

A COUGH CONUNDRUM

When is a cough more than a cough? When it's a settled cold. When it hangs on in spite of all you can do. Cough mixtures won't cure it because they are merely for a cough and this is something more.

Scott's Emulsion cures the cough because it cures the something more. It heals and repairs the inflamed tissues where the cold has taken root and prevents its coming back.



Tri-Weekly Courier.

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CHAMPION OF PROTECTION.

Among the many speeches that have been made in congress during the present extra session concerning the Cuban reciprocity measure and the republican policy of protection none has been more pertinent than the recent deliverance of Congressman W. P. Hepburn.

Mr. Hepburn gave as his opinion that the burden of discontent among the democratic members of the house appeared to be because the republican party does not now propose to reform the tariff. "Those gentlemen are so very solicitous about the duty of the republican party," said he "in connection with the reformation of the tariff. I have never heard any gentleman on that side give an adequate reason for the reformation of the tariff. Why should we reform the tariff? What is the purpose of the tariff?"

Congressman Hepburn then gave a concise and comprehensive answer to these questions: "A protective tariff has for its object the employment of labor, the creation of wealth, the betterment of society, the uplifting of our people. Now if these are some of the objects of a tariff, why should we be so solicitous about reforming the one we have? There never was a time in the history of the country when labor was so universally employed as now. Today every man in the United States who wants to work finds employment in the great labor fields of the United States at a compensating wage."

HERE'S HEALTH FOR YOU.

Advertisement for Dr. J. C. Bonham's Liver and Kidney Balm. The ad features a circular logo with a fisherman and the text 'DR. J. C. BONHAM'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM'. Below the logo, it says 'IS HEALTH WORTH \$1.00 TO YOU?' and provides detailed instructions on how to use the balm for various ailments related to the liver and kidneys.

a farming community. On October 1, last, there were \$2,580,000 of deposits in the little banks of that county. Ninety-five per cent of these deposits belonged to farmers, and they amounted to more than \$100 for every man, woman and child in the county. Where can you find anything like that anywhere in the world outside the influence of our protective tariff—this tariff that you propose to reform, you say, of all people who have ever tinkered with the tariff. There is infinite shamelessness on the part of the democracy when they insolently assume in the light of history to improve tariffs for the benefit of the country.

"Go back after the country had experimented with your methods of tariff for nearly seventy-two years and compare conditions then and now. The proportion of labor that was employed, the proportion of money that was in the country then as compared with now, the value of the money, the extent of trade, the amount of money in the hands of the people, the manner in which the farmers were benefited by the economic legislation of the time—compare those conditions with now. Ah, compare prices. The gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. Williams), is exercised because of the shelter that is given by the protective tariff to the steel trust. Why, steel is worth \$24 a ton now. Why can't you have your way about it, when democracy gave us our tariffs, when steel was introduced into this country under the Walker tariff, what did we pay for it? One hundred and sixty-five dollars per ton in New York for steel rails. That was the price until encouragement to manufacture was given by the republican party.

"I am tired of this cavilling, this miserable complaint about the operation of the tariff, in view of the spectacle, the magnificent spectacle, that this country presents today after six and a half years of the Dingley tariff bill. We do not ask you to take our word. Look for yourselves; see the conditions that exist; see how the people of all the earth are sending their wealth to us in order to compensate for the great exports that we are able to make, only because our industries have been stimulated by the protection of the tariff laws."

Congressman Hepburn's speech is a masterly presentation of the doctrine of protection and is worthy the careful consideration of every supporter of that policy.

ONE OF AMERICA'S NEEDS.

How best to obtain an American merchant marine, is a question that in the next few years must be met and solved by the people of the United States. As the people of this country have come to demand an increase in the American navy and the maintenance of its efficiency to the highest degree, so naturally in time will they come to the realization of the need of a large merchant marine as an auxiliary thereto. In fact this need has already been impressed upon the minds of the American people to a certain extent, the principal cause of hesitancy in the matter being the method by which it shall be attained.

In view of the importance of this question it is interesting to the nationality of the vessels employed in carrying American commerce and what part of them carry the American flag. In a recent number of the "Commerce and Finance" published by the department of commerce and labor, a list of the vessels sailing regularly from United States ports, is given. These ships are the carriers of our commerce, which during the last fiscal year, amounted to \$2,445,000,000. The list follows:

- From New York to Europe, 255 steamships, thus divided as to nationality: British, 118; German, 62; Italian, 18; Austrian, 14; French, 14; Dutch, 10; Danish, 10; Spanish, 1; American, 6; Belgian, 4; Portuguese, 2.
- From New York to Australia, all British, 80.
- From New York to Africa, 12: British, 11; German, 1; American, 0.
- From New York to China, Japan and far east, 17: British, 16; German, 1; American, 0.
- From New York to South America, 50: British, 44; German, 4; Belgian, 2; American, 0.
- From New York to Cuba, West Indies and Mexico, 71: American, 22; British, 17; German, 10; Dutch, 9; Norwegian, 8; Cuban, 5; Spanish, 3; British, 43; German, 17; Norwegian, 17; American, 18; Dutch, 2; Russian, 1.
- From Boston and Charlestown to foreign ports, 74: British, 45; German, 11; American, 9; Danish, 4; Norwegian, 4; Dutch, 1.
- From Newport News, to foreign ports, 18: British, 11; German, 4; Dutch, 3; American, 0.
- From Portland, Me., to foreign ports, all British, 6.
- From Pussamaquoddy, Me., to foreign ports, 4: British, 2; American, 2.
- From Galveston to foreign parts, 249: British, 202; German, 20; Italian, 12; Austrian, 6; Danish, 5; Spanish, 3; Norwegian, 1; American, 0.
- From Mobile, Ala., to foreign ports, 43: Norwegian, 24; British, 16; Cuban, 1; German, 1; Dutch, 1; American, 0.
- From New Orleans to foreign ports, 127: British, 60; Spanish, 20; Norwegian, 13; German, 10; Italian, 8; Austrian, 5; American, 5; French, 4; Danish, 2.
- From Pensacola to foreign ports, 44: Austrian, 20; British, 15; Spanish, 5; Italian, 2; German, 1; Dutch, 1; American, 0.
- From Alaska to foreign ports, 39: American, 31; British, 8.
- From Tampa, Fla., to foreign ports, all American, 2.
- From Hawaiian ports to foreign ports, 15: British, 6; American, 6; Japanese, 3.
- From Port Townsend, Wash. to foreign ports, 88: British, 53; American, 10; German, 13; Japanese, 6.
- From San Francisco to foreign ports, 61: American, 26; German, 18; British, 11; Japanese, 3; Norwegian, 3.
- From Philadelphia to foreign ports, 64: British, 33; German, 14; Norwegian, 7.
- From Porto Rico to foreign ports, 37: Spanish, 21; French, 6; German, 5; Cuban, 2; American, 2; British, 1.
- In the last paragraph, Porto Rico, we have the only instance of British ships at the bottom of the last.
- In the above summary there are 1,368 steamships. By flags they are divided as follows: British, 723; German, 192; American, 173; Norwegian, 67; Spanish, 53; Austrian, 45; Italian, 40; Dutch, 29; French, 24; Danish, 23; Japanese, 2; Russian, 1. Total, 1,368.
- It is shown that British vessels carry more than half of the American commerce, German vessels are utilized for carrying nearly 15 per cent, while those flying the "stars and stripes" carry less than 10 per cent of the American foreign commerce. It is also shown in the federal report that over 98 per cent of the American-Philippine commerce is carried in foreign vessels. From the above figures it is easily seen that the American merchant marine is far behind the products for export manufactured and grown in this country. It behooves every American citizen to keep these things in mind that when the time comes they may be ready with an opinion as to some practical plan for meeting this national need.

THE NEW BRITISH MINISTER.

The coming of the new British ambassador to Washington has been a matter of more than ordinary interest to the people of the United States. Sir Mortimer Durand comes to his new post with an evident desire to win the good will of the American people and to promote the most cordial relations between his country and the United States. There was less of the perfunctory in his address presenting his credentials to the President than is generally noticed. Though this is the first visit of the English representative to Washington it is thought that his occupancy of the office will be conducive to the satisfactory management of affairs between the two countries. It is said that Ambassador Durand has for considerable time desired an appointment to the diplomatic service in Washington, being a strong American sympathizer. At this time it appears that Mr. Durand will be heartily welcomed into Washington society as representative of the best type of the Englishman.

In replying to the address of Ambassador Durand, President Roosevelt's welcome was exceedingly felicitous. He expressed the sentiment that the two peoples should ever be mindful of the ties of friendship and speech and stirred by the same ambitions for progress in peaceful pursuits, they should seek to attain harmony in that the cordial relations that have heretofore existed between the two countries may be maintained.

The Keokuk Constitution-Democrat has recently been through the trying experience of moving its plant. It accomplished the task with dispatch and is now installed in its own new building. The Constitution-Democrat is to be congratulated for the energy and enterprise that has made its recent change possible. While it has been giving the people of Keokuk a good paper, when once thoroughly settled in its new quarters, it will unquestionably give its patrons an article in the newspaper line that will even excel its former good service. The people of Keokuk should see to it that they evidence their appreciation of the enterprise of the Constitution-Democrat.

IOWA PRESS COMMENT.

The Villisca Review contends that swearing is an absolutely senseless, foolish habit. Other kinds of wickedness, it points out, require a degree of sense and intelligence, but it doesn't take an ounce of brains to swear.

"South Dakota," the Des Moines Capital suggests, "should try her hand in setting up a system of divorce laws that once thoroughly settled in their new quarters, it will unquestionably give its patrons an article in the newspaper line that will even excel its former good service. The people of Keokuk should see to it that they evidence their appreciation of the enterprise of the Constitution-Democrat."

It appears to the Cedar Rapids Republican that a comprehensive drainage law is one of the crying needs in Iowa, and a matter that the next legislature will probably have up for consideration.

Burlington Hawk-Eye.—Parents will do well to consider the suggestion of the Red Oak Express that "business men of all classes look upon the loafer as the dead-end of the future." By all means keep the children off the street at night.

"Dowie and the Texas gushers have ceased to spout," says the Council Bluffs Nonpareil. "There are many points of similarity in the two propositions so far as securing easy money is concerned."

"If the newspapers along the Mississippi river keep on beating the Chicago newspapers on all the big stories," says the Sioux City Journal, "it would seem to be only a question of time until Chicagoans themselves will have to read the Mississippi papers to get the news."

Muscatine Journal.—Major John F. Lacey of Oskaloosa, congressman from the Sixth Iowa district, thinks the Panama canal will cost a billion dollars. The major, however, does not say that he thinks the price is too large.

"If the next general assembly submits the biennial elections amendment," says the Dubuque Times, "it

will be in opposition to the sentiment of the state as found in the newspapers generally. The proposition at Iowa has little support in the press of Iowa."

"A good dinner fetches 'em," observes the Washington Press. "Roosevelt had in Governor Odell and Boss Platt, stuffed their hides full of good cheer, and in the unctious gush they buried the hatchet, and both say all will be lovely for Teddy in the Empire state. Great is 'em!"

What a swath Mr. Salisbury of Grand Rapids would have cut in the postoffice department, remarks the Muscatine Journal.

"It was the proper thing for the Hon. M. L. Temple to withdraw from the speakership contest," says the Carroll Herald. "There has never been a day since he was first announced that he has stood a ghost of a show of election. And nobody knew this better than he did himself. There is absolutely nothing in this talk about the 'sacrifice' he has made for 'party harmony.'"

The Des Moines Capital presumes that the legislature can be persuaded upon to give the state the usual number of laws which it does not need.

The Hampton Chronicle presumes that the legislature will be disposed of about Christmas time as an appropriate holiday gift.

"A wise man will talk but little, and yet his words are wise," remarks the Washington Press.

CHRISTMAS.

Though Christmas comes each year, it means too much ever to be stale. In religion, it celebrates the best part of the Christian faith, a new joy that came into the world. As a holiday, it means to us a time of rest, a time of giving and receiving gifts, a time of joy and peace. It is a time when we are reminded of the love and kindness of our fellow men, and when we are inspired to do good to others. It is a time when we are reminded of the love and kindness of our fellow men, and when we are inspired to do good to others.

THE GOOD MIXER.

Carroll Herald.—"A good mixer" is considered by some the best compliment one can pay a practical politician in these latter days. It doesn't mean as one might suppose, that said politician knows better than others how to mix a cocktail, a mint julep, egg nog or any sort of a compound of these latter days. It means that he is one of that sort of ability desirable behind the bar. But a "good mixer," in modern parlance, knows how to jolly the crowd and be a good fellow. He is not too high on his feet, and is as much of a saint as a sinner, all depending on the wants of the moment. Really we do not like to hear a man we esteem as a man called a "good mixer."

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St. Louis Globe-Democrat.—There has been no decline in American industries, whatever may have been the drop in industrial.

TURKEY PAYS EVEN AT 20 CENTS.

Washington Press.—Turkey lasts. Even at 20 cents a pound it pays to buy turkey. It is better the second year than the first, better the third year than the second; and a family hardly gets through with the debris and the soups made from the pounded bones till the fourth day. A whole family has been picking at it. The thing is worked over and over and warmed up, and nourishes the inner man and woman. If a turkey knew how good and profitable he is he would rejoice to die for us.

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New York Tribune.—With a \$100,000,000 canal across the state of New York, with the stupendous waterway over the Isthmus of Panama, with the prodigious expenditures upon inland channels in other parts of America, in Europe, Asia and Africa may this not be considered the canal century above every other.

RUMOR MONGERS AT WORK.

Springfield Republican.—Disquieting reports continue to pursue the Kaiser, but so far as can be discerned there is nothing of an authoritative nature to base divinations upon. Naturally his voice is still husky, and there is no sense in thinking that he is a doomed man simply because he is going to the Mediterranean to recuperate.

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Omaha Bee.—With Lacey chairman of the public lands committee, Hepburn chairman of the interstate commerce committee, Hull chairman of the military affairs committee, Smith on the appropriations, Thomas on the Judiciary, Hedge on the postoffice and Commerce, both the public buildings and the labor committee, it surely would seem that Iowa will manage to get along somehow in the new congress even without the speakership.

LET US HEAR FROM WOOD.

Indianapolis News.—By all means let Wood come home and testify in his own behalf. Many things need clearing up. Fortunately, the senate committee seems determined to go to the bottom of the business. It is of the greatest importance to know whether Wood is really deserving such rapid promotion. If a few short years an army surgeon, practically without military experience in the field, has been promoted over the heads of scores of able and faithful officers who have grown gray in the service. And now it is proposed to make him a major general. The question is important. It should not be answered hurriedly. Let us hear from Wood.

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Council Bluffs Nonpareil.—The work of committee assignments for the coming session of the Iowa legislature has been taken up tentatively by Lieutenant Governor John Herriott at Des Moines. The work of selecting the various legislative committees requires a great deal of tact and diplomacy, and as much important legislation will come up before the legislature at its next session, it is Mr. Herriott's purpose to proceed with deliberation in the matter. There are those who think that the lieutenant governor will shape his committees with reference to his own nomination for governor in 1905, but Mr. Herriott's intimate friends deny that he has any such purpose in view, and Mr. Herriott himself denies emphatically that it is his intention to manipulate the committees to advance any gubernatorial ambitions he might have. A more tenable theory in regard to the governor's early action in selecting his committees is that he desires to advance some important legislative plans and that he proposes to make a reasonable effort to bring about the passage of such measures as he contemplates.

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TRY WOOD ON THE TRUTH.

Atlanta Constitution.—All that General Wood needs is the truth. If that does not sustain him, then he should fall and fall. He is not entitled to be a major general unless the facts in his case warrant that high promotion. Those who know his character and his career believe his title to the high honor will be supported by proof. Let the truth and the lies meet in the same forum and no one need fear for Wood.

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Piles, Rupture and Varicocele cured

Trained, Skilled and Experienced in the treatment of his Specialties.

I cure every case of piles and fistula within 10 to 14 days. I have not failed to cure a single case that has come under my care. RUPTURE cured in 30 to 60 days by a mild and successful treatment. A truss fitted to retain your case perfectly before treatment is commenced. Don't let other doctors lead you to believe that there is no other cure but the knife. Such is not the case. My treatment has stood the test of time and every case is cured that continues the treatment.

VARICOCELE cured in 10 days by a special method of my own. Cure is made without pain, chloroform or danger. I have cured over 100 cases without a single relapse. Send to me for book and private testimonials of cured patients. They will tell you what I have done for them. You who have used lotions, salves, suspensories that have not cured you consult me.

A Few Testimonials

- Mr. Nevil Glue, Ottumwa, Ia., says: "I was cured of rupture 10 years ago and delighted to say the cure was perfect."
- Mr. Grant Ramsel, Sigourney, Ia., says: "I was cured of piles and rupture last March and advise others to go and be cured."
- John Klemart, Ottumwa, Ia., says: "I was cured of rupture six years ago and well today."
- J. T. Kritzender, Ottumwa, Ia., says: "I took your little girl to Dr. Bonham and he cured her in five weeks."
- E. H. McEwen, Fremont, Ia., says: "I was cured of a very bad case of rupture three years ago."
- Frank Johnston, Bidwell, Ia., says: "I was cured of a double rupture over a year ago. Doctors said I could not be cured only by the knife."
- Harry Rose, Blakesburg, Ia., says: "Dr. Bonham cured me of double rupture. Eight years ago I am well today."
- Jacob Danover, West Point, Ia., says: "I was cured of a bad case of piles in just one week, no pain to mention."
- John Leaveling, West Point, Ia., says: "I went to Dr. Bonham on recommendation of Jacob Danover and was cured of a very bad case of piles in 10 days."
- J. H. Garling, New Sharon, Ia., says: "Six years ago we took our little boy to you and the treatment you gave him cured the rupture. I would have paid twice the price if it was necessary."
- Frederick Zinn, Ft. Scott, Kansas, says: "I am 74 years of age and suffered over 30 years from piles in the worst form. I came to Ottumwa and was cured in two weeks."
- John Murray, Ottumwa, Ia., says: "I was cured of piles of 20 years standing. I was very bad. Dr. Bonham can cure any case in my opinion."

In can give over 100 testimonials under these three specialties. There is no use to go to Chicago, Kansas City or any place but Ottumwa to be cured.

If you are a sufferer and do not obtain a cure it will be because you go to the wrong doctor or you do not want to spend the money to be cured. YOU MEN who have VARICOCELE send for a list of testimonials from men whom I have cured. They are private and are only sent to men so affected. This the time of year to be cured, when work is not so rushing and weather is favorable.

I have been located in Ottumwa twelve years and am permanent. I have made a specialty of curing CHRONIC DISEASES. I treat catarrh of head, nose and throat, bronchitis, nervous and private diseases, blood poison, rheumatism and other stubborn cases.

Turkish Bath House

We have a bath department of 14 rooms, where patients who suffer from rheumatism, blood poison, aches and pains, kidney diseases are cured by baths and electricity. We have Turkish, shampoo, shower, steam, and common baths. The Hot Springs Treatment. People living at a distance write me for books and information. Office one block north of the Ballingall Hotel, corner Green and Second streets.

DR. J. C. BONHAM

Elks Block. Ottumwa, Ia.

The Safest Investment any man can make is to get a policy in the dependable Pacific Mutual Insurance Co. Life-Accident-Health. It Protects a Man's Family, It Helps Him When Afflicted, It Shows he is Progressive. The advice of good business men is always in favor of the best life insurance. These policies are classed as the best. The local agent will tell you anything you want to know about it. T. H. CORRICK, General Agent.

Holiday Slippers for Ladies. That's interesting! The fancy of the most fastidious will rejoice in these dainty creations. Trimmed with fur. They bring charm and grace and comfort. Your wardrobe will not be complete without them. The Juliet \$1.50. Many others here too. Some of soft kid leather, beaded straps and Louis heel. Some like an Opera Slipper, and low cut, Opera or Louis heel. All sizes.

The Manhattan G. B. Chapman

The Want Column WILL DO IT.