

THE DEMOCRAT.

CARROLLTON:

Wednesday morning, : : August 11, 1847.

CONSTITUTION AMENDMENT: NO BANKS.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR, JOS. W. MATTHEWS, of Marshall, SECRETARY OF STATE, SAMUEL STAMPS, of Hinds, AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, GEORGE T. SWANN, of Rankin, STATE TREASURER, RICHARD GRIFFITH, of Warren.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR CONGRESS, 2d DISTRICT: W. S. FEATHERSTON. 1st DISTRICT, JACOB THOMPSON.

CARROLL COUNTY. For Senator, BENJAMIN KENNEDY. For Representatives, G. F. NEILL, JAMES LIDDELL, JOSHUA WHITMORE.

STATE TREASURER.—Maj. Griffith received the nomination of the democratic committee last week, without dissent. The members present and those represented by proxy or letter, were all for him.

Maj. Griffith was the Adjutant of the First Rifles, and conducted himself as a soldier should. He is a man of spotless integrity and probity, and can give bond for a million, if required. He is a thorough-going democrat.

As to his intimation that in showing up his course in relation to Col. Davis, we unintentionally "disturbed the ashes of a hero and gentleman who sleeps his everlasting sleep at Buena Vista," it is incomprehensible to us, and most certainly not called for by any thing we said.

We have encouraging accounts of the canvass in the 2d district between Roberts and Tompkins. Our old piney-woods veteran has not "the flippant foppery of tongue" of his competitor, but he handles stubborn facts in a forcible way, and his repartee is biting and keen as a Damascus blade.

COTTON.—The cut-worm has ceased its operations in this section, and the damage is inconsiderable. The last Concordia Intelligence reports that a planter in that vicinity set out lamps in his field at night, several hundred yards apart, to ascertain if the real cotton-fly was abroad. He caught several hundred millers, among them about a dozen of the real noctua gossypi.

The seven first named are from Carroll, the remainder from Choctaw. Three of the sons of our fellow-citizen, Jas. Liddell, will be in that company when they reach their destination—the captain, first lieutenant, and the young gentlemen who heads this detachment of volunteer recruits.

The following are the names of the gentlemen who left here last week to join the Choctaw Volunteers [Co. C.] 2d Miss' Regiment, at Buena Vista. We wish them a successful and glorious campaign:

- Chas. Jeff. Liddell, A. V. Binion, W. A. Stovall, D. T. Moran, I. W. Parrish, Wm. Barnett, J. K. Lomaster, W. M. Barfield, John Mitchell, John Woodburn, Joseph Money, Charles Holland.

The Georgia Journal, a leading whig paper, expresses itself perfectly satisfied with the Signal letter, Wilmot proviso clause, and all. The game is working well, and Rough and Ready may felicitate himself on the success of his strategy.

The Tennessee elections for Governor and members of Congress took place on Thursday last. We have not yet the returns of a single county. Old Adam Huntsman predicts a majority of 4,500 for our locofoco Brown.

There are eight or ten deaths, daily, from yellow fever in New Orleans, and it may be said to prevail as an epidemic. For sundry editorial items, see first page. We must do our scribbling, as the Friends do their devotions, when the spirit moves us.

The Signal Letter.

The authenticity of this letter is now admitted generally. We must suppose that the studied silence of many Southern whig presses on the subject, is to give its author opportunity to disclaim the plain inference to be drawn from it—that he stands pledged, if elected to the Presidency, not to veto a law prohibiting slavery in all "the continent west of the Rio Grande."

The whig paper at Jackson (and we suppose the lesser lights will follow suit,) is suddenly stricken with great admiration for Gen. Clark, and calls upon him to become their candidate for Treasurer. They know that such a course would forfeit the confidence of his own party, and they only wish to use him for the time being for their own purposes.

The editor of the Southern is not at all pleased with our system of "Polemics." We pinned down our charge against him so conclusively, and showed up his hypocritical inconsistency, in several instances, so plain, that he did not suppose he would be pleased with us as a "controversialist," or with our plain way of stating plain facts and drawing plain inferences.

We must insist that we did answer the sweeping charges made by the Grenada Press, against the Postmaster here. The charges were, general fault of duty, mis-sending of packets, keeping his office in a "grocery," &c.

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Judge Trotter was in our village one day of last week. He is mingling with the voters of this Vice Chancery district. Few in the State can boast more profound legal ability, and we are glad to see such men offering for judicial stations.

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Our Alabama neighbors are having a great deal to say about their bank Bonds just now. The Bank assets are worthless, to a degree almost unprecedented, and the debt is enormous, and its payment will be burdensome to the people—nine-tenths of whom have never received the slightest benefit from it.

We heard a story of ex-President Tyler the other day, which, whether true or not, is characteristic of the man. We tell it "as 'twas told to us": The whig board of magistrates where he lives (near Williamsburg, Va.) intending it as a slur on his past greatness, appointed him Overseer of the Road hands last spring.

John Minor Boats, the veritable "head him or die," is proposed on all hands by the whig press as their candidate for Speaker of the House. He is fiercely opposed to the war, and in favor of withdrawing our armies within what may be adjudged the line of Texas.

The Albany Atlas, noticing a 4th of July celebration in South Carolina, speaks very sarcastically of "the hordes of speech makers and militia officers that infest the South." We had as well acknowledge the corn.

The Telegraph is finished to Richmond, Va., and will soon be extended to New Orleans, and through all the States.

Markets. Cotton is up to the highest figures of the season again. We give quotations of 2d instant, and also prices (at New Orleans) of other leading articles:

Table with columns for market items and prices. Includes: Inferior, Ordinary, Middling, Good Middling, Middling Fair, Fair, Good Fair, Good Fine, Receipts up to 31st July, Bales 737,642, 1,043,402, 973,095, 891,520.

Table with columns for Groceries, Produce, &c. and prices. Includes: Flour, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Corn, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Gunny Bags.

Hon. J. THOMPSON.—We have received a copy of the able and dignified address of Mr. Thompson to the voters of the 1st district, defending his course at the last session of Congress, for which we are much obliged. Mr. T. has been a mark of assault for almost the entire whig press of the Union, and the assaults have been marked with a rancorous vituperation almost unparalleled.

The armistice was made subject to the approval of the President, and he and his cabinet disapproved it because they had additional information to what was possessed by Gen'l Taylor, and knew that when he entered into it, he had been deceived by the falsehood of Ampudia; and because it interfered with the expedition of Gen'l Patterson against Tamulipas, which had then been ordered in conjunction with the Navy.

Mr. Faran's amendment, with this proviso, was voted in by a majority of 40, ayes 110, nays 70; and the resolutions thus amended, were adopted by a majority of 42, every true friend of the war voting for them.

The entrance of Gen. Scott into Mexico is a rumor. From a letter of the 15th we know positively of the preparation of families in the city to move on the approach of Gen. Scott, and of the quarrel between Santa Anna and Canalizto as to the defence of the city.

The courier that brought through the letter of the 17th, brought news of Gen. Scott's entering the city. We have no doubt of the truth of the report.

The Picayune, of the 1st, (our standard for Mexican news,) copies the above, discredits it, but thinks it not entirely improbable. We copy a portion of its remarks: "All the intelligence contained in the extra of the National was communicated to us on Friday evening."

But further: We learn that a Spanish gentleman is now in this city who arrived on the Massachusetts, who saw Gen. Scott in Puebla on the 14th. If this be so, there is an end of the whole story at once.

interpretation,* they received the unanimous vote of the House of Representatives.

*Mr. Webster, who offered the amendment to the Resolutions of the House, which prevailed and was sent to the House, said: "Little acquainted as he was with such matters, he would not presume to make up an opinion. He thought that they might get a vote of thanks for the military operations at Monterey adopted in a handsome and graceful manner, leaving the other matters to be decided at some future time, if there should be occasion for such decision before this tribunal or elsewhere."

We notice with regret a statement in the papers that the health of our distinguished citizen, R. J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury, is much impaired. He has gone to Rockaway, near New York, to try sea-bathing.

From the Army, Mexico, &c.

For news by the Massachusetts, see first page.

The following intelligence, issued in an extra by the N. O. National, reached us by last Friday's mail, but we deemed its authenticity doubtful, and we were in no haste to print it. That Gen. Scott entered the city of Mexico within a week of the time named, we have not the slightest doubt;—but that this is a correct version of his entree, we think very doubtful.

GEN. SCOTT IN THE CITY OF MEXICO!—QUARREL BETWEEN SANTA ANNA AND CANALIZO.

There is news in the city from the city of Mexico as late as July 17th. It came through by a Mexican courier who came by the way of Orizaba and Alvarado to Vera Cruz. Gen. Scott entered Mexico on the 17th. He met with no opposition on his way from Puebla, until he arrived at Penon, about 8 miles from the city.

This important news reached here in the Massachusetts, but has been withheld for purposes that we do not understand. The authority upon which we publish it seems to us undoubted. The courier that brought this news could come from the city to Vera Cruz in five days if the weather is good, seven under any circumstances.

Santa Anna and Canalizo had quarrelled about the defence of this city. Canalizo did not want the city injured, as there was no hope of successful resistance. He preferred to meet our troops in the plain, and there decide the contest. Santa Anna would not agree to this, so no opposition was made.

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It is not surprising that a courier should have arrived at Vera Cruz from Mexico in the time alleged; but that he should have escaped all notice at Vera Cruz, where all eyes are fixed upon every new comer from the interior; that he should have made his way to this port on a Government vessel without suspicion; and that the news should here have been suppressed till certain stock-jobbing operations were complete—all this is possible but highly improbable.

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public. And we know, moreover, that gentlemen who are extremely well informed about affairs in Mexico put faith in this news. Still we remain incredulous. It would seem to be pretty well settled that Gen. Scott was to march from Puebla about the 15th. We believe that he did so, and that he would certainly make his way to the capital whether opposed or not. But that he arrived there on the 17th, we cannot yet believe.

Col. Haskell.

It appears that this gentleman takes a mischievous delight in getting the Whigs into scrapes. It is but the other day that he threw them into a perfect ecstasy of contempt for Gen. Pillow by his declaration that officer had ordered the left wing of his regiment to form to the left of a certain point.

Oh what a blunder! said the whig wags, acres, one and all. Left instead of right! He deserves to be shot for such ignorance! said Col. Webb of the Courier and Enquirer—wanting to get to the left not to know how to counter-march!

Horror of horrors! and all whiggery had been only making a judy of itself in sneering at the first order as a blunder which was right after all!

Well, scarcely has whiggery recovered its impudence after this cruel hoax, before Haskell has it into another scrape in Tennessee by his declarations and premature disclosures about the war. The whig candidates there had bowed to popular will and taken the grounds ostensibly that the justice of the war was no question for this time—we were in it, and the only way to get out was to fight it through to a victorious close.

This is whiggery as now exposed, and no wonder that in Tennessee the declaration has been followed by the withdrawal of many of their leading men who love their country more than party, and who can never support politicians that would throw their country into such a disgraceful position.

THE NEXT PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST.—It is perhaps not generally remembered, that the next Presidential contest comes off throughout the Union on the same day.—Consequently, the wire-pullers, and National Conventionists will have no opportunity to trade votes, hedge on bets, and the like transactions, as has been the case heretofore.

MAJ. B. KENNEDY.—This gentleman has accepted the nomination, unanimously tendered him by the Democrats of Carroll county, as a candidate for the State Senate. We shall publish his letter of acceptance in next week's Mississippi.

THE RETURNED VOLUNTEERS OF EVERY SECTION of the State, will be gratified when they hear of Major Griffith's nomination for the office of State Treasurer. There were a number of them both parties in our city on the day the nomination was made and all expressed a lively anxiety for his election.

BANKS OR NO BANKS.—This is an issue placed directly before the people at the ensuing November elections. How will the whigs vote? They continue to oppose the Independent Treasury, and advocate Banks as fiscal agents for the Government.

"What do you raise here, principally?" said a traveller to a vegetable of the Little Miami valley. "Corn, (hic) stranger, lots—(hic),—seventy bushels (hic) a acre, and we make oceans of whiskey out of it, (hic), besides what is wasted for bread!"