

## NOTED EDUCATORS TO SPEAK BEFORE COUNTY TEACHERS

Annual Wayne County Institute, in conjunction with Chautauqua, Offers a Very Strong Program.

FASSETT A. COTTON  
ONE OF LECTURERS

Former Superintendent of Indiana Schools—Dr. L. H. Vincent, Educator and Author, Also Secured.

Perhaps the strongest program ever prepared for the Wayne county teachers' institute which is held in connection with the Richmond Chautauqua, will be the one arranged for the 1911 assembly in Glen Miller park. The teachers' institute will be in session one week, from August 28 to September 1. Two of the most noted educators of the United States will be on the program, including Fassett A. Cotton, former state superintendent of instruction, who is now president of Wisconsin state normal school at LaCrosse, and Dr. Leon H. Vincent of Boston, Mass., a noted author.

Dr. Vincent is the author of "The Bible and Other People" and equally well known for his lectures before chautauqua assemblies in the east, and the Brooklyn Art Institute on "American Men of Letters." He is known as a man who uses the qualities of good taste and common sense, which makes his lectures so satisfactory and serves to make his literary studies and essays not less so.

Mr. Cotton is well known in this city where he has lectured before on several occasions. He was county superintendent of Henry county for a number of years and in 1903 was elected state superintendent of instruction. In 1909 he resigned before the expiration of his term to accept his present position. He perhaps more than any other educator in the state is receiving the credit for making Indiana the ranking state in the union from the standpoint of its public schools.

Teachers of the public schools of the county are expected to attend. The course tickets are \$1.50. While the institute is more particularly for the benefit of the teachers, yet there are hundreds of others who find much of interest in the lectures to this body. Both Dr. Vincent and Pres. Cotton will have places on the regular chautauqua program. The program follows:

### PROGRAM FOR WEEK

- Monday, Aug. 28.**  
10:00 a. m.—Pres. F. A. Cotton, "Schools of Indiana."  
11:00 a. m.—Dr. Leon H. Vincent, "Franklin."  
1:30 p. m.—F. A. Cotton, "Complete Education for the Masses."  
**Tuesday, Aug. 29.**  
10:00 a. m.—Leon Vincent, "Emerson."  
11:00 a. m.—F. A. Cotton, "What is the Matter With Our Common Schools."  
1:30 p. m.—Leon Vincent, "Hawthorne."  
**Wednesday, Aug. 30.**  
10:00 a. m.—F. A. Cotton, "Country Life and Country Schools."  
11:00 a. m.—Leon Vincent, "Lowell."  
1:30 p. m.—F. A. Cotton, "Schools of the 20th Century."  
**Thursday, Aug. 31.**  
10:00 a. m.—Leon H. Vincent, "Burns."  
11:00 a. m.—F. A. Cotton, "Country Life and Country Schools."  
1:30 p. m.—Leon H. Vincent, "Scott."  
**Friday, Sept. 1.**  
10:00—F. A. Cotton, "The Decline in the Enrollment in H. S."  
11:00 a. m.—Leon Vincent, "Jane Austen."  
1:30 p. m. F. A. Cotton, "Industrial Education."

In addition to the above Leon H. Vincent will deliver a lecture at 2:30 p. m., Monday, August 28—"American Oratory"—Patrick Henry to Daniel Webster.

Also on Wednesday, August 30, at 2:30 p. m. Dr. Vincent will lecture. Subject "American Humor—Artemus Ward to Mark Twain."

State Supt. Chas. A. Greathouse will be in attendance one day, probably Tuesday, August 29.

## AGED INDIAN DIES AT PERU, INDIANA

(National News Association)  
Peru, Ind., July 21.—William Godfrey, ninety-one, the last member of the family of Francis Godfrey, war chief of the Miami Indians, is dead at the county infirmary. He was married nine times. One son survives.

**HAVE the Palladium go with you on your vacation.**  
Ten cents per week.  
Telephone your order before starting. Phone 2566.

## Cholera Scare in New York City

Dr. A. H. Doty, whose administration as Health Officer of the Port of New York is being investigated at the order of Governor Dix because of the cholera scare in the metropolis, and (below) the quarantined home of night watchman Patrick Cushing, who died as the result of Asiatic cholera contracted during his work at the Swinburne Island Quarantine Station.

The cholera specter in New York has become genuine and drastic measures are being taken to prevent a general epidemic of the dread disease.



## BULL LEADERS ARE CAUGHT IN A TRAP

Bear Traders in Successful Attack Cause Bulls Loss of \$2,000,000.

(National News Association)

New York, July 21.—Bull leaders in the cotton market today admitted that they had been caught in a trap set by the bear traders and as a result are figuring their losses at some \$2,000,000 because of the slump in prices.

It is estimated that Eugene J. Seales stands to lose from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000 alone and that C. W. Thompson and others will lose large amounts. Experts say the decline has not yet ended.

Since July 5, there has been a drop of 1 1/2 to 2 cents a pound in cotton which means from 7.50 to 9.00 a bale. The commitments of the bulls are estimated at over half a million bales.

The chief aid to the bears in the decline has been the weather. Severe droughts in Texas in June materially reduced estimates of the cotton crop and cut the price in October in the southwest and as a result the price dropped to below 12 cents for October. Cotton for delivery next July dropped one cent in price from Tuesday to Thursday and other months were correspondingly weak.

According to cotton exchange experts growing conditions in the cotton belt never have been so good as they are now.

## WILL BE NO APPEAL

C. & O. Satisfied with Ruling of the Court.

Rather than to carry on the fight to the higher state courts to keep closed the South N street crossing over the C. & O. railroad of Indiana, the company officials have abandoned all such intentions and on Friday commenced its work on construction of the crossing. The township will begin work on the approaches and within a few days the famous crossing fight will be a matter of history. The crossing when completed will open up a great deal of available territory for factory sites and residences in the Bealview addition.

The railroad company bitterly opposed the construction of the crossing at this point, chiefly because it wished the land for switching purposes. Now that the company will locate its yards near Boston, it has no use for its sidings here. It has already issued orders that trains which are placed upon the side track shall be cut open and thus avoid blocking the crossing.

## G. MCLELLAN BUYS INTEREST IN SUN

Well Known Newspaper Man Becomes Associated with Rudolph G. Leeds.

George A. McClellan, former owner and editor of the Dayton Journal and at one time general manager of the Indianapolis Star, Muncie Star and the Terre Haute Star, has become associated with R. G. Leeds in the ownership of the Indianapolis Sun. Mr. McClellan will make his home in Indianapolis and look after his interests as president of the Sun Publishing company. Mr. Leeds retains his financial relations with the Sun and will continue to be represented in the management of the editorial and business departments of the paper by Charles M. Morgan, general manager of the Sun and the Palladium.

There will be no change in the editorial policy of the Sun. It will continue as a militant progressive journal.

## A SENSATIONAL TURN

Taken in Mysterious Beattie Murder Case.

(National News Association)  
Richmond, Va., July 21.—The murder case of Mrs. Harry Beattie, Jr., whose head was nearly blown off with a shotgun while out automobiling with her husband, took a sensational turn at the coroner's inquest today. Beattie was the principal witness quizzed. Miss Beulah Binford, to whom Beattie is alleged to have paid attentions, was subpoenaed. Rumor says she was offered big money to disappear. Detectives told Beattie the results of their investigations pointed to him as the murderer. This he calmly denied. All the parties are prominent. An arrest is expected soon.

## HOLD AUTOPSY ON CHOLERA SUSPECT

(National News Association)  
Boston, July 21.—An autopsy was held today on the body of Mrs. Tomassina Mastrodomenico, who is believed to have died of cholera. The doctor who attended the woman said his diagnosis indicated Asiatic cholera. The officials have taken every precaution to isolate the people living in the tenement where the woman died. There are more than 25 families in the building, including 50 children.

## POPULATION CENTER HAS BEEN LOCATED

(National News Association)  
Bloomington, Ind., July 21.—Prof. Cogshall of Indiana University today definitely fixed the center of population on the Samuel Stephens farm, six miles east of here. The longitude was established from the stars during the night and the latitude from the sun this morning.

## MARSHALL IS NOT ACTIVE PURSUING PRESIDENTIAL BEE

His Mood Is Receptive, but He Is Not an Avowed Candidate—It's Up to Democrats of This State.

FOUR MAIN ISSUES  
IN NEXT CAMPAIGN

Cost Must Be Made Public if His Name Is Taken to the Democratic Convention, He Makes Plain.

BY JOE HILL

Indianapolis, July 21.—Marshall is not a candidate for the presidency in the sense that he is actively seeking the nomination.

In his letter to Charles W. Bryan, brother of William J. Bryan, and editor of "The Commoner," in which he gave answers to a number of questions as to his views on national issues, the governor makes it plain that his attitude in regard to the nomination remains unchanged, notwithstanding the report carried to Washington by Representative Ralph W. Moss that the Indiana executive is an avowed candidate.

Gov. Marshall does not believe, however, that the position he has taken prevents him from expressing views on questions before the people or giving his ideas as to party platforms. He advances the theory that platforms usually cover so much ground that voters are confused. He therefore suggests a short platform setting forth the party's position on a few fundamental issues.

Four Leading Issues  
Tariff for revenue only, economy in public expenditures, the preservation of the rights of the states and opposition to the so-called new nationalism are the issues upon which he hopes the Democratic party will wage its next campaign.

In regard to his attitude as to the nomination Gov. Marshall wrote to Mr. Bryan:

"I fully approve of the plan of asking candidates questions as to their views on great public questions. In two campaigns in Indiana I have insisted that the people should insist upon answers to questions which they deemed vital to themselves. I do not, however, consider a candidate for the nomination for president. I hold it to be such a position that no man is big enough to run for it and no man is small enough to run from it. I am leaving it entirely to the will of the Democracy of Indiana as to whether my name shall be presented to the convention or not.

"I have been impressed with the belief that our recent platforms have presented so many good things that some votes have been lost to us upon minor issues.

"This view of mine does not, however, absolve me from the duty of answering as fully as I can the questions which you have propounded."

For Campaign Publicity.  
Gov. Marshall is explicit in outlining his views as to campaign contributions and promises. He states emphatically that should the Indiana Democracy present his name to the convention he desires an announcement of how much money has been spent and from what sources it is obtained. His letter says:

"I believe that men should work and spend their money for principles and not for men; that public officials should gladly listen to the views and make of all citizens; that in the determination of policies and the making of appointments they should not be subjected to the suspicion even of having been influenced by either campaign contributions or pledges. If the Democracy of my state shall present my name to the convention, I am anxious that they shall announce what they have spent and the sources from which they have obtained it. I have no fear that they will promise anything in my name because the Democracy of Indiana believes that public office is a public trust, and that an official should not be hampered by ante-election promises. They will not make any promises in my name and they and I will welcome the fullest publicity."

Other things advocated by Gov. Marshall in his letter are strict regulation of the railroads and regulation of public service corporations.

## THIS CITY WOULD HAVE TO PAY OUT OVER ONE MILLION

In Twenty-five Years to Purchase Water Works Plant Under the Proposal of the Campfield Company.

STATISTICS GIVEN  
OUT BY C. JORDAN

In Other Respects Commercial Club Committee Believes Proposal Is Better Than One of R. C. W. Co.

Because of the enormous purchase price the city would be required to pay under the terms of the water works franchise proposal of the E. M. Campfield company, the Richmond Commercial club, judging from the statistics on the proposal, collected by Secretary Jordan, believes its acceptance would practically preclude municipal ownership. The statement prepared by Mr. Jordan on the Campfield proposition does not say this in so many words, but the figures presented speak loudly for themselves.

By the proposition of the E. M. Campfield company, as understood by Secretary Jordan whose figures were approved by Mr. Campfield, the city would have paid out at the end of 25 years, including the interest lost on funds, a total of \$1,619,500. Not until then would the city be the owner of the plant.

The city would the first year as a copartner of the company, expend \$90,687.50, another impossibility pointed out by Mr. Jordan.

Not the Net Cost.

But \$1,619,500 would be the actual amount the city pays under the Campfield purchase plan, the net cost would be \$1,062,620. This conclusion arrived at in this fashion. The city, Mr. Campfield assures in his proposal, would receive \$12,000 annually in profits from the operation of the plant. Deducting the profit which is figured at \$566,880 for the twenty-five years, it would leave the net cost \$1,062,620, though the actual cost would be over a million and a half dollars.

However, by the proposal of the company, it is also stated that in case the city does not wish to agree to Campfield's plan of purchase, the city may purchase the stock in the open market if all other conditions are satisfactory. Though objections arise to this method in the minds of some of the club's committee, these objections have not yet been outlined in concrete form. The committee feels that in other respects the proposal of the E. M. Campfield company is better than that of the Richmond water works company, in that the consumer will be furnished water at a cost much less than that proposed to be charged by the established company.

In his examination of the E. M. Campfield company's proposal, Secretary Jordan made in part the following deductions, which were pronounced O. K. by Mr. Campfield on his inspection.

Jordan's Statement.

"The city is given the right to purchase the plant.

"The proposed company will incorporate with capital stock of \$825,000.00 \$625,000.00 common stock; \$200,000.00 preferred stock.

"The \$625,000.00 common stock is non-participating and non-voting and shall be placed in some Trust company's hands to be held until bought by the city in annual payments of \$1,000.00 each, which will require 20 years, 1 month and 28 days. Then in 4 years, 10 months, and 2 days the city shall pay \$150,000.00 for the remainder of the preferred stock. Of the \$200,000.00 of preferred stock the city shall take \$50,000.00 worth and the water works company \$150,000.00 worth. The city to have one member on a managing board of five directors and be entitled to one-fourth vote in all stockholders meetings and receive one-fourth of the net profits of the water company.

"To cover this \$825,000.00 of capital stock \$775,000.00 of 5% bonds shall be issued which with the \$50,000.00 paid in by the city makes the \$825,000.00. These bonds bear interest at 5% payable semi-annually and made \$31,000.00 payable each year for 25 years. The water company to pay the accrued interest from the gross income of the company.

"Whenever a \$31,000.00 bond is paid off, \$31,000.00 worth of the common non-voting and non-participating stock is transferred to the city from the Trust company holding the common stock in trust.

"Thus at the end of one year the city would have \$31,000.00 invested in non-participating stock after having paid 1 1/4% interest on \$775,000.00 bonds, making a payment of \$40,687.50 plus the \$50,000.00 of preferred stock makes \$90,687.50 for the city to raise the first year."

## YANKEE YACHTSMAN PROMISES TO FIRE ON HAYTI CAPITAL

Evan R. Dick on His Ship, "American" Gave Foreigners Refuge and Awees Rioters in Port Au Prince.

U. S. VESSELS ARE  
RUSHING TO HAYTI

One Gunboat Already on the North Coast to Be Reinforced by Three Others—Rebel Army in Control.

(National News Association)

Port Au Prince, Hayti, July 21.—President Simon, the members of his cabinet and the remnant of his army are in this city today in a broken and demoralized condition. They arrived here as fugitives on the German ship Syria which took them aboard at Port Haytien after they had been routed by the rebel forces. The Simon regime is believed to be virtually at an end and it is predicted that the next few hours will see the aged executive an exiled fugitive. His supporters are fast deserting him and the rebel cause is gaining strength hourly. He probably will flee to Jamaica.

Port-Au-Prince is the only city now left to Simon and the rebels probably will take that soon. The entire northern end of the republic is in their possession while scattered bands of them are sweeping practically all of the territory south of here.

A Reign of Terror.

Reports from Cape Haytien today state that the reign of terror there is still in full swing. Hordes of armed blacks are parading the streets after having looted the wine shops and are threatening to attack the foreign consulates which have given refuge to American and other foreign women. The yacht "American," owned and commanded by Evan R. Dick, a New York broker, is reported to be still standing off Port Haytien, threatening to turn the guns with which she is equipped on the town if the drunken mobs attack the consulates. Mr. Dick has given refuge on his yacht to all the Americans that the vessel will accommodate. Within a week three American war vessels will have arrived in Hayti with others in effort to reinforce the little gunboat Petrel.

The cruiser Chester, cruiser Des Moines and the gunboat Peoria have been ordered here. The German and Italian ministers have appealed to their governments to send warships and vessels are also expected from both France and England unless the menace to foreign lives and interests is soon removed. As conditions are today the country is in a state of absolute anarchy.

## WILL HOLD REUNION

Old Bear Creek Students to Meet Saturday.

The reunion of former students and teachers of the Bear Creek school, a mile west of Hagerstown, will be held on Saturday at the school grounds. There will be many from this city who will attend and it is anticipated the total attendance will be in the neighborhood of 500. The event will be featured by the laying of the corner stone for the new school building which is about a half mile distance and which will be used hereafter instead of the Bear Creek school building.

The Bear Creek school is one of the oldest in the county. It has been in use nearly fifty years.

The program prepared for the reunion is most complete including five minute addresses from perhaps fifty or more, several from this city.

## DRASTIC MOVE LOST BY A CLOSE VOTE

(National News Association)  
Butte, Mont., July 21.—At a session of the Western Federation of Miners here a heated discussion arose over the question of declaring a general strike in this country and Canada during the trial of McNamara brothers in Los Angeles. When the question was finally put to a vote it was lost by the close margin of 172 to 124. It was finally voted to levy a monthly assessment of 25c on each member, the money to be used for the defense of the McNamara brothers.

## THE WEATHER

STATE—Fair tonight and Saturday, probably preceded by showers in extreme south portion.

LOCAL—Fair tonight and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

## FORGER HELD HERE INSANE OVER WOMEN

P. P. Apkins, Who Will Be Charged with Forgery, Corresponded with Women All Over United States.

MOSTLY POOR GIRLS  
VICTIMS OF APKINS.

Man Is One of Most Peculiar Prisoners County Has Ever Had—Love Letters of Apkins Are Read.

Charged with forgery, P. P. Apkins, the love making bigamist and bogus check manipulator, arrested Wednesday evening by Chief Gorman, of the local police department, was arraigned before Mayor Zimmerman in police court this morning. He pleaded guilty and was taken to the county jail. Prosecutor Ladd says he will be given an opportunity to enter a plea of guilty in circuit court whenever he chooses. He is said to be anxious to begin serving his sentence in the penitentiary. The penalty for a conviction for forgery is an indeterminate period of from 2 to 14 years. His bond is fixed at \$2,000. The man is not represented by an attorney.

The specific charge against Apkins is that he cashed a check for \$11, written on a blank of the Second National bank, signed E. H. Mason, and made payable to himself. Since Apkins' arrest, Gorman has been investigating his past record. On Wednesday he cashed a bad check in Connersville, receiving \$20 from Thomas O'Brien, of that city. It bore the forged signature of E. Hensley, a Richmond paloon keeper. O'Brien also keeps a saloon. At Connersville Apkins did business under the name of Fred Snyder. In Richmond last May he also cashed checks for small amounts with William Waking, a bicycle dealer, and with John Hewitt, a restaurant keeper. Since his arrest these crimes have come under the notice of the police.

Long List of Girls

The condition of P. P. Apkins, a young Apkins, of Nicklasville, Ky., girl who Apkins married after being married to Mrs. Bertha Kohler, of Richmond, is unknown to local police. Mr. Gorman says he is investigating and will probably communicate with the authorities at Nicklasville. In a letter among the papers of Apkins, was found a list of girls, on which were checked 21 names, presumably women with whom Apkins was corresponding with matrimonial intent. Answers to many matrimonial advertisements were found in his suit cases.

From his correspondence nothing as to the purpose of Apkins life can be gained, excepting that he desired to marry many women. Not only did he subscribe for matrimonial bureau publications but he has placed advertisements in Denver, Toledo, Indianapolis and Des Moines papers, where personal notices are carried. His advertisement is usually inserted thus: "Wanted—To correspond with poor working girl or widow. One who needs a home and companion. Object matrimony. Address Lock Box 75, Stegar, Ill."

There is no other correspondence excepting from a Terre Haute liquor firm, which contains some order blanks.

Apkins, although he speaks five different languages, used "Twentieth Century Letter Writer" as a form for all his correspondence. He would copy from the book deep sentiments and lofty ideals, signing his name to them. He seemed to have had no trouble in gaining the confidence of his victim.

The most pathetic of the letters are from the Nicklasville, Ky., woman who he married, then drugged, robbed and abandoned. The letter in which she accepts his proposal of marriage in part reads:

A Pathetic Letter.  
"Yes I will be your wife; it will be the pride of my life to shield you from all sorrow and give you all the happiness that there is in the world. \* \* \* It will be grand to bear the sorrows of life together. It will make them seem easier for both of us \* \* \* Will we live in Richmond or Chicago?"

The following quotations are taken from other letters received from girls all over the east and middle west: "I love my steady, but oh you once in a while! Come down and see me." This letter, from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is signed "N. J."

"My sweetest dreams are of you," from a Cambridge, Mass., girl.

One from Petersburg, Va., signed, "yours in life and death, Lucie," reads in part: "My far off lover; I received your letter while I was sweeping the front walk this morning. There were

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