. There are probably more resolutions to get married, more courtships, and more flirtations in the month of May that any other month in the entire year. The heart swells and longs to break its bonds like the buds of the trees, and there is a fragrance of tender sentiment in the air so pleasing and enrapturing as the fragrance of lilacs and apple blossoms. The young girl is certainly queen of the May. If she then she joins hands with beautiful nature and rules in the kingdom of hearts. It is then that all men have the impulse to fall down before her and worship at her feet, for while nature sings a song of joy and makes the wood glad, the sweet maiden decked in nature's own habiliment, the flowers of the field, is the acknowledged queen and ruler of all, be into the church on a bright May morning, hear the swelling, comforting notes of the organ as they rise and seem to float off heavenward, see the light as it streams in beamed gold, emerald, and amethyst through the windows and falls on the silent congregation, and observe the maiden of pure heart and soul, her face as transparent with innocence as an angel's, as she sits enshrined in this sacred lilac of the valley. Not there alone, but elsewhere—on the street, in the garden, at home, in the fields—wherever her footsteps lead, there she is the first and greatest in the array, blossoming month of May. All manhood yields her this prestige without grudge or murmur. The days of maidenhood are soon enough gone, and let us, therefore, extract every moment of happiness from them while they are yet here.

Mr. Blaine Speaks for Himself.

(Special Cable to New York Tribune.)

LUCERNE, May 3.—Mr. Blaine was last heard of at Geneva on Monday of this week. He had arrived on Saturday from Rome, which he left on March 29. He loitered on the way, and the last hundred miles he traveled in an open carriage, crossing the Apennines and driving along the Riviera from Sestla to Genoa. His design then was to continue his drive over the Cornice road from Genoa to Nice, another hundred miles. A former official of the United States, who met Mr. Blaine at Genoa, reports a brief conversation, in which he asked Mr. Blaine if he had seen the statement of Dr. Whitaup F. Heywood in the New York Herald of April 8, about his health. Mr. Blaine replied that he had seen Dr. Heywood's statement, and the remarkable feature of it was that from beginning to end it was a pure invention. He had never exchanged a word with Dr. Heyward in his life, had no recollection of ever seeing him at Florence or elsewhere, and had never even heard his name until he saw it in the Herald interview.

This official adds that Mr. Blaine seemed to care very little about the story, merely remarking that misrepresentation of that sort had followed him ever since he arrived in Europe, now nearly a year ago. The story of Dr. Heywood he thought perhaps the rankest and most reckless of the whole series.

THE Sunday NATIONAL REPUBLICAN is an epitome of all the news, local, domestic, and foreign. It contains many novel and attractive features for Sunday reading. Three cents copy.

Frank vs. Heard.

A REPUBLICAN reporter, meeting Mr. Frank yesterday, asked him if he had read what Mr. Heard, of Missouri, said as to his interview in the *Globe-Democrat* and if he desired to respond to it.

"Yes," said Mr. Frank; "Mr. Heard said some things that ought to be answered. I shall not descend to swapping epithets such as 'stupidity and misrepresentation,' applied to me. I recognize Mr. Heard's superiority in that field and will not attempt to equal him, as I have no ambition to be classed with men who resort to epithets and calumny for want of reason and argument.

"In answer to Mr. Heard's charge that I misstated the contents of the report, I have only to refer to Mr. Heard's own statement taken from his report. That verifies what I stated, and its use proves Mr. Heard incapable of understanding the meaning of the sentences he himself used. I will not call this 'stupidity,' because that would be to imitate Mr. Heard. It is simply incapacity, indurred by blind partisanship."

"What about the point made on Mr. Broadhead?" said the reporter.

"Let Mr. Broadhead speak for himself," said Mr. Frank. "You will observe that Mr. Heard quotes from Mr. Broadhead's argument to prove that he said the registration law was unconstitutional. Mr. Heard quotes as follows:

"Mr. Heard. Your theory is that the provisions of the law are unconstitutional, in that they are unreasonable upon the ground that unreasonable conditions are imposed.

"Col. Broadhead. Unusual and unfair conditions.

"Mr. Heard. So as to make the law void?

"Col. Broadhead. Yes."

"On page 25, in response to a question of Mr. Cooper, Col. Broadhead uses the following language: 'It is a question of validity. It is on the action of the officers themselves. It addresses itself to the validity of the law.' In fact his main argument was made on that point.

"Of course Mr. Heard means by the last line, on the point of the unconstitutionality of the law. Here is a copy of Mr. Broadhead's argument. You will observe this quotation down to the answer "Yes" comes to 40 page 7. Now see what immediately follows that. Here it is:

"Mr. Heard. If I understand you, then, your point is that your case hinges, principally, if not, upon the 219 votes which were excluded under the registration law, which you hold to be unconstitutional?

"Mr. Broadhead. No! I do not hold that the law is unconstitutional. We say that the votes ought to have been accepted, for two reasons: first, they were registered voters; second, they had complied with the provisions of the law. The law provides that any one making the oath required by the law shall be entitled to registration. The voter is entitled to an examination by the officer issuing the power to register him, and if he satisfies the oath provided by the law, prima facie, he is entitled to vote. He qualifications are fixed by that examination, and I say that the provision of law which would deprive him of the right of suffrage after he has qualified is void. If the construction put upon it by the officers is correct, because it is unreasonable, in that it does not give him an opportunity to appear before the proper officer to show that he is entitled to vote.

"Mr. Heard is a lawyer and *knows* what the law holds as to the suppression of part of a witness's knowledge when he is on the stand. Mr. Broadhead stated in express terms, *'I do not hold that the law is unconstitutional.'* Mr. Heard says that 'this main argument was made in that point.'"

"What about the quotation from page 25?" said the reporter.

"Look at page 25, and read what Mr. Broadhead said before this question was asked. Here is the sentence immediately preceding the question. I refer to this for the purpose of showing that so much of the law as requires an unreasonable action on the part of the voters must be declared void when we come to investigate the question whether a man who has shown that he is entitled to vote under the constitution has had his vote rejected because he was not able to appear before that board and show that he was entitled. The law does not require unreasonable things, and it would be unreasonable to suppose that 10,000 voters, or even 1,500 voters could within that brief period of time, covering about six hours, all told, in the two days that this board sat as a board of review, have been heard in regard to their rights as voters, if they had any such right. This is another instance of the '*suppressio veri, suggestio falsi*,' Mr. Heard as a classical scholar can translate this."

"Do you desire to say anything in regard to the single signature of the report?"

"Only this, that where a report bears the signature of the chairman of a committee it is understood to be the report of the committee, and Mr. Heard is not chairman of the committee on elections, so his signature does not represent the committee. Mr. Heard's quotation and Mr. Heard's use of it does not, nor does it change existing facts."

"Anything else you desire to say?"

"Yes. The statement is not true that all the members of the committee approve Mr. Heard's report. By the way, I observe that Mr. Heard studiously avoids alluding to that part of my interview in which I refer to the insult which his report heaps on the people of Missouri, and particularly the people of St. Louis.

"In conclusion, allow me to say, what I can't comprehend is the intense interest which Mr. Heard has manifested in the case of Frank against Glover, from the moment the papers were received by the clerk of the House to the time he handed in his report. It does not appear to me his zealousness is becoming a member of a *quasi* judicial body; it rather has the appearance of an attorney's advocacy for a client."

MEXICO'S GOOD POLICY

Shown in Its Dealings With American Citizens.

The Pittsburg Telegraph published an article April 9, 1888, praising the good policy lately followed by the federal government of Mexico in its dealings with American citizens, and relating, in proof thereof, the prompt capture and punishment of Duval's murderers in the state of Coahuila, Mexico, and the order given by President Diaz to the state authorities for the return to Consul Mitchell of a silver mine which was said to belong to Duval's estate, and which had been denounced by the brother of the governor of said state.

Señor Romero, the Mexican minister, desiring to ascertain what foundation there was for the charge above made, communicated this fact to the governor of Coahuila, and has just received a letter from the governor, dated Apr. 27, 1888, containing the following:

Duval was liked and treated with many attentions by the citizens of Santa Rosa, who heard with deep regret of his death. The state authorities spared no efforts for the capture of the murderers, and acted with as much or more energy than if the dead man had been a Mexican citizen. The United States consular agent at Monclova, Coahuila, addressed a letter to the local authorities acknowledging their prompt action in the premises and thanking them therefor. This letter was published in the official paper of the state. It is not to be expected, in view of the above facts, that any resident of Santa Rosa, nor much less the brother of the governor of the state, would be willing to injure either Duval or any of his heirs.

The governor's brother denounced some mines which had been adjudicated to Epitacio and Francisco Mondragon without encountering any opposition on the part of the latter. No contract or document has ever been presented to the local authorities as evidence that said mines ever belonged to Duval, and if Mr. Mitchell, the United States consul, forwarded any proof in this matter, no importation can be made against the state authorities for such adjudication. The fact that the denouncement and adjudication of the mines was made to Messrs. Mondragon can be proved with official documents whenever it may be necessary.

The Alaska Company Condemned.

The secretary of the Interior yesterday transmitted to the House a report by Gov. Swineford, of Alaska, upon the operations of the Alaska Seal and Fur Company (Alaska Commercial Company), in which he alleges that the company has grossly abused the natives, and attaches an affidavit to sustain his charges. He concludes with a quotation from his last annual report that it would be better to allow every fur seal to be exterminated than to continue so blighting a monopoly.

Cox and Locke and Keys.

MR. S. S. COX, chairman of the Democratic caucus, has, at the request of that body, presented Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, with a memento in the shape of a gold lock and key. This was a token of Democratic regard for the man who succeeded in calling the caucus that broke the deadlock. Mr. Enloe yesterday wrote a fitting reply to the letter which Mr. Cox sent with the present.

Garibaldi's Bust.

A fine life-size marble bust of Garibaldi, with a marble pedestal about four feet in height, has been received at the capitol and placed in a hall of the upper lobby of the senate. It was made in Italy to the order of the Garibaldi Monument Association of this city, composed of American citizens of Italian birth, by which association, through its president, Dr. T. S. Verdi, it was presented to the senate.

MR. VOORHEES'S TREASON.

A Soldier Witness to Two of Senator Ingalls's Strongest Accusations.

(Special to Philadelphia Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, May 3.—Capt. R. E. Smith states that he distinctly remembers the speech of Voorhees during the war in which the senator said that he would "never vote one dollar, one gun, nor one man to carry on the unholy war against the southern people," as he (Smith) reported for a newspaper the speech that the senator now denies having delivered. As to Senator Ingalls's allusion to the violence offered Voorhees on a train, Capt. Smith says:

"I may speak knowingly, for I was in command of the soldiers who attacked him, and there is no question about their menacing him. Company A, 18th Indiana volunteers, was en route to the front. I was the captain, having organized the company in Green Castle. We were going to Kentucky on the Terre Haute road, and as we passed through Green Castle Voorhees boarded the train. The soldiers and officers occupied cars in the rear of the train, but, a few of the men having gone forward, they discovered him. The recollection of his speech was still with them, and they became very much incensed. When we had left Greencastle a short time the conductor and my sergeant came back hurriedly and asked me to go forward as there was trouble. I did so and found four of the company attempting to throw Voorhees through the car window. He was without his hat, for the men had thrown it out of the window, and he stood very pale. Had I not interfered I am sure some violence would have been done him, for as I put the men under arrest at once there was no further trouble. Two of his assailants are still alive, R. Welch, of Cloverdale, and Lieut. Lee W. St. Clair, a representative in the last legislature, and now living at Salem, Ind. Another is dead, and the name of the last of the four I arrested I have forgotten."

No Alien Labor on Public Works.

The Senate committee on education and labor yesterday ordered a favorable report on the House bill to prohibit the employment of alien labor on public works.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is a peculiar medicine. It is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Yiplesewa, Juniper Berries, and other well-known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures where other preparations fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates every impurity, and cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such has become its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time. Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ ENGLISH PORTLAND CEMENT.—Architects, Builders, Bricklayers, Contractors, and all users of high grade Portland Cement are informed that the German bark MEDUSA, chartered by me last February while in Europe, has just arrived direct from London, England, and is now discharging at Littlefield's Wharf a full cargo of the best English Portland Cement. This cement is in finer condition than any ever before offered in this market. JAMES H. McGILL,
Dealer in Building Supplies.
108 to 114 G st. N. W.
may5-6t

☞ USEFUL FEET BEING REQUISITE to health and longevity, thousands, far and near, visit DR. WHITE, Foot specialist, 1116 Pa. ave., opposite Willard's Hotel, for relief from all evils arising from Corns, Bunions, Diseased Nails, and all complaints of the feet; 28th year of practice in Washington. Fee, $1 a sitting for putting the feet in order.

☞ SCOTTISH RITE MASONRY.—WASHINGTON Consistory, No. 7, A. A. S. R., will hold its stated rendezvous TUESDAY, MAY 8, 7:30 o'clock p. m., in West End Masonic Hall. Business of importance.
By order of the C. in C.:
H. B. HAZARD,
Grand Secretary.
may5-2t

☞ COLD STORAGE.

MOIST, COLD AIR FROM ICE MUST GIVE WAY TO DRY COLD AIR PRODUCED BY MECHANICAL REFRIGERATION.

The Center Market Cold Storage Department has nearly four hundred thousand (400,000) cubic feet of space ready for storage of Provisions and Goods of Every Description.

Meats, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Fish, Domestic and Foreign Fruits, Cider, Beer, Ales, Wines, and all articles heretofore kept in moist, musty ice houses, or mouldy, damp cellars, will be taken and carried through the heated term at exceedingly low rates per month at fixed, guaranteed temperatures.

Small rooms will be fitted up and rented by the month to Merchants, Hotel Keepers, and Private establishments purchasing in quantities.

Rooms will also be fitted up for storage of Furs, Silks, Woolen Goods, Expensive Clothing, Carpets, Art and kept at fixed temperatures, defying moths and insects, while the dry cold air actually benefits these articles.

Ice manufactured from pure distilled and filtered water and frozen in glass Carafes will be furnished for table use.

Address, L. S. SMITH,
Clerk, Center Market.
may1-1m

☞ 65 AND 75 CENTS FOR BINDING HARPER'S, CENTURY, AND ST. NICHOLAS MAGAZINE.
THE IVES'FF BINDERY,
1010 and 1012 Pennsylvania ave.
All work guaranteed. mh14-tf

BOARDING.

THE BUCKINGHAM, 920 15TH ST. N. W.—Furnished rooms, overlooking McPherson Square; first-class boarding house. may5-6t

H. D. BARR
Importer and Tailor.
"SPRING GOODS."
Just Arrived, French, English, and Scotch Suitings, Trouserings, &c. Mr. Barr Personally Fits All Garments Made in Our Establishment.
1111 Pennsylvania Ave.

PHOTO ENGRAVING.
Having recently fitted up a PHOTO-ENGRAVING ESTABLISHMENT in connection with my patent process I am prepared to furnish ILLUSTRATIONS FOR NEWSPAPERS AT SHORT NOTICE.
MAURICE JOYCE,
418 Eleventh street Northwest.

SPRING HATS.
New Colors, "HAZEL," "DOVE," and "ENGLISH BROWN."
Ladies' Riding Hats and Caps.
NOVELTIES from "YOUMANS" and "KNOX," New York.
UMBRELLAS—Stock now complete. Special attention called to our Guaranteed Silk Umbrella, $3.50, and Ladies' Umbrellas in colors.
☞ FURS taken on storage.
B. H. STINEMETZ & SON,
1237 Pa. ave., next cor. 13th St.

FINE SHOES.
DALTON & STRICKLAND,
939 Penn. Ave.

Burnstine Loan Office
361 Penna. Ave. N. W.
Money Loaned on Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Pistols, Guns, Mechanical Tools, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel.
GOLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT.
Unredeemed pledges for sale.

KEYES & CO.
WILLARD'S HOTEL STABLES,
Corner Fourteenth and D Streets Northwest
Branch Office at the Arlington.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN OF SOME experience, situation as nurse or companion to invalid; references given. Address W. L. N., Republican Office. 1-6

WANTED—AT 466 PA. AVE., GEYER'S Carriage Repository, a man and wife to take care of country place near the city. WM. E. GEYER. 2-5

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—FOR BALTIMORE, RICHmond, Norfolk, a gentlemen to manage branch business; $25 a week; executive ability, sobriety, and references required. Call from 9 to 12 o'clock. E. W. WALKER & CO., 912 F st. N. W. 2-5

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—EMBROIDERY OF EVERY description or design, in gold or silver bullion, for military and Masonic organizations, made to order at reasonable rates. MISS HANNEMAN, 510 F, bet. 5th and 6th sts. N. W. 5-5

WANTED—TRY OUR BUTTERINE AT 20 cents per pound; don't get strong or rancid; keeps better than butter; satisfaction assured (summer or winter) or money refunded. 461 G st. N. W.; open all day. Mail or telephone orders delivered at house promptly. N. B.—No connection whatever with any market stalls. Telephone call, 662-2
ap12-tf WM. C. SCRIBNER.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—A BARGAIN—TO GOOD TENANT ONLY.
That desirable 10-room brick house, No. 1327 11th st. N. W., at $50 per month.
BUSHNELL & CARUSI,
1008 F st. N. W.
6-6

FOR RENT—HANDSOME APARTMENTS in the beautiful new house, No. 916 13th st., opposite McPherson Square. 7-dec24

FOR RENT—LARGE PARLOR, ALSO furnished or unfurnished rooms; furnace heat and open fires; convenient to cars, heurdics, and departments; excellent location; call after 4 p. m. 1715 14 st. N. W. 7-tf

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR RENT OR SALE—VERY DESIRABLE new 5-room cottage at Ardwick station, B. & P. R. R., 20 minutes from city. Will sell or lease garden with all small fruits; orchard with all sorts of select fruits; city property taken in exchange. WM. A. MELOY, 472 La. ave. 10-5

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—LARGE, FINE BLOOMING bulbs of Tuberoses and Gladiolus cheap. SCHMIDT'S Bird Store, 317 12th st. N. W. 8-10

FOR SALE—A SOUND DARK BAY MARE; gentle and a good driver; in perfect health; suitable for either buggy or a light wagon. Can be seen at 801 P st. N. W. 8-7

FOR SALE—SIDE-BAR BUGGY, IN GOOD order; want to buy for my use; low buggy or phaeton. Address OWNER, Republican office. may1-5,7

FOR SALE—A VERY FINE LOT ON HOWard and ave., Mount Pleasant; fronts on two streets; near 14th st.; can be bought at a bargain; one-third cash. N. SPRAGUE, 524 10th st. N. W., room 8. 8-7

FOR SALE.
ROSSLYN VILLA SITES.
The most magnificent suburb of Washington, defying competition in any quarter for SIGHTLINESS, HEALTHFULNESS, AND CHEAPNESS, in lots of one to two acres, almost every one of which commands a view of the entire city and river for miles. Very cheap and on long time.
T. H. SYPHERD & CO., 1321 F street.
ap23-1m

FOR SALE—I HAVE SMALL PROPERTY that can be bought at bargains in the northwestern and northeastern sections of the city; also fine lots in Mount Pleasant and Meridian Hill. N. SPRAGUE,
524 10th st. N. W., Cor. F.

FOR SALE—OVER ONE HUNDRED choice selections of Farms and Small Country Homes, of from 1 to 300 acres, from 1 to 20 miles from the city, suitable for farming, dairying, or homes for gentlemen employed in the city, ranging from $10 to $300 per acre, and on very accommodating terms. T. H. SYPHERD & CO., 1321 F st. 8-tf

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE VERY HANDsomest and best of the famous Montgomery county small farms, 61 acres of first-class land, with first-class improvements, 24 miles west of Gaithersburg, on the Metropolitan Branch Railroad. Price $3,250, on easy terms. The building new, fine water, abundance of fruit. A beautiful summer home; a rare investment. T. H. SYPHERD & CO., 1321 F st. le29-d&8tf

FOR SALE—A VICTORIA CARRIAGE, suitable for one or two horses; in good order. Address VICTORIA, Republican Office. 5-tf

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

WALKER & WALTER,
Real Estate Brokers, 613 F st. N. W.

ANSON S. TAYLOR,
Real Estate and Insurance. No. 1224 F st. N. W. Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds.

JOHN E. FEBRY & CO.,
Real Estate Agents. Houses and lots for sale and rent; also small farms. Address FALLS CHURCH, Va. Telephone call No. 207. ap28

J. H. GRAY & CO.,
Federal Building, cor. 7th and F sts. N. W., Real Estate, Rents, Loans, Money Invested.

R. H. EVANS,
1321 F St. N. W., Commissioner of Deeds for all States and Territories. Notary Public. Hours from 9 to 4:30.

AUSTIN P. BROWN,
Real Estate Loans, 1426 F st. N. W., telephone call 863-5.

GEORGE W. LINKINS,
Real Estate Broker and Notary Public, cor. 19th and H sts. N. W. Real Estate bought, sold, and exchanged.

S. T. LUCKET,
Real Estate Collecting Agency. Office 917 F st. N. W.

TYLER & RUTHERFORD,
1307 F st. N. W., Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance.

GURLEY BROS.,
Real Estate, Insurance, and Local Securities. 1319 F st.

B. H. WARNER & CO.,
Real estate, desirable property for sale. Houses for rent. 916 F st.

WASH'N DANENHOWER,
Real Estate and Insurance Broker; property bought and sold. 1115 F st. N. W.

CHARLES W. HANDY,
921 F st. N. W., Real Estate, Insurance, Loans, Notary Public.

L. M. SAUNDERS & BRO.,
Building Lots a specialty; catalogue now out. 1103 F st. N. W.

F. H. SMITH & SON,
Real Estate and Insurance. 1222 F st. N. W.

M'GOWAN & CAMPBELL,
Real Estate and Farm Property. 1008 and 1010 F st. N. W.

J. W. P. MYERS & SON,
1428 N. Y. ave., Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance.

A. E. BELL & CO.,
Real Estate Bought and Sold,
622 14th Street N. W.
FOR SALE:
2 story and basement bay window brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, side and back alley; good neighborhood, N. W.; very cheap and on unusual terms.
2 lots north side Mass. ave., bet. 17th and 18th N. W.; very desirable; $2,60.
Fine lot north side N st., 17th and 18th N. W.
2 short business lots north side K st., bet. 20th and 21st N. W. (30x10); $2.
27,000 feet ground, Mount Pleasant, improved by thirteen room dwelling and stable; on best street in village, and nearly opposite Col. Cranford's fine residence; best drinking water from cisterns; 50 cents per foot.
Handsome farm, one quarter mile from Hyattsville; 100 acres good land; good buildings; vicinity of Gen. Beale's and Riggs's farms.
Desirable lots at Colonial Beach at reasonable prices.

THE CRAWFORD SHOE
Is Sold Only at
Our CRAWFORD Shoe Stores.
819 PENN. AVE.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.
Last Appearance of Mr.
KEENE.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.
OTHELLO.
IAGO..... MR. KEENE
OTHELLO..... MR. WHEELOCK.
NEXT WEEK.
LOST IN NEW YORK.
INTRODUCING A VAST RIVER OF REAL WATER.
Seats now on Sale.

ALBAUGH'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
TO-NIGHT— To-night, at 8—Von Suppe's Great Comic Opera Success,
McCaull Opera Co.
BELLMAN.
Jno. A. M'CAULL, Sole Proprietor and Manager.
Reserved Seats, $1.25, $1, 75c. Musical director, Adolph Nowak.
General Admission, 50c.; Family Circle, 25c.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.
May 7th, Second Week of McCaull Opera Company.

INDIANA.
HARRIS' BIJOU THEATER.
TWO—PERFORMANCES DAILY—TWO.
Week Commencing MONDAY, APRIL 30,
The Highly Successful Comedy Drama,
ONE OF THE FINEST.
A great play of a great city.—N. Y. Herald.
The great scenic production, Illuminated View of New York Harbor. The Great River Scene. Illuminated Fall River Steamers Pilgrim and Bristol. The Sacramento Quartette. New and Startling Novelties.
Popular prices will prevail
Next week—LIZZIE MAY ULMER.

KERNAN'S WASHINGTON THEATER. Admission 15, 25 and 50c. Mat. 10 and 25c.
SAM—WESTON BROS'—MORRIS
Consolidated Specialty and Comedy Co.
HARRY ROGERS, Character Singer; LEONZO, Juggler; ALEX. WILSON, Ventriloquist, and a host of others.
Matinees Mon., Tues., Thurs. and Sat.
Next—"Parson" Davis's Big Specialty Company, including Wm. Muldoon, the champion wrestler, and Evan Lewis, the strangler.

PROFS. HINTON & GREENWELL'S FIRST ANNUAL MAY BALL
Will be held at their Academy, 209 Pennsylvania avenue, Capitol Hill,
MONDAY, MAY 7, 1888.
Tickets can be had at the academy.

PROF. SHELDON'S MAY BALL WILL take place Thursday, May 10, at Rifles' Hall. Tickets now ready at 1004 F st. ap15-td

DON'T FAIL TO SEE
—THE—
HORNET'S NEST!
—AND HEAR—
GEN. B. M. PRENTISS.
17TH ST., 2 BLOCKS SOUTH OF AVENUE.

EXCURSIONS.

BAY RIDGE, ON THE CHESAPEAKE.
This delightful resort, greatly beautified and improved, will be open for the season on the 16TH OF JUNE. Sunday schools and societies desiring special rates should apply to WM. ARVY, General Agent, B. & O. depot, or to PERRY G. SMITH, Passenger Agent, B. & O. R. R., 1351 Pa. ave. my3-tuthstMst

FOR UPPER POTOMAC LANDINGS.—THE Steamer "CECILE" leaves her wharf, 3136 Water st., Georgetown, at 9 a. m., and hourly thereafter, for Upper River Landings. Capacity, 300 passengers, and fully equipped with every convenience.
may2-1m JOS. PASSENO.

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE BULLETIN
—OF—
THOS. E. WAGGAMAN, 917 F street.
Changes Made Mondays and Thursdays.
FOUR-STORY BRICK AND FRAME HOUSES FOR SALE.

1116 Conn ave n w, b b, m i, 12 rs	$16,500
329 G st n w, b b, m i, 10 rs	8,000

THREE-STORY BRICK AND FRAME HOUS