

COMMUNICATED.  
Railroad Taxation.

Onerous and excessive taxation ever has been, and always will be, a fruitful source of revolution. The American colonists, in resisting that three pence a pound tax upon their tea, caused that ever-to-be-remembered revolution, which resulted in the establishment of this, our free and happy Republic. Would the payment of what was termed by Lord North "a pepper-corn tax," have injured or impoverished the consumer? No, it was the principle they were contending for; it was a desire on their part to establish the doctrine that individuals had certain inalienable and specific rights—and they succeeded. From these we have inherited the principle of equal rights, and that legislation should deal justly and equally with all. I am led to these remarks from the fact, that the last Legislature holding session in this State passed a bill providing for the building of railroads therein, by granting charters to certain corporations—charters giving capitalists the right to invest their money in such a manner as they may think for their best interest. I am not opposed to it, provided it be not such a monopoly as will exclude any and all who may wish to subscribe thereto; but I am opposed to granting a charter to ten men to make all the shoes, hats, money, or any other article in common use in the community, for then competition would cease. This proposition is too apparent to require further argument. The object of this is to prove that the Legislature were wrong, and by their act have trespassed upon the constitutional rights of the citizens of Louisiana, by incorporating a company with privilege of carrying on the business of that company by taxing the people to furnish the requisite capital. The British government did nothing more when they said, "We will benefit our India company by taxing the tea that goes to the American colony." Our forefathers thought they had infringed upon these rights, and resisted it; so I think our Legislature infringed upon our rights, when they consented that the people should tax themselves—i. e., that a majority should have the right to tax all the property in the parish.

This is a dangerous precedent to establish. How long do you suppose it would be before Seward, Giddings & Co. would say "The southern people are coming over to our views: they are admitting that there is a higher law than the Constitution?" The majority principle is the only test for all questions—individual property now is not regarded as sacred; the majority say it must be divided, and it is done.

Among the advocates for this tax in this parish, and I have seen many, I find none who assign any other justification than that there are many land owners in the parish who are not willing to subscribe, but who will be benefited by this road in the increased value of their lands, and therefore they must be made to contribute! Is this republican doctrine, to force the money from the people for an object which their better judgment or necessity will not permit them to subscribe to? This is wrong. Convince capitalists that this enterprise is a feasible one, or that they can reap six per cent. interest per annum from their investments, and you will have no difficulty in getting the road constructed. There are millions of dollars leaving Europe, seeking investment, every year, the owners only getting four per cent. in many instances—they had as lief have this stock as any other. Why not?

Many say "We will vote for a tax, provided it does not exceed \$150,000 for the parish, although we are opposed to the principle; yet we think this parish ought to do as much as St. Landry, and are willing to be taxed that much any way." This is wrong. If it is to be such a great blessing, and so profitable, why limit the people to such a small proportion of the whole—why not vote to tax \$1,000,000 at once? If it is right that you force a little good upon me, whether I will or not, then it is doubly your duty to make me as well off as I am capable of being. We might say we would give as much as St. Martin, which is nothing by taxation: with the same justice as we would give as much as St. Landry. For one, I do not believe the road will benefit my property; therefore I say no majority has the right to say it will, and I must be taxed to pay for it. Some gentlemen have had revelations that the lands of this parish will be worth \$500 per acre after its completion. I hope they may, and advise all who have them to sell when they can get one-third that price, for that will be better than they can do by making crops. I have never seen any statement which demonstrated that sugar would be increased in value, or that the land would produce more after this road is built than before. I do hope the people will set their foot upon this principle. Despotism it is in its nature, and it should be crushed before it is allowed to increase.

Yours, Justice.  
Parish of St. Mary, Oct. 1, 1852.  
Amasa Copeland, the last survivor of the corps of soldiers who attended Major Andre to the gallows during the revolutionary war, lately died at Abingdon, Va., aged 94 years and 4 months. He was the oldest person in that town. His father had lived 85 and one-half years.

COMMUNICATED.  
The Railroad Parish Tax.

Dear Sir—Over various signatures, but all singing the same song and tune, there has appeared communications in your last three journals—side-hints, wiles and whinnings at the prospect of our parish being called upon to subscribe by a tax upon our real or landed property, to aid in constructing the Great Western Railroad through our parish. They ask for facts and figures, and for statistics in favor of the measure. What would be thought of a man in this day and generation, out of this State, asking for railroad statistics? Every man's head, did he keep pace with the age and read the public papers, should be nigh unto bursting with statistics upon the advantages that railroads are to all people who live near to them. But Mr. Editor, it is no use to use arguments in reply to the communications, for I will wager a hat with the writers that they have not read understandingly the laws authorizing Police Juries to subscribe for stock to railroads. No rational man ever wrote such an article, who fully understood what he was writing about. If you will publish the laws of the last Legislature, passed expressly to aid works of public improvements and utility, and these gentlemen and Virginia widows then wish to discuss the subject, I will be ready and willing to do all in my power to convince them that a subscription by tax to a railroad—for the scrip of which you can the next moment after you have paid over your money demand a share of stock, or sell your scrip and realize your money—is in reality no onerous tax; that it does not interfere with any one's democratic principles, nor widows' rights; and tell those frightened subscribers that the question of the constitutionality of the measure has been tested in Ohio, Kentucky and Massachusetts, before the highest tribunals, and decided to be legal, and also a most rational and proper way to make each pay his share pro rata for the public good.

A WILLING TAX PAYER.

Clippings from our Exchanges.

Bishop Chase, the presiding Bishop of the Episcopal Church New York, died in Albany, on the 25th ult.  
The Rev. Dr. Wainwright has been elected Provisional Bishop of the Episcopal Church for the diocese of New York.  
The whigs of New York have nominated Mr. Brooks, of the Express, J. H. Hobart Haws, Robert Campbell and James Bowen, as their candidates for the House of Representatives.  
At last accounts Ex-Senator Haywood, of North Carolina, was lying in Raleigh, dangerously ill and not likely to recover. His disease is cancer of the tongue.  
Three thousand barrels of pork were shipped at New York during the week ending on the 25th ult., direct from Australia.  
There are now five Presidential tickets in Georgia, viz: whig and democrat, Union whig, Union democrat and State Rights.

The number of persons imprisoned for intemperance in Massachusetts during ten years, ending Sept. 1st, 1852, was 51,239.  
Late accounts from Europe state that another attempt has been made to assassinate Louis Napoleon on his way from St. Cloud. An individual fired a musket shot at him from a trench on the route, and the ball grazed his left shoulder. Seeing that he had failed in his attempt, the assassin immediately blew out his own brains. The journals have been prohibited from speaking of the matter.  
A letter from the Haage states that two cases of hydrophobia have been cured there by the employment of sulphate of quinine, combined with opium.

"Old Folks at Home," is the title of a beautiful melody which is now the rage in New York. The bands play it, and the newsboys sing it, every body sings it, and it is the people's favorite.  
The Harbor and River Dodge.—At Detroit the other day, (a friend writes us,) I heard a loquacious democrat boast of the adroitness with which Gen. Cass and the democratic friends of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal had managed to "steal whig thunder." "Those votes of Gen. Pierce against Internal Improvement would have killed him in the West," he said; "but now we can point to the action of a democratic Congress in favor of the canal and of harbor and river improvement." The speaker forgot (if he ever knew) that Gen. Pierce voted against this very canal, and that the final grant in its favor could not have been obtained without whig votes as well as whig principles.

[Washington Republic.]  
Return of Fugitive Slaves.—It is stated that the celebrated Ellen Craft, the fugitive slave, belonging to Dr. Collins, of Macon, Ga., who excited so much interest in Boston two years ago, and who had the honor to be conducted through the Crystal Palace, at London, during the great fair, upon the arm of the chairman of the executive committee, who slighted many fair representatives of the Caucasian race to pay his debts to this interesting chambermaid, has voluntarily gone into the service of an American gentleman and lady in London, upon condition that they will bring her back to her owner in Georgia.

The Buffalo Courier says, "We saw, on Saturday, a gentleman from Western Virginia—a former resident of this vicinity—who was on his way home, accompanied by a slave who ran away about two years since, but had, on meeting his master in Rochester, begged the privilege of returning. He was an active, intelligent appearing boy, about 25 years old."

ORIGINAL POETRY.

The Raising of the Banner!

Whigs of St. Mary! see once more  
The banner is unrolled,  
And on the breeze or tempest lower  
Shall float that banner's fold;  
For, graven on that banner's breast  
No hiding name ye see,  
But a name that's bravest and the best  
Where the best and bravest be.  
So be that glorious name unfeared,  
That knows nor stain nor spot—  
A name to gleam o'er all the world—  
The meteor name of Scott!

This written in the council room,  
Where angel schemes are told,  
Amid the blood-spiced cannon's boom  
That meteor name's unrolled!

In the wild war camp,  
Mid the squadron tramp  
And the shrill clarion's scream:  
Mid the shock and rout  
And the battle shout,  
That meteor name shall gleam!  
Mid the curbsome frown  
Of the charging horse,  
Where shot is the lashing hail,  
Thy name, Winfield,  
Is the glave and shield  
That maketh the foeman quail!  
But when the field  
The foemen yield  
And the death and strife are done,  
And the trumpets proclaim  
In Winfield's name  
That another field is won:  
Then no more shall glare  
On that forehead bare  
The gloom of strife or hate;  
But Peace sit there,  
With her smile so fair,  
And Mercy stand elate;  
And the wounds of the foe  
Shall cease to flow  
And the captive find release,  
For that heart which in war  
Was the fiercest by far  
Is the gentlest heart in peace.  
Then be that glorious name, &c.

The Grand Lodge of the United States.—It appears from the annual report of James L. Ridgely, Esq., Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the United States, I. O. F., that the receipts of that body, for the year ending the 1st inst., were \$12,991 73, exclusive of \$1125 50, which is applicable to the "Wildcy" and "Honolulu Hall Funds." The balance in hand at the time of the last report, was \$16,862, making an aggregate of \$29,853 32 in the hands of the Treasurer during the year. He expended during the year, for mileage, per diem expenses, and appropriations, \$16,714 08, leaving on hand, on the 1st inst., the sum of \$13,681 24. The invested funds of the Grand Lodge consist of \$2800 in Maryland 6 per cent. stock, and \$9241 40 in the Wildcy loan. There is, it appears, a lodge at Honolulu, in the Sandwich Islands, with sixty-eight members. In Texas there are twenty-three lodges, with over six hundred members. During the year six new lodges were opened in Alabama. In Indiana there are one hundred and twenty-six lodges, having a membership of five thousand one hundred and eleven; and in Wisconsin, fifty-eight lodges in active operation.

Married.  
On Thursday, the 30th ult., in St. Mary's Church, by the Rev. C. S. Hedges, MR. JOHN BARNARD to MISS CORNELIA S. GATES, both of this parish.

For Sale.  
An excellent Cow, half English bred, and a yearling Heifer, are offered for sale, cheap for cash. Apply to the editor of this paper.

Run Away.  
From the plantation of Mrs. Bowles, a negro man named GILBERT, aged about 30 years, middle height, dark gruff, has rather a downcast look when spoken to; said negro man is presumed to be lurking about the neighborhood of Judge Simon's plantation. A suitable reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to the subscriber.  
A. L. FIELDS, Curator.  
Parish of St. Mary, Oct. 9, 1852.—if.

Marron.  
Parti marron de l'habitation de Mme. Bowles, et il est présumé qu'il se tient caché dans le voisinage de l'habitation de Judge Simon, un nègre nommé GILBERT; dit dit nègre est âgé d'environ 30 ans, taille moyenne et couleur gruffe foncé, ayant un regard sombre quand on lui adresse la parole. Une récompense satisfaisante sera donnée pour son arrest et sa délivrance au sousigné.  
A. L. FIELDS, Curator.  
Paroisse Ste. Marie, le 9 Oct. 1852.

\$100 Reward!  
ON the evening of the 5th of April last, a trunk, the property of the undersigned, was stolen from his house, on the plantation of Mr. Thomas Hord, at Bayou Sale, which was duly advertised, and the thief discovered, but without recovering the contents. In said trunk, when stolen, were, besides money, the following valuable papers:  
One note for \$247 33, dated the 12th of March, 1851, payable one day after date, with legal interest from date.  
One note for \$604 17, dated 1st January, 1852, payable one day after date, with legal interest from 1st January, 1851.  
One note for \$900, dated 1st January, 1852, payable one day after date, with 8 per cent. interest from date, its payment being secured by mortgage on the crop of sugar and molasses for the present year, on the leased land.  
The above notes were drawn by Thomas Hord, in favor of the undersigned. The above reward will be paid for their recovery.  
J. P. SHARP.  
Bayou Sale, Sept. 30, 1852.—St.

Leeches!  
A SUPPLY of Hungarian Leeches recently received and for sale at the Franklin Drug Store by G. N. SEAGRAVE & CO.  
Franklin, Oct. 9, 1852.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.  
N. L. PROVOST, Adm'r (DISTRICT COURT, No. 437).  
Eugénie Dertess, veuve, a. d. s. (Parish of St. Mary).  
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, I will offer at public sale, for cash, to the last and highest bidder, without the benefit of appraisement, at the Court House of this parish, in the town of Franklin, on SATURDAY, the 6th day of November, 1852, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to wit:  
JOK, a negro man slave, aged about 32 years. Seized as the property of Thomas Maskell, to satisfy the above writ.  
W. F. HAIFLEIGH, Sheriff.  
Parish of St. Mary, Oct. 2, 1852.

ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE.  
N. L. PROVOST, Adm'r (COUR DE DISTRICT, No. 437).  
E. Dertess, épouse, a. d. s. (Paroisse Ste. Marie).  
EN vertu d'un ordre de fieri facias, à moi adressé, j'offrirai en vente publique, au comptant, sans estimation, à la maison-de-cour de cette paroisse, dans la ville de Franklin, le SAMEDI, le 6ème jour de Novembre prochain, 1852, entre 11 heures du matin et 4 heures de l'après-midi, la propriété ci-dessus décrite, savoir:  
JOK, un nègre esclave, âgé d'environ 32 ans. Saisi comme étant la propriété de Thomas Maskell, pour satisfaire l'ordre ci-dessus.  
W. F. HAIFLEIGH, Shérif.  
Paroisse Ste. Marie, le 2 Oct. 1852.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.  
Victor Pimare, vs. (DISTRICT COURT, No. 4364).  
Jean Graouilla. (Parish of St. Martin).  
BY virtue of an order of seizure and sale issued out of the District Court in and for the Parish of St. Martin, and to me addressed and delivered, I have seized and will offer at public sale, at the Court House of this parish, in the town of Franklin, on SATURDAY, the 6th day of November next, 1852, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to wit:  
A certain lot of ground situated in the town of Franklin, in the parish of St. Mary, having one hundred feet square, more or less, bounded north by Jackson street, south by lot of Isaac Trowbridge, east by lot of H. C. Dwight, and west by Second street, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon situated, and rights and appurtenances thereunto belonging; also all the rents and revenues arising from the same.  
Terms of Sale.—\$250 with interest and costs cash, subject to a credit of \$75 50, and the balance as follows: One payment to be made on the 1st day of March, 1853; one on the 1st March, 1854; one on the 1st March, 1855.  
Seized as the property of Jean Graouilla, to satisfy the above order of seizure and sale.  
W. F. HAIFLEIGH, Sheriff.  
Parish of St. Mary, Oct. 2, 1852.

ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE.  
Victor Pimare, vs. (COUR DE DISTRICT, No. 4364).  
Jean Graouilla. (Paroisse Ste. Martin).  
EN vertu d'un ordre de saisie et vente lancé par la Cour de District dans et pour la Paroisse Ste. Martin, et à moi adressé et délivré, j'ai saisi et offrirai en vente publique, à la maison-de-cour de cette paroisse, dans la ville de Franklin, le SAMEDI, 6ème jour de Novembre prochain, 1852, entre 11 heures du matin et 4 heures de l'après-midi, la propriété ci-dessus décrite, savoir:  
Un certain terrain situé dans la ville de Franklin, dans cette paroisse, ayant cent pieds carrés, plus ou moins, borné au nord par la rue Jackson, à l'est par le terrain de Isaac Trowbridge, à l'ouest par le terrain de H. C. Dwight, et à l'ouest par la rue Seconde, avec toutes les bâtisses et améliorations qui s'y trouvent, ainsi qu'il tous les loyers et revenus provenant les dit terrain.  
Conditions de la Vente.—\$250 avec intérêt et les frais comptant, soumis à un crédit de \$75 50, et le balance ainsi que suit: Un paiement devra se faire le 1er jour de Mars, 1853; le second paiement le 1er Mars, 1854; le troisième et dernier paiement devra se faire le 1er Mars, 1855.  
Saisi comme étant la propriété de Jean Graouilla, pour satisfaire l'ordre ci-dessus.  
W. F. HAIFLEIGH, Shérif.  
Paroisse Ste. Marie, le 2 Oct. 1852.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.  
Henry C. Dwight, vs. (DISTRICT COURT, No. 4544).  
Mary A. Minor & husband (Parish of St. Mary).  
BY virtue of an order of seizure and sale issued in the above entitled suit, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale, for cash, at the Court House of this parish, in the town of Franklin, on SATURDAY, the 6th day of November, 1852, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to wit:  
A certain lot of ground situated in the town of Franklin, being No. 44 on the plan of said town, having eighty feet front by three hundred feet deep and fronting on Second street; bounded east by Second street, south by lot No. 23, west by Third street, and north by lot No. 45; said lot being the same lot which the said Mrs. Minor and husband acquired from Robert Johnson per act of sale passed on the 14th day of May, 1846, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon situated.  
Seized as the property of Mary Ann and J. W. Minor, to satisfy the above order of seizure and sale.  
W. F. HAIFLEIGH, Sheriff.  
Parish of St. Mary, Oct. 2, 1852.

ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE.  
Henry C. Dwight, vs. (COUR DE DISTRICT, No. 4544).  
Marie A. Minor et mari. (Paroisse Ste. Marie).  
EN vertu d'un ordre de saisie et vente lancé dans le procès ci-dessus, à moi adressé, j'offrirai en vente publique, au comptant, à la maison-de-cour de cette paroisse, dans la ville de Franklin, le SAMEDI, 6ème jour de Novembre prochain, 1852, entre 11 heures du matin et 4 heures de l'après-midi, la propriété décrite, savoir:  
Un certain lot de terre situé dans la ville de Franklin, portant le No. 44 sur le plan de la dite ville, ayant quatre-vingt pieds de face sur trois cents pieds de profondeur, et faisant face sur la rue Seconde; borné à l'est par la rue Seconde, au sud par le lot No. 23, à l'ouest par la rue Troisième, et au nord par le lot No. 45; le dit lot étant le même provenant de Robert Johnson par acte de vente passé le 14ème jour de Mai, 1846, ainsi que toutes les bâtisses et améliorations qui s'y trouvent situées.  
Saisi comme étant la propriété de Marie Ann et J. W. Minor, pour satisfaire l'ordre ci-dessus de saisie et de vente.  
W. F. HAIFLEIGH, Shérif.  
Paroisse Ste. Marie, le 2 Oct. 1852.

New Goods, Ho! for 1852!!  
THE subscriber has just received, per schr. Elizabeth from New York, and by late personal purchase in New Orleans, one of the most general and desirable stock of GOODS ever brought to this market. No pains has been spared in selecting the first qualities and particular kinds of merchandise adapted to the Attakapas trade. My goods are now in store, to which I earnestly invite the attention of numerous patrons and the public generally. Among my stock will be found—  
Flour, Staples and Dry Goods;  
Groceries and Provision, an extensive supply;  
Boots and Shoes for Ladies and gentlemen, of every kind and quality;  
Hardware—an unusually good stock;  
Crockery and Glassware;  
Men's and Boys' fine and medium Clothing.  
In addition, I am prepared to trade on the most liberal terms: Oils, Paints, Glass, Tin, Cordage, Blocks, Oakum, Fish, Tar, &c., and in short, a stock of goods that can be called for in the line. Terms liberal, and prices low.  
Call and inspect without delay.  
M. WALKER, Upper Wharf.  
Franklin, Sept. 25, 1852.

LAW BOOKS.

A New Edition of Martin's Reports.  
THE undersigned has now in press a new edition of MARTIN'S REPORTS, including the new series, with notes of reference to subsequent decisions of the Supreme court, up to the Seventh volume of the ANNUAL REPORTS; references to the Amendments to the Constitution, Statutes, and Civil Code and Code of Practice, since those decisions were rendered. Compiled by Thomas Gibbes Morgan, Esq., Counsellor at Law.  
This work has been got up with great labor and research, and it is hoped will be found to merit the patronage of the profession. No alterations of the original have been made, except to correct typographical errors; and, in some instances, by adding marginal notes of points decided but not noticed by the reporter.  
The high character of the Court during the time embraced in these volumes; the great number of cases involving the most important principles of the civil law, as it obtained prior to the acquisition of Louisiana, and subsequently, which are passed upon; the learned and able briefs of the eminent counsel then at the bar—renders his work of the greatest importance, in all those States and Territories formerly under the jurisdiction of Spain; while at the same time, the notes afford a ready reference to the subsequent adjudications of the Supreme Court of this State.  
The original twenty volumes, comprising all the cases of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, from 1809 to 1830, will be published in TEN VOLUMES—price to subscribers Five Dollars per volume, and to non-subscribers Six Dollars per volume—cash in all cases. Neither expense nor labor will be spared to make the work in every respect worthy of the patronage of the profession. It will be published complete and ready for delivery in this city, by the 1st of November next, until which date subscriptions will be received.  
It is the intention of the publisher to follow it up with a new edition of the LOUISIANA REPORTS, noted in the same manner; and also to publish new editions of the CIVIL CODE and CODE OF PRACTICE. In the latter works it is proposed to publish the original text entire; follow each article with the statutory amendments entire, and the decisions of the Supreme Court upon each, by reference to the volume and page.  
Such works will require great labor and care; and as they will be executed under the immediate superintendence of the annotator of Martin's Reports, I think they can be safely commended to the especial attention of the profession. Some progress has already been made in these works, and they will be published as speedily as may be compatible with the utmost accuracy.  
J. B. STEEL, Publisher.  
34 2m 60 Camp street, New Orleans.

To Members of the Louisiana Bar.  
THE UNDERSIGNED has the following works, relating to the  
Laws of Louisiana,  
which he is prepared to sell for cash, at a very great reduction upon the prices formerly demanded:  
MARTIN'S REPORTS of Cases argued and determined in the Supreme Court of the Territory of Orleans, and in the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. By François Xavier Martin, one of the Judges of said Courts—with Notes of Reference to subsequent decisions of the Supreme Court, up to the Seventh Annual Reports; reference to the Amendments to the Constitution, Statutes, and Civil Code of Practice, since those decisions were rendered. By Thos. Gibbes Morgan, Counsellor at Law. New edition, 1852. The original twenty volumes comprised in ten volumes, without abbreviation. Price \$5 per volume to subscribers, prior to November 1, 1852, and to non-subscribers \$6 cash.  
ROBINSON'S REPORTS, 12 volumes, embracing the Decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, from October, 1841, to March, 1846. This valuable work is now offered, either by the volume or by the set, at a much lower price than heretofore.—Nothing need be said in commendation of a work so well known to every Louisiana lawyer. Its possession is indispensable to secure the continuity of the decisions of the Supreme Court.  
GREINER'S LOUISIANA CODE OF PRACTICE—new edition.  
BENJAMIN & SLIDELL'S DIGEST, enlarged. A Digest of all the Decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, down to the thirteenth volume of Louisiana Reports.  
DESLIX'S DIGEST.—This is a continuation of Benjamin and Slidell's Digest, and is brought down to the third volume of Robinson's Reports.  
DESLIX'S GENERAL INDEX, from 1809 to 1843. An alphabetically-arranged table of all the cases decided during the above-mentioned long period.  
For sale by J. B. STEEL.  
34 4m 60 Camp street, New Orleans.

EDWARD J. HIGGINS, TEACHER.  
(Late of Natchitoches, La.)  
RETURNS his sincere thanks to his friends and fellow-citizens, for the kind and liberal patronage extended to him since his residence among them; also, to Dr. G. N. Segrave and the Trustees of the Eighth Franklin Public School, District, for their liberality in granting him the use of their school-house from his commencement to the present date, free of charge. He now begs leave to announce that he has removed his class of Pupils to Carson's Row, on Main street, where, by unremitting attention, and mild and parental restriction of those entrusted to his care, he hopes to merit the further support of parents and guardians.  
Terms of Tuition.—For Primary Branches, \$3 per month; Writing, Arithmetic, Geography and Grammar, \$4.  
Franklin, Sept. 25, 1852.—37-3m.

Negro Woman for Sale.  
H. C. DWIGHT'S "PEGGY," is offered for sale; she is a splendid cook, ironer and washer, and will be sold cheap for cash, or on terms to suit the purchaser. For further particulars apply to  
L. R. CURTIS.  
Franklin, La., Sept. 25, 1852.—1m

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Rail Road Company.  
NEW ORLEANS, August 23, 1852.  
SUBSCRIBERS to the Stock of this Company are hereby notified that an installment of ten per cent will be due and payable at the office of the Company, corner of Bienville street, and Exchange Alley, at the end of sixty days from date. By order of the Board of Directors.  
34 2m BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Secy.

VALUABLE WORK

MATRIMONY  
AND THE  
SECRET OF LOVE AND BEAUTY!  
Cheapest and Best Book ever Published!  
Mailed free of Postage throughout the Union!  
TWENTY-SIXTH AMERICAN EDITION!  
With Splendid Anatomical Engravings.

IT TEACHES HOW TO...  
Win the Devoted Affection of the Opposite Sex, The Art of Love, Courtship and Marriage, To have a Beautiful Face and Hands, Also, Very Important Secrets for Married People, To change the Sallow Face into one of Beauty, It teaches every person how to be Handsome! Teaches how to make Wrinkled Skin Smooth, To extend Human Life to One Hundred Years, or more;  
To cure Baldness, make the Hair grow Luxuriantly, &c.  
To make Brown Teeth as White as Pearls, To make the Hair Rich, Soft and Glossy, Also, to change Gray or Red Hair to a Brilliant Jet Black,  
To hasten the Growth of Whiskers, Moustaches, &c.  
To Restore and Preserve the Eyesight for Life, To Remove Tan, Pimples, Warts, Corns, Blisters, Freckles, &c.  
To Improve and Extend the Human Memory, To Foretell Things to Come, And also, how to Invoke the Spirits of the Dead, To Discover Hidden, Lost or Stolen Treasure, Mines, &c.  
To raise Double Crops, without Manure or Expence,  
To make Brass and Copper to look like Pure Silver,  
To cure a Multitude of Dangerous Diseases, It teaches Old People how to look Young, Gay, Sprightly, Handsome, and to feel so!  
To which is added a General Treatise on the Secret Infirmities of Youth and Maturity, arising from Genital Diseases in both Sexes together with Plain Directions for their Perfect Cure. The articles used are very cheap and perfectly harmless.  
Price of the Book—Single copy, 25 cents;—five copies for \$1. Twenty-five or fifty cents, as also a note, may be sent by letter in perfect safety. Address DR. E. DUVALL, Albany, New York, postpaid. Books sent free by return mail. Office, No. 9 Chapel street.  
Vapor, Shower and Medicinal Baths connected.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.  
[From the London Times.]  
It is a very rare work, and unquestionably the production of a master mind.  
[From the Methodist Magazine.]  
This is indeed a work of sterling merit. To each and all of our readers we would say—buy, read, distribute.  
[From the Troy Daily Times.]  
No unmarried person, of those contemplating marriage, should be without this book, for it reveals certain things that all persons of a proper age ought to know.  
ADDRESS AS ABOVE

LEGAL NOTICES.

Vacant Estate of Maria Nolan, deceased.  
STATE OF LOUISIANA.—District Court, Parish of St. Mary.—Whereas JULES G. OLIVIER, of this parish, has filed in this court a petition praying that he may be appointed curator of said vacant estate:  
Notice is therefore given to those whom it doth or may concern, to show cause, if any they have, within ten days from the date thereof, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted: Clerk's Office, Oct. 2, 1852.

Succession Vacante de Maria Nolan, decidée.  
ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE.—Cour de District, Paroisse Ste. Marie.—Attendu que JULES G. OLIVIER, de cette paroisse, a enregistré dans cette cour une pétition demandant qu'il soit nommé curateur de la succession vacante:  
Avis est par le présent donné à tous ceux qui cela peut concerner d'avoir à décrire dans les dix jours qui suivront la date du présent avis, les raisons (si aucunes ils ont) pour lesquelles il ne serait pas fait droit à sa demande.  
J. V. FOURMY, Greffier.  
Bureau du Greffier, le 2 Oct., 1852.

Succession of George Haydel, deceased.  
ALL persons to whom the aforesaid succession thereof, are requested to present their claims and make them known to  
J. A. TESSIER, Administrator.

Succession de George Haydel, décidée.  
TOUTES personnes envers qui il existe des créances sur la succession de feu JEU WILKINSON, de cette paroisse, sont priées de présenter leurs réclamations et de faire connaître leurs créances à  
J. A. TESSIER, Administrateur.

Notice.  
ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Judge JEU WILKINSON, of the parish of St. Mary, are notified to present the same to the undersigned, without delay, with the proofs upon which they may be founded.  
J. B. MURPHY, Testametary W. T. PALFREY, Executors.  
Parish of St. Mary, Sept. 25, 1852.

Aviz.  
TOUTES personnes ayant des demandes contre la succession du feu JEU WILKINSON, de cette paroisse, sont priées de présenter leurs comptes au sousigné, sans délai, accompagnés avec la preuve d'elles.  
J. B. MURPHY, Testamétaires W. T. PALFREY, Exécuteurs.  
Paroisse Ste. Marie, le 25 Sept. 1852.

Notice.  
MR. A. R. STIRLING has become a partner with me. The business will be conducted under the firm of STIRLING & MARDIS.  
Franklin, Aug. 26, 1852.—G.  
S. R. MARDIS.

Ploughs.—Just received an extensive lot of Nos. 2 and 3 Trank Ploughs, also Crooked Beam Carey Ploughs, a new article. All of which will be sold on reasonable terms by  
SIMÉON SMITH.

Carts, Wagons, Wheel-Barrows, &c.  
The undersigned (Agent for Busby & Little, of Wheeling, Va.) will receive, as soon as navigation is practicable, an assortment of plantation Carts, Wagons, Wheel-Barrows, and other articles of their manufacture. Orders are respectfully solicited, and will be promptly attended to.  
JOHN BARNARD.  
Jennanetts, Sept. 25, 1852.

Store at Jennanetts.  
THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has purchased of Messrs. Hare & Birdall the Jennanetts store, and that he has filled it with a carefully selected assortment of GOODS for this market, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Groceries, Provisions, Oils, etc., and other articles too numerous to mention, but comprising in his stock everything usually found in a country store; all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.  
JOHN BARNARD.  
Jennanetts, Sept. 25, 1852.  
FOR SALE.—A second-hand close Carriage, for sale cheap. Also, a lot of second hand Furniture. Apply to  
SIMÉON SMITH, Franklin.