

THE PRESIDENTIAL DRAMA.

Late and Highly Important.

Fitzpatrick Refuses the Nomination of the Rump Convention on the Squatterite Ticket.

The Douglasites Plunged Into Dismay.

ENTHUSIASTIC DEMOCRATIC DEMONSTRATION FOR BRECKENRIDGE AND LANE IN WASHINGTON.

[From the Delta.]

WASHINGTON, June 25.

Senator Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, has positively declined to accept the nomination on the same ticket with Stephen A. Douglas, as the Squatterite candidate for Vice President.

The Douglasites, in consequence, are terribly horror-stricken, and some of them are raving in a perfect frenzy of vexation and despair. In their agony they shake and distort themselves to such a degree that their clothes will scarcely stay on. It is suggested that they be hooked up, or otherwise straight-jacketed, till the canvass is over.

The Executive Committee of the Baltimore Rump Convention are to meet to-night in order to mend the broken Squatterite ticket.

Wickliffe, of Louisiana, and Johnson and Stephens of Georgia, have been severally mentioned for the vacancy.

But it is hard for the Douglasite managers to think of any one in the South who would be likely to accept and at the same time make an available candidate. It is generally believed that no "rose and expectancy of the fair State" in the South, (if a rose of taste and discretion,) will be ambitious to bloom in close neighborhood with the fungus of Black Republicanism.

It is rumored, however, that Dr. Cottman, of Russian renown, will accept the position if the Douglasites can do no better.

The National Democrats are enthusiastic and confident. They are preparing for a tremendous demonstration to-night in honor of the Breckenridge and Lane ticket. Breckenridge and Lane will be serenaded and also the President.

Still Later from Washington.

A Glorious Time with the Democracy—Breckenridge Speaks—Lane Speaks—The Platform Endorsed—Nominations Accepted—Toombs, of Geo., Hallett, of Mass., Davis, of Miss., and others, Speak—Johnson, of Geo., put in place of Fitzpatrick, by the Rump Executive Committee.

WASHINGTON, June 25, 11 1/2 P. M.

A vast and spontaneous outbursting of the Democracy has just taken place, which seemed to electrify the very air with enthusiasm for Breckenridge and Lane, and the Democratic platform adopted at Baltimore.

Mr. Breckenridge, on being serenaded, made a speech, in which he heartily approved the proceedings of the Convention that nominated him, fully endorsed its platform, and in eloquent terms repelled the insinuation of disunion purposes, brought against him and other supporters of the principles embodied in that platform. He was for Union, but he was, first and above all, for the equal rights of the States and their citizens, as the only true basis and guarantee of Union.

Mr. Breckenridge, in terms equally earnest, modest and dignified, accepted the nomination as Democratic candidate for President.

Gen. Joe Lane, being also serenaded, responded in a speech of characteristic frankness and manliness, and accepted the nomination as Democratic candidate for Vice President.

After this Senator Toombs, of Georgia, Senator Davis, of Mississippi, Mr. Fenner, of Cincinnati, Mr. Hallett, of Massachusetts, and other gentlemen, being called for, spoke in a manner worthy of the occasion and to unbounded applause.

The Douglasite Executive Committee met, as it was stated they would, and nominated one of the names mentioned in my previous dispatch. They have placed Johnson, of Georgia, on the ticket of the Rump Convention for Vice President, to fill the vacancy caused by the refusal of Fitzpatrick to accept.

A SHORT "TALK" OF LOVE AND MISPLACED SYMPATHY.—A fair, sprightly, and wealthy widow residing in the upper part of St. Louis, became captivated by a young man named Charles Gajen. After a brief courtship, Charles became suddenly depressed in spirits. All efforts of the loving widow to discover the cause of her dear one's dejection were vain—for some time. By dint of pressing she at last wrung from him the discovery that "for the first time of his life" he was about to have a bill for \$200 dishonored—a paltry \$200—and "his honor—his honor was lost forever!" Instantly the fair widow, insisted on loaning him the money. He refused indignantly. She persuaded. He refused kindly, but firmly. She coaxed. He refused reluctantly, but resolutely. She begged and beseeched. He refused indignantly. She wept. He consented. Neither "Charles" nor the \$200 have been seen since by the benevolent and disconsolate widow.

THE GREAT EASTERN.—June 23d was the day finally fixed for the sailing of this monster steamship from England for New York. When she was launched her dimensions were given to the world through the medium of the press with a great deal of particularity; but supposing that some of our readers have forgotten them we will again present some of the most striking facts concerning the size of this huge ship. The Great Eastern is the largest thing of man's contrivance that has ever floated upon the waters, and could carry beneath and upon her capacious decks—not only all that Noah took into the ark, but the ark itself. She is of about 23,000 tons burden, though her technical registered measurement is 18,915. The flag-ship of Columbus was 120 tons; the Great Eastern is therefore—according to the registered tonnage—157 times as large as the craft used by the daring Genoese to cross an unknown sea and discover a world. The ship is built of iron in ten water tight compartments, and of double walls. In length she is 622 feet, in depth about 60 feet, in breadth 83 feet, and across her paddle boxes 114 feet. Her weight is about 30,000 tons. She carries seven masts, on which may be spread 12,000 square yards of canvas; in her rigging was used 79 tons of hemp rope, and 30 tons of mixed wire hemp. She carries 16 anchors, weighing from one to eleven tons, and 100 fathoms of chain cable.—Her paddle wheels are 56 feet in diameter, and a ponderous shaft of 169 feet in length and 60 tons in weight, moves a screw with a diameter of 4 feet. The engines which drive these wheels and screw have a united power of 12,000 horses, or 57,500 men, a force sufficient for all the machinery of Manchester.—Her full consumption of coal is about 250 tons a day. She can carry 4000 passengers of the usual distribution of first, second and third class; or, as a transport ship, she could take 10,000 troops. One marvelous and characteristic feature of the ship is that the two principal "long boats" are screw steamers of 80 tons each, hanging in the davits on each side, all coaled and ready to be lowered, and start off on independent voyages of their own. These steam long boats will accommodate together 500 persons, and are larger than the average size of the vessels used by Vespucci, Columbus, Raleigh, Sir Humphrey, Gilbert, Sebastian, Cabot and the other early transatlantic navigators.—The actual cost of the Great Eastern has been about \$4,000,000—though she cost her present owners half that sum.

N. O. Bulletin.

THE PRESS AND DEAD HEADS.—Railroads, steamboats and stage coaches complain of dead-heading—that is to say, of preachers, editors and brethren of the craft riding so much without pay. The newspaper press endures more of this dead-heading than all three of these modes of conveyance combined. The pulpit, the bar and the theatre, corporations, legislative assemblies, societies, benevolent, agricultural, mercantile establishments, vendors of quack medicines, railroad companies, steamboats, stage lines, and every variety of individuals, including political parties and politicians, draw largely upon the press. The press is expected to yield to all these interests; it is required to give strength to all weak institutions and enterprises; it is asked to puff small preachers into overshadowing pulpit orators; to puff small politicians and unprincipled demagogues into great men and patriots; to magnify incompetent railroad officers into railroad kings; it is expected to herald abroad the fame of quacks, of all classes, bolster up dull authors, immortalize weak Congressional speeches; it is required to give sight to the blind, bread to the hungry, talents to fools, and honor to thieves and robbers; it is asked to cover up the infirmities of the weak, to hide the faults of guilty men, and wink at the fraudulent schemes of scoundrels; it is expected to flatter the vain, to extol the merits of those who deserve nothing but the scorn and contempt of all good citizens; it is required, in a word, of the newspaper press, that it becomes all things to all men; and if it look for pay, or send out its bills for subscriptions and advertising, it is denounced as mean and sordid, and its conductors as wanting in liberality. There is no interest on the face of the green earth that is expected to give as much to society, without pay or thanks, as the newspaper press of this country. The little-souled man, who inserts in your columns a fifteen shilling advertisement, expects you to write him out at least five dollars worth of editorial notices. And the obscure and niggardly man you have written into a position of importance, far beyond his merits, considers, that his name adorns your columns, and gives circulation to your journal.—Brownlow.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE AND THE REVIEWS.—We are in regular receipt of those valuable republications of LEONARD SCOTT & Co., New York. Their worth is intrinsically beyond price to those who aspire to a knowledge of the literature of the day and the leading political subjects of Europe. And when it is considered that all this knowledge contained in those five periodicals can be had for the small sum of \$10, it is surprising those works do not form a portion of every gentleman's library.

DREADFUL CATASTROPHE.—The steamboat Ben Lewis, of the regular Memphis and St. Louis packets, exploded her boilers and was hurled to the water's edge on the 25th inst. There was great loss of life. It is not stated where it took place.

SLEEPLESSNESS.—A gentleman of superior culture once became deranged, and after a weary time, at a well-conducted asylum, was restored to mental health and remained perfectly well.—One of the most striking observations he made in detailing the remembered portions of his history for the period including his aberration, was that the madness came on him by a slowly increasing inability to sleep, and at its height, it seemed to him that he did not sleep at all;—but from the very first day he could get a little sleep, the mind began to clear, and the two continued pari passu until complete recovery.

The experience of medical men of all countries is in striking accordance with the above. And if a fact so well established was generally known, many persons would be saved from the living death of hopeless lunacy, and a large number from the abhorrent crime of self-destruction.

Sleep is the great renovator of the brain. It is during its rest, of sleep, that it is nourished and invigorated; and without that food of rest in sleep, the mind can no more be sustained than the body without food.

State of Louisiana—Parish of Iberville—6th Judicial District Court.

In matter of the Estate of Alexis Gauthier, dec'd.

WHEREAS Elizabeth B. Leveant, in her own right as part of the community which existed between her and her late husband, Trasmond Roth, deceased, and as Natural Tutor, duly qualified of her minor children, Godfrey T. Roth, John B. Roth, and Coralie S. Roth has this day petitioned this Court for the homologation of her Final Account of administration of the Estate of Alexis Gauthier, dec'd, filed by her said deceased husband, on the 12th day of February, 1860, in his capacity of Testamentary Executor—

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within thirty days from the date of the publication hereof, why the said Final Account of administration should not be homologated and made the judgment of this Court, and the Estate of said Trasmond Roth be discharged from any further liabilities in the premises.

Clerk's office, June 11th, 1860. M. A. ESTEVAN, Clerk.

Etat de la Louisiane—Paroisse d'Iberville—Cour du 6me District Judiciaire.

Dans la Succession de feu Alexis Gauthier.

ATTENDU, qu'Elizabeth B. Leveant, en son propre droit comme épouse survivante de la communauté qu'existaient entre elle et le dit feu Trasmond Roth, et comme Tutrice naturelle de leurs enfants mineurs, Godfrey T. Roth, John B. Roth et Coralie S. Roth, a ce jour présenté sa pétition en cette cour pour obtenir l'homologation du Compte Final de l'administration de la succession de feu Alexis Gauthier, enlissé en cette cour pour son dit époux le 12me jour de Février 1860, en sa capacité d'Exécuteur Testamentaire.

Avis est par le présent donné à tous ceux que cela concerne de produire sous dix jours de la date de ce présent les raisons pour lesquelles il ne serait pas fait droit à la dite pétition.

Bureau du Greffier, Juin 11, 1860. M. A. ESTEVAN, Greffier.

FOR SALE.

A PAIR OF GENTLE HORSES and a BREWERY—also a lot of Household Furniture, Brussels, Carpets, and a fine Rose Wood Piano. For particulars apply to G. S. ROUSSEAU.

If not disposed of before the 7th day of July, the above will be sold at auction on that day at the residence of Mr. George Wailes in Plaquemine.

Succession Sale.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT, Parish of Iberville, State of Louisiana.

In the Matter of the Estate of Augustine Favron, dec'd., wife of Florestine Badaeux.

By virtue of an order or decree to me directed from the Honorable the aforesaid Court, bearing date the 20th inst., I will offer at public sale to the highest and last bidder, for cash, on

Monday, the 23d day of July next, 1860, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Court-house of this parish, the following described property, belonging to the succession of Augustine Favron, dec'd., and to the community which existed between said deceased and her surviving husband Florestine Badaeux, to wit:

One Lot of Land, situated in the parish of Iberville, containing twelve 75-100 acres, being situated in fractional section 37, township E. R. 10 East, and being bounded North by land of Benjamin Capdeville, and South by land of Valery Badaeux, Jr.

THEO. BLANCHARD, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, June 21st, 1860.

Vente de Succession.

COUR DU 6ME DISTRICT, Judiciaire, Paroisse d'Iberville, Etat de la Louisiane.

En vertu d'un ordre ou décret à moi adressé par l'Honorable Cour du 6me District Judiciaire de l'Etat de la Louisiane, en et pour la paroisse d'Iberville, portant date le 20 courant, J'exposerai en vente publique au plus offrant et dernier enchérisseur, pour du comptant.

Lundi, le 23 Juillet prochain, 1860, à 11 heures A. M., à la maison de cour de cette paroisse les propriétés ci-après décrites appartenant à la Succession de feu Augustine Favron, et à la communauté qui existait entre elle et son époux survivant Florestine Badaeux, savoir: UN MORCEAU DE TERRE mesurant douze 75-100 acres situé dans la paroisse d'Iberville dans la section fractionnelle No. 37, Township S. Range 10 Est, borné d'un côté par terre de Benjamin Capdeville et de l'autre côté par terre de Valery Badaeux, fils.

THEO. BLANCHARD, shérif. Paroisse d'Iberville, le 21 Juin, 1860.

State of Louisiana—Parish of Iberville—6th District Court.

In matter of the Estate of Camille L. Landry.

WHEREAS, Joseph Vossy Hebert, has this day petitioned this Court for letters of administration of the succession of Camille L. Landry, dec'd.—

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days from the date of the publication hereof, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

Clerk's office, June 21, 1860. M. A. ESTEVAN, Clerk.

receive every week fresh supplies of Groceries and for sale on reasonable terms. ROTH, DEBLEUX & CO.

State of Louisiana—Parish of Iberville—6th Judicial District Court.

In matter of the Estate of F. Gauz.

WHEREAS, Laurent Chen has this day petitioned this Court for letters of Curatorship of the vacant Estate of F. Gauz.—

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days from the date of the publication hereof why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted.

Iberville, June 21, 1860. M. A. ESTEVAN, Clerk.

Etat de la Louisiane—Paroisse d'Iberville—Cour du 6me District Judiciaire.

Succession de feu F. Gauz.

ATTENDU, que Laurent Chen a ce jour présenté sa pétition en cette cour à l'effet d'obtenir les lettres de Curateur de la succession de feu F. Gauz.—

Avis est par le présent donné à tous ceux que cela concerne de produire sous dix jours de la date de ce présent les raisons pour lesquelles il ne serait pas fait droit à la dite pétition.

Iberville, Juin 21, 1860. M. A. ESTEVAN, Greffier.

Etat de la Louisiane, Paroisse d'Iberville—Cour du 6me District Judiciaire.

Succession de feu Camille L. Landry.

ATTENDU, que Joseph Vossy Hebert a ce jour présenté sa pétition en cette cour à l'effet d'obtenir les lettres d'administration de la succession de feu Camille L. Landry.—

Avis est par le présent donné à tous ceux que cela concerne, de produire sous dix jours de la date de ce présent les raisons pour lesquelles il ne serait pas fait droit à la dite pétition.

Bureau du Greffier, Juin 21, 1860. M. A. ESTEVAN, Greffier.

AYER'S

Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.

No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents this disorder must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure, for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection.

It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all—the poor as well as the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Yraxisis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, but on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all like.

It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons traveling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. It taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents, if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC.

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Costiveness, Hemorrhoids, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions. They are an excellent alternative for the renovation of the blood and the restoration of tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO. LOWELL, MASS.

Sold by STURGELEY & DELAVALLADE, R. A. KEARNEY, Plaquemine; and by all Druggists everywhere. Wholesale by JOHN WRIGHT & CO., New Orleans.

For sale in Plaquemine by R. A. KEARNEY, JOHN WRIGHT & CO., N. Orleans, Wholesale Agents.

WALKING CANES, with and without swords. For sale at J. McWILLIAMS & Co.

HEISS' MEDICINES.

10,000 NEGROES Saved yearly.

PLANTERS Take Notice.

JACOB'S CORDIAL Is Guaranteed to Cure.

The Worst Cases of DYSENTERY.

The Worst Cases of DIARRHOEA.

The Worst Cases of FLUX.

Save a Big Doctor's Bill.

Contains No Copalva.

Will Effect a Cure.

AND PERMANENTLY.

For sale in Plaquemine by R. A. KEARNEY, JOHN WRIGHT & CO., N. Orleans, Wholesale Agents.

lowed, any case of

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Jaundice, General Debility, Palpitation, Chronic Diarrhoea, Giddiness, Depressed Spirits, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Side and Back. It is specially adapted to Female complaints; it produces Rotundity of Form in Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.

Every invalid should try one Package.

For Sale in Plaquemine by R. A. KEARNEY, JOHN WRIGHT & CO., New Orleans, Wholesale Agent.

THAT GREAT REMEDY THAT GREAT REMEDY THAT GREAT REMEDY THAT GREAT REMEDY THAT GREAT REMEDY.

BEFORE THE PEOPLE, BEFORE THE PEOPLE, BEFORE THE PEOPLE, BEFORE THE PEOPLE, BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

FOR UTERINE DISEASES FOR UTERINE DISEASES FOR UTERINE DISEASES FOR UTERINE DISEASES FOR UTERINE DISEASES.

IS EASILY TAKEN, IS EASILY TAKEN, IS EASILY TAKEN, IS EASILY TAKEN, IS EASILY TAKEN.

HAS NO BAD TASTE, HAS NO BAD TASTE, HAS NO BAD TASTE, HAS NO BAD TASTE, HAS NO BAD TASTE.

WILL EFFECT A CURE WILL EFFECT A CURE WILL EFFECT A CURE WILL EFFECT A CURE WILL EFFECT A CURE.

AND PERMANENTLY, AND PERMANENTLY, AND PERMANENTLY, AND PERMANENTLY, AND PERMANENTLY.

ADAMS, WHITNEY AND CO.'S PATENT PISTOLS. For sale at J. McWILLIAMS & Co.