THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

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THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMPANY
E. W. FOX, PRESIDENT AND MANAGER.

TUESDAY, MAY 8.

Amusements.

NATIONAL—"Lost in New York."
ALBAUGH'S—McCaull Opera Company.
KERNAN'S—Parson Davies' Specialties.
BIJOU—Irene May Lease.

THE Sunday NATIONAL REPUBLICAN is growing. It is the freshest, brightest, most readable and cheapest Sunday paper in the District. Every purchaser is sure to get his money's worth. Order it at once.

The Music Hall Again.

Those who saw the fine audience at the concert of the Boston Symphony Orchestra at the Congregational church Friday evening of last week must have been impressed anew with the necessity of an adequate music hall in Washington. That organization like the Boston Symphony Orchestra should be dependent on a church in the national capital is humiliating, not that there is the least objection to a church as such, but churches are not built for concert halls. It is not in keeping with their character or capacity that they should be used as such. It is quite common to employ a church in small villages for such entertainments as occur through the year, but we dare say that Washington is the only city in America of respectable size that is so situated. It is quite probable the parish owners of the Congregational Church will themselves grow tired of having their house made use of for lecture and concert purposes. It certainly cannot be depended on indefinitely, and the time has come when this subject of a music hall for Washington ought to be taken into the most earnest consideration by public spirited citizens. We are confident that the only thing needed to secure one large enough and one enough for all purposes is an organized effort on the part of gentlemen whose names would command public respect and confidence. The NATIONAL REPUBLICAN is disposed to assist such an enterprise just as it does Mount Vernon avenue, Memorial bridge, or any other project for the advancement of Washington and the honor of the nation of which Washington is the capital. The REPUBLICAN will assist a movement to build a great music hall in every way possible, and it is ready to commence the work to-day. We believe in it thoroughly. We not only believe in its necessity, but we believe it would be a profitable investment for whatever sum might be required for its construction. Who is it that will second THE REPUBLICAN's motion?

A Memory of Cronin.

The Cronin episode of 1886 may be revived in Oregon. The election for members of the legislature in that state takes place on the 5th of June. The general assembly elected on that day chooses the successor to Senator Dolph, and the state senators elected holdover and vote in the election of the successor to Senator Mitchell. This election just precedes the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis.

Smith M. Weed, of Plattsburg, N. Y., will be remembered as the most trusted lieutenant of the foxy Samuel J. Tilden in the effort to steal the electoral college in 1876. A day or two since Wm. L. Scott, who is Cleveland's Weed, visited Plattsburg and the next day Mr. Smith M. Weed left for Oregon.

St. John, the purchased Prohibition leader, is already in that state, and Weed's departure shows that there is to be a concerted attempt to capture the legislature and thus not only secure a United States senator, but start an enthusiastic Cleveland boom at St. Louis.

The plan adopted is for St. John to turn the Prohibitionists into the Democratic camp, while Weed is to disburse the "sinews" and look after the Democrats. In the mean time, some threats are being made to the Northern Pacific railroad and the Oregon Transcontinental Company about land forfeitures.

The Oregon Republicans need only to be warned to defeat this movement.

The Local Work Should Begin.

The local committees of the Republican party in every state, county, and school district and the newly-formed clubs of the Republican League should all be at work. The labor of the campaign is always upon these local organizations. National and congressional committees do the show work and the brass-band politics, but the local committee is the place where the votes are secured.

The issues in this campaign are already made up, and the work should begin. Upon the one side it is Cleveland and free trade, on the other the Republican candidate and protection to the American workingman and American industry.

Fourth in material and the federal machine make the nomination of Cleveland certain, and his principles are laid down in his message and his official acts. The Republican party has scores of good men to choose from, and whichever of them it selects he will stand upon a platform that favors protection.

These are the issues. Let the local committees and clubs commence the work now. Have your local speakers prepared on these issues. Let the farmer, the business man, the wage worker, who understands the question at issue, cook see his neighbor and explain the advantages of protection to each and all. There is no need for "humanitarian" speeches. Talk plain business.

The old soldier—the man who went to the front carrying a musket—may have something to say on the subject of pensions, Mexicans and flags. Let him tell the generation of new voters about a soldier's life and sufferings, how disease comes upon them as the years roll by, and how limbs and wounds that were painless when "Johnny came marching home," radiant with victory, are full of aches and pains now.

The people are tired. Four years of Democratic rule, such as we have just passed through, is enough to tire them. There is victory in the air. Let the work of the local committees and clubs be put in the ballot boxes and thus end this Democratic misgovernment.

Bond Buying and the Markets.

Three weeks ago Secretary Fairchild gave notice that in one week he would commence the purchase of bonds. Since the date of that notice of April 14 the 4 per cent. coupon bonds have advanced 3¼ cents and the registered bonds 3¼ cents. In the two weeks, ending Saturday, Secretary Fairchild purchased bonds the face value of which was $10,405,100, and the premium paid was $1,077,647, making a total of $12,473,047 paid out of the treasury for bonds in the two weeks ending May 5. During the last week of this time there was a considerable decrease in the price of everything, amounting, including the few that gained, to an average of 1½ per cent. all round.

Whilst the output of iron is largely decreased, the price is going down. At this time last year the weekly average was 138,514 tons. The *Iron Age*, perhaps the best authority on the subject, puts the weekly average now at 110,561 tons. The price of "No. 1 foundry" is now $19.76, and steel rails are quoted at $30.50.

Perhaps the agitation of free trade in the President's message, and Carlisle's opening speech in the House, with the steps taken to carry out these recommendations by the Mills tariff bill, have not effected this decline in production and price, but if the free traders succeed in making any one believe these are not the causes, Barnum, he of the circus, and the medes, should secure that man as the greatest curiosity since the days of Joyce Heth.

In one single industry the falling off in production is 28,000 tons of iron per week, worth $22 a ton, or a value of $616,000. More than 75 per cent. of the value of pig iron goes to labor, but putting it at that low figure here is $462,000 taken every week from the wages of workingmen, solely because the President, who entered the white house a believer in protection, has fallen under the influence of the Kentucky and Illinois whisky ring, and recommends a reduction in the customs duties to retain the tax on whisky for the benefit of this good ring.

The wage workers in iron must suffer a loss of $25,000,000 a year so that the whisky trust can be maintained. And that is one all. The reduction in the price of the raw material amounts to $75,000,000 a year, and the workingmen will have to bear their share of that.

What do the working people of the country think of this first step toward free trade? Does it appeal to their sympathies? At least one-half of every workingman's wages goes to buy his food. Here is a loss to the farmers, the producers of food, of about $75,000,000 that would have been expended for food. How do they like that?

All this for the benefit of the whisky trust, for its champions are the champions of free trade.

Help for Mount Vernon Avenue.

The friends of Mount Vernon avenue will be gratified to learn that the Senate committee on public buildings and grounds took up the matter of its construction yesterday, as well as the building of a new bridge to connect with Arlington, and that both enterprises appeared to receive the committee's cordial approval. The opinion seemed to prevail with the committee that the building of the bridge and the avenue should go together; that it should be done by direct appropriation of Congress, and that the government should have exclusive charge of the work. This will no doubt be entirely satisfactory to the Mount Vernon Avenue Association, whose sole object is to secure a beautiful and appropriate roadway from Washington to Mount Vernon. There are no selfish purposes to be worked out by members of the association. There is not one of them who has ever received one penny for the part he has taken in the enterprise, or who has the remotest thought of such a thing in the future, or who would not gladly and thankfully see the construction of the avenue turned over entirely to the government.

The state of Virginia has very generously turned over to the association a claim against the general government for $129,000 with the patriotic wish that the proceeds be devoted to the building of this broad roadway for the whole people of the United States from the national capital to the tomb of Washington. The committee does not seem disposed to grant this claim. Very well. While the motive of the state of Virginia in assigning it was a noble and praiseworthy one, the committee's action in the matter, whatever it may be, will be in the direction of securing to the country this great and much needed roadway, will be accepted with pleasure by the association and by all good and patriotic citizens. We are glad this subject is now fairly before the Senate. It will bear the closest examination, and, we believe, no fair-minded citizen can understand it fully without being the friend and well-wisher of Mount Vernon avenue. It is a patriotic, unselfish proposal. It is not only a deserved tribute to the memory of him to whom Americans can never pay tributes enough, but it would be one of the most beautiful and useful adornments to the city of Washington. It would be to the national capital what the Champs Elysees with the roadways in the Bois de Boulogne is to Paris, and what the Under den Linden is to Berlin; yes, worse, it would be as much grander than these as America is greater and grander than France or Germany, and in harmony with the magnificence and character of our nation.

Col. ROBERT G. INGERSOLL has written a characteristic letter to a Rev. E. P. Powell, whose home is in the west, in which he gives his reasons for supporting Judge Gresham for President. The letter is published by the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, and is as follows:

DEAR E. P. POWELL—*Dear Sir:* I am in favor of Gresham for the following reasons:

1. He is a man of intelligence, well read, mentally trained.

2. His character is good. He is an honest, faithful man.

3. He has filled with honor every position in which he has been. He was a private soldier; he became a general; he did his duty.

4. He was a judge. He decided according to the best of his ability. He was merciful as well as just.

5. He was a Cabinet officer. He was natural, clear headed, and true.

6. He is now a judge, and no political ambition has caused any waverlic judgment.

7. His record is clean, and he can be elected.

Yours truly, R. G. INGERSOLL.

NEW YORK, April 30.

THE *Real Estate Record*, of New York city, gives some figures, which are really interesting, as to the purchase of real estate and building operations in that city last year and this. The comparisons are startling:

Consideration for real estate April, 1887.....	$30,130,230
Consideration for real estate April, 1888.....	21,846,880
Falling off.....	14,273,450
Estimated cost buildings projected April, 1887.....	$11,082,905
Estimated cost buildings projected April, 1888.....	5,311,955
Falling off.....	5,770,950

These figures show that people are not buying and building as they were last year. The contraction of the currency has prevented this, and thousands—yes, tens of thousands—of men in New York alone are thrown out of employment because of the incapacity of this administration to deal with the finances of the country. President Cleveland knew when the forty-ninth Congress adjourned what the situation would be, but he preferred his "personal comfort" and refused to call the fifteth Congress in extra session. And the country suffers.

COL. W. F. CODY and his Wild West sailed from Liverpool last Saturday and are on their way home after having spent just one year in England. Cody's venture abroad has been the most successful in a financial way of all schemes of amusement that have gone from this country to Europe. It is an every year's occurrence that dramatic, operatic, or spectacular, or some other form of entertainment is organized in Europe to come to America, and most of them are successful, but only three all they in the shade when he chartered a large steamer for $30,000 to take him from New York to London last spring and opened Earl's Court to a crowd of 20,000 people. He took over with him over 100 genuine Indians from the reservations of the far west, twenty or thirty cowboys and Mexicans, about 250 Indian ponies and horses, and much else that made the people of London stare and wonder what it all was and where it had come from. It required two long trains to take the Wild West's belongings from the big steamer in the Victoria docks up to the exhibition grounds. The success of the exhibition when it opened was phenomenal. The arena was larger than had ever been prepared for any similar entertainment. It was larger than that constructed for theatrical concerts on Staten Island, when it made such an impression on New Yorkers, and got the invitation and the guarantee to go to London. It was about four times the size of the ground covered by Barnum's main tent in his "greatest show on earth," though there were not seats for four times as many spectators. Barnum can accommodate, since the tents extended only half way around the arena. The effect of the grand entree on the opening day was startling. There were fully 20,000 English people present. Never since out of every hundred in this vast concourse had not more before seen an American Indian, nor a cowboy, nor that style of rock-jaw riding that the cowboy is given to. They had read of these things in stories, and they had heard of them from travelers, but that was all. The English are not excitable as a rule, they are quite the contrary, in fact, and it takes more to arouse them than it does to arouse an American. But they were on the tiptoe of expectancy on this occasion. They stretched their necks and peered out curiously to catch the first glimpse of the great Buffalo Bill and his picturesque followers. By and by there was a yell from the stables, the gates parted, and in rushed the long stream of Indians, cowboys, and Mexicans, yelling at their best, and spreading out over the wide arena as they swept like a whirlwind, yelling all the time as if they had been on the prairies of Texas or New Mexico. It was like an electric shock. Everybody felt the novelty of the situation. The dramatic success of it was overwhelming and complete, and from that moment forward the success of the Wild West was assured. It was new, it was genuine, it was grand and thrilling. The remainder of the entertainment was received with rapturous applause, and the following day the crowd could not be accommodated. Cody and his partner, Salsbury, took in over $1,000,000 during the season. Efforts were made to get them over to Paris and Berlin, but they thought it might be too great a hazzard to go into a country where a foreign tongue was spoken, so they stuck to England, and are well satisfied with the result. They are now coming home, and their countrymen will be glad to see them.

AMUSEMENTS.

"INDIANA" AT ALBAUGH'S.

"Indiana," a merry little opera that was first produced at the First Avenue Theater in London winter before last, was given by Col. McCaull's company last night before a well pleased audience. The music of "Indiana" is by Audran, who made his reputation with "Olivette" and the "Mascot." There is much of the same sweetness of music, so noticeable in these charming compositions, to be found in "Indiana." An air of exquisite beauty runs through it it one form or another, coming out every now and then to surprise and delight the listeners. There are a number of uncommonly pretty songs, and some of the choruses are very fine. The libretto is excellent. It humor is bright and sparkling, and there are no periods of tiresome dullness for the audience. The story hangs mainly on the trials of a young miller, who is just married and who is unjustly suspicious of his pretty wife, in the London production, which was very successful, the part of the miller was taken by Arthur Roberts, a great local favorite, but in genuine cockney comedian, Mr. Digby Bell, who takes the role here, Americanizes it a good deal and makes it therefore much more acceptable to audiences in this country. Arthur Roberts would be hard to replace, but Mr. Bell is exceedingly good and kept the audience in a state of laughter during the whole time he was on the stage last night. In the second act he sang a topical song on the air known in London as "Lovely Black Eyes," and which was immensely popular there at places of amusement two seasons ago. Mr. Bell brought down the house, especially with the third verse in reference to the recent visit of Mr. Blaine. Other members in the cast last night were Mrs. Laura Joyce Bell, who was most effective in the part of Lady Prue, a character taken in the London production by Miss Phyllis Broughton. Nan, the miller's wife, was satisfactorily sung and acted by Miss Annie Myers, while "Indiana," the heroine, was taken by Marian Manola, a pretty girl and a sweet singer. Josephine Knapp made an exceptionally charming Maud, and showed she could be successful in a more important part. She is an unusually fine looking young woman, and ought to have a bright future. Mr. Wilke took the part of Philip Jermeaux quite acceptably, though there was little for him to do. The performance was most praiseworthy in all respects, and "Indiana" ought to become very popular in Washington.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER.

Messrs. Miles & Barton's Bijou Opera House bill, "Lost in New York," was the attraction at the New National Theater last evening, and a great attraction it was, for the capacity of the city theater was tested to seat the assemblage, especially in the upper tiers. "Lost in New York" is a melodrama, but it has a dark and a large one, too. The bank, or river scene, for such it was, showed what seemed to be a broad expanse of water, on whose broom stone with artful bridge or a "properly" man Skiffs, rowboats, and even a steam launch plowed the surging waves, while the myriad lights of the metropolis gleamed in the distance. The play it self was generally regarded as the lights and shadows of Gotham, with the accent greatly upon the shadows. A young lady whose *nom de theatre* appears on the playbill as Patrice, gave a rollicking presentation of a New York waif, effectively showing the humorous and pathetic of the character. Mr. Thomas Wise was good as the plotter Wilson, and Mr. Wright's Chester was a picture of the conventional New York lawyer. Miss Atchison gained the sympathies of the audience in her trials as Mrs. Wilson, the blind mother. The remainder of the cast was fully up to all requirements.

HARRIS'S BIJOU THEATER.

Good audiences greeted Miss Lizzie May Ulmer and her company at the two performances of "Dad's Girl" yesterday. The play is an unusually pleasing bit of life at Newport, and Miss Ulmer as the heroine, Molly, was delightfully piquant and charming. The entire company is far above the average, and each member seems peculiarly fitted for his or her part. Mr. Grandin was inimitably funny as Cassio De Gama Bliss, called Cass for short. His comedy work was intensely amusing, and may be said to be entirely original. Mr. Steelman was good as Dudd Hoskins, and Miss Moulton created much mirth as Angelina, "Dad's Girl" all the week.

KERNAN'S THEATER.

"Parson" Davies's Specialty Company and Muldoon's gladiators opened well at Kernan's yesterday. The English wrestler, Karkeek, accepted Muldoon's challenge, and eventually won the sum of $50, as Muldoon failed to throw the Englishman in the required time (35 minutes). Of the many interesting features of the long bill of specialties the optical illusions by Prof. Bermes were the most pleasing of all. The professor is well known as a thorough scientist, and his strikingly popular entertainment is on a higher order than is usually connected with vaudeville organizations. The beautiful dissolving views of stirring war scenes and picturesque landscapes were vividly realized. The humorous afterpiece, "McCracken's Reception," closed the performance.

Strong, Interesting, and Able.

(Philadelphia Item.)

Every Republican in the nation should subscribe for the Washington NATIONAL REPUBLICAN. It is very strong, very interesting, very able, very patriotic.

Don't Go Crazy.

"Nous sang in corpore sano," is an old saying, and means "A sound mind in a sound body." Such can only be obtained by using Dr. Buckland's Scotch Oats Essence, the great Brain and Nerve Food, Healer and Nature's Cordial Strengthener.

Reply to Senator Riddleberger's Letter.

EDITOR NATIONAL REPUBLICAN: My attention has been called to two cards published in the REPUBLICAN of May 1, one of which is signed W. S. Wellley intended no doubt for the name of M. L. Weldey, and the other H. H. Riddleberger. Both of the cards are addressed to "Editor of Page *Courier*," but neither of them was sent to the *Courier* for publication, and the editors of that paper knew nothing of the cards until they saw them in the REPUBLICAN.

All I have to say in relation to Mr. Wellley's card is this: A few weeks ago Mr. Wellley spent several days in Page county, and during that time had several conversations with me in regard to Mahone, Riddleberger, and Republican organization in Virginia. In each conversation he expressed a strong desire for Senator Riddleberger to be sent as delegate at large to the Chicago convention, and he stated positively that Senator Riddleberger was in favor of retaining Gen. Mahone as chairman of the Republican state committee. I was surprised to hear that such was Senator Riddleberger's position in regard to Gen. Mahone, and Mr. Wellley's statement made a positive impression on my mind, and I note state positively and unhesitatingly that Mr. M. L. Wellley stated to me on two, if not three, different occasions that Senator Riddleberger was in favor of retaining Gen. Mahone as chairman of the Republican state committee. I am informed by several other creditable gentlemen in Page county that Mr. Wellley made substantially the same statement to them. And if Mr. Wellley stated Senator Riddleberger's position incorrectly it is his misfortune, and no fault of mine.

Senator Riddleberger says the resolutions adopted at Luray "were concocted in deceit and written by a treacherous hand." As the resolutions were neither "concocted" nor "written" by me, and as I was only a quiet voter in the meeting that adopted them, I might pass this aspersion without notice were it not for the fact that it is a most uncharitable and ill-natured attack upon all of the Republicans who voted for the resolutions, as well as upon the intelligent gentleman who wrote and offered them. If it was the deep and treachery to write and pass resolutions expressing the honest opinions of the Republicans of Page, instead of informing the opinions of Senator R., then I must confess the truth and justice of his accusation; but if to express the opinions of the Republican voters who composed the meeting, rather than the opinions of Senator R., was neither deceitful nor treacherous, then I must say that his assertion is arrogant, unjust, and uncharitable.

But Senator R. says he does not "believe the Republicans of Page understandingly adopted those resolutions," and then upon he proceeds to state that he is "unalterably opposed to the unit rule," and says how he wants delegates appointed, and how he wants them to go to Chicago. He is entitled to his opinion, the Republicans of Page are entitled to their opinion, and they think they are capable of expressing their opinions "understandingly" without his assistance or instruction. He thinks they have done, and have no apology to make for their action.

I will not burden your columns by replying to what Senator R. says about the manner of appointing delegates further than to say that, in my opinion, the district delegates were legally and properly appointed at Petersburg so as to meet the requirements of the call of the national committee by the state convention, resolving itself into district conventions for that purpose, and, if I am not mistaken, this view is entertained by the Republicans of Louisiana, Tennessee, New Hampshire, Iowa, and perhaps of other states.

I hope the REPUBLICAN and other papers that publish, or have published, the cards of Messrs. Riddleberger and Wellley will do me and the Republicans of Page the justice to publish this letter, which was unanswering card from E. T. Broyles, esq. Very respectfully,

J. G. NEWMAN.

LURAY, VA., May 3, 1888.

EDITOR NATIONAL REPUBLICAN: I have read the communication addressed to the "Editor Page *Courier*," but published in your paper of May 1, 1888, signed W. S. Wellley, in which Mr. Wellley attempts to explain away a report—purporting to have been circulated by Judge J. G. Newman, of this place—to the effect that Senator Riddleberger was in favor of Gen. Mahone's retention as chairman of the Virginia state Republican committee, and in which communication Mr. Wellley says: "That any report that he (Wellley) made any such statement from Senator Riddleberger is without the slightest foundation in fact." I also read Senator Riddleberger's letter in reference to the same matter addressed to the "Editor Page *Courier*."

In justice to Judge Newman I ask to say through your columns that I know of no such man as W. S. Wellley, but that M. L. Wellley, esq., who is now a clerk in the United States Senate, and is Senator Riddleberger's appointee to that position from this county in place of S. Brown Allen, esq., removed—stated positively to me, some time about the 1st of April of this year, while he was on a visit here, that Senator Riddleberger was not opposed to Gen. Mahone's retention as chairman of the Virginia state Republican committee, but that he (Riddleberger) thought Gen. Mahone the right man for chairman. Mr. Wellley in his conversation was giving me reasons why he thought Senator Riddleberger should be made a delegate at large to the Chicago Convention, and it was in this connection that he told me that Senator Riddleberger was not opposed to Gen. Mahone for chairman, &c.

I was not present at any conversation between Mr. Wellley and Judge Newman, but I am informed by several very reliable gentlemen that Mr. Wellley made the same, or similar, statements to them that he made to me.

But what Mr. Wellley said to me, or what ever he may have said to any one else in this connection, had nothing to do with, and in no manner influenced the action of the Republican mass meeting which was held here on the 2d of April, and appointed delegates to the Petersburg convention.

I wrote and offered the resolutions, which Senator Riddleberger says in his letter "were conceived in deceit and written by a treacherous hand." Of course, I am sorry the senator thinks this treason. But they were approved by my own conscience and judgment and indorsed by the Republicans of Page county, and I would rather have this indorsement than that of even such a distinguished gentleman as Senator Riddleberger. Very respectfully, E. T. BROYLES.

LURAY, VA., May 3, 1888.

DECORATION DAY.

The Tender of the National Guard as Escort Accepted.

While the observance of Decoration Day in this section has always been general and made a national holiday it will, if possible, this year be a greater day than ever before. The Grand Army men and the National Guard will unite on this occasion and make a parade suitable for the occasion. The following correspondence best explains the plan:

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MILITIA, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 5, 1888.—Col. CHAS. P. LINCOLN, Commander Department Potomac, G. A. R.—*Sir:* If the Grand Army posts make their usual parade on Memorial Day, it will give the National Guard of the District great pleasure to be permitted to escort them, and I have the honor to tender you their services for that purpose. Respectfully yours,

ALBERT ORDWAY,
Brig. Gen. Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS COMMITTEE ON MEMORIAL SERVICES, G. A. R., WASHINGTON, D. C., May 5, 1888.—BRIG. GEN. ALBERT ORDWAY, Commanding District of Columbia Militia—*Sir:* The executive committee on memorial services of this department desire to express their gratification in accepting the offer of your command for escort duty in honor of our deceased comrades on the 30th instant.

With assurances of highest regard and esteem for our citizen soldiers participating in the ceremonies of the day we venerate, I am, sir, your obedient servant,

CHARLES P. LINCOLN,
Department Commander.

Senators Want the Postoffice in Judiciary Square.

The Senate committee on public buildings and grounds met yesterday and informally considered the House bill to purchase the square between Ninth and Tenth streets on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, to be used as a site for a city postoffice. Every member of the committee who was present declared himself to be most emphatically opposed to it for the reason that the ground is too low and damp. Sentiment seems to favor the scheme already mentioned in the REPUBLICAN—to add wings to the city hall, the west wing to be used as a postoffice building.

To Remove Greenough's "Washington."

By a resolution offered yesterday by Senator Vest, and adopted, the library commission is directed to inquire into the expediency of removing Greenough's statue of Washington from its present location on the capitol east front. The commission is also to consider the question of protecting the statue by a canopy or otherwise. The statue cost $20,000 in 1832, and the several removals to which it has been subjected have cost $22,000 more. Librarian Spofford suggests one more move and protection for the figure.

Right to Create a Reservation.

Secretary Vilas has rendered a decision in the case of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company against Z. S. Martin, of the Fargo Dak., land district, in which he holds that the government had a right to create a reservation for military purposes from lands lying within the limits of the withdrawal on general route for the Northern Pacific railroad, and that this act of reservation by the Executive Department excepted the lands from the grants, and they were, therefore, public lands.

ALEXANDRIA MATTERS.

Items of Interest Gathered for the "Republican's" Readers.

The Democratic primary election will be held to-day to nominate a ticket for the offices of city treasurer, city sergeant, commissioner of revenue, clerk of court, and commonwealth attorney.

The Norton Shipbuilding Company, through their attorney, Mr. Edmund Burke, yesterday effected a compromise with its creditors, who had sued out attachments against the property of the company, by paying 50 cents on the dollar, and all costs, which amounted to $2,000. The amount of the claims without costs was $3,100. It is understood that the company at an early day will resume business either in this city or Baltimore.

Mayor Downham yesterday inaugurated a system of heavy fines, which is in marked contrast with his former position in this line, and is heartily indorsed by the law-abiding portion of the community.

The Hon. B. Z. Vance will lecture in this city on Tuesday night next for the benefit of the poor. Subject: "The Scattered Nation."

Mr. John S. Beach, clerk of the corporation court, yesterday forwarded to Germany the naturalization papers of George Benjamin, who is held there in custody for military service. He left this country a few months since, and failed to take his papers with him.

Receipts of herring at Fishtown yesterday were 51,000, that of shad 700. The former sold at $3.50 to $4 a thousand, the latter from $12 to $15 a hundred.

Hood's Pills

Vegetable Pills are prepared to meet a legitimate demand for a mild, efficient and reliable family physic. They are purely vegetable, containing no calomel, mercury, or mineral substance of any kind. Hood's Pills act upon the stomach, liver, and alimentary canal, and cure Liver Complaint, Constipation, Nausea, Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Distress After Eating, Jaundice, etc.

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N Cap and 1 st n w, b h, 9 rs..... $4,000
627 G st s e, f h, 8 rs..... 5,500
1208 5th st n w, b h, 9 rs..... 5,500
23 E st n w, b h, 8 rs..... 5,500
717 8th st n e, f h, 8 rs..... 4,500
49 R st n e, b h, 10 rms, 2 B rs..... 4,500
734 7th st s e, b h, 7 rooms..... 4,500
2217, 2219 7th st n w, b h, 6 rs, water..... 4,000
1132 26th st n w, b h, 8 rs..... 4,500

TWO-STORY BRICK AND FRAME HOUSES FOR SALE.

216 to 222 13th st and Ky ave, bet B st and S C ave s e, f h..... $4,000
321 to 325½ D st s e, f h, 6 rs each..... 3,000
302 9th st s e, f h, 6 rooms..... 2,000
514 6th st n e, f h, 7 rs..... 2,500
19 Myrtle st n e, b h, m l, 7 rs..... 2,200
1105 20th st n w, f h, 5 rs..... 2,000
1816 9th st n w, f h, 5 rs..... 2,000
9 alley N Cap st n w, f h, 4 rs..... 800
Alley bet 23d and 24th, L and M sts n w, f h, 4 rs..... 700

COUNTRY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

115 acres on the Oxen Hill road, 6 miles from city.

66 acres 1 mile from Leonardtown, St. Mary's county, Md.

100 acres in Fairfax Co., Va., 2 miles from Alexandria, $100.

158 acres in Anne Arundel Co., Md., 16 miles from Annapolis.

180 acres in Westmoreland Co, Va., $3,500.

432 acres in Loudoun County, Va., $18 per acre.

A valuable mill property near Charleston, W Va; running order.

125 acres in Fairfax Co., Va., improved, $10,000.

150 acres near Leesburg, Va., $17,000.

150 acres on the Glenwood and Bladensburg road, $300,000.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

	Per month
1116 Conn ave n w, 11 rs.....	$85 00
222 2d st s e, 12 rs.....	45 00
1301 11th st n w, 7 rs.....	30 00
1311 T st n w, 8 rs.....	35 00
259 1st st s w, 9 rs.....	25 00
3135 O st n w, 7 rs.....	25 00
501 N J ave s e, 11 rs.....	25 00
408 D st s e, 7 rs.....	25 00
649 B st n e, 6 rs.....	22 50
325 C st s e, 8 rs.....	20 00
522 F st s w, 6 rs.....	20 00
203 4½ st n w, 5 rs.....	16 00
1 Iper part 627 B st n w, 3 rooms.....	15 00
804 B st n e, 1 room, 3d floor.....	15 00
1106 D st s e, 7 rs.....	15 00
1326 E st s e, 5 rs.....	11 00
424 Pratt's alley B st s w, 4 rs.....	10 00
9 and 11 Blagdon's Court n w, 4 rs each.....	10 00
2209 10th st n w, 4 rs.....	10 00

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT.

Safe as U. S. bonds; 6 per cent., payable quarterly in sums $100 to $1,000; small premium charged.

LOANS

In sums to suit at 6 per cent.

The above is only a small portion of property on my books. For full list call at office for bulletins issued on 1st and 15th.

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CAPON SPRINGS & BATHS.

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This celebrated Mountain resort for health and pleasure. Baths of any temperature; a summer climate unsurpassed; a charming summer home with its many improvements, accommodating 800 guests, opens June 1. For medical and other testimony send for circular.

may6-1m WM. H. SALE, Proprietor.

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VIRGINIA BEACH, VA.

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J. W. ALMY, Manager.
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PHOTO-ENGRAVING.

Having recently fitted up a PHOTO-ENGRAVING ESTABLISHMENT in connection with my patent process I am prepared to furnish ILLUSTRATIONS FOR NEWSPAPERS AT SHORT NOTICE.

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418 Eleventh street Northwest.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

ENGLISH PORTLAND CEMENT.—Architects, Builders, Bricklayers, Concreters, and all users of high grade Portland Cement are informed that the German bark MEDUSA, chartered by me last February while in Europe, has just arrived direct from London, England, and is now discharging at Littlefield's Wharf a full cargo of the best English Portland Cement. This cement is in fine condition than any ever before offered in this market. JAMES H. MCGILL, Dealer in Building Supplies, 408 to 414 G st. N. W. my5-6t

USEFUL FEET BEING REQUISITE to health and longevity, thousands, far and near, visit DR. WHITE, Foot Specialist, 1107 Pa. ave., opposite Willard's Hotel, for relief from and avoidance of Corns, Bunions, Diseased Nails, and all complaints of the feet; 28th year of practice in Washington. Fee, $1 a sitting for putting the feet in order.

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Small rooms will be fitted up and rented by the month to Merchants, Hotel Keepers, and Private establishments purchasing in quantities.

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WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TRY OUR BUTTERINE AT 20 cents per pound; don't get strong or rancid; keeps better than butter; satisfaction assured (summer or winter) or money refunded. 461 G st. N. W.; open all day. Mail or telephone orders delivered at house promptly. N. B.—No connection whatever with any market stalls. Telephone call, 612-2.
ap12-tf WM. C. SCRIBNER.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—604 10th ST. N. W.—TWO nice unfurnished attic rooms; rent only $6 for both. 7-11

FOR RENT—HANDSOME APARTMENTS in the beautiful new house, No. 916 13th st., opposite McPherson Square. 7-dc284

FOR RENT—LARGE PARLOR, ALSO furnished or unfurnished rooms; furnace heat and open fires; convenient to cars, hackes, and departments; excellent location; call after 4 p. m. 1315 G st. N. W. 7-11

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR RENT OR SALE—VERY DESIRABLE new 5-room Cottage at Ardwick Station, B. & P. R. R., 20 minutes from city, with stable; garden with all small fruits; orchard with all sorts of select fruits; city property taken in exchange. WM. A. MELOY, 452 La. ave. 10-7

BOARDING.

THE BUCKINGHAM, 620 13th ST. N. W.—Furnished rooms, overlooking McP