Horse Collars...

We have them,all kinds and prices but the best for the price is "The Lankford Patent Cotton Filled" guaranteed not to hurt a collar and sweat pad all in one, at about the price of a pad. Call and see them at

Porter Bros. & Hackworth

104 East Main Street.

THE HEROIC IN LIFE

MEMORIAL DAY SERMON BY DR. F. F. STOLTZ AT FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Cloutman Post, Grand Army of the Republic, Women's Relief Corps, Sons of Veterans and Company G Attend Services in Body.

"The Heroic in Life" was the subject of an eloquent Memorial day address delivered by Rev. F. F. Stoltz at the First Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon. The church was prettily decorated with flowers and the national colors and notwithstanding the inclement weather there was a good attendance, there being few vacant seats in the large auditorium.

Cloutman Post, G. A. R., the Women's Relief Corps, the Sons of Veterans and Company G, Iowa National Guard, attended the services in a body. Rev.Stoltz took for his text "As a Good Soldier," from the second chapter of Timothy. After referring briefly to the life of Paul and his letter to Timothy. He said in part, "Just as the good soldier of his country endures all necessary hardships that he may wage a good warfare so Timothy, or any other Christian, should endure, the necessary hardships "as a good soldier of Jesus Christ." The soldier's spirit of obedience, his courage, his faithfulness, have ever been valuable as illustrative of the Christian's life and service.

Was Is Necessary.

"Members of the Grand Army of the Republic, your presence here this afternoon tells us that we live in a world that has not as yet outgrown the necessity of war. There are some who tell us otherwise. The Russian Tolstoi is the chief spokesman of a school of writers and speakers who inform us that war is never defensible, that it is a libel on Christianity and an organized system of murder. They cite the teaching of Jesus as condemning it. While Jesus preached the kingdom of peace and urged men to govern their actions by the principle of love, he never discussed matters of civil government. He made no attack on the imperial power of Rome, the institution of slavery, or on riches or poverty. He exalted the principle of love knowing that love running from heart to heart would destroy inhumanity of man to man and ultimately bring in the kingdom of peace.

"But the ideal world is not here yet and I believe that states as well as individuals under the law of love in a world like this must employ the processes and compulsions of government. We must learn the will of God here, as it is made known in reason and experience.

Necessary for Progress.

"The common-sense view of men and nations and of the teachings of the Bible finds a place in a world like this for the 'processes and compulsions of government.' War is necessary. War is defensible. The progress of the world requires it. And the progress of the world requires it because the world in its march of progress has not come to the ideal condition where love rules instead of animal instincts and impulses—where force listens to reason and love is the bond of perfectness.

The Heroic in Life.

"We are accustomed to think of heroes as those who have done such great things that the eyes of the world behold their greatness. The hero in religion, the hero in literature, the hero in war is the greatest of his kind. This is well enough but there is a heroism in common life which needs to be noticed, for the greatness of the people is more than the greatness of any man. They can do more, they are more than any one man. One definition of heroism uses these words, "it is a contempt of danger, not from ignorance or inconsiderate levity, but from a devotion to some great cause and a just confidence of being able to meet danger in the spirit of such a cause."

Illustrations of Heroism.

"If I read history aright more than once has this definition of heroism received illustration in the life of this nation. One certainly when the colonies were led to declare their independence. Another time, certainly when in our civil war men fought to make civil liberty mean freedom to all the people, black as well as white, and also to give answer to the heresy of state sovereignty which had grown out of the institution of negro slavery. Were these not great causes? Was there not great devotion to great causes? And did not men have a contempt of danger as they fought for national independence and national union and equality before the law?

The Rank and File.

"And who were the men that fought? Were they simply the generals, the leaders, or were they not the common soldiers as well, the many who executed the generals' orders. The old commander, General Grant, whose fame is growing greater with the passing years, knew this and recognized it. July 4, 1863, was a day of great rejoicing in the North. Gettysburg had been fought and won. A decisive victory had been won by General Grant and the boys in blue at Vicksburg. When congratulatory dispatches were pouding in upon Grant and his subordinates were earnest in his praises he quietly remarked, 'let us not forget the brave soldiers who have done the watching and fighting, the glory belongs to them.

The Stuff in Heroes.

"'On one occasion,' says the Rev. H. W. Bolton, 'while McClellan was keeping us in the mud along the Potomac, a drummer boy was shot. The bone in his leg was shattered. A battle was on. He said, 'carry me on your shoulder and let me drum it out!' Of such stuff are heroes made.'

"The heroes were not simply the Grants, Shermans, Sheridans, Logans, Thomases and Meads, but the rank and file as well, the men who did the watching and fighting.

"The good soldiers, whether officer or private, alike had the characteristics of the true hero. Courage, modesty, consecration, self-forgetfulness, devotion to a great cause and contempt of danger belong to them and these are now and ever will be the marks of the heroic in life.

Heroism of the People.

"The sprit of true heroism therefore, belongs not exclusively to those persons who are great in the eyes of men, but to all men and women who have toiled and suffered that we might have the blessings of national life—to the officers, to the common soldiers, to the women who said goodbye and God bless you to husbands and sons, to statesmen, to teachers, to artisans, to them all. This is the heroism of the people, the poetry of their lives, the possibility and pledge under God, of the blessings of civilization. It is the greatness of the nation.

Results of the Wars.

"Think of what has come through their toils and sacrifices. The United States is a nation with one flag. The national idea has triumphed. We younger people, some of although living then, too young to have an active part in the war of the north and the south, owe an everlasting debt of gratitude to you soldiers, because you believed that this people should be one people and laid your lives upon your country's altar. We shall never forget it and our prayer is that we may be worthy of and faithful to the nation you gave yourselves to save.

"Another blessing is civil liberty for all the people. Our forefathers came to this and to have civil and religious liberty. They really believed in liberty. Believing in this the logic of events must lead on sooner or later to the destruction of human slavery.

Blessing of Equality.

"Another blessing is equality before the law and before the door of opportunity. Prejudices may linger because of the color of the skin or the curve of the foot, but the colored man may be a graduate from Harvard or he may be a Booker T. Washington, making the best speech as the spokesman of the colored people at the Atlanta exposition.

Whenever a Booker T. Washington pleading in his manly and masterful way for the better industrial and intellectual training of his people, comes upon the stage of action, he will be heard, and his white brother will have to make room for him and I believe he will do it willingly. God has so ordered it. A brother is to have a brother's chance. "God hath made of one blood all nations of men for to dwell on all the face of the earth." If some are stronger than others they will yield more and more to the spirit of love. The strong will bear the infirmities of the weak. The unfortunate brother will be given a chance and he will have it in larger measure than he has it now.

Lincoln's Hatred of Slavery.

"In looking over the celebrated Lincoln-Douglas debate some time ago I was impressed anew with the hatred of slavery that burned in the heart of Lincoln. He felt its wrong. He impressed me as a man who felt that he was restrained from striking it the death blow it deserved. Oh, my friends it is honor beyond expression to have had a part in striking the shackles from the slaves and in liberating the states cursed by slavery.

"The union soldiers in the civil war were given to usher in a larger, brighter day, for their generation and for their nation and also for the world. Equality before the law and before the door of opportunity is a boon which all should appreciate and seek to conserve in all parts of the land. For with it, for one thing, is locked up a sacred regard for human life and for the rights of man in general. Our country, in theory certainly, and in large measure practically, guarantees the right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Spanish-American War.

"A third war that revealed the heroic temper and the magnanimous spirit of our nation was the Spanish-American war. This was also a war in the interests of human rights. It was to lift the hand of the tyrant from an oppressed people and to guarantee to those people the privileges of citizenship, equivalent to self government and its attendant opportunities. And we builded better than we knew. In so short a time we find the hum of industry and the signs of a mighty prosperity and a beautiful contentment where before were the discontent and discouragement of oppression. We may well think of our late brief war as a war in the behalf of a downtrodden people whose blessed fruits already appear.

Solve Future Problems.

"This same spirit of heroism among the people will solve future problems. This nation, this American people have shown themselves so far to be worthy of the trust of self-government. The courage the integrity, the nobility of the people, will on the one hand, save the nation from destruction and on the other hand lead them to grapple with and solve the problems of the future. The safety lies not with the leaders but with the general good judgment of the people. The safety is with the people just as the power is with them.

"Given a good condition of intelligence and interrity among the people and the nation is safe. Let the people become debauched and enfeebled and dangerous times will be upon us. When the people become self-indulgent, when through love of ease and self-will they trample upon sacred and divine institutions, like the home and the Sabbath and the law of the land, then even strong and wise teachers cannot save them.

Has Confidence in People.

Dr. Stoltz referred to the erring Israelites and how they refused to heed the warnings of Isaiah especially in regard to the observing of the Sabbath day and said that they lived to see their land overrun by the enemy ,their beloved city laid waste, their homes destroyed and were plunged into captivity, but that it cured them of idolatry."

Continuing he said: "I have confidence in this nation because I have confidence in the people, in their intelligense courage and Christian character. I say this having in mind many whose work and influence are a curse to the nation, who prey upon the nation and are a hindrance. But they are not the many comparatively. The people who dissipate, who desecrate the Sabbath, using it for purposes of pleasure and business, who are untrue in the home are not the many. And while the many are true, the nation is safe. While the nobility of heroism is found the country will live. May God bless the people and make them good and pure.

"The spirit and practice of a good soldier guarantees everything good. The history of this world will prove that more and more. The knowledge of the Lord is to cover the earth as the waters cover the sea. That is to be the outcome. You and I at some point of our existence will witness it.

The Christian Soldier.

"The apostle Paul's kind of a Christian soldier is the one most needed by the world. It does not make a man less a patriot to recognize the hand of God in human affairs. Said quiet General Grant after the fall of Ft. Donelson to the soldiers glorying over their victory: 'Comrades, we must not forget that it is God who gives us victory.'

"The apostle wrote to the young friend and brother minister, Timothy, "Suffer hardships with me, as a good soldier of Christ Jesus." Paul was a born fighter. Before his conversion he was against Christ with all his might. After his conversion he was his staunchest disciple. Such a man amounts to something. You know where to find him. He does not hang on the ragged edge. I like the military Christian. I mean such a Christian as Paul. A man that could write the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians, the great chapter on Love. The Christian soldier must be incited by the spirit of love and then what a useful soldier he is. As a Christian soldier his life knows and exemplifies self-sacrifice, endurance, discipline, vigilance, obedience, ready co-operation with others, sympathy, enthusiasm, loyalty. He stands for something.

What Christians Have Done.

Dr. B. B. Tyler was once asked to speak before the society of Ethical culture in Rochester, N. Y., and the door-keeper, who was a rationalistic descendant of Abraham, took pains to say to Dr. Tyler "I am a disciple of Voltaire and Ingersoll," and then he asked "Vat has religion efer done for this countrie?"

"Dr. Tyler's answer was, 'New England was settled by Puritan Christians, New York was settled by Dutch Christians, Pennsylvania was settled by Quaker Christians, Maryland was settled by Catholic Christians, the Carolinas were settled by Hugenot Christians, Georgia was settled by Methodist Christians, which one of the members of our commonwealth had its corner stone laid by agnostics?'

"True words are these. Our heritage is a Christian heritage and it teaches this never to be forgotten lesson that the good soldier of Jesus Christ has ever stood and stands now for the best things in civil life, that he places the proper emphasis upon those graces and virtues of the spirit, which wherever found, guarantee true progress and that he gives this emphasis because the Bible is his book of principals and tactics. Nations as well as individual men and women must hold to the instructions of the Bible or they will swing away from God, the source of every good and perfect gift.

Regarding Militarism.

Most of us today did not have the privilege of being the defenders of our flag in the civil war or any other war but we can be comrades in the army of Jesus Christ, with Him as our Captain win life's battles and if we shall help to carry the spirit of Jesus Christ into all the relations and duties of life we shall help to bring in the Kingdom of Peace.

"Do we not need to be able to discriminate between the cultivation of a war spirit and a necessary war? The cultivation of a war spirit is militarism which is never desirable. I believe these words of a thoughtful writer, "Militarism is the running sore, the inexcusable blunder, the unspeakable crime, the unpardonable sin of the Christian world." We know that some nations are bitterly cursed by it. Their armies and navies are a burden almost beyond endurance. I believe the spirit of Jesus Christ is against this and is to triumph. The Prince of Peace is to be acknowledged as the King of Kings and Lord of Lords.

"Glad prophecy! to this at last,
The reader said, shall all things come.
Forgotten be the bugle's blast
And battle music of the drum.
A little while the world may run
Its old, mad way, with needle gun
And iron-clad, but truth at last shall reign
The cradle-song of Christ was never sung in vain."

LEGAL.

Sheriffs Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a general execution on transcript, to me directed by the clerk of the district court of Wapello county, Iowa, against the goods, chattels, lands, tenements, etc., of Mrs. A. J. Walker, defendant, in favor of Chas. Deeds, plaintiff, I will offer at public sale to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at the front door of the court house in the city of Ottumwa, Wapello county, Iowa on the 4th day of June, 1904, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day, all of said Mrs. R. J. Walker's right, title and interest in the following described property situated in Wapello county, Iowa, to-wit:

Lots 7, 8 and 9, in block 2, in the original plat of the town of Agency City, Wapello county, Iowa.

Sale to commence at the hour of 1:15 o'clock p. m., of said day.

Witness my hand this 4th day of May, 1904.

J. H. Cremer,
Sheriff of Wapello County, Iowa.
By John D. Stevens,
Deputy.

Administrator's-Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that on the 21st day of May, A. D., 1904, the undersigned was appointed by the clerk of the district court of Wapello county, Iowa, executrix of the estate of John B. Shuttlefield, deceased, late of said county. All persons indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned, and those having claims against the same will present them, legally authenticated to said court for allowance.

Dated May 21, 1904.

Sarah Ann Shuttlefield,
Executrix.

HONOR PAID TO HEROES.

(Continued From Page 1.)

where the artillery formed on the ridges; where the cavalry fought; where the hills were attacked and defended; and where, finally, the great charge surged up the slope only to break on the summit in the bloody spray of gallant failure.

But the soldiers who won at Gettysburg, the soldiers who fought to a finish the civil war and thereby made their countrymen forever their debtors, have left us far more even than the memories of the war itself. They fought for four years in order that on this continent those who came after them, their children and their children's children, might enjoy a lasting peace. They took arms not to destroy, but to save liberty; not tooverthrow, but to establish the supremacy of the law. The crisis which they faced was to determine whether or not this people was fit for self-government and therefore fit for liberty. Freedom is not a gift which can be enjoyed save by those who show themselves worthy of it. In this world no privilege can be permanently appropriated by men who have not the power and the will successfully to assume the responsibility of using it aright. In his recent admirable little volume on freedom and responsibility in democratic government, President Hadley, of Yale, has pointed out that the freedom which is worth anything is the freedom which means self-government and not anarchy. Freedom thus conceived is a constructive force, which enables and intelligent and good man to do better things than he could do without it; which is in its essence the substitution of self-restraint for external restraint—the substitution of a form of restraint which promotes progress for the form which retards it. This is the right view of freedom; but it can only be taken there is a full recognition of the close connection between liberty and responsibility in every domain of human thought. It was essentially the view taken by Abraham Lincoln, and by all those who, when the civil war broke out, realized that in self-governing democracy those who desire to be considered fit to enjoy liberty must show that they know how to use it with moderation and justice in peace, and how to fight for it when it is jeoparded by malice domestic of foreign levy.

The lessons they taught us are lessons as applicable in our everyday lives now as in the rare times of great stress. The men who made this field forever memorable did so because they combined the power of fealty to a lofty ideal with the power of showing that fealty in hard, practical, commonsense fashion. They stood for the life of effort, not the life of ease. They had that love of country, that love of justice, that love of their fellow-men, without which power and resourceful efficiency but make a man a danger to his fellows. Yet, in addition thereto, they likewise possessed the power and the efficiency; for otherwise their high purpose would have been barren of result. They knew each how to act for himself, and yet each how to act with his fellows. They learned, as all the generation of the civil war learned, that rare indeed is the chance to do anything worth doing by one sudden and violent effort. The men who believed that the civil war would be ended in ninety days, the men who cried loudest "On to Richmond" if they had the right stuff in them speedily learned their error; and the war was actually won by those who settled themselves steadfastly down to fight for three years, or for as much longer as the war might last, and who gradually grew to understand that the triumph would come, not by a single brilliant victory, but by a hundred painful and tedious campaigns. In the east and the west the columns advanced and recoiled, swayed from side to side, and again advanced; along the coasts the black ships stood endlessly off and on before the hostile forts; generals and admirals emerged into the light, each to face his crowded hour of success or failure; the men in front [illegible] ht; the men behind supplied and [illegible] ed forward those in front; and [illegible] final victory was due to the deed[illegible] all who played their parts well and manfully, in the scores of battles, in the countless skirmishes, in march, in camp, or in reserve, as commissioned officers, or in the ranks—wherever and whenever duty called them. Just so it must be for us in civil life. We can make and keep this country worthy of the men who gave their lives to save it, only on condition that the average man among us on the whole does his duty bravely, loyally, and with common sense, in whatever position life allots to him. National greatness is of slow growth. It cannot be forced and yet be stable and enduring; for it is based fundamentally upon national character, an national character is stamped deep in a people by the lives of many generations. The men who went into the army had to submit to discipline, had to submit to restraint though the government of the leaders they had chosen, as the price of winning. So we, the people, can preserve our liberty and our greatness in time of peace only by ourselves exercising the virtues of honesty, self-restraint, and of fair dealing between man and man. In all the ages of the past men have seen countries lose their liberty, because their people could not restrain and order themselves, and therefore forfeited the right to what they were unable to use with wisdom.

It was because you men of the civil war both knew how to use liberty temperately and how to defend it at need that we and our children and our children's children shall hold you in honor forever. Here, on memorial day, on this great battlefield, we commemorate not only the chiefs who actually won this battle; not only Meade, and his lieutenants, Hancock and Reynolds and Howard and Sickles, and the many others whose names flame in our annals; but also the chiefs who had made the army of the Potomac what it was, and those who afterwards led it in the campaigns which were crowned at Appomattox; and furthermore those who made and used its sister armies: McClellan, with his extraordinary genius for organization; Rosecrans, Buell, Thomas, the unyielding, the steadfast; and the great trio, Sherman, Sheridan, and last and greatest of all, Grant himself, the silent soldier whose hammer-like blows finally beat down even the prowess of the men who fought against him. Above all we meet here to pay homage to the officers and enlisted men who served and fought and died, without having, as their chiefs had, the chance to write their names on the tablets of fame; to the men who marched and fought in the ranks, who were buried in long trenches on the field of battle, who died in cots marked only by numbers in the hospitals; who, if they lived, when the war was over, went back each to his task on the farm or in the town, to do his duty in peace as he had done it in war; to take up the threads of his working life where he had dropped them when the trumpets of the nation pealed to arms. Today, all over this land our people meet to pay reverent homage to the dead who died that the nation might live; and we pay homage also to their comrades who are still with us.

All are at one now, the sons of those who wore the blue and the sons of those who wore the gray, and all can unite in paying respect to the memory of those who fell, each of them giving his life for his duty as he saw it; and all should be at one in learning from the deaths of these men how to live usefuly while the times call for the performance of the countless necessary duties of everyday life, and how to hold ourselves ready to die nobly should the nation ever again demand of her sons the ultimate proof of loyalty.

Black Speaks at Arlington.

Washington, D. C., May 30. — The usual Decoration day exercises were held today at the various national cemeteries. At Arlington where the chief interest centered, General John C. Black, commander in chief of the Grand Army, delivered the oration of the day.

Chicago Honors Her Dead.

Chicago, May 30. — In spite of the chilly wind that made the weather decidedly uncomfortable, ceremonies in which Chicago honored its dead heroes of the civil war, including the parade of the survivors, was carried out faithfully today.

The contract has been awarded for a $25,000 home on the Lucas county poor farm near Chariton.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

BLAME LAW FOR DEATH

FRIENDS OF LATE DR. H. M. REPLOGLE CONDEMN NEW ROAD MEASURE.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY

The Doctor Was on His Way to Make a Professional Call and Met His Death in a Peculiar Manner—May Result in Damage Suit.

Centerville, May 30. — (Special) — Dr. H. M. Replogle, a prominent and popular physician whose home has been at Udell, in this county, for several years, received injuries Friday night which caused his death a short time later. He was on his way to the home of a patient to make a professional call and when he attempted to lead his horse over a bad place in the road the animal became frightened and jumped, throwing Dr. Replogle against the buggy with such force that he was fatally injured. A number of his friends claim that the new road law recently passed by the state legislature is indirectly responsible for his death, and assert that under the new provisions the roads are not properly cared for and accidents are liable to occur at any time.

A Peculiar Accident.

Dr. Replogle left his home in Udell last evening for a drive of a few miles on professional business. The place where the accident that cost him his life occurred was at a culvert which, it is claimed, has been out of repair for some time. Friends of the doctor say that before the new law went into effect the roads were better cared for but now there seems to be a misunderstanding as to who should be responsible for them.

Walked a Mile After Injury.

The doctor's horse refused to cross the culvert and when its master tried to lead it across it made a leap and broke his hold. One of the shafts of the buggy struck Dr. Replogle in the side and the wheel also inflicted injuries. Although fatally hurt he did not realize the fact and walked a mile to the home of H. H. Martin a farmer, where he became ill and later died. Examination revealed extensive internal injuries.

Leaves Wife and Child.

Dr. Replogle was 38 years of age and a member of a well known Appanoose county family. He is survived by two sisters, three brothers, his wife and one child, the latter, aged 6 years. The sisters are: Mrs. Ora Vought of Wapello and Mrs. Richard Downing of St. Louis. The brothers are Dr. J. A. Replogle of Centerville and A. J. and J. H. Replogle of Udell. His life was insured for $4,000. Damage proceedings may be instituted against the county because of the accident. Dr. Replogle was very popular throughout the county and his sudden death has cast gloom over the entire community.

NO OTHER WANT MEDIUM CAN DO YOU AS MUCH GOOD or help you in any way so quickly as a Courier want ad. There are reasons why Courier want ads are better than others. One reason is, the Courier is a recognized NEWSPAPER—it goes to nearly all the homes i nOttumwa, and to every little town and village in this and adjacent counties. Another reason is, people have come to recognize its usefulness as a reliable medium to assist them in getting their wants quickly, and still another reason is—as good as they are—they only cost you ½c per word. That sounds reasonable and cheap enough, and it is. You try one and then you will know.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NINETY ACRES BLUE grass pasture, plenty of water and shade. E. L. Randel, R. R. No. 5.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TO DIVIDE AN ESTATE, A model home of 298 acres is offered for sale at $40 per acre if sold at once; 290 acres of this farm is in cultivation, eight acres in timber, 200 acres in timothy, meadow and bluegrass pasture; house has nine rooms; four wells, three cisterns, one spring, 200 apple trees and a variety of other fruits; two barns, sixty feet long each; poultry house, besides other outbuildings; all are in good repair; everything about the premises has an attractive appearance and is a delightful home for any one; 240 acres will be sold separate at the same price if purchaser desires; this farm is located near a southern Illinois railroad town, soil a dark loam, nice level land; will loan $4,000 on this farm at 5 per cent; would consider $2,000 in city property in some live town. Address Nelson Smith, Mount Vernon, Ill.

FOR SALE—7,340 ACRES OF CLAY,HILL and valley land in Wayne county, Missouri, two miles from Piedmont, a good business town on the St. Louis and Iron Mountain railroad, 127 miles south of St. Louis; heavy timber cut off the past twenty-five years at different times leaves a vigorous growth of oak, for railroad timbers and ties, more and more valuable from year to year; used as pasture by town people and neighboring farmers; good strong red and yellow clay land for raising grain and grass; two good springs afford water all year, ponds scooped out of clay act as reservoirs for fall and winter rains used to good advantage, and cistern at house; good fruit country,about 10 per cent rocky and stony, affords grazing for sheep; part is bushy and grubby, by use of Angora goats can be cleared and put in grass, and profit on goats will more than pay expenses of improvements, so that at the end of five years if properly managed land will be good pasturage for stock raising, and will sell for $20 per acre including the timber; mild winters will raise young cattle one-third cheaper than in Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois or Indiana; will sell all, or in two parts, being divided nearly equal by county wagon road; age and failing health cause me to sell at a bargain. Write for further information to H. Early, Owner, Laporte, Indiana.

FOR SALE—HOWELL COUNTY, MISsouri. There was sold in this county last week real estate valued at $48,571. The immigration of Iowa people there is very great. I located in that county in six months sixty-two people and fourteen cars immigrant goods. Nearly all were from Iowa. I have farms there now at from $5 to $25 per acre. Come go June 7, with me. Round trip to West Plains is $15.75 from Eldon. Write me at once and make ready to go. The fruit crop is immense and now to be seen. Why stay in a cold climate when you can get in where it is seldom below zero. Only fed stock there last winter one month, here it was six. J. E. Houghland, immigration agent Rock Island and Frisco systems, Eldon, Iowa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—375 ACRES OF THE HEAVIest timbered land on or near Gasconade river; has not been cut over; excellent location for sawmill; 250 acres if cleared; fine orchard land; fine building and trimming stone, also minerals; if taken in thirty days will sell for $6 per acre; a great bargain. Adjoining this, 275 acres improved Ridge valley farm; 100 acres valley land cleared; no stumps; can all be worked with machinery; 100 acres more if cleared, just as desirable; new barbed-wire fences, good dwelling, stone cellar, cistern, springs, good stable, barn, etc.; if taken in thirty days, will sell for $10 per acre; improvements alone cost more; title perfect; find such a farm in southwest Missouri for double; 110 miles west of St. Louis, five miles north of Frisco railroad; not cropped this spring; possession in ten days if desired. Call on or address C. B. Webster, 3707 Olive street, St. Louis.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THE FINEST stock and grain farm in the northwest. Sold at half value. Easy terms. Write for description. Geo. E. Gray, Appleton, Minn.

FARMS FOR SALE CHEAP—BARton, county, Missouri ;nice prairie land; no rocks; no stumps; fine water; cheap fuel; good soil. Address, Charles Ihm, Iantha, Missouri.

FOR SALE—FARMS IN BEAUTIFUL Cooper county, Missouri. Write us. Gregory & Adkins, Kansas City, Mo., 1040 Union avenue.

FOR SALE—320 ACRES BEST SPRING wheat, flax and grazing land, North Dakota; two miles from good town, on Northern Pacific railroad; $13 per acre; easy terms. Box 143, Indiana, Pa.

FOR SALE—FEW HOMESTEAD RELINquishments, from $250 to $400; also adjoining land, good title, from $10 to $20 per acre. Lock Box 2, Highmore, S. D.

WANTED.

WANTED—PEOPLE TO SAVE MONEY by getting their spectacles from G. G. Thomas.

WANTED—LADY IN EVERY TOWN TO represent us, pleasant work, good pay. W. S. Dann, 1916 Cuming St., Omaha, Neb.

WANTED—RAZORS AND SHEARS TO sharpen. I will sell new ones also. G. G. Thomas.

WANTED—A GOOD FARM HAND. B. D. Randall, five miles north of city, R. R. 5.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOMESTEADS—THE ROSEBUD BILL IS a law. Send 2c stamp for a map to the Nebraska & South Dakota Land Agency, Bonesteel, South Dakota.

HOMESTEADS—SEND FIFTY CENTS for large sectional map, Rosebud Reservation and information concerning opening. Bonesteel State Bank, Bonesteel, S. D.

DR. A. J. MUMMERT
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES CORRECTLY FITTED. FREE EXAMINATION.
TESTING FREE

MISSING SPOON FOUND.

Family Heirloom Lost Many Years Ago Found Near Chillicothe.

Chillicothe, May 28. — A relic was found on the premises of the subscriber a few days ago in the way of a silver spoon marked with the initials I. H.. Dr. B. F. Hyatt formerly resided on the adjoining property and his mother who died about twenty years ago prior to her death was much concerned over the loss of a spoon which was one of a set made from silver coins and which she said had been in the family for eighty years or more. The spoon when polished with a cloth apeared as brilliant as new. The spoons were probably made in Ohio and the name, Thompson, is stamped on the back of the handle. Any of the family may have the spoon by writing to the undersigned.

A. Cottom.

John M. Enix, of Albia, was struck by a train at a crossing in that city and seriously injured.

Will You Build a House, Barn, Church, Store, Schoolhouse or other structure? Buy your lumber and finishing materials by wholesale and save money, time and worry. Write us about it, no matter where you live. Boeckeler Lumber Co., 94 Branch Street, St. Louis.

QUICK SALE BARGAINS.

Here are some properties listed and priced for quick sales. Every one is a bargain.

Two vacant lots on Ward street, $175 each.

Vacant lot in Dain addition $275.

Vacant lot East Court street, $850.

Seven room house, Ransom street, $1,000.

Eight room house West Fourt St., $1,850.

Six room house in Eddyville, $1,000.

Six room house in Des Moines, good location, modern, worth $3,000, will sell for $2,000 or trade on small Wapello county farm and pay cash difference.

Five room house in Highland Center,$425.

Three room house on Hayne street, $700, instalments.

Business lot on West Main, close in, $50 per front foot.

Best location in city for modern flats, on West Second street, only $40 front foot.

LOWENBERG & CO.

LIST YOUR FARMS.

There is every prospect for a good crop this season which will make farms sell in fall.

We want you to come and list them with us.

Have a first class farm of 300 acres for sale which we think is very cheap, would take small farm or good city property as part pay. Look this up.

We have farms of all sizes in all parts of county from $30 to $100 per acre.

City property of all kinds from $400 to $8,000, improved, and vacant lots in any part of town.

OTTUMWA REAL ESTATE CO.
Taylor Bldg., Cor. Main and Court Sts.

$9.75 for Round Trip

from Ottumwa to St. Louis and return, via Wabash Ry. Tickets on sale April 25, and good for sixty days.

$11.70 for Round Trip

from Ottumwa to St. Louis and return via Wabash. Season ticket, on sale April 15 to Dec. 15.

A. J. PACKARD, Agent.