

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

The appointment of John Hay as secretary of state was the first of the United States senate on the 7th. The deaths of Representatives Northway, of Ohio, and Lane, of Mississippi, were announced and the senate adjourned as a mark of respect to their memories. In the house the anti-trust railway reorganizing bill was passed and a bill was introduced increasing the regular army to approximately 100,000 men.

WAR NEWS.

Health reports to the war department show a great improvement in the health of the troops in Cuba and Porto Rico. In Paris the United States and the Spanish peace commissioners settled the terms of the treaty of peace, and the signing of the document will conclude the work. The Romanians sailed from Savannah, Ga., carrying the entire first regiment of the North Carolina to serve as part of the garrison of Havana.

FROM WASHINGTON.

A report that Japan has offered \$200,000,000 for the Philippines is said by Washington authorities to be entirely without foundation. Secretary Clegg has designated Maj. J. W. Cronkite, of New York, to act as chief customs officer at Cienfuegos, Cuba. Figures of the agricultural department place the 1899 crop of corn and oats as worth \$100,000,000 more than the crops of 1897.

THE HEAVY.

At the age of 76 years Henry Morrison Platt died in New York. He established in New York city the first gold and silver refinery in the United States. By an explosion in the Dupont powder works at Wilmington, Del., three men were killed and eight injured, three fatally. In business circles throughout the country increased activity is reported. In wrecks on the Clarion River salt road near Portland, Me., three men were killed and three wounded.

WEST AND SOUTH.

Edward Herbrand, of Washburn, Wis., and Nicholas Pitta, of Mineral Point, same state, were killed by the accidental discharge of their guns while hunting. The defuncting a bank Karl Decker, known all over the country as the prince of rogues, was sentenced to seven years in prison at San Quentin, Cal. In the jail at Norfolk, Va., John Anderson, the murderer of Miss Easton, of the schooner Otis Fisher, was executed.

The Farmington Times.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Julius Han's Cowardly Deed. What will undoubtedly prove to be a double killing was committed in a country church two miles out from Missouri City, Clay county. Miss Della Cleveger was shot down, mortally wounded, and her escort to a religious meeting, George Allen, was instantly killed. The slayer was Ernest Caveneger, cousin to Miss Cleveger. The shooting occurred at church, and from behind, the assassin being jealous and probably drunk. He was captured and jailed.

Ordered to Be Investigated. H. Stingley, a well-to-do farmer, testified before the grand jury at Maryville that he had bought the whisky of Albert Cain, a druggist clerk, at Havana. When the case came up for trial in the circuit court Stingley testified that he did not buy any whisky, but bought tobacco and hair dye. Judge Anthony ordered Stingley arrested, and directed the sheriff to impound a special grand jury to investigate Stingley's conduct.

Topped the Market. James C. Knorrp, of Pleasant Hill, topped the cattle market in Kansas City, the other day, with 46 steers, which averaged 1,254 pounds, and sold at \$4.40 per hundred. They were led by Mr. Knorrp 12 months and gained about 700 pounds on the average. There were some yearling steers in the bunch, which tended to reduce the average weight. They were grade Missouri short-horns and not strictly pure.

Found Plenty of Game. A hunting party composed of prominent St. Louis and Kansas City men arrived in Springfield the other evening from a two weeks' outing at the famous game preserve in Taney county. They killed a large elk, which they claim was the first ever killed in Missouri. They also killed bucks and much small game.

A Presiding Elder's Sudden Death. Presiding Elder E. S. Jostly, of the United Brethren church, whose home was in Trenton, while at Adams holding quarterly meeting, dropped dead in a drug store, from neuralgia of the heart. Elder Jostly had been known throughout Western Missouri in his ministerial work for a quarter of a century.

A Violent Hog Attack on a Child. While the children of James Calvin, of near Georgetown, Pettis county, were attempting to drive a boar from the yard, the animal attacked the child boy and with his tusks tore the flesh from the breast almost to the bone. Neighbors drove the hog away, otherwise the boy would have been killed.

Game Shipping Law Explained. Attorney-General Crow, in an official opinion, holds that the game shipping law has expired, the act of 1893 prohibiting for five years the shipping of game from any Missouri county in which it was killed or from the state.

Fire broke out in the broomrack of T. A. Sollars, in Warrensburg. The flames spread quickly to the mule pens of Stone & Burton, and to Stockton's mill. Twenty-eight mules were burned to death, and the mill was destroyed.

Capt. W. T. Days. Capt. W. T. Days, aged 60, died at his home in Mason, after a brief illness. He served four years in the war on the Union side, since which time he has been actively engaged in business at Mason and Maryville.

Big Fire at Nevada. The lively town of Creel Atkinson, in Nevada, was destroyed by fire. There were 21 head of horses burned and about 45 vehicles lost. The Nevada Machine Co., also lost its entire plant.

Another Frog Victim. George Landers, while returning from a hunting trip, got his foot fastened in a frog of the Missouri Pacific railroad, in South St. Joseph, and was killed before he could extricate himself.

For an Alleged Wounded Heart. Miss Hilderbrand Poppe, a former school-teacher of Burlington, Ia., has begun a lawsuit of promise to pay \$5,000 against F. T. Mills, a wealthy bachelor of Springfield.

Was Warmly Commended. Upon Circuit Judge Wood's retirement at Warrensburg, the bar association and county officials adopted resolutions warmly commending his administration.

Not Missouri's Greatest Product. The value of the lead and zinc output of the Joplin district for 1898 will exceed \$7,000,000. And Missouri counts this as not the greatest of her products.

He Served in Porto Rico. Gordon Taylor, who served as a telegraph operator in the signal service corps in Porto Rico, died of consumption at Sedalia, aged 35.

Shot By a Detective. Detective George Bryant shot and fatally wounded John Russell, a 14-year-old negro thief, at Kansas City, who was trying to escape.

Accidentally Shot Himself. While cleaning a gun the daughter of Martin Holbert, near Marshfield, accidentally shot herself. One side of her face was blown away.

Child Died from Drinking Whisky. Eddie J. Hull, aged four years, son of Herman H. Hull, a St. Louis motor man, died in the hospital, having drunk a pint of whisky.

Found Her Mother Dead. Mrs. Francis Davis, aged 50, was found dead in bed at Sedalia, by her daughter, who had slept with her parent during the night.

Accused Her Husband. Gov. Stephens has appointed Mrs. Gleason Dyer circuit clerk of Vernon county to succeed her husband, H. C. Dyer, deceased.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

Was Once a Schooler. Stedalia claims the honor of once having had Great Britain, the entire prince of Wales, who recently departed, as a resident.

THE TREATY IS SIGNED.

The War with Spain Officially Brought to a Close by the Peace Commissioners. THE CLOSE WAS A SCENE FOR A PAINTER. The document was signed at 10:15 p. m., on the night of the 10th-11th consists of seven articles, making 7,000 words. The Spaniards were badly depressed over the final act.

Paris, Dec. 11.—There were two joint sessions of the peace commission Saturday, one starting from 11:30 p. m. to 1:15 p. m., and the other opening at 7 p. m. The long session in the afternoon and the subsequent recess were due only to the fact that each article of the treaty had to be translated into Spanish and English, and to the fact that the engrossing of the last article in Spanish was incomplete. During the wait the commissioners were photographed.

The treaty was signed at 4:45 p. m. A SCENE FOR A PAINTER. The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

The signing of the treaty would have afforded a subject for a great historic painting. The group gathered about the table in the stately chamber of the foreign office was impressive in itself, none the less the scene of the momentousness of the issues which the act decided was deeply felt by all the participants who an impressive and solemn tone to the scene.

FIFTY-YEARS EXTENSION.

The Fight in Chicago Over the Granting of a New Charter to the Street Car Companies. Chicago, Dec. 11.—The ordinance extending the franchise of the Chicago street car companies for 50 years came up in the city council last night, and was referred to the council committee on railroads. On all votes touching the ordinance the friends of the measure were a strong minority, and unless they can muster much greater strength there is no probability that they will ever be able to pass it over the veto of Mayor Harrison.

Contrary to general expectations there was little excitement around the city hall, and although the council chamber was packed to suffocation, and a crowd filled the outside corridors, the entire assembly was quiet and but little better than usual. The crowd was, however, against the franchise proposition to a man, and made no pretense of keeping its convictions a secret. Adherents to the franchise were openly abused when they attempted to gain a point for their measure, and loud yells greeted the announcement of a vote by which the ordinance was referred.

Denied the Spirit of the Crowd. Alderman McInerney made a speech to a certain extent defying the spirit shown by the galleries, and from that time to the adjournment he was the object of numerous remarks from the outsiders, many of them being warmly personal. The crowd, however, was good natured, and there were no demonstrations.

The railroad committees, which now has the ordinance in charge, is composed of 13 members, 11 of whom last night voted as friends of franchise extension. Alderman Walsh was first in bringing up the franchise question. He interrupted the regular order of business in the council with a motion that the vote of the last session, committing the franchise to the street and aldermen, west, north and south, be reconsidered. He was ruled out of order on the ground that the rules had not been suspended and the regular order of business must be observed.

Some routine matters were soon put out of the way, and Alderman Maitly, a strong opponent of the extension of the franchise, jumped up with a motion that an ordinance whatever, extending existing street railway franchises to the year 1948, be not passed. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3. The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 3.

ARMY REORGANIZATION.

Major Gen. Nelson A. Miles Appears Before the House Military Affairs Committee. PRESENT ESTABLISHMENT INADEQUATE. It is Necessary Now to Consider Both Our Military Requirements at Home and Those in Our New Insular Dependencies. Around-We Can Not Well Leave the Frontier Deserted.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Major Gen. Miles appeared before the house committee on military affairs for a hearing relative to the proposed reorganization and increase of the army. Two bills for this purpose are pending, one drawn by Gen. Miles and introduced in the senate as the Hawley bill, and another introduced in the house by Chairman Hull, of the military committee. At the outset Gen. Miles addressed himself to the general need of increasing the army without reference to either bill. He said he has always favored the establishment of a fixed standard for the army. The experience of the last year, he said, had demonstrated that our present military establishment was inadequate to maintain our position as a first-class power.

NECESSARY CONSIDERATIONS. It was necessary now to consider both our military requirements at home, and those in our new insular dependencies abroad, and also the rapidly increasing demands made by our coast fortifications. The latter, as far as completed, required some 182 batteries of artillery, and when the entire increase in coast defenses was completed 365 batteries would be required. The war with Spain had shown pretty clearly how many men would be required, Gen. Miles said. The war had required 22,000 men for actual field operations at various points. Of these 22,000 men were to Manila, 30,000 to Cuba and 10,000 to Porto Rico.

OUR FRONTIER STRENGTH. At the same time the general point of view as to the necessities at home and abroad, the entire frontier had been stripped of troops in the late war, and complaints were coming in that the lives, families and property of those along the frontier were jeopardized by the condition. In particular the frontier of the United States in the States country, because of the absence of troops, it was not desirable, therefore, to withdraw our forces from the frontier as to leave them defenseless or to invite disorders.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

TO RELIEVE THE VOLUNTEERS. Regular Troops to be Forwarded to Manila to Take the Place of the Volunteers. Washington, Dec. 13.—The war department has begun in earnest the re-organization of the United States army stationed at Manila by regulars. The stationed Secretary Alger signed an order designating for this purpose six regiments of United States infantry out of eight held in reserve for service in the continental countries. The regulars are the Twentieth and Twenty-first regiments, stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kas.; the Third, at Fort Snelling, Minn.; the Twelfth, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; and the Fourth, at Columbus Barracks, O.; the Twenty-second, at Fort Crook, Neb.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

THE PANAMA WILL LAND AT MARIANO. The Panama will land at Mariano where the camp of the Seventh army corps will be situated, and Gen. Lee will establish headquarters immediately after his arrival. The Panama is expected to arrive at Mariano Wednesday, if the ship meets with no mishaps.

BLOODY RIOT IN HAVANA.

Two Cubans Killed and One Fatally Wounded in a Riot with Spanish Officers. Havana, Dec. 13.—After the news of Gen. Garcia's death spread through Havana early Sunday evening the Cubans wished to have all the places of amusement closed. They succeeded in closing two places frequented by Cubans, but the management of the Laon theater, where there were many Spanish officers among the audience, refused to close the house. Thereupon Allegrette, a former captain of insurgents, got into an excited argument with the manager of the theater, and Allegrette was escorted to the sidewalk by the police on duty. There Allegrette entered into a heated discussion with a Spanish officer, who struck him across the face with the flat of his sword. There was a collision between the Cubans and the Spanish military men, more blows were struck on both sides, and many persons from the cafe and park cheered for Spain, and brought crowds of people to the spot from adjacent streets and squares.

Suddenly a shot was fired, whether by a Cuban or by a Spaniard, instantly and accidentally, as many people said, and the Cubans retreated into the Hotel Inglaterra. More shots were fired on both sides, and Arturo Tizet, a French citizen born in Havana, was shot and seriously wounded while sitting at a table. More shots were fired, and Cubans ran through the hotel office and made their way up stairs. Jesus Sololongo, a Cuban, followed down the stairs, and another wounded man broke into the room occupied by Gen. Fitzhugh Lee on the famous general, and the former consul general here, demanding protection.

Gen. Greene and several members of his staff, who had been out on a balcony watching the crowd, heard the uproar in the hotel and went into the corridor. Soon as the Spanish officers saw Gen. Greene, who was in uniform, they stopped the pursuit of the Cubans, saluted and retired.

In the meantime, Estaquillo Lemus had been fatally wounded in the street and Pedro Hiza and Senor Jimenez, general and the former consul general here, demanding protection.

DO NOT HARMONIZE. Emperor William's Sympathy with the Cuban Disarmament Proposal and the Increase in the Army. Berlin, Dec. 13.—During the course of the debate on foreign affairs in the reichstag yesterday, Herr Richter, the German radical leader, expressed the opinion that Emperor William's tour of the Holy Land had left a mixed impression in the minds of the Protestants.

Continuing, Herr Richter protested against the recent expulsions from the Holy Land, and favored the wife of a great people, and expressed the hope that the negotiations with Great Britain for a commercial treaty were progressing well. The radical leader also said an unnecessary ostentatious should be placed on the part of the importation of American products. He then advocated the new army bill, but said it was of such proportions that it did not harmonize with the sympathy expressed in the speech from the throne on the subject of the czar's disarmament proposal.

IN CONCLUSION, Herr Richter severely criticized the treatment of the Lippe-Detmold question, and demanded that Emperor William's telegram should be countersigned by the responsible minister.

THEIR LABOR DONE. The United States Peace Commissioners in Paris Give a Banquet to the United States Ambassador. Paris, Dec. 13.—The United States peace commissioners gave a banquet yesterday at the Hotel Continental to the United States ambassador. The banquet room was festooned gaily with American flags. The company included, in addition to Gen. and Mrs. Porter and all the peace commissioners and their wives, Miss Gray, John Bassett Moore, secretary to the American peace commission, and Mrs. Moore; John W. Gowdy, United States consul general, and Miss Gowdy; Henry Vivian, first secretary of legation; F. T. Scott, second secretary of legation; Lieut. W. S. Sims, United States naval attaché; Gen. and Mrs. Bates, and Gen. and Mrs. Whittier.

The company toasted President McKinley, Ambassador Porter and the United States peace commissioners. The Mayor of Algiers Suspended for Introducing His Anti-Semite Proposals. Paris, Dec. 13.—The prefect of Algiers has suspended the mayor of Algiers for a month on account of a speech made by the mayor, who is a rabid anti-semitic, attacking the governor general. The minister of the interior has increased the suspension to three months. This is intended as a warning to the anti-semites, whose recent violence and threats have been causing a panic among the Jews in Algeria which has demoralized business.

Arrival of a Swedish Baron Fatally Injured. San Francisco, Dec. 13.—W. F. Falenberg, son of the late Baron Falenberg, who for 25 years was Swedish and Norwegian consul to Quebec, was severely and perhaps fatally injured while assisting some laborers to move a safe.

Death of an Aged Steamboat Man. Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 13.—Capt. Simpson Horner, a prominent coal and river man, known in Pittsburgh as "Old Horner," died at the age of 82 years old and was a steamboat man for 60 years.

Whom Arrested. Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 13.—Two boys, Sunday night, stole the body of a colored girl from the grave in Woodlawn cemetery, Kansas City, Kan. Disposal of the body for \$50 at the University medical college on this side, were arrested, and the body recovered by the police within two hours' time.

Madrid, Dec. 13.—The text of the treaty of peace will be published in a red book today the opening of the congress in the city.

PASSING OF GEN. GARCIA.

The Former Insurgent Commander in Eastern Cuba Succumbed to Pneumonia. ACTION TAKEN BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS. Letter of Condolence from President McKinley—The Sad News Conveyed to His Wife and Daughters While They Were Breakfasting at a Hotel in Thomsville, Ga.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Gen. Calixto Garcia, the gallant Cuban warrior and leader, and the head of the commission elected by the Cuban assembly to visit this country, died here Sunday morning at the Hotel Raleigh, where the commission has its headquarters. The remains were immediately prepared for burial, and were placed on a bier in the room in which he died. A large Cuban flag served as a covering, and the head rested on one of smaller dimensions. The face and bust were left exposed to public view.

By direction of Maj.-Gen. Miles, a detachment of soldiers from Battery B, Sixth artillery, at the barracks here, under the command of Lieut. Cox, was detailed as a body guard for the remains.

Gen. Calixto Garcia. After Gen. Garcia's death steps were taken to notify the government officials here, and also the executive committee of the Cuban assembly, which has its headquarters at Marianno, Cuba. Secretary McKinley, and General Miles and Gilmore. The president's letter of condolence to Secretary Villanova was as follows: